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Acts whose titles are printed in light type are those relating to day-to-day management of agricultural matters, and are generally valid for a limited period.

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II

(Non-legislative acts)

REGULATIONS

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 806/2013

of 26 August 2013

initiating a review of Council Implementing Regulation (EU) No 102/2012 imposing a definitive anti-dumping duty on imports of steel ropes and cables originating, inter alia, in the People's Republic of China, as extended to imports of steel ropes and cables consigned from, inter alia, the Republic of Korea, whether declared as originating in the Republic of Korea or not, for the purposes of determining the possibility of granting an exemption from those measures to one Korean exporter and repealing the existing anti-dumping duty with regard to imports from that exporter and making those imports subject to registration

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1225/2009 of 30 November 2009 on protection against dumped imports from countries not members of the European Community⁽¹⁾ (the basic Regulation) and in particular Articles 11(4), 13(4) and 14(5) thereof,

After having consulted the Advisory Committee,

Whereas:

A. EXISTING MEASURES

- (1) The Council, by Regulation (EC) No 1796/1999⁽²⁾ imposed anti-dumping measures on steel ropes and cables originating, inter alia, in the People's Republic of China (the original measures). By Regulation (EC) No 1858/2005⁽³⁾, the Council maintained the original measures following an expiry review in accordance with Article 11(2) of the basic Regulation. By Implementing Regulation (EU) No 400/2010⁽⁴⁾, the Council extended the measures to steel ropes and cables consigned from the Republic of Korea, whether declared as originating in the Republic of Korea or not ('the extended measures'), with the exception of those produced by companies specially mentioned in Article 1 of that Regulation.

- (2) The measures currently in force are a definitive anti-dumping duty imposed by Council Implementing Regulation (EU) No 102/2012⁽⁵⁾ following an expiry review pursuant to Article 11(2) of the basic Regulation, under which, inter alia, imports into the European Union of the product under review consigned from the Republic of Korea are subject to a definitive anti-dumping duty of 60,4 %, with the exception of the product manufactured by companies which have been exempted.

B. REQUEST FOR A REVIEW

- (3) On 6 May 2013 Line Metal Co., Ltd (the applicant) lodged a request for an exemption from the anti-dumping measures applicable to imports of steel ropes and cables originating in the People's Republic of China, as extended to imports consigned from the Republic of Korea, whether declared as originating in the Republic of Korea or not, as far as the applicant is concerned, pursuant to Articles 11(4) and 13(4) of the basic Regulation.

C. PRODUCT

- (4) The product under review is steel ropes and cables including locked coil ropes, excluding ropes and cables of stainless steel, with a maximum cross-sectional dimension exceeding 3 mm, consigned from the Republic of Korea, whether declared as originating in the Republic of Korea or not (the product under review), currently falling within CN codes ex 7312 10 81, ex 7312 10 83, ex 7312 10 85, ex 7312 10 89 and ex 7312 10 98 (TARIC codes 7312 10 81 13, 7312 10 83 13, 7312 10 85 13, 7312 10 89 13 and 7312 10 98 13).

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 343, 22.12.2009, p. 51.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 217, 17.8.1999, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 299, 16.11.2005, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 117, 11.5.2010, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 36, 9.2.2012, p. 36.

D. GROUNDS FOR THE REVIEW

- (5) The applicant claims that it did not export the product concerned to the European Union during the investigation period used in the investigation that led to the extended measures, i.e. from 1 July 2008 to 30 June 2009.
- (6) Furthermore, the applicant claims that it is not related to exporting producers subject to measures, and that it has not circumvented the measures applicable to steel ropes and cables of Chinese origin.
- (7) The applicant further claims that it has begun exporting the product concerned to the Union after the end of the investigation period used in the investigation that led to the extended measures.

E. PROCEDURE

- (8) Union producers known to be concerned have been informed of the above application and have been given an opportunity to comment.
- (9) Having examined the evidence available, the European Commission (Commission) concludes that there is sufficient evidence to justify the initiation of an investigation pursuant to Articles 11(4) and 13(4) of the basic anti-dumping Regulation for the purposes of determining the possibility of granting the applicant an exemption from the extended measures.
 - (a) **Questionnaires**
 - (10) In order to obtain information it deems necessary for its investigation, the Commission will send a questionnaire to the applicant.
 - (b) **Collection of information and holding of hearings**
 - (11) All interested parties are hereby invited to make their views known in writing and to provide supporting evidence. Furthermore, the Commission may hear interested parties, provided that they make a request in writing showing that there are particular reasons why they should be heard.

F. REPEAL OF THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY IN FORCE AND REGISTRATION OF IMPORTS

- (12) Pursuant to Article 11(4) of the basic Regulation, the anti-dumping duty in force should be repealed with regard to imports of the product under review which are produced and sold for export to the Union by the applicant. At the same time, such imports should be made subject to registration in accordance with Article 14(5) of the basic Regulation, in order to ensure that, should the review result in a finding of circumvention in respect of the applicant, anti-dumping duties can be levied retroactively to the date of the initiation of this review. The amount of the applicant's possible future liabilities cannot be estimated at this stage of the proceeding.

G. TIME LIMITS

- (13) In the interest of sound administration, time limits should be stated within which:
 - interested parties may make themselves known to the Commission, present their views in writing and submit the replies to the questionnaire mentioned in recital 10 of this Regulation or provide any other information to be taken into account during the investigation
 - interested parties may make a written request to be heard by the Commission.
- (14) Attention is drawn to the fact that the exercise of most procedural rights set out in the basic Regulation depends on the party's making itself known within the time-limits indicated in Article 4 of this Regulation.

H. NON-COOPERATION

- (15) In cases in which an interested party refuses access to or does not provide the necessary information within the time-limits, or significantly impedes the investigation, findings, affirmative or negative, may be made in accordance with Article 18 of the basic Regulation, on the basis of the facts available.
- (16) Where it is found that an interested party has supplied false or misleading information, the information shall be disregarded and use may be made of facts available.
- (17) If an interested party does not cooperate or cooperates only partially and findings are therefore based on the facts available in accordance with Article 18 of the basic Regulation, the result may be less favourable to that party than if it had cooperated.

I. SCHEDULE OF THE INVESTIGATION

- (18) The investigation will be concluded, pursuant to Article 11(5) of the basic Regulation, within nine months of the entry into force of this Regulation.

J. PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA

- (19) It is noted that any personal data collected in this investigation will be treated in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data ⁽¹⁾.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 8, 12.1.2001, p. 1.

K. HEARING OFFICER

- (20) Interested parties may request the intervention of the Hearing Officer of the Directorate-General for Trade. The Hearing Officer acts as an interface between the interested parties and the Commission investigation services. The Hearing Officer reviews requests for access to the file, disputes regarding the confidentiality of documents, requests for extension of time-limits and requests by third parties to be heard. The Hearing Officer may organise a hearing with an individual interested party and mediate to ensure that the interested party's rights of defence are being fully exercised.
- (21) A request for a hearing with the Hearing Officer should be made in writing and should specify the reasons for the request. The Hearing Officer will also provide opportunities for a hearing involving parties to take place which would allow different views to be presented and rebuttal arguments offered.
- (22) For further information and contact details interested parties may consult the Hearing Officer's web pages on the Directorate-General for Trade's website: http://ec.europa.eu/trade/tackling-unfair-trade/hearing-officer/index_en.htm

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A review of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 102/2012 is hereby initiated pursuant to Articles 11(4) and 13(4) of Regulation (EC) No 1225/2009 in order to establish whether the imports of steel ropes and cables including locked coil ropes, excluding ropes and cables of stainless steel, with a maximum cross-sectional dimension exceeding 3 mm, currently falling within CN codes ex 7312 10 81, ex 7312 10 83, ex 7312 10 85, ex 7312 10 89 and ex 7312 10 98 (TARIC codes 7312 10 81 13, 7312 10 83 13, 7312 10 85 13, 7312 10 89 13 and 7312 10 98 13) consigned from the Republic of Korea and produced by Line Metal Co. Ltd (TARIC additional code B926) should be subject to the anti-dumping imposed by Implementing Regulation (EU) No 102/2012.

Article 2

The anti-dumping duty imposed by Implementing Regulation (EU) No 102/2012 is hereby repealed with regard to the imports identified in Article 1 of the present Regulation.

Article 3

The customs authorities are hereby directed, pursuant to Article 14(5) of Regulation (EC) No 1225/2009, to take the appropriate steps to register the imports identified in Article 1 of this Regulation.

Registration shall expire nine months following the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 4

1. Interested parties, if their representations are to be taken into account during the investigation, must make themselves known by contacting the Commission, present their views in writing and submit a reply to the questionnaire indicated in recital 10 of this Regulation or any information to be taken into account within 37 days from the date of the entry into force of this Regulation.

Interested parties may also apply to be heard by the Commission within the same 37-day time-limit.

2. Interested parties are required to make all submissions and requests in electronic format (non-confidential submissions via e-mail, confidential ones on CD-R/DVD), and must indicate their name, address, e-mail address, telephone and fax numbers. However, any Powers of Attorney, signed certifications, and any updates thereof, accompanying questionnaire replies must be submitted on paper, i.e. by post or by hand, at the address below. If an interested party cannot provide its submissions and requests in electronic format, it must immediately inform the Commission in compliance with Article 18(2) of the basic Regulation. For further information concerning correspondence with the Commission, interested parties may consult the relevant web page on the website of the Directorate-General for Trade: <http://ec.europa.eu/trade/tackling-unfair-trade/trade-defence>

All written submissions, including the information requested in this Regulation, questionnaire replies and correspondence provided by interested parties on a confidential basis must be labelled as 'Limited' ⁽¹⁾ and, in accordance with Article 19(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1225/2009, must be accompanied by a non-confidential version, which must be labelled 'For inspection by interested parties'.

Commission address for correspondence:

European Commission
Directorate-General for Trade
Directorate H
Office: N105 8/20
1049 Bruxelles/Brussel
BELGIQUE/BELGIË
Fax + 32 22993704
E-mail: TRADE-SWR-R562-DUMP@ec.europa.eu

⁽¹⁾ A 'Limited' document is a document which is considered confidential pursuant to Article 19 of Council Regulation (EC) No 1225/2009 (OJ L 343 22.12.2009 p. 51) and Article 6 of the WTO Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the GATT 1994 (Anti-Dumping Agreement). It is also a document protected pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 145, 31.5.2001, p. 43).

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 August 2013.

For the Commission
The President
José Manuel BARROSO

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 807/2013

of 26 August 2013

laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 as regards the survey of prices of certain bovine animals on representative Union markets

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 of 22 October 2007 establishing a common organisation of agricultural markets and on specific provisions for certain agricultural products (Single CMO Regulation) ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 192(2) in conjunction with Article 4 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The provisions of Commission Regulation (EC) No 2273/2002 ⁽²⁾ do not reflect anymore the current situation of the price recording on the Union markets concerned. It is necessary to bring the rules on price recording in line with the needs of the beef sector. Regulation (EC) No 2273/2002 should therefore be repealed and replaced.
- (2) In order to have a complete picture of the market situation at all times, it is necessary to know the prices of certain categories of bovine animals other than those covered by price reporting under Commission Regulation (EC) No 1249/2008 ⁽³⁾.
- (3) In order to improve data accuracy, provision should be made for a survey of prices for male calves aged between eight days and four weeks, for store cattle aged more than six months and less than two years and calves slaughtered at the age of less than eight months. Therefore, detailed rules on the information to be provided for the price survey for each of those bovine animal categories should be established.
- (4) The Member States with an important share in the production and trade of those different categories of bovine animals and the information to be provided by them for the price survey for each of those categories should be established.
- (5) The price recorded on the representative Union markets should be taken as the average of the prices of the bovine

animals in question on the representative market or markets of each Member State. That average should be weighted in accordance with coefficients expressing the relative size of the relevant cattle population of each Member State for each category marketed in a reference period.

- (6) In order to obtain comparable prices of the categories of bovine animals concerned in the Union, it is necessary to provide that the price recording should refer to a well-defined marketing stage based on the quotations excluding value added tax.
- (7) Moreover, the Union reference presentation of carcasses of slaughtered calves should be determined. In that context, it is appropriate to provide that certain corrective factors need to be specified by Member States to adjust the presentations used to the Union reference presentation.
- (8) The representative market or markets for each Member State should be selected. Where there is more than one representative market in a Member State, account should be taken of the weighted average of the prices recorded on those markets.
- (9) In order to ensure that prices reported are representative of national production, it is necessary to allow Member States to designate for price recording natural or legal persons who trade or send for slaughter substantial numbers of the relevant categories of bovine animals.
- (10) In the absence of price recording on public markets or by operators of slaughterhouses, or by designated natural or legal persons, it should be provided that prices are recorded by chambers of agriculture, quotation centres, farmers' cooperatives or farmers' unions and other reliable sources in the Member State concerned.
- (11) In case Member States have established regional committees to determine prices of certain categories of bovine animals, provision should be made that the prices determined by those committees may be taken into account in the national price calculation, provided that their membership ensures a balanced and objective approach.
- (12) With a view to monitoring the reporting of prices of the relevant categories of bovine animals, Member States should be obliged to communicate periodically certain information to the Commission.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 299, 16.11.2007, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 2273/2002 of 19 December 2002 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1254/1999 as regards the survey of prices of certain bovine animals on representative Community markets (OJ L 347, 20.12.2002, p. 15).

⁽³⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 1249/2008 of 10 December 2008 laying down detailed rules on the implementation of the Community scales for the classification of beef, pig and sheep carcasses and the reporting of prices thereof (OJ L 337, 16.12.2008, p. 3).

- (13) Provision should be made for the weekly communication to the Commission of the national average prices through electronic means of transmission.
- (14) Member States may, because of veterinary or health protection regulations, find it necessary to take measures which affect quotations. In such circumstances, it is not always suitable when recording market prices to take into account quotations which do not reflect the normal trend of the market. Consequently, certain rules should be laid down allowing the Commission to authorise the Member State concerned to disregard the prices recorded or to use the last prices recorded.
- (15) It is necessary to provide that Member States have to take certain measures in order to ensure the representativeness and accuracy of the reported prices. Moreover, Member States should inform the Commission of those measures.
- (16) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for the Common Organisation of Agricultural Markets,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The average Union price, per head, of male calves aged between eight days and four weeks shall be the average of the prices recorded for dairy type male rearing calves and beef type male rearing calves on the representative markets of the Member States with an important share in the production and trade of those calves as referred to in Annex I, which shall be weighted by coefficients established on the basis of:

- (a) as regards dairy type male rearing calves, the number of dairy cows recorded in the Union, as transmitted in accordance with Article 7(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1165/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾;
- (b) as regards beef type male rearing calves, the number of cows recorded in the Union, as transmitted in accordance with Article 7(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1165/2008.

2. The prices to be reported for each type of calves referred to in paragraph 1 shall be recorded on public markets or by natural or legal persons who trade substantial numbers of those types of calves and are designated by the Member State.

Those prices shall be the average of the prices paid in that Member State at the same wholesale stage, exclusive of value added tax ('VAT'), for the type concerned and weighted by coefficients reflecting the relative proportion of the different qualities of male rearing calves defined by the Member State and the relative importance of each market.

⁽¹⁾ Regulation (EC) No 1165/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 concerning livestock and meat statistics and repealing Council Directives 93/23/EEC, 93/24/EEC and 93/25/EEC (OJ L 321, 1.12.2008, p. 1).

3. For the purposes of this Article:

- (a) 'dairy type male rearing calf' means male rearing calf from dairy breed;
- (b) 'beef type male rearing calf' means male rearing calf from a meat breed, dual purpose breed or born of a cross with a meat breed.

Article 2

1. The average Union price, per kilogram of live weight, of store cattle shall be the average of the prices recorded for young store cattle, yearling male store cattle and yearling female store cattle on the representative markets of the Member States with an important share in the production and trade of that cattle as referred to in Annex II, which shall be weighted by coefficients established on the basis of:

- (a) as regards young store cattle, the number of bovine animals aged not over one year and not for slaughter recorded in the Union, as transmitted in accordance with Article 7(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1165/2008;
- (b) as regards yearling male store cattle, the number of male bovine animals aged over one year but under two years recorded in the Union, as transmitted in accordance with Article 7(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1165/2008;
- (c) as regards yearling female store cattle, the number of female bovine animals aged over one year but under two years and which have not yet calved, recorded in the Union, as transmitted in accordance with Article 7(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1165/2008.

2. The prices to be reported for each type of store cattle referred to in paragraph 1 shall be recorded on public markets or by natural or legal persons who trade substantial numbers of the relevant store cattle and are designated by the Member State.

Those prices shall be the average of the prices paid in that Member State at the same wholesale stage, exclusive of VAT, for the type concerned and weighted by coefficients reflecting the relative proportion of the different qualities of store cattle defined by the Member State and the relative importance of each market.

3. For the purposes of this Article:

- (a) 'young store cattle' means male and female bovine animals aged 6 months or more but less than 12 months, bought after weaning to be fattened;
- (b) 'yearling store cattle' means male and female bovine animals aged 12 months or more but less than 24 months, bought to be fattened.

Article 3

1. The average Union price, per 100 kg of carcass weight, of calves slaughtered at the age of less than eight months shall be the average of the prices recorded for those calves on the representative markets of the Member States with an important share in the production as referred to in Annex III, which shall be weighted by coefficients established on the basis of the net production of those calves in the Union.

2. The price to be reported for carcasses of the calves referred to in paragraph 1 shall be recorded by the operators of any slaughterhouse which slaughters such calves or by natural or legal persons who send substantial numbers of such calves for slaughter and which are designated by the Member State.

That price shall be the average of the prices paid in that Member State at the slaughterhouse entry stage, exclusive of VAT, for the carcasses of the calves concerned and weighted by coefficients reflecting the relative proportion of the different qualities of carcasses defined by the Member State and the relative importance of each market.

3. For the purposes of establishing the market prices to be reported, the carcass shall be presented:

- (a) without the head and without the feet; the head shall be separated from the carcass at the atloido-occipital joint and the feet shall be severed at the carpometacarpal or tarsometatarsal joints;
- (b) without the organs contained in the thoracic and abdominal cavities and without the kidneys, the kidney fat, the pelvic fat, the thin and thick skirt;
- (c) without the sexual organs and the attached muscles;
- (d) without the removal of external fat.

Where at the moment of weighing the presentation of the carcass differs from the presentation provided for in the first subparagraph, the weight of the carcass shall be adjusted by applying corrective factors specified by the Member State in order to move from that presentation to the reference presentation. In that case the price for each 100 kg of carcass weight shall be adjusted accordingly.

4. The carcass weight to be taken into account for the reporting of the market prices shall be the cold weight of the carcass.

The cold weight of the carcass shall correspond to the warm weight taken not later than one hour after the animal has been stuck, less 2 %.

Article 4

1. In the absence of price recording on public markets or by operators of slaughterhouses or by the natural or legal persons

referred to in Articles 1(2), 2(2) and 3(2), the prices shall be recorded by chambers of agriculture, quotation centres, farmers' cooperatives or farmers' unions in the Member State concerned.

However, where a Member State has established a committee to determine prices for a region, and where the membership of such committee is comprised equally of buyers and sellers of certain categories of bovine animals or carcasses of such animals, that Member State may use them for the calculation of the prices to be reported.

2. The Member States concerned shall communicate to the Commission their representative markets, the qualities to be defined and the weighting coefficients referred to in Articles 1(2), 2(2) and 3(2), as well as the corrective factors referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 3(3) by 1 June 2014 at the latest and thereafter no later than 1 June each year.

As regards representative markets, the communication shall include:

- (a) the survey method applied with an indication of the types of sources for recording the prices referred to in this Regulation;
- (b) an indication of the share of the volume recorded, for each type of source for recording prices, expressed as a percentage of each relevant category of bovine animals traded or slaughtered

The Commission shall communicate the information referred to in the first subparagraph to all Member States.

3. The Member States concerned shall communicate to the Commission not later than 12 noon, Brussels time, on Wednesday each week, the national average prices for each type of bovine animals referred to in Articles 1(1), 2(1) and 3(1) recorded on their respective representative markets. They shall not communicate those prices to any other body before they have communicated them to the Commission.

Those prices shall relate to the seven day period from Monday to Sunday preceding the week in which the information is communicated.

The prices reported shall be expressed in euro or, where applicable, in national currency.

For the communications referred to in this paragraph, Member States shall use electronic means of transmission made available to the Member States by the Commission.

Article 5

The Commission shall revise periodically the weighting coefficients referred to in Articles 1(1), 2(1) and 3(1) to take into account trends recorded at national and Union levels.

After each revision the Commission shall communicate the revised weighting coefficients to the Member States.

Article 6

Where a Member State takes measures for veterinary or health protection reasons which affect the normal movement in prices recorded on its representative market or markets, the Commission may authorise it either to disregard the prices recorded on the market or markets concerned, or to use the last prices recorded on the market or markets concerned before those measures were put into effect.

Article 7

Member States shall provide for the necessary measures to ensure the representativeness and accuracy of the prices communicated in accordance with Article 4 and shall inform

the Commission of those measures by 30 June 2014 at the latest and thereafter within one month after any amendments relating to those measures.

Article 8

Regulation (EC) No 2273/2002 is repealed.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 1 July 2014.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 August 2013.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

ANNEX I

List of Member States reporting prices for dairy and beef type male rearing calves as referred to in Article 1(1)

A. Member States reporting prices for dairy type male rearing calves:

Belgium
Denmark
Germany
Ireland
Spain
France
Italy
Netherlands
Austria
Poland
Romania
United Kingdom

B. Member States reporting prices for beef type male rearing calves:

Belgium
Germany
Ireland
Spain
France
Italy
Netherlands
Austria
Poland
Portugal
Romania
United Kingdom

ANNEX II

List of Member States reporting prices for young store cattle and yearling store cattle as referred to in Article 2(1)

A. Member States reporting prices for young store cattle:

Belgium
Germany
Ireland
Spain
France
Italy
Austria
Poland
Sweden
United Kingdom

B. Member States reporting prices for yearling male store cattle:

Belgium
Ireland
Spain
France
Italy
Austria
Sweden
United Kingdom

C. Member States reporting prices for yearling female store cattle:

Belgium
Ireland
Spain
France
Italy
Austria
Sweden
United Kingdom

*ANNEX III***List of Member States reporting prices for calves slaughtered at the age of less than eight months as referred to in Article 3(1)**

Belgium

Germany

Spain

France

Italy

Netherlands

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 808/2013**of 26 August 2013****establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 of 22 October 2007 establishing a common organisation of agricultural markets and on specific provisions for certain agricultural products (Single CMO Regulation) ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 of 7 June 2011 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 in respect of the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 136(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multi-lateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the

Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in Annex XVI, Part A thereto.

- (2) The standard import value is calculated each working day, in accordance with Article 136(1) of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011, taking into account variable daily data. Therefore this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 136 of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 are fixed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 August 2013.

*For the Commission,
On behalf of the President,*

Jerzy PLEWA
*Director-General for Agriculture and
Rural Development*

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 299, 16.11.2007, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 157, 15.6.2011, p. 1.

ANNEX

Standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)

Code NC	Code des pays tiers ⁽¹⁾	Valeur forfaitaire à l'importation
0707 00 05	TR	95,4
	ZZ	95,4
0709 93 10	TR	128,0
	ZZ	128,0
0805 50 10	AR	126,0
	CL	123,1
	TR	70,0
	UY	127,1
	ZA	119,7
	ZZ	113,2
0806 10 10	EG	175,3
	MA	135,8
	TR	138,0
	ZZ	149,7
0808 10 80	AR	113,5
	BR	112,5
	CL	129,7
	CN	91,9
	NZ	126,6
	US	130,9
	ZA	111,6
	ZZ	116,7
0808 30 90	AR	196,9
	TR	147,3
	ZA	95,9
	ZZ	146,7
0809 30	TR	144,6
	ZZ	144,6
0809 40 05	BA	50,1
	MK	58,1
	XS	57,7
	ZZ	55,3

⁽¹⁾ Nomenclature of countries laid down by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1833/2006 (OJ L 354, 14.12.2006, p. 19). Code 'ZZ' stands for 'of other origin'.

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