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⁽¹⁾ Text with EEA relevance

EN

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⁽¹⁾ Text with EEA relevance

II

(Non-legislative acts)

REGULATIONS

COUNCIL IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 689/2014**of 23 June 2014****implementing Article 16(2) of Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 of 2 March 2011 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 16(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) On 2 March 2011, the Council adopted Regulation (EU) No 204/2011.
- (2) In accordance with Article 16(6) of Regulation (EU) No 204/2011, the Council has carried out a review of the list set out in Annex III to that Regulation.
- (3) The identifying information in relation to one entity on the list set out in Annex III to Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 should be updated.
- (4) There are no longer grounds for keeping two entities on the list set out in Annex III to Regulation (EU) No 204/2011.
- (5) Annex III to Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annex III to Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 shall be amended as set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 58, 3.3.2011, p. 1.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

ANNEX

Annex III to Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 is hereby amended as follows:

(1) the entry for the entity 'Capitana Seas Limited' is replaced by the following entry:

	Name	Identifying information	Reasons	Date of listing
36.	Capitana Seas Limited		BVI-incorporated entity owned by Saadi Qadhafi	12.4.2011'

(2) the entries for the following entities are deleted:

- Libyan Holding Company for Development and Investment,
 - Dalia Advisory Limited (LIA sub).
-

COUNCIL REGULATION (EU) No 690/2014**of 23 June 2014****amending Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 215 thereof,

Having regard to Council Decision 2011/137/CFSP of 28 February 2011 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the joint proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy and the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 ⁽²⁾ gives effect to the measures provided for in Decision 2011/137/CFSP.
- (2) On 19 March 2014, the United Nations (UN) Security Council adopted Resolution 2146 (2014) (UNSCR 2146 (2014)) prohibiting the loading, transport or discharge of crude oil illicitly exported from Libya on vessels flying the flag of a Member State designated by the Sanctions Committee ('designated vessels'), in the absence of direction from the Government of Libya focal point.
- (3) UNSCR 2146 (2014) also requires measures to be taken to prevent designated vessels from entering ports and the provision of bunkering or ship supply services, or other servicing, to designated vessels, if the designation by the Sanctions Committee has so specified.
- (4) Furthermore, UNSCR 2146 (2014) prohibits transactions with respect to crude oil illicitly exported from Libya aboard designated vessels, if the designation by the Sanctions Committee has so specified. However, since UNSCR 2146 (2014) allows for the entry into ports of designated vessels in certain cases, port fees, including with regard to crude oil aboard such vessels, may be accepted in those cases.
- (5) For reasons of expediency, the Commission should be empowered to amend the list of designated vessels to which those measures apply pursuant to amendments of Annex V to Decision 2011/137/CFSP and on the basis of determinations made by the Sanctions Committee under paragraphs 11 and 12 of UNSCR 2146 (2014).
- (6) On 23 June 2014, Decision 2011/137/CFSP was amended by Council Decision 2014/380/CFSP ⁽³⁾ to give effect to those measures.
- (7) Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 is amended as follows:

- (1) in Article 1, the following points are added:

- (h) "designated vessels" means vessels designated by the Sanctions Committee as referred to in paragraph 11 of UNSCR 2146 (2014), as listed in Annex V to this Regulation;
- (i) "the Government of Libya focal point" means the focal point appointed by the Government of Libya as notified to the Sanctions Committee in accordance with paragraph 3 of UNSCR 2146 (2014).;

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 58, 3.3.2011, p. 53.

⁽²⁾ Council Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 of 2 March 2011 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya (OJ L 58, 3.3.2011, p. 1).

⁽³⁾ Council Decision 2014/380/CFSP of 23 June 2014 amending Decision 2011/137/CFSP concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya (see page 52 of this Official Journal).

(2) the following Article is inserted:

'Article 10b

1. It shall be prohibited to load, transport or discharge crude oil from Libya on designated vessels flying the flag of a Member State unless authorised by the competent authority of that Member State after consultation with the Government of Libya focal point.

2. It shall be prohibited to accept or provide access to ports in the territory of the Union to designated vessels, if the Sanctions Committee has so specified.

3. The measure laid down in paragraph 2 shall not apply where the entry to a port in the territory of the Union is necessary for an inspection, in the case of an emergency or where the vessel is returning to Libya.

4. The provision by nationals of Member States or from territories of Member States of bunkering or ship supply services, or any other servicing of vessels, to designated vessels, including the provision of fuel or supplies, shall, if the Sanctions Committee has so specified, be prohibited.

5. The competent authorities of the Member States identified in Annex IV may grant exemptions to the measure imposed by paragraph 4 where necessary for humanitarian or safety purposes, or where the vessel is returning to Libya. Any such authorisation must be notified to the Sanctions Committee and the Commission in writing.

6. Financial transactions with respect to crude oil aboard designated vessels, including the sale of the crude oil or the use of the crude oil as credit, as well as taking out insurance with respect to the transport of the crude oil shall, if the Sanctions Committee has so specified, be prohibited. Such prohibition does not apply to the acceptance of port fees in the cases referred to paragraph 3.;

(3) Article 15 is replaced by the following:

'Article 15

The Commission shall be empowered to:

- (a) amend Annex IV on the basis of information supplied by Member States;
- (b) amend Annex V pursuant to amendments of Annex V to Decision 2011/137/CFSP and on the basis of determinations made by the Sanctions Committee under paragraphs 11 and 12 of UNSCR 2146 (2014).;

(4) Annex V is added as set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council

The President

C. ASHTON

ANNEX

'ANNEX V

**LIST OF VESSELS REFERRED TO IN POINT (h) OF ARTICLE 1 AND ARTICLE 10b AND APPLICABLE
MEASURES AS SPECIFIED BY THE SANCTIONS COMMITTEE'**

COUNCIL IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 691/2014**of 23 June 2014****implementing Article 17(1) of Regulation (EU) No 224/2014 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in the Central African Republic**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EU) No 224/2014 of 10 March 2014 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in the Central African Republic ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 17(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) On 10 March 2014, the Council adopted Regulation (EU) No 224/2014.
- (2) On 9 May 2014, the Sanctions Committee established pursuant to United Nations Security Council (UNSC) Resolution 2127 (2013) included three persons on the list of persons and entities subject to the measures imposed by paragraphs 30 and 32 of UNSC Resolution 2134 (2014).
- (3) Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 224/2014 should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The persons listed in the Annex to this Regulation shall be added to the list set out in Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 224/2014.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 70, 11.3.2014, p. 1.

ANNEX

Persons referred to in Article 1

1. FRANÇOIS YANGOUVONDA BOZIZÉ

LAST NAME: BOZIZÉ

FIRST NAME: François Yangouvonda.

ALIAS: Bozizé Yangouvonda

DATE OF BIRTH/PLACE OF BIRTH: 14 October 1946/Mouila, Gabon

PASSPORT/IDENTIFYING INFORMATION: Son of Martine Kofio

DESIGNATION/JUSTIFICATION:

Engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of the Central African Republic (CAR): Since the coup d'état on 24 March 2013, Bozizé provided financial and material support to militiamen who are working to destabilise the ongoing transition and to bring him back to power. François Bozizé, in liaison with his supporters, encouraged the attack of 5 December 2013 on Bangui. The situation in the CAR deteriorated rapidly after the 5 December 2013 attack in Bangui by anti-balaka forces that left over 700 people dead. Since then, he has continued trying to run destabilization operations and to federate the anti-balaka militias, in order to maintain tensions in the capital of the CAR. Bozizé tried to reorganise many elements from the Central African Armed Forces who dispersed into the countryside after the coup d'état. Forces loyal to Bozizé have become involved in reprisal attacks against the CAR's Muslim population. Bozizé called on his militia to pursue the atrocities against the current regime and the Islamists.

2. NOURREDDINE ADAM

LAST NAME: ADAM

FIRST NAME: Nourredine

ALIAS: Nourredine Adam; Nureldine Adam; Nourreldine Adam; Nourreddine Adam

DATE OF BIRTH/PLACE OF BIRTH: 1970/Ndele, CAR

Alternate dates of birth: 1969, 1971

PASSPORT/IDENTIFYING INFORMATION:

DESIGNATION/JUSTIFICATION:

Engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of the CAR: Nouredine is one of the original leaders of the Séléka. He has been identified as both a General and the President of one of the armed rebel groups of the Séléka, the Central PJCC, a group formally known as the Convention of Patriots for Justice and Peace and whose acronym is also acknowledged as CPJP. As former head of the 'Fundamental' splinter group of the Convention of Patriots for Justice and Peace (CPJP/F), he was the military coordinator of the ex-Séléka during offensives in the former rebellion in the Central African Republic between early December 2012 and March 2013. Without Nouredine's involvement, the Séléka would likely have been unable to wrest power from former CAR President François Bozizé. Since the appointment as interim president of Catherine Samba-Panza on 20 January 2014, he was one of the main architects of the ex-Séléka's tactical withdrawal in Sibut with the aim of implementing his plan to create a Muslim stronghold in the north of the country. He had clearly urged his forces to resist the injunctions of the transitional government and of the military leaders of the African-led International Support Mission in the Central African Republic (MISCA). Nouredine actively directs ex-Séléka, the former Séléka forces that were dissolved by Djotodia in September 2013, and directs operations against Christian neighbourhoods and continues to provide significant support and direction to the ex-Séléka operating in the CAR.

Involved in planning, directing, or committing acts that violate international human rights law or international humanitarian law, as applicable: After the Séléka took control of Bangui on 24 March 2013, Nourredine Adam was appointed Minister for Security, then Director-General of the 'Extraordinary Committee for the Defence of Democratic Achievements' (Comité extraordinaire de défense des acquis démocratiques — CEDAD, a now-defunct CAR intelligence service). Nourredine Adam

used the CEDAD as his personal political police, carrying out many arbitrary arrests, acts of torture and summary executions. In addition, Nouredine was one of the key figures behind the bloody operation in Boy Rabe. In August 2013, Séléka forces stormed Boy Rabe, a CAR neighbourhood regarded as a bastion of François Bozizé supporters and his ethnic group. Under the pretext of looking for arms caches, Séléka troops reportedly killed scores of civilians and went on a rampage of looting. When these raids spread to other quarters, thousands of residents invaded the international airport, which was perceived as a safe place because of the presence of French troops, and occupied its runway.

Providing support for armed groups or criminal networks through illegal exploitation of natural resources: In early 2013, Nouredine Adam played an important role in the ex-Séléka's financing networks. He travelled to Saudi Arabia, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates to collect funds for the former rebellion. He also operated as a facilitator for a Chadian diamond-trafficking ring operating between the Central African Republic and Chad.

3. LEVY YAKETE

LAST NAME: YAKETE

FIRST NAME: Levy

ALIAS: Levi Yakite; Levy Yakite

DATE OF BIRTH/PLACE OF BIRTH: 14 August 1964/Bangui, CAR

Alternate date of birth: 1965

PASSPORT/IDENTIFYING INFORMATION: Son of Pierre Yakété and Joséphine Yamazon.

DESIGNATION/JUSTIFICATION:

Engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of the CAR: On 17 December 2013, Yakete became the political coordinator of the newly formed People's Resistance Movement for Reforming of the Central African Republic anti-balaka rebel group. He has been directly involved in decisions of a rebel group that has been involved in acts that have undermined peace, stability and security in the CAR, in particular on and since 5 December 2013. In addition, this group has been explicitly singled out by UNSC Resolutions 2127, 2134 and 2149 for such acts. Yakete has been accused of ordering the arrest of people connected to the Séléka, calling for attacks on people who do not support President Bozizé, and recruiting young militiamen to attack those hostile to the regime with machetes. Having remained in the entourage of François Bozizé after March 2013, he joined the Front for the Return to Constitutional Order in the CAR (*Front pour le Retour à l'Ordre Constitutionnel en Centrafrique* — FROCCA), which aimed to return the deposed president to power by whatever means necessary. In late summer 2013, he travelled to Cameroon and Benin, where he attempted to recruit people to fight against the Séléka. In September 2013, he tried to regain control over operations led by pro-Bozizé fighters in towns and villages near to Bossangoa. Yakete is also suspected of promoting the distribution of machetes to young unemployed Christians to facilitate their attacks on Muslims.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EU) No 692/2014**of 23 June 2014****concerning restrictions on the import into the Union of goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol, in response to the illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 215 thereof,

Having regard to Council Decision 2014/386/CFSP ⁽¹⁾ concerning restrictions on goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol, in response to the illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol,

Having regard to the joint proposal of the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy and of the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) At its meeting of 20-21 March 2014, the European Council strongly condemned the annexation of the Autonomous Republic of Crimea ('Crimea') and the city of Sevastopol ('Sevastopol') to the Russian Federation and emphasised that it will not recognise the annexation. The European Council asked the Commission to evaluate the legal consequences of that annexation and to propose economic, trade and financial restrictions regarding Crimea for rapid implementation.
- (2) In its Resolution of 27 March 2014, the United Nations General Assembly affirmed its commitment to the sovereignty, political independence, unity and territorial integrity of Ukraine within its internationally recognized borders, underscoring the invalidity of the referendum held in Crimea on 16 March, and called upon all States not to recognise any alterations in the status of Crimea and of Sevastopol.
- (3) On 23 June 2014, the Council adopted Decision 2014/386/CFSP concerning restrictions on goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol and on the provision, directly or indirectly, of financing or financial assistance, as well as insurance and reinsurance, related to the import of such goods, in response to the illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol. In order to minimise the effect of such restrictive measures on economic operators, exceptions and transitional periods should be provided for in respect of trade in goods and related services for which transactions are required by a trade contract or ancillary contract, subject to a notification procedure.
- (4) These measures fall within the scope of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and, therefore, notably with a view to ensuring their uniform application in all Member States, regulatory action at the level of the Union is necessary in order to implement them.
- (5) In order to ensure that the measures provided for in this Regulation are effective, it should enter into force on the day following that of its publication,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:

- (a) 'claim' means any claim, whether asserted by legal proceedings or not, made before or after 25 June 2014, under or in connection with a contract or transaction, and includes in particular:
 - (i) a claim for performance of any obligation arising under or in connection with a contract or transaction;
 - (ii) a claim for extension or payment of a bond, financial guarantee or indemnity of whatever form;

⁽¹⁾ Council Decision 2014/386/CFSP of 23 June 2014 concerning restrictions on goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol, in response to the illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol (see page 70 of this Official Journal).

- (iii) a claim for compensation in respect of a contract or transaction;
- (iv) a counterclaim;
- (v) a claim for the recognition or enforcement, including by the procedure of *exequatur*, of a judgment, an arbitration award or an equivalent decision, wherever made or given;
- (b) 'contract or transaction' means any transaction of whatever form, whatever the applicable law, and whether comprising one or more contracts or similar obligations made between the same or different parties; for this purpose 'contract' includes a bond, guarantee or indemnity, particularly a financial guarantee or financial indemnity, and credit, whether legally independent or not, as well as any related provision arising under, or in connection with, the transaction;
- (c) 'goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol' means goods which are wholly obtained in Crimea or in Sevastopol or which have undergone their last substantial transformation there, in accordance, *mutatis mutandis*, with Articles 23 and 24 of Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 of 12 October 1992 establishing the Community Customs Code ⁽¹⁾;
- (d) 'territory of the Union' means the territories of the Member States to which the Treaty is applicable, under the conditions laid down in the Treaty, including their airspace.
- (e) 'competent authorities' means the competent authorities of the Member States as identified on the websites listed in the Annex.

Article 2

It shall be prohibited:

- (a) to import into the European Union goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol;
- (b) to provide, directly or indirectly, financing or financial assistance as well as insurance and reinsurance related to the import of the goods referred to in point (a).

Article 3

The prohibitions in Article 2 shall not apply in respect of:

- (a) the execution until 26 September 2014, of trade contracts concluded before 25 June 2014, or of ancillary contracts necessary for the execution of such contracts, provided that the natural or legal persons, entity or body seeking to perform the contract have notified, at least 10 working days in advance, the activity or transaction to the competent authority of the Member State in which they are established.
- (b) goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol which have been made available to the Ukrainian authorities for examination, for which compliance with the conditions conferring entitlement to preferential origin has been verified in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 978/2012 and Regulation (EU) No 374/2014 ⁽²⁾ or in accordance with the EU-Ukraine Association Agreement.

Article 4

It shall be prohibited to participate, knowingly and intentionally, in activities the object or effect of which is to circumvent the prohibitions laid down in Article 2.

Article 5

Actions by natural or legal persons, entities or bodies shall not give rise to any liability of any kind on their part if they did not know, and had no reasonable cause to suspect, that their actions would infringe the measures set out in this Regulation.

Article 6

1. No claims in connection with any contract or transaction the performance of which has been affected, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, by the measures imposed under this Regulation, including claims for indemnity or any

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 302, 19.10.1992, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 118, 22.4.2014, p. 1.

other claim of this type, such as a claim for compensation or a claim under a guarantee, particularly a claim for extension or payment of a bond, guarantee or indemnity, particularly a financial guarantee or financial indemnity, of whatever form, shall be satisfied, if they are made by:

- (a) designated natural or legal persons, entities or bodies listed in Annex I to Council Regulation (EU) No 269/2014;
- (b) any natural or legal person, entity or body acting through or on behalf of one of the persons, entities or bodies referred to in point (a);
- (c) any natural or legal person, entity or body which has been found by an arbitral, judicial or administrative decision to have infringed the prohibitions set out in this Regulation;
- (d) any natural or legal person, entity or body, if the claim relates to goods the import of which is prohibited under Article 2.

2. In any proceedings for the enforcement of a claim, the onus of proving that satisfying the claim is not prohibited by paragraph 1 shall be on the natural or legal person, entity or body seeking the enforcement of that claim.

3. This Article is without prejudice to the right of natural or legal persons, entities or bodies referred to in paragraph 1 to judicial review of the legality of the non-performance of contractual obligations in accordance with this Regulation.

Article 7

1. The Commission and the Member States shall inform each other of the measures taken under this Regulation and share any other relevant information at their disposal in connection with this Regulation, in particular information in respect of violation and enforcement problems and judgments handed down by national courts.

2. The Member States shall immediately inform each other and the Commission of any other relevant information at their disposal which might affect the effective implementation of this Regulation.

Article 8

1. Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of this Regulation and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The penalties provided for must be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.

2. Member States shall notify the rules referred to in paragraph 1 to the Commission without delay after the entry into force of this Regulation and shall notify it of any subsequent amendment.

Article 9

1. Member States shall designate the competent authorities referred to in this Regulation and identify them on the websites listed in the Annex. Member States shall notify the Commission of any changes in the addresses of their websites listed in the Annex.

2. Member States shall notify the Commission of their competent authorities, including the contact details of those competent authorities, without delay after the entry into force of this Regulation, and shall notify it of any subsequent amendment.

3. Where this Regulation sets out a requirement to notify, inform or otherwise communicate with the Commission, the address and other contact details to be used for such communication shall be those indicated in the Annex.

Article 10

This Regulation shall apply:

- (a) within the territory of the Union, including its airspace;
- (b) on board any aircraft or any vessel under the jurisdiction of a Member State;

- (c) to any person inside or outside the territory of the Union who is a national of a Member State;
- (d) to any legal person, entity or body, inside or outside the territory of the Union, which is incorporated or constituted under the law of a Member State;
- (e) to any legal person, entity or body in respect of any business done in whole or in part within the Union.

Article 11

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

ANNEX

Websites for information on the competent authorities and address for notification to the European Commission

BELGIUM

<http://www.diplomatie.be/eusanctions>

BULGARIA

<http://www.mfa.bg/en/pages/135/index.html>

CZECH REPUBLIC

<http://www.mfcr.cz/mezinarodnisankce>

DENMARK

<http://um.dk/da/politik-og-diplomati/retsorden/sanktioner/>

GERMANY

<http://www.bmwi.de/DE/Themen/Aussenwirtschaft/aussenwirtschaftsrecht,did=404888.html>

ESTONIA

http://www.vm.ee/est/kat_622/

IRELAND

<http://www.dfa.ie/home/index.aspx?id=28519>

GREECE

<http://www.mfa.gr/en/foreign-policy/global-issues/international-sanctions.html>

SPAIN

<http://www.exteriores.gob.es/Portal/es/PoliticaExteriorCooperacion/GlobalizacionOportunidadesRiesgos/Documents/ORGANISMOS%20COMPETENTES%20SANCIONES%20INTERNACIONALES.pdf>

FRANCE

<http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/autorites-sanctions/>

CROATIA

<http://www.mvep.hr/sankcije>

ITALY

http://www.esteri.it/MAE/IT/Politica_Europea/Deroghe.htm

CYPRUS

<http://www.mfa.gov.cy/sanctions>

LATVIA

<http://www.mfa.gov.lv/en/security/4539>

LITHUANIA

<http://www.urm.lt/sanctions>

LUXEMBOURG

<http://www.mae.lu/sanctions>

HUNGARY

http://www.kulugyminiszterium.hu/kum/hu/bal/Kulpolitikank/nemzetkozi_szankciok/

MALTA

http://www.doi.gov.mt/EN/bodies/boards/sanctions_monitoring.asp

NETHERLANDS

www.rijksoverheid.nl/onderwerpen/internationale-vrede-en-veiligheid/sancties

AUSTRIA

http://www.bmeia.gv.at/view.php3?f_id=12750&LNG=en&version=

POLAND

<http://www.msz.gov.pl>

PORTUGAL

<http://www.portugal.gov.pt/pt/os-ministerios/ministerio-dos-negocios-estrangeiros/quero-saber-mais/sobre-o-ministerio/medidas-restritivas/medidas-restritivas.aspx>

ROMANIA

<http://www.mae.ro/node/1548>

SLOVENIA

http://www.mzz.gov.si/si/zunanja_politika_in_mednarodno_pravo/zunanja_politika/mednarodna_varnost/omejevalni_ukrepi/

SLOVAKIA

http://www.mzv.sk/sk/europske_zalezitosti/europske_politiky-sankcie_eu

FINLAND

<http://formin.finland.fi/kvyhteistyo/pakotteet>

SWEDEN

<http://www.ud.se/sanktioner>

UNITED KINGDOM

<https://www.gov.uk/sanctions-embargoes-and-restrictions>

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European Commission

Service for Foreign Policy Instruments (FPI)

EEAS 02/309

B-1049 Brussels

Belgium

E-mail: relex-sanctions@ec.europa.eu

COUNCIL IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 693/2014
of 23 June 2014
implementing Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation
in Syria

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EU) No 36/ 2012 of 18 January 2012 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Syria ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 32(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) On 18 January 2012, the Council adopted Regulation (EU) No 36/2012.
- (2) The information relating to one person listed in Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 should be updated.
- (3) In view of the gravity of the situation, twelve persons should be added to the list of natural and legal persons, entities or bodies subject to restrictive measures in Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 36/2012.
- (4) Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 is amended as set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the date of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 16, 19.1.2012, p. 1.

ANNEX

1. The entry concerning the person listed below, as set out in Section A of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 36/2012, is replaced by the following entry:

	Name	Identifying information	Reasons	Date of listing
'152.	Dr. Qadri (قَدري) (a.k.a. Kadri) Jamil (جميل) (a.k.a. Jameel)		Former Vice Prime Minister for Economic Affairs, former Minister of Domestic Trade and Consumer protection. As a former Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	16.10.2012'

2. The following persons are added to the list of natural and legal persons, entities or bodies set out in Section A of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 36/2012:

	Name	Identifying information	Reasons	Date of listing
180.	Ahmad al-Qadri	Date of birth: 1956	Agriculture and Agrarian Reform Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
181.	Suleiman Al Abbas		Oil and Mineral Resources Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
182.	Kamal Eddin Tu'ma	Date of birth: 1959	Industry Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
183.	Kinda al-Shammat (a.k.a. Shmat)	Date of birth: 1973	Social Affairs Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
184.	Hassan Hijazi	Date of birth: 1964	Labour Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
185.	Ismael Ismael (a.k.a. Ismail Ismail, or Isma'il Isma'il)	Date of birth: 1955	Finance Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
186.	Dr Khodr Orfali (a.k.a. Khud/Khudr Urfali/Orphaly)	Date of birth: 1956	Economy and Foreign Trade Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
187.	Samir Izzat Qadi Amin	Date of birth: 1966	Internal Trade and Consumer Protection Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014

	Name	Identifying information	Reasons	Date of listing
188.	Bishr Riyad Yazigi	Date of birth: 1972	Tourism Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
189.	Dr Malek Ali (a.k.a. Malik)	Date of birth: 1956	Higher Education Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
190.	Hussein Arnous (a.k.a. Arnus)	Date of birth: 1953	Public Works Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
191.	Dr Hassib Elias Shammas (a.k.a. Hasib)	Date of birth: 1957	State Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014

COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) No 694/2014**of 17 December 2013****supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards determining types of alternative investment fund managers****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers and amending Directives 2003/41/EC and 2009/65/EC and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 1095/2010 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4(4) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) It is important that regulatory technical standards determining types of AIFMs supplement the rules in Directive 2011/61/EU so that certain requirements of the Directive are applied to AIFMs in a uniform manner.
- (2) It is desirable to distinguish whether an AIFM is managing AIFs of the open-ended or closed-ended type or both in order to apply correctly the rules on liquidity management and the valuation procedures of Directive 2011/61/EU to AIFMs.
- (3) The distinguishing factor in determining whether an AIFM is managing AIFs of the open-ended or closed-ended type should be the fact that an open-ended AIF repurchases or redeems its shares or units with its investors, at the request of any of its shareholders or unitholders, prior to the commencement of its liquidation phase or wind-down and does so according to the procedures and frequency set out in its rules or instruments of incorporation, prospectus or offering documents. A decrease in the capital of the AIF in connection with distributions according to the rules or instruments of incorporation of the AIF, its prospectus or offering documents, including one that has been authorised by a resolution of the shareholders or unitholders passed in accordance with those rules or instruments of incorporation, prospectus or offering documents of the AIF, should not be taken into account for the purpose of determining whether or not the AIF is of the open-ended type.
- (4) The repurchases or redemptions which should be relevant for determining whether an AIFM is managing AIFs of the open-ended or closed-ended type should only be the ones made out of the assets of the AIF. Therefore, whether an AIF's shares or units can be negotiated on the secondary market and are not repurchased or redeemed by the AIF should not be taken into account for the purpose of determining whether or not the AIF is of the open-ended type.
- (5) An AIFM that manages one or more open-ended AIFs and one or more closed-ended AIFs at the same time should apply to each AIF the specific rules relating to the relevant type of AIF.
- (6) Any change in the redemption policy of an AIF implying that the AIF may be considered no longer as being an AIF of the open-ended type or an AIF of the closed-ended type, should lead the AIFM to cease to apply the rules relating to the old redemption policy of the AIF it manages and to apply the rules relating to the new redemption policy of such AIF.
- (7) For the purposes of Article 61(3) and (4) of Directive 2011/61/EU account should be taken of the legal structures under which closed-ended AIFs were established before 22 July 2013. When the Directive was adopted no harmonised definition existed in the Union regarding the legal structure of closed-ended AIFs, which varied between Member States. This reality is reflected in the text of the Directive, which qualifies as closed-ended AIFs certain existing legal structures that have no redemption rights exercisable during the period of 5 years from the date of the initial investment. Article 61(3) and (4) of Directive 2011/61/EU provides for transitional periods during which existing AIFMs, in so far as they manage closed-ended AIFs that are in an advanced or final stage of their investment cycle, as evidenced by their expiring date or by their impossibility to make any additional investment

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 174, 1.7.2011, p. 1.

after 22 July 2013, can continue to manage such AIFs without authorisation or without having to comply with a significant part of the Directive. Consequently, in order to preserve the scope of those provisions as intended in light of this objective and the above mentioned background, it should be also considered to be an AIFM of a closed-ended AIF for the purposes of Article 61(3) and (4) of Directive 2011/61/EU, each AIFM in so far it manages AIFs whose shares or units are repurchased or redeemed after an initial period of at least 5 years during which redemption rights are not exercisable.

- (8) This Regulation is based on the draft regulatory technical standards submitted by the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) to the Commission.
- (9) ESMA has conducted open public consultations in relation to the draft regulatory technical standards on which this Regulation is based, analysed the potential related costs and benefits and requested the opinion of the Securities and Markets Stakeholder Group established in accordance with Article 37 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Types of AIFMs

1. An AIFM may be either or both of the following:

- an AIFM of open-ended AIF(s);
- an AIFM of closed-ended AIF(s).

2. An AIFM of an open-ended AIF shall be considered to be an AIFM which manages an AIF the shares or units of which are, at the request of any of its shareholders or unitholders, repurchased or redeemed prior to the commencement of its liquidation phase or wind-down, directly or indirectly, out of the assets of the AIF and in accordance with the procedures and frequency set out in its rules or instruments of incorporation, prospectus or offering documents.

A decrease in the capital of the AIF in connection with distributions according to the rules or instruments of incorporation of the AIF, its prospectus or offering documents, including one that has been authorised by a resolution of the shareholders or unitholders passed in accordance with those rules or instruments of incorporation, prospectus or offering documents, shall not be taken into account for the purpose of determining whether or not the AIF is of the open-ended type.

Whether an AIF's shares or units can be negotiated on the secondary market and are not repurchased or redeemed by the AIF shall not be taken into account for the purpose of determining whether or not the AIF is of the open-ended type.

3. An AIFM of a closed-ended AIF shall be an AIFM which manages an AIF other than of the type described in paragraph 2.

4. Where a change in the redemption policy of the AIF has the effect of changing the type of AIF(s) an AIFM manages, the rules relevant to the new type of AIF shall be applied to that AIF by the AIFM.

5. For the purposes of Article 61(3) and (4) of Directive 2011/61/EU, an AIFM in so far as it manages AIFs whose shares or units are, at the request of any of its shareholders or unitholders, repurchased or redeemed prior to the commencement of its liquidation phase or wind-down, directly or indirectly, out of the assets of the AIFs after an initial period of at least 5 years during which redemption rights are not exercisable shall also be considered to be an AIFM of a closed-ended AIF.

⁽¹⁾ Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Securities and Markets Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision 2009/77/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, p. 84).

*Article 2***Entry into force**

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 December 2013.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 695/2014**of 23 June 2014****establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 of 22 October 2007 establishing a common organisation of agricultural markets and on specific provisions for certain agricultural products (Single CMO Regulation) ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 of 7 June 2011 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 in respect of the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 136(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in Annex XVI, Part A thereto.
- (2) The standard import value is calculated each working day, in accordance with Article 136(1) of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011, taking into account variable daily data. Therefore this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 136 of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 are fixed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 June 2014.

*For the Commission,
On behalf of the President,*

*Jerzy PLEWA
Director-General for Agriculture and Rural Development*

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 299, 16.11.2007, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 157, 15.6.2011, p. 1.

ANNEX

Standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)		
CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0702 00 00	MK	75,1
	TR	61,5
	ZZ	68,3
0707 00 05	MK	50,7
	TR	85,3
	ZZ	68,0
0709 93 10	TR	109,5
	ZZ	109,5
0805 50 10	AR	109,3
	BO	119,0
	TR	141,7
	ZA	123,1
	ZZ	123,3
0808 10 80	AR	103,0
	BR	76,7
	CL	99,2
	CN	130,3
	NZ	130,7
	US	223,4
	ZA	120,8
	ZZ	126,3
	TR	249,2
	ZZ	249,2
0809 10 00	TR	249,2
	ZZ	249,2
0809 29 00	TR	310,3
	ZZ	310,3
0809 30	MK	87,8
	ZZ	87,8

⁽¹⁾ Nomenclature of countries laid down by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1833/2006 (OJ L 354, 14.12.2006, p. 19). Code 'ZZ' stands for 'of other origin'.

DIRECTIVES

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DIRECTIVE 2014/78/EU

of 17 June 2014

amending Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community ⁽¹⁾, and in particular points (c) and (d) of the second paragraph of Article 14 thereof,

After consulting the Member States concerned,

Whereas:

- (1) In view of increased international trade and in order to protect plants, plant products and other objects, it is technically justified, consistent with the pest risk involved, to add the harmful organisms *Agrilus anxius* Gory and *Anthonomus eugenii* Cano to Section I of Part A of Annex I to Directive 2000/29/EC.
- (2) In order to protect the production and the trade of plants, plant products and other objects, it is technically justified, consistent with the pest risk involved, to delete the harmful organisms *Agrilus planipennis* Fairmaire, Citrus greening bacterium and *Diaphorina citri* Kuway from Section I of Part A of Annex II of Directive 2000/29/EC and to add them to Section I of Part A of Annex I to Directive 2000/29/EC.
- (3) The presence of the harmful organisms *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner and Bühner) Nickle *et al.* and *Trioza erytrae* Del Guercio poses an unacceptable risk to the production and the trade of plants, plant products and other objects. Therefore, it is technically justified, consistent with the pest risk involved, to move those harmful organisms, from Annex II to Directive 2000/29/EC to Annex I thereto. Information submitted by Portugal shows that those harmful organisms are now known to occur within the Union. Consequently, they should be added to Section II of Part A of Annex I to Directive 2000/29/EC.
- (4) It is technically justified, consistent with the pest risk involved to delete the harmful organism *Monilinia fructicola* (Winter) Honey from Section I of Part A of Annex I and *Ciborinia camelliae* Kohn from Section I of Part A of Annex II to Directive 2000/29/EC since those harmful organisms have spread and are established within a large part of the Union, and no measures are feasible to eradicate them or contain their further spread.
- (5) It is technically justified, consistent with the pest risk involved to delete the organism Citrus vein enation woody gall from Section II of Part A of Annex II to Directive 2000/29/EC given its observed low impact.
- (6) Certain plants, plant products and other objects are likely to host the following harmful organisms *Agrilus anxius* Gory, *Agrilus planipennis* Fairmaire, *Amauromyza maculosa* (Malloch), *Anthonomus eugenii* Cano, *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. (non-European populations), *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner and Bühner) Nickle *et al.*, Citrus greening bacterium, *Diaphorina citri* Kuway, *Ditylenchus dipsaci* (Kühn) Filipjev, *Helicoverpa armigera* (Hübner), *Liriomyza huidobrensis* (Blanchard), *Liriomyza sativae* (Blanchard), *Liriomyza trifolii* (Burgess), *Spodoptera eridania* (Cramer), *Spodoptera frugiperda* Smith, *Spodoptera litura* (Fabricius), *Spodoptera littoralis* (Boisd.) and *Trioza erytrae* Del Guercio which are listed or are to be listed in Part A of Annexes I or II to Directive 2000/29/EC. Developments in scientific and technical knowledge, show that the special requirements set out in Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC are inadequate to reduce to an acceptable level, the phytosanitary risk caused by the introduction of those plants, plant products and other objects into the Union, and their movement within the Union. Therefore it is necessary

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 169, 10.7.2000, p. 1.

to amend those special requirements and to add additional special requirements. In the case of *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner and Bühner) Nickle *et al.* the special requirements set out in Section I of Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should also be amended to align them with Union rules on internal movement against this harmful organism.

- (7) As regards certain plants, plant products and other objects not listed in Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC, developments in scientific and technical knowledge, show that their introduction into the Union, and their movement within the Union may pose an unacceptable phytosanitary risk due to their likelihood to host the harmful organisms referred to in recital 6. Therefore it is necessary that those plants, plant products and other objects should be listed in Part A of Annex IV.
- (8) In addition, the plants, plant products or other objects referred to in recital 6 should be subject to plant health inspections before being introduced, or moved within, the Union. Therefore, those plants, plant products and other objects should be listed in Parts A and B of Annex V to Directive 2000/29/EC.
- (9) Frequent interceptions at import of *Manihot esculenta* Crantz, of *Limnophila* L. and *Eryngium* L., and of *Capsicum* L. have shown that the leaves of *Manihot esculenta* Crantz, the leafy vegetables of *Limnophila* L. and *Eryngium* L., and the fruits of *Capsicum* L. are likely to host harmful organisms listed in Annexes I and II to Directive 2000/29/EC. Therefore those plants should be subject to a plant health inspection before being introduced into the Union and their introduction should only be permitted if they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate. Consequently, they should be listed in Section I of Part B of Annex V.
- (10) Taking into account the revised FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No. 15 'Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade' it is considered that the current approach in Directive 2000/29/EC to impose different requirements, depending on whether the wood packaging material is actually in use or not, should be abandoned, since this approach is not anymore technically justified. Section I of Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly.
- (11) Similarly, wood used to wedge or support all types of cargo should be considered a type of wood packaging material, in line with the definitions in the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No. 15, since there is no technical justification anymore for regulating it separately from other types of wood packaging material. Section I of Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly.
- (12) It is considered that the formulation of the phytosanitary requirements based on a heat treatment of wood and isolated bark need to be amended to clarify that the requested heating time refers to continuous minutes, and that the requested temperature needs to be achieved throughout the entire profile of the wood or isolated bark in order to reach successful elimination of wood-infesting harmful organisms. Section I of Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly.
- (13) The CN codes for coniferous wood need to be updated in Part B of Annex V to Directive 2000/29/EC, to cover coniferous wood of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, which according to a recent pest risk analysis also poses a risk for the introduction of *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner and Bühner) Nickle *et al.*
- (14) The names of *Pseudomonas solanacearum* (Smith) Smith, *Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw. and citrus greening bacterium should be amended in line with the revised scientific denomination of those organism. *Pseudomonas solanacearum* (Smith) Smith should be referred to as *Ralstonia solanacearum* (Smith) Yabuuchi *et al.* *Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw. should be referred to as *Solanum lycopersicum* L.. The Citrus greening bacterium should be referred to as *Candidatus Liberibacter* spp., causal agent of Huanglongbing disease of citrus/citrus greening.
- (15) Council Directive 2007/33/EC ⁽¹⁾ establishes measures to be taken against European populations of potato cyst nematodes (*Globodera pallida* (Stone) Behrens and *Globodera rostochiensis* (Wollenweber) Behrens) in order to determine their distribution, to prevent their spread and to control them. The current provisions of Directive 2000/29/EC concerning potato cyst nematodes (*Globodera pallida* (Stone) Behrens and *Globodera rostochiensis* (Wollenweber) Behrens) should be updated to align with the requirements of Directive 2007/33/EC. Annexes IV and V to Directive 2000/29/EC should therefore be amended accordingly.

⁽¹⁾ Council Directive 2007/33/EC of 11 June 2007 on the control of potato cyst nematodes and repealing Directive 69/464/EEC, OJ L 156, 16.6.2007, p. 12.

- (16) By Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 ⁽¹⁾, certain zones are recognised as protected zones in respect of various harmful organisms. Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 has been amended to take account of the latest developments with regard to the protected zones within the Union and the following harmful organisms: Citrus tristeza virus (European strains), *Erwinia amylovora* (Burr.) Winsl. *et al.* and Grapevine flavesence dorée MLO. It is therefore necessary to amend Annexes I to V to Directive 2000/29/EC accordingly, to ensure that the requirements concerning protected zones with regard to the respective harmful organisms are consistent.
- (17) Moreover, several areas within the Union which have been recognised as protected zones with regard to certain harmful organisms, no longer fulfil the requirements because those harmful organisms are now established there. Those areas are the following: the autonomous communities of Castilla la Mancha, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, and the Comarca of the Community of Calatayud (Aragon) and the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country) (Spain), Friuli-Venezia Giulia and the province of Sondrio (Lombardy) (Italy), the communes of Ohrady, Topoľníky and Trhová Hradská (Slovakia) with regard to *Erwinia amylovora* (Burr.) Winsl. *et al.*; the Regional Unit of Argolida and Chania (Greece), Corsica (France) and Algarve (Portugal) with regard to Citrus tristeza virus (European strains). Part B of Annex II, Part B of Annex III and Part B of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly.
- (18) In order to protect the production and trade of plants, plant products and other objects, it is technically justified, consistent with the pest risk involved, to add the harmful organisms *Dryocosmus kuriphilus* Yasumatsu and *Thaumtopoea processionea* L. to Part B of Annex I to Directive 2000/29/EC.
- (19) From information provided by Ireland, Portugal and the United Kingdom it appears that the territories of these countries are free from *Dryocosmus kuriphilus* Yasumatsu, and that those territories fulfil the conditions set out in point (h) of Article 2(1) of Directive 2000/29/EC for the establishment of a protected zone with respect to that harmful organism. Part B of Annex I and Part B of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly. Similarly, Part B of Annex IV and Part A of Annex V to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended to introduce requirements for the movement of certain plants, plant products and other objects into the protected zones.
- (20) From information provided by Ireland and the United Kingdom it appears that the territory of Ireland and part of the territory of the United Kingdom are free from *Thaumtopoea processionea* L., and that those areas fulfil the conditions set out in point (h) of Article 2(1) of Directive 2000/29/EC for the establishment of a protected zone with respect to that harmful organism. Part B of Annex I and Part B of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly. Similarly, Part B of Annex IV and Part A of Annex V to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended to introduce requirements for the movement of certain plants, plant products and other objects into the protected zones.
- (21) From a recent pest risk analysis carried out by France it emerges that *Ips amitinus* Eichhof does not pose an unacceptable phytosanitary risk in Corsica (France). Therefore Corsica should be removed from the list of protected zones with regard to this harmful organism. Part B of Annex II and Part B of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly.
- (22) From information provided by the United Kingdom it appears that *Cryphonectria parasitica* (Murrill) Barr is not present in the Isle of Man, and that the Isle of Man fulfils the conditions set out in point (h) of Article 2(1) of Directive 2000/29/EC for the establishment of a protected zone with respect to that harmful organism. Part B of Annex II and Part B of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly.
- (23) A recent pest risk analysis shows that the current requirements for introduction into, and movement within, certain protected zones of plants, plant products and other objects with regard to *Cryphonectria parasitica* (Murrill) Barr are inadequate to reduce the phytosanitary risk in question to acceptable levels. Those requirements should be updated. Part B of Annex II, Part B of Annex IV, Section II of Part A of Annex V and Section II of Part B of Annex V to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly.
- (24) From information provided by France and Italy, it appears that Picardie (département de l'Aisne) and Ile de France (communes de Citry, Nanteuil-sur-Marne et Saâcy-sur-Marne) and Apulia are free from Grapevine flavesence dorée MLO, and they fulfil the conditions set out in point (h) of Article 2(1) of Directive 2000/29/EC for the establishment of a protected zone with respect to that harmful organism. Part B of Annex II and Part B of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly.

⁽¹⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 of 4 July 2008 recognising protected zones exposed to particular plant health risks in the Community, OJ L 193, 22.7.2008, p. 1.

- (25) From information provided by Switzerland it appears that Switzerland (except the Canton of Ticino and the Misox Valley) is free from Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO. It is therefore appropriate to include Switzerland (except the Canton of Ticino and the Misox Valley) as an area wherefrom plants of *Vitis* L. may be introduced into protected zones in respect of the organism. Part B of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC should be amended accordingly.
- (26) Directive 2000/29/EC should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (27) The measures provided for in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plant Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Directive 2000/29/EC are amended in accordance with the Annex to this Directive.

Article 2

Member States shall adopt and publish, 30 September 2014 at the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the text of those provisions.

They shall apply those provisions from 1 October 2014.

When Member States adopt those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made.

Article 3

This Directive shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Article 4

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 June 2014.

For the Commission
The President
José Manuel BARROSO

ANNEX

Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Directive 2000/29/EC are amended as follows:

(1) Annex I is amended as follows:

(a) Part A is amended as follows:

(i) Section I is amended as follows:

— In heading (a), the following point 1.1 is inserted after point 1:

‘1.1. *Agrilus anxius* Gory’

— In heading (a), the following point 1.2 is inserted after point 1.1:

‘1.2. *Agrilus planipennis* Fairmaire’

— In heading (a), the following point 1.3 is inserted after point 1.2:

‘1.3. *Anthonomus eugeni* Cano’

— In heading (a), the following point 10.5 is inserted after point 10.4:

‘10.5. *Diaphorina citri* Kuway’

— In heading (b), the following point 0.1 is inserted before point 1:

‘0.1. *Candidatus Liberibacter* spp., causal agent of Huanglongbing disease of citrus/citrus greening’

— In heading (c), point 9 is deleted.

(ii) Section II is amended as follows:

— In heading (a), the following point 0.01 is inserted before point 0.1:

‘0.01. *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner and Bühner) Nickle *et al.*’

— In heading (a), the following point 10 is inserted after point 9:

‘10. *Trioza erytreae* Del Guercio’

— In heading (b), in point 2 the text ‘*Pseudomonas solanacearum* (Smith) Smith’ is replaced by ‘*Ralstonia solanacearum* (Smith) Yabuuchi *et al.*’

(b) Heading (a) of Part B, is amended as follows:

(i) The following point 1.2 is inserted after point 1.1:

‘1.2. *Dryocosmus kuriphilus* Yasumatsu | IRL, P, UK’

(ii) The following point 5 is inserted after point 4:

‘5. <i>Thaumatopoea proceSSIONEa</i> L.	IRL, UK (excluding the local authority areas of Barnet; Brent; Bromley; Camden; City of London; City of Westminster; Croydon; Ealing; Elmbridge District; Epsom and Ewell District; Hackney; Hammersmith & Fulham; Haringey; Harrow; Hillingdon; Hounslow; Islington; Kensington & Chelsea; Kingston upon Thames; Lambeth; Lewisham; Merton; Reading; Richmond Upon Thames; Runnymede District; Slough; South Oxfordshire; Southwark; Spelthorne District; Sutton; Tower Hamlets; Wandsworth and West Berkshire)’
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(2) Annex II, is amended as follows:

(a) Part A is amended as follows:

(i) Section I is amended as follows:

— Heading (a) is amended as follows:

— Point 1.1 is deleted,

— Point 8 is deleted,

— Point 10 is deleted,

— Point 31 is deleted.

— In heading (b) point 1 is deleted.

— In heading (c), point 7 is deleted.

— In point 5.1, of heading (d), the text in the right hand column, '*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.' is replaced by '*Solanum lycopersicum* L.'

(ii) Section II is amended as follows:

— Heading (b) is amended as follows:

— In point 2, the text in the right hand column, '*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.' is replaced by '*Solanum lycopersicum* L.'

— In point 9, the text in the right hand column, '*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.' is replaced by '*Solanum lycopersicum* L.'

— Heading (d) is amended as follows:

— Point 5 is deleted.

— In point 15, the text in the right hand column, '*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.' is replaced by '*Solanum lycopersicum* L.'

— In point 16, the text in the right hand column, '*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.' is replaced by '*Solanum lycopersicum* L.'

(b) Part B is amended as follows:

(i) In point 6(a) of heading (a), the text in the third column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

'EL, IRL, UK'

(ii) In point 2 of heading (b), the text in the third column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

'E (except the autonomous communities of Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, and the Comarca of the Community of Calatayud (Aragon) and the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country)), EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apulia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Emilia-Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Mantua and Sondrio), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Boara Pisani, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano, Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, P, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto, Ohrady, Okoč, Topoľníky and Trhová Hradská (Dunajská Streda County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málíneč (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätušie and Zátin (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).'

(iii) Point 0.1 of heading (c) is replaced by the following:

'0.1. <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr.	Wood, excluding wood which is bark-free, isolated bark, and plants intended for planting of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	CZ, IRL, S, UK'
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(iv) Heading (d) is amended as follows:

— In point 1, the text in the third column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

'EL (except the Regional Units of Argolida and Chania), M, P (except Algarve and Madeira)'

— In point 2, the text in the third column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

'CZ, FR (Alsace, Champagne-Ardenne, Picardie (département de l'Aisne), Ile de France (communes de Citry, Nanteuil-sur-Marne et Saâcy-sur-Marne) and Lorraine), I (Apulia, Basilicata and Sardinia)'

(3) Part B of Annex III, is amended as follows:

(a) In point 1, the text in the second column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

'E (except the autonomous communities of Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, and the Comarca of the Community of Calatayud (Aragon) and the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country)), EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apulia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Emilia-Romagna (the provinces

of Parma and Piacenza), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Mantua and Sondrio), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Boara Pisani, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano, Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, P, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto, Ohrady, Okoč, Topoľníky and Trhová Hradská (Dunajská Streda County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuš and Zátin (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).'

(b) In point 2, the text in the second column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

'E (except the autonomous communities of Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, and the Comarca of the Community of Calatayud (Aragon) and the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country)), EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apulia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Emilia-Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Mantua and Sondrio), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Boara Pisani, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano, Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, P, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto, Ohrady, Okoč, Topoľníky and Trhová Hradská (Dunajská Streda County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuš and Zátin (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).'

(4) Annex IV is amended as follows:

(a) Part A is amended as follows:

(i) Section I is amended as follows:

— Point 1.1 is replaced by the following:

'1.1. Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers (Coniferales), except that of *Thuja* L. and *Taxus* L., other than in the form of:

- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers,
- wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,
- wood of *Libocedrus decurrens* Torr. where there is evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured for pencils using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 82 °C for a seven to eight-day period,

but including that which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle *et al.* is known to occur.

Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate:

- (a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core). There shall be evidence thereof by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),
or
- (b) fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h),
or
- (c) chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%),

and

official statement that subsequent to its treatment the wood was transported until leaving the country issuing that statement outside of the flight season of the vector *Monochamus*, taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season, or, except in the case of wood free from any bark, with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle *et al.* or its vector cannot occur.'

— Point 1.2 is replaced by the following:

'1.2. Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers (Coniferales) in the form of:

- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle *et al.* is known to occur.

Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate:

- (a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),

or

- (b) fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h),

and

official statement that subsequent to its treatment the wood was transported until leaving the country issuing that statement outside of the flight season of the vector *Monochamus*, taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season, or, except in the case of wood free from any bark, with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle *et al.* or its vector cannot occur.'

— Point 1.3 is replaced by the following:

'1.3 Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of *Thuja* L. and *Taxus* L., other than in the form of:

- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers,
- wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,

but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle *et al.* is known to occur.

Official statement that the wood:

- (a) is bark-free,

or

- (b) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark "kiln-dried" or "K.D." or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage,

or

- (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core). There shall be evidence thereof by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),

or

- (d) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h),

or

- (e) has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%).'

— Point 1.4 is deleted,

— Point 1.5 is replaced by the following:

'1.5 Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers (Coniferales), other than in the form of:

- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers,
- wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether actually in use or not in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,

but including that which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey.

Official statement that the wood:

- (a) originates in areas known to be free from:

- *Monochamus* spp. (non-European)
- *Pissodes* spp. (non-European)
- *Scolytidae* spp. (non-European)

The area shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), under the rubric "place of origin,"

or

- (b) is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by the genus *Monochamus* spp. (non-European), defined for this purpose as those which are larger than 3 mm across,

or

- (c) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark "kiln-dried" or "K.D". or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with the current usage,

or

- (d) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core). There shall be evidence thereof by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),

or

- (e) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h),

or

- (f) has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%).'

— Point 1.6, is replaced by the following:

- ‘1.6 Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers (Coniferales), other than in the form of:
- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers,
 - wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether actually in use or not in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,
- but including that which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in third countries, other than:
- Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey,
 - European countries,
 - Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle *et al.* is known to occur.

Official statement that the wood:

- (a) is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by the genus *Monochamus* spp. (non-European), defined for this purpose as those which are larger than 3 mm across,
- or
- (b) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark “kiln-dried” or “K.D” or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage,
- or
- (c) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h),
- or
- (d) has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%),
- or
- (e) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core). There shall be evidence thereof by a mark “HT” put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).’

— In the right hand column of point 1.7, heading (e) is replaced by the following:

- ‘(e) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).’

— Point 2 is replaced by the following:

- ‘2. Wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except raw wood of 6 mm thickness or less, processed wood produced by glue, heat and pressure, or a combination thereof, and dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, coming from third countries, except Switzerland.

The wood packaging material shall:

- be subject to one of the approved treatments as specified in Annex I to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade, and
- display a mark as specified in Annex II to that International standard, indicating that the wood packaging material has been subjected to an approved phytosanitary treatment in accordance with this standard.’

— In point 2.1, the text in the left hand column, is replaced by the following:

‘Wood of *Acer saccharum* Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, other than in the form of:

- wood intended for the production of veneer sheets,
- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap,
- wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,

originating in the USA and Canada.’

— Point 2.3 is replaced by the following:

‘2.3. Whether or not listed among CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of *Fraxinus* L., *Juglans ailantifolia* Carr., *Juglans mandshurica* Maxim., *Ulmus davidiana* Planch. and *Pterocarya rhoifolia* Siebold & Zucc., other than in the form of

- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these trees,
- wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,

but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood,

originating in Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA

Official statement that:

- (a) the wood originates in an area recognised as being free from *Agrilus planipennis* Fairmaire in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2). The name of the area shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),
or
- (b) the bark and at least 2.5 cm of the outer sapwood are removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation,
or
- (c) the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.’

— Point 2.4 is replaced by the following:

‘2.4. Whether or not listed among CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from *Fraxinus* L., *Juglans ailantifolia* Carr., *Juglans mandshurica* Maxim., *Ulmus davidiana* Planch. and *Pterocarya rhoifolia* Siebold & Zucc.

originating in Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA

Official statement that the wood originates in an area recognised as being free from *Agrilus planipennis* Fairmaire in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2). The name of the area shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).’

— Point 2.5 is replaced by the following:

‘2.5. Whether or not listed among CN codes in Annex V, Part B, isolated bark and objects made of bark of *Fraxinus* L., *Juglans ailantifolia* Carr., *Juglans mandshurica* Maxim., *Ulmus davidiana* Planch. and *Pterocarya rhoifolia* Siebold & Zucc. originating in Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA

Official statement that the bark originates in an area recognised as being free from *Agrilus planipennis* Fairmaire in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2). The name of the area shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).’

- In point 3, the text in the left hand column, is replaced by the following:

‘Wood of *Quercus* L., other than in the form of:

- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap,
- casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers’ products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves where there is documented evidence that the wood has been produced or manufactured using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes
- Wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,

but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA.’

- The following points 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3 are inserted after point 3:

4.1 Whether or not listed among CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of <i>Betula</i> L., other than in the form of — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these trees, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood, originating in Canada and the USA where <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory is known to occur.	Official statement that: (a) the bark and at least 2.5 cm of the outer sapwood are removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation, - or (b) the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.
4.2 Whether or not listed among CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Betula</i> L.	Official statement that the wood originates in a country known to be free of <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
4.3 Whether or not listed among CN codes in Annex V, Part B, bark and objects made of bark of <i>Betula</i> L., originating in Canada and the USA where <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory is known to occur.	Official statement that the bark is free from wood.’

- In point 5, the text in the left hand column, is replaced by the following:

‘Wood of *Platanus* L., except that in the form of:

- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap,
- wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,

but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA or Armenia.’

- In point 6, the text in the left hand column, is replaced by the following:

‘Wood of *Populus* L., except that in the form of:

- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap,

- wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,

but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in countries of the American continent.’

- In the right hand column of point 7.1, heading (d) is replaced by the following:

‘(d) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).’

- In the right hand column of point 7.2, heading (c) is replaced by the following:

‘(c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).’

- In point 7.3, the text in the right hand column, is replaced by the following:

‘Official statement that the isolated bark:

- (a) has been subjected to an appropriate fumigation with a fumigant approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the minimum bark temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h),

or

- (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark (including at its core), the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),

and

official statement that subsequent to its treatment the bark was transported until leaving the country issuing that statement outside of the flight season of the vector *Monochamus*, taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season, or with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle *et al.* or its vector cannot occur.’

- Point 8 is deleted,

- Point 11.4 is replaced by the following:

‘11.4. Plants of *Fraxinus* L., *Juglans ailantifolia* Carr., *Juglans mandshurica* Maxim., *Ulmus davidiana* Planch. and *Pterocarya rhoifolia* Siebold & Zucc., other than fruit and seeds, but including cut branches with or without foliage, originating in Canada, China, Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA

Official statement that the plants originate in an area recognised as being free from *Agrilus planipennis* Fairmaire in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2). The name of the area shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).’

- The following point 11.5 is inserted after point 11.4:

‘11.5 Plants of *Betula* L., other than fruit and seeds, but including cut branches of *Betula* L. with or without foliage

Official statement that the plants originate in a country known to be free of *Agrilus anxius* Gory.’

- Points 15 and 16 are deleted,

— The following points 18.1, 18.2 and 18.3 are inserted after point 18:

‘18.1. Plants of <i>Aegle</i> Corrêa, <i>Aeglopsis</i> Swingle, <i>Afraegle</i> Engl., <i>Atalantia</i> Corrêa, <i>Balsamocitrus</i> Stapf, <i>Burkillanthus</i> Swingle, <i>Calodendrum</i> Thunb., <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., <i>Limonia</i> L., <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Pamburus</i> Swingle, <i>Severinia</i> Ten., <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., <i>Triphasia</i> Lour. and <i>Vepris</i> Comm., other than fruit (but including seeds); and seeds of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle and <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants in Annex IV(A)(I)(18.2) and (18.3), official statement that the plants originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Candidatus Liberibacter</i> spp., causal agent of Huanglongbing disease of citrus/citrus greening, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18 (2).
18.2. Plants of <i>Casimiroa</i> La Llave, <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., <i>Vepris</i> Comm, <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., other than fruit and seed, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants in Annex IV(A)(I)(18.1) and (18.3), official statement that: (a) the plants originate in a country in which <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio is known not to occur, or (b) the plants originate in an area free from <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1 (ii) of this Directive under the rubric “Additional declaration”.
18.3. Plants of <i>Aegle</i> Corrêa, <i>Aeglopsis</i> Swingle, <i>Afraegle</i> Engl., <i>Amyris</i> P. Browne, <i>Atalantia</i> Corrêa, <i>Balsamocitrus</i> Stapf, <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Citropsis</i> Swingle & Kellerman, <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., <i>Eremocitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Esenbeckia</i> Kunth., <i>Glycosmis</i> Corrêa, <i>Limonia</i> L., <i>Merrillia</i> Swingle, <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Naringi</i> Adans., <i>Pamburus</i> Swingle, <i>Severinia</i> Ten., <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., <i>Tetradium</i> Lour., <i>Toddalia</i> Juss., <i>Triphasia</i> Lour., <i>Vepris</i> Comm., <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., other than fruit and seed, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants in Annex IV(A)(I)(18.1) and (18.2), official statement that: (a) the plants originate in a country in which <i>Diaphorina citri</i> Kuway is known not to occur, or (b) the plants originate in an area free from <i>Diaphorina citri</i> Kuway, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1 (ii) of this Directive under the rubric “Additional declaration”.

— In headings (aa) and (bb) of point 25.4, the words ‘*Pseudomonas solanacearum* (Smith) Smith’ are replaced by ‘*Ralstonia solanacearum* (Smith) Yabuuchi et al.’

— In the right hand column of point 25.4.1, the words ‘*Pseudomonas solanacearum* (Smith) Smith’ are replaced by ‘*Ralstonia solanacearum* (Smith) Yabuuchi et al.’

— In the left hand column of point 25.6, the words ‘*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.’ are replaced by ‘*Solanum lycopersicum* L.’

— Point 25.7 is replaced by the following:

‘25.7 Plants of <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., intended for planting other than seeds, originating in countries where <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(11) and (13), and Annex IV(A)(I)(25.5) and (25.6), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al., or (b) no symptoms of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.’
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— Point 27.1 is replaced by the following:

‘27.1 Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (aa) the plants originate in an area free from <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) and <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (a) no signs of <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner), or <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or (b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the said organisms.’
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— Point 27.2 is replaced by the following:

‘27.2 Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait., other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A) (I)(27.1), official statement that: (aa) the plants originate in an area free from <i>Spodoptera eridania</i> (Cramer), <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> Smith and <i>Spodoptera litura</i> (Fabricius), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (a) no signs of <i>Spodoptera eridania</i> (Cramer), <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> Smith, or <i>Spodoptera litura</i> (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or (b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the said organisms.’
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— In the left hand column of point 28.1, the words, ‘*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.’ are replaced by ‘*Solanum lycopersicum* L.’

— In the right hand column of point 32.1, the following heading (d) is added after heading (c):

‘or

- (d) originate from plant material (explant) which is free from *Liriomyza sativae* (Blanchard) and *Amauromyza maculosa* (Malloch); are grown *in vitro* in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with *Liriomyza sativae* (Blanchard) and *Amauromyza maculosa* (Malloch); and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions.’

— In the right hand column of point 32.3, the following heading (d) is added after heading (c):

‘or

- (d) the plants originate from plant material (explant) which is free from *Liriomyza huidobrensis* (Blanchard) and *Liriomyza trifolii* (Burgess); are grown *in vitro* in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with *Liriomyza huidobrensis* (Blanchard) and *Liriomyza trifolii* (Burgess); and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions.’

— Point 33 is replaced by the following:

‘33. Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air

Official statement that:

- (a) the place of production is known to be free from *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *sepedonicus* (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis *et al.* and *Synchytrium endobioticum* (Schilbersky) Percival, and
- (b) the plants originate from a field known to be free from *Globodera pallida* (Stone) Behrens and *Globodera rostochiensis* (Wollenweber) Behrens.’

— In the right hand column of point 36.1, in, the following heading (d) is added after heading (c):

‘or

- (d) originate from plant material (explant) which is free from *Thrips palmi* Karny; are grown *in vitro* in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with *Thrips palmi* Karny; and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions.’

— The following point 36.3 is inserted after point 36.2:

‘36.3 Fruits of *Capsicum* L. originating in Belize, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico, USA and French Polynesia where *Anthonomus eugenii* Cano is known to occur

Official statement that the fruits:

- (a) originate in an area free from *Anthonomus eugenii* Cano, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1 (ii) of this Directive under the rubric “Additional declaration”
or
- (b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from *Anthonomus eugenii* Cano, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1 (ii) of this Directive under the rubric “Additional declaration”, and declared free from *Anthonomus eugenii* Cano on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export, at the place of production and its immediate vicinity.’

— Point 38.1 is deleted.

— In the right hand column of point 45.1, the following heading (d) is added after heading (c):

‘or

- (d) originate from plant material (explant) which is free from *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. (non-European populations); are grown *in vitro* in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. (non-European populations); and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions.’

— In the left hand column of point 45.3, the words ‘*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.’ are replaced by ‘*Solanum lycopersicum* L.’

— In the right hand column of point 46, the following heading (d) is added after heading (c):

‘or

- (d) the plants originate from plant material (explant) which is free from *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. (non-European populations) and which did not show any symptoms of the relevant harmful organisms; are grown *in vitro* in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. (non-European populations); and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions.’

— In the left hand column of point 48, the words ‘*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.’ are replaced by ‘*Solanum lycopersicum* L.’

— In the right hand column of point 49.1, the following heading (c) is added after heading (b):

‘or

- (c) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate physical treatment against *Ditylenchus dipsaci* (Kühn) Filipjev and have been found to be free of this harmful organism after laboratory tests on a representative sample.’

(ii) Section II is amended as follows:

— Point 10 is replaced by the following:

‘10. Plants of *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds

Official statement that:

- (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from *Spiroplasma citri* Saglio *et al.*, *Phoma tracheiphila* (Petri), Kanchaveli and Gikashvili and *Citrus tristeza* virus (European strains),

or

- (b) the plants derive from a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least, *Citrus tristeza* virus (European strains), using appropriate tests or methods in line with international standards, and have been growing permanently in an insectproof glasshouse or in an isolated cage on which no symptoms of *Spiroplasma citri* Saglio *et al.*, *Phoma tracheiphila* (Petri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili and *Citrus tristeza* virus (European strains) have been observed,

or

- (c) the plants:

— have been derived from a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least *Citrus tristeza* virus (European strains), using appropriate tests or methods in line with international standards, and has been found in these tests, free from *Citrus tristeza* virus (European strains), and certified free from at least *Citrus tristeza* virus (European strains) in official individual tests carried out according to the methods mentioned in this indent, and

— have been inspected and no symptoms of *Spiroplasma citri* Saglio *et al.*, *Phoma tracheiphila* (Petri) Kanchaveli et Gikashvili, and *Citrus tristeza* virus (European strains) have been observed since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.’

— The following point 10.1 is inserted after point 10:

‘10.1. Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids and <i>Casimiroa</i> La Llave, <i>Clausena</i> Burm f., <i>Vepris</i> Comm., <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., other than fruit and seed	Official statement that the plants originate in an area free from <i>Trioza erytrae</i> Del Guercio, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.’
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— Point 18.1 is replaced by the following:

‘18.1. Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., intended for planting	Official statement that: (a) the Union provisions to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival have been complied with; and (b) either the tubers originate in an area known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et al.</i> or the Union provisions to combat <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et al.</i> have been complied with; and (d) (aa) either, the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> is known not to occur; or (bb) in areas where <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> is known to occur, the tubers originate from a place of production found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i>, or considered to be free thereof, as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aiming at eradicating <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i>; and (e) either, the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen are known not to occur, or in areas where <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen are known to occur: — either, the tubers originate from a place of production which has been found free from <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or — the tubers after harvest have been randomly sampled and, either checked for the presence of symptoms after an appropriate method to induce symptoms or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting the tubers, at appropriate times and in all cases at the time of closing of the packages or containers before marketing according to the provisions on closing in Council Directive 66/403/EEC, and no symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen have been found.’
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— The following point 18.1.1 is inserted after point 18.1:

‘18.1.1 Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., intended for planting, other than those to be planted in accordance with Article 4.4(b) of Council Directive 2007/33/EC	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., intended for planting in Annex IV, Part A, Section II (18.1), official statement that the Union provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.’
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— In the right hand column of point 18.3, the words ‘*Pseudomonas solanacearum* (Smith) Smith’ are replaced by ‘*Ralstonia solanacearum* (Smith) Yabuuchi *et al.*’

— Point 18.5 is replaced by the following:

‘18.5 Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in Annex IV(A)(II)(18.1), (18.1.1), (18.2), (18.3) or (18.4)	There shall be evidence by a registration number put on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded potatoes transported in bulk, on the vehicle transporting the potatoes, that the potatoes have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production, indicating that the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> and that (a) the Union provisions to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival, and (b) where appropriate, the Union provisions to combat <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et al.</i>, and (c) the Union provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.’
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— The following point 18.6.1 is inserted after point 18.6:

‘18.6.1 Plants with roots, intended for planting, of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than those to be planted in accordance with Article 4.4 (a) of Council Directive 2007/33/EC	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants in Annex IV, Part A, Section II (18.6) official statement that the Union provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.’
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— Point 18.7 is replaced by the following:

‘18.7 Plants of <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L., and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(18.6) where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i>, or (b) no symptoms of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.’
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— Point 20 is replaced by the following:

‘20. Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l’Hérit. ex Ait., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (aa) the plants originate in an area free from <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) and <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (a) no signs of <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner), or <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or (b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the said organisms.’
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— In the right hand column of point 23, the following heading (d) is added after heading (c):

‘or

- (d) the plants originate from plant material (explant) which is free from *Liriomyza huidobrensis* (Blanchard) and *Liriomyza trifolii* (Burgess); are grown *in vitro* in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with *Liriomyza huidobrensis* (Blanchard) and *Liriomyza trifolii* (Burgess); and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions.’

— Point 24 is replaced by the following:

‘24. Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air	There shall be evidence that the place of production is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et al.</i> and <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival.’
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— The following point 24.1 is inserted after point 24:

‘24.1 Plants with roots, intended for planting, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L., <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., <i>Brassica</i> spp. and <i>Fragaria</i> L. and bulbs, tubers and rhizomes, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Dahlia</i> spp., <i>Gladiolus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> spp., <i>Iris</i> spp., <i>Lilium</i> spp., <i>Narcissus</i> L. and <i>Tulipa</i> L., other than those plants, bulbs, tubers and rhizomes to be planted in accordance with Article 4.4(a) or (c) of Council Directive 2007/33/EC	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants in Annex IV, Part A, Section II (24) there shall be evidence that the Union provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.’
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— In the left hand column of point 26.1 the words ‘*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.’ are replaced by ‘*Solanum lycopersicum* L.’

— In the left hand column of point 27, the words ‘*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.’ are replaced by ‘*Solanum lycopersicum* L.’

— In the right hand column of point 28.1, the following heading (c) is added after heading (b):

‘or

- (c) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate physical treatment against *Ditylenchus dipsaci* (Kühn) Filipjev and have been found to be free of this harmful organism after laboratory tests on a representative sample.’

(b) Part B is amended as follows:

— In points 4, 10 and 14.2, the text in the third column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

‘EL, IRL, UK’

— In points 6.3 and 14.9, the text in the third column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

‘CZ, IRL, S, UK’

— The following point 19.1 is inserted after point 19:

‘19.1. Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill., intended for planting	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(2) and IV(A)(I)(11.1), and (11.2), official statement that: (a) the plants have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is known not to occur; or	CZ, IRL, S, UK’
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| <p>(b) the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary measures</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the plants have been grown throughout their life in the protected zones listed in the right-hand column</p> |
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— Point 20.3 is replaced by the following:

'20.3. Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air	There shall be evidence that the plants originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens.	FI, LV, SI, SK'
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— In point 21, the text in the third column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

'E (except the autonomous communities of Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, and the Comarca of the Community of Calatayud (Aragon) and the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country)), EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apulia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Emilia-Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Mantua and Sondrio), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Boara Pisani, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano, Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, P, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto, Ohrady, Okoč, Topoľníky and Trhová Hradská (Dunajská Streda County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätušie and Zátin (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).'

— In point 21.3, the text in the third column, protected zone(s), is replaced by the following:

'E (except the autonomous communities of Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, and the Comarca of the Community of Calatayud (Aragon) and the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country)), EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apulia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Emilia-Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Mantua and Sondrio), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Boara Pisani, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano, Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, P, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto, Ohrady, Okoč, Topoľníky and Trhová Hradská (Dunajská Streda County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätušie and Zátin (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).'

— Point 31 is replaced by the following:

'31. Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids originating in BG, HR, SI, EL (Regional Units of Argolida and Chania), P (Algarve and Madeira), E, F, CY and I	Without prejudice to the requirement in Annex IV Part A Section II point 30.1 that packaging should bear an origin mark: (a) the fruits shall be free from leaves and peduncles; or (b) in the case of fruits with leaves or peduncles, official statement that the fruits are packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and shall remain sealed during their transport through a protected zone, recognised for these fruits, and shall bear a distinguishing mark to be reported on the passport.	EL (except the Regional Units of Argolida and Chania), M, P (except Algarve and Madeira)'
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— Point 32 is replaced by the following

‘32. Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(15), IVA(II)17, and IVB21.1, official statement that: (a) the plants originate and have been grown in a place of production in a country where Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO is not known to occur; or (b) the plants originate and have been grown in a place of production in an area free from Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant international standards; or (c) the plants originate and have been grown in either the Czech Republic, France (Alsace, Champagne-Ardenne, Picardie (département de l’Aisne), Ile de France (communes de Citry, Nanteuil-sur-Marne et Saâcy-sur-Marne) and Lorraine) or Italy (Apulia, Basilicata and Sardinia); or (cc) the plants originate and have been grown in Switzerland (except the Canton of Ticino and the Misox Valley); or (d) the plants originate and have been grown in a place of production where: (aa) no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO have been observed on the mother-stock plants since the beginning of the last two complete cycles of vegetation; and (bb) either (i) no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO have been found on the plants in the place of production; or, (ii) the plants have undergone hot water treatment of at least 50 °C for 45 minutes in order to eliminate the presence of Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO.	CZ, FR (Alsace, Champagne-Ardenne, Picardie (département de l’Aisne), Ile de France (communes de Citry, Nanteuil-sur-Marne et Saâcy-sur-Marne) and Lorraine), I (Apulia, Basilicata and Sardinia)’
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— The following point 33 is inserted after point 32:

‘33. Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill., other than plants in tissue culture, fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(2) and IV(A)(I)(11.1) and (11.2), official statement that: (a) the plants have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu is known not to occur, or (b) the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (c) the plants have been grown throughout their life in the protected zones listed in the right-hand column.	IRL, P, UK’
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(5) Annex V is amended as follows:

(a) Part A is amended as follows:

(i) Section I is amended as follows:

— Point 1.4 is replaced by the following:

‘1.4. Plants of *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf., and their hybrids, *Casimiroa* La Llave, *Clausena* Burm. f., *Vepris* Comm., *Zanthoxylum* L. and *Vitis* L., other than fruit and seeds.’

— Point 2.1 is replaced by the following:

‘2.1. Plants intended for planting, other than seeds, of the genera *Abies* Mill., *Apium graveolens* L., *Argyranthemum* spp., *Asparagus officinalis* L., *Aster* spp., *Brassica* spp., *Castanea* Mill., *Cucumis* spp., *Dendranthema* (DC.) Des Moul., *Dianthus* L. and hybrids, *Exacum* spp., *Fragaria* L., *Gerbera* Cass., *Gypsophila* L., all varieties of New Guinea hybrids of *Impatiens* L., *Lactuca* spp., *Larix* Mill., *Leucanthemum* L., *Lupinus* L., *Pelargonium* l'Hérit. ex Ait., *Picea* A. Dietr., *Pinus* L., *Platanus* L., *Populus* L., *Prunus laurocerasus* L., *Prunus lusitanica* L., *Pseudotsuga* Carr., *Quercus* L., *Rubus* L., *Spinacia* L., *Tanacetum* L., *Tsuga* Carr., *Verbena* L. and other plants of herbaceous species, other than plants of the family Gramineae, intended for planting, and other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds and tubers’

— In the third indent of point 2.4, the words ‘*Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw.’ are replaced by ‘*Solanum lycopersicum* L.’

— Point 3 is replaced by the following:

‘3. Bulbs, corms, tubers and rhizomes intended for planting, produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant production, other than those plants, plant products and other objects which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the Member States, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products of *Camassia* Lindl., *Chionodoxa* Boiss., *Crocus flavus* Weston “Golden Yellow”, *Dahlia* spp., *Galanthus* L., *Galtonia candicans* (Baker) Decne., miniature cultivars and their hybrids of the genus *Gladiolus* Tourn. ex L., such as *Gladiolus callianthus* Marais, *Gladiolus colvillei* Sweet, *Gladiolus nanus* hort., *Gladiolus ramosus* hort. and *Gladiolus tubergenii* hort., *Hyacinthus* L., *Iris* L., *Ismene* Herbert, *Lilium* spp., *Muscari* Miller, *Narcissus* L., *Ornithogalum* L., *Puschkinia* Adams, *Scilla* L., *Tigridia* Juss. and *Tulipa* L.’

(ii) Section II is amended as follows:

— Point 1.2 is replaced by the following:

‘1.2. Plants intended for planting, other than seeds, of *Populus* L., *Beta vulgaris* L. and *Quercus* spp., other than *Quercus suber*’

— In point 1.3 the words ‘, *Castanea* Mill.’ are inserted after ‘*Amelanchier* Med.’

— In point 1.8 the words ‘, *Castanea* Mill.’ are inserted after ‘*Beta vulgaris* L.’

(b) Part B is amended as follows:

(i) Section I is amended as follows:

— Points 1 and 2 are replaced by the following:

‘1. Plants, intended for planting, other than seeds but including seeds of Cruciferae, Gramineae, *Trifolium* spp., originating in Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Chile, New Zealand and Uruguay, genera *Triticum*, *Secale* and *X Triticosecale* from Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and the USA, *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle and *Poncirus* Raf., and their hybrids, *Capsicum* spp., *Helianthus annuus* L., *Solanum lycopersicum* L., *Medicago sativa* L., *Prunus* L., *Rubus* L., *Oryza* spp., *Zea mais* L., *Allium ascalonicum* L., *Allium cepa* L., *Allium porrum* L., *Allium schoenoprasum* L. and *Phaseolus* L.

2. Parts of plants, other than fruits and seeds, of:
 - *Castanea* Mill., *Dendranthema* (DC.) Des Moul., *Dianthus* L., *Gypsophila* L., *Pelargonium* l'Herit. ex Ait, *Phoenix* spp., *Populus* L., *Quercus* L., *Solidago* L. and cut flowers of Orchidaceae,
 - conifers (Coniferales),
 - *Acer saccharum* Marsh., originating in the USA and Canada,
 - *Prunus* L., originating in non-European countries,
 - Cut flowers of *Aster* spp., *Eryngium* L., *Hypericum* L., *Lisianthus* L., *Rosa* L. and *Trachelium* L., originating in non-European countries,
 - Leafy vegetables of *Apium graveolens* L., *Ocimum* L., *Limnophila* L. and *Eryngium* L.,
 - Leaves of *Manihot esculenta* Crantz,
 - Cut branches of *Betula* L. with or without foliage,
 - Cut branches of *Fraxinus* L., *Juglans ailantifolia* Carr., *Juglans mandshurica* Maxim., *Ulmus davidiana* Planch. and *Pterocarya rhoifolia* Siebold & Zucc., with or without foliage, originating in Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA,
 - *Amiris* P. Browne, *Casimiroa* La Llave, *Citropsis* Swingle & Kellerman, *Eremocitrus* Swingle, *Esenbeckia* Kunth., *Glycosmis* Corrêa, *Merrillia* Swingle, *Naringi* Adans., *Tetradium* Lour., *Toddalia* Juss. and *Zanthoxylum* L.'
- The following point 2.1 is inserted after point 2:
 - '2.1 Parts of plants, other than fruits but including seeds, of *Aegle* Corrêa, *Aeglopsis* Swingle, *Afraegle* Engl., *Atalantia* Corrêa, *Balsamocitrus* Stapf, *Burkillanthus* Swingle, *Calodendrum* Thunb., *Choisya* Kunth, *Clausena* Burm. f., *Limonia* L., *Microcitrus* Swingle, *Murraya* J. Koenig ex L., *Pamburus* Swingle, *Severinia* Ten., *Swinglea* Merr., *Triphasia* Lour and *Vepris* Comm.'
- In point 3 the following indent is added:
 - '- *Capsicum* L.'
- Points 5 and 6 are replaced by the following:
 - '5. Isolated bark of:
 - conifers (Coniferales), originating in non-European countries,
 - *Acer saccharum* Marsh, *Populus* L., and *Quercus* L. other than *Quercus suber* L.,
 - *Fraxinus* L., *Juglans ailantifolia* Carr., *Juglans mandshurica* Maxim., *Ulmus davidiana* Planch. and *Pterocarya rhoifolia* Siebold & Zucc., originating in Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA,
 - *Betula* L., originating in Canada and the USA.
6. Wood within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 2(2), where it:
 - (a) has been obtained in whole or part from one of the order, genera or species as described hereafter, except wood packaging material defined in Annex IV, Part A, Section I, Point 2:
 - *Quercus* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA, except wood which meets the description referred to in (b) of CN code 4416 00 00 and where there is documented evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes,

- *Platanus* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA or Armenia,
- *Populus* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in countries of the American continent,
- *Acer saccharum* Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA and Canada,
- Conifers (Coniferales), including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in non-European countries, Kazakhstan, Russia and Turkey,
- *Fraxinus* L., *Juglans ailantifolia* Carr., *Juglans mandshurica* Maxim., *Ulmus davidiana* Planch. and *Pterocarya rhoifolia* Siebold & Zucc., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA,
- *Betula* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Canada and the USA; and

(b) meets one of the following descriptions laid down in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
ex 4401 30 40	Sawdust, not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms
ex 4401 30 80	Other wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms
4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
4403 20	Coniferous wood in the rough, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
4403 91	Oak wood (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) in the rough, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.) or birch (<i>Betula</i> L.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
4403 99 51	Sawlogs of birch (<i>Betula</i> L.) in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
4403 99 59	Wood of birch (<i>Betula</i> L.) in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than sawlogs

CN code	Description
ex 4404	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
4407 10	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
4407 91	Oak wood (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 93	Wood of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
4407 95	Wood of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.) sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.) or ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
4408 10	Coniferous sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm
4416 00 00	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves
9406 00 20	Prefabricated buildings of wood'

(ii) In point 5 of Section II, the words '*Castanea* Mill.,' are inserted before '*Dolichos* Jacq.'.

COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2014/81/EU**of 23 June 2014****amending Appendix C of Annex II to Directive 2009/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the safety of toys, as regards bisphenol A****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Directive 2009/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 on the safety of toys ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 46(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Directive 2009/48/EC establishes general requirements for substances which are classified as carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic for reproduction (CMR) under Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 ⁽²⁾. Such substances may not be used in toys, in components of toys or in micro-structurally distinct parts of toys, except if inaccessible to children, permitted by a Commission decision or contained in individual concentrations equal to or smaller than the relevant concentrations established for the classification of mixtures containing them as CMRs. To further protect children's health, specific limit values for such substances can be set out, when appropriate, for toys intended for use by children under three years old or other toys intended to be placed in the mouth.
- (2) The substance bisphenol A is a high volume chemical that is widely used in the production of a large variety of consumer products. Bisphenol A is used as a monomer in the manufacture of polycarbonate plastics. Polycarbonate plastics are used, amongst others, in the manufacture of toys. Moreover, bisphenol A has been found in certain toys.
- (3) Council Directive 88/378/EEC of 3 May 1988 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States concerning the safety of toys ⁽³⁾ governed the essential safety requirements for chemical properties of toys until 19 July 2013. European standard EN 71-9:2005+A1:2007 provides a migration limit of 0,1 mg/l for bisphenol A. European standards EN 71-10:2005 and EN 71-11:2005 provide the relevant test methods. The limits and methods for bisphenol A set out in EN 71-9:2005+A1:2007, EN 71-10:2005 and EN 71-11:2005 are used by the toy industry as a reference to ensure that there is no unsafe exposure from bisphenol A in toys. Yet, those standards do not constitute harmonised standards.
- (4) Bisphenol A is classified under Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as toxic for reproduction category 2. In the absence of any specific requirements, bisphenol A can be contained in toys in concentrations equal to or smaller than the relevant concentration established for the classification of mixtures containing it as CMRs, namely 5 % as from 20 July 2013 and 3 % as from 1 June 2015 respectively. It cannot be excluded that that concentration may lead to increased exposure of small children to bisphenol A, compared to the migration limit of 0,1 mg/l for bisphenol A set by European standards EN 71-9:2005+A1:2007, EN 71-10:2005 and EN 71-11:2005.
- (5) Bisphenol A was comprehensively evaluated in 2003 and 2008 under Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 of 23 March 1993 on the evaluation and control of the risks of existing substances ⁽⁴⁾. The final risk assessment report, entitled 'Updated European Union Risk Assessment Report 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol (bisphenol-A)', found, among other things, that bisphenol A has endocrine modulating activity in a number of *in vitro* and *in vivo* screening assays and concluded that further research was needed to resolve the uncertainties surrounding the potential for bisphenol A to produce adverse effects on development at low doses. Nevertheless, a high level of protection of children against risks caused by chemical substances in toys, in the light of the particular needs of children, who are a vulnerable group of consumers, warrants incorporating the migration limit of 0,1 mg/l for bisphenol A into Directive 2009/48/EC.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 170, 30.6.2009, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 353, 31.12.2008, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 187, 16.7.1988, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 84, 5.4.1993, p. 1.

- (6) The effects of bisphenol A are under evaluation in scientific fora including the European Food Safety Authority. The migration limit laid down by this Directive should be reviewed if relevant new scientific information becomes available in the future.
- (7) Directive 2009/48/EC should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (8) The measures provided for in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Toy Safety Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Appendix C of Annex II to Directive 2009/48/EC is replaced by the following:

‘Appendix C

Specific limit values for chemicals used in toys intended for use by children under 36 months or in other toys intended to be placed in the mouth adopted in accordance with Article 46(2)

Substance	CAS No	Limit value
TCEP	115-96-8	5 mg/kg (content limit)
TCPP	13674-84-5	5 mg/kg (content limit)
TDCP	13674-87-8	5 mg/kg (content limit)
Bisphenol A	80-05-7	0,1 mg/l (migration limit) in accordance with the methods laid down in EN 71-10:2005 and EN 71-11:2005.’

Article 2

1. Member States shall adopt and publish, by 21 December 2015 at the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the text of those provisions.

They shall apply those provisions from 21 December 2015.

When Member States adopt those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made.

2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

Article 3

This Directive shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Article 4

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 June 2014.

For the Commission
The President
José Manuel BARROSO

DECISIONS

COUNCIL DECISION 2014/380/CFSP

of 23 June 2014

amending Decision 2011/137/CFSP concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 29 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) On 28 February 2011, the Council adopted Decision 2011/137/CFSP concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya ⁽¹⁾.
- (2) On 19 March 2014, the United Nations Security Council adopted Resolution 2146 (2014) (UNSCR 2146 (2014)), authorising UN Member States to inspect on the high seas vessels designated by the Committee established pursuant to paragraph 24 of UNSCR 1970 (2011) ('the Committee').
- (3) UNSCR 2146 (2014) provides that flag States of designated vessels shall, if the designation by the Committee has so specified, take the necessary measures to direct such vessels not to load, transport, or discharge crude oil illicitly exported from Libya aboard the vessels, in the absence of direction from the Government of Libya focal point.
- (4) Furthermore, UNSCR 2146 (2014) provides that UN Member States shall, if the designation by the Committee has so specified, take the necessary measures to prohibit designated vessels from entering their ports, unless such entry is necessary for the purpose of an inspection, in the case of emergency or in the case of return to Libya.
- (5) In addition, UNSCR 2146 (2014) provides that if the designation by the Committee has so specified, the provision of bunkering services, such as provision of fuel or supplies, or other servicing of vessels, to designated vessels should be prohibited, unless the provision of such services is necessary for humanitarian purposes, or in the case of return to Libya.
- (6) UNSCR 2146 (2014) also provides that if the designation by the Committee has so specified, financial transactions with respect to crude oil illicitly exported from Libya aboard designated vessels should not be engaged in.
- (7) In accordance with Decision 2011/137/CFSP, the Council has carried out a complete review of the lists of persons and entities set out in Annexes II and IV to that Decision.
- (8) The identifying information in relation to one entity on the list of persons and entities set out in Annex IV to Decision 2011/137/CFSP should be updated.
- (9) There are no longer grounds for keeping two entities on the list of persons and entities set out in Annex IV to Decision 2011/137/CFSP.
- (10) Decision 2011/137/CFSP should therefore be amended accordingly,

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 58, 3.3.2011, p. 53.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Decision 2011/137/CFSP is hereby amended as follows:

(1) the following Articles are inserted:

Article 4b

1. Member States may, in accordance with paragraphs 5 to –9 of UNSCR 2146 (2014), inspect on the high seas designated vessels, using all measures commensurate to the specific circumstances, in full compliance with international humanitarian law and international human rights law, as may be applicable, carry out such inspections and direct the vessel to take appropriate actions to return the crude oil, with the consent of and in coordination with the Government of Libya, to Libya.
2. Member States should, before undertaking an inspection as referred to in paragraph 1, first seek the consent of the vessel's flag State.
3. Member States undertaking an inspection as referred to in paragraph 1 shall submit promptly a report on the inspection to the Committee containing relevant details, including efforts made to seek the consent of the vessel's flag State.
4. Member States undertaking inspections as referred to in paragraph 1 shall ensure that such inspections are carried out by warships and ships owned or operated by a State and used only on government non-commercial service.
5. Paragraph 1 shall not affect the rights, obligations or responsibilities of Member States under international law, including rights or obligations under the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, including the general principle of exclusive jurisdiction of a flag State over its vessels on the high seas, with respect to non-designated vessels and in any other situation than that referred to in that paragraph.
6. Annex V includes the vessels referred to in paragraph 1 designated by the Committee in accordance with paragraph 11 of UNSCR 2146 (2014).

Article 4c

1. A Member State that is a flag State of a designated vessel shall, if the designation by the Committee has so specified, direct the vessel not to load, transport, or discharge crude oil illicitly exported from Libya aboard the vessel, in the absence of direction from the Government of Libya focal point, as referred to in paragraph 3 of UNSCR 2146 (2014).
2. Member States shall, if the designation by the Committee has so specified, deny entry into their ports of designated vessels, unless such entry is required for the purpose of an inspection, or in the case of emergency or in the case of return to Libya.
3. The provision by nationals of Member States or from the territories of Member States of bunkering services, such as provision of fuel or supplies, or other servicing of vessels, to designated vessels shall, if the designation by the Committee has so specified, be prohibited.
4. Paragraph 3 shall not apply where the competent authority in the relevant Member State determines that the provision of such services is necessary for humanitarian purposes, or that the vessel returns to Libya. The Member State concerned shall notify the Committee of any such authorisation.
5. Financial transactions by nationals of Member States or entities under their jurisdiction or from the territories of Member States with respect to crude oil illicitly exported from Libya aboard designated vessels shall, if the designation by the Committee has so specified, be prohibited.
6. Annex V includes the vessels referred to in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 5 designated by the Committee in accordance with paragraph 11 of UNSCR 2146 (2014).';

(2) in Article 8, paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:

‘1. The Council shall implement modifications to Annexes I, III and V on the basis of the determinations made by the Committee.’;

(3) the following Article is inserted:

‘Article 9b

Where the Committee designates a vessel as referred to in Article 4b(1) and Article 4c(1),(2),(3) and (5), the Council shall include such vessel in Annex V.’.

Article 2

Annex I to this Decision shall be added to Decision 2011/137/CFSP as Annex V.

Article 3

Annex IV to Decision 2011/137/CFSP is amended as set out in Annex II to this Decision.

Article 4

This Decision shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

ANNEX I

'ANNEX V

LIST OF VESSELS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 4b(1) AND ARTICLE 4c(1),(2),(3) AND (5)

...'

ANNEX II

Annex IV to Decision 2011/137/CFSP is hereby amended as follows:

(1) the entry for the entity 'Capitana Seas Limited' is replaced by the following entry:

	Name	Identifying information	Reasons	Date of listing
36.	Capitana Seas Limited		BVI-incorporated entity owned by Saadi Qadhafi	12.4.2011'

(2) the entries for the following entities are deleted:

- Libyan Holding Company for Development and Investment,
- Dalia Advisory Limited (LIA sub).

COUNCIL DECISION 2014/381/CFSP**of 23 June 2014****amending Decision 2010/573/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against the leadership of the Transnistrian region of the Republic of Moldova**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 29 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) On 27 September 2010, the Council adopted Decision 2010/573/CFSP ⁽¹⁾.
- (2) On 27 September 2013, the Council adopted Decision 2013/477/CFSP ⁽²⁾, which extended, on the basis of a review of Decision 2010/573/CFSP, the restrictive measures against the leadership of the Transnistrian region of the Republic of Moldova until 30 September 2014.
- (3) The restrictive measures should be extended until 31 October 2014.
- (4) Decision 2010/573/CFSP should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Article 4(2) of Decision 2010/573/CFSP is hereby replaced by the following:

‘2. This Decision shall apply until 31 October 2014. It shall be kept under constant review. It may be renewed or amended, as appropriate, if the Council deems that its objectives have not been met.’.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

⁽¹⁾ Council Decision 2010/573/CFSP of 27 September 2010 concerning restrictive measures against the leadership of the Transnistrian region of the Republic of Moldova (OJ L 253, 28.9.2010, p. 54).

⁽²⁾ Council Decision 2013/477/CFSP of 27 September 2013 amending Decision 2010/573/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against the leadership of the Transnistrian region of the Republic of Moldova (OJ L 257, 28.9.2013, p. 18).

COUNCIL IMPLEMENTING DECISION 2014/382/CFSP
of 23 June 2014
implementing Decision 2013/798/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against the Central African Republic

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 31(2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Decision 2013/798/CFSP of 23 December 2013 concerning restrictive measures against the Central African Republic ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2c thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) On 23 December 2013, the Council adopted Decision 2013/798/CFSP.
- (2) On 9 May 2014, the Sanctions Committee established pursuant to United Nations Security Council (UNSC) Resolution 2127 (2013) included three persons on the list of persons and entities subject to the measures imposed by paragraphs 30 and 32 of UNSC Resolution 2134 (2014).
- (3) The Annex to Decision 2013/798/CFSP should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The persons listed in the Annex to this Decision shall be included in the list set out in the Annex to Decision 2013/798/CFSP.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council

The President

C. ASHTON

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 352, 24.12.2013, p. 51.

ANNEX

Persons referred to in Article 1

1. FRANÇOIS YANGOUVONDA BOZIZÉ

LAST NAME: BOZIZÉ

FIRST NAME: François Yangouvonda.

ALIAS: Bozize Yangouvonda

DATE OF BIRTH/PLACE OF BIRTH: 14 October 1946/Mouïla, Gabon

PASSPORT/IDENTIFYING INFORMATION: Son of Martine Kofio

DESIGNATION/JUSTIFICATION:

Engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of the Central African Republic (CAR): Since the coup d'état on 24 March 2013, Bozizé provided financial and material support to militiamen who are working to destabilise the ongoing transition and to bring him back to power. François Bozizé, in liaison with his supporters, encouraged the attack of 5 December 2013 on Bangui. The situation in CAR deteriorated rapidly after the 5 December 2013 attack in Bangui by anti-balaka forces that left over 700 people dead. Since then, he has continued trying to run destabilisation operations and to federate the anti-balaka militias, in order to maintain tensions in the capital of CAR. Bozizé tried to reorganise many elements from the Central African Armed Forces who dispersed into the countryside after the coup d'état. Forces loyal to Bozizé have become involved in reprisal attacks against CAR's Muslim population. Bozizé called on his militia to pursue the atrocities against the current regime and the Islamists.

2. NOURREDDINE ADAM

LAST NAME: ADAM

FIRST NAME: Nourredine

ALIAS: Nourredine Adam; Nureldine Adam; Nourredine Adam; Nourreddine Adam

DATE OF BIRTH/PLACE OF BIRTH: 1970/Ndele, CAR

Alternate dates of birth: 1969, 1971

PASSPORT/IDENTIFYING INFORMATION:

DESIGNATION/JUSTIFICATION:

Engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of CAR: Nouredine is one of the original leaders of the Séléka. He has been identified as both a General and the President of one of the armed rebel groups of the Séléka, the Central PJCC, a group formally known as the Convention of Patriots for Justice and Peace and whose acronym is also acknowledged as CPJP. As former head of the 'Fundamental' splinter group of the Convention of Patriots for Justice and Peace (CPJP/F), he was the military coordinator of the ex-Séléka during offensives in the former rebellion in the Central African Republic between early December 2012 and March 2013. Without Nouredine's involvement, the Séléka would likely have been unable to wrest power from former CAR President François Bozizé. Since the appointment as interim president of Catherine Samba-Panza on 20 January 2014, he was one of the main architects of the ex-Séléka's tactical withdrawal in Sibut with the aim of implementing his plan to create a Muslim stronghold in the north of the country. He had clearly urged his forces to resist the injunctions of the transitional government and of the military leaders of the African-led International Support Mission in the Central African Republic (MISCA). Nouredine actively directs ex-Séléka, the former Séléka forces that were dissolved by Djotodia in September 2013, and directs operations against Christian neighbourhoods and continues to provide significant support and direction to the ex-Séléka operating in CAR.

Involved in planning, directing, or committing acts that violate international human rights law or international humanitarian law, as applicable: After the Séléka took control of Bangui on 24 March 2013, Nourredine Adam was appointed Minister for Security, then Director General of the 'Extraordinary Committee for the Defence of Democratic Achievements' (*Comité extraordinaire de défense des acquis démocratiques* — CEDAD, a now-defunct CAR intelligence service). Nourredine Adam used the CEDAD as his personal political police, carrying out many arbitrary arrests, acts of torture and summary executions. In addition, Nouredine was one of the key figures behind the bloody operation in Boy Rabe. In August 2013,

Séléka forces stormed Boy Rabe, a CAR neighbourhood regarded as a bastion of François Bozizé supporters and his ethnic group. Under the pretext of looking for arms caches, Séléka troops reportedly killed scores of civilians and went on a rampage of looting. When these raids spread to other quarters, thousands of residents invaded the international airport, which was perceived as a safe place because of the presence of French troops, and occupied its runway.

Providing support for armed groups or criminal networks through illegal exploitation of natural resources: In early 2013, Nourredine Adam played an important role in the ex-Séléka's financing networks. He travelled to Saudi Arabia, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates to collect funds for the former rebellion. He also operated as a facilitator for a Chadian diamond-trafficking ring operating between the Central African Republic and Chad.

3. LEVY YAKETE

LAST NAME: YAKETE

FIRST NAME: Levy

ALIAS: Levi Yakite; Levy Yakite

DATE OF BIRTH/PLACE OF BIRTH: 14 August 1964/Bangui, CAR

Alternate date of birth: 1965

PASSPORT/IDENTIFYING INFORMATION: Son of Pierre Yakété and Joséphine Yamazon.

DESIGNATION/JUSTIFICATION:

Engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of CAR: On 17 December 2013, Yakete became the political coordinator of the newly formed People's Resistance Movement for Reforming of the Central African Republic anti-balaka rebel group. He has been directly involved in decisions of a rebel group that has been involved in acts that have undermined peace, stability and security in the CAR, in particular on and since 5 December 2013. In addition, this group has been explicitly singled out by UNSC Resolutions 2127, 2134 and 2149 for such acts. Yakete has been accused of ordering the arrest of people connected to the Séléka, calling for attacks on people who do not support President Bozizé, and recruiting young militiamen to attack those hostile to the regime with machetes. Having remained in the entourage of François Bozizé after March 2013, he joined the Front for the Return to Constitutional Order in CAR (*Front pour le Retour à l'Ordre Constitutionnel en Centrafrique* — FROCCA), which aimed to return the deposed president to power by whatever means necessary. In late summer 2013, he travelled to Cameroon and Benin, where he attempted to recruit people to fight against the Séléka. In September 2013, he tried to regain control over operations led by pro-Bozizé fighters in towns and villages near to Bossangoa. Yakete is also suspected of promoting the distribution of machetes to young unemployed Christians to facilitate their attacks on Muslims.

COUNCIL DECISION 2014/383/CFSP**of 23 June 2014****extending the mandate of the European Union Special Representative in Afghanistan**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 31(2) and Article 33 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy,

Whereas:

- (1) On 22 July 2013, the Council adopted Decision 2013/393/CFSP⁽¹⁾ appointing Mr Franz-Michael SKJOLD MELLBIN as the European Union Special Representative (EUSR) in Afghanistan. The EUSR's mandate is to expire on 30 June 2014.
- (2) The mandate of the EUSR should be extended for a further period of 8 months.
- (3) The EUSR will implement the mandate in the context of a situation which may deteriorate and could impede the achievement of the objectives of the Union's external action as set out in Article 21 of the Treaty,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

*Article 1***European Union Special Representative**

The mandate of Mr Franz-Michael SKJOLD MELLBIN as the EUSR in Afghanistan is hereby extended until 28 February 2015. The Council may decide that the mandate of the EUSR be terminated earlier, based on an assessment by the Political and Security Committee (PSC) and a proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy (HR).

*Article 2***Policy objectives**

The EUSR shall represent the Union and promote Union policy objectives in Afghanistan, in close coordination with Member States' representatives in Afghanistan. More specifically, the EUSR shall:

- (a) contribute to the implementation of the EU-Afghanistan Joint Declaration and of the EU Strategy in Afghanistan 2014-16, and as appropriate, the EU-Afghan Cooperation Agreement on Partnership and Development;
- (b) support Union-Afghanistan political dialogue;
- (c) support the pivotal role played by the United Nations (UN) in Afghanistan with particular emphasis on contributing to better coordinated international assistance, thereby promoting the implementation of the Bonn, Chicago and Tokyo Conference Communiqués, as well as relevant UN Resolutions.

*Article 3***Mandate**

In order to fulfil the mandate, the EUSR shall, in close cooperation with Member States' representatives in Afghanistan:

- (a) promote the views of the Union on the political process and developments in Afghanistan;
- (b) maintain close contact with, and support the development of, relevant Afghan institutions, in particular the Government and the Parliament as well as the local authorities. Contact should also be maintained with other Afghan political groups and other relevant actors in Afghanistan, in particular relevant civil society actors;

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 198, 23.7.2013, p. 47.

- (c) maintain close contact with relevant international and regional stakeholders in Afghanistan, notably the Special Representative of the Secretary-General of the UN and the Senior Civilian Representative of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation and other key partners and organisations;
- (d) advise on the progress achieved in meeting the objectives of the EU-Afghanistan Joint Declaration, of the EU Strategy in Afghanistan 2014-16, the EU-Afghan Cooperation Agreement on Partnership and Development and of the of the Bonn, Chicago and Tokyo Conference Communiqués, in particular in the following areas:
 - civilian capacity building, notably at sub-national level,
 - good governance and the establishment of institutions necessary for the existence of the rule of law, in particular an independent judiciary,
 - electoral reforms,
 - security sector reforms, including the strengthening of judicial institutions, the national army and the police force, and in particular, the development of the civilian police service;
 - promotion of growth, namely through agriculture and rural development,
 - respect for Afghanistan's international human rights obligations, including respect for the rights of persons belonging to minorities and the rights of women and children,
 - respect of democratic principles and the rule of law,
 - fostering participation of women in public administration, civil society and, in accordance with UN Security Council Resolution 1325, the peace process,
 - respect for Afghanistan's international obligations, including cooperation in international efforts to combat terrorism, illicit drug trafficking, trafficking in human beings and proliferation of arms and weapons of mass destruction and related materials,
 - facilitation of humanitarian assistance and the orderly return of refugees and internally displaced persons, and
 - enhancing the effectiveness of Union presence and activities in Afghanistan and contributing to the formulation of the regular implementation reports on the EU Strategy in Afghanistan 2014-16, as requested by the Council;
- (e) actively participate in local coordination fora, such as the Joint Coordination and Monitoring Board, while keeping non-participating Member States fully informed of decisions taken at those levels;
- (f) advise on the participation and the positions of the Union in international conferences with regard to Afghanistan;
- (g) take an active role in promoting regional cooperation through relevant initiatives including the Istanbul Process and the Regional Economic Conference on Afghanistan (RECCA);
- (h) contribute to the implementation of the Union's human rights policy and the EU Guidelines on Human Rights, in particular with regard to women and children in conflict-affected areas, especially by monitoring and addressing developments in this regard;
- (i) provide, as appropriate, support to an inclusive and Afghan-led peace process leading to a political settlement consistent with the "red lines" agreed at the Bonn Conference.

Article 4

Implementation of the mandate

1. The EUSR shall be responsible for the implementation of the mandate, acting under the authority of the HR.
2. The PSC shall maintain a privileged link with the EUSR and shall be the EUSR's primary point of contact with the Council. The PSC shall provide the EUSR with strategic guidance and political direction within the framework of the mandate, without prejudice to the powers of the HR.
3. The EUSR shall work in close coordination with the European External Action Service (EEAS) and the relevant departments thereof.

*Article 5***Financing**

1. The financial reference amount intended to cover the expenditure related to the mandate of the EUSR in the period from 1 July 2014 to 28 February 2015 shall be EUR 3 760 000.
2. The expenditure shall be managed in accordance with the procedures and rules applicable to the general budget of the Union.
3. The management of the expenditure shall be subject to a contract between the EUSR and the Commission. The EUSR shall be accountable to the Commission for all expenditure.

*Article 6***Constitution and composition of the team**

1. Within the limits of the EUSR's mandate and the corresponding financial means made available, the EUSR shall be responsible for constituting a team. The team shall include the expertise on specific policy issues as required by the mandate. The EUSR shall promptly and regularly inform the Council and the Commission of the composition of the team.
2. Member States, institutions of the Union and the EEAS may propose the secondment of personnel to work with the EUSR. The salary of such seconded personnel shall be covered by the Member State, the institution of the Union concerned or the EEAS, respectively. Experts seconded by Member States to the institutions of the Union or the EEAS may also be posted to work with the EUSR. Internationally contracted personnel shall have the nationality of a Member State.
3. All seconded personnel shall remain under the administrative authority of the sending Member State, the sending institution of the Union or the EEAS and shall carry out their duties and act in the interest of the mandate of the EUSR.

*Article 7***Privileges and immunities of the EUSR and the staff of the EUSR**

The privileges, immunities and further guarantees necessary for the completion and smooth functioning of the mission of the EUSR and the members of the EUSR's staff shall be agreed with the host country, as appropriate. Member States and the EEAS shall grant all necessary support to such effect.

*Article 8***Security of EU classified information**

The EUSR and the members of his team shall respect the security principles and minimum standards established by Council Decision 2013/488/EU ⁽¹⁾.

*Article 9***Access to information and logistical support**

1. Member States, the Commission and the General Secretariat of the Council shall ensure that the EUSR is given access to any relevant information.
2. The Union delegations and/or Member States, shall, as appropriate, provide logistical support in the region.

⁽¹⁾ Council Decision 2013/488/EU of 23 September 2013 on the security rules for protecting EU classified information (OJ L 274, 15.10.2013, p. 1).

*Article 10***Security**

In accordance with the Union's policy on the security of personnel deployed outside the Union in an operational capacity under Title V of the Treaty, the EUSR shall take all reasonably practicable measures, in conformity with the EUSR's mandate and the security situation in the geographical area of responsibility, for the security of all personnel under the EUSR's direct authority, notably by:

- (a) establishing a specific security plan based on guidance from the EEAS, including specific physical, organisational and procedural security measures, governing management of the secure movement of personnel to, and within, the geographic area, as well as management of security incidents and a mission contingency and evacuation plan;
- (b) ensuring that all personnel deployed outside the Union are covered by high risk insurance as required by the conditions in the geographic area;
- (c) ensuring that all members of the EUSR's team to be deployed outside the Union, including locally contracted personnel, have received appropriate security training before or upon arriving in the geographic area, based on the risk ratings assigned to that area;
- (d) ensuring that all agreed recommendations made following regular security assessments are implemented and providing the HR, the Council and the Commission with written reports on their implementation and on other security issues within the framework of the progress and mandate implementation reports.

*Article 11***Reporting**

The EUSR shall regularly provide the HR and the PSC with reports. The EUSR shall also report to Council working parties as necessary. Regular reports shall be circulated through the COREU network. The EUSR may provide the Foreign Affairs Council with reports. In accordance with Article 36 of the Treaty, the EUSR may be involved in briefing the European Parliament.

*Article 12***Coordination**

1. The EUSR shall contribute to the unity, consistency and effectiveness of the Union's action and shall help to ensure that all Union instruments and Member States' actions are engaged consistently, to attain the Union's policy objectives. The activities of the EUSR shall be coordinated with those of the Commission, as well as with the Union's Delegation in Pakistan. The EUSR shall provide Member States' missions and Union delegations with regular briefings.
2. In the field, close liaison shall be maintained with the Heads of the Union delegations and Member States' Heads of Mission. They shall make every effort to assist the EUSR in the implementation of the mandate. The EUSR shall provide the Head of the EU Police Mission in Afghanistan (EUPOL AFGHANISTAN) with local political guidance. The EUSR and the Civilian Operation Commander shall consult each other as required. The EUSR shall also liaise with other international and regional actors in the field.

*Article 13***Assistance in relation to claims**

The EUSR and his staff shall assist in providing elements to respond to any claims and obligations arising from the mandates of the previous EUSRs in Afghanistan, and shall provide administrative assistance and access to relevant files for such purposes.

*Article 14***Review**

The implementation of this Decision and its consistency with other contributions from the Union to the region shall be kept under regular review. The EUSR shall present the HR, the Council and the Commission with a comprehensive mandate implementation report by the end of November 2014.

*Article 15***Entry into force**

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.

It shall apply from 1 July 2014.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

COUNCIL DECISION 2014/384/CFSP**of 23 June 2014****amending Decision 2011/426/CFSP appointing the European Union Special Representative in Bosnia and Herzegovina**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 31(2) and Article 33 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy,

Whereas:

- (1) On 18 July 2011, the Council adopted Decision 2011/426/CFSP ⁽¹⁾ appointing Mr Peter SØRENSEN as the European Union Special Representative (EUSR) in Bosnia and Herzegovina. The EUSR's mandate is to expire on 30 June 2015.
- (2) Decision 2011/426/CFSP, as last amended by Decision 2013/351/CFSP ⁽²⁾, provided the EUSR with the financial reference amounts covering the period from 1 September 2011 to 30 June 2014. A new financial reference amount for the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015 should be established.
- (3) The EUSR will implement the mandate in the context of a situation which may deteriorate and could impede the achievement of the objectives of the Union's external action as set out in Article 21 of the Treaty.
- (4) Decision 2011/426/CFSP should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Decision 2011/426/CFSP is hereby amended as follows:

- (1) In Article 5(1), the following subparagraph is added:

‘The financial reference amount intended to cover the expenditure related to the mandate of the EUSR in the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015 shall be EUR 5 250 000.’.

- (2) In Article 13, the following subparagraph is added:

‘The final comprehensive mandate implementation report shall be submitted before March 2015.’.

*Article 2***Entry into force**

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.

It shall apply from 1 July 2014.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 188, 19.7.2011, p. 30.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 185, 4.7.2013, p. 7.

COUNCIL DECISION 2014/385/CFSP**of 23 June 2014****extending the mandate of the European Union Special Representative for Human Rights**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 31(2) and Article 33 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy,

Whereas:

- (1) On 25 June 2012, the Council adopted the EU Strategic Framework on Human Rights and Democracy and the EU Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy.
- (2) On 25 July 2012, the Council adopted Decision 2012/440/CFSP ⁽¹⁾ appointing Mr Stavros LAMBRINIDIS as the European Union Special Representative (EUSR) for Human Rights. The EUSR mandate is to expire on 30 June 2014.
- (3) The mandate of the EUSR should be extended for a further period of 8 months,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

*Article 1***European Union Special Representative**

The mandate of Mr Stavros LAMBRINIDIS as the EUSR for Human Rights is hereby extended until 28 February 2015. The Council may decide that the mandate of the EUSR be terminated earlier, based on an assessment by the Political and Security Committee (PSC) and a proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy (HR).

*Article 2***Policy objectives**

The mandate of the EUSR shall be based on the policy objectives of the Union regarding human rights as set out in the Treaty, the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union, as well as the EU Strategic Framework on Human Rights and Democracy and the EU Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy:

- (a) enhancing the Union's effectiveness, presence and visibility in protecting and promoting human rights in the world, notably by deepening Union cooperation and political dialogue with third countries, relevant partners, business, civil society, international and regional organisations; and through action in relevant international fora;
- (b) enhancing the Union's contribution to strengthening democracy and institution building, the rule of law, good governance, respect for Human Rights and fundamental freedoms worldwide;
- (c) improving the coherence of Union action on human rights and the integration of human rights in all areas of the Union's external action.

*Article 3***Mandate**

In order to achieve the policy objectives, the mandate of the EUSR shall be to:

- (a) contribute to the implementation of the Union's human rights policy, in particular the EU Strategic Framework on Human Rights and Democracy, and the EU Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy, including by formulating recommendations in this regard;

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 200, 27.7.2012, p. 21.

- (b) contribute to the implementation of Union guidelines, toolkits, and action plans on human rights and international humanitarian law;
- (c) enhance dialogue with governments in third countries and international and regional organisations on human rights, as well as with civil society organisations and other relevant actors in order to ensure the effectiveness and visibility of the Union's human rights policy;
- (d) contribute to better coherence and consistency of the Union policies and actions in the area of protection and promotion of human rights, notably by providing input to the formulation of relevant policies of the Union.

Article 4

Implementation of the mandate

1. The EUSR shall be responsible for the implementation of the mandate, acting under the authority of the HR.
2. The PSC shall maintain a privileged link with the EUSR, and shall be the EUSR's primary point of contact with the Council. The PSC shall provide the EUSR with strategic guidance and political direction within the framework of the mandate, without prejudice to the powers of the HR.
3. The EUSR shall work in full coordination with the European External Action Service (EEAS) and its competent departments in order to ensure coherence and consistency in their respective work in the area of human rights.

Article 5

Financing

1. The financial reference amount intended to cover the expenditure related to the mandate of the EUSR from 1 July 2014 to 28 February 2015 shall be EUR 550 000.
2. The financial reference amount for the subsequent period for the EUSR for Human Rights shall be decided by the Council.
3. The expenditure shall be managed in accordance with the procedures and rules applicable to the general budget of the Union.
4. The management of the expenditure shall be subject to a contract between the EUSR and the Commission. The EUSR shall be accountable to the Commission for all expenditure.

Article 6

Constitution and composition of the team

1. Within the limits of the mandate and the corresponding financial means made available, the EUSR shall be responsible for constituting a team. The team shall include expertise on specific policy issues as required by the mandate. The EUSR shall keep the Council and the Commission promptly informed of the composition of the team.
2. Member States, the institutions of the Union and the EEAS may propose the secondment of staff to work with the EUSR. The salary of such seconded personnel shall be covered by the Member State, the institution of the Union concerned or the EEAS, respectively. Experts seconded by Member States to the institutions of the Union or the EEAS may also be posted to the EUSR. International contracted staff shall have the nationality of a Member State.
3. All seconded personnel shall remain under the administrative authority of the sending Member State, institution of the Union or the EEAS, and shall carry out their duties and act in the interest of the mandate of the EUSR.

Article 7

Security of EU classified information

The EUSR and the members of his team shall respect the security principles and minimum standards established by Council Decision 2013/488/EU ⁽¹⁾.

⁽¹⁾ Council Decision 2013/488/EU of 23 September 2013 on the security rules for protecting EU classified information (OJ L 274, 15.10.2013, p. 1).

*Article 8***Access to information and logistical support**

1. Member States, the Commission, the EEAS and the General Secretariat of the Council shall ensure that the EUSR is given access to any relevant information;
2. The Union delegations and the diplomatic representations of Member States shall, as appropriate, provide logistical support to the EUSR.

*Article 9***Security**

In accordance with the Union's policy on the security of personnel deployed outside the Union in an operational capacity under Title V of the Treaty, the EUSR shall take all reasonably practicable measures, in conformity with the mandate and on the basis of the security situation in the relevant country, for the security of all personnel under the EUSR's direct authority, in particular by:

- (a) establishing a specific security plan based on guidance from the EEAS, including specific physical, organisational and procedural security measures, governing management of the secure movement of personnel to, and within, the geographic area, as well as management of security incidents and a mission contingency and evacuation plan;
- (b) ensuring that all personnel deployed outside the Union are covered by high risk insurance as required by the conditions in the geographic area;
- (c) ensuring that all members of the EUSR's team to be deployed outside the Union, including locally contracted personnel, have received appropriate security training before or upon arriving in the geographic area, based on the risk ratings assigned to that area;
- (d) ensuring that all agreed recommendations made following regular security assessments are implemented, and providing the HR, the Council and the Commission with written reports on their implementation and on other security issues within the framework of the progress and mandate implementation reports.

*Article 10***Reporting**

The EUSR shall regularly provide the HR and the PSC with reports. The EUSR shall also report to Council working parties, in particular the Working Party on Human Rights, as necessary. Regular reports shall be circulated through the COREU network. The EUSR may provide the Foreign Affairs Council with reports. In accordance with Article 36 of the Treaty, the EUSR may be involved in briefing the European Parliament.

*Article 11***Coordination**

1. The EUSR shall contribute to the unity, consistency and effectiveness of the Union's action and shall help to ensure that all Union instruments and Member States' actions are engaged consistently, to attain the Union's policy objectives. The EUSR shall work in coordination with the Member States and the Commission, as well as other European Union Special Representatives, as appropriate. The EUSR shall provide regular briefings to Member States' missions and Union delegations.
2. In the field, close liaison shall be maintained with the Heads of Union delegations, Member States' Heads of Mission, as well as with Heads or Commanders of Common Security and Defence Policy missions and operations and other European Union Special Representatives as appropriate, who shall make best efforts to assist the EUSR in the implementation of the mandate.
3. The EUSR shall also liaise and seek complementarity and synergies with other international and regional actors at Headquarters' level and in the field. The EUSR shall seek regular contacts with civil society organisations both at Headquarters and in the field.

*Article 12***Review**

The implementation of this Decision and its consistency with other contributions from the Union to the region shall be kept under regular review. The EUSR shall present the HR, the Council and the Commission with a comprehensive mandate implementation report by the end of November 2014.

*Article 13***Entry into force**

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.

It shall apply from 1 July 2014.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

COUNCIL DECISION 2014/386/CFSP**of 23 June 2014****concerning restrictions on goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol, in response to the illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 29 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) On 6 March 2014, the Heads of State or Government of the Union's Member States strongly condemned the unprovoked violation of Ukrainian sovereignty and territorial integrity by the Russian Federation.
- (2) On 17 March 2014, the Council adopted Decision 2014/145/CFSP ⁽¹⁾ concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine.
- (3) At its meeting on 20-21 March 2014, the European Council strongly condemned the illegal annexation of the Autonomous Republic of Crimea ('Crimea') and the city of Sevastopol ('Sevastopol') to the Russian Federation and emphasised that it will not recognise it. The European Council considered that certain economic, trade and financial restrictions regarding Crimea should be proposed for rapid implementation.
- (4) On 27 March 2014, the United Nations General Assembly adopted Resolution 68/262 on the territorial integrity of Ukraine, affirming its commitment to the sovereignty, political independence, unity and territorial integrity of Ukraine within its internationally recognised borders, underscoring the invalidity of the referendum held in Crimea on 16 March, and calling upon all States not to recognise any alterations to the status of Crimea and Sevastopol.
- (5) In these circumstances, the Council considers that the import into the European Union of goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol should be prohibited, with the exception of goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol having been granted a certificate of origin by the Government of Ukraine.
- (6) In order to ensure that the measures provided for in this Decision are effective, it should enter into force on the day following that of its publication.
- (7) Further action by the Union is needed in order to implement certain measures,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. The import into the Union of goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol shall be prohibited.
2. It shall be prohibited to provide, directly or indirectly, financing or financial assistance, as well as insurance and reinsurance, related to the import of goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol.

Article 2

The prohibitions set out in Article 1 shall not apply to goods originating in Crimea or Sevastopol which have been made available for examination to, and have been controlled by the Ukrainian authorities and which have been granted a certificate of origin by the Government of Ukraine.

Article 3

The prohibitions set out in Article 1 shall be without prejudice to the execution until 26 September 2014 of contracts concluded before 25 June 2014 or ancillary contracts necessary for the execution of such contracts, to be concluded and executed not later than 26 September 2014.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 78, 17.3.2014, p.16.

Article 4

It shall be prohibited to participate, knowingly and intentionally, in activities the object or effect of which is to circumvent the prohibitions laid down in Article 1.

Article 5

This Decision shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Decision shall apply until 23 June 2015.

This Decision shall be kept under constant review. It shall be renewed, or amended as appropriate, if the Council deems that its objectives have not been met.

Done at Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

COUNCIL IMPLEMENTING DECISION 2014/387/CFSP
of 23 June 2014
implementing Decision 2013/255/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against Syria

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 31(2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Decision 2013/255/CFSP of 31 May 2013 concerning restrictive measures against Syria ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 30(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) On 31 May 2013, the Council adopted Decision 2013/255/CFSP.
- (2) The information relating to one person listed in Annex I to Decision 2013/255/CFSP should be updated.
- (3) In view of the gravity of the situation, twelve persons should be added to the list of natural and legal persons, entities or bodies subject to restrictive measures in Annex I to Decision 2013/255/CFSP.
- (4) Decision 2013/255/CFSP should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Annex I to Decision 2013/255/CFSP is amended as set out in the Annex to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at, Luxembourg, 23 June 2014.

For the Council
The President
C. ASHTON

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 147, 1.6.2013, p. 14.

ANNEX

1. The entry concerning the person listed below, as set out in Section A of Annex I to Decision 2013/255/CFSP, is replaced by the following entry:

	Name	Identifying information	Reasons	Date of listing
152.	Dr. Qadri (قَدري) (a.k.a. Kadri) Jamil (جميل) (a.k.a. Jameel)		Former Vice Prime Minister for Economic Affairs, former Minister of Domestic Trade and Consumer protection. As a former Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	16.10.2012

2. The following persons are added to the list of natural and legal persons, entities or bodies set out in Section A of Annex I to Decision 2013/255/CFSP:

	Name	Identifying information	Reasons	Date of listing
180.	Ahmad al-Qadri	Date of birth: 1956	Agriculture and Agrarian Reform Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
181.	Suleiman Al Abbas		Oil and Mineral Resources Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
182.	Kamal Eddin Tu'ma	Date of birth: 1959	Industry Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
183.	Kinda al-Shammat (a.k.a. Shmat)	Date of birth: 1973	Social Affairs Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
184.	Hassan Hijazi	Date of birth: 1964	Labour Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
185.	Ismael Ismael (a.k.a. Ismail Ismail, or Isma'il Isma'il)	Date of birth: 1955	Finance Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
186.	Dr Khodr Orfali (a.k.a. Khud/Khudr Urfali/Orphaly)	Date of birth: 1956	Economy and Foreign Trade Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
187.	Samir Izzat Qadi Amin	Date of birth: 1966	Internal Trade and Consumer Protection Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014

	Name	Identifying information	Reasons	Date of listing
188.	Bishr Riyad Yazigi	Date of birth: 1972	Tourism Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
189.	Dr Malek Ali (a.k.a. Malik)	Date of birth: 1956	Higher Education Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
190.	Hussein Arnous (a.k.a. Arnus)	Date of birth: 1953	Public Works Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014
191.	Dr Hassib Elias Shammass (a.k.a. Hasib)	Date of birth: 1957	State Minister. As a Government Minister, shares responsibility for the regime's violent repression against the civilian population.	24.6.2014

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION**of 16 June 2014****setting up the list of regions and areas eligible for funding from the European Regional Development Fund under the cross-border and transnational components of the European territorial cooperation goal for the period 2014 to 2020***(notified under document number C(2014) 3898)*

(2014/388/EU)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1299/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 on specific provisions for the support from the European Regional Development Fund to the European territorial cooperation goal ⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 3(1) and the first subparagraph of Article 3(3) thereof,

After consulting the Coordination Committee for the European Structural and Investment Funds established by Article 150(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1303/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 laying down common provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and laying down general provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund, the Cohesion Fund and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1083/2006 ⁽²⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) The European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) supports the 'European territorial cooperation goal' in certain regions corresponding to level 3 of the common classification of territorial units for statistics (hereinafter referred to as 'NUTS level 3') for cross-border cooperation, in all regions corresponding to level 2 of the common classification of territorial units for statistics (hereinafter referred to as 'NUTS level 2') for transnational cooperation, which was established by Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽³⁾ as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No 31/2011 ⁽⁴⁾. It is therefore necessary to set out these lists of eligible regions.
- (2) Pursuant to the third subparagraph of Article 3(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1299/2013, the list of eligible regions for cross-border cooperation is also to specify those NUTS level 3 regions of the Union taken into account for the ERDF allocation for cross-border cooperation at all internal borders, and those external borders covered by the external financial instruments of the Union, such as the European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI) within the scope of Regulation (EU) No 232/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽⁵⁾ and the Pre-Accession Assistance (IPA II) within the scope of Regulation (EU) No 231/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽⁶⁾.
- (3) Pursuant to the fifth subparagraph of Article 3(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1299/2013, at the request of the Member State or Member States concerned, this list may also cover NUTS level 3 regions in outermost regions along maritime borders separated by more than 150 km as cross-border areas.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 259.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 320.

⁽³⁾ Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the establishment of a common classification of territorial units for statistics (NUTS) (OJ L 154, 21.6.2003, p. 1).

⁽⁴⁾ Commission Regulation (EU) No 31/2011 of 17 January 2011 amending annexes to Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the establishment of a common classification of territorial units for statistics (NUTS) (OJ L 13, 18.1.2011, p. 3).

⁽⁵⁾ Regulation (EU) No 232/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2014 establishing a European Neighbourhood Instrument (OJ L 77, 15.3.2014, p. 27).

⁽⁶⁾ Regulation (EU) No 231/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2014 establishing an Instrument for Pre-accession Assistance (IPA II) (OJ L 77, 15.3.2014, p. 11).

- (4) Pursuant to Article 3(6) of Regulation (EU) No 1299/2013, the Commission decision setting out the lists of cross-border and transnational areas is also to mention, for information purposes, the regions of third countries or territories, as referred to in paragraphs 2 and 4 of Article 3 of that Regulation.
- (5) It is therefore necessary to establish the lists of cross-border and transnational areas eligible for funding from the ERDF, broken down by cooperation programme,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The regions and areas eligible for funding from the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) under the cross-border component of the European territorial cooperation goal shall be those listed in Annex I.

Article 2

The NUTS level 3 regions of the Union which have been taken into account for the ERDF allocation for cross-border cooperation, but which are not part of any cross-border area listed in Annex I, and which will be covered by the external financial instruments of the Union, such as the European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI) within the scope of Regulation (EU) No 232/2014 and the Pre- Accession Assistance (IPA II) within the scope of Regulation (EU) No 231/2014, shall be those listed in Annex II.

Article 3

The regions and areas eligible for funding from the ERDF under the transnational component of the European territorial cooperation goal shall be those listed in Annex III.

Article 4

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 June 2014.

For the Commission
Johannes HAHN
Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

List of areas to receive support, broken down by cross-border cooperation programme

2014TC16RFCB001	BE-DE-NL	(Interreg V-A) Belgium-Germany-The Netherlands (Euregio Meuse-Rhin/Euregio Maas-Rijn/Euregio Maas-Rhein)	
	BE221	Arr. Hasselt	(*)
	BE222	Arr. Maaseik	(*)
	BE223	Arr. Tongeren	(*)
	BE332	Arr. Liège	(*)
	BE335	Arr. Verviers — communes francophones	(*)
	BE336	Bezirk Verviers — Deutschsprachige Gemeinschaft	(*)
	DEA26	Düren	(*)
	DEA28	Euskirchen	(*)
	DEA29	Heinsberg	(*)
	DEA2D	Städteregion Aachen	(*)
	DEB23	Eifelkreis Bitburg-Prüm	(*)
	DEB24	Vulkaneifel	(*)
	NL422	Midden-Limburg	(*)
	NL423	Zuid-Limburg	(*)
2014TC16RFCB002	AT-CZ	(Interreg V-A) Austria-Czech Republic	
	AT121	Mostviertel-Eisenwurzen	
	AT123	Sankt Pölten	
	AT124	Waldviertel	(*)
	AT125	Weinviertel	(*)
	AT126	Wiener Umland/Nordteil	(*)
	AT130	Wien	(*)
	AT311	Innviertel	(*)
	AT312	Linz-Wels	
	AT313	Mühlviertel	(*)
	AT314	Steyr-Kirchdorf	

	CZ031	Jihočeský kraj	(*)
	CZ063	Kraj Vysočina	(*)
	CZ064	Jihomoravský kraj	(*)
2014TC16RFCB003	SK-AT	(Interreg V-A) Slovakia-Austria	
	AT111	Mittelburgenland	(*)
	AT112	Nordburgenland	(*)
	AT121	Mostviertel-Eisenwurzen	
	AT122	Niederösterreich-Süd	
	AT123	Sankt Pölten	
	AT124	Waldviertel	(*)
	AT125	Weinviertel	(*)
	AT126	Wiener Umland/Nordteil	(*)
	AT127	Wiener Umland/Südteil	(*)
	AT130	Wien	(*)
	SK010	Bratislavský kraj	(*)
	SK021	Trnavský kraj	(*)
2014TC16RFCB004	AT-DE	(Interreg V-A) Austria–Germany/Bavaria (Bayern–Österreich)	
	AT311	Innviertel	(*)
	AT312	Linz-Wels	
	AT313	Mühlviertel	(*)
	AT314	Steyr-Kirchdorf	
	AT315	Traunviertel	
	AT321	Lungau	
	AT322	Pinzgau-Pongau	(*)
	AT323	Salzburg und Umgebung	(*)
	AT331	Außerfern	(*)
	AT332	Innsbruck	(*)
	AT333	Osttirol	(*)

	AT334	Tiroler Oberland	(*)
	AT335	Tiroler Unterland	(*)
	AT341	Bludenz-Bregenzer Wald	(*)
	AT342	Rheintal-Bodenseegebiet	(*)
	DE213	Rosenheim, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE214	Altötting	(*)
	DE215	Berchtesgadener Land	(*)
	DE216	Bad Tölz-Wolfratshausen	(*)
	DE21D	Garmisch-Partenkirchen	(*)
	DE21F	Miesbach	(*)
	DE21G	Mühldorf a. Inn	
	DE21K	Rosenheim, Landkreis	(*)
	DE21M	Traunstein	(*)
	DE21N	Weilheim-Schongau	
	DE221	Landshut, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DE222	Passau, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE224	Deggendorf	
	DE225	Freyung-Grafenau	(*)
	DE227	Landshut, Landkreis	
	DE228	Passau, Landkreis	(*)
	DE229	Regen	(*)
	DE22A	Rottal-Inn	(*)
	DE22C	Dingolfing-Landau	
	DE272	Kaufbeuren, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE273	Kempten (Allgäu), Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE274	Memmingen, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DE27A	Lindau (Bodensee)	(*)
	DE27B	Ostallgäu	(*)
	DE27C	Unterallgäu	
	DE27E	Oberallgäu	(*)

2014TC16RFCB005	ES-PT	(Interreg V-A) Spain-Portugal (POCTEP)	
	ES111	A Coruña	
	ES112	Lugo	
	ES113	Ourense	(*)
	ES114	Pontevedra	(*)
	ES411	Ávila	
	ES413	León	
	ES415	Salamanca	(*)
	ES418	Valladolid	
	ES419	Zamora	(*)
	ES431	Badajoz	(*)
	ES432	Cáceres	(*)
	ES612	Cádiz	(*)
	ES613	Córdoba	
	ES615	Huelva	(*)
	ES618	Sevilla	
	PT111	Minho-Lima	(*)
	PT112	Cávado	(*)
	PT113	Ave	
	PT114	Grande Porto	
	PT115	Tâmega	
	PT117	Douro	(*)
	PT118	Alto Trás-os-Montes	(*)
	PT150	Algarve	(*)
	PT165	Dão-Lafões	
	PT166	Pinhal Interior Sul	
	PT167	Serra da Estrela	
	PT168	Beira Interior Norte	(*)
	PT169	Beira Interior Sul	(*)
	PT16A	Cova da Beira	
	PT181	Alentejo Litoral	

	PT182	Alto Alentejo	(*)
	PT183	Alentejo Central	(*)
	PT184	Baixo Alentejo	(*)
2014TC16RFCB006	ES-FR-AD	(Interreg V-A) Spain-France-Andorra (POCTEFA)	
	ES211	Álava	
	ES212	Guipúzcoa	(*)
	ES213	Vizcaya	
	ES220	Navarra	(*)
	ES230	La Rioja	
	ES241	Huesca	(*)
	ES243	Zaragoza	
	ES511	Barcelona	
	ES512	Girona	(*)
	ES513	Lleida	(*)
	ES514	Tarragona	
	FR615	Pyrénées-Atlantiques	(*)
	FR621	Ariège	(*)
	FR623	Haute-Garonne	(*)
	FR626	Hautes-Pyrénées	(*)
	FR815	Pyrénées orientales	(*)
	AD000	Andorra	(**)
2014TC16RFCB007	ES-PT	(Interreg V-A) Spain-Portugal (Madeira-Açores-Canarias (MAC))	
	ES703	El Hierro	
	ES704	Fuerteventura	(*)
	ES705	Gran Canaria	(*)
	ES706	La Gomera	
	ES707	La Palma	
	ES708	Lanzarote	(*)

	ES709	Tenerife	
	PT200	Região Autónoma dos Açores	
	PT300	Região Autónoma de Madeira	
	CP	Cape Verde	(**)
	MR	Mauritania	(**)
	SN	Senegal	(**)
2014TC16RFCB008	HU-HR	(Interreg V-A) Hungary-Croatia	
	HR044	Varaždinska županija	(*)
	HR045	Koprivničko-križevačka županija	(*)
	HR046	Međimurska županija	(*)
	HR047	Bjelovarsko-bilogorska županija	
	HR048	Virovitičko-podravska županija	(*)
	HR049	Požeško-slavonska županija	
	HR04B	Osječko-baranjska županija	(*)
	HR04C	Vukovarsko-srijemska županija	(*)
	HU223	Zala	(*)
	HU231	Baranya	(*)
	HU232	Somogy	(*)
2014TC16RFCB009	DE-CZ	(Interreg V-A) Germany/Bavaria-Czech Republic	
	CZ031	Jihočeský kraj	(*)
	CZ032	Plzeňský kraj	(*)
	CZ041	Karlovarský kraj	(*)
	DE222	Passau, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE223	Straubing, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DE224	Deggendorf	
	DE225	Freyung-Grafenau	(*)

	DE228	Passau, Landkreis	(*)
	DE229	Regen	(*)
	DE22B	Straubing-Bogen	
	DE231	Amberg, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DE232	Regensburg, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DE233	Weiden i. d. Opf, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE234	Amberg-Sulzbach	
	DE235	Cham	(*)
	DE237	Neustadt a. d. Waldnaab	(*)
	DE238	Regensburg, Landkreis	
	DE239	Schwandorf	(*)
	DE23A	Tirschenreuth	(*)
	DE242	Bayreuth, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DE244	Hof, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE246	Bayreuth, Landkreis	
	DE249	Hof, Landkreis	(*)
	DE24A	Kronach	
	DE24B	Kulmbach	
	DE24D	Wunsiedel i. Fichtelgebirge	(*)
2014TC16RFCB010	AT-HU	(Interreg V-A) Austria-Hungary	
	AT111	Mittelburgenland	(*)
	AT112	Nordburgenland	(*)
	AT113	Südburgenland	(*)
	AT122	Niederösterreich-Süd	
	AT127	Wiener Umland/Südteil	(*)
	AT130	Wien	(*)
	AT221	Graz	
	AT224	Oststeiermark	(*)
	HU221	Győr-Moson-Sopron	(*)

	HU222	Vas	(*)
	HU223	Zala	(*)
2014TC16RFCB011	DE-PL	(Interreg V-A) Germany/Brandenburg-Poland	
	DE402	Cottbus, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE403	Frankfurt (Oder), Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE409	Märkisch-Oderland	(*)
	DE40C	Oder-Spree	(*)
	DE40G	Spree-Neiße	(*)
	PL431	Gorzowski	(*)
	PL432	Zielonogórski	(*)
2014TC16RFCB012	PL-SK	(Interreg V-A) Poland-Slovakia	
	PL214	Krakowski	
	PL215	Nowosądecki	(*)
	PL216	Oświęcimski	(*)
	PL225	Bielski	(*)
	PL22C	Tyski	
	PL323	Krośnieński	(*)
	PL324	Przemyski	(*)
	PL325	Rzeszowski	
	SK031	Žilinský kraj	(*)
	SK041	Prešovský kraj	(*)
	SK042	Košický kraj	(*)
2014TC16RFCB013	PL-DK-DE-LT-SE	(Interreg V-A) Poland-Denmark-Germany-Lithuania-Sweden (SOUTH BALTIC)	
	DE801	Greifswald, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE803	Rostock, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE805	Stralsund, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)

	DE806	Wismar, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE807	Bad Doberan	(*)
	DE80D	Nordvorpommern	(*)
	DE80E	Nordwestmecklenburg	(*)
	DE80F	Ostvorpommern	(*)
	DE80H	Rügen	(*)
	DE80I	Uecker-Randow	(*)
	DE809	Güstrow	
	DE808	Demmin	
	DK014	Bornholm	(*)
	DK021	Østsjælland	(*)
	DK022	Vest- og Sydsjælland	(*)
	LT003	Klaipėdos apskritis	(*)
	LT007	Tauragės apskritis	(*)
	LT008	Telšių apskritis	(*)
	PL422	Koszaliński	(*)
	PL423	Stargardzki	(*)
	PL424	Miasto Szczecin	(*)
	PL425	Szczeciński	(*)
	PL621	Elbląski	(*)
	PL631	Słupski	(*)
	PL633	Trójmiejski	(*)
	PL634	Gdański	(*)
	PL635	Starogardzki	
	SE212	Kronobergs län	
	SE213	Kalmar län	(*)
	SE221	Blekinge län	(*)
	SE224	Skåne län	(*)
2014TC16RFCB014	FI-EE-LV-SE	(Interreg V-A) Finland-Estonia-Latvia-Sweden (Central Baltic)	
	EE001	Põhja-Eesti	(*)
	EE004	Lääne-Eesti	(*)

	EE006	Kesk-Eesti	(*)
	EE007	Kirde-Eesti	(*)
	EE008	Lõuna-Eesti	(*)
	FI1B1	Helsinki-Uusimaa	(*)
	FI1C1	Varsinais-Suomi	(*)
	FI1C2	Kanta-Häme	
	FI1C3	Päijät-Häme	
	FI1C4	Kymenlaakso	(*)
	FI1C5	Etelä-Karjala	(*)
	FI196	Satakunta	(*)
	FI197	Pirkanmaa	
	FI200	Åland	(*)
	LV003	Kurzeme	(*)
	LV006	Rīga	(*)
	LV007	Pierīga	(*)
	LV008	Vidzeme	(*)
	LV009	Zemgale	(*)
	SE110	Stockholms län	(*)
	SE121	Uppsala län	(*)
	SE122	Södermanlands län	(*)
	SE123	Östergötlands län	(*)
	SE124	Örebro län	
	SE125	Västmanlands län	
	SE214	Gotlands län	(*)
	SE313	Gävleborgs län	(*)
2014TC16RFCB015	SK-HU	(Interreg V-A) Slovakia-Hungary	
	HU101	Budapest	(*)
	HU102	Pest	(*)
	HU212	Komárom-Esztergom	(*)
	HU221	Győr-Moson-Sopron	(*)

	HU311	Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén	(*)
	HU312	Heves	(*)
	HU313	Nógrád	(*)
	HU323	Szabolcs-Szatmár-Bereg	(*)
	SK010	Bratislavský kraj	(*)
	SK021	Trnavský kraj	(*)
	SK023	Nitriansky kraj	(*)
	SK032	Banskobystrický kraj	(*)
	SK042	Košický kraj	(*)
2014TC16RFCB016	SE-NO	(Interreg V-A) Sweden-Norway	
	SE311	Värmlands län	(*)
	SE312	Dalarnas län	(*)
	SE321	Västernorrlands län	(*)
	SE322	Jämtlands län	(*)
	SE232	Västra Götaland	(*)
	NO012	Akershus	(**)
	NO021	Hedmark	(**)
	NO031	Østfold	(**)
	NO061	Sør-Trøndelag	(**)
	NO062	Nord-Trøndelag	(**)
2014TC16RFCB017	DE-CZ	(Interreg V-A) Germany/Saxony-Czech Republic	
	CZ041	Karlovarský kraj	(*)
	CZ042	Ústecký kraj	(*)
	CZ051	Liberecký kraj	(*)
	DED21	Dresden, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DED2C	Bautzen	(*)
	DED2D	Görlitz	(*)
	DED2F	Sächsische Schweiz-Osterzgebirge	(*)

	DED41	Chemnitz, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DED42	Erzgebirgskreis	(*)
	DED43	Mittelsachsen	(*)
	DED44	Vogtlandkreis	(*)
	DED45	Zwickau	
	DEG0K	Saale-Orla-Kreis	
	DEG0L	Greiz	
2014TC16RFCB018	PL-DE	(Interreg V-A) Poland-Germany/Saxony	
	DED2C	Bautzen	(*)
	DED2D	Görlitz	(*)
	PL432	Zielonogórski	(*)
	PL515	Jeleniogórski	(*)
2014TC16RFCB019	DE-PL	(Interreg V-A) Germany/Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania/Brandenburg-Poland	
	DE405	Barnim	(*)
	DE409	Märkisch-Oderland	(*)
	DE40I	Uckermark	(*)
	DE801	Greifswald, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE802	Neubrandenburg, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DE805	Stralsund, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE808	Demmin	
	DE80B	Mecklenburg-Strelitz	
	DE80C	Müritz	
	DE80D	Nordvorpommern	(*)
	DE80F	Ostvorpommern	(*)
	DE80H	Rügen	(*)
	DE80I	Uecker-Randow	(*)
	PL422	Koszaliński	(*)
	PL423	Stargardzki	(*)

	PL424	Miasto Szczecin	(*)
	PL425	Szczeciński	(*)
2014TC16RFCB020	EL-IT	(Interreg V-A) Greece-Italy	
	EL211	Άρτα (Arta)	
	EL212	Θεσπρωτία (Thesprotia)	(*)
	EL213	Ιωάννινα (Ioannina)	(*)
	EL214	Πρέβεζα (Preveza)	(*)
	EL221	Ζάκυνθος (Zakynthos)	(*)
	EL222	Κέρκυρα (Kerkyra)	(*)
	EL223	Κεφαλληνία (Kefallinia)	(*)
	EL224	Λευκάδα (Lefkada)	(*)
	EL231	Αιτωλοακαρνανία (Aitolokarnania)	(*)
	EL232	Αχαΐα (Achaia)	(*)
	EL233	Ηλεία (Ileia)	
	ITF43	Taranto	
	ITF44	Brindisi	(*)
	ITF45	Lecce	(*)
	ITF46	Foggia	(*)
	ITF47	Bari	(*)
	ITF48	Barletta-Andria-Trani	(*)
2014TC16RFCB021	RO-BG	(Interreg V-A) Romania-Bulgaria	
	BG311	Видин (Vidin)	(*)
	BG312	Монтана (Montana)	(*)
	BG313	Враца (Vratsa)	(*)
	BG314	Плевен (Pleven)	(*)
	BG321	Велико Търново (Veliko Tarnovo)	(*)
	BG323	Русе (Ruse)	(*)
	BG325	Силистра (Silistra)	(*)

	BG332	Добрич (Dobrich)	(*)
	RO223	Constanța	(*)
	RO312	Călărași	(*)
	RO314	Giurgiu	(*)
	RO317	Teleorman	(*)
	RO411	Dolj	(*)
	RO413	Mehedinți	(*)
	RO414	Olt	(*)
2014TC16RFCB022	EL-BG	(Interreg V-A) Greece-Bulgaria	
	BG413	Благоевград (Blagoevgrad)	(*)
	BG422	Хасково (Haskovo)	(*)
	BG424	Смолян (Smolyan)	(*)
	BG425	Кърджали (Kardzhali)	(*)
	EL111	Έβρος (Evros)	(*)
	EL112	Ξάνθη (Xanthi)	(*)
	EL113	Ροδόπη (Rodopi)	(*)
	EL114	Δράμα (Drama)	(*)
	EL115	Καβάλα (Kavala)	(*)
	EL122	Θεσσαλονίκη (Thessaloniki)	(*)
	EL126	Σέρρες (Serres)	(*)
2014TC16RFCB023	DE-NL	(Interreg V-A) Germany-The Netherlands	
	DE941	Stadt Delmenhorst	
	DE942	Emden, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE943	Stadt Oldenburg	
	DE944	Osnabrück, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DE945	Stadt Wilhelmshaven	
	DE946	Ammerland	
	DE947	Aurich	(*)

	DE948	Cloppenburg	
	DE949	Emsland	(*)
	DE94A	Friesland (D)	
	DE94B	Grafschaft Bentheim	(*)
	DE94C	Leer	(*)
	DE94D	Landkreis Oldenburg	
	DE94E	Osnabrück, Landkreis	
	DE94F	Landkreis Vechta	
	DE94G	Landkreis Wesermarsch	
	DE94H	Wittmund	
	DEA11	Stadt Düsseldorf	
	DEA12	Duisburg, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEA14	Krefeld, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEA15	Mönchengladbach, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEA1B	Kleve	(*)
	DEA1D	Rhein-Kreis Neuss	
	DEA1E	Viersen	(*)
	DEA1F	Wesel	(*)
	DEA33	Münster, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEA34	Borken	(*)
	DEA35	Coesfeld	
	DEA37	Steinfurt	(*)
	DEA38	Warendorf	
	NL111	Oost-Groningen	(*)
	NL112	Delfzijl en omgeving	(*)
	NL113	Overig Groningen	(*)
	NL121	Noord-Friesland	(*)
	NL122	Zuidwest-Friesland	
	NL123	Zuidoost-Friesland	
	NL131	Noord-Drenthe	
	NL132	Zuidoost-Drenthe	(*)
	NL133	Zuidwest-Drenthe	

	NL211	Noord-Overijssel	(*)
	NL212	Zuidwest-Overijssel	
	NL213	Twente	(*)
	NL221	Veluwe	
	NL224	Zuidwest-Gelderland	
	NL225	Achterhoek	(*)
	NL226	Arnhem/Nijmegen	(*)
	NL230	Flevoland	
	NL413	Noordoost-Noord-Brabant	(*)
	NL414	Zuidoost Noord-Brabant	(*)
	NL421	Noord-Limburg	(*)
	NL422	Midden-Limburg	(*)
2014TC16RFCB024	DE-AT-CH-LI	(Interreg V-A) Germany-Austria-Switzerland-Liechtenstein (Alpenrhein-Bodensee-Hochrhein)	
	AT341	Bludenz-Bregenzer Wald	(*)
	AT342	Rheintal-Bodenseegebiet	(*)
	DE136	Schwarzwald-Baar-Kreis	(*)
	DE137	Tuttlingen	
	DE138	Konstanz	(*)
	DE139	Lörrach	(*)
	DE13A	Waldshut	(*)
	DE147	Bodenseekreis	(*)
	DE148	Ravensburg	
	DE149	Sigmaringen	
	DE272	Kaufbeuren, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE273	Kempten (Allgäu), Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DE274	Memmingen, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DE27A	Lindau (Bodensee)	(*)
	DE27B	Landkreis Ostallgäu	(*)
	DE27C	Unterallgäu	

	DE27E	Oberallgäu	(*)
	CH033	Aargau	(**)
	CH040	Zürich	(**)
	CH051	Glarus	(**)
	CH052	Schaffhausen	(**)
	CH053	Appenzell Ausserrhoden	(**)
	CH054	Appenzell Innerrhoden	(**)
	CH055	St. Gallen	(**)
	CH056	Graubünden	(**)
	CH057	Thurgau	(**)
	LI000	Liechtenstein	(**)
2014TC16RFCB025	CZ-PL	(Interreg V-A) Czech Republic-Poland	
	CZ051	Liberecký kraj	(*)
	CZ052	Královéhradecký kraj	(*)
	CZ053	Pardubický kraj	(*)
	CZ071	Olomoucký kraj	(*)
	CZ080	Moravskoslezský kraj	(*)
	PL225	Bielski	(*)
	PL227	Rybnicki	(*)
	PL515	Jeleniogórski	(*)
	PL517	Wałbrzyski	(*)
	PL521	Nyski	(*)
	PL522	Opolski	(*)
	PL22C	Tyski	
	PL518	Wrocławski	
2014TC16RFCB026	SE-DK-NO	(Interreg V-A) Sweden-Denmark-Norway (Öresund-Kattegat-Skagerrak)	
	DK011	Byen København	(*)
	DK012	Københavns omegn	(*)

	DK013	Nordsjælland	(*)
	DK014	Bornholm	(*)
	DK021	Østsjælland	(*)
	DK022	Vest- og Sydsjælland	(*)
	DK041	Vestjylland	(*)
	DK042	Østjylland	(*)
	DK050	Nordjylland	(*)
	SE224	Skåne län	(*)
	SE231	Hallands län	(*)
	SE232	Västra Götalands län	(*)
	NO011	Oslo	(**)
	NO012	Akershus	(**)
	NO031	Østfold	(**)
	NO032	Buskerud	(**)
	NO034	Telemark	(**)
	NO033	Vestfold	(**)
	NO041	Aust-Agder	(**)
	NO042	Vest-Agder	(**)
2014TC16RFCB027	LV-LT	(Interreg V-A) Latvia-Lithuania	
	LT002	Kauno apskritis	
	LT003	Klaipėdos apskritis	(*)
	LT005	Panevėžio apskritis	(*)
	LT006	Šiaulių apskritis	(*)
	LT008	Telšių apskritis	(*)
	LT009	Utenos apskritis	(*)
	LV003	Kurzeme	(*)
	LV005	Latgale	(*)
	LV009	Zemgale	(*)

2014TC16RFCB028	SE-FI-NO	(Interreg V-A) Sweden-Finland-Norway (Botnia-Atlantica)	
	FI195	Pohjanmaa	(*)
	FI1D5	Keski-Pohjanmaa	(*)
	FI194	Etelä-Pohjanmaa	
	SE313	Gävleborgs län	(*)
	SE321	Västernorrlands län	(*)
	SE331	Västerbottens län	(*)
	NO071	Nordland	(**)
2014TC16RFCB029	SI-HR	(Interreg V-A) Slovenia-Croatia	
	HR031	Primorsko-goranska županija	(*)
	HR036	Istarska županija	(*)
	HR041	Grad Zagreb	
	HR042	Zagrebačka županija	(*)
	HR043	Krapinsko-zagorska županija	(*)
	HR044	Varaždinska županija	(*)
	HR046	Međimurska županija	(*)
	HR04D	Karlovačka županija	(*)
	SI011	Pomurska	(*)
	SI012	Podravska	(*)
	SI014	Savinjska	(*)
	SI015	Zasavska	
	SI016	Spodnjeposavska	(*)
	SI017	Jugovzhodna Slovenija	(*)
	SI018	Notranjsko-kraška	(*)
	SI021	Osrednjeslovenska	
	SI024	Obalno-kraška	(*)
2014TC16RFCB030	SK-CZ	(Interreg V-A) Slovakia-Czech Republic	
	CZ064	Jihomoravský kraj	(*)

	CZ072	Zlínský kraj	(*)
	CZ080	Moravskoslezský kraj	(*)
	SK021	Trnavský kraj	(*)
	SK022	Trenčiansky kraj	(*)
	SK031	Žilinský kraj	(*)
2014TC16RFCB031	LT-PL	(Interreg V-A) Lithuania-Poland	
	LT001	Alytaus apskritis	(*)
	LT002	Kauno apskritis	
	LT004	Marijampolės apskritis	(*)
	LT007	Tauragės apskritis	(*)
	LT00A	Vilniaus apskritis	(*)
	PL343	Białostocki	(*)
	PL345	Suwalski	(*)
	PL623	Elcki	(*)
2014TC16RFCB032	SE-FI-NO	(Interreg V-A) Sweden-Finland-Norway (Nord)	
	FI1D5	Keski-Pohjanmaa	(*)
	FI1D6	Pohjois-Pohjanmaa	(*)
	FI1D7	Lappi	(*)
	SE312	Dalarnas län	(*)
	SE321	Västernorrlands län	(*)
	SE322	Jämtlands län	(*)
	SE331	Västerbottens län	(*)
	SE332	Norrbottens län	(*)
	NO021	Hedmark	(**)
	NO061	Sør-Trøndelag	(**)
	NO062	Nord-Trøndelag	(**)
	NO071	Nordland	(**)

	NO072	Troms	(**)
	NO073	Finnmark	(**)
2014TC16RFCB033	IT-FR	(Interreg V-A) Italy-France (Maritime)	
	FR823	Alpes-Maritimes	(*)
	FR825	Var	
	FR831	Corse-du-Sud	(*)
	FR832	Haute-Corse	(*)
	ITC31	Imperia	(*)
	ITC32	Savona	(*)
	ITC33	Genova	(*)
	ITC34	La Spezia	(*)
	ITG25	Sassari	(*)
	ITG26	Nuoro	(*)
	ITG27	Cagliari	(*)
	ITG28	Oristano	(*)
	ITG29	Olbia-Tempio	(*)
	ITG2A	Ogliastra	(*)
	ITG2B	Medio Campidano	(*)
	ITG2C	Carbonia-Iglesias	(*)
	ITI11	Massa-Carrara	(*)
	ITI12	Lucca	(*)
	ITI16	Livorno	(*)
	ITI17	Pisa	(*)
	ITI1A	Grosseto	(*)
2014TC16RFCB034	FR-IT	(Interreg V-A) France-Italy (ALCOTRA)	
	FR717	Savoie	(*)
	FR718	Haute-Savoie	(*)
	FR821	Alpes-de-Haute-Provence	(*)
	FR822	Hautes-Alpes	(*)

	FR823	Alpes-Maritimes	(*)
	ITC11	Torino	(*)
	ITC16	Cuneo	(*)
	ITC20	Valle d'Aosta/Vallée d'Aoste	(*)
	ITC31	Imperia	(*)
2014TC16RFCB035	IT-CH	(Interreg V-A) Italy-Switzerland	
	ITC12	Vercelli	(*)
	ITC13	Biella	(*)
	ITC14	Verbano-Cusio-Ossola	(*)
	ITC15	Novara	(*)
	ITC20	Valle d'Aosta/Vallée d'Aoste	(*)
	ITC41	Varese	(*)
	ITC42	Como	(*)
	ITC43	Lecco	(*)
	ITC44	Sondrio	(*)
	ITH10	Bolzano-Bozen	(*)
	CH012	Valais	(**)
	CH056	Graubünden	(**)
	CH070	Ticino	(**)
2014TC16RFCB036	IT-SI	(Interreg V-A) Italy-Slovenia	
	ITH35	Venezia	(*)
	ITH41	Pordenone	
	ITH42	Udine	(*)
	ITH43	Gorizia	(*)
	ITH44	Trieste	(*)
	SI018	Notranjsko-kraška	(*)
	SI021	Osrednjeslovenska	
	SI022	Gorenjska	(*)

	SI023	Goriška	(*)
	SI024	Obalno-kraška	(*)
2014TC16RFCB037	IT-MT	(Interreg V-A) Italy-Malta	
	ITG11	Trapani	(*)
	ITG12	Palermo	
	ITG13	Messina	
	ITG14	Agrigento	(*)
	ITG15	Caltanissetta	(*)
	ITG16	Enna	
	ITG17	Catania	
	ITG18	Ragusa	(*)
	ITG19	Siracusa	(*)
	MT001	Malta	(*)
	MT002	Gozo and Comino/Għawdex u Kemmuna	(*)
2014TC16RFCB038	FR-BE-NL-UK	(Interreg V-A) France-Belgium-The Netherlands-United Kingdom (Les Deux Mers/Two seas/Twee Zeeën)	
	BE211	Arr. Antwerpen	(*)
	BE212	Arr. Mechelen	
	BE213	Arr. Turnhout	(*)
	BE231	Arr. Aalst	
	BE232	Arr. Dendermonde	
	BE233	Arr. Eeklo	(*)
	BE234	Arr. Gent	(*)
	BE235	Arr. Oudenaarde	
	BE236	Arr. Sint-Niklaas	(*)
	BE251	Arr. Brugge	(*)
	BE252	Arr. Diksmuide	
	BE253	Arr. Ieper	(*)
	BE254	Arr. Kortrijk	(*)

	BE255	Arr. Oostende	(*)
	BE256	Arr. Roeselare	
	BE257	Arr. Tielt	
	BE258	Arr. Veurne	(*)
	FR221	Aisne	(*)
	FR223	Somme	(*)
	FR301	Nord	(*)
	FR302	Pas-de-Calais	(*)
	NL321	Kop van Noord-Holland	
	NL322	Alkmaar en omgeving	
	NL323	IJmond	
	NL324	Agglomeratie Haarlem	
	NL332	Agglomeratie's-Gravenhage	
	NL333	Delft en Westland	(*)
	NL337	Agglomeratie Leiden en Bollenstreek	
	NL339	Groot-Rijnmond	(*)
	NL33A	Zuidoost-Zuid-Holland	
	NL341	Zeeuwsch-Vlaanderen	(*)
	NL342	Overig Zeeland	(*)
	NL411	West-Noord-Brabant	(*)
	UKH11	Peterborough	
	UKH12	Cambridgeshire CC	
	UKH13	Norfolk	(*)
	UKH14	Suffolk	(*)
	UKH31	Southend-on-Sea	(*)
	UKH32	Thurrock	(*)
	UKH33	Essex CC	(*)
	UKJ21	Brighton and Hove	(*)
	UKJ22	East Sussex CC	(*)
	UKJ23	Surrey	
	UKJ24	West Sussex	(*)
	UKJ31	Portsmouth	(*)

	UKJ32	Southampton	(*)
	UKJ33	Hampshire CC	(*)
	UKJ34	Isle of Wight	(*)
	UKJ41	Medway	(*)
	UKJ42	Kent CC	(*)
	UKK14	Swindon	
	UKK15	Wiltshire CC	
	UKK21	Bournemouth and Poole	(*)
	UKK22	Dorset CC	(*)
	UKK23	Somerset	
	UKK30	Cornwall and Isles of Scilly	(*)
	UKK41	Plymouth	(*)
	UKK42	Torbay	(*)
	UKK43	Devon CC	(*)
2014TC16RFCB039	FR-DE-CH	(Interreg V-A) France-Germany-Switzerland (Rhin supérieur-Oberrhein)	
	DEB3K	Südwestpfalz	(*)
	DE121	Baden-Baden, Stadtkreis	(*)
	DE122	Karlsruhe, Stadtkreis	(*)
	DE123	Karlsruhe, Landkreis	(*)
	DE124	Rastatt	(*)
	DE131	Freiburg im Breisgau, Stadtkreis	(*)
	DE132	Breisgau-Hochschwarzwald	(*)
	DE133	Emmendingen	(*)
	DE134	Ortenaukreis	(*)
	DE139	Lörrach	(*)
	DE13A	Waldshut	(*)
	DEB33	Landau in der Pfalz, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEB3E	Germersheim	(*)
	DEB3H	Südliche Weinstraße	(*)
	FR421	Bas-Rhin	(*)

	FR422	Haut-Rhin	(*)
	CH023	Solothurn	(**)
	CH025	Jura	(**)
	CH031	Basel-Stadt	(**)
	CH032	Basel-Landschaft	(**)
	CH033	Aargau	(**)
2014TC16RFCB040	FR-UK	(Interreg V-A) France-United Kingdom (Manche-Channel)	
	FR222	Oise	
	FR223	Somme	(*)
	FR231	Eure	
	FR232	Seine-Maritime	(*)
	FR251	Calvados	(*)
	FR252	Manche	(*)
	FR253	Orne	
	FR302	Pas-de-Calais	(*)
	FR521	Côtes-d'Armor	(*)
	FR522	Finistère	(*)
	FR523	Ille-et-Vilaine	(*)
	FR524	Morbihan	
	UKH11	Peterborough	
	UKH12	Cambridgeshire CC	
	UKH13	Norfolk	(*)
	UKH14	Suffolk	(*)
	UKH31	Southend-on-Sea	(*)
	UKH32	Thurrock	(*)
	UKH33	Essex CC	(*)
	UKJ21	Brighton and Hove	(*)
	UKJ22	East Sussex CC	(*)
	UKJ23	Surrey	
	UKJ24	West Sussex	(*)

	UKJ31	Portsmouth	(*)
	UKJ32	Southampton	(*)
	UKJ33	Hampshire CC	(*)
	UKJ34	Isle of Wight	(*)
	UKJ41	Medway	(*)
	UKJ42	Kent CC	(*)
	UKK14	Swindon	
	UKK15	Wiltshire CC	
	UKK21	Bournemouth and Poole	(*)
	UKK22	Dorset CC	(*)
	UKK23	Somerset	
	UKK30	Cornwall and Isles of Scilly	(*)
	UKK41	Plymouth	(*)
	UKK42	Torbay	(*)
	UKK43	Devon CC	(*)
2014TC16RFCB041	FR-CH	(Interreg V-A) France-Switzerland	
	FR431	Doubs	(*)
	FR432	Jura	(*)
	FR434	Territoire de Belfort	(*)
	FR711	Ain	(*)
	FR718	Haute-Savoie	(*)
	CH011	Vaud	(**)
	CH012	Valais	(**)
	CH013	Genève	(**)
	CH021	Bern	(**)
	CH024	Neuchâtel	(**)
	CH025	Jura	(**)
	CH022	Freiburg	(**)

2014TC16RFCB042	IT-HR	(Interreg V-A) Italy-Croatia	
	HR031	Primorsko-goranska županija	(*)
	HR032	Ličko-senjska županija	(*)
	HR033	Zadarska županija	(*)
	HR034	Šibensko-kninska županija	(*)
	HR035	Splitsko-dalmatinska županija	(*)
	HR036	Istarska županija	(*)
	HR037	Dubrovačko-neretvanska županija	(*)
	HR04D	Karlovačka županija	(*)
	ITF12	Teramo	(*)
	ITF13	Pescara	(*)
	ITF14	Chieti	(*)
	ITF22	Campobasso	(*)
	ITF44	Brindisi	(*)
	ITF45	Lecce	(*)
	ITF46	Foggia	(*)
	ITF47	Bari	(*)
	ITF48	Barletta-Andria-Trani	(*)
	ITH35	Venezia	(*)
	ITH36	Padova	(*)
	ITH37	Rovigo	(*)
	ITH41	Pordenone	
	ITH42	Udine	(*)
	ITH43	Gorizia	(*)
	ITH44	Trieste	(*)
	ITH56	Ferrara	(*)
	ITH57	Ravenna	(*)
	ITH58	Forlì-Cesena	(*)
	ITH59	Rimini	(*)
	ITI31	Pesaro e Urbino	(*)
	ITI32	Ancona	(*)

	ITI33	Macerata	(*)
	ITI34	Ascoli Piceno	(*)
	ITI35	Fermo	(*)
2014TC16RFCB043	FR	(Interreg V-A) France (Saint Martin-Sint Maarten)	
	FR910 (part)	Saint Martin	(*)
	SX	Sint Maarten	(**)
2014TC16RFCB044	BE-FR	(Interreg V-A) Belgium-France (France-Wallonie-Vlaanderen)	
	BE234	Arr. Gent	(*)
	BE235	Arr. Oudenaarde	
	BE251	Arr. Brugge	(*)
	BE252	Arr. Diksmuide	
	BE253	Arr. Ieper	(*)
	BE254	Arr. Kortrijk	(*)
	BE255	Arr. Oostende	(*)
	BE256	Arr. Roeselare	
	BE257	Arr. Tielt	
	BE258	Arr. Veurne	(*)
	BE321	Arr. Ath	(*)
	BE322	Arr. Charleroi	
	BE323	Arr. Mons	(*)
	BE324	Arr. Mouscron	(*)
	BE325	Arr. Soignies	
	BE326	Arr. Thuin	(*)
	BE327	Arr. Tournai	(*)
	BE341	Arr. Arlon	(*)
	BE342	Arr. Bastogne	(*)
	BE343	Arr. Marche-en-Famenne	
	BE344	Arr. Neufchâteau	(*)

	BE345	Arr. Virton	(*)
	BE351	Arr. Dinant	(*)
	BE352	Arr. Namur	
	BE353	Arr. Philippeville	(*)
	FR211	Ardennes	(*)
	FR213	Marne	
	FR221	Aisne	(*)
	FR222	Oise	
	FR223	Somme	(*)
	FR301	Nord	(*)
	FR302	Pas-de-Calais	(*)
2014TC16RFCB045	FR-BE-DE-LUX	(Interreg V-A) France-Belgium-Germany-Luxembourg (Grande Région /Großregion)	
	BE331	Arr. Huy	
	BE332	Arr. Liège	(*)
	BE334	Arr. Waremme	
	BE335	Arr. Verviers — communes francophones	(*)
	BE336	Bezirk Verviers — Deutschsprachige Gemeinschaft	(*)
	BE341	Arr. Arlon	(*)
	BE342	Arr. Bastogne	(*)
	BE343	Arr. Marche-en-Famenne	
	BE344	Arr. Neufchâteau	(*)
	BE345	Arr. Virton	(*)
	DEB21	Trier, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEB23	Eifelkreis Bitburg-Prüm	(*)
	DEB25	Trier-Saarburg	(*)
	DEB37	Pirmasens, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEB3A	Zweibrücken, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEB3K	Südwestpfalz	(*)
	DEC01	Regionalverband Saarbrücken	(*)

	DEC02	Merzig-Wadern	(*)
	DEC04	Saarlouis	(*)
	DEC05	Saarpfalz-Kreis	(*)
	DEB15	Birkenfeld	
	DEB22	Bernkastel-Wittlich	
	DEB24	Vulkaneifel	(*)
	DEB31	Frankenthal (Pfalz), Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEB32	Kaiserslautern, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEB33	Landau in der Pfalz, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEB34	Ludwigshafen am Rhein, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEB35	Mainz, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEB36	Neustadt an der Weinstraße, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEB38	Speyer, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEB39	Worms, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEB3B	Alzey-Worms	
	DEB3C	Bad Dürkheim	
	DEB3D	Donnersbergkreis	
	DEB3E	Germersheim	(*)
	DEB3F	Kaiserslautern, Landkreis	
	DEB3G	Kusel	
	DEB3H	Südliche Weinstraße	(*)
	DEB3I	Rhein-Pfalz-Kreis	
	DEB3J	Mainz-Bingen	
	DEC03	Neunkirchen	
	DEC06	St. Wendel	
	FR411	Meurthe-et-Moselle	(*)
	FR412	Meuse	(*)
	FR413	Moselle	(*)
	FR414	Vosges	
	LU000	Luxembourg	(*)

2014TC16RFCB046	BE-NL	(Interreg V-A) Belgium-The Netherlands (Vlaanderen-Nederland)	
	BE211	Arr. Antwerpen	(*)
	BE212	Arr. Mechelen	
	BE213	Arr. Turnhout	(*)
	BE221	Arr. Hasselt	(*)
	BE222	Arr. Maaseik	(*)
	BE223	Arr. Tongeren	(*)
	BE231	Arr. Aalst	
	BE232	Arr. Dendermonde	
	BE233	Arr. Eeklo	(*)
	BE234	Arr. Gent	(*)
	BE235	Arr. Oudenaarde	
	BE236	Arr. Sint-Niklaas	(*)
	BE242	Arr. Leuven	
	BE251	Arr. Brugge	(*)
	BE252	Arr. Diksmuide	
	BE254	Arr. Kortrijk	(*)
	BE255	Arr. Oostende	(*)
	BE256	Arr. Roeselare	
	BE257	Arr. Tielt	
	NL341	Zeeuwsch-Vlaanderen	(*)
	NL342	Overig Zeeland	(*)
	NL411	West-Noord-Brabant	(*)
	NL412	Midden-Noord-Brabant	(*)
	NL413	Noordoost-Noord-Brabant	(*)
	NL414	Zuidoost-Noord-Brabant	(*)
	NL421	Noord-Limburg	(*)
	NL422	Midden-Limburg	(*)
	NL423	Zuid-Limburg	(*)

2014TC16RFCB047	UK-IE	(Interreg V-A) United Kingdom-Ireland (Ireland-Northern Ireland-Scotland)	
	IE011	Border	(*)
	UKM32	Dumfries & Galloway	(*)
	UKM33	East Ayrshire and North Ayrshire mainland	(*)
	UKM37	South Ayrshire	(*)
	UKM63	Lochaber, Skye & Lochalsh, Arran & Cumbrae and Argyll & Bute	(*)
	UKN03	East of Northern Ireland	(*)
	UKN04	North of Northern Ireland	(*)
	UKN05	West and South of Northern Ireland	(*)
	UKM64	Eilean Siar (Western Isles)	
	UKN01	Belfast	
	UKN02	Outer Belfast	
2014TC16RFCB048	UK-IE	(Interreg V-A) United Kingdom-Ireland (Ireland-Wales)	
	IE021	Dublin	(*)
	IE022	Mid-East	(*)
	IE024	South-East (IE)	(*)
	IE025	South-West (IE)	
	UKL11	Isle of Anglesey	(*)
	UKL12	Gwynedd	(*)
	UKL13	Conwy and Denbighshire	(*)
	UKL14	South West Wales	(*)
	UKL18	Swansea	
	UKL23	Flintshire and Wrexham	
2014TC16RFCB049	HU-RO	(Interreg V-A) Hungary-Romania	
	HU321	Hajdú-Bihar	(*)
	HU323	Szabolcs-Szatmár-Bereg	(*)

	HU332	Békés	(*)
	HU333	Csongrád	(*)
	RO111	Bihor	(*)
	RO115	Satu Mare	(*)
	RO421	Arad	(*)
	RO424	Timiș	(*)
2014TC16RFCB050	EE-LV	(Interreg V-A) Estonia-Latvia	
	EE004	Lääne-Eesti	(*)
	EE008	Lõuna-Eesti	(*)
	LV003	Kurzeme	(*)
	LV006	Rīga	(*)
	LV007	Pierīga	(*)
	LV008	Vidzeme	(*)
2014TC16RFCB051	FR	(Interreg V-A) France (Mayotte/Comores/Madagascar)	
	YT	Mayotte	
	KM	Comoros	(**)
	MG	Madagascar	(**)
2014TC16RFCB052	IT-AT	(Interreg V-A) Italy-Austria	
	AT211	Klagenfurt-Villach	(*)
	AT212	Oberkärnten	(*)
	AT213	Unterkärnten	(*)
	AT321	Lungau	
	AT322	Pinzgau-Pongau	(*)
	AT323	Salzburg und Umgebung	(*)
	AT331	Außerfern	(*)
	AT332	Innsbruck	(*)
	AT333	Osttirol	(*)

	AT334	Tiroler Oberland	(*)
	AT335	Tiroler Unterland	(*)
	ITH10	Bolzano-Bozen	(*)
	ITH32	Vicenza	
	ITH33	Belluno	(*)
	ITH34	Treviso	
	ITH41	Pordenone	
	ITH42	Udine	(*)
	ITH43	Gorizia	(*)
	ITH44	Trieste	(*)
2014TC16RFCB053	SI-HU	(Interreg V-A) Slovenia-Hungary	
	HU222	Vas	(*)
	HU223	Zala	(*)
	SI011	Pomurska	(*)
	SI012	Podravska	(*)
2014TC16RFCB054	SI-AT	(Interreg V-A) Slovenia-Austria	
	AT111	Mittelburgenland	(*)
	AT113	Südburgenland	(*)
	AT211	Klagenfurt-Villach	(*)
	AT212	Oberkärnten	(*)
	AT213	Unterkärnten	(*)
	AT221	Graz	
	AT223	Östliche Obersteiermark	
	AT224	Oststeiermark	(*)
	AT225	West- und Südsteiermark	(*)
	AT226	Westliche Obersteiermark	
	SI011	Pomurska	(*)
	SI012	Podravska	(*)

	SI013	Koroška	(*)
	SI014	Savinjska	(*)
	SI015	Zasavska	
	SI021	Osrednjeslovenska	
	SI022	Gorenjska	(*)
	SI023	Goriška	(*)
2014TC16RFCB055	EL-CY	(Interreg V-A) Greece-Cyprus	
	CY000	Κύπρος (Kýpros)	(*)
	EL411	Λέσβος (Lesvos)	(*)
	EL412	Σάμος (Samos)	(*)
	EL413	Χίος (Chios)	(*)
	EL421	Δωδεκάνησος (Dodekanisos)	(*)
	EL422	Κυκλάδες (Kyklades)	(*)
	EL431	Ηράκλειο (Irakleio)	(*)
	EL432	Λασιθί (Lasithi)	(*)
	EL433	Ρεθύμνη (Rethymni)	(*)
	EL434	Χανιά (Chania)	(*)
2014TC16RFCB056	DE-DK	(Interreg V-A) Germany-Denmark	
	DEF01	Flensburg, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEF02	Kiel, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEF03	Lübeck, Kreisfreie Stadt	(*)
	DEF04	Neumünster, Kreisfreie Stadt	
	DEF07	Nordfriesland	(*)
	DEF08	Ostholstein	(*)
	DEF0A	Plön	(*)
	DEF0B	Rendsburg-Eckernförde	(*)
	DEF0C	Schleswig-Flensburg	(*)
	DK021	Østsjælland	(*)

	DK022	Vest- og Sydsjælland	(*)
	DK031	Fyn	(*)
	DK032	Sydjylland	(*)
2014TC16RFPC001	IE/UK	Ireland-United Kingdom (PEACE)	
	IE011	Border	(*)
	UKN03	East of Northern Ireland	(*)
	UKN04	North of Northern Ireland	(*)
	UKN05	West and South of Northern Ireland	(*)
	UKN01	Belfast	
	UKN02	Outer Belfast	
inside Transnational Caribbean	FR	(Interreg V-A) France (Guadeloupe-Martinique-Organisation des Etats de la Caraïbe orientale)	
	FR910	Guadeloupe	(*)
	FR920	Martinique	(*)
	AG	Antigua and Barbuda	(**)
	AI	Anguilla (Overseas country and territory)	(**)
	DM	Dominica	(**)
	GD	Grenada	(**)
	MS	Montserrat (Overseas country and territory)	(**)
	KN	Saint Kitts and Nevis	(**)
	LC	Saint Lucia	(**)
	VC	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	(**)
	VG	British Virgin Islands (Overseas country and territory)	(**)
inside Transnational Indian Ocean	FR	(Interreg V-A) France (Réunion-Pays de la Commission de l'Océan Indien)	
	FR940	Réunion	
	MU	Maurice	(**)

	MG	Madagascar	(**)
	KM	Comoros	(**)
	SC	Seychelles	(**)
Inside Transnational Amazonia	FR	(Interreg V-A) France/Guiana-Brazil-Suriname (Amazonie)	
	FR930	Guyane	(*)
	BR	State of Amapa	(**)
	SR	Suriname	(**)

(*) Regions included in the list of regions for the ERDF allocation distribution.

(**) Regions of third countries or overseas countries and territories (OCT).

ANNEX II

Regions taken into account for the allocation to cross-border cooperation, not part of any of the cross-border programme areas listed in Annex I

BG341	Бургас (Burgas)
BG343	Ямбол (Yambol)
BG412	София (Sofia)
BG414	Перник (Pernik)
BG415	Кюстендил (Kyustendil)
EL123	Κιλκίς (Kilkis)
EL124	Πέλλα (Pella)
EL127	Χαλκιδική (Chalkidiki)
EL132	Καστοριά (Kastoria)
EL134	Φλώρινα (Florina)
EL143	Μαγνησία (Magnisia)
EL242	Εύβοια (Evvoia)
ES611	Almería
ES614	Granada
ES617	Málaga
ES630	Ceuta
ES640	Melilla
HR04A	Brodsko-posavska županija
HR04E	Sisačko-moslavačka županija
HU331	Bács-Kiskun
PL122	Ostrołęcko-siedlecki
PL311	Bialski
PL312	Chełmsko-zamojski
PL344	Łomżyński
PL622	Olsztyński
RO114	Maramureș
RO212	Botoșani
RO213	Iași
RO215	Suceava
RO216	Vaslui

RO221	Brăila
RO224	Galați
RO225	Tulcea
RO422	Caraș-Severin
FI1D1	Etelä-Savo
FI1D3	Pohjois-Karjala
FI1D4	Kainuu

ANNEX III

List of areas to receive support, broken down by transnational cooperation programme**(Interreg V-B) ADRIATIC-IONIAN**

EL11	Ανατολική Μακεδονία, Θράκη (Anatoliki Makedonia, Thraki)
EL12	Κεντρική Μακεδονία (Kentriki Makedonia)
EL13	Δυτική Μακεδονία (Dytiki Makedonia)
EL14	Θεσσαλία (Thessalia)
EL21	Ήπειρος (Ipeiros)
EL22	Ιόνια Νησιά (Ionia Nisia)
EL23	Δυτική Ελλάδα (Dytiki Ellada)
EL24	Στερεά Ελλάδα (Sterea Ellada)
EL25	Πελοπόννησος (Peloponnisos)
EL30	Αττική (Attiki)
EL41	Βόρειο Αιγαίο (Voreio Aigaio)
EL42	Νότιο Αιγαίο (Notio Aigaio)
EL43	Κρήτη (Kriti)
HR03	Jadranska Hrvatska
HR04	Kontinentalna Hrvatska
ITC4	Lombardia
ITF1	Abruzzo
ITF2	Molise
ITF4	Puglia
ITF5	Basilicata
ITF6	Calabria
ITG1	Sicilia
ITH1	Provincia Autonoma di Bolzano/Bozen
ITH2	Provincia Autonoma di Trento
ITH3	Veneto
ITH4	Friuli-Venezia Giulia
ITH5	Emilia-Romagna
ITI2	Umbria
ITI3	Marche
SI01	Vzhodna Slovenija
SI02	Zahodna Slovenija

The following third countries are only listed for information purposes:

AL	Albania
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina
ME	Montenegro
RS	Serbia

(Interreg V-B) ALPINE SPACE

DE13	Freiburg
DE14	Tübingen
DE21	Oberbayern
DE27	Schwaben
FR42	Alsace
FR43	Franche-Comté
FR71	Rhône-Alpes
FR82	Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur
ITC1	Piemonte
ITC2	Valle d'Aosta/Vallée d'Aoste
ITC3	Liguria
ITC4	Lombardia
ITH1	Provincia autonoma di Bolzano/Bozen
ITH2	Provincia autonoma di Trento
ITH3	Veneto
ITH4	Friuli Venezia Giulia
AT11	Burgenland
AT12	Niederösterreich
AT13	Wien
AT21	Kärnten
AT22	Steiermark
AT31	Oberösterreich
AT32	Salzburg
AT33	Tirol
AT34	Vorarlberg
SI01	Vzhodna Slovenija
SI02	Zahodna Slovenija

The following third countries are only listed for information purposes:

CH	Switzerland
LI	Liechtenstein

(Interreg V-B) ATLANTIC AREA

ES11	Galicia
ES12	Principado de Asturias
ES13	Cantabria
ES21	País Vasco
ES22	Comunidad Foral de Navarra
ES612	Cádiz
ES615	Huelva

ES618	Sevilla
ES70	Canarias
FR23	Haute-Normandie
FR25	Basse-Normandie
FR51	Pays de la Loire
FR52	Bretagne
FR53	Poitou-Charentes
FR61	Aquitaine
IE01	Border, Midland and Western
IE02	Southern and Eastern
PT11	Norte
PT15	Algarve
PT16	Centro (PT)
PT17	Lisboa
PT18	Alentejo
PT20	Região Autónoma dos Açores
PT30	Região Autónoma da Madeira
UKD1	Cumbria
UKD3	Greater Manchester
UKD4	Lancashire
UKD6	Cheshire
UKD7	Merseyside
UKK1	Gloucestershire, Wiltshire and Bristol/Bath area
UKK2	Dorset and Somerset
UKK3	Cornwall and Isles of Scilly
UKK4	Devon
UKL1	West Wales and The Valleys
UKL2	East Wales
UKM3	South Western Scotland
UKM6	Highlands and Islands
UKN0	Northern Ireland

(Interreg V-B) BALTIC SEA

DK01	Hovedstaden
DK02	Sjælland
DK03	Syddanmark
DK04	Midtjylland
DK05	Nordjylland
DE30	Berlin
DE40	Brandenburg
DE50	Bremen

DE60	Hamburg
DE80	Mecklenburg-Vorpommern
DE93	Lüneburg
DEF0	Schleswig-Holstein
EE00	Eesti
LV00	Latvija
LT00	Lietuva
PL11	Łódzkie
PL12	Mazowieckie
PL21	Małopolskie
PL22	Śląskie
PL31	Lubelskie
PL32	Podkarpackie
PL33	Świętokrzyskie
PL34	Podlaskie
PL41	Wielkopolskie
PL42	Zachodniopomorskie
PL43	Lubuskie
PL51	Dolnośląskie
PL52	Opolskie
PL61	Kujawsko-Pomorskie
PL62	Warmińsko-Mazurskie
PL63	Pomorskie
FI19	Länsi-Suomi
FI1B	Helsinki-Uusimaa
FI1C	Etelä-Suomi
FI1D	Pohjois- ja Itä-Suomi
FI20	Åland
SE11	Stockholm
SE12	Östra Mellansverige
SE21	Småland med öarna
SE22	Sydsverige
SE23	Västsverige
SE31	Norra Mellansverige
SE32	Mellersta Norrland
SE33	Övre Norrland

The following third countries or parts thereof are only listed for information purposes:

BY	Belarus
NO	Norway
RU	Arkhangelskaya Oblast
RU	Kaliningradskaya Oblast
RU	Karelya Republik

RU	Komi Republik
RU	Leningradskaya Oblast
RU	Murmanskaya Oblast
RU	Nenetskiy Okrug
RU	Novgorodskaya Oblast
RU	Pskovskaya Oblast
RU	Sankt-Petersburg
RU	Vologda Oblast

(Interreg V-B) CARIBBEAN AREA

FR91	Guadeloupe/St Martin
FR92	Martinique
FR93	Guyane

The following overseas countries and territories (OCT) and third countries or parts thereof are only listed for information purposes:

AG	Antigua and Barbuda
AI	Anguilla (OCT)
BQ	Bonaire (OCT)
BQ	Sint Eustatius (OCT)
BQ	Saba (OCT)
CW	Curaçao (OCT)
SX	Sint Maarten (OCT)
AW	Aruba (OCT)
BB	Barbados
BM	Bermuda (OCT)
BS	Bahamas
BZ	Belize
CO	Colombia
CR	Costa Rica
CU	Cuba
DM	Dominica
DO	Dominican Republic
GD	Grenada
GT	Guatemala
GY	Guyana
HN	Honduras
HT	Haiti
JM	Jamaica
KN	Saint Kitts and Nevis
KY	Cayman Islands (OCT)

LC	Saint Lucia
MS	Montserrat (OCT)
MX	Mexico
NI	Nicaragua
PA	Panama
PR	Puerto Rico
SR	Suriname
SV	El Salvador
TC	Turks and Caicos islands (OCT)
TT	Trinidad and Tobago
VC	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
VE	Venezuela
VG	British Virgin Islands (OCT)
BR	Brazil (Only the States of Amapa, Para, Amazonas and Roraima)

(Interreg V-B) CENTRAL EUROPE

CZ01	Praha
CZ02	Střední Čechy
CZ03	Jihozápad
CZ04	Severozápad
CZ05	Severovýchod
CZ06	Jihovýchod
CZ07	Střední Morava
CZ08	Moravskoslezsko
DE11	Stuttgart
DE12	Karlsruhe
DE13	Freiburg
DE14	Tübingen
DE21	Oberbayern
DE22	Niederbayern
DE23	Oberpfalz
DE24	Oberfranken
DE25	Mittelfranken
DE26	Unterfranken
DE27	Schwaben
DE30	Berlin
DE40	Brandenburg
DE80	Mecklenburg-Vorpommern
DED2	Dresden
DED4	Chemnitz

DED5	Leipzig
DEE0	Sachsen-Anhalt
DEG0	Thüringen
ITC1	Piemonte
ITC2	Valle d'Aosta/Vallée d'Aoste
ITC3	Liguria
ITC4	Lombardia
ITH1	Provincia Autonoma di Bolzano/Bozen
ITH2	Provincia Autonoma di Trento
ITH3	Veneto
ITH4	Friuli-Venezia Giulia
ITH5	Emilia-Romagna
HR03	Jadranska Hrvatska
HR04	Kontinentalna Hrvatska
HU10	Közép-Magyarország
HU21	Közép-Dunántúl
HU22	Nyugat-Dunántúl
HU23	Dél-Dunántúl
HU31	Észak-Magyarország
HU32	Észak-Alföld
HU33	Dél-Alföld
AT11	Burgenland (AT)
AT12	Niederösterreich
AT13	Wien
AT21	Kärnten
AT22	Steiermark
AT31	Oberösterreich
AT32	Salzburg
AT33	Tirol
AT34	Vorarlberg
PL11	Łódzkie
PL12	Mazowieckie
PL21	Małopolskie
PL22	Śląskie
PL31	Lubelskie
PL32	Podkarpackie
PL33	Świętokrzyskie
PL34	Podlaskie
PL41	Wielkopolskie

PL42	Zachodniopomorskie
PL43	Lubuskie
PL51	Dolnośląskie
PL52	Opolskie
PL61	Kujawsko-Pomorskie
PL62	Warmińsko-Mazurskie
PL63	Pomorskie
SI01	Vzhodna Slovenija
SI02	Zahodna Slovenija
SK01	Bratislavský kraj
SK02	Západné Slovensko
SK03	Stredné Slovensko
SK04	Východné Slovensko

(Interreg V-B) DANUBE

AT11	Burgenland (AT)
AT12	Niederösterreich
AT13	Wien
AT21	Kärnten
AT22	Steiermark
AT31	Oberösterreich
AT32	Salzburg
AT33	Tirol
AT34	Vorarlberg
BG31	Северозападен (Severozapaden)
BG32	Северен централен (Severen tsentralen)
BG33	Североизточен (Severoiztochen)
BG34	Югоизточен (Yugoiztochen)
BG41	Югозападен (Yugozapaden)
BG42	Южен централен (Yuzhen tsentralen)
CZ01	Praha
CZ02	Střední Čechy
CZ03	Jihozápad
CZ04	Severozápad
CZ05	Severovýchod
CZ06	Jihovýchod
CZ07	Střední Morava
CZ08	Moravskoslezsko
DE11	Stuttgart
DE12	Karlsruhe

DE13	Freiburg
DE14	Tübingen
DE21	Oberbayern
DE22	Niederbayern
DE23	Oberpfalz
DE24	Oberfranken
DE25	Mittelfranken
DE26	Unterfranken
DE27	Schwaben
HR03	Jadranska Hrvatska
HR04	Kontinentalna Hrvatska
HU10	Közép-Magyarország
HU21	Közép-Dunántúl
HU22	Nyugat-Dunántúl
HU23	Dél-Dunántúl
HU31	Észak-Magyarország
HU32	Észak-Alföld
HU33	Dél-Alföld
RO11	Nord-Vest
RO12	Centru
RO21	Nord-Est
RO22	Sud-Est
RO31	Sud — Muntenia
RO32	Bucureşti — Ilfov
RO41	Sud-Vest Oltenia
RO42	Vest
SI01	Vzhodna Slovenija
SI02	Zahodna Slovenija
SK01	Bratislavský kraj
SK02	Západné Slovensko
SK03	Stredné Slovensko
SK04	Východné Slovensko

The following third countries or parts thereof are only listed for information purposes:

BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina
ME	Montenegro
RS	Serbia
MD	Moldova
UA	Chernivetska Oblast
UA	Ivano-Frankiviska Oblast
UA	Zakarpatska Oblast
UA	Odessa Oblast

(Interreg V-B) INDIAN OCEAN AREA

FR94	Réunion
YT	Mayotte

The following OCT and third countries are only listed for information purposes:

KM	Comoros
MG	Madagascar
MU	Mauritius
SC	Seychelles
ZA	South Africa
TZ	Tanzania
MZ	Mozambique
KE	Kenya
IN	India
LK	Sri Lanka
MV	Maldives
TF	French Southern and Antarctic Lands (OCT)
AU	Australia

(Inside cross-border programme 2014TC16RFCB007) MAC (Madeira-Açores-Canarias)

ES70	Canarias
PT20	Região Autónoma dos Açores
PT30	Região Autónoma de Madeira

The following third countries are only listed for information purposes:

CV	Cape Verde
MR	Mauritania
SN	Senegal

(Interreg V-B) MEDITERRANEAN ⁽¹⁾

EL 11	Ανατολική Μακεδονία, Θράκη (Anatoliki Makedonia, Thraki)
EL12	Κεντρική Μακεδονία (Kentriki Makedonia)
EL13	Δυτική Μακεδονία (Dytiki Makedonia)
EL14	Θεσσαλία (Thessalia)
EL21	Ήπειρος (Ipeiros)
EL22	Ιόνια Νησιά (Ionia Nisia)
EL23	Δυτική Ελλάδα (Dytiki Ellada)

⁽¹⁾ The area also includes Gibraltar.

EL24	Στερεά Ελλάδα (Stereia Ellada)
EL25	Πελοπόννησος (Peloponnisos)
EL30	Αττική (Attiki)
EL41	Βόρειο Αιγαίο (Voreio Aigaio)
EL42	Νότιο Αιγαίο (Notio Aigaio)
EL43	Κρήτη (Kriti)
ES24	Aragón
ES51	Cataluña
ES52	Comunidad Valenciana
ES53	Illes Balears
ES61	Andalucía
ES62	Región de Murcia
ES63	Ciudad Autónoma de Ceuta
ES64	Ciudad Autónoma de Melilla
FR62	Midi-Pyrénées
FR71	Rhône-Alpes
FR81	Languedoc-Roussillon
FR82	Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur
FR83	Corse
HR03	Jadranska Hrvatska
HR04	Kontinentalna Hrvatska
ITC1	Piemonte
ITC2	Valle d'Aosta/Vallée d'Aoste
ITC3	Liguria
ITC4	Lombardia
ITF1	Abruzzo
ITF2	Molise
ITF3	Campania
ITF4	Puglia
ITF5	Basilicata
ITF6	Calabria
ITG1	Sicilia
ITG2	Sardegna
ITH3	Veneto
ITH4	Friuli-Venezia Giulia
ITH5	Emilia-Romagna
ITI1	Toscana
ITI2	Umbria
ITI3	Marche

IT14	Lazio
CY00	Κύπρος (Kypros)
MT00	Malta
PT15	Algarve
PT17	Lisboa
PT18	Alentejo
SI01	Vzhodna Slovenija
SI02	Zahodna Slovenija

The following third countries are only listed for information purposes:

AL	Albania
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina
ME	Montenegro

(Interreg V-B) NORTHERN PERIPHERY AND ARCTIC

IE01	Border, Midland and Western
IE02	Southern and Eastern
FI19	Länsi-Suomi
FI1D	Pohjois- ja Itä-Suomi
SE32	Mellersta Norrland
SE33	Övre Norrland
UKM3	South Western Scotland
UKM6	Highlands and Islands
UKN0	Northern Ireland

The following OCT, third countries and other areas are only listed for information purposes:

FO	Faroe
GL	Greenland (OCT)
IS	Iceland
NO05	Vestlandet
NO06	Trondelag
NO07	Nord-Norge
NO043	Rogaland
SJ	Svalbard and Jan Mayen

(Interreg V-B) NORTH SEA

BE21	Prov. Antwerpen
BE23	Prov. Oost-Vlaanderen
BE25	Prov. West-Vlaanderen
DK01	Hovedstaden

DK02	Sjælland
DK03	Syddanmark
DK04	Midtjylland
DK05	Nordjylland
DE50	Bremen
DE60	Hamburg
DE91	Braunschweig
DE92	Hannover
DE93	Lüneburg
DE94	Weser-Ems
DEF0	Schleswig-Holstein
NL11	Groningen
NL12	Friesland
NL13	Drenthe
NL21	Overijssel
NL23	Flevoland
NL32	Noord-Holland
NL33	Zuid-Holland
NL34	Zeeland
SE22	Sydsverige (Skåne län)
SE31	Norra Mellansverige (Värmlands län)
SE21	Småland med öarna (Kronobergs län)
SE23	Västsverige
UKC1	Tees Valley and Durham
UKC2	Northumberland and Tyne and Wear
UKE1	East Yorkshire and Northern Lincolnshire
UKE2	North Yorkshire
UKE3	South Yorkshire
UKE4	West Yorkshire
UKF1	Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire
UKF2	Leicestershire, Rutland and Northamptonshire
UKF3	Lincolnshire
UKH1	East Anglia
UKH3	Essex
UKJ4	Kent
UKM5	North Eastern Scotland
UKM2	Eastern Scotland
UK M6	Highlands and Islands

The following third country is only listed for information purposes:

NO Norway

(Interreg V-B) NORTH WEST EUROPE

BE10	Région de Bruxelles-Capitale/Brussels Hoofdstedelijk Gewest
BE21	Prov. Antwerpen
BE22	Prov. Limburg (BE)
BE23	Prov. Oost-Vlaanderen
BE24	Prov. Vlaams-Brabant
BE25	Prov. West-Vlaanderen
BE31	Prov. Brabant Wallon
BE32	Prov. Hainaut
BE33	Prov. Liège
BE34	Prov. Luxembourg (BE)
BE35	Prov. Namur
DE11	Stuttgart
DE12	Karlsruhe
DE13	Freiburg
DE14	Tübingen
DE24	Oberfranken
DE25	Mittelfranken
DE26	Unterfranken
DE27	Schwaben
DE71	Darmstadt
DE72	Gießen
DE73	Kassel
DEA1	Düsseldorf
DEA2	Köln
DEA3	Münster
DEA4	Detmold
DEA5	Arnsberg
DEB1	Koblenz
DEB2	Trier
DEB3	Rheinhessen-Pfalz
DEC0	Saarland
FR10	Île de France
FR21	Champagne-Ardenne
FR22	Picardie
FR23	Haute-Normandie
FR24	Centre
FR25	Basse-Normandie
FR26	Bourgogne

FR30	Nord-Pas-de-Calais
FR41	Lorraine
FR42	Alsace
FR43	Franche-Comté
FR51	Pays de la Loire
FR52	Bretagne
IE01	Border, Midland and Western
IE02	Southern and Eastern
LU00	Luxembourg
NL21	Overijssel
NL22	Gelderland
NL23	Flevoland
NL31	Utrecht
NL32	Noord-Holland
NL33	Zuid-Holland
NL34	Zeeland
NL41	Noord-Brabant
NL42	Limburg (NL)
UKC1	Tees Valley and Durham
UKC2	Northumberland and Tyne and Wear
UKD1	Cumbria
UKD6	Cheshire
UKD3	Greater Manchester
UKD4	Lancashire
UKD7	Merseyside
UKE1	East Yorkshire and Northern Lincolnshire
UKE2	North Yorkshire
UKE3	South Yorkshire
UKE4	West Yorkshire
UKF1	Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire
UKF2	Leicestershire, Rutland and Northamptonshire
UKF3	Lincolnshire
UKG1	Herefordshire, Worcestershire and Warwickshire
UKG2	Shropshire and Staffordshire
UKG3	West Midlands
UKH1	East Anglia
UKH2	Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire
UKH3	Essex
UKI1	Inner London
UKI2	Outer London
UKJ1	Berkshire, Buckinghamshire and Oxfordshire

UKJ2	Surrey, East and West Sussex
UKJ3	Hampshire and Isle of Wight
UKJ4	Kent
UKK1	Gloucestershire, Wiltshire and Bristol/Bath area
UKK2	Dorset and Somerset
UKK3	Cornwall and Isles of Scilly
UKK4	Devon
UKL1	West Wales and The Valleys
UKL2	East Wales
UKM5	North Eastern Scotland
UKM2	Eastern Scotland
UKM3	South Western Scotland
UKM6	Highlands and Islands
UKN0	Northern Ireland

The following third country is only listed for information purposes:

CH	Switzerland
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(Interreg V-B) AMAZONIA

FR93	Guyane
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The following third countries or parts thereof are only listed for information purposes:

BR	Brazil (Only the States of Amapa, Para and Amazonas)
SR	Suriname
GY	Guyana

(Interreg V-B) SOUTH WEST EUROPE ⁽¹⁾

ES11	Galicia
ES12	Principado de Asturias
ES13	Cantabria
ES21	País Vasco
ES22	Comunidad Foral de Navarra
ES23	La Rioja
ES24	Aragón
ES30	Comunidad de Madrid
ES41	Castilla y León
ES42	Castilla-La Mancha

⁽¹⁾ The area also includes Gibraltar.

ES43	Extremadura
ES51	Cataluña
ES52	Comunidad Valenciana
ES53	Illes Balears
ES61	Andalucía
ES62	Región de Murcia
ES63	Ciudad Autónoma de Ceuta
ES64	Ciudad Autónoma de Melilla
FR53	Poitou-Charentes
FR61	Aquitaine
FR62	Midi-Pyrénées
FR63	Limousin
FR72	Auvergne
FR81	Languedoc-Roussillon
PT11	Norte
PT15	Algarve
PT16	Centro (PT)
PT17	Lisboa
PT18	Alentejo

The following third country is only listed for information purposes:

AD	Andorra
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(Interreg V-B) BALKAN-MEDITERRANEAN

BG31	Северозападен (Severozapaden)
BG32	Северен централен (Severen tsentralen)
BG33	Североизточен (Severoiztochen)
BG34	Югоизточен (Yugoiztochen)
BG41	Югозападен (Yugozapaden)
BG42	Южен централен (Yuzhen tsentralen)
EL11	Ανατολική Μακεδονία, Θράκη (Anatoliki Makedonia, Thraki)
EL12	Κεντρική Μακεδονία (Kentriki Makedonia)
EL13	Δυτική Μακεδονία (Dytiki Makedonia)
EL14	Θεσσαλία (Thessalia)
EL21	Ήπειρος (Ipeiros)
EL22	Ιόνια Νησιά (Ionia Nisia)
EL23	Δυτική Ελλάδα (Dytiki Ellada)
EL24	Στερεά Ελλάδα (Sterea Ellada)
EL25	Πελοπόννησος (Peloponnisos)

EL30	Αττική (Attiki)
EL41	Βόρειο Αιγαίο (Voreio Aigaio)
EL42	Νότιο Αιγαίο (Notio Aigaio)
EL43	Κρήτη (Kriti)
CY00	Κύπρος (Κύpros)

The following third countries are only listed for information purposes:

MK	Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
AL	Albania

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION**of 23 June 2014****on additional historical aviation emissions and additional aviation allowances to take into consideration the accession of Croatia to the European Union****(Text with EEA relevance)**

(2014/389/EU)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Croatia ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Section 10(l)(1)(a) of Annex V thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Point (i) of Section 10(l)(1)(a) of Annex V to the Act of Accession of Croatia concerning the inclusion of all flights between two aerodromes situated in the Croatian territory, and all flights between an aerodrome situated in the Croatian territory and an aerodrome situated in a country outside the EEA area (hereinafter referred to as 'additional aviation activities') sets out that, by way of derogation from Article 3c(2) of Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾, the period referred to in Article 13(1) of that Directive and beginning on 1 January 2013 shall start on 1 January 2014 for the additional aviation activities.
- (2) Pursuant to point (ii) of Section 10(l)(1)(a) of Annex V to the Act of Accession of Croatia, by way of derogation from Article 3c(4) of Directive 2003/87/EC, the Commission shall decide, following the procedure referred to in that same provision, on the historical aviation emissions for the additional aviation activities within a period of six months from the date of accession.
- (3) The total quantity of allowances to be allocated to aircraft operators is defined as a percentage of historical aviation emissions. Point (s) of Article 3 of Directive 2003/87/EC defines historical aviation emissions as the mean average of the annual emissions in the calendar years 2004, 2005 and 2006 from aircraft performing an aviation activity listed in Annex I to that Directive. Article 3c(2) of that Directive provides that the total quantity of allowances to be allocated to aircraft operators should be calculated on the basis of that historical average.
- (4) The Commission has been assisted by Eurocontrol, in accordance with Article 18b of Directive 2003/87/EC, in the calculation of historical aviation emissions for the additional aviation activities. The best available data for the calculation of the historic emissions was considered to be the comprehensive air traffic data contained in Eurocontrol's databases from the Central Route Charges Office and the Central Flow Management Unit. Those provide the actual route length for each individual flight. Emissions were then calculated on a flight-by-flight basis using the Abatement of Nuisances Caused by Air Transport 3 methodology and the Calculation of Emissions by Selective Equivalence methodology. That approach to calculating historic emissions was further enhanced through use of actual fuel consumption information provided voluntarily by a representative number of aircraft operators in order to validate the results.
- (5) The annual emissions of additional aviation activities in the calendar year 2004 from aircraft performing an aviation activity set out in Annex I to Directive 2003/87/EC is considered to be 114 024 tonnes of CO₂. The annual emissions in the calendar year 2005 from such aircraft is considered to be 126 827 tonnes of CO₂, and the annual emissions in the calendar year 2006 from such aircraft is considered to be 127 120 tonnes of CO₂. The historical aviation emissions are 122 657 tonnes of CO₂.
- (6) Pursuant to point (viii) of Section 10(l)(1)(a) of Annex V to the Act of Accession of Croatia, by way of derogation from point (d) of Article 3e(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC, for the additional aviation activities, the number of

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 112, 24.4.2012, p. 6.⁽²⁾ Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 October 2003 establishing a scheme for greenhouse gas emission allowance trading within the Community and amending Council Directive 96/61/EC (OJ L 275, 25.10.2003, p. 32).

allowances to be allocated free of charge shall be calculated by multiplying the benchmark referred to in point (e) of Article 3e(3) of that Directive by the sum of the tonne-kilometre data included in the applications submitted to the Commission in accordance with point(vi) of Section 10(l)(1)(a) of Annex V to the Act of Accession of Croatia.

- (7) The Commission has analysed the applications related to the additional aviation activities submitted by Croatia in accordance with point (vi) of Section 10(l)(1)(a) of Annex V to the Act of Accession of Croatia and the calculations of the historical aviation emissions for the additional aviation activities provided by Eurocontrol and concludes that the benchmark specified in point (e) of Article 3e(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC should not be subject to a uniform correction factor as provided for in point (viii) of Section 10(l)(1)(a) of Annex V to the Act of Accession of Croatia.
- (8) Pursuant to point (iii) of Section 10(l)(1)(a) of Annex V to the Act of Accession of Croatia, by way of derogation from Article 3d(2) of Directive 2003/87/EC, from 1 January 2014, the percentage of the allowances to be auctioned for the additional aviation activities shall be the proportion of the allowances remaining after having deducted the number of allowances to be allocated free of charge under point (d) of Article 3e(3) of that Directive and the number of allowances to be set aside in a special reserve under Article 3f of that Directive.
- (9) The measures provided for in this Decision have been considered within the Climate Change Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The additional historical aviation emissions for the additional aviation activities are 122 657 tonnes of CO₂.

Article 2

The Union-wide total number of allowances for the additional aviation activities relating to each year of the period from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2020 is 116 524.

Article 3

Calculations relating to the number of allowances to be allocated for additional aviation activities in accordance with the benchmark referred to in point (e) of Article 3e(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC shall be rounded down to the nearest allowance.

Article 4

The Union-wide total number of allowances to be allocated free of charge for additional aviation activities relating to each year of the period from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2020 is 41 584.

Article 5

The additional Union-wide total number of allowances to be set aside in the special reserve is 3 495.

Article 6

The additional Union-wide number of aviation allowances to be auctioned relating to each year of the period from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2020 is 71 445.

Article 7

This Decision shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at Brussels, 23 June 2014.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

