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EN

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II

(Non-legislative acts)

INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS

COUNCIL DECISION (EU) 2016/870

of 24 May 2016

on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Protocol setting out the fishing opportunities and financial contribution provided for in the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania for a period of four years

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 43, in conjunction with Article 218(6), second subparagraph, point (a) and Article 218(7) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Having regard to the consent of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) On 30 November 2006, the Council adopted Regulation (EC) No 1801/2006 on the conclusion of the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania ⁽²⁾ ('the Partnership Agreement').
- (2) The protocol setting out the fishing opportunities and financial contribution provided for in the Partnership Agreement expired on 16 December 2014.
- (3) The Union and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania negotiated a new Protocol ⁽³⁾ to the Partnership Agreement ('the Protocol').
- (4) The Protocol was signed in accordance with Decision (EU) 2015/2191 ⁽⁴⁾ and is to be provisionally applied from 16 November 2015.
- (5) Article 10 of the Partnership Agreement establishes a Joint Committee which is responsible for monitoring the application of the Partnership Agreement and ensuring that it is implemented. Furthermore, in accordance with the Protocol, the Joint Committee may approve certain modifications to the Protocol. In order to facilitate the approval of such modifications, the Commission should be empowered, subject to specific conditions, to approve these modifications under a simplified procedure.

⁽¹⁾ Consent of 10 May 2016 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽²⁾ Council Regulation (EC) No 1801/2006 of 30 November 2006 on the conclusion of the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania (OJ L 343, 8.12.2006, p. 1).

⁽³⁾ Protocol setting out the fishing opportunities and financial contribution provided for in the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania for a period of four years (OJ L 315, 1.12.2015, p. 3).

⁽⁴⁾ Council Decision (EU) 2015/2191 of 10 November 2015 on the signing, on behalf of the European Union, and provisional application of the Protocol setting out the fishing opportunities and financial contribution provided for in the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania for a period of four years (OJ L 315, 1.12.2015, p. 1).

(6) The Protocol should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Protocol setting out the fishing opportunities and financial contribution provided for in the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania for a period of four years is hereby approved on behalf of the Union ⁽¹⁾.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall, on behalf of the Union, give the notification provided for in Article 17 of the Protocol.

Article 3

Subject to the provisions and conditions laid down in the Annex to this Decision, the Commission shall be empowered, on behalf of the Union, to approve, within the Joint Committee, modifications to the Protocol.

Article 4

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.

Done at Brussels, 24 May 2016.

For the Council
The President
A.G. KOENDERS

⁽¹⁾ The Protocol has been published in OJ L 315 of 1.12.2015 together with the decision on its signature.

ANNEX

Scope of the empowerment and procedure for the establishment of the Union position in the Joint Committee

1. The Commission shall be authorised to negotiate with the Islamic Republic of Mauritania and, where appropriate and subject to complying with point 3 of this Annex, agree on modifications to the Protocol in respect of the following issues:
 - (a) review of fishing opportunities in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of the Protocol;
 - (b) decision on the modalities of the sectoral support in accordance with Article 3 and Annex 2 of the Protocol;
 - (c) conditions governing fishing activities in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of the Protocol.
 2. In the Joint Committee, the Union shall:
 - (a) act in accordance with the objectives pursued by the Union within the framework of the Common Fisheries Policy;
 - (b) follow the Council Conclusions of 19 March 2012 on a Communication on the external dimension of the Common Fisheries Policy;
 - (c) promote positions that are consistent with the relevant rules adopted by Regional Fisheries Management Organisations.
 3. When a decision on modifications to the Protocol referred to in point 1 is intended to be adopted during a Joint Committee Meeting, the necessary steps shall be taken so as to ensure that the position to be expressed on behalf of the Union takes account of the latest statistical, biological and other relevant information transmitted to the Commission.

To this effect and based on that information, a document setting out the particulars of the proposed Union position shall be transmitted by the Commission services, in sufficient time before the relevant Joint Committee meeting, to the Council or to its preparatory bodies for consideration and approval.

In respect of the issues referred to in point 1(a), the approval of the envisaged Union position by the Council shall require a qualified majority of votes. In the other cases, the Union position envisaged in the preparatory document shall be deemed to be agreed, unless a number of Member States equivalent to a blocking minority objects during a meeting of the Council's preparatory body or within 20 days from receipt of the preparatory document, whichever occurs earlier. In the case of such objection, the matter shall be referred to the Council.

If, in the course of further meetings, including on the spot, it is impossible to reach an agreement in order for the Union position to take account of new elements, the matter shall be referred to the Council or its preparatory bodies.
 4. The Commission is invited to take, in due time, all steps necessary as a follow up to the decision of the Joint Committee, including, where appropriate, publication of the relevant decision in the *Official Journal of the European Union* and the submission of any proposal necessary for the implementation of that decision.
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REGULATIONS

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/871

of 1 June 2016

concerning the non-renewal of approval of the active substance amitrole, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market, and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 20(1) and Article 78(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Directive 2001/21/EC ⁽²⁾ included amitrole as active substance in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC ⁽³⁾.
- (2) Active substances included in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC are deemed to have been approved under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and are listed in Part A of the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 ⁽⁴⁾.
- (3) The approval of the active substance amitrole, as set out in Part A of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011, expires on 30 June 2016.
- (4) An application for the renewal of the inclusion of amitrole in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC was submitted in accordance with Article 4 of Commission Regulation (EU) No 1141/2010 ⁽⁵⁾ within the time period provided for in that Article.
- (5) The applicant submitted the supplementary dossiers required in accordance with Article 9 of Regulation (EU) No 1141/2010. The application was found to be complete by the rapporteur Member State.
- (6) The rapporteur Member State prepared a renewal assessment report in consultation with the co-rapporteur Member State and submitted it to the European Food Safety Authority (hereinafter 'the Authority') and the Commission on 2 April 2014.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Commission Directive 2001/21/EC of 5 March 2001 amending Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market to include amitrole, diquat, pyridate and thiabendazole as active substances (OJ L 69, 10.3.2001, p. 17).

⁽³⁾ Council Directive 91/414/EEC of 15 July 1991 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market (OJ L 230, 19.8.1991, p. 1).

⁽⁴⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 of 25 May 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances (OJ L 153, 11.6.2011, p. 1).

⁽⁵⁾ Commission Regulation (EU) No 1141/2010 of 7 December 2010 laying down the procedure for the renewal of the inclusion of a second group of active substances in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and establishing the list of those substances (OJ L 322, 8.12.2010, p. 10).

- (7) The Authority communicated the renewal assessment report to the applicant and to the Member States for comments and forwarded the comments received to the Commission. The Authority also made the supplementary summary dossier available to the public.
- (8) On 19 June 2014 the Authority communicated to the Commission its conclusion ⁽¹⁾ on whether amitrole can be expected to meet the approval criteria provided for in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009. The Authority concluded that there is a high potential for the representative uses assessed to result in groundwater exposure above the parametric drinking water limit of 0,1 µg/l by a relevant metabolite of amitrole in situations represented by all pertinent groundwater scenarios. In addition, a high risk to operators, workers and bystanders from the use of amitrole was identified.
- (9) Based on these identified risks, it has not been established with respect to one or more representative uses of at least one plant protection product that the approval criteria provided for in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 are satisfied. It is therefore appropriate not to renew the approval of amitrole in accordance with Article 20(1)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.
- (10) Additionally, amitrole is classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾ as toxic for reproduction category 2 and it has toxic effects on endocrine organs. Therefore, and taking into account the conclusion of the Authority, amitrole should be considered to have endocrine disrupting properties pursuant to the interim provisions of the fourth paragraph of point 3.6.5 of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009. However, given that the identified risks referred to in recital 8 preclude approval of amitrole, it was not appropriate to consider whether exposure to amitrole under realistic proposed conditions of use is negligible. Therefore, it could not be concluded whether amitrole meets the approval criteria related to endocrine disrupting properties as outlined in the first paragraph of point 3.6.5 of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.
- (11) Furthermore, in the conclusion of the Authority, it is indicated that during the peer review it was proposed that amitrole should be re-classified as toxic for reproduction category 1B.
- (12) Given the concerns detailed in recital 8, the derogation provided for in Article 4(7) to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 does not apply. The application of that derogation is also excluded on the grounds that it has not been established that any of the criteria set out in point 3.6.3, 3.6.4, 3.6.5 or 3.8.2 of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 are not satisfied.
- (13) The Commission invited the applicant to submit its comments on the conclusion of the Authority and, in accordance with Article 17(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1141/2010, on the draft review report. The applicant submitted its comments, which have been carefully examined.
- (14) However, despite the arguments put forward by the applicant, the concerns related to the substance could not be eliminated.
- (15) Member States should be provided with time to withdraw authorisations for plant protection products containing amitrole.
- (16) For plant protection products containing amitrole, where Member States grant any grace period in accordance with Article 46 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, that period should, at the latest, expire on 30 September 2017.
- (17) This Regulation does not prejudice the submission of a further application for amitrole in accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.
- (18) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

⁽¹⁾ EFSA (European Food Safety Authority), 2014. Conclusion on the peer review of the pesticide risk assessment of the active substance amitrole. EFSA Journal 2014;12(7):3742, 84 pp. doi:10.2903/j.efsa.2014.3742.

⁽²⁾ Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (OJ L 353, 31.12.2008, p. 1).

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Non-renewal of approval of active substance

The approval of the active substance amitrole is not renewed.

Article 2

Transitional measures

Member States shall withdraw authorisations for plant protection products containing amitrole as active substance by 30 September 2016.

Article 3

Grace periods

Any grace period granted by Member States in accordance with Article 46 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 shall be as short as possible and shall expire on 30 September 2017 at the latest.

Article 4

Amendments to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

In Part A of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011, row 14 on amitrole is deleted.

Article 5

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 2016.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 June 2016.

For the Commission
The President
Jean-Claude JUNCKER

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/872**of 1 June 2016****concerning the non-renewal of approval of the active substance isoproturon, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market, and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 20(1) and Article 78(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Directive 2002/18/EC ⁽²⁾ included isoproturon as an active substance in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC ⁽³⁾.
- (2) Active substances included in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC are deemed to have been approved under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and are listed in Part A of the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 ⁽⁴⁾.
- (3) The approval of the active substance isoproturon, as set out in Part A of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011, expires on 30 June 2016.
- (4) An application for the renewal of the inclusion of isoproturon in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC was submitted in accordance with Article 4 of Commission Regulation (EU) No 1141/2010 ⁽⁵⁾ within the time period provided for in that Article.
- (5) The applicant submitted the supplementary dossiers required in accordance with Article 9 of Regulation (EU) No 1141/2010. The application was found to be complete by the rapporteur Member State.
- (6) The rapporteur Member State prepared a renewal assessment report in consultation with the co-rapporteur Member State and submitted it to the European Food Safety Authority (hereinafter 'the Authority') and the Commission on 28 February 2014.
- (7) The Authority communicated the renewal assessment report to the applicant and to the Member States for comments and forwarded the comments received to the Commission. The Authority also made the supplementary summary dossier available to the public.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Commission Directive 2002/18/EC of 22 February 2002 amending Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC concerning the placing of plant-protection products on the market to include isoproturon as an active substance (OJ L 55, 26.2.2002, p. 29).

⁽³⁾ Council Directive 91/414/EEC of 15 July 1991 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market (OJ L 230, 19.8.1991, p. 1).

⁽⁴⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 of 25 May 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances (OJ L 153, 11.6.2011, p. 1).

⁽⁵⁾ Commission Regulation (EU) No 1141/2010 of 7 December 2010 laying down the procedure for the renewal of the inclusion of a second group of active substances in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and establishing the list of those substances (OJ L 322, 8.12.2010, p. 10).

- (8) On 5 August 2015 the Authority communicated to the Commission its conclusion ⁽¹⁾ on whether isoproturon can be expected to meet the approval criteria provided for in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009. The Authority concluded that there is a high potential for the representative uses assessed to result in groundwater exposure above the parametric drinking water limit of 0,1 µg/l by the relevant metabolites of isoproturon in situations represented by all pertinent groundwater scenarios. In addition, a high long-term risk to birds and wild mammals and a high risk to aquatic organisms from isoproturon were identified.
- (9) Based on these identified risks, it has not been established with respect to one or more representative uses of at least one plant protection product that the approval criteria provided for in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 are satisfied. It is therefore appropriate not to renew the approval of isoproturon in accordance with Article 20(1)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.
- (10) Additionally, isoproturon is classified as carcinogenic category 2 in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾ and in the conclusion of the Authority it is indicated that during the peer review it was proposed that isoproturon should be classified as toxic for reproduction category 2.
- (11) Given the concerns detailed in recital 8, the derogation provided for in Article 4(7) to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 does not apply. The application of that derogation is also excluded on the grounds that it has not been established that any of the criteria set out in point 3.6.3, 3.6.4, 3.6.5 or 3.8.2 of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 are not satisfied.
- (12) The Commission invited the applicant to submit its comments on the conclusion of the Authority and, in accordance with Article 17(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1141/2010, on the draft review report. The applicant submitted its comments, which have been carefully examined.
- (13) However, despite the arguments put forward by the applicant, the concerns related to the substance could not be eliminated.
- (14) Member States should be provided with time to withdraw authorisations for plant protection products containing isoproturon.
- (15) For plant protection products containing isoproturon, where Member States grant any grace period in accordance with Article 46 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, that period should, at the latest, expire on 30 September 2017.
- (16) This Regulation does not prejudice the submission of a further application for isoproturon in accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.
- (17) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Non-renewal of approval of active substance

The approval of the active substance isoproturon is not renewed.

⁽¹⁾ EFSA (European Food Safety Authority), 2015. Conclusion on the peer review of the pesticide risk assessment of the active substance isoproturon. EFSA Journal 2015;13(8):4206, 99 pp. doi:10.2903/j.efsa.2015.4206.

⁽²⁾ Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (OJ L 353, 31.12.2008, p. 1).

*Article 2***Transitional measures**

Member States shall withdraw authorisations for plant protection products containing isoproturon as active substance by 30 September 2016.

*Article 3***Grace periods**

Any grace period granted by Member States in accordance with Article 46 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 shall be as short as possible and shall expire on 30 September 2017 at the latest.

*Article 4***Amendments to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011**

In Part A of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011, row 28 on isoproturon is deleted.

*Article 5***Entry into force**

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 2016.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 June 2016.

For the Commission
The President
Jean-Claude JUNCKER

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/873

of 1 June 2016

amending Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 recognising protected zones exposed to particular plant health risks in the Community

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2(1)(h) thereof,

Having regard to the requests submitted by Finland, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Malta, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain and the United Kingdom,

Whereas:

- (1) By Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 ⁽²⁾ certain Member States and certain areas in Member States were recognised as protected zones in respect of certain harmful organisms. In some cases recognition was granted for a limited period of time to allow the Member State concerned to provide the full information necessary to show that the harmful organisms in question did not occur in the Member State or area concerned, or to complete the efforts to eradicate the organism in question. Since then, there have been significant developments in the plant health status of certain protected zones in some Member States.
- (2) Certain communes of the region of Ribatejo e Oeste in Portugal were recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. (European populations). Portugal has submitted information showing that *Bemisia tabaci* (European populations) is now established in those communes. Those communes should therefore no longer be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Bemisia tabaci* (European populations).
- (3) The territory of Greece was recognised until 30 April 2016 as a protected zone in respect of *Dendroctonus micans* Kugelán, *Gilpinia hercyniae* (Hartig), *Gonipterus scutellatus* Gyll., *Ips amitinus* Eichhof, *Ips cembrae* Heer and *Ips duplicatus* Sahlberg. From further information provided by Greece, it appears that the territory of Greece continues to be free from those organisms. Therefore, Greece should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of those harmful organisms without any time limitation.
- (4) The territories of Ireland and the United Kingdom were recognised until 30 April 2016 as a protected zone in respect of *Dryocosmus kuriphilus* Yasumatsu. From further information provided by Ireland and the United Kingdom, it appears that their territories continue to be free from that organism. Therefore, Ireland and the United Kingdom should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of that harmful organism without any time limitation.
- (5) The territory of Portugal was recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Dryocosmus kuriphilus* Yasumatsu until 30 April 2016. Portugal has submitted information showing that *Dryocosmus kuriphilus* is now established in its territory. Portugal should therefore no longer be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Dryocosmus kuriphilus*.
- (6) Portugal has requested that the territory of Azores be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Globodera pallida* (Stone) Behrens and *Globodera rostochiensis* (Wollenweber) Behrens. On the basis of surveys conducted since 2006, Portugal has submitted evidence that those harmful organisms do not occur in the territory of Azores, despite favourable conditions for those organisms to establish themselves there. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, Azores should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Globodera pallida* and *Globodera rostochiensis* only until 30 April 2018.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 169, 10.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 of 4 July 2008 recognising protected zones exposed to particular plant health risks in the Community (OJ L 193, 22.7.2008, p. 1).

- (7) Ireland, Malta and the United Kingdom have requested that their territories be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Paysandisia archon* (Burmeister). On the basis of surveys conducted since 2007, Ireland, Malta and the United Kingdom have submitted evidence that the harmful organism concerned does not occur in their territories, despite favourable conditions for that organism to establish itself there. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, Ireland, Malta and the United Kingdom should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Paysandisia archon* only until 30 April 2018.
- (8) Ireland and the United Kingdom have requested that their territories be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Rhynchophorus ferrugineus* (Olivier). On the basis of surveys conducted since 2007, Ireland and the United Kingdom have submitted evidence that the harmful organism concerned does not occur in their territories, despite favourable conditions for that organism to establish itself there. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, Ireland and the United Kingdom should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Rhynchophorus ferrugineus* only until 30 April 2018.
- (9) Portugal has requested that the territory of Azores be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Rhynchophorus ferrugineus* (Olivier). On the basis of surveys conducted since 2007, Portugal has submitted evidence that the harmful organism concerned does not occur in the territory of Azores, despite favourable conditions for that organism to establish itself there. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, Azores should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Rhynchophorus ferrugineus* only until 30 April 2018.
- (10) The United Kingdom has requested that its territory be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Thaumetopoea pityocampa* Denis & Schiffermüller. On the basis of surveys conducted since 2013, the United Kingdom has submitted evidence that the harmful organism concerned does not occur in its territory, despite favourable conditions for that organism to establish itself there. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, the United Kingdom should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Thaumetopoea pityocampa* only until 30 April 2018.
- (11) The territory of Ireland was recognised until 30 April 2016 as a protected zone in respect of *Thaumetopoea processionea* L. From further information provided by Ireland, it appears that the territory of Ireland continues to be free from that organism. Therefore, Ireland should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of that harmful organism without any time limitation.
- (12) The territory of the United Kingdom, with the exception of certain local authority areas, was recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Thaumetopoea processionea* L. until 30 April 2016. The United Kingdom has submitted information showing that *Thaumetopoea processionea* is now established in the local authority areas of Guildford and Woking. Those areas should therefore no longer be recognised as part of the protected zone of the United Kingdom. That information also shows that the rest of the territory of the United Kingdom, which was recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Thaumetopoea processionea* appears to continue to be free from that harmful organism. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should be further monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, the United Kingdom, with the exception of certain local authority areas, including those of Guildford and Woking, should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Thaumetopoea processionea* only until 30 April 2018.
- (13) The United Kingdom has requested that its territory be recognised as a protected zone in respect of 'Candidatus Phytoplasma ulmi'. On the basis of surveys conducted since 2013, the United Kingdom has submitted evidence that that harmful organism does not occur in its territory, despite favourable conditions for that organism to establish itself there. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, the United Kingdom should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of 'Candidatus Phytoplasma ulmi' only until 30 April 2018.
- (14) The territory of Portugal was recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens* pv. *flaccumfaciens* (Hedges) Col. As the national production in Portugal of seed of *Phaseolus vulgaris* and *Dolichos* (the relevant host plants) has become negligible, Portugal has requested its status as protected zone for *Curtobacterium*

flaccumfaciens pv. *flaccumfaciens* (Hedges) Col. be revoked. Portugal should therefore no longer be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens* pv. *flaccumfaciens* (Hedges) Col.

- (15) Spain was recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Erwinia amylovora* (Burr.) Winsl. et al with the exception of certain parts of its territory. Spain requested the revocation of the status of protected zone for the autonomous community of Madrid due to the lack of economic interest. The autonomous community of Madrid should therefore no longer be recognised as part of the protected zone of Spain in respect of *Erwinia amylovora*.
- (16) Furthermore, Spain has submitted information showing that *Erwinia amylovora* is now established in the autonomous community of Andalucía and in the districts (*comarcas*) of Segrià, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Garrigues and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autónoma de Catalunya). The measures taken in 2013 to 2015 with a view to the eradication of that harmful organism have proven to be ineffective. The autonomous community of Andalucía and the districts (*comarcas*) of Segrià, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Garrigues and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autónoma de Catalunya) should therefore no longer be recognised as part of the protected zone of Spain in respect of *Erwinia amylovora*.
- (17) Certain parts of the territory of Italy were recognised as protected zones with respect to *Erwinia amylovora* (Burr.) Winsl. et al. Italy has submitted information showing that *Erwinia amylovora* is now established in the communes of Busca, Centallo and Tarantasca in the province of Cuneo (Piedmont). The communes of Busca, Centallo and Tarantasca in the province of Cuneo (Piedmont) should therefore no longer be recognised as part of the protected zone of Italy in respect of *Erwinia amylovora*.
- (18) The territory of Northern Ireland was recognised as part of the protected zone of the United Kingdom with respect to *Erwinia amylovora* (Burr.) Winsl. et al. The United Kingdom has submitted information showing that *Erwinia amylovora* is now established in the townlands of Ballinran Upper, Carrigenagh Upper, Ballinran, and Carrigenagh in County Down, and in the electoral area of Dunmurry Cross in Belfast, County Antrim in Northern Ireland. The townlands of Ballinran Upper, Carrigenagh Upper, Ballinran, and Carrigenagh in County Down, and the electoral area of Dunmurry Cross in Belfast, County Antrim in Northern Ireland should therefore no longer be recognised as being part of the protected zone of the United Kingdom in respect of *Erwinia amylovora*.
- (19) Certain parts of the territory of Italy were recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Erwinia amylovora* (Burr.) Winsl. et al. until 30 April 2016. Italy has submitted information showing that *Erwinia amylovora* is now established in the provinces of Milano and Varese in Lombardy. Those provinces should therefore no longer be recognised as part of the protected zone of Italy. That information also shows that the rest of the territory of Italy which was recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Erwinia amylovora* until 30 April 2016 appears to continue to be free from that harmful organism. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, Italy, with the exception of certain provinces, including those of Milano and Varese in Lombardy, should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Erwinia amylovora* only until 30 April 2018.
- (20) The territory of Slovakia, with the exception of some communes in certain counties, was recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Erwinia amylovora* (Burr.) Winsl. et al. until 30 April 2016. Slovakia has submitted information showing that *Erwinia amylovora* is now established in the entire territory of the county of Dunajská Streda. That information also shows that the rest of the territory of Slovakia, which was recognised as a protected zone with respect to *Erwinia amylovora* until 30 April 2016 appears to continue to be free from that harmful organism. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, Slovakia, with the exception of some communes in certain counties, including the county of Dunajská Streda, should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Erwinia amylovora* only until 30 April 2018.
- (21) The United Kingdom has requested that its territory be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Xanthomonas arboricola* pv. *pruni* (Smith) Vauterin et al. On the basis of surveys conducted since 2013, the United Kingdom has submitted evidence that the harmful organism concerned was eradicated, or was under eradication in parts of its territory where there had been outbreaks of the organism, and that it does not occur in the rest of its territory, despite favourable conditions for that organism to establish itself there. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, the United Kingdom should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Xanthomonas arboricola* pv. *pruni* only until 30 April 2018.

- (22) Ireland has requested that its territory be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Ceratocystis platani* (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. & T.C. Harr. On the basis of surveys conducted since 2013, Ireland has demonstrated that the harmful organism concerned does not occur in its territory, despite favourable conditions for that organism to establish itself there. It is, however, necessary that further surveys be carried out. Those surveys should further be monitored by experts under the authority of the Commission. Therefore, Ireland should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of *Ceratocystis platani* only until 30 April 2018.
- (23) The territory of the United Kingdom has been recognised until 30 April 2016 as a protected zone in respect of *Ceratocystis platani* (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. & T.C. Harr. From further information provided by the United Kingdom, it appears that its territory continues to be free from that harmful organism. Therefore, the United Kingdom should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of that harmful organism without any time limitation.
- (24) The territory of the Isle of Man in the United Kingdom has been recognised until 30 April 2016 as a protected zone in respect of *Cryphonectria parasitica* (Murill) Barr. From further information provided by the United Kingdom, it appears that the territory of the Isle of Man continues to be free from that harmful organism. Therefore, the Isle of Man in the United Kingdom should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of that harmful organism without any time limitation.
- (25) The territory of Finland was recognised as a protected zone with respect to tomato spotted wilt virus. Finland has submitted information showing that it cannot prevent repeated introductions of tomato spotted wilt virus into its territory and requests that it is no longer recognised as a protected zone in respect of that harmful organism. Finland should therefore no longer be recognised as a protected zone in respect of tomato spotted wilt virus.
- (26) The territory of Portugal, with the exception of some areas, was recognised as a protected zone with respect to citrus tristeza virus (European strains). Portugal has submitted information showing that citrus tristeza virus (European strains) is now established in the county of Odemira in Alentejo. The county of Odemira in Alentejo should therefore no longer be recognised as a protected zone in respect of citrus tristeza virus (European strains).
- (27) The regions of Apúlia and Sardinia in Italy were recognised as a protected zone in respect of grapevine flavescence dorée MLO. From further information provided by Italy, it appears that the regions of Apúlia and Sardinia continue to be free from that harmful organism. Therefore, Apúlia and Sardinia in Italy should be recognised as a protected zone in respect of that harmful organism without any time limitation.
- (28) For the purpose of clarity the entire Annex to Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 shall be replaced.
- (29) Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (30) Since certain areas have been recognised as protected zones pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 until 30 April 2016, this Regulation should apply from 1 May 2016 in order to ensure legal continuity and to avoid disruption of trade.
- (31) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Amendment of Regulation (EC) No 690/2008

Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 is replaced by the text set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

*Article 2***Entry into force and application**

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 1 May 2016.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 June 2016.

For the Commission

The President

Jean-Claude JUNKER

ANNEX

‘ANNEX I

Zones in the community recognised as “protected zones”, in respect of harmful organism(s) listed against their names

Harmful organisms	Protected zones: territory of
(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development	
1. <i>Anthonomus grandis</i> (Boh.)	Greece, Spain (Andalusia, Catalonia, Extremadura, Murcia, Valencia)
2. <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations)	Ireland, Portugal (Azores, Beira Interior, Beira Litoral, Entre Douro e Minho and Trás-os-Montes), Finland, Sweden, United Kingdom
3. <i>Cephalcia lariciphila</i> (Klug.)	Ireland, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
3.1. <i>Daktulosphaira vitifoliae</i> (Fitch)	Cyprus
4. <i>Dendroctonus micans</i> Kugelan	Ireland, Greece, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
4.1. <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu	Ireland, United Kingdom
5. <i>Gilpinia hercyniae</i> (Hartig)	Ireland, Greece, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
6. <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens	Latvia, Portugal (Azores, until 30 April 2018), Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland
6.1. <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens	Portugal (Azores, until 30 April 2018)
7. <i>Gonipterus scutellatus</i> Gyll.	Greece, Portugal (Azores)
8. <i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhof	Ireland, Greece, United Kingdom
9. <i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer	Ireland, Greece, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)
10. <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg	Ireland, Greece, United Kingdom
11. <i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Börner	Ireland, Cyprus, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)
12. <i>Ips typographus</i> Heer	Ireland, United Kingdom
13. <i>Leptinotarsa decemlineata</i> Say	Ireland, Spain (Ibiza and Menorca), Cyprus, Malta, Portugal (Azores and Madeira), Finland (districts of Åland, Häme, Kymi, Pirkanmaa, Satakunta, Turku, Uusimaa), Sweden (counties of Blekinge, Gotland, Halland, Kalmar and Skåne), United Kingdom

Harmful organisms	Protected zones: territory of
14. <i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach)	Ireland, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
14.1. <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister)	Ireland (until 30 April 2018), Malta (until 30 April 2018), United Kingdom (until 30 April 2018)
14.2. <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier)	Ireland (until 30 April 2018), Portugal (Azores, until 30 April 2018), United Kingdom (until 30 April 2018)
15. <i>Sternochetus mangiferae</i> Fabricius	Spain (Granada and Málaga), Portugal (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira)
15.1. <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller	United Kingdom (until 30 April 2018)
16. <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L.	Ireland, United Kingdom (excluding the local authority areas of Barnet; Brent; Bromley; Camden; City of London; City of Westminster; Croydon; Ealing; Elmbridge District; Epsom and Ewell District; Guildford; Hackney; Hammer-smith & Fulham; Haringey; Harrow; Hillingdon; Hounslow; Islington; Kensington & Chelsea; Kingston upon Thames; Lambeth; Lewisham; Merton; Reading; Richmond upon Thames; Runnymede District; Slough; South Oxfordshire; Southwark; Spelthorne District; Sutton; Tower Hamlets; Wandsworth; West Berkshire and Woking) (until 30 April 2018)
(b) Bacteria	
01. "Candidatus Phytoplasma ulmi"	United Kingdom (until 30 April 2018)
1. <i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens</i> pv. <i>flaccumfaciens</i> (Hedges) Col.	Greece, Spain
2. <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow et al.	— Estonia, Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla-La Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzkoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autónoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)), France (Corsica), Italy (Abruzzo, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Lazio, Liguria, Marche, Molise, Piedmont (except the communes of Busca, Centallo and Tarantasca in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta), Latvia, Portugal, Finland, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland: excluding the townlands of Ballinran Upper, Carrigenagh Upper, Ballinran, and Carrigenagh in County Down, and the electoral area of Dunmurry Cross in Belfast, County Antrim; Isle of Man; Channel Islands),

Harmful organisms	Protected zones: territory of
	— and, until 30 April 2018, Ireland (except Galway city), Italy (Apúlia, Emilia-Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza), Lombardy (except the provinces of Milano, Mantua, Sondrio and Varese), Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), Lithuania (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai (region of Kaunas)), Slovenia (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče-Vogrsko (south from the highway H4)), Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuš and Zátin (Trebíšov County))
3. <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al.	United Kingdom (until 30 April 2018)
(c) Fungi	
01. <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M.Walter) Engelbr. & T.C.Harr.	Ireland (until 30 April 2018), United Kingdom'
02. <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr.	Czech Republic, Ireland, Sweden, United Kingdom
1. <i>Glomerella gossypii</i> Edgerton	Greece
2. <i>Gremmeniella abietina</i> Morelet	Ireland, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
3. <i>Hypoxyton mammatum</i> (Wahlenberg) J. Miller	Ireland, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
(d) Viruses and virus-like organisms	
1. Beet necrotic yellow vein virus	Ireland, France (Brittany), Portugal (Azores), Finland, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
2. Tomato spotted wilt virus	Sweden
3. Citrus tristeza virus (European strains)	Greece (except the Regional Units of Argolida and Chania), Malta, Portugal (except Algarve, Madeira and the county of Odemira in Alentejo)
4. Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO	Czech Republic, France (Alsace, Champagne-Ardenne, Picardie (département de l'Aisne), Ile de France (communes de Citry, Nanteuil-sur-Marne and Saâcy-sur-Marne) and Lorraine)), Italy (Apúlia, Sardinia and Basilicata)'

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/874**of 1 June 2016****amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/943 on emergency measures suspending imports of dried beans from Nigeria****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 53(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 lays down the general principles governing food in general, and food safety in particular, at Union and national level. It provides for emergency measures to be taken by the Commission, where there is evidence that food imported from a third country is likely to constitute a serious risk to human health.
- (2) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/943 ⁽²⁾ prohibits imports of dried beans from Nigeria declared under CN code 0713 39 00 due to the high number of cases of contamination with an unauthorised active substance dichlorvos at levels largely exceeding the acute reference dose tentatively established by the European Food Safety Authority. Pending the implementation by Nigeria of the appropriate risk-management measures, the prohibition is to apply until 30 June 2016.
- (3) Following the introduction of the import prohibition, notifications have been issued to the Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed in relation to dried beans originating from Nigeria declared under CN codes 0713 35 00 and 0713 90 00 due to a contamination with dichlorvos. Therefore, the scope of the existing prohibition should be extended to these additional two codes.
- (4) The continued presence of dichlorvos in dried beans imported from Nigeria, and the stage of implementation by Nigeria of an action plan as regards integrated pest management and maximum residue levels of pesticides, do not allow the conclusion that compliance with food law requirements as regards pesticide residues can be achieved in the short term.
- (5) The duration of the importation prohibition should therefore be extended for an additional period of three years, to allow Nigeria to implement the appropriate risk-management measures and provide the required guarantees.
- (6) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/943 is amended as follows:

- (1) Article 1 is replaced by the following:

'Article 1

This Regulation shall apply to all dried beans originating from Nigeria declared under CN codes 0713 35 00, 0713 39 00, and 0713 90 00.'

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 31, 1.2.2002, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/943 of 18 June 2015 on emergency measures suspending imports of dried beans from Nigeria and amending Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 669/2009 (OJ L 154, 19.6.2015, p. 8.).

(2) Article 5 is replaced by the following:

‘Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force the day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply until 30 June 2019.’

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 June 2016.

For the Commission

The President

Jean-Claude JUNKER

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/875**of 1 June 2016****establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 of 7 June 2011 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 in respect of the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 136(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in Annex XVI, Part A thereto.
- (2) The standard import value is calculated each working day, in accordance with Article 136(1) of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011, taking into account variable daily data. Therefore this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 136 of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 are fixed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 June 2016.

*For the Commission,
On behalf of the President,
Jerzy PLEWA*

Director-General for Agriculture and Rural Development

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 157, 15.6.2011, p. 1.

ANNEX

Standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)		
CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0702 00 00	IL	428,2
	MA	121,9
	TR	66,0
	ZZ	205,4
0707 00 05	TR	99,6
	ZZ	99,6
0709 93 10	TR	115,4
	ZZ	115,4
0805 50 10	AR	165,4
	TR	75,0
	ZA	197,7
	ZZ	146,0
0808 10 80	AR	114,5
	BR	113,4
	CL	133,8
	CN	90,2
	NZ	164,3
	PE	106,8
	US	192,9
	ZA	110,2
	ZZ	128,3
0809 29 00	TR	582,3
	US	894,2
	ZZ	738,3

⁽¹⁾ Nomenclature of countries laid down by Commission Regulation (EU) No 1106/2012 of 27 November 2012 implementing Regulation (EC) No 471/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council on Community statistics relating to external trade with non-member countries, as regards the update of the nomenclature of countries and territories (OJ L 328, 28.11.2012, p. 7). Code 'ZZ' stands for 'of other origin'.

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/876**of 1 June 2016****laying down the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities covered by the applications for import licences lodged from 20 May 2016 to 27 May 2016 under the tariff quotas opened by Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2081 for certain cereals originating in Ukraine**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 188(1) and (3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2081 ⁽²⁾ opened import tariff quotas for certain cereals originating in Ukraine.
- (2) Article 1(1) of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2081 set, for the period from 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016 the quantity of the quota with order number 09.4306 at 950 000 tonnes.
- (3) The quantities covered by the applications for import licences lodged from 20 May 2016 to 27 May 2016 at 13.00 (Brussels time) exceed those available for the quota with order number 09.4306. The extent to which import licences may be issued should therefore be determined by fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities requested under the quota concerned, calculated in accordance with Article 7(2) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 ⁽³⁾.
- (4) No further import licences should be issued for the tariff quota with order number 09.4306 referred to in Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2081 for the current quota period.
- (5) In order to ensure the efficiency of the measure, this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The quantities covered by the applications for import licences under the quota with order number 09.4306 and referred to in the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2081, lodged from 20 May 2016 to 27 May 2016 at 13.00 (Brussels time), shall be multiplied by an allocation coefficient of 49,812221 % for applications lodged under the tariff quota with order number 09.4306.

2. The submission of new import licence applications under the quota with order number 09.4306 referred to in the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2081 shall be suspended from 27 May 2016 at 13.00 (Brussels time) for the current quota period.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671.

⁽²⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2081 of 18 November 2015 opening and providing for the administration of import tariff quotas for certain cereals originating in Ukraine (OJ L 302, 19.11.2015, p. 81).

⁽³⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 of 31 August 2006 laying down common rules for the administration of import tariff quotas for agricultural products managed by a system of import licences (OJ L 238, 1.9.2006, p. 13).

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 June 2016.

*For the Commission,
On behalf of the President,
Jerzy PLEWA
Director-General for Agriculture and Rural Development*

DECISIONS

COUNCIL DECISION (EU) 2016/877

of 23 May 2016

on the position to be adopted, on behalf of the European Union, within the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Subcommittee established by the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova, of the other part

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 207(4) in conjunction with Article 218(9) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 464(3) and (4) of the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova, of the other part ⁽¹⁾ ('the Agreement'), provides for the provisional application of the Agreement in part, as specified by the Union.
- (2) Article 3 of Council Decision 2014/492/EU ⁽²⁾ specifies the provisions of the Agreement to be applied provisionally, which include the provisions on the sanitary, phytosanitary and animal welfare measures, the establishment and functioning of the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Subcommittee, and the related Annexes XVII to XXV to the Agreement. In accordance with Article 464(4) of the Agreement, the provisional application of those provisions has been effective since 1 September 2014.
- (3) Article 181(1) of the Agreement provides that the Republic of Moldova is to gradually approximate its sanitary and phytosanitary and animal welfare law to that of the Union as set out in Annex XXIV to the Agreement.
- (4) Article 181(4) of the Agreement provides that the Republic of Moldova is to submit a list of the Union *acquis* regarding sanitary, phytosanitary and animal welfare to which it intends to approximate its domestic legislation ('the list'), no later than three months after the entry into force of the Agreement. The list is to serve as a reference document for the implementation of Chapter 4 (Sanitary and phytosanitary measures) of Title V (Trade and trade-related matters) of the Agreement, and is to be added, pursuant to Article 181(5) of the Agreement, to Annex XXIV to the Agreement. Accordingly, Annex XXIV-B to the Agreement is to be modified by a decision of the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Subcommittee, as set out in point (d) of Article 191(2) of the Agreement.
- (5) The Republic of Moldova submitted the list and finalised it, in consultation with the Commission, in July 2015.
- (6) It is therefore appropriate to establish the position to be taken on the Union's behalf within the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Subcommittee, in relation to the modification of Annex XXIV-B to the Agreement,

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 260, 30.8.2014, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ Council Decision 2014/492/EU of 16 June 2014 on the signing, on behalf of the European Union, and provisional application of the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova, of the other part (OJ L 260, 30.8.2014, p. 1).

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The position to be taken, on the Union's behalf, within the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Subcommittee established by Article 191 of the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova, of the other part, in relation to the modification of Annex XXIV-B to the Agreement, shall be based on the draft Decision of that Sanitary and Phytosanitary Subcommittee, attached to this Decision.

Minor technical corrections to the draft Decision may be agreed to by the representatives of the Union within the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Subcommittee without further decision of the Council.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the day of its adoption.

Done at Brussels, 23 May 2016.

For the Council
The President
F. MOGHERINI

DRAFT

**DECISION No 1/2016 OF THE EU-REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA SANITARY AND PHYTOSANITARY
SUB-COMMITTEE****of ... 2016****modifying Annex XXIV-B to the Association Agreement**

THE SANITARY AND PHYTOSANITARY SUB-COMMITTEE,

Having regard to the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova, of the other part ⁽¹⁾, signed in Brussels on 27 June 2014, and in particular Article 181 and Article 191 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Article 464(3) and (4) of the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova, of the other part ('the Agreement'), parts of the Agreement, including the provisions on sanitary and phytosanitary measures, have been applied provisionally since 1 September 2014.
- (2) Article 181(1) of the Agreement provides that the Republic of Moldova is to gradually approximate its sanitary and phytosanitary and animal welfare law to that of the Union as set out in Annex XXIV to the Agreement.
- (3) Article 181(4) of the Agreement provides that the Republic of Moldova is to submit a list of Union *acquis* regarding sanitary, phytosanitary and animal welfare to which it intends to approximate its domestic legislation ('the list'), no later than three months after the entry into force of the Agreement. The list is to serve as a reference document for the implementation of Chapter 4 (Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures) of Title V (Trade and trade-related matters) of the Agreement.
- (4) Article 191 of the Agreement established the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Sub-Committee, which is to consider any matter related to Chapter 4 of Title V of the Agreement, including its implementation, and which may review and modify Annex XXIV to the Agreement.
- (5) The Republic of Moldova submitted the list to the European Commission in November 2014, following which, in consultation with the European Commission, it was finalised in July 2015.
- (6) It is appropriate that the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Sub-Committee takes a decision to modify Annex XXIV-B to the Agreement to include the list as set out in the Annex to this Decision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Annex XXIV-B to the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova, of the other part, is hereby modified as set out in the Annex to this Decision.

⁽¹⁾ OJ EUL 260, 30.8.2014, p. 4.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the day of its adoption.

Done at ...,

*For the Sanitary and Phytosanitary
Sub-Committee
The Chair*

ANNEX

MODIFICATION OF ANNEX XXIV-B TO THE ASSOCIATION AGREEMENT

Annex XXIV-B to the Agreement is replaced by the following:

‘ANNEX XXIV-B

LIST OF THE UNION LEGISLATION TO BE APPROXIMATED TO BY THE REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA

In accordance with Article 181(4) of this Agreement, the Republic of Moldova shall approximate its legislation to the following Union legislation within the timeframes as listed below.

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Section 1 — General	
Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety, with the exception of Articles 58, 59 and 62	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1304/2003 of 23 July 2003 on the procedure applied by the European Food Safety Authority to requests for scientific opinions referred to it	2020
Commission Decision 2004/478/EC of 29 April 2004 concerning the adoption of a general plan for food/feed crisis management	2016
Commission Regulation (EU) No 16/2011 of 10 January 2011 laying down implementing measures for the Rapid alert system for food and feed	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1151/2009 of 27 November 2009 imposing special conditions governing the import of sunflower oil originating in or consigned from Ukraine due to contamination risks by mineral oil and repealing Decision 2008/433/EC	2019
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 884/2014 of 13 August 2014 imposing special conditions governing the import of certain feed and food from certain third countries due to contamination risk by aflatoxins and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1152/2009	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 258/2010 of 25 March 2010 imposing special conditions on the imports of guar gum originating in or consigned from India due to contamination risks by pentachlorophenol and dioxins, and repealing Decision 2008/352/EC	2019
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 208/2013 of 11 March 2013 on traceability requirements for sprouts and seeds intended for the production of sprouts	2019
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 931/2011 of 19 September 2011 on the traceability requirements set by Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council for food of animal origin	2018

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety — Articles 58, 59 and 62	2018
Section 2 — Veterinary	
Council Directive 2002/99/EC of 16 December 2002 laying down the animal health rules governing the production, processing, distribution and introduction of products of animal origin for human consumption	2017
Commission Decision 2003/24/EC of 30 December 2002 concerning the development of an integrated computerized veterinary system	2019
Commission Decision 2005/734/EC of 19 October 2005 laying down biosecurity measures to reduce the risk of transmission of highly pathogenic avian influenza caused by Influenza virus A subtype H5N1 from birds living in the wild to poultry and other captive birds and providing for an early detection system in areas at particular risk	2018
Commission Decision 2006/415/EC of 14 June 2006 concerning certain protection measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of the subtype H5N1 in poultry in the Community and repealing Decision 2006/135/EC	2018
Commission Decision 2006/563/EC of 11 August 2006 concerning certain protection measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5N1 in wild birds in the Community and repealing Decision 2006/115/EC	2018
Commission Decision 2010/57/EU of 3 February 2010 laying down health guarantees for the transit of equidae being transported through the territories listed in Annex I to Council Directive 97/78/EC	2018
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 139/2013 of 7 January 2013 laying down animal health conditions for imports of certain birds into the Union and the quarantine conditions thereof	2017
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 750/2014 of 10 July 2014 on protection measures in relation to porcine epidemic diarrhoea as regards the animal health requirements for the introduction into the Union of porcine animals	2019
Council Directive 97/78/EC of 18 December 1997 laying down the principles governing the organization of veterinary checks on products entering the Community from third countries	2017
Commission Decision 78/685/EEC of 26 July 1978 establishing a list of epizootic diseases in accordance with Directive 72/462/EEC	2015
Council Directive 64/432/EEC of 26 June 1964 on animal health problems affecting intra-Community trade in bovine animals and swine	2019

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Regulation (EC) No 494/98 of 27 February 1998 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 820/97 as regards the application of minimum administrative sanctions in the framework of the system for the identification and registration of bovine animals	2019
Commission Decision 2006/968/EC of 15 December 2006 implementing Council Regulation (EC) No 21/2004 as regards guidelines and procedures for the electronic identification of ovine and caprine animals	2019
Council Directive 2009/156/EC of 30 November 2009 on animal health conditions governing the movement and importation from third countries of equidae	2019
Commission Regulation (EC) No 504/2008 of 6 June 2008 implementing Council Directives 90/426/EEC and 90/427/EEC as regards methods for the identification of equidae	2017
Council Directive 2001/89/EC of 23 October 2001 on Community measures for the control of classical swine fever	2017
Commission Decision 2002/106/EC of 1 February 2002 approving a Diagnostic Manual establishing diagnostic procedures, sampling methods and criteria for evaluation of the laboratory tests for the confirmation of classical swine fever	2017
Council Directive 2002/60/EC of 27 June 2002 laying down specific provisions for the control of African swine fever and amending Directive 92/119/EEC as regards Teschen disease and African swine fever	2017
Commission Decision 2003/422/EC of 26 May 2003 approving an African swine fever diagnostic manual	2017
Commission Decision 2006/437/EC of 4 August 2006 approving a Diagnostic Manual for avian influenza as provided for in Council Directive 2005/94/EC	2017
Commission Regulation (EC) No 616/2009 of 13 July 2009 implementing Council Directive 2005/94/EC as regards the approval of poultry compartments and other captive birds compartments with respect to avian influenza and additional preventive biosecurity measures in such compartments	2017
Council Directive 92/66/EEC of 14 July 1992 introducing Community measures for the control of Newcastle disease	2018
Council Directive 2000/75/EC of 20 November 2000 laying down specific provisions for the control and eradication of bluetongue	2018
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007 of 26 October 2007 on implementing rules for Council Directive 2000/75/EC as regards the control, monitoring, surveillance and restrictions on movements of certain animals of susceptible species in relation to bluetongue	2018
Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies	2016

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Decision 2007/843/EC of 11 December 2007 concerning approval of <i>Salmonella</i> control programmes in breeding flocks of <i>Gallus gallus</i> in certain third countries in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Decision 2006/696/EC, as regards certain public health requirements at import of poultry and hatching eggs	2015
Commission Decision 2007/848/EC of 11 December 2007 approving certain national programmes for the control of salmonella in flocks of laying hens of <i>Gallus gallus</i>	2015
Commission Decision 2008/815/EC of 20 October 2008 approving certain national programmes for the control of Salmonella in flocks of broilers of <i>Gallus gallus</i>	2015
Commission Decision 2009/771/EC of 20 October 2009 approving certain national programmes for the control of salmonella in turkeys	2015
Council Directive 92/119/EEC of 17 December 1992 introducing general Community measures for the control of certain animal diseases and specific measures relating to swine vesicular disease	2017
Commission Decision 2004/226/EC of 4 March 2004 approving tests for the detection of antibodies against bovine brucellosis within the framework of Council Directive 64/432/EEC	2019
Council Directive 91/68/EEC of 28 January 1991 on animal health conditions governing intra-Community trade in ovine and caprine animals	2019
Commission Decision 95/329/EC of 25 July 1995 defining the categories of male equidae to which the requirement regarding viral arteritis laid down in Article 15 (b) (ii) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC applies	2019
Commission Decision 2001/183/EC of 22 February 2001 laying down the sampling plans and diagnostic methods for the detection and confirmation of certain fish diseases and repealing Decision 92/532/EEC	2019
Council Directive 90/429/EEC of 26 June 1990 laying down the animal health requirements applicable to intra-Community trade in and imports of semen of domestic animals of the porcine species	2020
Council Directive 92/65/EEC of 13 July 1992 laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to animal health requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A (I) to Directive 90/425/EEC	2019
Council Directive 96/22/EC of 29 April 1996 concerning the prohibition on the use in stockfarming of certain substances having a hormonal or thyrostatic action and of beta-agonists, and repealing Directives 81/602/EEC, 88/146/EEC and 88/299/EEC	2017
Council Decision 1999/879/EC of 17 December 1999 concerning the placing on the market and administration of bovine somatotrophin (BST) and repealing Decision 90/218/EEC	2016

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Decision 97/747/EC of 27 October 1997 fixing the levels and frequencies of sampling provided for by Council Directive 96/23/EC for the monitoring of certain substances and residues thereof in certain animal products	2016
Commission Decision 98/179/EC of 23 February 1998 laying down detailed rules on official sampling for the monitoring of certain substances and residues thereof in live animals and animal products	2016
Council Directive 2006/88/EC of 24 October 2006 on animal health requirements for aquaculture animals and products thereof, and on the prevention and control of certain diseases in aquatic animals	2018
Commission Decision 2002/657/EC of 14 August 2002 implementing Council Directive 96/23/EC concerning the performance of analytical methods and the interpretation of results	2016
Commission Decision 92/260/EEC of 10 April 1992 on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for temporary admission of registered horses	2017
Commission Decision 2008/946/EC of 12 December 2008 implementing Council Directive 2006/88/EC as regards requirements for quarantine of aquaculture animals	2019
Directive 2004/41/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 repealing certain Directives concerning food hygiene and health conditions for the production and placing on the market of certain products of animal origin intended for human consumption and amending Council Directives 89/662/EEC and 92/118/EEC and Council Decision 95/408/EC	2018
Commission Decision 2006/778/EC of 14 November 2006 concerning minimum requirements for the collection of information during the inspections of production sites on which certain animals are kept for farming purposes	2019
Council Directive 2008/119/EC of 18 December 2008 laying down minimum standards for the protection of calves	2018
Council Directive 2008/120/EC of 18 December 2008 laying down minimum standards for the protection of pigs	2018
Commission Implementing Decision 2013/188/EU of 18 April 2013 on annual reports on non-discriminatory inspections carried out pursuant to Council Regulation (EC) No 1/2005 on the protection of animals during transport and related operations and amending Directives 64/432/EEC and 93/119/EC and Regulation (EC) No 1255/97	2018
Council Regulation (EC) No 1255/97 of 25 June 1997 concerning Community criteria for control posts and amending the route plan referred to in the Annex to Directive 91/628/EEC	2019
Council Directive 2009/157/EC of 30 November 2009 on pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species	2016

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Decision 84/247/EEC of 27 April 1984 laying down the criteria for the recognition of breeders' organizations and associations which maintain or establish herd-books for pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species	2019
Commission Decision 84/419/EEC of 19 July 1984 laying down the criteria for entering cattle in herd-books	2017
Council Directive 87/328/EEC of 18 June 1987 on the acceptance for breeding purposes of pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species	2016
Council Decision 96/463/EC of 23 July 1996 designating the reference body responsible for collaborating in rendering uniform the testing methods and the assessment of the results for pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species	2019
Commission Decision 2005/379/EC of 17 May 2005 on pedigree certificates and particulars for pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species, their semen, ova and embryos	2019
Commission Decision 2006/427/EC of 20 June 2006 laying down performance monitoring methods and methods for assessing cattle's genetic value for pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species	2019
Council Directive 88/661/EEC of 19 December 1988 on the zootechnical standards applicable to breeding animals of the porcine species	2016
Commission Decision 89/501/EEC of 18 July 1989 laying down the criteria for approval and supervision of breeders' associations and breeding organizations which establish or maintain herd-books for pure-bred breeding pigs	2019
Commission Decision 89/502/EEC of 18 July 1989 laying down the criteria governing entry in herd-books for pure-bred breeding pigs	2017
Commission Decision 89/503/EEC of 18 July 1989 laying down the certificate of pure-bred breeding pigs, their semen, ova and embryos	2017
Commission Decision 89/504/EEC of 18 July 1989 laying down the criteria for approval and supervision of breeders' associations, breeding organizations and private undertakings which establish or maintain registers for hybrid breeding pigs	2016
Commission Decision 89/505/EEC of 18 July 1989 laying down the criteria governing entry in registers for hybrid breeding pigs	2019
Commission Decision 89/506/EEC of 18 July 1989 laying down the certificate of hybrid breeding pigs, their semen, ova and embryos	2019
Commission Decision 89/507/EEC of 18 July 1989 laying down methods for monitoring performance and assessing the genetic value of pure-bred and hybrid breeding pigs	2019
Council Directive 90/118/EEC of 5 March 1990 on the acceptance of pure-bred breeding pigs for breeding	2016

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Council Directive 90/119/EEC of 5 March 1990 of hybrid breeding pigs for breeding	2016
Council Directive 89/361/EEC of 30 May 1989 concerning pure-bred breeding sheep and goats	2016
Commission Decision 90/254/EEC of 10 May 1990 laying down the criteria for approval of breeders' organizations and associations which establish or maintain flock-books for pure-bred breeding sheep and goats	2019
Commission Decision 90/255/EEC of 10 May 1990 laying down the criteria governing entry in flock-books for pure-bred breeding sheep and goats	2019
Commission Decision 90/258/EEC of 10 May 1990 laying down the zootechnical certificates for pure-bred breeding sheep and goats, their semen, ova and embryos	2016
Commission Decision 92/353/EEC of 11 June 1992 laying down the criteria for the approval or recognition of organizations and associations which maintain or establish stud-books for registered equidae	2019
Commission Decision 92/354/EEC of 11 June 1992 laying down certain rules to ensure coordination between organizations and associations which maintain or establish stud-books for registered equidae	2019
Commission Decision 96/78/EC of 10 January 1996 laying down the criteria for entry and registration of equidae in stud-books for breeding purposes	2017
Commission Decision 96/79/EC of 12 January 1996 laying down the zootechnical certificates of semen, ova and embryos from registered equidae	2017
Council Directive 90/428/EEC of 26 June 1990 on trade in equidae intended for competitions and laying down the conditions for participation therein	2018
Commission Decision 92/216/EEC of 26 March 1992 on the collection of data concerning competitions for equidae as referred to in Article 4(2) of Council Directive 90/428/EEC	2018
Council Directive 91/174/EEC of 25 March 1991 laying down zootechnical and pedigree requirements for the marketing of pure-bred animals and amending Directives 77/504/EEC and 90/425/EEC	2016

Section 3 — Placing on the market of food, feed and animal by-products

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the hygiene of foodstuffs	2017
Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific hygiene rules for food of animal origin	2017

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2074/2005 of 5 December 2005 laying down implementing measures for certain products under Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and for the organisation of official controls under Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, derogating from Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004	2017
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 208/2013 of 11 March 2013 on traceability requirements for sprouts and seeds intended for the production of sprouts	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 210/2013 of 11 March 2013 on the approval of establishments producing sprouts pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 211/2013 of 11 March 2013 on certification requirements for imports into the Union of sprouts and seeds intended for the production of sprouts	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 579/2014 of 28 May 2014 granting derogation from certain provisions of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the transport of liquid oils and fats by sea	2018
Council Directive 92/118/EEC of 17 December 1992 laying down animal health and public health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of products not subject to the said requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A (I) to Directive 89/662/EEC and, as regards pathogens, to Directive 90/425/EEC	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 101/2013 of 4 February 2013 concerning the use of lactic acid to reduce microbiological surface contamination on bovine carcasses	2016
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 636/2014 of 13 June 2014 on a model certificate for the trade of unskinned large wild game	2018
Commission Decision 2006/677/EC of 29 September 2006 setting out the guidelines laying down criteria for the conduct of audits under Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on official controls to verify compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules	2017
Commission Decision 2007/363/EC of 21 May 2007 on guidelines to assist Member States in preparing the single integrated multi-annual national control plan provided for in Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2017
Commission Regulation (EC) No 152/2009 of 27 January 2009 laying down the methods of sampling and analysis for the official control of feed	2017
Commission Regulation (EC) No 669/2009 of 24 July 2009 implementing Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the increased level of official controls on imports of certain feed and food of non-animal origin and amending Decision 2006/504/EC	2017

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Decision 2008/654/EC of 24 July 2008 on guidelines to assist Member States in preparing the annual report on the single integrated multiannual national control plan provided for in Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2017
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 702/2013 of 22 July 2013 on transitional measures for the application of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the accreditation of official laboratories carrying out official testing for Trichinella and amending Commission Regulation (EC) No 1162/2009	2017
Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption	2017
Directive 2004/41/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 repealing certain Directives concerning food hygiene and health conditions for the production and placing on the market of certain products of animal origin intended for human consumption and amending Council Directives 89/662/EEC and 92/118/EEC and Council Decision 95/408/EC	2017
Regulation (EC) No 470/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 laying down Community procedures for the establishment of residue limits of pharmacologically active substances in foodstuffs of animal origin, repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 and amending Directive 2001/82/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 of 5 December 2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for Trichinella in meat	2017
Council Decision 92/608/EEC of 14 November 1992 laying down methods for the analysis and testing of heat-treated milk for direct human consumption	2017
Commission Decision 2002/226/EC of 15 March 2002 establishing special health checks for the harvesting and processing of certain bivalve molluscs with a level of amnesic shellfish poison (ASP) exceeding the limit laid down by Council Directive 91/492/EEC	2018
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 702/2013 of 22 July 2013 on transitional measures for the application of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the accreditation of official laboratories carrying out official testing for Trichinella and amending Commission Regulation (EC) No 1162/2009	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 laying down health rules as regards animal by-products and derived products not intended for human consumption and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002	2017
Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011 of 25 February 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down health rules as regards animal by-products and derived products not intended for human consumption and implementing Council Directive 97/78/EC as regards certain samples and items exempt from veterinary checks at the border under that Directive	2017

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on official controls performed to ensure the verification of compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules	2017
Regulation (EC) No 183/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 January 2005 laying down requirements for feed hygiene	2017
Commission Regulation (EC) No 141/2007 of 14 February 2007 concerning a requirement for approval in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 183/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council for feed business establishments manufacturing or placing on the market feed additives of the category coccidiostats and histomonostats	2019

Section 4 — Food Safety Rules

Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2011 on the provision of food information to consumers, amending Regulations (EC) No 1924/2006 and (EC) No 1925/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and repealing Commission Directive 87/250/EEC, Council Directive 90/496/EEC, Commission Directive 1999/10/EC, Directive 2000/13/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, Commission Directives 2002/67/EC and 2008/5/EC and Commission Regulation (EC) No 608/2004	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on nutrition and health claims made on foods	2016
Directive 2011/91/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 December 2011 on indications or marks identifying the lot to which a foodstuff belongs	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 432/2012 of 16 May 2012 establishing a list of permitted health claims made on foods, other than those referring to the reduction of disease risk and to children's development and health	2017
Commission Regulation (EU) No 1047/2012 of 8 November 2012 amending Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 with regard to the list of nutrition claims	2016
Commission Implementing Decision 2013/63/EU of 24 January 2013 adopting guidelines for the implementation of specific conditions for health claims laid down in Article 10 of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2016
Commission Regulation (EU) No 851/2013 of 3 September 2013 authorising certain health claims made on foods, other than those referring to the reduction of disease risk and to children's development and health and amending Regulation (EU) No 432/2012	2017
Commission Regulation (EU) No 40/2014 of 17 January 2014 authorising a health claim made on foods, other than those referring to the reduction of disease risk and to children's development and health and amending Regulation (EU) No 432/2012	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1925/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on the addition of vitamins and minerals and of certain other substances to foods	2017

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1170/2009 of 30 November 2009 amending Directive 2002/46/EC of the European Parliament and of Council and Regulation (EC) No 1925/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the lists of vitamin and minerals and their forms that can be added to foods, including food supplements	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1331/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 establishing a common authorisation procedure for food additives, food enzymes and food flavourings	2017
Commission Regulation (EU) No 234/2011 of 10 March 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1331/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a common authorisation procedure for food additives, food enzymes and food flavourings	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1332/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on food enzymes and amending Council Directive 83/417/EEC, Council Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999, Directive 2000/13/EC, Council Directive 2001/112/EC and Regulation (EC) No 258/97	2016
Directive 2009/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States on extraction solvents used in the production of foodstuffs and food ingredients	2019
Regulation (EC) No 2232/96 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 October 1996 laying down a Community procedure for flavouring substances used or intended for use in or on foodstuffs — Article 1, Article 2, Article 3(1) and (2), as provided for in Article 6(2) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 872/2012 of 1 October 2012	2017
Regulation (EC) No 2065/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 November 2003 on smoke flavourings used or intended for use in or on foods	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on flavourings and certain food ingredients with flavouring properties for use in and on foods and amending Council Regulation (EEC) No 1601/91, Regulations (EC) No 2232/96 and (EC) No 110/2008 and Directive 2000/13/EC	2017
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 872/2012 of 1 October 2012 adopting the list of flavouring substances provided for by Regulation (EC) No 2232/96 of the European Parliament and of the Council, introducing it in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 1565/2000 and Commission Decision 1999/217/EC	2017
Commission Regulation (EU) No 873/2012 of 1 October 2012 on transitional measures concerning the Union list of flavourings and source materials set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2017
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1321/2013 of 10 December 2013 establishing the Union list of authorised smoke flavouring primary products for use as such in or on foods and/or for the production of derived smoke flavourings	2017

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Council Directive 82/711/EEC of 18 October 1982 laying down the basic rules necessary for testing migration of the constituents of plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs	2016
Commission Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 of 14 January 2011 on plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with food	2016
Council Directive 84/500/EEC of 15 October 1984 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to ceramic articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs	2015
Commission Directive 2007/42/EC of 29 June 2007 relating to materials and articles made of regenerated cellulose film intended to come into contact with foodstuffs	2017
Council Directive 78/142/EEC of 30 January 1978 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to materials and articles which contain vinyl chloride monomer and are intended to come into contact with foodstuffs	2017
Commission Directive 93/11/EEC of 15 March 1993 concerning the release of the N-nitrosamines and N-nitrosatable substances from elastomer or rubber teats and soothers	2017
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1895/2005 of 18 November 2005 on the restriction of use of certain epoxy derivatives in materials and articles intended to come into contact with food	2017
Commission Regulation (EC) No 450/2009 of 29 May 2009 on active and intelligent materials and articles intended to come into contact with food	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 284/2011 of 22 March 2011 laying down specific conditions and detailed procedures for the import of polyamide and melamine plastic kitchenware originating in or consigned from the People's Republic of China and Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, China	2016
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 321/2011 of 1 April 2011 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 as regards the restriction of use of Bisphenol A in plastic infant feeding bottles	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/2008 of 27 March 2008 on recycled plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with foods and amending Regulation (EC) No 2023/2006	2015
Directive 2002/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 June 2002 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to food supplements	2016
Regulation (EU) No 609/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 June 2013 on food intended for infants and young children, food for special medical purposes, and total diet replacement for weight control and repealing Council Directive 92/52/EEC, Commission Directives 96/8/EC, 1999/21/EC, 2006/125/EC and 2006/141/EC, Directive 2009/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Regulations (EC) No 41/2009 and (EC) No 953/2009	2016

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Directive 2006/141/EC of 22 December 2006 on infant formulae and follow-on formulae and amending Directive 1999/21/EC	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 41/2009 of 20 January 2009 concerning the composition and labelling of foodstuffs suitable for people intolerant to gluten	2018
Commission Regulation (EC) No 953/2009 of 13 October 2009 on substances that may be added for specific nutritional purposes in foods for particular nutritional uses	2018
Commission Directive 92/2/EEC of 13 January 1992 laying down the sampling procedure and the Community method of analysis for the official control of the temperatures of quick-frozen foods intended for human consumption	2018
Commission Regulation (EC) No 37/2005 of 12 January 2005 on the monitoring of temperatures in the means of transport, warehousing and storage of quickfrozen foodstuffs intended for human consumption	2018
Council Regulation (EEC) No 315/93 of 8 February 1993 laying down Community procedures for contaminants in food	2016
Commission Recommendation 2006/794/EC of 16 November 2006 on the monitoring of background levels of dioxins, dioxin-like PCBs and non-dioxin-like PCBs in foodstuffs	2018
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 of 19 December 2006 setting maximum levels for certain contaminants in foodstuffs	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 333/2007 of 28 March 2007 laying down the methods of sampling and analysis for the official control of the levels of lead, cadmium, mercury, inorganic tin, 3-MCPD and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons in foodstuffs	2016
Commission Recommendation 2011/516/EU of 23 August 2011 on the reduction of the presence of dioxins, furans and PCBs in feed and food	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 589/2014 of 2 June 2014 laying down methods of sampling and analysis for the control of levels of dioxins, dioxin-like PCBs and non-dioxin-like PCBs in certain foodstuffs and repealing Regulation (EU) No 252/2012	2018
Commission Recommendation 2013/165/EU of 27 March 2013 on the presence of T-2 and HT-2 toxin in cereals and cereal products	2018
Regulation (EC) No 258/97 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 1997 concerning novel foods and novel food ingredients	2017
Directive 1999/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 February 1999 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States concerning foods and food ingredients treated with ionising radiation	2019

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Directive 1999/3/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 February 1999 on the establishment of a Community list of foods and food ingredients treated with ionising radiation	2019
Directive 2009/54/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 on the exploitation and marketing of natural mineral waters	2018
Commission Directive 2003/40/EC of 16 May 2003 establishing the list, concentration limits and labelling requirements for the constituents of natural mineral waters and the conditions for using ozone-enriched air for the treatment of natural mineral waters and spring waters	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 115/2010 of 9 February 2010 laying down the conditions for use of activated alumina for the removal of fluoride from natural mineral waters and spring waters	2018

Section 5 — Specific Rules for Feed

Regulation (EC) No 767/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the placing on the market and use of feed, amending European Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 and repealing Council Directive 79/373/EEC, Commission Directive 80/511/EEC, Council Directives 82/471/EEC, 83/228/EEC, 93/74/EEC, 93/113/EC and 96/25/EC and Commission Decision 2004/217/EC	2017
Commission Directive 82/475/EEC of 23 June 1982 laying down the categories of feed materials which may be used for the purposes of labelling compound feeding stuffs for pet animals	2019
Commission Directive 2008/38/EC of 5 March 2008 establishing a list of intended uses of animal feedingstuffs for particular nutritional purposes (Codified version)	2019
Commission Recommendation 2011/25/EU of 14 January 2011 establishing guidelines for the distinction between feed materials, feed additives, biocidal products and veterinary medicinal products	2019
Commission Regulation (EU) No 68/2013 of 16 January 2013 on the Catalogue of feed materials	2019
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1876/2006 of 18 December 2006 concerning the provisional and permanent authorisation of certain additives in feedingstuffs	2019
Commission Regulation (EC) No 429/2008 of 25 April 2008 on detailed rules for the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the preparation and the presentation of applications and the assessment and the authorisation of feed additives	2019
Commission Regulation (EU) No 1270/2009 of 21 December 2009 concerning the permanent authorisations of certain additives in feedingstuffs	2019
Commission Regulation (EU) No 892/2010 of 8 October 2010 on the status of certain products with regard to feed additives within the scope of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2019

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Recommendation 2004/704/EC of 11 October 2004 on the monitoring of background levels of dioxins and dioxin-like PCBs in feedingstuffs	2019
Section 6 — Phytosanitary	
Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community	2020
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1756/2004 of 11 October 2004 specifying the detailed conditions for the evidence required and the criteria for the type and level of the reduction of the plant health checks of certain plants, plant products or other objects listed in Part B of Annex V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC	2018
Commission Directive 2004/103/EC of 7 October 2004 on identity and plant health checks of plants, plant products or other objects, listed in Part B of Annex V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC, which may be carried out at a place other than the point of entry into the Community or at a place close by and specifying the conditions related to these checks	2018
Commission Implementing Directive 2014/78/EU of 17 June 2014 amending Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community	2017
Commission Implementing Directive 2014/83/EU of 25 June 2014 amending Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community	2017
Council Directive 74/647/EEC of 9 December 1974 on control of carnation leaf-rollers	2016
Commission Implementing Decision 2014/497/EU of 23 July 2014 as regards measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Well and Raju)	2016
Commission Decision 2002/757/EC of 19 September 2002 on provisional emergency phytosanitary measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld sp. nov.	2016
Commission Decision 2006/464/EC of 27 June 2006 on provisional emergency measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu	2019
Commission Decision 2003/766/EC of 24 October 2003 on emergency measures to prevent the spread within the Community of <i>Diabrotica virgifera</i> Le Conte	2017
Commission Implementing Directive 2014/19/EU of 6 February 2014 amending Annex I to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community	2017

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/749 of 7 May 2015 repealing Decision 2007/410/EC on measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of Potato spindle tuber viroid	2017
Commission Decision 2008/840/EC of 7 November 2008 on emergency measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster)	2018
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/270/EU of 16 May 2012 as regards emergency measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of <i>Epitrix cucumeris</i> (Harris), <i>Epitrix similis</i> (Gentner), <i>Epitrix subcrinita</i> (Lec.) and <i>Epitrix tuberosa</i> (Gentner)	2016
Commission Decision 2006/133/EC of 13 February 2006 requiring Member States temporarily to take additional measures against the dissemination of <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Buhrer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> (the pine wood nematode) as regards areas in Portugal, other than those in which it is known not to occur	2017
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/535/EU of 26 September 2012 on emergency measures to prevent the spread within the Union of <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Buhrer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> (the pine wood nematode)	2018
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/138/EU of 1 March 2012 as regards emergency measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster)	2018
Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 of 4 July 2008 recognising protected zones exposed to particular plant health risks in the Community	2019
Commission Directive 93/50/EEC of 24 June 1993 specifying certain plants not listed in Annex V, part A to Council Directive 77/93/EEC, the producers of which, or the warehouses, dispatching centres in the production zones of such plants, shall be listed in an official register	2018
Commission Decision 2004/416/EC of 29 April 2004 on emergency measures in respect of certain citrus fruits originating in Brazil	2020
Commission Decision 2006/473/EC of 5 July 2006 recognising certain third countries and certain areas of third countries as being free from <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), <i>Cercospora angolensis</i> Carv. et Mendes and <i>Guignardia citricarpa</i> Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus)	2020
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/756/EU of 5 December 2012 as regards measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto	2020
Commission Implementing Decision 2013/92/EU of 18 February 2013 on the supervision, plant health checks and measures to be taken on wood packaging material actually in use in the transport of specified commodities originating in China	2018

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Implementing Decision 2014/237/EU of 24 April 2014 on measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of harmful organisms as regards certain fruits and vegetables originating in India	2019
Commission Implementing Decision 2014/422/EU of 2 July 2014 setting out measures in respect of certain citrus fruits originating in South Africa to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa	2020
Commission Directive 98/22/EC of 15 April 1998 laying down the minimum conditions for carrying out plant health checks in the Community, at inspection posts other than those at the place of destination, of plants, plant products or other objects coming from third countries	2016
Commission Directive 2008/61/EC of 17 June 2008 establishing the conditions under which certain harmful organisms, plants, plant products and other objects listed in Annexes I to V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC may be introduced into or moved within the Community or certain protected zones thereof, for trial or scientific purposes and for work on varietal selections (Codified version)	2016
Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC	2020
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 of 25 May 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances	2019
Commission Regulation (EU) No 544/2011 of 10 June 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the data requirements for active substances	2019
Commission Regulation (EU) No 545/2011 of 10 June 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the data requirements for plant protection products	2019
Commission Regulation (EU) No 546/2011 of 10 June 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards uniform principles for evaluation and authorisation of plant protection products	2019
Commission Regulation (EU) No 547/2011 of 8 June 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards labelling requirements for plant protection products	2019
Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for Community action to achieve the sustainable use of pesticides	2019
Council Decision 2005/834/EC of 8 November 2005 on the equivalence of checks on practices for the maintenance of varieties carried out in certain third countries and amending Decision 2003/17/EC	2019

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Directive 2004/29/EC of 4 March 2004 on determining the characteristics and minimum conditions for inspecting vine varieties	2018
Council Directive 1999/105/EC of 22 December 1999 on the marketing of forest reproductive material	2018
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1597/2002 of 6 September 2002 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Directive 1999/105/EC as regards the format of national lists of the basic material of forest reproductive material	2019
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2301/2002 of 20 December 2002 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Directive 1999/105/EC as regards the definition of small quantities of seed	2019
Commission Regulation (EC) No 69/2004 of 15 January 2004 authorising derogations from certain provisions of Council Directive 1999/105/EC in respect of the marketing of forest reproductive material derived from certain basic material	2019
Council Decision 2008/971/EC of 16 December 2008 on the equivalence of forest reproductive material produced in third countries	2018
Commission Decision 2008/989/EC of 23 December 2008 authorising Member States, in accordance with Council Directive 1999/105/EC, to take decisions on the equivalence of the guarantees afforded by forest reproductive material to be imported from certain third countries	2018
Commission Recommendation 2012/90/EU of 14 February 2012 on guidelines for the presentation of the information for the identification of lots of forest reproductive material and the information to be provided on the supplier's label or document	2018
Commission Directive 2003/91/EC of 6 October 2003 setting out implementing measures for the purposes of Article 7 of Council Directive 2002/55/EC as regards the characteristics to be covered as a minimum by the examination and the minimum conditions for examining certain varieties of vegetable species	2017
Commission Implementing Directive 2014/20/EU of 6 February 2014 determining Union grades of basic and certified seed potatoes, and the conditions and designations applicable to such grades	2017
Commission Implementing Directive 2014/21/EU of 6 February 2014 determining minimum conditions and Union grades for pre-basic seed potatoes	2017
Commission Directive 2008/62/EC of 20 June 2008 providing for certain derogations for acceptance of agricultural landraces and varieties which are naturally adapted to the local and regional conditions and threatened by genetic erosion and for marketing of seed and seed potatoes of those landraces and varieties	2019

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Directive 2009/145/EC of 26 November 2009 providing for certain derogations, for acceptance of vegetable landraces and varieties which have been traditionally grown in particular localities and regions and are threatened by genetic erosion and of vegetable varieties with no intrinsic value for commercial crop production but developed for growing under particular conditions and for marketing of seed of those landraces and varieties	2019
Section 7 — Genetically Modified Organisms	
Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 March 2001 on the deliberate release into the environment of genetically modified organisms and repealing Council Directive 90/220/EEC	As specified in Annex XVI
Council Decision 2002/811/EC of 3 October 2002 establishing guidance notes supplementing Annex VII to Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the deliberate release into the environment of genetically modified organisms and repealing Council Directive 90/220/EEC	2017
Council Decision 2002/812/EC of 3 October 2002 establishing pursuant to Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council the summary information format relating to the placing on the market of genetically modified organisms as or in products	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1946/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2003 on transboundary movements of genetically modified organisms	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on genetically modified food and feed	2018
Commission Regulation (EC) No 641/2004 of 6 April 2004 on detailed rules for the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the application for the authorisation of new genetically modified food and feed, the notification of existing products and adventitious or technically unavoidable presence of genetically modified material which has benefited from a favourable risk evaluation	2018
Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 concerning the traceability and labelling of genetically modified organisms and the traceability of food and feed products produced from genetically modified organisms and amending Directive 2001/18/EC	2018
Commission Recommendation 2010/C-200/01 of 13 July 2010 on guidelines for the development of national co-existence measures to avoid the unintended presence of GMOs in conventional and organic crops	2018
Directive 2009/41/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 on the contained use of genetically modified micro-organisms (Recast)	As specified in Annex XVI

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Decision No 2009/770/EC of 13 October 2009 establishing standard reporting formats for presenting the monitoring results of the deliberate release into the environment of genetically modified organisms, as or in products, for the purpose of placing on the market, pursuant to Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council	2018
Section 8 — Veterinary medical products	
Directive 2001/82/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 November 2001 on the Community code relating to veterinary medicinal products	As specified in Annex XVI
Directive 2004/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 amending Directive 2001/82/EC on the Community code relating to veterinary medicinal products	2019
Commission Regulation (EU) No 37/2010 of 22 December 2009 on pharmacologically active substances and their classification regarding maximum residue limits in foodstuffs of animal origin	2018
Commission Directive 2006/130/EC of 11 December 2006 implementing Directive 2001/82/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the establishment of criteria for exempting certain veterinary medicinal products for food-producing animals from the requirement of a veterinary prescription	As specified in Annex XVI
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1662/95 of 7 July 1995 laying down certain detailed arrangements for implementing the Community decision-making procedures in respect of marketing authorizations for products for human or veterinary use	As specified in Annex XVI
Regulation (EC) No 469/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 concerning the supplementary protection certificate for medicinal products (Codified version)	As specified in Annex XVI.

COUNCIL DECISION (EU) 2016/878
of 30 May 2016
appointing a member, proposed by Malta of the Committee of the Regions

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 305 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Maltese Government,

Whereas:

- (1) On 26 January 2015, 5 February 2015 and 23 June 2015, the Council adopted Decisions (EU) 2015/116 ⁽¹⁾, (EU) 2015/190 ⁽²⁾ and (EU) 2015/994 ⁽³⁾ appointing the members and alternate members of the Committee of the Regions for the period from 26 January 2015 to 25 January 2020.
- (2) A member's seat on the Committee of the Regions has become vacant following the end of the mandate on the basis of which Mr Samuel AZZOPARDI (*Mayor of Rabat, Gozo*) was proposed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The following is hereby appointed as a member of the Committee of the Regions for the remainder of the current term of office, which runs until 25 January 2020:

— Dr Samuel AZZOPARDI, *Councillor, Rabat Citta Victoria, Local Council, Gozo* (change of mandate).

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.

Done at Brussels, 30 May 2016.

For the Council
The President
J. VAN RIJN

⁽¹⁾ Council Decision (EU) 2015/116 of 26 January 2015 appointing the members and alternate members of the Committee of the Regions for the period from 26 January 2015 to 25 January 2020 (OJ L 20, 27.1.2015, p. 42).

⁽²⁾ Council Decision (EU) 2015/190 of 5 February 2015 appointing the members and alternate members of the Committee of the Regions for the period from 26 January 2015 to 25 January 2020 (OJ L 31, 7.2.2015, p. 25).

⁽³⁾ Council Decision (EU) 2015/994 of 23 June 2015 appointing the members and alternate members of the Committee of the Regions for the period from 26 January 2015 to 25 January 2020 (OJ L 159, 25.6.2015, p. 70).

