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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1643/92

of 26 June 1992

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 986/92⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in

the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 25 June 1992;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 986/92 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 June 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 105, 23. 4. 1992, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 June 1992 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CN code	Levy ^(?)
0709 90 60	141,83 ^(?) ⁽³⁾
0712 90 19	141,83 ^(?) ⁽³⁾
1001 10 10	183,47 ⁽¹⁾ ^(?) ⁽¹⁰⁾
1001 10 90	183,47 ⁽¹⁾ ^(?) ⁽¹⁰⁾
1001 90 91	152,05
1001 90 99	152,05 ⁽¹¹⁾
1002 00 00	172,81 ⁽⁶⁾
1003 00 10	151,08
1003 00 90	151,08 ⁽¹¹⁾
1004 00 10	127,65
1004 00 90	127,65
1005 10 90	141,83 ^(?) ⁽³⁾
1005 90 00	141,83 ^(?) ⁽³⁾
1007 00 90	149,10 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 10 00	70,50 ⁽¹¹⁾
1008 20 00	124,12 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 30 00	71,52 ⁽⁵⁾
1008 90 10	⁽⁷⁾
1008 90 90	71,52
1101 00 00	225,87 ⁽⁸⁾ ⁽¹¹⁾
1102 10 00	255,81 ⁽⁸⁾
1103 11 10	298,01 ⁽⁸⁾ ⁽¹⁰⁾
1103 11 90	242,26 ⁽⁸⁾

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90 the levies are not applied to products imported directly into the French overseas departments, originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by ECU 1,81/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP is imported into the Community the levy is applied in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within CN code 1008 90 10 (triticale).

⁽⁸⁾ On importation into Portugal the levy is increased by the amount specified in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3808/90.

⁽⁹⁾ No levy applies to OCT originating products according to Article 101 (1) of Decision 91/482/EEC, except if paragraph 4 of the same Article applies.

⁽¹⁰⁾ An amount equal to the amount fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1825/91 is to be levied in accordance with Article 101 (4) of Decision 91/482/EEC.

⁽¹¹⁾ Products falling within this code, imported from Poland, Czechoslovakia or Hungary under the Interim Agreements concluded between those countries and the Community, and in respect of which EUR.1 certificates issued in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 585/92 have been presented, are subject to the levies set out in the Annex to that Regulation.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1644/92

of 26 June 1992

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1845/91 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 25 June 1992;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 June 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 168, 29. 6. 1991, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 June 1992 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9
0709 90 60	0	0	0	0
0712 90 19	0	0	0	0
1001 10 10	0	0	0	0
1001 10 90	0	0	0	0
1001 90 91	0	0	0	0
1001 90 99	0	0	0	0
1002 00 00	0	0	0	0
1003 00 10	0	0	0	0
1003 00 90	0	0	0	0
1004 00 10	0	0	0	0
1004 00 90	0	0	0	0
1005 10 90	0	0	0	0
1005 90 00	0	0	0	0
1007 00 90	0	0	0	0
1008 10 00	0	0	0	0
1008 20 00	0	0	0	0
1008 30 00	0	0	0	0
1008 90 90	0	0	0	0
1101 00 00	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9	4th period 10
1107 10 11	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 19	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 91	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 99	0	0	0	0	0
1107 20 00	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1645/92

of 26 June 1992

fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 of 21 June 1976 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on rice and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of rice and broken rice on the Community market on the one hand and prices for rice and broken rice on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the rice market and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances of the Community market;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1361/76 ⁽⁴⁾ lays down the maximum percentage of broken rice allowed in rice for which an export refund is fixed and specifies the percentage by which that refund is to be reduced where the proportion of broken rice in the rice exported exceeds that maximum;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the export refund on rice and broken rice is being calculated;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas a separate refund should be fixed for packaged long grain rice to accommodate current demand for the product on certain markets;

Whereas the refund must be fixed at least once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90 ⁽⁶⁾;
- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the present situation on the market in rice and in particular to quotations or prices for rice and broken rice within the Community and on the world market, that the refund should be fixed as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas by its Regulation (EEC) No 1432/92 ⁽⁷⁾ the Council prohibited trade between the Community and the Republics of Serbia and of Montenegro; that it is important to take account of it at the time of the fixing of the refunds;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 with the exception of those listed in paragraph 1 (c) of that Article, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.
2. Export refunds towards the Republics of Montenegro and Serbia are not fixed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1992.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 36.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 154, 15. 6. 1976, p. 11.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 151, 3. 6. 1992, p. 4.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 June 1992 fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

Product code	Destination (1)	Amount of refunds (ECU/tonne)
1006 20 11 000	—	—
1006 20 13 000	01	208,00
1006 20 15 000	01	208,00
1006 20 17 000	—	—
1006 20 92 000	—	—
1006 20 94 000	01	208,00
1006 20 96 000	01	208,00
1006 20 98 000	—	—
1006 30 21 000	—	—
1006 30 23 000	01	208,00
1006 30 25 000	01	208,00
1006 30 27 000	—	—
1006 30 42 000	—	—
1006 30 44 000	01	208,00
1006 30 46 000	01	208,00
1006 30 48 000	—	—
1006 30 61 100	01	260,00
	02	266,00
	03	271,00
	04	260,00
1006 30 61 900	01	260,00
	04	260,00
1006 30 63 100	01	260,00
	02	266,00
	03	271,00
	04	260,00
1006 30 63 900	01	260,00
	04	260,00
1006 30 65 100	01	260,00
	02	266,00
	03	271,00
	04	260,00
1006 30 65 900	01	260,00
	04	260,00
1006 30 67 100	—	—
1006 30 67 900	—	—

(ECU/tonne)

Product code	Destination (1)	Amount of refunds
1006 30 92 100	01	260,00
	02	266,00
	03	271,00
	04	260,00
1006 30 92 900	01	260,00
	04	260,00
	05	226,00
1006 30 94 100	01	260,00
	02	266,00
	03	271,00
	04	260,00
1006 30 94 900	01	260,00
	04	260,00
	05	226,00
1006 30 96 100	01	260,00
	02	266,00
	03	271,00
	04	260,00
1006 30 96 900	01	260,00
	04	260,00
	05	226,00
1006 30 98 100	—	—
1006 30 98 900	—	—
1006 40 00 000	—	—

(1) The destinations are identified as follows:

- 01 Austria, Liechtenstein, Switzerland, the communes of Livigno and Campione d'Italia,
- 02 Zones I, II, III, VI, Ceuta and Melilla,
- 03 Zones zones IV, V a), VII c), Canada and Zone VIII excluding Surinam, Guyana and Madagascar,
- 04 Destinations mentioned in Article 34 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3665/87,
- 05 Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

NB: The zones are those defined in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3049/89.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1646/92

of 26 June 1992

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 17 (4) thereof,

Whereas the first subparagraph of Article 17 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the export refund applicable to rice and broken rice on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price which will be in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the licence;

Whereas Commission Regulation No 474/67/EEC⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1397/68⁽⁴⁾, lays down detailed rules for the advance fixing of the export refund on rice and broken rice;

Whereas that Regulation provides that the refund applicable on the day on which application for an export licence is made must, when it is fixed in advance, be reduced by an amount no greater than the difference between the cif forward delivery price and the cif price, where the former exceeds the latter by more than ECU 0,30 per tonne; whereas on the other hand, the refund must be increased by an amount no greater than the difference between the cif price and the cif forward delivery price, where the former exceeds the latter by more than ECU 0,30 per tonne;

Whereas the cif price is that determined in accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76; whereas the cif forward delivery price is that determined in accordance with Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No

1428/76⁽⁵⁾, based in respect of each month for which the export licence is valid, on the cif price calculated on the basis of offers for shipment during the month of exportation;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90⁽⁷⁾,
- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 17 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 which is applicable to the export refunds fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1992.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 204, 24. 8. 1967, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 222, 10. 9. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 30.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission
Ray MAC SHARRY
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 June 1992 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

(ECU/tonne)

Product code	Destination (1)	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10
1006 20 11 000	—	—	—	—	—
1006 20 13 000	01	0	0	0	0
1006 20 15 000	01	0	0	0	0
1006 20 17 000	—	—	—	—	—
1006 20 92 000	—	—	—	—	—
1006 20 94 000	01	0	0	0	0
1006 20 96 000	01	0	0	0	0
1006 20 98 000	—	—	—	—	—
1006 30 21 000	—	—	—	—	—
1006 30 23 000	01	0	0	0	0
1006 30 25 000	01	0	0	0	0
1006 30 27 000	—	—	—	—	—
1006 30 42 000	—	—	—	—	—
1006 30 44 000	01	0	0	0	0
1006 30 46 000	01	0	0	0	0
1006 30 48 000	—	—	—	—	—
1006 30 61 100	01	0	0	0	0
	02	0	0	0	0
	03	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
1006 30 61 900	01	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
1006 30 63 100	01	0	0	0	0
	02	0	0	0	0
	03	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
1006 30 63 900	01	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
1006 30 65 100	01	0	0	0	0
	02	0	0	0	0
	03	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
1006 30 65 900	01	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
1006 30 67 100	—	—	—	—	—
1006 30 67 900	—	—	—	—	—
1006 30 92 100	01	0	0	0	0
	02	0	0	0	0
	03	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
1006 30 92 900	01	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
	05	0	0	34,09	30,76
1006 30 94 100	01	0	0	0	0

(ECU/tonne)					
Product code	Destination (1)	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10
1006 30 94 900	02	0	0	0	0
	03	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
	01	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
1006 30 96 100	05	0	0	38,28	34,54
	01	0	0	0	0
	02	0	0	0	0
	03	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
1006 30 96 900	01	0	0	0	0
	04	0	0	0	0
	05	0	0	38,28	34,54
1006 30 98 100	—	—	—	—	—
1006 30 98 900	—	—	—	—	—
1006 40 00 000	—	—	—	—	—

(1) The destinations are identified as follows:

- 01 Austria, Liechtenstein, Switzerland, the communes of Livigno and Campione d'Italia,
- 02 Zones I, II, III, VI, Ceuta and Melilla,
- 03 Zones IV, V a), VII c), Canada and zone VIII, except Suriname, Guyana and Madagascar,
- 04 Destinations mentioned in Article 34 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3665/87,
- 05 Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

NB: The zones are those defined in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3049/89.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1647/92

of 23 June 1992

fixing the average yields of olives and olive oil in Greece, Spain, France and Portugal for the last four marketing years 1987/88 to 1990/91

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 356/92⁽²⁾,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2261/84 of 17 July 1984 laying down general rules on the granting of aid for the production of olive oil and of aid to olive oil producer organizations⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3500/90⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 19 thereof,

Whereas, for the purpose of granting production aid to olive growers who produce less than 500 kilograms of olive oil, Article 17a of Regulation (EEC) No 2261/84 provides that before 1 December in respect of the current marketing year the Commission is to determine the average olive yields and oil yields over the four previous marketing years;

Whereas the figures provided by the producer Member States which are available at present and verifiable relate to Greece, Spain, France and Portugal only; whereas the average yields for those four countries should be fixed as soon as possible;

Whereas these yields should be fixed by homogeneous production zone as defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2396/91⁽⁵⁾, except as regards municipalities which have yields different from those of the zones to which they belong;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The average yields of olives and oil for the last four marketing years 1987/88 to 1990/91 in Greece, Spain, France and Portugal shall be as specified in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 39, 15. 2. 1992, p. 1.⁽³⁾ OJ No L 208, 3. 8. 1984, p. 3.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 338, 5. 12. 1990, p. 3.⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 223, 12. 8. 1991, p. 1.

ANEXO — BILAG — ANHANG — ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ — ANNEX — ANNEXE — ALLEGATO — BIJLAGE — ANEXO

Rendimiento medio en aceitunas y en aceite de oliva durante las campañas de 1987/1988 a 1990/1991

Gennemsnitsudbytter i oliven og olie i produktionsårene 1987/1988 til 1990/1991

Durchschnittsertrag an Oliven und Öl in den Wirtschaftsjahren 1987/1988 bis 1990/1991

Μέση απόδοση σε ελιές και σε ελαιόλαδο κατά τη διάρκεια των περιόδων εμπορίας 1987/1988 έως 1990/1991

Average yields of olives and olive oil in the 1987/88 to 1990/91 marketing years

Rendements moyens en olives et en huile au cours des campagnes 1987/1988 à 1990/1991

Rese medie d'olive e di olio d'oliva nel corso delle campagne 1987/1988 — 1990/1991

Gemiddeld rendement aan olijven en olijfolie tijdens de verkoopseizoenen van 1987/1988 tot en met 1990/1991

Rendimento médio em azeitonas e em óleo durante as campanhas de 1987/1988 a 1990/1991

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Ayuntamientos / Provincia	Zona	kg aceitunas/árbol	kg aceite/100 kg aceitunas
Kommune / Provins	Zone	kg oliven/træ	kg olie/100 kg oliven
Gemeinde / Provinz	Zone	kg Oliven/Baum	kg Öl/100 kg Oliven
Κοινότητα / Επαρχία	Ζώνη	kg ελαιοκάρπου/δένδρο	kg ελαιολάδου/100 kg ελαιοκάρπου
Commune / Province	Zone	Olives kg/tree	Oil kg/100 kg olives
Communes / Province	Zone	kg olives/arbre	kg huile/100 kg olives
Comune / Provincia	Zona	kg olive/albero	kg olio/100 kg olive
Gemeenten / Provincie	Zone	kg olijven/boom	kg olie/100 kg olijven
Municípios / Província	Zona	kg azeitonas/árvore	kg azeite/100 kg azeitonas

A. ESPAÑA — SPANIEN — SPANIEN — ΙΣΠΑΝΙΑ — SPAIN — ESPAGNE — SPAGNA — SPANJE — ESPANHA

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ÁLAVA	1	5,0	22,8	ALMERÍA	1	16,8	20,3
ALBACETE	1	6,1	20,4	ÁVILA	1	14,1	17,1
	2	6,5	20,0		2	13,3	17,8
	3	12,9	21,6		3	12,8	17,3
	4	5,5	20,3		4	12,3	16,4
	5	4,6	22,0	BADAJOS	1	8,7	19,0
	6	5,7	20,8		2	10,5	19,3
	7	8,4	21,6		3	13,2	18,5
	8	9,8	20,8		4	7,7	19,4
	9	7,4	21,6		5	9,8	20,4
ALICANTE	1	17,2	20,3		6	9,0	17,8
	2	12,1	22,1	BALEARES	1	4,4	26,8
	3	13,7	20,8		2	4,3	26,6
	4	11,8	17,8		3	4,7	26,7
	5	11,7	18,2		4	4,6	26,8

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
BARCELONA							
	1	19,3	21,8	CHILCHES		10,8	21,3
	2	19,8	21,3	ESPADILLA		10,8	21,3
	3	8,5	20,8	FANZARA		10,8	21,3
	4	15,0	21,8	LLOSA, LA		10,8	21,3
	5	8,3	21,0	MONCOFAR		10,8	21,3
CÁCERES				NULES		10,8	21,3
	1	5,4	11,8	ONDA		10,8	21,3
	2	9,0	14,5	RIBESALBES		10,8	21,3
	3	6,1	21,3	TALES		10,8	21,3
	4	9,5	15,8	TOGA		10,8	21,3
	5	11,1	17,8	VALL D'UIXO, LA		10,8	21,3
	6	6,9	15,5	VALLAT		10,8	21,3
CÁDIZ				VILLAREAL		10,8	21,3
	1	14,3	18,8	VILLAVIEJA		10,8	21,3
CASTELLÓN				CIUDAD REAL			
	1	11,3	22,1		1	9,6	22,4
ALBOCÁ CER		9,8	20,5		2	13,4	22,1
ALCALÁ DE CHIVERT		11,5	20,3		3	15,9	21,1
BENICARLÓ		11,5	20,3		4	6,9	19,4
CALIG		11,5	20,3		5	7,7	21,5
CANET LO ROIG		9,8	20,5		6	18,3	22,5
CATI		9,8	20,5	CÓRDOBA			
CERVERA DEL MAESTRE		9,8	20,5		1	7,5	19,5
CHERT		9,8	20,5		2	24,3	19,0
CUEVAS DE VINROMÁ		9,8	20,5		3	23,5	19,5
JANA, LA		9,8	20,5		4	22,0	20,8
PEÑÍSCOLA		11,5	20,3	CUENCA			
ROSELL		9,8	20,5		1	5,4	20,0
SALSADELLA		9,8	20,5		2	6,4	19,3
SAN JORGE		11,5	20,3		3	4,8	19,6
SAN MATEO		9,8	20,5		4	6,7	19,3
SAN RAFAEL DEL RÍO		9,8	20,5		5	6,7	20,5
SANTA MAGDALENA DE PULPIS		11,5	20,3		6	6,2	19,5
TIRIG		9,8	20,5	GIRONA			
TRAIGUERA		9,8	20,5		1	13,5	22,8
VINARÓZ		11,5	20,3	GRANADA			
	2	9,5	20,9		1	18,0	21,5
ALCORA		11,0	22,5	GUADALAJARA			
BENICASIM		11,3	20,6		1	3,2	18,8
BORRIOL		11,3	20,6		2	3,9	18,8
CABANES		11,3	20,6		3	4,1	19,0
CASTELLÓN DE LA PLANA		11,3	20,6		4	3,9	19,5
CASTILLO DE VILLAMALEFA		11,0	22,5	HUELVA			
CHODOS		11,0	22,5		1	6,3	16,8
CORTES DE ARENOSO		11,0	22,5		2	13,8	18,0
FIGUEROLES		11,0	22,5	HUESCA			
LUCENA DEL CID		11,0	22,5		1	5,5	22,3
LUDIENTE		11,0	22,5		2	7,8	22,8
OROPESA		11,3	20,6		3	7,5	22,0
TORREBLANCA		11,3	20,6		4	3,8	22,0
VILLAHERMOSA DEL RÍO		11,0	22,5		5	13,3	19,3
VISTABELLA DEL MAESTRAZGO		11,0	22,5	GRADO (R), EL		6,5	19,5
ZUCAINA		11,0	22,5	GURREA DE GÁLLEGO (R)		6,5	19,5
	3	9,8	21,5	HOZ Y COSTEAN (R)		6,5	19,5
ALFONDEGUILLA		10,8	21,3	IGRIÉS (R)		6,5	19,5
ALMAZORA		10,8	21,3	OSSÓ DE CINCA (R)		6,5	19,5
ALMENARA		10,8	21,3	POLEÑINO		6,5	19,5
ALQUERÍAS DEL NIÑO PERDIDO		10,8	21,3	TORRENTE DE CINCA (R)		6,5	19,5
ARGELITA		10,8	21,3				
ARTANA		10,8	21,3				
BETXI		10,8	21,3				
BURRIANA		10,8	21,3				

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
JAÉN				GALLIPIENZO		6,6	22,9
	1	28,0	20,0	LARRAGA		6,6	22,9
	2	19,8	20,8	LEACHE		6,6	22,9
	3	26,3	21,3	LERGA		6,6	22,9
	4	29,0	20,5	LERÍN		6,6	22,9
	5	29,5	21,5	LIÉDENA		6,6	22,9
LA RIOJA				LUMBIER		6,6	22,9
	1	6,3	22,9	MENDIGORRIA		6,6	22,9
LLEIDA				MURILLO EL FRUTO		6,6	22,9
	1	4,8	20,8	OLITE		6,6	22,9
	2	4,9	20,8	PITILLAS		6,6	22,9
	3	5,6	19,5	PUEYO		6,6	22,9
CASTELLAR DE LA RIBERA		5,8	18,8	SADA DE SANGUESA		6,6	22,9
CLARIANA DE CARDENER		5,8	18,8	SAN ADRIÁN		6,6	22,9
GUIXERS		5,8	18,8	SAN MARTÍN DE UNX		6,6	22,9
LA COMA I LA PEDRA		5,8	18,8	SANGUESA		6,6	22,9
LA MOLSOSA		5,8	18,8	TAFALLA		6,6	22,9
LLADURS		5,8	18,8	UJUE		6,6	22,9
LLOBERA		5,8	18,8	YESA		6,6	22,9
MONTELLA I MARTINET		5,8	18,8	SALAMANCA	1	11,8	15,3
NAVES		5,8	18,8		2	10,6	16,0
ODEN		5,8	18,8	SEVILLA			
OLÍNS		5,8	18,8		1	15,8	18,8
PINELL DE SOLSONES		5,8	18,8		2	6,3	19,5
PINÒS		5,8	18,8		3	14,3	17,8
RINER		5,8	18,8	TARRAGONA			
SANT LLORENÇ DE MORUNYS		5,8	18,8		1	8,0	21,0
SOLSONA		5,8	18,8		2	5,4	20,8
SORIGUERA		5,8	18,8		3	10,1	21,5
SORT		5,8	18,8		4	10,5	20,5
	4	5,3	19,8		5	15,0	19,8
	5	5,4	19,8		6	9,1	21,5
	6	5,5	18,3		7	13,0	20,5
	7	5,8	18,3	TERUEL			
MADRID	1	8,5	20,1		1	10,8	22,8
MÁLAGA					2	10,8	21,8
	1	23,5	21,5		3	7,3	21,3
	2	16,0	19,8		4	20,5	20,3
MURCIA				CORTES DE ARAGÓN		7,0	21,0
	1	15,5	22,4	ALLOZA (R)		16,0	20,0
	2	15,5	21,5	CRETAS (R)		16,0	20,0
	3	12,3	20,0	FRESNEDA (R), LA		16,0	20,0
	4	14,3	19,8	OLMOS (R), LOS		16,0	20,0
	5	11,5	20,1	TOLEDO			
NAVARRA					1	4,6	19,1
	1	7,1	21,1		2	8,1	21,1
	2	6,1	22,7		3	10,8	22,2
AIBAR		6,6	22,9		4	5,8	21,9
ANDOSILLA		6,6	22,9		5	11,9	22,0
ARGUEDAS		6,6	22,9		6	18,2	23,3
ARTAJONA		6,6	22,9		7	10,2	21,1
BEIRE		6,6	22,9	VALENCIA			
BERBINZANA		6,6	22,9		1	14,3	20,3
CARCAR		6,6	22,9		2	13,3	20,4
CASEDA		6,6	22,9		3	13,8	20,4
ESLAVA		6,6	22,9		4	10,3	19,1
EZPROGUI		6,6	22,9		5	9,3	19,8
FALCES		6,6	22,9				

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ZAMORA	1	10,5	12,3	CASPE		8,3	20,8
ZARAGOZA	1	5,8	22,3	CHIPRANA		8,3	20,8
AGÓN		7,0	22,3	CODO		10,5	20,8
AINZÓN		5,3	22,5	ESCATRÓN		12,0	20,5
ALBERITE DE SAN JUAN		7,0	22,3	FABARA		8,3	20,8
ALCALÁ DE MONCAYO		5,3	22,5	FAYÓN		8,3	20,8
AMBEL		7,0	22,3	FUENTES DE EBRO		10,5	20,8
BARBOLES		6,0	22,0	MAELLA		8,3	20,8
BARDALLUR		6,0	22,0	MEDIANA		10,5	20,8
BORJA		5,3	22,5	MEQUINENZA		8,3	20,8
BULBUENTE		7,0	22,3	NONASPE		8,3	20,8
BUSTE, EL		5,3	22,5	SÁSTAGO		8,3	20,8
FAYOS, LOS		5,3	22,5		4	9,5	21,8
FIGUERUELAS		9,0	21,8	ARDISA (R)		9,5	21,5
FUENDEJALÓN		5,3	22,5	BIOTA (R)		9,5	21,5
GRISEL		7,0	22,3	BOQUINENI		11,5	21,3
JOYOSA, LA		9,0	21,8	BUSTE (R), EL		7,8	22,0
LECIÑENA		6,0	22,0	CASTILISCAR (R)		9,5	21,5
MAGALLÓN		7,0	22,3	EJEA DE LOS CABALLEROS (R)		9,5	21,5
MALLEN		5,3	22,5	FIGUERUELAS (R)		11,5	21,3
MALÓN		7,0	22,3	FUENDEJALÓN (R)		7,8	22,0
NOVALLAS		7,0	22,3	JOYOSA (R), LA		11,5	21,3
PEDROLA		6,0	22,0	PEDROLA (R)		11,5	21,3
PERDIGUERA		6,0	22,0	PIEDRATAJADA (R)		8,3	21,8
POZUELO DE ARAGÓN		5,3	22,5	PLEITAS		11,5	21,3
SAN MARTÍN DE LA VIRGEN		7,0	22,3	PUENDELUNA (R)		8,3	21,8
SAN MATEO DE GÁLLEGO		6,0	22,0	SANTA EULALIA DE GÁLLEGO (R)		9,5	21,5
TABUENCA		5,3	22,5	SAN MATEO DE GÁLLEGO (R)		8,5	21,5
TARAZONA		5,3	22,5	SÁDABA (R)		9,5	21,5
TORRELLAS		5,3	22,5	SANTA CRUZ DE GRÍO (R)		8,0	22,3
TRASMOZ		7,0	22,3	TAUSTE		9,5	21,5
VERA DE MONCAYO		5,3	22,5	UTEBO		11,5	21,3
VIERLAS		7,0	22,3	ZARAGOZA (R)		8,5	21,5
VILLANUEVA DE GÁLLEGO		6,0	22,0	ZUERA (R)		8,5	21,5
ZARAGOZA		6,0	22,0		5	11,0	22,0
ZUERA	2	7,0	22,0	ALMONACID DE LA SIERRA (R)		8,0	22,5
ANIÑÓN		7,5	22,3	ANIÑÓN (R)		10,0	22,5
ARANDA DE MONCAYO		7,5	22,3	ARANDA DE MONCAYO (R)		10,0	22,5
BELMONTE DE GRACIÁN		7,5	22,3	BIJUESCA (R)		7,8	22,3
BIJUESCA		6,0	22,3	BREA (R)		8,5	22,8
BREA		7,5	22,3	CHODES (R)		8,0	22,5
CALATAYUD		7,5	22,3	FRASNO (R), EL		8,5	22,8
FRASNO, EL		7,5	22,3	GOTOR (R)		10,0	22,5
GOTOR		7,5	22,3	ILLUECA (R)		8,5	22,8
HERRERA DE LOS NAVARROS		6,0	21,5	JARQUE DEL MONCAYO (R)		10,0	22,5
ILLUECA		7,5	22,3	MESONES DE ISUELA (R)		8,0	22,5
JARQUE DEL MONCAYO		7,5	22,3	MORES (R)		8,5	22,8
MEZALLOCHA		6,0	22,3	MOZOTA (R)		10,8	22,0
MORES		7,5	22,3	PARACUELLOS DE LA RIBERA (R)		8,5	22,8
MOROS		7,5	22,3	SAVIÑÁN (R)		10,0	22,5
MOZOTA		6,8	21,8	SEDILES (R)		10,0	22,5
MUELA, LA		6,8	21,8	SESTRICA (R)		10,0	22,5
ORERA		7,5	22,3	TOBED (R)		8,0	22,5
OSEJA		6,0	22,3	TORRALBA DE RIBOTA (R)		10,0	22,5
PANIZA		6,0	22,3	URREA DE JALÓN (R)		8,0	22,5
PARACUELLOS DE LA RIBERA		7,5	22,3		6	15,8	20,8
SAVIÑÁN		7,5	22,3	CASPE (R)		17,3	20,5
SEDILES		7,5	22,3	CHIPRANA (R)		17,3	20,5
SESTRICA		7,5	22,3	ESCATRÓN (R)		17,3	20,5
TORRALBA DE RIBOTA		7,5	22,3	FABARA (R)		13,5	20,8
	3	7,5	21,0	FAYÓN (R)		17,3	20,5
ALMOCHUEL		10,5	20,8	MAELLA (R)		17,3	20,5
ALMOLDA, LA		8,3	20,8	MEQUINENZA (R)		13,5	20,8
BUJARALÓZ		8,3	20,8	NONASPE (R)		17,3	20,5
				SÁSTAGO (R)		17,3	20,5
				ZAIDA, LA		12,0	20,8

B. FRANCIA — FRANKRIG — FRANKREICH — ΓΑΛΛΙΑ — FRANCE — FRANCE —
FRANCIA — FRANKRIJK — FRANÇA

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ALPES-DE-HAUTE-PROVENCE	6	6,5	20,8	GARD	3	4,7	19,3
	8	11,0	21,3		5	8,3	18,0
ALPES-MARITIMES	8	11,0	21,3	HAUTE-CORSE	9	7,4	21,5
ARDÈCHE	3	4,7	19,3	HÉRAULT	2	5,6	17,0
AUDE	1	4,0	16,0	LOZÈRE	3	4,7	19,3
	2	5,6	17,0	PYRÉNÉES-ORIENTALES	1	4,0	16,0
BOUCHES-DU-RHÔNE	5	8,3	18,0	VAR	7	5,8	16,8
	7	5,8	16,8		8	11,0	21,3
CORSE DU SUD	9	7,4	21,5	VAUCLUSE	4	5,8	25,0
DRÔME	4	5,8	25,0		5	8,3	18,0

C. GRECIA — GRÆKENLAND — GRIECHENLAND — ΕΛΛΑΔΑ — GREECE — GRÈCE —
GRECIA — GRIEKENLAND — GRÉCIA

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ΑΓΙΟΥ ΟΡΟΥΣ	4	2,5	18,8	3114 ΕΥΗΝΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		11,3	15,0
ΑΙΤΩΛΟΑΚΑΡΝΑΝΙΑΣ	1	12,0	15,5	3115 ΖΕΥΓΑΡΑΚΙΟΝ		12,0	15,8
3102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΑΝΔΡΕΑΣ		12,3	16,5	2118 ΚΑΤΟΧΗ		12,0	15,8
3105 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΘΩΜΑΣ		13,0	15,8	3116 ΚΑΤΩ ΚΕΡΑΣΟΒΟΝ		10,3	15,0
3001 ΑΙΤΩΛΙΚΟΝ		13,3	16,5	3117 ΚΑΤΩ ΜΑΚΡΙΝΟΥ		11,8	15,0
4105 ΑΝΤΙΡΡΙΟΝ		12,3	16,5	3118 ΚΛΕΙΣΟΡΡΕΥΜΑΤΑ		10,5	15,8
4106 ΑΝΩ ΒΑΣΙΛΙΚΗ		13,0	15,5	3120 ΛΥΣΙΜΑΧΕΙΑ		10,3	15,0
3108 ΓΑΒΑΛΟΥ		12,3	16,5	3121 ΜΑΚΡΙΝΟΥ		10,3	15,0
2111 ΓΕΩΡΓΟΥΛΑΪΚΑ		25,8	18,5	4141 ΜΑΚΥΝΕΙΑ-ΚΑΤΩ ΜΑΜΜΑΚΩ-		12,8	14,8
3111 ΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΚΟΥ		12,3	16,5	3122 ΜΑΣΤΡΟΝ		10,3	15,0
3127 ΚΑΨΟΡΡΑΧΗ		13,0	15,5	3124 ΜΕΣΑΡΙΣΤΑ		11,3	14,8
3123 ΜΑΤΑΡΑΓΚΑ		12,0	15,8	4145 ΜΟΛΥΚΡΕΙΟΝ		11,3	14,8
3002 ΜΕΣΟΛΟΓΓΙΟΝ		13,0	15,8	3126 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ (ΜΕΣΟΛΟΓΓΙΟΥ)		10,3	15,0
4001 ΝΑΥΠΑΚΤΟΣ		13,3	16,5	2126 ΠΑΛΑΙΟΜΑΝΙΝΑ		11,8	15,0
4148 ΞΗΡΟΠΗΓΑΔΟΝ		13,0	15,5	3129 ΠΕΡΙΘΩΡΙΟΝ		11,3	14,8
3128 ΠΑΠΠΑΔΑΤΑΙ		12,3	16,5	3132 ΣΤΑΜΝΑ		12,0	15,8
4164 ΤΡΙΚΟΡΦΟΝ		12,0	15,8	3134 ΦΡΑΓΚΟΥΛΑΪΚΑ		11,5	15,8
3135 ΧΡΥΣΟΒΕΡΓΙΟΝ		13,3	16,5		3	13,3	17,8
	2	10,3	14,8	2104 ΑΡΧΟΝΤΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		14,0	18,8
3103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ		11,3	15,0	2129 ΠΑΝΑΓΟΥΛΑ		14,0	18,8
3107 ΑΝΩ ΚΟΥΔΟΥΝΙΟΝ		11,3	14,8		4	9,8	15,0
3109 ΓΑΛΑΤΑΣ		11,3	15,0	2109 ΒΛΙΖΙΑΝΑ		11,3	15,3
3110 ΓΟΥΡΙΑ		10,3	15,0	2122 ΜΑΧΑΙΡΑΣ		11,3	15,3
4120 ΔΑΦΝΗ		11,3	14,8	2124 ΜΠΑΜΠΙΝΗ		11,3	15,3
3113 ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΑ		11,3	14,8		5	11,0	17,3
				5101 ΑΒΑΡΙΚΟΣ		11,0	17,8
					6	8,0	13,0

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5102 ΑΓΑΛΙΑΝΟΣ		7,3	13,0	1123 ΣΠΑΡΤΟΝ		7,3	13,0
5103 ΑΓΙΑ ΒΑΡΒΑΡΑ		7,3	13,0	5157 ΣΠΟΛΑΪΤΑ		9,5	13,8
5104 ΑΓΙΑ ΠΑΡΑΣΚΕΥΗ		7,3	13,0	1125 ΣΤΑΝΟΣ		7,3	13,0
1130 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΜΗΝΑΣ		9,8	15,0	2139 ΤΡΥΦΟΣ		7,3	13,0
1101 ΑΓΡΙΔΙΟΝ		8,8	13,8	1129 ΦΛΩΡΙΑΔΑ-ΛΙΑΣΚΟΒΟΝ-		7,3	13,0
5109 ΑΕΤΟΠΕΤΡΑ		7,3	13,0	9996 ΧΑΡΑΥΓΗ-ΧΑΡΑΣΤΗ		7,0	11,7
1104 ΑΜΠΕΛΑΚΙΟΝ		7,3	13,0	5159 ΧΟΥΝΗ		7,3	13,0
5128 ΑΜΠΕΛΙΑ		9,8	15,0	5161 ΨΗΛΟΒΡΑΧΟΣ		7,3	13,0
5111 ΑΜΠΕΛΙΑ		10,0	15,5		7	22,3	18,5
1001 ΑΜΦΙΛΟΧΙΑ		7,3	13,0	2114 ΘΥΡΙΟΝ		21,3	17,5
4103 ΑΝΑΒΡΥΤΗ		9,8	15,0	2115 ΚΑΝΔΗΛΑ		26,8	18,8
5112 ΑΝΑΛΗΨΙΣ		7,3	13,0	2125 ΜΥΤΙΚΑΣ		26,8	18,8
1105 ΑΝΟΙΞΙΑΤΙΚΟΝ		7,3	13,0	2127 ΠΑΛΑΙΡΟΣ		26,8	18,8
5106 ΑΝΩ ΑΓΙΟΣ ΒΛΑΣΙΟΣ		7,3	13,8	2128 ΠΑΛΙΑΜΠΕΛΑ		13,3	16,5
3106 ΑΝΩ ΚΕΡΑΣΟΒΟΝ		10,0	15,5	2134 ΠΟΓΩΝΙΑ		18,8	17,8
4107 ΑΝΩ ΧΩΡΑ		9,8	15,0				
5113 ΑΡΓΥΡΟΝ ΠΗΓΑΔΙΟΝ		9,8	15,0	ΑΡΓΟΛΙΔΟΣ			
2106 ΑΧΥΡΑ		9,8	15,0		1	10,3	19,8
2108 ΒΑΤΟΣ		9,8	15,0	1114 ΚΙΒΕΡΙΟΝ		15,8	19,3
1107 ΒΡΟΥΒΙΑΝΑ		9,8	15,0	1125 ΜΥΛΟΙ		14,3	19,3
4108 ΓΡΑΜΜΕΝΗ ΟΕΥΑ		9,8	15,0	1130 ΣΚΑΦΙΔΑΚΙΟΝ		11,3	19,5
4119 ΓΡΗΓΟΡΙΟΝ		9,8	15,0		2	8,5	19,5
4121 ΔΕΝΡΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		9,8	15,0	2104 ΘΕΡΜΗΣΙΑ		13,0	20,0
5115 ΔΙΠΛΑΤΑΝΟΣ		9,8	15,0	1111 ΚΑΡΥΑ		4,0	20,8
2113 ΔΡΥΜΟΣ		7,3	13,0	3117 ΛΥΓΟΥΡΙΟΝ		8,5	19,8
5118 ΕΛΛΙΟΦΥΤΟΝ		9,8	15,0	3109 ΜΠΡΟΥΤΖΑΪΚΑ		8,5	19,8
4124 ΕΛΑΤΟΒΡΥΣΗ		9,8	15,0	3120 ΝΕΑ ΕΠΙΔΑΥΡΟΣ		10,0	19,8
4125 ΕΛΑΤΟΥ		9,8	15,0	3123 ΠΑΛΑΙΑ ΕΠΙΔΑΥΡΟΣ		10,0	19,8
4126 ΕΛΕΥΘΕΡΙΑΝΗ		9,8	15,0	3127 ΤΟΛΟΝ		10,0	19,5
5120 ΚΑΙΝΟΥΡΓΙΟΝ		8,0	13,5	1135 ΦΡΕΓΚΑΙΝΑ		4,0	20,8
4128 ΚΑΛΛΟΝΗ		9,8	15,0		3	8,0	18,5
4129 ΚΑΣΤΑΝΕΑ		9,8	15,0	1101 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΣ		3,0	19,8
5125 ΚΑΣΤΑΝΟΥΛΑ		7,3	13,0	3104 ΑΔΑΜΙΟΝ		4,3	19,5
2117 ΚΑΤΟΥΝΑ		7,3	13,0	1102 ΑΔΕΑ		3,0	19,8
5126 ΚΑΤΩ ΧΡΥΣΟΒΙΤΣΑ		7,3	13,0	1103 ΑΝΔΡΙΤΣΑ		4,3	19,5
4131 ΚΑΤΩ ΧΩΡΑ		9,8	15,0	3105 ΑΝΥΦΙΟΝ		9,5	18,5
4132 ΚΕΝΤΡΙΚΗ		9,8	15,0	3106 ΑΡΑΧΝΑΙΟΝ		8,0	18,8
5127 ΚΕΡΑΣΕΑ		7,0	11,7	1104 ΑΧΛΑΔΟΚΑΜΠΟΣ		6,8	19,5
1111 ΚΕΧΡΙΝΙΑ		7,3	13,0	1106 ΓΥΜΝΟΝ		3,0	19,8
4133 ΚΛΕΠΑ		9,8	15,0	2101 ΔΙΔΥΜΑ		10,5	19,0
2119 ΚΟΜΠΩΤΗ		7,3	13,0	2102 ΕΡΜΙΟΝΗ		10,5	19,0
2120 ΚΟΝΟΠΙΝΑ		7,3	13,0	2103 ΗΛΙΟΚΑΣΤΡΟΝ		10,5	19,0
1113 ΚΡΙΚΕΛΛΟΣ		9,8	15,0	3114 ΙΡΙΑ		4,3	19,5
4135 ΚΡΥΟΝΕΡΙΑ		9,8	15,0	1110 ΚΑΠΑΡΕΛΛΙΟΝ		3,0	19,8
4136 ΚΥΔΩΝΕΑ		9,8	15,0	3115 ΚΑΡΝΕΖΑΪΚΑ		4,3	19,5
5130 ΚΥΠΑΡΙΣΣΟΣ		7,3	13,0	1113 ΚΕΦΑΛΟΒΡΥΣΟΝ		3,0	19,8
4137 ΛΕΥΚΑ		9,8	15,0	2105 ΚΟΪΛΑΣ		9,3	19,3
4138 ΛΙΒΑΔΑΚΙΟΝ		9,8	15,0	1116 ΚΟΥΤΣΟΠΟΔΙΟΝ		9,5	18,5
9995 ΛΟΥΤΡΟ		7,3	13,0	2001 ΚΡΑΝΙΔΙΟΝ		9,3	19,3
4140 ΛΥΓΙΑΣ		9,8	15,0	1117 ΚΡΥΟΝΕΡΙΟΝ		5,3	19,5
4143 ΜΑΝΔΡΙΝΗ		9,8	15,0	1119 ΛΙΜΝΑΙ		2,0	19,8
5134 ΜΕΓΑΛΗ ΧΩΡΑ		9,8	15,0	1120 ΛΥΡΚΕΙΑ		7,5	18,5
5138 ΜΕΛΙΓΚΟΒΑ		9,8	15,0	1121 ΜΑΛΑΝΤΡΕΝΙΟΝ		9,5	18,5
1116 ΜΕΝΙΔΙΟΝ		7,3	13,0	3118 ΜΑΝΕΣΗΣ		8,5	18,5
2130 ΠΑΠΠΑΔΑΤΟΣ		7,8	13,0	3103 ΜΕΤΟΧΙΟΝ		8,0	18,8
5144 ΠΕΝΤΑΚΟΡΟΝ		7,3	13,0	3119 ΜΙΔΕΑ		8,5	18,5
1120 ΠΕΡΔΙΚΑΚΙΟΝ		9,8	15,0	1122 ΜΟΝΑΣΤΗΡΑΚΙΟΝ		9,5	18,5
4151 ΠΕΡΔΙΚΟΒΡΥΣΗ		9,8	15,0	1124 ΜΥΚΗΝΑΙ		9,5	18,5
4156 ΠΟΔΟΣ		9,8	15,0	3001 ΝΑΥΠΛΙΟΝ		7,0	18,5
5147 ΠΟΤΑΜΟΥΛΑ		7,3	13,0	3121 ΝΕΑ ΤΙΡΥΝΣ		7,0	18,5
3130 ΠΟΤΑΜΟΥΛΑ		9,8	15,0	3122 ΝΕΟΝ ΡΟΕΙΝΟΝ		7,0	18,5
5150 ΣΑΡΓΙΑΔΑ		7,3	13,0	1127 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		3,0	19,8
1122 ΣΑΡΔΙΝΙΑ		7,3	13,0	3124 ΠΑΝΑΡΙΤΗΣ		7,0	18,5
5151 ΣΙΔΗΡΑ		10,0	15,5	2106 ΠΟΡΤΟΧΕΛΙΟΝ		9,3	19,3
5153 ΣΙΤΟΜΕΝΑ		7,3	13,0	3125 ΠΟΥΛΛΑΚΙΔΑ		7,0	18,5
5154 ΣΚΟΥΤΕΡΑ		7,3	13,0	1128 ΠΡΟΣΥΜΝΑ		6,0	18,5
5155 ΣΚΟΥΤΕΣΙΑΔΑ		7,3	13,0				
5156 ΣΠΑΡΤΙΑΣ		7,3	13,0				

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
3128 ΤΡΑΧΕΙΑ		4,3	19,5	1154 ΠΑΝΑΓΙΑ		3,8	18,5
1134 ΦΙΧΤΙΟΝ		9,5	18,5	4132 ΠΑΡΑΔΕΙΣΙΑ		4,8	19,7
2107 ΦΟΥΡΝΟΙ		10,5	19,0	1157 ΠΑΥΛΙΑ		3,3	19,3
1137 ΧΩΝΙΚΑΣ		9,5	18,5	4133 ΠΕΡΙΒΟΛΙΑ		3,3	19,3
ΑΡΚΑΔΙΑΣ				4134 ΠΕΤΡΙΝΑ		3,3	19,3
	1	18,3	19,3	4135 ΠΛΑΚΑ		2,3	19,0
2121 ΜΕΛΙΓΟΥ		19,3	18,3	4137 ΡΑΨΟΜΜΑΤΗΣ		3,3	19,3
	2	11,8	19,8	1166 ΡΙΖΟΣΠΗΛΙΑ		3,8	18,3
	3	10,5	20,8	4138 ΡΟΥΤΣΙΟΝ		3,3	19,3
	4	6,0	19,7	2138 ΣΑΠΟΥΝΑΚΑΪΚΑ		8,0	20,3
2131 ΠΗΓΑΔΙΟΝ		10,0	20,5	1167 ΣΑΡΑΚΙΝΙΟΝ (ΓΟΡΤΥΝΙΑΣ)		4,8	19,7
2135 ΠΟΥΛΙΟΡΑ		13,0	20,0	4140 ΣΟΥΛΑΡΙΟΝ		3,3	19,3
	5	6,8	18,8	4141 ΣΟΥΛΙΟΝ		3,8	19,0
1103 ΑΕΤΟΡΡΑΧΗ		4,5	18,3	4142 ΣΟΥΛΟΣ		3,3	19,3
1107 ΒΑΧΛΙΑ		6,3	18,3	1172 ΣΤΕΜΝΙΤΣΑ-ΥΨΟΥΣ		3,5	18,7
1112 ΒΥΖΙΚΙΟΝ		6,8	18,3	1173 ΣΥΡΝΑ		3,3	19,3
1124 ΚΑΚΟΥΡΑΪΚΑ		4,5	18,3	4143 ΤΟΥΡΚΟΛΕΚΑΣ		5,3	19,3
1129 ΚΑΣΤΡΑΚΙΟΝ		7,3	18,8	4144 ΤΡΙΛΟΦΟΝ		3,3	19,3
1132 ΚΟΚΚΟΡΑΣ		4,5	18,3	4145 ΤΡΙΠΟΤΑΜΟΝ		3,3	19,3
1138 ΛΕΥΚΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		6,3	18,3	2124 ΤΥΡΟΣ		8,0	20,3
1139 ΛΙΒΑΔΑΚΙΟΝ		7,3	18,8	4146 ΦΑΛΛΑΙΣΙΑ		3,3	19,3
1140 ΛΙΟΔΩΡΑ		6,3	18,3	4147 ΧΙΡΑΔΕΣ		3,8	19,0
1149 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ (ΓΟΡΤΥΝΙΑΣ)		7,3	18,8	4148 ΧΡΑΝΟΙ		3,8	19,0
1165 ΡΑΧΑΙ		7,3	18,8		7	0,8	21,0
1171 ΣΤΑΥΡΟΔΡΟΜΙΟΝ		6,3	18,3	3105 ΑΓΓΙΑΚΟΝΑ		2,5	21,0
1175 ΤΡΟΠΑΙΑ		7,3	18,8	1104 ΑΡΑΧΟΒΑ		3,0	18,8
1177 ΧΩΡΑ		7,3	18,8	1008 ΒΕΛΗΜΑΧΙΟΝ		5,5	19,0
	6	1,3	21,0	1109 ΒΙΔΙΑΚΙΟΝ		6,3	19,0
4102 ΑΝΑΒΡΥΤΟΝ		3,3	19,3	1111 ΒΟΥΤΣΗΣ		6,8	19,3
4103 ΑΝΕΜΟΔΟΥΡΙΟΝ		3,3	19,3	1115 ΔΗΜΗΤΣΑΝΑ		2,8	19,0
4105 ΑΝΩ ΚΑΡΥΑΙ		2,3	19,0	1120 ΖΑΤΟΥΝΑ		3,0	18,8
1105 ΑΤΣΙΧΟΛΟΣ		4,8	19,7	1123 ΘΕΟΚΤΙΣΤΟΝ		2,0	19,3
4106 ΒΑΓΓΟΣ		3,3	19,3	3126 ΚΑΛΤΕΖΑΙ		2,8	21,0
4107 ΒΑΣΤΑΣ		3,8	19,0	1126 ΚΑΜΕΝΙΤΣΑ		2,0	19,3
4108 ΒΕΛΙΓΟΣΤΗ		3,3	19,3	3129 ΚΑΝΔΗΛΑ		2,0	19,7
1110 ΒΛΑΧΟΡΡΑΠΤΗΣ		4,8	19,7	1127 ΚΑΡΔΑΡΙΤΣΙΟΝ		5,5	19,0
4109 ΒΟΥΤΣΑΡΑΣ		3,3	19,3	1131 ΚΕΡΠΙΝΗ		1,0	20,3
4112 ΓΡΑΙΚΟΣ		3,3	19,3	1133 ΚΟΝΤΟΒΑΖΑΙΝΑ		4,8	18,8
1119 ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΟΝ		4,8	19,7	1001 ΛΑΓΚΑΔΙΑ		5,3	18,5
4114 ΕΛΛΗΝΙΤΣΑ		4,8	19,7	3147 ΜΑΥΡΟΓΙΑΝΝΗΣ		2,8	21,0
1122 ΖΩΝΗ		3,3	19,3	1146 ΜΕΛΙΣΣΟΠΕΤΡΑ		3,0	18,8
4115 ΘΩΚΝΙΑ		2,3	19,0	1147 ΜΟΝΑΣΤΗΡΑΚΙΟΝ		5,3	19,0
4116 ΙΣΑΡΗΣ		3,3	19,3	1148 ΜΥΓΔΑΛΙΑ-ΑΜΥΓΔΑΛΕΑ		1,0	20,3
4117 ΙΣΩΜΑ ΚΑΡΥΩΝ		3,3	19,3	1153 ΠΑΛΟΥΜΠΑ		2,8	19,0
4119 ΚΑΡΑΤΟΥΛΑΣ		3,3	19,3	1156 ΠΑΡΑΛΟΓΓΟΙ		5,5	19,0
1128 ΚΑΡΙΤΑΙΝΑ		3,3	19,3	2128 ΠΕΡΑ ΜΕΛΑΝΑ		7,0	20,8
4120 ΚΑΡΥΑΙ-ΚΑΛΥΒΙΑ ΚΑΡΥΩΝ		3,3	19,3	1158 ΠΕΡΔΙΚΟΝΕΡΙΟΝ		5,3	18,5
2114 ΚΑΣΤΑΝΙΤΣΑ		0,3	25,0	2136 ΠΡΑΓΜΑΤΕΥΤΗΣ		7,0	20,8
4121 ΚΑΣΤΑΝΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		3,3	19,3	1164 ΡΑΠΤΗΣ		3,0	18,5
1130 ΚΑΤΣΙΜΠΑΛΗΣ		3,3	19,3	1168 ΣΑΡΑΚΙΝΙΟΝ ΗΡΑΙΑΣ		2,8	19,0
1134 ΚΟΥΡΟΥΝΙΟΣ		3,3	19,3	1169 ΣΕΡΒΟΣ		3,0	18,8
1135 ΚΥΠΑΡΙΣΣΙΑ		3,3	19,3		8	0,5	22,5
1136 ΚΩΤΙΛΙΟΝ		3,3	19,3	9999 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΙΩΑΝΝΗΣ (ΑΣΤΡΟΥΣ)		3,0	25,0
4122 ΛΕΟΝΤΑΡΙΟΝ		3,3	19,3	3101 ΑΓΙΑ ΒΑΡΒΑΡΑ		2,5	22,5
2001 ΛΕΩΝΙΔΙΟΝ		8,0	20,3	2101 ΑΓΙΑ ΣΟΦΙΑ		1,3	21,0
4125 ΛΥΚΟΣΟΥΡΑ		3,3	19,3	2103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΣ (ΚΥΝΟΥΡΙΑΣ)		0,3	25,0
1143 ΛΥΣΣΑΡΕΑ		3,8	18,5	2104 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ		2,0	25,0
4126 ΜΑΚΡΥΣΙΟΝ		3,3	19,3	3110 ΑΜΠΕΛΑΚΙΟΝ		0,3	25,0
4127 ΜΑΛΛΩΤΑ		3,3	19,3	4104 ΑΝΘΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		1,3	21,0
1145 ΜΑΥΡΙΑ		3,3	19,3	3116 ΒΛΑΧΟΚΕΡΑΣΕΑ		2,3	22,5
4001 ΜΕΓΑΛΟΠΟΛΙΣ		3,3	19,3	2108 ΒΗΣΙΔΙΑ		0,3	25,0
4129 ΝΕΑ ΕΚΚΛΗΣΟΥΛΑ		3,3	19,3	4110 ΓΕΦΥΡΑ		1,3	21,0
4130 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ ΛΥΚΟΣΟΥΡΑΣ		3,3	19,3	4113 ΔΥΡΡΑΧΙΟΝ		1,3	21,0
2124 ΞΗΡΟΠΗΓΑΔΟΝ		10,0	19,0	2111 ΕΛΑΙΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		2,8	21,5
1152 ΠΑΛΑΜΑΡΙΟΝ		4,8	19,7	1121 ΖΙΓΟΒΙΤΣΙΟΝ		2,5	19,5
				3135 ΚΟΛΛΙΝΑΙ		2,5	22,5
				4123 ΛΕΠΤΙΝΙΟΝ		1,3	21,0

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
3144 ΜΑΝΑΡΗΣ		0,3	25,0	ΒΟΙΩΤΙΑΣ			
2120 ΜΑΡΙΟΝ		0,3	25,0				
2123 ΝΕΑ ΧΩΡΑ		0,3	25,0		1	6,8	19,0
9998 ΟΡΕΙΝΗ ΜΕΛΙΓΟΥ		1,3	21,0	2104 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ		8,0	19,3
9996 ΟΡΕΙΝΟ ΚΟΡΑΚΟΒΟΥΝΙ		1,3	21,0	2002 ΑΡΑΧΩΒΑ		9,3	18,8
2125 ΠΑΛΑΙΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		0,3	25,0	2003 ΔΙΣΤΟΜΟΝ		6,8	18,8
2129 ΠΕΡΔΙΚΟΒΡΥΣΗ		1,3	21,0	2117 ΚΟΡΩΝΕΙΑ		8,0	19,3
2133 ΠΛΑΤΑΝΑ		2,8	21,5	2118 ΚΥΡΙΑΚΙΟΝ		8,0	18,5
2134 ΠΛΑΤΑΝΟΣ		1,3	21,0	2124 ΠΕΤΡΑ		5,5	19,3
2137 ΠΡΑΣΤΟΣ		3,8	21,5	2130 ΣΩΛΗΝΑΡΙΟΝ		7,8	19,5
2139 ΣΙΤΑΙΝΑ		1,3	21,0		2	7,3	19,3
2140 ΣΤΟΛΟΣ		3,8	21,5	2103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΒΛΑΣΙΟΣ		6,0	19,5
2141 ΤΣΙΤΑΛΙΑ		0,3	25,0	2107 ΑΚΟΝΤΙΟΝ		8,5	19,5
9997 ΧΑΝΤΑΚΙΑ-ΑΣΤΡΟΣ		3,0	25,0	2125 ΠΡΟΣΗΛΙΟΝ		6,0	19,5
2143 ΧΑΡΑΔΡΟΣ		3,5	22,5		3	5,0	19,3
1178 ΨΑΡΙΟΝ		0,3	25,0	2102 ΑΓΙΑ ΤΡΙΑΣ		6,5	18,8
ΑΡΤΑΣ				2110 ΑΝΤΙΚΥΡΑ		8,3	18,5
	1	6,8	15,0	1118 ΚΟΚΚΙΝΟΝ		5,5	19,3
1102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΣΠΥΡΙΔΩΝ		8,3	15,0	2119 ΛΑΦΥΣΤΙΟΝ		7,5	19,3
1106 ΑΜΜΟΤΟΠΟΣ		8,3	15,0	2120 ΛΟΥΤΣΙΟΝ		5,3	19,0
1108 ΑΝΕΜΟΡΡΑΧΗ		8,3	15,0	2121 ΜΑΥΡΟΝΕΡΙΟΝ		5,0	18,8
1116 ΑΝΩ ΓΡΑΙΚΙΚΟΝ		8,3	15,0	2005 ΟΡΧΟΜΕΝΟΣ		5,0	18,8
1112 ΒΙΓΛΑ		8,3	15,0	2129 ΣΤΕΙΡΙΟΝ		7,8	18,3
1119 ΔΑΦΝΩΤΗ		8,3	15,0		4	6,0	19,3
1122 ΔΙΣΤΡΑΤΟΝ		8,3	15,0	1103 ΑΜΠΕΛΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		5,8	19,3
1129 ΚΑΜΠΗ		8,3	15,0	1110 ΕΛΕΩΝ		6,3	19,0
1131 ΚΑΤΑΡΡΑΚΤΗΣ		8,3	15,0	1001 ΘΗΒΑΙ		4,8	18,8
1133 ΚΑΤΩ ΚΑΛΕΝΤΙΝΗ		8,3	15,0	1115 ΚΑΠΑΡΕΛΛΙΟΝ		10,0	19,5
1135 ΚΕΝΤΡΙΚΟΝ		8,3	15,0		5	4,3	18,8
1142 ΚΟΡΩΝΗΣΙΑ		8,3	15,0	1105 ΑΣΚΡΗ-ΑΣΚΡΑΙΑ		7,5	19,3
1143 ΚΟΥΚΚΟΥΛΙΑ		8,3	15,0	1106 ΑΣΩΠΙΑ		8,0	19,8
1145 ΚΥΨΕΛΗ		8,3	15,0	1109 ΔΟΜΒΡΑΙΝΑ-ΚΟΡΥΝΗ		9,3	18,8
1147 ΛΕΠΙΑΝΑ		8,3	15,0	1111 ΕΛΛΟΠΙΑ		9,5	19,0
1160 ΠΑΝΤΑΝΑΣΣΑ		8,3	15,0	1112 ΘΕΣΠΙΑΙ		5,3	19,3
1166 ΠΙΣΤΙΑΝΑ		8,3	15,0	1119 ΛΕΟΝΤΑΡΙΟΝ		5,3	19,3
1168 ΡΑΜΙΑ		8,3	15,0	1120 ΛΕΥΚΤΡΑ		8,3	19,0
1171 ΡΟΔΑΥΓΗ		8,3	15,0	1122 ΜΑΥΡΟΜΜΑΤΙΟΝ		6,8	19,5
1175 ΣΚΟΥΠΑ-ΚΑΡΥΔΕΑ		8,3	15,0	1124 ΜΟΥΡΙΚΙΟΝ		8,0	19,8
1176 ΣΤΟΥΓΓΥΛΗ		8,3	15,0	1126 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		8,5	19,3
	2	5,0	13,0	1127 ΞΗΡΟΝΟΜΗ		10,5	19,3
	3	6,5	13,5	1135 ΤΑΝΑΓΡΑ		8,3	19,5
1117 ΓΡΑΜΜΕΝΙΤΣΑ		6,0	14,5		6	4,5	19,3
1118 ΓΡΙΜΠΟΒΟΝ		6,0	14,8	1101 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΘΩΜΑΣ		7,5	19,5
1146 ΚΩΣΤΑΚΙΟΙ		7,3	14,0	1107 ΒΑΓΙΑ		6,0	19,5
1167 ΠΟΛΥΔΡΟΣΟΝ		7,3	14,0	1113 ΘΙΣΒΗ		8,5	18,8
ΑΤΤΙΚΗΣ				1117 ΚΛΕΙΔΙΟΝ		6,5	19,3
	1	9,5	16,0	1128 ΟΙΝΟΦΥΤΑ		7,5	19,5
	2	7,8	16,8	1130 ΠΡΟΔΡΟΜΟΣ		85,5	18,8
	3	6,0	17,3	1134 ΣΧΗΜΑΤΑΡΙΟΝ		7,5	19,5
8013 ΔΑΦΝΗ		7,8	17,3			8,0	20,0
8014 ΖΩΓΡΑΦΟΣ		7,8	17,3	ΔΡΑΜΑΣ			
8110 ΝΕΑ ΧΑΛΚΗΔΩΝ		7,8	17,3		1	4,5	15,0
8030 ΤΑΥΡΟΣ		7,8	17,3	1102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΑΘΑΝΑΣΙΟΣ		7,8	14,7
8031 ΥΜΗΤΤΟΣ		7,8	17,3	1103 ΑΓΟΡΑ		8,8	14,0
	4	8,5	18,3	1104 ΑΔΡΙΑΝΗ		8,8	14,0
8017 ΚΑΙΣΑΡΙΑΝΗ		5,5	17,7	1124 ΑΝΩ ΚΕΦΑΛΑΡΙΟΝ		7,8	14,7
ΑΧΑΪΑΣ				1001 ΔΟΞΑΤΟΝ		7,8	14,7
	1	22,3	16,8	1102 ΔΡΑΜΑ		7,8	14,7
3124 ΑΝΩ ΒΕΛΙΤΣΑΙ		13,3	16,8	1118 ΚΑΛΗ ΒΡΥΣΗ		7,8	14,7
3200 ΝΕΟΝ ΣΟΥΛΙΟΝ		13,3	16,8	1120 ΚΑΛΛΙΦΥΤΟΣ		7,8	14,7
1147 ΣΕΛΙΑΝΑ		18,8	17,5	1125 ΚΟΚΚΙΝΟΓΕΙΑ		8,8	14,0
	2	12,0	18,0	1127 ΚΥΡΙΑ		7,8	14,7
				1137 ΜΙΚΡΟΠΟΛΙΣ		8,8	14,0
				1138 ΜΙΚΡΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		7,8	14,7
				1139 ΜΟΝΑΣΤΗΡΑΚΙΟΝ		7,8	14,7

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1142 ΝΙΚΗΦΟΡΟΣ		7,8	14,7	2109 ΑΛΜΥΡΟΠΟΤΑΜΟΣ		6,3	24,5
1143 ΞΗΡΟΠΟΤΑΜΟΣ		7,8	14,7	2114 ΑΡΓΥΡΟΝ		6,0	24,5
1149 ΠΕΡΙΧΩΡΑ		7,8	14,7	2116 ΑΧΛΑΔΕΡΗ		7,8	24,5
1150 ΠΕΤΡΟΥΣΣΑ		8,8	14,0	2117 ΒΕΛΟΣ		4,0	24,5
1151 ΠΗΓΑΔΙΑ		8,8	14,0	2123 ΔΥΣΤΟΣ		4,0	24,5
1004 ΠΡΟΣΟΤΣΑΝΗ		8,8	14,0	2125 ΖΑΡΑΚΕΣ		5,8	24,5
1161 ΥΨΗΛΗ ΡΑΧΗ		7,8	14,7	2126 ΘΑΡΟΥΝΙΑ		2,5	22,0
1163 ΦΩΤΟΛΙΒΟΣ		7,8	14,7	2137 ΚΡΕΜΑΣΤΟΣ		5,3	24,5
1164 ΧΑΡΙΤΩΜΕΝΗ		7,8	14,7	2145 ΜΕΣΟΧΩΡΙΑ		4,0	24,5
1166 ΧΩΡΙΣΤΗ		7,8	14,7	2146 ΜΟΝΟΔΡΥΟΝ		7,3	24,5
ΔΩΔΕΚΑΝΗΣΩΝ				2148 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		5,3	24,5
	1	16,8	23,3	2154 ΠΑΡΘΕΝΙΟΝ		1,5	22,0
	2	13,0	22,5	2155 ΠΕΤΡΙΑΙ		4,0	24,5
	3	19,8	22,0	2165 ΤΡΑΧΗΛΙΟΝ	10	2,0	24,3
ΕΒΡΟΥ						7,5	23,3
	1	5,0	20,3	2103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΔΗΜΗΤΡΙΟΣ		5,8	23,3
1101 ΑΒΑΣ		7,0	20,0	2110 ΑΜΥΓΔΑΛΕΑ		6,8	23,3
1102 ΑΙΣΥΜΗ		7,0	20,0	2131 ΚΑΤΣΑΡΩΝΙΟΝ		7,8	23,3
1001 ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΥΠΟΛΙΣ		7,0	20,0	2134 ΚΟΜΙΤΟΝ		8,8	23,3
1103 ΑΝΘΕΙΑ		7,0	20,0	2143 ΜΑΡΜΑΡΙΟΝ		5,8	23,3
1104 ΔΟΡΙΣΚΟΣ		7,0	20,0	2144 ΜΕΛΙΣΣΩΝ		7,8	23,3
1105 ΔΩΡΙΚΟΝ		7,0	20,0	2141 ΝΕΑ ΣΤΥΡΑ		6,3	23,3
1108 ΔΟΥΤΡΟΣ		7,0	20,0	2161 ΣΤΟΥΠΠΑΙΟΙ		5,8	23,3
1109 ΜΑΚΡΗ		7,0	20,0	2163 ΣΤΥΡΑ		6,3	23,3
1110 ΝΙΨΑ		7,0	20,0		11	4,6	23,0
1112 ΣΥΚΟΡΡΑΧΗ		7,0	20,0	3105 ΑΜΑΡΥΝΘΟΣ		5,1	23,0
	2	3,3	16,3	3108 ΑΝΩ ΒΑΘΕΙΑ		4,5	23,0
ΕΥΒΟΙΑΣ				3117 ΓΥΜΝΟΝ		5,1	23,0
	1	12,0	25,5		12	5,0	23,3
	2	8,5	24,5	2150 ΟΚΤΩΝΙΑ-ΟΧΘΟΝΙΑ		7,5	25,7
3135 ΚΥΠΑΡΙΣΣΙΟΝ		3,5	24,5		13	3,8	23,3
3138 ΜΑΚΡΥΚΑΠΑ		3,5	24,5	3104 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΣ		8,8	23,8
3148 ΠΑΛΙΟΥΡΑΣ		4,5	24,5	2107 ΑΚΤΑΙΟΝ		6,3	24,3
	3	3,3	24,8	2112 ΑΝΩ ΚΟΥΡΟΥΝΙΟΝ		8,3	25,7
3102 ΑΓΙΑ ΣΟΦΙΑ		2,3	24,7	3110 ΑΦΡΑΤΙΟΝ		5,3	23,8
3125 ΚΑΜΑΡΙΤΣΑ		4,3	24,8	3113 ΒΑΣΙΛΙΚΟΝ		8,3	23,0
3146 ΝΕΡΟΤΡΙΒΙΑ		3,8	24,8	1109 ΓΑΛΑΤΣΑΔΕΣ		0,8	18,0
3164 ΤΡΙΑΔΑ		4,8	24,8	2121 ΓΙΑΝΝΙΤΣΙΟΝ		6,3	24,3
	4	10,3	21,3	3122 ΚΑΘΕΝΟΙ		4,8	23,8
2101 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΒΛΑΣΙΟΣ		8,0	24,3	3128 ΚΕΡΑΜΕΙΑ		5,3	20,8
2133 ΚΗΠΟΙ		10,0	24,3	3130 ΚΕΧΡΙΑΙ		4,0	19,5
2002 ΚΥΜΗ		6,3	24,0	1117 ΚΟΚΚΙΝΟΜΗΛΕΑ		2,0	25,0
2151 ΟΞΥΛΙΘΟΣ		7,8	24,0	1118 ΚΡΥΟΝΕΡΙΤΗΣ		0,8	18,0
2152 ΟΡΙΟΝ		8,3	24,3	2140 ΜΑΚΡΥΧΩΡΙΟΝ		4,0	23,3
2166 ΩΡΟΛΟΓΙΟΝ		8,3	24,3	2142 ΜΑΝΙΚΙΑ		4,0	23,3
	6	6,0	24,3	3140 ΜΕΤΟΧΙΟΝ ΔΙΡΦΥΩΝ		5,8	23,8
2120 ΓΑΒΑΛΑΣ		4,0	24,3	1120 ΜΗΛΕΑΙ		0,8	18,0
	7	7,0	22,8	3143 ΜΥΤΙΚΑΣ		8,8	23,8
2147 ΜΥΛΟΙ		9,0	22,8	3144 ΝΕΑ ΑΡΤΑΚΗ		5,3	23,8
2153 ΠΑΡΑΔΕΙΣΙΟΝ		8,0	22,8	3145 ΝΕΑ ΛΑΜΨΑΚΟΣ		8,8	23,8
	8	7,5	25,5	3152 ΠΙΣΣΩΝΑΣ		5,8	23,8
2111 ΑΝΔΡΩΝΙΑΝΟΙ		9,0	25,5	2158 ΠΟΛΥΠΟΤΑΜΟΣ		6,0	24,3
2118 ΒΙΤΑΛΑ		7,0	25,5	3154 ΠΟΥΡΝΟΣ		4,8	23,8
2124 ΕΝΟΡΙΑ		8,3	25,5	3157 ΣΕΤΑ		2,3	22,5
2127 ΚΑΔΙΟΝ		8,5	25,5	3158 ΣΚΕΠΑΣΤΗ		4,0	19,5
2128 ΚΑΛΗΜΕΡΙΑΝΟΙ		8,5	25,5	3162 ΣΤΡΟΠΩΝΕΣ		5,8	23,8
2132 ΚΑΤΩ ΚΟΥΡΟΥΝΙΟΝ		8,5	25,5	2164 ΤΑΞΙΑΡΧΑΙ (ΚΑΡΥΣΤΙΑΣ)		9,0	25,7
2135 ΚΟΝΙΣΤΡΑΙ		8,0	25,0	3167 ΦΥΛΛΑ		7,8	23,8
2161 ΠΥΡΓΟΣ		6,5	25,5	3002 ΧΑΛΚΙΣ		8,8	23,8
	9	4,8	24,5		14	3,3	18,5
2102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ		3,3	22,8	3111 ΑΧΛΑΔΙΟΝ		6,0	18,8
				3129 ΚΕΡΑΣΕΑ		3,3	21,0
				3139 ΜΑΝΤΟΥΔΙΟΝ		6,0	18,8
				3147 ΠΑΓΩΝΤΑΣ		2,8	21,0
				3149 ΠΑΠΠΑΔΕΣ		6,0	18,8
				3151 ΠΗΛΙΟΝ		3,5	19,0

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
3155 ΠΡΟΚΟΠΙΟΝ		3,5	19,0	1241 ΤΣΙΠΙΑΝΑ		14,3	16,3
3156 ΡΟΒΙΑΙ		7,3	18,8	1242 ΦΛΟΚΑΣ		14,3	12,5
3163 ΣΤΡΟΦΥΛΙΑ		4,8	18,8	1243 ΦΟΛΟΗ		8,5	16,3
3165 ΦΑΡΑΚΛΑ		3,5	19,0	1244 ΦΟΝΑΪΤΙΚΑ		14,3	16,0
	15	2,8	18,3		2	9,8	19,0
3101 ΑΓΙΑ ANNA		7,0	18,3	1230 ΣΙΜΟΠΟΥΛΟΝ		9,5	19,0
3106 ΑΜΕΛΑΝΤΑΙ		3,0	17,5		3	16,0	14,8
3114 ΒΛΑΧΙΑ		3,3	18,3				
3131 ΚΗΡΙΝΘΟΣ		6,5	19,5	ΗΜΑΘΕΙΑΣ			
3133 ΚΟΤΣΙΚΙΑ		5,8	18,3		1	13,5	15,0
3001 ΔΙΜΝΗ		4,0	18,3		2	7,3	19,0
	16	1,8	18,0	ΗΡΑΚΛΕΙΟΥ			
1001 ΙΣΤΙΑΙΑ		4,5	18,7				
1119 ΛΙΧΑΣ		7,8	18,5		1	16,5	21,0
1124 ΩΡΕΟΙ		3,3	18,7		2	14,5	20,5
	17	8,3	18,5		3	17,5	19,5
1102 ΑΓΔΙΝΑΙ		2,0	20,3		4	16,8	20,0
1108 ΒΟΥΤΑΣ		1,5	18,0		5	18,3	21,0
1115 ΚΑΜΑΡΙΑ		1,5	18,0		6	16,0	20,5
1121 ΜΟΝΟΚΑΡΥΑ		1,5	18,0	2113 ΓΚΑΓΚΑΛΑΙ		16,8	22,0
1122 ΝΕΟΣ ΠΥΡΓΟΣ		4,8	19,0		7	14,0	27,5
1123 ΤΑΞΙΑΡΧΗΣ (ΙΣΤΙΑΙΑΣ)		3,0	18,7		8	15,8	26,5
	18	1,0	21,5		9	10,5	28,3
1103 ΑΓΙΟΣ		4,5	23,3				
1112 ΓΙΑΛΤΡΑ		5,0	20,3	ΘΕΣΠΡΩΤΙΑΣ			
	19	1,0	19,0		1	16,3	18,8
1106 ΑΣΜΗΝΙΟΝ		7,8	19,0		2	16,5	21,3
1002 ΛΟΥΤΡΑ ΑΙΔΗΨΟΥ		1,0	19,3	4109 ΒΡΥΣΕΛΛΑ		16,5	20,3
ΕΥΡΥΤΑΝΙΑΣ				1001 ΗΓΟΥΜΕΝΙΤΣΑ		16,0	20,3
	1	8,0	14,3	1114 ΡΑΤΙΟΝ		10,5	18,5
1101 ΑΓΙΑ ΒΛΑΧΕΡΝΑ		9,8	14,0	4001 ΦΙΛΙΑΤΑΙ		16,0	20,3
1153 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ		9,8	14,0		3	9,5	17,0
1152 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΠΡΟΚΟΠΙΟΣ		9,8	14,0	3101 ΑΓΙΑ ΚΥΡΙΑΚΗ		8,8	17,3
1109 ΑΝΑΤΟΛΙΚΗ ΦΡΑΓΚΙΣΤΑ		9,8	14,0	4105 ΑΝΑΒΡΥΤΟΝ		8,8	17,3
1111 ΑΣΠΡΟΠΥΡΓΟΣ		9,8	14,0	3103 ΑΥΛΟΤΟΠΟΣ		8,8	17,3
1114 ΒΙΝΙΑΝΗ		9,8	14,0	3106 ΕΛΑΤΑΡΙΑ		8,8	17,3
1115 ΒΟΥΛΠΗ		9,8	14,0	4118 ΚΕΦΑΛΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		8,8	17,3
1120 ΔΑΦΝΗ		9,8	14,0	3111 ΚΟΥΚΟΥΛΙΟΙ		8,8	17,3
1121 ΔΕΡΜΑΤΙΟΝ		9,8	14,0	4124 ΛΕΠΤΟΚΑΡΙΑ		8,8	17,3
1124 ΔΥΤΙΚΗ ΦΡΑΓΚΙΣΤΑ		9,8	14,0	4125 ΛΙΑ		8,8	17,3
1126 ΕΠΙΣΚΟΠΗ		9,8	14,0	4110 ΜΕΛΙΣΣΑ		8,8	17,3
1127 ΕΣΩΧΩΡΙΑ		9,8	14,0	4128 ΜΗΛΕΑ		8,8	17,3
1128 ΚΑΛΕΣΜΕΝΟΝ		9,8	14,0	3117 ΠΕΤΟΥΣΙΟΝ		8,8	17,3
1129 ΚΑΡΙΤΣΑ		9,8	14,0	4136 ΡΑΒΕΝΗ		8,8	17,3
1133 ΚΕΡΑΣΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		9,8	14,0	4142 ΤΣΑΜΑΝΤΑΣ		8,8	17,3
1141 ΜΑΡΑΘΙΑ-ΜΑΡΑΘΕΑ		9,8	14,0	3127 ΦΡΟΣΥΝΗ		8,8	17,3
1147 ΜΟΝΑΣΤΗΡΑΚΙΟΝ		9,8	14,0	ΘΕΣΣΑΛΟΝΙΚΗΣ			
1154 ΠΑΠΠΑΡΟΥΣΙΟΝ		9,8	14,0		1	11,5	18,0
1164 ΣΙΒΙΣΤΑ		9,8	14,0	2109 ΑΣΠΡΟΒΑΛΤΑ		11,0	17,5
1171 ΤΟΠΟΛΙΑΝΑ		9,8	14,0	2114 ΒΡΑΣΝΑ		9,8	17,3
1174 ΤΡΙΠΟΤΑΜΟΝ		9,8	14,0	1135 ΝΕΑ ΚΕΡΑΣΙΑ-ΕΜΒΟΛΟΝ		14,0	18,0
1176 ΦΙΔΑΚΙΑ		9,8	14,0	1150 ΠΛΑΓΙΑΡΙΟΝ		10,3	17,8
1178 ΧΕΛΙΔΩΝ		9,8	14,0	1154 ΣΟΥΡΩΤΗ		13,5	17,5
ΖΑΚΥΝΘΟΥ					2	6,3	17,0
	1	27,5	18,3	1102 ΑΓΙΑ ΠΑΡΑΣΣΚΕΥΗ		8,0	17,5
	2	31,0	16,0	1103 ΑΓΙΑ ΤΡΙΑΣ		8,0	17,5
	3	29,0	14,8	2103 ΑΝΑΛΗΨΙΣ		6,8	17,5
ΗΛΕΙΑΣ				2104 ΑΝΩ ΣΤΑΥΡΟΣ		7,5	17,0
	1	15,8	16,0	2108 ΑΣΚΟΣ		7,5	17,0
1102 ΑΓΙΑ ΚΥΡΙΑΚΗ		14,3	16,3	1113 ΒΑΣΙΛΙΚΑ		9,3	17,8
1122 ΑΣΤΡΑΣ		14,3	16,3	1115 ΓΕΦΥΡΑ		6,8	17,5
1176 ΚΡΥΟΒΡΥΣΗ		14,3	16,3	1121 ΕΠΑΝΩΜΗ		9,3	17,8
				1123 ΘΕΡΜΗ		9,3	17,8

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1124 ΚΑΛΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		6,8	17,5	1137 ΔΑΦΝΟΣΠΗΛΙΑ		1,5	16,0
1125 ΚΑΡΔΙΑ		8,0	17,5	1144 ΖΑΙΜΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
1126 ΚΑΤΩ ΣΧΟΛΑΡΙΟΝ		9,3	17,8	1149 ΚΑΛΛΙΘΗΡΟΝ		1,5	16,0
1005 ΚΟΥΦΑΛΙΑ		6,8	17,5	1150 ΚΑΛΛΙΦΩΝΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
2113 ΜΙΚΡΑ ΒΟΛΒΗ		7,5	17,0	1153 ΚΑΝΑΛΙΑ		1,5	16,0
1137 ΝΕΑ ΜΕΣΗΜΒΡΙΑ		6,8	17,5	1154 ΚΑΠΠΑΣ		1,5	16,0
1138 ΝΕΑ ΜΗΧΑΝΙΩΝΑ		11,8	17,8	1001 ΚΑΡΔΙΤΣΑ		1,5	16,0
1143 ΝΕΟΙ ΕΠΙΒΑΤΑΙ		8,0	17,5	1163 ΚΑΤΑΦΥΓΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
1141 ΝΕΟΝ ΡΥΣΙΟΝ		8,0	17,5	1165 ΚΕΔΡΟΣ		1,5	16,0
2138 ΝΥΜΦΟΠΕΤΡΑ		7,5	17,0	1170 ΚΡΥΑ ΒΡΥΣΗ		1,5	16,0
1149 ΠΕΡΑΙΑ		8,0	17,5	1172 ΚΡΥΟΠΗΓΗ		1,5	16,0
2142 ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑ		6,8	17,5	1177 ΛΕΟΝΤΑΡΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
1151 ΠΡΟΧΩΜΑ		6,8	17,5	1180 ΛΟΞΑΔΑ		1,5	16,0
1151 ΠΥΛΑΙΑ		6,8	17,5	1182 ΛΟΥΤΡΟΝ		1,5	16,0
2148 ΣΤΑΥΡΟΣ		7,5	17,0	1190 ΜΑΤΑΡΑΓΚΑ		1,5	16,0
1155 ΤΑΓΑΡΑΔΕΣ		8,0	17,5	1192 ΜΑΥΡΟΜΜΑΤΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
1156 ΤΡΙΑΝΔΡΙΑ		6,8	17,5	1193 ΜΕΛΙΣΣΑ		1,5	16,0
1157 ΤΡΙΛΟΦΟΝ		8,0	17,5	1195 ΜΕΣΕΝΙΚΟΛΑΣ		1,5	16,0
1159 ΧΑΛΑΣΤΡΑ-ΠΥΡΓΟΣ		6,8	17,5	1198 ΜΗΤΡΟΠΟΛΙΣ		1,5	16,0
1160 ΧΑΛΚΗΔΩΝ		6,8	17,5	1200 ΜΟΡΦΟΒΟΥΝΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
ΙΩΑΝΝΙΝΩΝ				1201 ΜΟΣΧΑΤΟΝ		1,5	16,0
	1	3,0	20,0	1002 ΜΟΥΖΑΚΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
ΚΑΒΑΛΑΣ				1209 ΠΑΛΑΙΟΚΚΛΗΣΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
	1	5,5	19,8	1210 ΠΑΛΑΙΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
	2	8,8	20,0	1215 ΠΕΤΡΙΛΟΝ		1,5	16,0
	3	11,5	19,0	1219 ΠΕΥΚΟΦΥΤΟΝ		1,5	16,0
1108 ΡΑΧΩΝΙΟΝ		12,5	19,5	1221 ΠΟΡΤΙΤΣΑ		1,5	16,0
	4	7,5	19,8	1225 ΠΥΡΓΟΣ		1,5	16,0
	5	12,8	19,0	1227 ΡΑΧΟΥΛΑ		1,5	16,0
	6	12,3	19,0	1230 ΡΟΥΣΣΟΝ		1,5	16,0
3101 ΑΒΡΑΜΥΛΙΑ		10,8	18,8	1004 ΣΟΦΑΔΕΣ		1,5	16,0
3104 ΓΕΡΟΝΤΑΣ		10,8	18,8	1233 ΣΥΚΕΑΙ		1,5	16,0
3105 ΓΡΑΒΟΥΝΑ		10,8	18,8	1234 ΦΑΝΑΡΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0
3106 ΔΙΑΛΕΚΤΟΝ		10,8	18,8	1240 ΧΑΡΜΑ		1,5	16,0
3111 ΖΑΡΚΑΔΙΑ		10,8	18,8	ΚΕΡΚΥΡΑΣ			
2103 ΖΥΓΟΣ		14,3	19,3	1117 ΑΝΩ ΛΕΥΚΙΜΜΗ	1	22,5	22,0
2001 ΚΑΒΑΛΑ		10,8	18,8	1170 ΑΝΩ ΜΑΘΡΑΚΙΟΝ		17,8	22,0
2104 ΚΟΚΚΙΝΟΧΩΜΑ		10,8	18,8	2101 ΓΑΪΟΣ		25,0	22,0
2106 ΚΡΗΝΙΔΕΣ		10,8	18,8	1142 ΕΡΕΪΚΟΥΣΣΑ		25,0	22,0
2110 ΝΕΑ ΚΑΡΒΑΛΗ		10,8	18,8	2102 ΛΑΚΚΑ		25,0	22,0
3117 ΞΕΡΙΑΣ		11,3	19,08	2103 ΛΟΓΓΟΣ		25,0	22,0
3118 ΠΑΡΑΔΕΙΣΟΣ		10,8	18,8	2104 ΜΑΓΑΖΙΑ		25,0	22,0
3119 ΠΕΡΝΗ		10,8	18,8	1180 ΟΘΩΝΟΙ		25,0	22,0
3120 ΠΕΤΡΟΠΗΓΗ		10,8	18,8	ΚΕΦΑΛΛΟΝΙΑΣ			
3123 ΠΟΝΤΟΛΙΒΑΔΟΝ		10,8	18,8		1	22,8	17,3
2115 ΦΙΛΙΠΠΟΙ		10,8	18,8	3101 ΑΓΙΑ ΘΕΚΛΗ		21,8	16,0
2116 ΧΑΛΚΕΡΟΝ		10,8	18,8	3103 ΑΘΕΡΑΣ		21,8	16,0
3001 ΧΡΥΣΟΥΠΟΛΙΣ		10,8	18,8	3104 ΔΑΜΟΥΛΙΑΝΑΤΑ		21,8	16,0
3124 ΧΡΥΣΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		10,8	18,8	3107 ΚΑΜΙΝΑΡΑΤΑ		21,8	16,0
		12,7	18,7	3109 ΚΟΝΤΟΓΕΝΑΔΑ		21,8	16,0
ΚΑΡΔΙΤΣΑΣ				3110 ΚΟΥΒΑΛΑΤΑ		18,8	16,7
	1	0,8	16,0	3001 ΛΗΞΟΥΡΙΟΝ		21,8	16,0
1103 ΑΓΙΟΠΗΓΗ		1,5	16,0	3108 ΜΑΝΤΖΑΒΙΝΑΤΑ		21,8	16,0
1104 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΑΚΑΚΙΟΣ		1,5	16,0	3111 ΜΟΝΟΠΟΛΑΤΑ		18,8	16,7
1106 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ		1,5	16,0	3112 ΝΥΦΙΟΝ		19,8	18,3
1109 ΑΓΝΑΝΤΕΡΟΝ		1,5	16,0	3113 ΡΙΦΙΟΝ		18,8	16,7
1112 ΑΜΠΕΛΙΚΟΝ		1,5	16,0	3114 ΣΚΙΝΕΑΣ		18,8	16,7
1121 ΑΡΓΥΡΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0	3115 ΣΟΥΛΛΑΡΟΙ		21,8	16,0
1123 ΑΣΗΜΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		1,5	16,0	3116 ΦΑΒΑΤΑΤΑ		21,8	16,0
1125 ΑΧΛΑΔΕΑ		1,5	16,0	3117 ΧΑΒΔΑΤΑ		21,8	16,0
1127 ΒΑΤΣΟΥΝΙΑ		1,5	16,0	3118 ΧΑΒΡΙΑΤΑ		21,8	16,0
1130 ΒΡΑΓΚΙΑΝΑ		1,5	16,0	3123 ΧΑΛΙΩΤΑΤΑ		21,0	18,7
					2	24,5	17,8

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ΚΙΛΙΚΙΣ			
	1	2,8	17,5
1119 ΕΥΖΩΝΟΙ		2,5	17,0
1150 ΠΟΛΥΚΑΣΤΡΟΝ		2,5	17,0
	2	1,3	17,0
1112 ΒΑΠΤΙΣΤΗΣ		2,3	17,0
1123 ΚΑΜΠΑΝΗΣ		2,3	17,0
1001 ΚΙΛΙΚΙΣ		2,3	17,0
1130 ΚΡΗΣΤΩΝΗ		2,3	17,0
1135 ΜΕΓΑΛΗ ΒΡΥΣΗ		2,3	17,0
1139 ΜΙΚΡΟΚΑΜΠΟΣ		2,3	17,0
1102 ΝΕΟΝ ΑΓΙΟΝΕΡΙΟΝ		2,3	17,0
1144 ΝΕΟΝ ΓΥΝΑΙΚΟΚΑΣΤΡΟΝ		2,3	17,0
1153 ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ		2,3	17,0
1160 ΧΩΡΥΓΙΟΝ		2,3	17,0
ΚΟΡΙΝΘΙΑΣ			
	1	13,8	19,3
	2	8,8	19,3
	3	5,8	19,5
1189 ΠΑΡΑΔΕΙΣΙΟΝ		5,8	17,5
	4	10,8	21,0
	5	13,5	20,3
1111 ΑΡΧΑΙΑ ΦΕΝΕΟΣ		12,8	20,3
1115 ΒΕΛΙΝΑ		12,8	20,3
1122 ΓΚΟΥΡΑ		12,8	20,3
1137 ΘΡΟΦΑΡΙΟΝ		4,8	20,0
1139 ΚΑΙΣΑΡΙΟΝ		12,8	20,3
1140 ΚΑΛΙΑΝΟΙ		12,8	20,3
1144 ΚΑΣΤΑΝΕΑ		12,8	20,3
1151 ΚΑΤΩ ΤΑΡΣΟΣ		12,8	20,3
1154 ΚΑΗΜΕΝΤΙΟΝ		12,8	20,3
1162 ΚΥΛΛΗΝΗ		12,8	20,3
1171 ΜΑΤΙΟΝ		12,8	20,3
1175 ΜΕΣΙΝΟΝ		12,8	20,3
1177 ΜΟΣΙΑ		12,8	20,3
1188 ΠΑΝΟΡΑΜΑ		12,8	20,3
1208 ΣΤΕΝΟΝ		12,8	20,3
1217 ΦΕΝΕΟΣ		12,8	20,3
	6	7,3	19,5
	7	12,0	19,0
	8	6,3	20,0
1206 ΣΟΦΙΑΝΑ		14,3	20,3
ΚΥΚΛΑΔΩΝ			
	1	16,0	18,0
	2	10,3	20,5
	3	11,0	22,0
1102 ΑΝΩ ΓΑΥΡΙΟΝ		14,3	21,0
1123 ΕΠΑΝΩ ΦΕΛΛΟΣ		14,3	21,0
1112 ΚΟΧΥΛΟΣ		11,0	20,7
	4	11,5	21,5
1104 ΑΝΩ ΑΠΡΟΒΑΤΟΝ		14,8	20,8
	5	12,0	17,0
3102 ΙΟΥΛΙΣ-ΚΕΑ		14,5	20,0
	6	14,5	20,3
	7	15,5	20,8
4101 ΑΔΑΜΑΣ		15,8	20,3
4106 ΜΗΛΟΣ		15,8	20,3
	8	9,0	21,0
6103 ΜΑΡΜΑΡΑ		14,5	21,8

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	9	14,3	21,0
	10	14,5	20,8
ΚΥΚΛΑΔΩΝ			
	11	13,0	18,7
	12	14,0	19,0
ΛΑΚΩΝΙΑΣ			
	1	5,5	18,3
	2	7,3	19,3
1102 ΑΙΓΙΑΙ		9,8	19,3
3114 ΑΡΧΟΝΤΙΚΟΝ		9,8	19,3
1001 ΓΥΘΕΙΟΝ		9,8	19,3
1107 ΚΑΛΥΒΙΑ		12,3	19,3
1108 ΚΑΡΒΕΛΑΣ		9,8	19,3
1112 ΚΟΤΡΩΝΑΣ		12,3	19,3
1113 ΚΡΗΝΗ		9,8	19,3
3144 ΛΑΓΙΟΝ		12,3	19,3
1116 ΝΕΑ ΜΑΡΑΘΕΑ		9,8	19,3
1123 ΣΚΟΥΤΑΡΙΟΝ		9,8	19,3
3170 ΣΤΕΦΑΝΙΑ		12,3	19,3
	3	8,8	21,7
	4	7,0	19,7
	5	3,5	21,0
	6	3,5	20,0
3116 ΒΑΜΒΑΚΟΥ		1,3	20,0
3117 ΒΑΡΒΙΤΣΑ		1,3	20,0
3136 ΚΑΡΥΑΙ		1,3	20,0
	7	6,5	19,0
2103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΔΗΜΗΤΡΙΟΣ (ΖΑΡΑΚΟΣ)		11,5	19,0
2109 ΑΜΠΕΛΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		9,0	19,0
2125 ΙΕΡΑΚΑΣ		9,0	19,0
2130 ΚΥΠΑΡΙΣΣΙΟΝ		9,0	19,0
2139 ΝΙΑΤΑ		11,5	19,0
2145 ΡΕΙΧΕΑ		9,0	19,0
	8	15,0	19,3
ΛΑΚΩΝΙΑΣ			
	9	13,0	21,8
ΛΑΡΙΣΑΣ			
	1	2,5	16,3
	2	2,5	16,3
	3	2,0	17,0
1119 ΣΚΛΗΘΡΟ		2,0	16,8
	4	2,3	15,5
3153 ΤΕΡΨΙΘΕΑ		2,3	15,3
ΛΑΣΙΘΙΟΥ			
	1	27,3	20,0
4106 ΑΧΛΑΔΙΑ		17,5	21,5
4135 ΧΡΥΣΟΠΗΓΗ		22,5	21,3
	2	13,8	23,3
4104 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ		15,0	23,0
4108 ΖΑΚΡΟΣ		18,0	22,3
1104 ΚΑΒΟΥΣΙΟΝ		22,5	21,3
3109 ΚΑΛΟΝ ΧΩΡΙΟΝ		15,8	22,8
4112 ΚΑΤΩ ΚΡΥΑ		16,8	21,8
4124 ΠΙΣΚΟΚΕΦΑΛΟΝ		16,5	22,3
4129 ΣΤΑΥΡΩΜΕΝΟΣ		19,0	22,3
	3	19,3	21,8

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
4109 ΖΙΡΟΣ		15,0	22,8
4115 ΜΑΡΩΝΙΑ		17,5	22,0
1109 ΜΕΣΣΑΕΡΟΙ		21,0	21,8
1110 ΜΕΤΑΞΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		17,8	21,8
4121 ΠΑΠΠΑΓΙΑΝΝΑΔΕΣ		16,8	22,5
1114 ΠΑΧΕΙΑ ΑΜΜΟΣ		15,0	22,8
4134 ΧΑΝΔΡΑΣ		12,0	22,5
	4	12,8	22,3
4101 ΑΓΙΑ ΤΡΙΑΣ		19,8	20,5
3105 ΒΡΥΣΑΙ		11,8	22,3
4107 ΕΞΩ ΜΟΥΛΙΑΝΑ		14,0	21,0
3108 ΖΕΝΙΑ		13,0	22,0
1105 ΚΑΛΑΜΑΥΚΑ		19,0	21,0
4110 ΚΑΡΥΔΙΟΝ		15,5	21,3
3110 ΚΑΡΥΔΙΟΝ		16,3	21,8
3111 ΚΑΣΤΕΛΛΙΟΝ		13,5	22,0
4114 ΛΙΘΙΝΑΙ		18,0	21,3
1108 ΜΑΛΛΑΙ		21,0	20,5
4104 ΜΕΣΑ ΑΠΙΔΙΟΝ		11,5	21,8
3118 ΜΙΛΑΤΟΣ		15,5	21,5
4120 ΠΑΛΑΙΚΑΣΤΡΟΝ		17,0	21,3
4001 ΣΗΤΕΙΑ		13,0	22,0
4127 ΣΚΟΠΗ		14,0	22,0
3117 ΦΛΑΜΟΥΡΙΑΝΑ		14,0	21,0
	5	14,5	22,0
3101 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΑΝΤΩΝΙΟΣ		16,3	21,5
1101 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΙΩΑΝΝΗΣ		16,5	21,0
3001 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΣ		11,8	22,5
1102 ΑΝΑΤΟΛΗ		18,5	20,5
4105 ΑΡΜΕΝΟΙ		10,5	22,0
3102 ΒΟΥΛΙΣΜΕΝΗ		10,8	22,5
2104 ΕΞΩ ΠΟΤΑΜΟΣ		9,3	23,3
4111 ΚΑΤΣΙΔΩΝΙΟΝ		9,5	22,0
3116 ΚΑΤΩ ΛΟΥΜΑΣ		14,5	22,3
3112 ΚΡΙΤΣΑ		15,3	22,0
3115 ΛΙΜΝΑΙ		10,8	22,5
4116 ΜΕΣΑ ΜΟΥΛΙΑΝΑ		13,0	21,3
3002 ΝΕΑΠΟΛΙΣ		11,8	22,5
4119 ΟΡΕΙΝΟΝ		14,8	21,0
3120 ΠΡΙΝΑ		17,3	21,0
4126 ΡΟΥΣΣΑ ΕΚΚΛΗΣΙΑ		11,5	22,0
4128 ΣΤΑΥΡΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		15,5	21,5
4131 ΣΧΙΝΟΚΑΨΑΛΑ		15,8	20,8
3106 ΣΧΙΣΜΑ		11,5	22,0
3122 ΦΟΥΡΝΗ		12,5	22,3
4133 ΧΑΜΕΖΙΟΝ		14,0	21,3
3123 ΧΟΥΜΕΡΙΑΚΟΣ		11,8	22,5
	6	10,0	22,5
4103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΣΤΕΦΑΝΟΣ		12,5	21,8
1103 ΓΔΟΧΙΑ		12,5	22,8
3113 ΚΡΟΥΣΤΑΣ		13,3	22,5
4113 ΛΑΣΤΡΟΣ		11,8	22,3
1111 ΜΟΥΡΝΙΑΙ		12,5	22,8
1112 ΜΥΘΟΙ		15,0	22,0
4118 ΜΥΡΣΙΝΗ		13,5	21,8
1113 ΜΥΡΤΟΣ		15,0	22,0
3119 ΝΙΚΗΘΙΑΝΟΣ		10,3	23,0
4123 ΠΕΥΚΟΙ		13,5	21,8
1115 ΡΙΖΑ		15,0	22,0
3121 ΣΚΙΝΙΑΣ		11,0	22,5
4130 ΣΦΑΚΑ		15,3	21,3
4132 ΤΟΥΡΑΩΤΗ		12,5	21,8
ΛΕΣΒΟΥ			
	1	4,5	26,0
	2	4,3	24,0

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	3	2,5	22,3
	4	5,8	24,5
	5	3,5	17,8
2112 ΛΕΠΕΤΥΜΝΟΣ		3,8	17,8
	6	3,3	19,3
1120 ΝΕΑ ΚΟΥΤΑΛΗ		3,3	20,8
	7	5,3	24,0
ΛΕΥΚΑΔΑΣ			
	1	10,8	19,8
1123 ΚΑΡΥΑ		12,0	19,8
1127 ΚΑΤΩΧΩΡΙΟΝ		9,5	20,0
1130 ΛΑΖΑΡΑΤΑ		12,0	19,8
1133 ΝΙΚΟΛΗΣ		12,3	20,3
1135 ΠΗΓΑΔΗΣΑΝΟΙ		12,0	19,8
1144 ΧΑΡΑΔΙΑΤΙΚΑ		12,5	20,0
	2	12,0	20,5
1103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΠΕΤΡΟΣ		12,8	20,5
9999 ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΣ		10,8	20,3
1106 ΑΠΟΛΠΑΙΝΑ		13,8	20,3
1109 ΒΑΣΙΛΙΚΗ		10,0	20,5
1111 ΒΛΥΧΟΝ		6,5	20,8
1113 ΔΡΑΓΑΝΟΝ		8,3	20,5
1115 ΕΓΚΛΟΥΒΗ		7,0	20,5
1128 ΚΟΜΗΛΙΟΝ		8,3	20,5
1129 ΚΟΝΤΑΡΑΙΝΑ		8,5	20,5
1131 ΜΑΡΑΝΤΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		5,3	20,5
1132 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		11,0	20,8
1134 ΝΥΔΡΙΟΝ		12,8	20,5
1141 ΣΥΒΡΟΣ		12,8	20,5
1143 ΦΤΕΡΝΟΝ		8,5	20,5
	3	9,5	20,5
1101 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΗΛΙΑΣ		10,3	21,0
1102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΝΙΚΗΤΑΣ		13,0	20,5
1104 ΑΘΑΝΙΟΝ		12,0	20,8
1112 ΒΟΥΡΝΙΚΑΣ		12,0	20,8
1114 ΔΡΥΜΩΝ		11,3	20,8
1117 ΕΠΙΣΚΟΠΗ		7,8	20,8
1118 ΕΥΓΗΡΟΣ		4,5	20,8
1120 ΚΑΛΑΜΙΤΣΙΟΝ		11,3	20,8
1122 ΚΑΡΙΩΤΑΙ		8,8	21,0
1125 ΚΑΤΟΥΝΑ		11,3	20,8
1101 ΛΕΥΚΑΣ		9,0	20,8
1138 ΠΟΡΟΣ		8,5	21,0
ΜΑΓΝΗΣΙΑΣ			
	1	8,5	20,0
2102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ ΝΗΛΕΙΑΣ		8,0	20,5
2101 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΒΛΑΣΙΟΣ		8,0	20,5
2105 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΛΑΥΡΕΝΤΙΟΣ		7,5	20,8
2138 ΝΕΑ ΑΓΧΙΑΛΟΣ		7,3	20,3
	2	3,5	21,3
1103 ΑΓΙΟΙ ΘΕΟΔΩΡΟΙ		4,3	20,5
1105 ΑΜΑΛΙΑΠΟΛΙΣ		5,8	20,5
2115 ΑΦΕΤΑΙ		5,3	21,0
1108 ΑΧΙΛΛΕΙΟΝ		5,3	20,5
2116 ΒΥΖΙΤΣΑ		7,0	20,3
2118 ΔΙΜΗΝΙΟΝ		5,3	20,8
2119 ΔΡΑΚΕΙΑ		6,5	20,8
2122 ΚΑΛΑ ΝΕΡΑ		7,0	20,3
2134 ΜΗΛΕΑΙ		6,5	20,8
2003 ΝΕΑ ΙΩΝΙΑ		5,3	20,8
2139 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		5,3	21,0
2144 ΠΙΝΑΚΑΤΑΙ		6,5	20,8
1117 ΠΤΕΛΕΟΣ		4,8	20,8

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2149 ΣΕΣΚΛΟΝ	3	5,3	20,8	1106 ΑΙΘΑΙΑ		16,3	18,3
1118 ΣΟΥΡΠΗ		5,8	20,5	1111 ΑΜΦΕΙΑ		16,8	18,0
		3,0	21,3	2104 ΑΜΦΙΘΕΑ		14,0	18,8
2109 ΑΛΛΗ ΜΕΡΙΑ		4,3	20,5	2105 ΑΝΑΛΗΨΙΣ		14,0	18,8
2112 ΑΝΩ ΒΟΛΟΣ		4,3	20,5	2001 ΑΝΔΡΟΥΣΑ		14,0	18,8
2114 ΑΡΓΑΛΑΣΤΗ		4,8	21,0	1113 ΑΝΘΕΙΑ		16,3	18,3
2120 ΖΑΓΟΡΑ		3,8	21,0	1114 ΑΝΤΙΚΑΛΑΜΟΣ		16,8	18,0
2125 ΚΑΤΩΧΩΡΙΟΝ		3,8	21,0	2109 ΑΡΙΣΤΟΔΗΜΕΙΟΝ		16,3	18,3
2126 ΚΕΡΑΜΙΔΙΟΝ		3,8	21,0	1120 ΑΣΠΡΟΧΩΜΑ		16,8	18,0
2130 ΛΑΥΚΟΣ		4,3	21,3	1121 ΒΕΛΑΝΙΔΙΑ		4,5	22,0
2131 ΜΑΚΡΙΝΙΤΣΑ		3,8	21,0	2113 ΒΕΛΙΚΑ		18,0	17,8
2133 ΜΕΤΟΧΙΟΝ		4,3	21,3	1123 ΒΡΩΜΟΒΡΥΣΗ		4,5	22,0
2135 ΜΗΛΙΝΑ		4,3	21,3	1125 ΕΛΑΙΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		11,5	18,5
2145 ΠΟΡΤΑΡΙΑ		3,8	21,0	1128 ΘΟΥΡΙΑ		21,0	17,8
2147 ΠΡΟΜΥΡΙΟΝ	4	4,3	21,3	1001 ΚΑΛΑΜΑΤΑ		16,8	18,0
2150 ΣΤΑΓΙΑΤΑΙ		3,8	21,0	2130 ΚΑΡΤΕΡΟΛΙΟΝ		14,0	18,8
2152 ΣΥΚΗ		4,3	21,3	1137 ΛΑΪΚΑ		16,8	18,0
		3,3	18,0	2140 ΛΑΜΠΑΙΝΑ		16,3	18,3
2103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ		5,3	18,3	2141 ΛΕΥΚΟΧΩΡΑ		18,0	17,8
2108 ΑΕΡΙΝΟΝ		1,5	19,5	2143 ΛΥΚΟΤΡΑΦΟΣ		18,0	17,8
1107 ΑΝΘΟΤΟΠΟΣ		0,3	20,0	2146 ΜΑΔΕΝΑ		14,0	18,8
2002 ΒΟΛΟΣ		4,0	18,5	2152 ΜΑΥΡΟΜΜΑΤΙΟΝ ΠΑΜΙΣΟΥ		14,0	18,8
1110 ΔΡΥΜΩΝ		2,8	19,0	2003 ΜΕΣΣΗΝΗ		14,0	18,8
1111 ΕΥΞΕΙΝΟΥΠΟΛΣ		2,5	18,7	2155 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ ΑΡΙΣΤΟΜΕΝΟΥΣ		18,0	17,8
2127 ΚΕΡΑΣΕΑ		2,8	21,3	2161 ΠΙΛΑΛΙΣΤΡΑ		14,0	18,8
1112 ΚΟΚΚΩΤΟΙ		0,3	20,0	1149 ΠΟΛΙΑΝΗ		19,5	19,3
1113 ΚΡΟΚΙΟΝ		2,8	19,0	1155 ΣΠΕΡΧΟΓΕΙΑ		16,8	18,0
1115 ΜΙΚΡΟΘΗΒΑΙ		2,5	18,7	2171 ΣΠΙΤΑΛΙΟΝ		14,0	18,8
2140 ΞΙΝΟΒΡΥΣΗ	5	4,0	21,3	1156 ΣΤΑΜΑΤΙΝΟΝ		4,5	22,0
2143 ΠΕΡΙΒΛΕΠΤΟΝ		2,3	18,5		6	17,3	18,3
1116 ΠΛΑΤΑΝΟΣ		3,5	18,5	3110 ΔΑΡΑΣ		20,0	17,8
2148 ΡΙΖΟΜΥΛΟΣ		2,3	18,5	2118 ΔΙΟΔΙΑ		16,5	17,7
2153 ΤΡΙΚΕΡΙΟΝ		4,0	21,3	2127 ΚΑΛΟΓΕΡΟΡΡΑΧΗ		17,8	18,3
		2,5	22,0	2136 ΚΛΗΜΑ		17,8	18,3
3101 ΑΛΟΝΝΗΣΟΣ		5,5	21,0	2149 ΜΑΝΕΣΗΣ		17,8	18,3
2110 ΑΝΑΚΑΣΙΑ		3,8	20,7	2151 ΜΑΥΡΟΜΜΑΤΙΟΝ ΙΘΩΜΗΣ		8,0	19,0
3102 ΓΛΩΣΣΑ		6,0	20,3	2165 ΠΟΛΥΛΟΦΟΣ		20,0	17,8
3103 ΚΛΗΜΑ		6,0	20,3	2175 ΤΡΙΚΟΡΦΟΝ		17,8	18,3
3001 ΣΚΙΑΘΟΣ		5,5	21,0		7	12,0	17,8
3002 ΣΚΟΠΕΛΟΣ		6,0	20,3	2106 ΑΝΔΑΝΙΑ		15,3	17,8
ΜΕΣΣΗΝΙΑΣ	1			2108 ΑΝΩ ΜΕΛΠΕΙΑ		8,5	17,7
		9,0	21,8	2112 ΒΑΛΥΡΑ		14,8	17,3
1101 ΑΒΙΑ		14,5	19,8	2115 ΔΑΣΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		19,3	17,5
1102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΣ		11,5	21,5	2116 ΔΕΣΥΛΛΑΣ		15,3	17,8
1122 ΒΕΡΓΑ		14,5	19,8	2117 ΔΙΑΒΟΛΙΤΣΙΟΝ		15,3	17,8
1124 ΔΟΛΟΙ		14,5	19,8	2122 ΖΕΡΜΠΙΣΙΑ		11,3	17,0
1126 ΕΞΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		5,5	21,0	2126 ΚΑΛΛΙΡΡΟΗ		12,0	18,3
1131 ΚΑΡΔΑΜΥΛΗ		11,5	21,5	2129 ΚΑΡΝΑΣΙΟΝ		9,3	18,3
1132 ΚΑΡΥΟΒΟΥΝΙΟΝ		5,5	21,0	2132 ΚΑΤΩ ΜΕΛΠΕΙΑ		14,8	17,3
1133 ΚΑΣΤΑΝΕΑ		5,5	21,0	2142 ΛΟΥΤΡΟΝ		18,3	17,8
1134 ΚΕΝΤΡΟΝ		3,3	22,0	2153 ΜΕΡΟΠΗ		12,5	17,8
1138 ΜΗΔΕΑ		5,5	21,0	2157 ΟΙΧΑΛΙΑ		18,3	17,8
1139 ΜΙΚΡΑ ΜΑΝΤΙΝΕΙΑ		14,5	19,8	2159 ΠΑΡΑΠΟΥΓΚΙΟΝ		15,3	17,8
1142 ΝΕΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ (ΚΑΛΑΜΩΝ)				2178 ΦΙΛΙΑ		18,3	17,8
ΛΕΥΚΤΡΟΥ	2	11,5	21,5		8	18,3	18,0
1153 ΡΙΓΚΛΙΑ		11,5	21,5	3101 ΑΔΡΙΑΝΗ		16,8	17,8
1154 ΣΑΪΔΟΝΑ		5,5	21,0	3102 ΑΚΡΙΤΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		15,3	18,0
1160 ΤΣΕΡΙΑ		4,0	21,5	3105 ΒΑΣΙΛΙΤΣΙΟΝ		15,3	18,0
		11,5	21,3	3108 ΒΟΥΝΑΡΙΑ		20,8	18,0
		14,8	18,3	3120 ΚΟΚΚΙΝΟΝ		9,5	18,5
		3,5	23,7	3129 ΛΟΓΓΑ		20,8	18,0
		13,5	18,8	3130 ΛΥΚΙΣΣΑ		12,3	18,0
2101 ΑΒΡΑΜΙΟΝ		18,0	17,8	3131 ΜΑΘΙΑ		15,3	18,0
1105 ΑΓΡΙΛΟΣ		4,3	20,7	3153 ΥΑΜΕΙΑ		16,8	17,8
				3162 ΧΡΥΣΟΚΕΛΛΑΡΙΑ		15,3	18,0

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	9	16,3	18,0
3113 ΙΚΛΑΙΝΑ		20,0	18,5
3122 ΚΟΡΥΦΑΣΙΟΝ		20,0	18,5
3128 ΛΑΧΑΝΑΔΑ		14,8	18,3
3140 ΜΥΡΣΙΝΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		20,0	18,5
3145 ΠΑΠΠΟΥΛΙΑ		22,5	18,3
3150 ΠΥΛΑ		18,0	18,5
3001 ΠΥΛΟΣ		18,0	18,5
3151 ΡΩΜΑΝΟΣ		20,0	18,5
3157 ΧΑΝΔΡΙΝΟΣ		19,5	18,3
	10	19,0	18,0
3112 ΕΥΑΓΓΕΛΙΣΜΟΣ		14,5	18,3
3134 ΜΕΘΩΝΗ		14,5	18,3
3155 ΦΟΙΝΙΚΗ		14,5	18,3
3156 ΦΟΙΝΙΚΟΥΣ		17,3	17,8
	11	8,5	18,0
3107 ΒΛΑΧΟΠΟΥΛΟΝ		11,3	18,0
3109 ΓΛΥΦΑΔΑ		18,0	17,3
3124 ΚΟΥΚΚΟΥΝΑΡΑ		15,8	17,8
3126 ΚΡΕΜΜΥΔΙΑ		15,8	17,8
3137 ΜΕΤΑΜΟΡΦΩΣΙΣ		15,3	17,8
3148 ΠΕΤΡΙΤΣΙΟΝ		17,0	18,3
	12	4,3	19,3
	13	25,5	16,8
4111 ΒΑΛΤΑ		19,8	17,3
4001 ΓΑΡΓΑΛΙΑΝΟΙ		25,5	16,5
4142 ΞΗΡΟΚΑΜΠΟΣ		19,8	17,3
4144 ΠΕΡΙΔΙΚΟΝΕΡΙΟΝ		18,5	17,3
4147 ΠΛΑΤΗ		18,5	17,3
4160 ΣΤΑΣΙΟΝ		19,8	17,3
4168 ΧΡΙΣΤΙΑΝΟΥΠΟΛΙΣ-ΧΡΙΣΤΙΑ		18,5	17,3
	14	11,0	18,3
4101 ΑΓΑΛΙΑΝΗ		19,5	17,8
4104 ΑΕΤΟΣ		11,3	17,3
4106 ΑΜΠΕΛΟΦΥΤΟΝ		24,5	17,5
4109 ΑΡΤΙΚΙΟΝ		11,3	17,3
4112 ΒΑΝΑΔΑ		10,0	17,3
4113 ΒΑΣΙΛΙΚΟΝ		12,3	18,3
4114 ΒΡΥΣΑΙ		16,5	18,5
4115 ΓΛΥΚΟΡΡΙΖΟΝ		12,3	18,3
4117 ΕΛΑΙΑ		24,5	17,5
4122 ΚΑΛΟΝ ΝΕΡΟΝ		26,5	17,3
4123 ΚΑΜΑΡΙΟΝ		12,3	18,3
4124 ΚΑΡΥΑΙ		19,5	17,8
4126 ΚΟΚΛΑΣ		11,3	17,3
4129 ΚΡΥΟΝΕΡΙΟΝ		10,0	17,3
4131 ΛΕΥΚΗ		24,5	17,5
4134 ΜΑΛΘΗ		11,3	17,3
4137 ΜΟΝΑΣΤΗΡΙΟΝ		10,0	17,3
4138 ΜΟΥΖΑΚΙΟΝ		16,5	18,5
4139 ΜΟΥΡΙΑΤΑΔΑ		16,5	18,5
4140 ΜΥΡΟΝ		16,5	18,5
4148 ΠΟΛΥΘΕΑ		11,3	17,3
4149 ΠΡΟΔΡΟΜΟΣ		12,3	18,3
4150 ΠΥΡΓΟΣ ΤΡΙΦΥΛΛΙΑΣ		17,8	18,5
4152 ΡΑΧΑΙ		24,5	17,5
4155 ΣΙΔΗΡΟΚΑΣΤΡΟΝ		10,0	17,3
4165 ΦΛΟΚΑ		17,8	18,5
4170 ΧΩΡΑ		20,8	17,8
	15	8,3	17,0
4110 ΑΥΛΩΝ		13,5	17,3

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ΞΑΝΘΗΣ			
	1	8,8	19,8
1107 ΔΙΟΜΗΔΕΙΑ		11,3	19,8
1124 ΝΕΑ ΚΕΣΣΑΝΗ		11,8	19,8
	2	5,0	20,0
1102 ΑΒΔΗΡΑ		9,5	19,5
1108 ΕΞΟΧΗ		7,5	19,5
1115 ΚΙΜΜΕΡΙΑ		7,5	19,5
1118 ΚΟΥΤΣΟΝ		7,5	19,5
1119 ΜΑΓΓΑΝΑ		7,5	19,5
1121 ΜΑΝΔΡΑ		8,0	19,5
1001 ΞΑΝΘΗ		8,0	19,5
1126 ΟΛΒΙΟΝ		7,5	19,5
1133 ΣΟΥΝΙΟΝ		8,5	19,5
1134 ΤΟΞΟΤΑΙ		7,5	19,5
	3	6,3	19,3
ΠΕΙΡΑΙΑΣ			
	1	13,5	17,0
3108 ΛΟΓΟΘΕΤΙΑΝΙΚΑ		3,0	16,0
	2	5,3	20,0
	3	8,0	18,8
	4	6,3	21,0
	5	3,0	20,5
	6	8,0	20,7
	7	8,3	21,8
5101 ΑΙΑΝΤΕΙΟΝ		4,8	21,3
5102 ΑΜΠΕΛΑΚΙΑ		4,8	21,3
2109 ΒΑΡΗ		7,0	21,8
5001 ΣΑΛΑΜΙΣ		4,8	21,3
5103 ΣΕΛΗΝΙΑ		4,8	21,3
ΠΕΛΛΗΣ			
	1	12,0	15,0
ΠΕΡΙΔΑΣ			
	1	3,0	18,7
1107 ΒΡΟΝΤΟΥ		6,5	18,8
1126 ΛΟΦΟΣ		5,8	18,5
1127 ΜΑΚΡΥΓΙΑΛΟΣ		9,5	17,5
1128 ΜΕΘΩΝΗ		9,5	17,5
1134 ΝΕΟΚΑΙΣΑΡΕΙΑ		7,0	18,3
	2	6,3	17,8
1001 ΑΙΓΙΝΙΟΝ		10,3	17,3
1143 ΚΙΤΡΟΣ		5,0	18,3
1120 ΚΟΝΤΑΡΙΩΤΙΣΣΑ		5,8	18,0
1124 ΛΕΠΤΟΚΑΡΥΑ		7,0	18,0
1132 ΝΕΑ ΕΦΕΣΟΣ		7,0	18,0
1136 ΠΑΛΑΙΟΝ ΕΛΕΥΘΕΡΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		7,3	17,3
1138 ΠΑΝΤΕΛΕΗΜΩΝ		6,0	18,0
1140 ΠΕΡΙΣΤΑΣΙΣ		5,0	18,3
1142 ΠΟΡΟΙ		6,8	17,8
	3	4,3	18,5
1103 ΑΛΩΝΙΑ		5,5	18,0
1104 ΑΝΩ ΑΓΙΟΣ ΙΩΑΝΝΗΣ		7,0	17,5
1108 ΓΑΝΟΧΩΡΑ		5,0	18,3
1118 ΚΑΤΩ ΑΓΙΟΣ ΙΩΑΝΝΗΣ		6,5	17,5
1003 ΚΟΛΙΝΔΡΟΣ		6,5	17,5
1122 ΚΟΥΚΚΟΣ		6,0	17,8
1137 ΠΑΛΑΙΟΝ ΚΕΡΑΜΙΔΙΟΝ		5,0	18,3
1141 ΠΛΑΤΑΜΩΝ		4,8	18,3
1147 ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗ		6,0	18,0
1149 ΣΦΕΝΔΑΜΙΟΝ		6,0	18,0

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ΠΡΕΒΕΖΗΣ				3114 ΔΟΞΑΡΟΝ		9,8	24,5
	1	8,8	15,0	4114 ΖΟΥΡΙΔΙΟΝ		11,8	25,8
	2	13,8	16,0	1111 ΚΕΡΑΜΕΣ		15,0	27,0
1165 ΧΕΙΜΑΔΙΟΝ		17,5	17,3	3122 ΚΡΥΟΝΕΡΙΟΝ		14,0	26,0
1113 ΒΡΑΧΟΣ	3	16,3	18,5	2121 ΠΑΝΤΑΝΑΣΣΑ		10,0	26,3
1136 ΛΟΥΤΣΑ		16,3	17,8	3131 ΠΡΙΝΕΣ (ΜΥΛΟΠΟΤΑΜΟΥ)		14,0	26,0
				4001 ΡΕΘΥΜΝΟΝ	7	24,5	26,5
	4	10,3	14,0			20,5	26,8
1133 ΚΥΨΕΛΗ		7,8	13,3	1101 ΑΓΙΑ ΓΑΛΗΝΗ		9,5	27,0
	5	8,5	13,8	1103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΙΩΑΝΝΗΣ			
1114 ΒΡΥΣΟΥΛΑ		8,5	14,0	(ΑΓΙΟΣ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΣ)		12,5	27,3
	6	7,3	14,3	4103 ΑΜΝΑΤΟΣ		15,5	26,5
	7	3,3	13,8	4124 ΑΝΩ ΜΑΛΑΚΙΟΝ		8,0	26,3
ΡΕΘΥΜΝΟΥ				1123 ΑΝΩ ΡΟΔΑΚΙΟΝ		19,3	26,8
	1	20,8	24,3	4105 ΑΡΓΥΡΟΥΠΟΛΙΣ		8,0	26,3
1116 ΛΕΥΚΟΓΕΙΑ		25,0	25,0	4109 ΒΙΛΑΝΔΡΕΔΟΝ		11,5	25,8
1117 ΜΑΡΙΟΥ		25,0	25,0	2109 ΒΡΥΣΑΙ		11,0	26,3
3134 ΣΙΣΑΙ		15,5	21,0	4111 ΓΟΥΛΕΔΙΑΝΑ		8,0	26,3
	2	23,3	25,0	3120 ΚΑΛΑΝΔΑΡΕ		13,8	26,0
3102 ΑΓΙΑ		19,3	23,3	4115 ΚΑΛΟΝΥΚΤΗΣ		11,5	25,8
3110 ΑΧΛΑΔΕΣ		15,0	21,8	1109 ΚΑΡΙΝΑΙ		9,3	24,8
3128 ΠΑΝΟΡΜΟΣ		13,8	21,0	4118 ΚΑΣΤΕΛΛΟΣ		11,5	25,8
	3	12,5	22,3	4119 ΚΑΤΩ ΒΑΣΣΑΜΟΝΕΡΟΝ		11,5	25,8
3101 ΑΓΓΕΛΙΑΝΑ		24,3	25,5	4120 ΚΑΤΩ ΠΟΡΟΣ		11,5	25,8
1102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΣ		14,0	26,8	1110 ΚΕΝΤΡΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		16,3	26,3
1104 ΑΓΚΟΥΣΕΛΙΑΝΑ		20,5	27,0	1112 ΚΙΣΣΟΣ		16,3	26,3
3138 ΔΡΟΣΙΑ		10,3	23,3	4127 ΜΟΥΝΤΡΟΣ		8,0	26,3
3116 ΕΠΙΣΚΟΠΗ (ΜΥΛΟΠΟΤΑΜΟΥ)		24,3	25,5	1119 ΜΟΥΡΝΕ		14,8	26,5
3117 ΕΡΦΟΙ		15,8	25,5	4128 ΜΥΡΙΟΚΕΦΑΛΑ		8,0	26,3
3129 ΠΑΣΑΛΙΤΑΙ		10,8	25,3	2122 ΠΑΤΣΟΣ		9,3	26,5
	4	13,5	25,3	4135 ΡΟΥΣΤΙΚΑ		11,5	25,8
3111 ΒΕΝΙΟΝ		12,3	24,5	4136 ΣΑΙΤΟΥΡΑΙ		8,0	26,3
3119 ΘΕΟΔΩΡΑ		16,3	26,5	1125 ΣΕΛΛΙΑ		14,3	26,5
1113 ΚΟΞΑΡΕ		19,8	27,3	3136 ΣΚΟΥΛΟΥΦΙΑ		8,3	23,8
3125 ΜΕΛΙΔΟΝΙΟΝ		11,8	22,5	1126 ΣΠΗΛΙΟΝ		16,3	26,3
1120 ΜΥΞΟΡΡΟΥΜΑ		16,0	26,8	4140 ΧΑΡΚΙΑ	8	15,5	26,5
3130 ΠΕΡΑΜΑ		17,3	24,8			9,3	24,5
3137 ΧΟΥΜΕΡΙΟΝ		16,3	26,5	1105 ΑΚΟΥΜΙΑ		16,0	23,8
	5	14,5	25,3	2103 ΑΜΑΡΙΟΝ		10,8	23,8
3103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΙΩΑΝΝΗΣ				2106 ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΟΙ		10,8	23,8
(ΜΥΛΟΠΟΤΑΜΟΥ)		13,0	24,8	1106 ΑΡΔΑΚΤΟΣ		16,0	23,8
3104 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΜΑΜΑΣ		10,8	25,8	2107 ΒΙΖΑΡΙΟΝ		10,8	23,8
3105 ΑΙΜΟΝΑΣ		10,3	23,8	2108 ΒΙΣΤΑΓΗ		11,5	23,8
3106 ΑΛΟΙΔΕΣ		11,3	22,0	2111 ΓΕΡΑΚΑΡΙΟΝ		10,8	23,8
3107 ΑΛΦΑ		20,8	26,3	1108 ΔΡΙΜΙΣΚΟΣ		16,0	23,8
3108 ΑΞΟΣ		13,0	24,8	2112 ΕΛΕΝΑΙ		10,8	23,8
3109 ΑΠΛΑΔΙΑΝΑ		10,3	23,8	2113 ΘΡΟΝΟΣ		10,8	23,8
4106 ΑΡΜΕΝΟΙ		12,3	25,0	2114 ΚΑΛΟΓΕΡΟΣ		10,8	23,8
4108 ΑΤΣΙΠΟΠΟΥΛΟΝ		12,3	25,0	2116 ΛΑΜΠΙΩΤΑΙ		10,8	23,8
3112 ΓΑΡΑΖΟΝ		11,8	24,0	4125 ΜΑΡΟΥΛΑΣ		20,3	24,3
4112 ΓΩΝΙΑ		16,5	25,3	2118 ΜΕΡΩΝΑΣ		10,8	23,8
3113 ΔΑΜΑΒΟΛΟΣ		9,5	25,0	2119 ΜΟΝΑΣΤΗΡΑΚΙΟΝ		10,8	23,8
3121 ΚΑΛΥΒΟΣ		13,0	24,8	1122 ΟΡΝΕ		8,8	24,8
1115 ΛΑΜΠΙΝΗ		15,5	26,3	2123 ΠΕΤΡΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		10,8	23,8
4129 ΟΡΟΣ		8,8	25,5	2124 ΠΛΑΤΑΝΙΑ		11,5	23,8
3132 ΠΡΙΝΟΣ		21,3	26,0	2126 ΦΟΥΡΦΟΥΡΑΣ		11,5	23,8
4138 ΦΡΑΝΤΖΕΣΚΙΑΝΑ ΜΕΤΟΧΙΑ		16,5	25,3	ΡΟΔΟΠΗΣ			
	6	8,3	26,3		1	5,0	20,0
4101 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΚΩΝΣΤΑΝΤΙΝΟΣ		11,8	25,8	1101 ΑΓΙΟΙ ΘΕΟΔΩΡΟΙ		1,3	20,0
4104 ΑΝΩ ΒΑΣΣΑΜΟΝΕΡΟΝ		11,8	25,8	1103 ΑΜΑΞΑΔΕΣ		1,3	20,0
2110 ΒΩΛΕΩΝΕΣ		11,8	25,5	1105 ΑΜΒΡΟΣΙΑ		2,5	20,0
4110 ΓΕΡΑΝΙΟΝ		14,5	26,0	2103 ΑΡΡΙΑΝΑ		1,3	20,0
				1106 ΑΣΩΜΑΤΟΙ		2,5	20,0
				1108 ΘΡΥΛΟΡΙΟΝ		3,8	20,0
				1109 ΙΑΣΜΟΣ		3,8	20,0
				1117 ΝΕΑ ΚΑΛΛΙΣΤΗ		2,5	20,0
				2107 ΝΕΑ ΣΑΝΤΑ		3,8	20,0

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ΣΑΜΟΥ				2178 ΠΟΛΥΝΕΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0
	1	7,8	21,5	2181 ΠΥΡΡΑ		4,5	16,0
	2	7,3	21,5	2184 ΡΟΠΟΤΟΝ		4,5	16,0
	3	8,8	21,5	2186 ΣΤΟΥΡΝΑΡΑΙΚΑ		4,5	16,0
				1146 ΤΡΥΓΩΝ		4,5	16,0
ΣΕΡΡΩΝ				2190 ΦΙΛΥΡΑ		4,5	16,0
	1	11,0	17,5	1147 ΦΛΑΜΠΟΥΡΕΣΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0
				1148 ΦΩΤΕΙΝΟΝ		4,5	16,0
				1149 ΧΑΛΙΚΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0
				1150 ΧΡΥΣΜΟΜΗΛΕΑ		4,5	16,0
ΤΡΙΚΑΛΩΝ				ΦΘΙΩΤΙΔΟΣ			
	1	7,5	16,0		1	9,5	15,5
2102 ΑΓΙΑ ΠΑΡΑΣΚΕΥΗ		4,5	16,0	3101 ΑΓΙΑ ΜΑΡΙΝΑ		7,0	17,5
2104 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΣ		4,5	16,0		2	7,3	17,5
2105 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΠΡΟΚΟΠΙΟΣ		4,5	16,0		3	6,8	17,5
1101 ΑΓΙΟΦΥΛΛΟΝ		4,5	16,0	9999 ΛΟΥΤΡΑ ΥΠΑΤΗΣ		4,3	16,7
1102 ΑΓΝΑΝΤΙΑ		4,5	16,0		4	6,8	18,0
1103 ΑΗΔΩΝ		4,5	16,0				
2107 ΑΘΑΜΑΝΙΑ		4,5	16,0	2101 ΑΓΙΑ ΜΑΡΙΝΑ		9,3	16,0
1104 ΑΜΑΡΑΝΤΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2123 ΛΕΥΚΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		5,8	17,8
1105 ΑΜΠΕΛΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0		5	5,3	17,3
1106 ΑΝΘΟΥΣΑ		4,5	16,0				
2109 ΑΡΜΑΤΟΛΙΚΟΝ		4,5	16,0	ΦΩΚΙΔΟΣ			
2111 ΒΑΘΥΡΕΥΜΑ		4,5	16,0		1	22,0	18,3
2112 ΒΑΛΚΑΝΟΝ		4,5	16,0	1121 ΚΑΣΤΡΑΚΙΟΝ		23,3	19,0
2114 ΒΡΟΝΤΕΡΟΝ		4,5	16,0		2	13,5	19,3
2115 ΓΑΡΔΙΚΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	1115 ΕΥΠΑΛΙΟΝ		12,8	19,3
1113 ΓΕΡΑΚΑΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	1137 ΜΟΝΑΣΤΗΡΑΚΙΟΝ		14,5	19,3
1114 ΓΛΥΚΟΜΗΛΕΑ		4,5	16,0	1138 ΠΑΛΛΙΟΞΑΡΙΟΝ		8,5	19,0
2123 ΔΕΣΗ		4,5	16,0	1150 ΤΕΙΧΙΟΝ		8,5	19,0
2128 ΔΡΟΣΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	1153 ΤΡΙΚΟΡΦΟΝ		14,5	19,3
2129 ΕΛΑΤΗ		4,5	16,0	1156 ΦΙΛΟΘΕΗ		12,8	19,3
1117 ΚΑΚΟΠΛΕΥΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0		3	19,8	19,3
1118 ΚΑΛΛΙΘΕΑ		4,5	16,0	1113 ΕΛΑΙΑ		24,3	19,3
1119 ΚΑΛΛΙΡΟΗ		4,5	16,0	1117 ΚΑΛΛΙΘΕΑ		11,5	17,3
2134 ΚΑΛΟΓΗΡΟΙ		4,5	16,0	1145 ΠΥΡΓΟΣ		11,3	19,7
1120 ΚΑΛΟΓΡΙΑΝΗ		4,5	16,0	1146 ΣΕΡΓΟΥΛΑ		20,5	19,3
1121 ΚΑΛΟΜΟΙΡΑ		4,5	16,0		4	1,5	18,0
1122 ΚΑΣΤΑΝΕΑ		4,5	16,0		5	1,3	16,3
1124 ΚΑΤΑΦΥΤΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2101 ΑΓΙΑ ΕΥΘΥΜΙΑ		3,0	17,5
2162 ΚΑΤΩ ΠΑΛΑΙΟΚΑΡΥΑ		4,5	16,0	1102 ΑΓΙΟΙ ΠΑΝΤΕΣ		27,3	17,5
1125 ΚΛΕΙΝΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ		9,8	17,8
1127 ΚΟΡΥΔΑΛΛΟΣ		4,5	16,0	2103 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΚΩΝΣΤΑΝΤΙΝΟΣ		9,8	17,8
2139 ΚΟΡΥΦΗ		4,5	16,0	1104 ΑΜΥΓΔΑΛΙΑ-ΑΜΥΓΓΑΛΕΑ		31,0	17,0
2140 ΚΟΤΡΩΝΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2001 ΑΜΦΙΣΣΑ		10,3	17,8
2141 ΚΟΥΜΑΡΙΑ		4,5	16,0	2107 ΒΟΥΝΙΧΩΡΑ		3,0	17,5
1128 ΚΡΑΝΕΑ		4,5	16,0	2108 ΓΑΛΑΞΙΔΙΟΝ		7,0	17,5
2144 ΛΙΒΑΔΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2002 ΔΕΛΦΟΙ		9,8	17,8
1130 ΛΟΓΓΑ		4,5	16,0	2110 ΔΕΣΦΙΝΑ		13,0	17,8
1131 ΜΑΛΑΚΑΣΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2111 ΔΡΟΣΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		9,8	17,8
1132 ΜΑΤΟΝΕΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2112 ΕΛΑΙΟΝ		9,8	17,8
1133 ΜΑΥΡΕΛΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	1114 ΕΡΑΤΕΙΝΗ		27,3	17,5
2152 ΜΕΣΟΧΩΡΑ		4,5	16,0	2114 ΙΤΕΑ		13,0	17,8
2153 ΜΟΣΧΟΦΥΤΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2118 ΚΙΡΡΑ		13,0	17,8
2155 ΜΥΡΟΦΥΛΛΟΝ		4,5	16,0	1136 ΜΗΛΕΑ		18,8	16,3
2156 ΝΕΑ ΠΕΥΚΗ		4,5	16,0	1139 ΠΑΝΟΡΜΟΣ		19,8	15,5
2158 ΝΕΡΑΪΔΑ		4,5	16,0	1141 ΠΕΝΤΑΠΟΛΙΣ		1,8	16,3
2159 ΝΕΡΑΪΔΟΧΩΡΙ		4,5	16,0	2125 ΠΕΝΤΕΟΡΙΑ		3,5	17,5
1136 ΟΡΘΟΒΟΥΝΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2129 ΣΕΡΝΙΚΑΚΙΟΝ		9,8	17,8
1137 ΠΑΛΑΙΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	1149 ΣΩΤΑΙΝΑ		18,8	16,3
1138 ΠΑΝΑΓΙΑ		4,5	16,0	1151 ΤΟΛΟΦΩΝ		27,3	17,5
2166 ΠΑΡΑΜΕΡΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2132 ΤΡΙΤΑΙΑ		3,0	17,5
2169 ΠΑΧΤΟΥΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0	2133 ΧΡΥΣΟΝ		7,8	15,0
2170 ΠΕΡΤΟΥΛΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0				
2172 ΠΕΤΡΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		4,5	16,0				
1140 ΠΕΥΚΗ		4,5	16,0				
1141 ΠΟΛΥΘΕΑ		4,5	16,0				

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ΧΑΛΚΙΔΙΚΗΣ							
19,3	1	9,0		3103 ΑΛΙΚΙΑΝΟΣ	13	18,5	23,3
2102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΜΑΜΑΣ		9,3	19,3		14	17,5	23,8
2105 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΠΑΥΛΟΣ		7,5	19,3			14,5	25,8
2121 ΚΡΗΝΗ		7,5	19,3	9998 ΑΝΩ ΚΕΦΑΛΑ (ΒΟΥΚΟΛΙΩΝ)		18,5	23,5
2123 ΛΑΚΚΩΜΑ		7,5	19,3	2106 ΒΛΑΤΟΣ		14,5	24,8
2126 ΝΕΑ ΓΩΝΙΑ		7,5	19,3	2115 ΕΛΟΣ		14,5	24,8
2127 ΝΕΑ ΚΑΛΙΚΡΑΤΕΙΑ		7,5	19,3	2135 ΠΕΡΙΒΟΛΙΑ (ΚΙΣΣΑΜΟΥ)		14,5	24,8
2002 ΝΕΑ ΜΟΥΔΑΝΙΑ		10,5	19,5	2144 ΣΗΡΙΚΑΡΙΟΝ		14,5	24,8
2128 ΝΕΑ ΠΟΤΕΙΔΑΙΑ		9,8	19,5		15	21,5	21,8
2137 ΟΛΥΝΘΟΣ		9,3	19,3	2105 ΒΑΣΙΛΟΠΟΥΛΟΝ		19,3	21,5
2142 ΠΕΤΡΑΛΩΝΑ		7,5	19,3	2112 ΔΕΛΙΑΝΑ		19,3	21,5
2145 ΠΟΡΤΑΡΙΑ		9,3	19,3	2117 ΖΥΜΠΡΑΓΟΣ		19,3	21,5
2149 ΣΗΜΑΝΤΡΑ		9,3	19,3	2125 ΚΑΡΕΣ (ΚΙΣΣΑΜΟΥ)		19,3	21,5
	2	8,8	19,8	2130 ΜΑΛΑΘΥΡΟΣ		19,3	21,5
2003 ΠΟΛΥΓΥΡΟΣ		10,0	19,8	2133 ΠΑΝΕΘΗΜΟΣ		19,3	21,5
	3	7,3	19,0		16	18,0	21,8
2101 ΑΓΙΑ ΠΑΡΑΣΚΕΥΗ		11,3	19,0	3114 ΖΟΥΝΑΚΙΟΝ		18,3	22,5
2106 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΠΡΟΔΡΟΜΟΣ		7,8	19,0	9997 ΚΑΤΩ ΚΕΦΑΛΑ (ΒΟΥΚΟΛΙΩΝ)		18,5	23,5
2107 ΑΦΥΤΟΣ		11,3	19,0	3122 ΚΥΠΑΡΙΣΣΟΣ		18,0	22,5
2108 ΒΑΒΔΟΣ		7,8	19,0	3132 ΝΕΡΙΑΝΑ		18,3	22,5
2110 ΓΑΛΑΡΙΝΟΣ		7,8	19,0		17	20,0	25,8
2111 ΓΑΛΑΤΙΣΤΑ		7,8	19,0	4104 ΕΠΑΝΩΧΩΡΙΟΝ		16,0	25,8
2112 ΓΕΡΟΠΛΑΤΑΝΟΣ		7,8	19,0	4115 ΣΤΡΟΒΛΕΣ		16,8	26,0
2114 ΔΟΥΜΠΙΑ		7,8	19,0	4116 ΤΕΜΕΝΙΑ		16,0	25,8
2117 ΚΑΛΑΝΔΡΑ		11,3	19,0	ΧΙΟΥ			
2118 ΚΑΛΛΙΘΕΑ		11,3	19,0		1	8,4	24,5
2001 ΚΑΣΣΑΝΔΡΕΙΑ		11,3	19,0	1004 ΧΙΟΣ		7,6	24,0
2119 ΚΑΣΣΑΝΔΡΗΝΟΝ		11,3	19,0		2	8,6	25,5
2120 ΚΡΗΜΝΗ		7,8	19,0	1101 ΑΓΙΟΝ ΓΑΛΑ		8,3	26,0
2122 ΚΡΥΟΠΗΓΗ		11,3	19,0	1102 ΑΓΙΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΟΣ ΣΥΚΟΥΣΗΣ		0,3	26,0
2124 ΜΕΤΑΓΚΙΤΣΙΟΝ		6,0	19,0	1104 ΑΝΑΒΑΤΟΣ		7,6	26,0
2129 ΝΕΑ ΣΚΙΩΝΗ		11,3	19,0	1106 ΑΥΓΩΝΥΜΑ		7,6	26,0
2132 ΝΕΑ ΦΩΚΑΙΑ		11,3	19,0	1108 ΒΑΣΙΛΕΩΝΟΙΚΟΝ		7,6	25,5
2138 ΟΡΜΥΛΙΑ		6,5	19,0	1109 ΒΕΡΒΕΡΑΤΟΝ		7,6	25,5
2140 ΠΑΛΑΙΟΧΩΡΑ		7,8	19,0	1112 ΒΟΛΙΣΣΟΣ		8,3	26,0
2141 ΠΑΛΙΟΥΡΙΟΝ		11,3	19,0	1001 ΒΡΟΝΤΑΔΟΣ		7,6	25,5
2143 ΠΕΥΚΟΧΩΡΙΟΝ		11,3	19,0	1114 ΔΑΦΝΩΝ		7,6	25,5
2144 ΠΟΛΥΧΡΟΝΟΝ		11,3	19,0	1115 ΔΙΕΥΧΑ		7,6	26,0
2146 ΡΙΖΑ		7,8	19,0	1116 ΕΛΑΤΑ		9,3	25,5
2147 ΣΑΝΑ		7,8	19,0	1118 ΖΥΦΙΑΣ		7,6	25,5
2151 ΤΑΞΙΑΡΧΗΣ		7,8	19,0	1002 ΚΑΡΔΑΜΥΛΑ		7,6	26,0
2153 ΦΟΥΡΚΑ		11,3	19,0	1124 ΚΑΡΥΑΙ		7,6	25,5
2154 ΧΑΝΙΩΤΗΣ		11,3	19,0	1126 ΚΕΡΑΜΟΣ		7,6	26,0
ΧΑΝΙΩΝ				1128 ΚΟΥΡΟΥΝΙΑ		8,3	26,0
	1	16,3	19,3	1129 ΛΑΓΚΑΔΑ		7,6	26,0
	2	16,3	19,0	1130 ΛΕΠΤΟΠΟΔΑ		7,6	26,0
3147 ΣΤΕΡΝΑΙ		16,3	19,3	1132 ΜΕΛΑΝΙΟΣ		7,6	26,0
	3	17,8	23,0	1134 ΜΕΣΤΑ		9,3	25,5
3113 ΔΡΑΚΟΝΑ		16,3	23,3	1136 ΝΕΑ ΠΟΤΑΜΙΑ		8,3	26,0
3140 ΠΛΑΤΥΒΟΛΑ		16,3	23,3	1137 ΝΕΝΗΤΟΥΡΙΑ		8,3	26,0
9999 ΣΑΜΩΝΑΣ (ΣΤΥΛΟΥ)		22,0	21,5	1003 ΟΙΝΟΥΣΑΙ		8,3	26,0
	4	22,3	20,5	1140 ΟΛΥΜΠΟΙ		9,3	25,5
	5	14,3	23,0	1142 ΠΑΡΜΠΑΡΙΑ		7,6	26,0
	6	15,8	25,3	1144 ΠΙΡΑΜΑ		7,6	26,0
3121 ΚΟΥΦΟΣ		16,8	24,8	1145 ΠΙΣΠΙΛΟΥΝΤΑ		8,3	26,0
	7	17,8	24,5	1148 ΣΙΔΗΡΟΥΝΤΑ		7,6	26,0
	8	16,5	24,8	1149 ΣΠΑΡΤΟΥΝΤΑ		7,6	26,0
	9	10,5	23,8	1150 ΣΥΚΙΑΔΑ		7,6	26,0
	10	18,0	20,8	1151 ΤΡΥΠΑΙ		7,6	26,0
	11	18,5	21,0	1153 ΦΥΤΑ		7,6	26,0
	12	20,5	22,3	1154 ΧΑΛΑΝΔΡΑ		8,3	26,0
				1155 ΧΑΛΚΕΙΟΝ		7,6	25,5
				1156 ΨΑΡΑ		8,3	26,0

D. PORTUGAL — PORTUGAL — PORTUGAL — ПОРТОГАЛИЯ — PORTUGAL —
PORTUGAL — PORTOGALLO — PORTUGAL — PORTUGAL

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ALGARVE			
	1	13,0	12,3
	2	14,0	14,3
	3	13,8	14,5
ALTO ALENTEJO ORIENTAL			
	1	10,8	12,3
	2	10,8	13,3
ALTO DOURO			
	1	10,0	15,0
	2	10,0	16,0
	3	9,8	15,3
	4	9,8	15,0
	5	9,5	13,8
ALTO MONDEGO			
	1	13,3	13,3
	2	13,5	13,8
BARROS DE BEJA			
	1	10,5	12,5
	2	11,5	12,8
BARROS DE FRONTEIRA E ZONA			
	1	10,3	13,0
	2	10,8	13,3
BEIRA BAIXA			
	1	10,8	13,3
	2	11,8	13,8
	3	10,8	14,0
	4	9,5	13,5
BEIRA CENTRAL			
	1	9,8	12,3
BEIRA SERRANA			
	1	9,0	13,5
	2	10,3	13,3
	3	13,3	13,8
	4	10,0	12,3
CALCÁRIOS DUROS			
	1	10,8	13,3
CENTRO INTERIOR SERRANO			
	1	10,3	12,8
	2	10,3	13,8
	3	10,3	13,0
	4	10,3	13,5
	5	10,3	13,8
CENTRO LITORAL			
	1	7,5	11,5
	2	9,3	11,3
	3	8,5	10,5

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	4	10,3	12,5
	5	9,3	10,3
CHARNECA DO TEJO			
	1	9,0	12,3
	2	9,3	12,0
ELVAS			
	1	11,0	14,5
	2	11,0	14,3
ENTRE DOURO E MINHO			
	1	7,5	9,8
	2	8,8	10,0
	3	7,8	9,0
	4	9,3	11,3
	5	9,3	12,0
	6	8,5	12,0
ÉVORA			
	1	11,3	11,5
	2	11,3	13,3
	3	11,0	12,0
LITORAL SUL			
	1	9,0	11,3
	2	9,8	12,3
MARGEM ESQUERDA			
	1	11,0	14,0
	2	12,3	16,0
OESTE E LISBOA			
	1	9,0	10,8
PORTALEGRE			
	1	10,0	14,3
RIBATEJO			
	1	10,0	11,5
	2	10,3	12,5
	3	10,3	12,8
	4	10,5	12,3
SERRAS ALENTEJANAS			
	1	10,0	12,0
	2	8,8	11,3
TERRA FRIA TRANSMONTANA			
	1	9,8	14,3
	2	9,8	14,0
TRANSIO BARROS DE BEJA/ALTO ALENTEJO			
	1	11,0	12,3
	2	11,7	11,7

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1648/92

of 26 June 1992

opening a standing invitation to tender for the export of 50 000 tonnes of barley
held by the Belgian intervention agency

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 (6) thereof,

Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1581/86 of 23 May 1986 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in cereals⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2203/90⁽⁴⁾, lays down that cereals held by the intervention agencies are to be disposed of by invitation to tender;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3043/91⁽⁶⁾, lays down the procedure and conditions for the disposal of cereals held by intervention agencies;

Whereas, given the current market situation, a standing invitation to tender should be opened for the export at the beginning of the 1992/93 cereals marketing year of 50 000 tonnes of barley held by the Belgian intervention agency;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender for the export of intervention stocks is special in that it will be opened at the end of the marketing year, from June 1992, but for deliveries which will not be possible until the new marketing year between 1 July and 31 August 1992; whereas there should therefore be a derogation from the first paragraph of Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, which provides for a maximum delay of one month between acceptance of the tender and payment and also a derogation from the second paragraph of Article 16 of the said Regulation, application of which would have led to the price accepted already being increased by monthly increments for the removal of the cereals from the intervention store in July, whereas export was not scheduled previously;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

Article 1

The Belgian intervention agency may, on the conditions laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, open a standing invitation to tender for the export of 50 000 tonnes of barley held by it.

Article 2

1. The invitation to tender shall cover a maximum of 50 000 tonnes of barley to be exported to all third countries. Customs export formalities must be completed during the period 1 July to 31 August 1992.
2. The regions in which the 50 000 tonnes of barley are stored are stated in Annex I to this Regulation.

Article 3

1. The export licences shall be valid from their date of issue, within the meaning of Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, until 31 August 1992.
2. Tenders submitted in response to this invitation to tender shall be admissible only if they are accompanied by a written undertaking to export during the period 1 July to 31 August 1992. They may not be accompanied by applications for export licences pursuant to Article 44 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3719/88⁽⁷⁾.

Article 4

1. Notwithstanding Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, the time limit for submission of tenders under the first partial invitation to tender shall expire on 8 July 1992 at 1 p.m. (Brussels time).
2. The time limit for submission of tenders under the subsequent partial invitations to tender shall expire each Wednesday at 1 p.m. (Brussels time).
3. The last partial invitation to tender shall expire on 29 July 1992 at 1 p.m. (Brussels time).
4. The tenders shall be lodged with the Belgian intervention agency.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 36.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 5.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 202, 9. 7. 1982, p. 23.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 288, 18. 10. 1991, p. 21.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 331, 2. 12. 1988, p. 1.

Article 5

The successful tenderer shall pay for the cereals before they are removed. Notwithstanding the first paragraph of Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, the time limit of one month between the date on which the statement referred to in Article 15 of the said Regulation is sent and payment shall not be applicable.

Notwithstanding the second paragraph of Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, the price payable for export shall be that mentioned in the tender where the cereals are removed in July 1992. The price shall be increased by a monthly increment where the cereals are removed in August 1992.

Article 6

Notwithstanding Article 17 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, the security referred to in the second indent of Article 17 (2) of the said Regulation shall not be released

until proof is furnished that the customs export formalities have taken place during the period 1 July to 31 August 1992.

Article 7

The Belgian intervention agency shall notify the Commission of the tenders received not later than two hours after expiry of the time limit for the submission thereof. Notification shall be given as specified in the table in Annex II to this Regulation, to the telephone, telex or telefax numbers in Annex III.

Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

<i>(tonnes)</i>	
Place of storage	Quantity
Racour	10 000
Gives	5 240
Tournai	11 460
Liège	14 000
Ath	4 000
Namur	5 300

ANNEX II

Standing invitation to tender for the export of 50 000 tonnes of barley held by the Belgian intervention agency

(Regulation (EEC) No 1648/92)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Tender No	Consignment No	Quantity (tonnes)	Offer price (ECU/tonne) ⁽¹⁾	Price increases (+) or reductions (-) (ECU/tonne) p.m.	Commercial costs (ECU/tonne)	Destination
1						
2						
3						
etc.						

⁽¹⁾ This price includes the increases or reductions relating to the lot to which the tender refers.

ANNEX III

The only numbers to use to call Brussels (DG VI-C-1 (Attention : Messrs Thibault and Brus)) are :

- telex : 22037 AGREC B
22070 AGREC B (Greek characters)
- telefax : — 235 01 32,
— 236 10 97,
— 236 20 05,
— 236 20 08.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1649/92**of 26 June 1992****opening a standing invitation to tender for the export of 50 000 tonnes of durum wheat held by the French intervention agency**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Article 1

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 (6) thereof,

The French intervention agency may, on the conditions laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, open a standing invitation to tender for the export of 50 000 tonnes of durum wheat held by it.

Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1581/86 of 23 May 1986 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in cereals⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2203/90⁽⁴⁾, lays down that cereals held by the intervention agencies are to be disposed of by invitation to tender;

Article 2

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3043/91⁽⁶⁾, lays down the procedure and conditions for the disposal of cereals held by intervention agencies;

1. The invitation to tender shall cover a maximum of 50 000 tonnes of durum wheat to be exported to all third countries. Customs export formalities must be completed during the period 1 July to 31 August 1992.

2. The regions in which the 50 000 tonnes of durum wheat are stored are stated in Annex I to this Regulation.

Whereas, given the current market situation, a standing invitation to tender should be opened for the export at the beginning of the 1992/93 cereals marketing year of 50 000 tonnes of durum wheat held by the French intervention agency;

Article 3

1. The export licences shall be valid from their date of issue, within the meaning of Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, until 31 August 1992.

2. Tenders submitted in response to this invitation to tender shall be admissible only if they are accompanied by a written undertaking to export during the period 1 July to 31 August 1992. They may not be accompanied by applications for export licences pursuant to Article 44 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3719/88⁽⁷⁾.

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender for the export of intervention stocks is special in that it will be opened at the end of the marketing year, from June 1992, but for deliveries which will not be possible until the new marketing year between 1 July and 31 August 1992; whereas there should therefore be a derogation from the first paragraph of Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, which provides for a maximum delay of one month between acceptance of the tender and payment and also a derogation from the second paragraph of Article 16 of the said Regulation, application of which would have led to the price accepted already being increased by monthly increments for the removal of the cereals from the intervention store in July, whereas export was not scheduled previously;

Article 4

1. Notwithstanding Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, the time limit for submission of tenders under the first partial invitation to tender shall expire on 2 July 1992 at 1 p.m. (Brussels time).

2. The time limit for submission of tenders under the subsequent partial invitations to tender shall expire each Wednesday at 1 p.m. (Brussels time).

3. The last partial invitation to tender shall expire on 29 July 1992 at 1 p.m. (Brussels time).

4. The tenders shall be lodged with the French intervention agency.

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 36.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 5.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 202, 9. 7. 1982, p. 23.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 288, 18. 10. 1991, p. 21.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 331, 2. 12. 1988, p. 1.

Article 5

The successful tenderer shall pay for the cereals before they are removed. Notwithstanding the first paragraph of Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, the time limit of one month between the date on which the statement referred to in Article 15 of the said Regulation is sent and payment shall not be applicable.

Notwithstanding the second paragraph of Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, the price payable for export shall be that mentioned in the tender where the cereals are removed in July 1992. The price shall be increased by a monthly increment where the cereals are removed in August 1992.

Article 6

Notwithstanding Article 17 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82, the security referred to in the second indent of Article 17 (2) of the said Regulation shall not be released

until proof is furnished that the customs export formalities have taken place during the period 1 July to 31 August 1992.

Article 7

The French intervention agency shall notify the Commission of the tenders received not later than two hours after expiry of the time limit for the submission thereof. Notification shall be given as specified in the table in Annex II to this Regulation, to the telephone, telex or telefax numbers in Annex III.

Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

(tonnes)

Place of storage	Quantity
Amiens	200
Châlons	1 500
Nantes	200
Montpellier	9 200
Orléans	25 000
Paris	3 200
Rouen	700
Toulouse	10 000

ANNEX II

Standing invitation to tender for the export of 50 000 tonnes of durum wheat held by the French intervention agency

(Regulation (EEC) No 1649/92)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Tender No	Consignment No	Quantity (tonnes)	Offer price (ECU/tonne) (')	Price increases (+) or reductions (-) (ECU/tonne) p.m.	Commercial costs (ECU/tonne)	Destination
1						
2						
3						
etc.						

(') This price includes the increases or reductions relating to the lot to which the tender refers.

ANNEX III

The only numbers to use to call Brussels (DG VI-C-1 (Attention : Messrs Thibault and Brus)) are :

- telex : 22037 AGREC B
22070 AGREC B (Greek characters)
- telefax : — 235 01 32,
— 236 10 97,
— 236 20 05,
— 236 20 08.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1650/92
of 26 June 1992

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1299/92 increasing to 300 000 tonnes the quantity of bread-making rye held by the German intervention agency for which a standing invitation to tender for export has been opened

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82 of 7 July 1982 laying down the procedure and conditions for the disposal of cereals held by the intervention agencies ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3043/91 ⁽⁴⁾,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1299/92 ⁽⁵⁾, opened a standing invitation to tender for the export of 200 000 tonnes of bread-making rye held by the German intervention agency; whereas, in a communication of 18 June 1992, Germany informed the Commission of the intention of its intervention agency to increase by 100 000 tonnes the quantity for which a standing invitation to tender for export has been opened; whereas the total quantity of bread-making rye held by the German intervention agency for which a standing invitation to tender for export has been opened should be increased to 300 000 tonnes;

Whereas this increase in the quantity put out to tender makes it necessary to alter the list of regions and quantities in store; whereas Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1299/92 must therefore be amended;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1299/92 is replaced by the following:

Article 2

1. The invitation to tender shall cover a maximum of 300 000 tonnes of bread-making rye to be exported to all third countries. Customs export formalities must be completed during the period 1 July to 31 August 1992.

2. The regions in which the 300 000 tonnes of bread-making rye are stored are stated in Annex I to this Regulation.

Article 2

Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1299/92 is replaced by the Annex hereto.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 202, 9. 7. 1982, p. 23.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 288, 18. 10. 1991, p. 21.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 139, 22. 5. 1992, p. 18.

*ANNEX**ANNEX I**(tonnes)*

Place of storage	Quantity
Schleswig-Holstein/Hamburg	109 327
Niedersachsen/Bremen	87 355
Nordrhein-Westfalen	7 876
Berlin/Brandenburg	45 771
Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	30 340
Sachsen	3 307
Sachsen-Anhalt	15 973'

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1651/92
of 26 June 1992

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1305/92 increasing to 200 000 tonnes the quantity of barley held by the French intervention agency for which a standing invitation to tender for export has been opened

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82 of 7 July 1982 laying down the procedure and conditions for the disposal of cereals held by the intervention agencies ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3043/91 ⁽⁴⁾,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1305/92 ⁽⁵⁾, opened a standing invitation to tender for the export of 100 000 tonnes of barley held by the French intervention agency; whereas, in a communication of 18 June 1992, France informed the Commission of the intention of its intervention agency to increase by 100 000 tonnes the quantity for which a standing invitation to tender for export has been opened; whereas the total quantity of barley held by the French intervention agency for which a standing invitation to tender for export has been opened should be increased to 200 000 tonnes;

Whereas this increase in the quantity put out to tender makes it necessary to alter the list of regions and quantities in store; whereas Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1305/92 must therefore be amended;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1305/92 is replaced by the following:

Article 2

1. The invitation to tender shall cover a maximum of 200 000 tonnes of barley to be exported to all third countries. Customs export formalities must be completed during the period 1 July to 31 August 1992.

2. The regions in which the 200 000 tonnes of barley are stored are stated in Annex I to this Regulation.

Article 2

Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1305/92 is replaced by the Annex hereto.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 202, 9. 7. 1982, p. 23.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 288, 18. 10. 1991, p. 21.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 139, 22. 5. 1992, p. 36.

*ANNEX**ANNEX I*

<i>(tonnes)</i>	
Place of storage	Quantity
Amiens	55 000
Châlons	45 000
Lille	5 000
Nancy	7 000
Orléans	47 000
Poitiers	5 000
Rouen	29 000
Toulouse	7 000'

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1652/92

of 26 June 1992

fixing the export refunds on baled tobacco from the 1988, 1989 and 1990 harvests

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 860/92 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the third subparagraph of Article 9 (2) thereof,

Whereas export refunds for certain varieties of tobacco from the 1988, 1989 and 1990 harvests were fixed by Regulations (EEC) No 3665/88 ⁽³⁾, (EEC) No 3766/89 ⁽⁴⁾ and (EEC) No 3793/90 ⁽⁵⁾ respectively;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3780/91 ⁽⁶⁾ lays down 30 June 1992 as the final date for granting those refunds; whereas export opportunities after that date have materialized for certain of those varieties of tobacco;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3779/91 ⁽⁷⁾ fixed the export refunds on baled tobacco from the 1991 harvest; whereas those refunds are to apply until 31 December 1992;

Whereas, in view of the improvement of the situation on the world market and in order to facilitate control, refunds should be paid for certain varieties from the 1988, 1989 and 1990 harvests and the rates of refund should be fixed at the same levels as those laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 3779/91 for the 1991 harvest;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Tobacco,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The list of varieties of baled tobacco from the 1988, 1989 and 1990 harvests on which the export refund referred to in Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 is to be granted, the amount of the refund and the third countries of destination shall be as specified in the Annexes.

The refund shall be granted on baled tobacco presented in one of the following two forms:

- (a) tobacco in the form of whole or cut (not stripped) leaves falling within CN code ex 2401 10 (Annex I);
- (b) threshed (totally stripped) tobacco in the form of strips measuring at least 0,5 cm, falling within CN code ex 2401 20 (Annex II).

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1992.

It shall apply until 31 December 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 91, 7. 4. 1992, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 318, 25. 11. 1988, p. 19.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 365, 15. 12. 1989, p. 28.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 365, 28. 12. 1990, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 356, 24. 12. 1991, p. 58.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 356, 24. 12. 1991, p. 54.

ANNEX I

Serial No	Variety	Product code	Amount of the refund on tobacco in the form of whole or cut (unstripped) leaves (Article 1 (2) (a))	Countries of destination (1)
1	Badischer Geudertheimer (a) harvest 1988 and 1989 (b) harvest 1990	2401 10 70 0101	0,21 0,34	01 01
2	Badischer Burley E	2401 10 20 0201	0,34	01
3	Virgin D	2401 10 10 0301	0,30	02
4	(a) Paraguay (b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit-Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appelterre	2401 10 70 0411 2401 10 70 0421	0,21 0,34	01 01
7	Bright	2401 10 80 0701	0,25	02
8	Burley I	2401 10 20 0801	0,25	02
9	Maryland	2401 10 30 0901	0,30	02
10	Kentucky	2401 10 41 1001	0,44	02
11	(a) Forchheimer Havana II c), e) Hybrids of Badischer Geudertheimer	2401 10 70 1111	0,21	01
13	Xanti-Yaka	2401 10 60 1301	0,35	03
14	(a) Perustiza (b) Samsun	2401 10 60 1411 2401 10 60 1421	0,35 0,25	03 03
15	Erzegovina	2401 10 60 1501	0,35	03
16	(a) Round Tip (b) Scafati (c) Sumatra I	2401 10 90 1611 2401 10 90 1621 2401 10 90 1631	0,44	02 02 02
17	Basmas	2401 10 60 1701	0,34	03
18	Katerini and similar varieties	2401 10 60 1801	0,34	03
19	(a) Kaba Koulak classic (b) Ellassona	2401 10 60 1911 2401 10 60 1921	0,32 0,32	03 03
20	(a) Kaba Koulak non classic (b) Myrodata Smyrne, Trapezous, and Phi I	2401 10 60 2011 2401 10 60 2021	0,41 0,41	03 03
21	Myrodata Agrinion	2401 10 60 2101	0,41	03
22	Zichnomyrodata	2401 10 60 2201	0,32	03
23	Tsebelia	2401 10 60 2301	0,27	03
24	Mavra	2401 10 60 2401	0,27	03
25	Burley EL	2401 10 20 2501	0,30	02
26	Virginia EL	2401 10 10 2601	0,20	02
27	Santa Fé	2401 10 70 2701	0,34	01
28	Burley fermenté	2401 10 70 2801	0,34	01
29	Havana E	2401 10 70 2901	0,34	01
30	Round Scafati	2401 10 90 3001	0,27	02
31	Virginia E	2401 10 10 3101	0,20	02
32	Burley E	2401 10 20 3201	0,30	02
33	Virginia P	2401 10 10 3301	0,30	02
34	Burley P	2401 10 20 3401	0,30	02

(1) 01 All third countries.

02 All third countries except the United States and Canada.

03 All third countries except Turkey, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia and the Yugoslav Republics of Serbia, Montenegro and Macedonia.

ANNEX II

(ECU/kg)				
Serial No	Variety	Product code	Amount of the refund on threshed (totally stripped) tobacco (Article 1 (2) (b))	Countries of destination (1)
1	Badischer Geudertheimer (a) harvest 1988 and 1989 (b) harvest 1990	2401 20 70 0101	0,29 0,47	01 01
2	Badischer Burley E	2401 20 20 0201	0,47	01
3	Virgin D	2401 20 10 0301	0,42	02
4	(a) Paraguay (b) Dragon and hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit-Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appel terre	2401 20 70 0411 2401 20 70 0421	0,29 0,47	01 01
7	Bright	2401 20 80 0701	0,36	02
8	Burley I	2401 20 20 0801	0,42	02
9	Maryland	2401 20 30 0901	0,42	02
10	Kentucky	2401 20 41 1001	0,61	02
11	(a) Forchheimer Havana II c), e) Hybrids of Badischer Geudertheimer	2401 20 70 1111	0,29	01
23	Tsebelia	2401 20 60 2301	0,37	03
24	Mavra	2401 20 60 2401	0,37	03
25	Burley EL	2401 20 20 2501	0,42	02
26	Virginia EL	2401 20 10 2601	0,28	02
27	Santa Fé	2401 20 70 2701	0,47	01
28	Burley fermenté	2401 20 70 2801	0,47	01
29	Havana E	2401 20 70 2901	0,47	01
31	Virginia E	2401 20 10 3101	0,28	02
32	Burley E	2401 20 20 3201	0,42	02
33	Virginia P	2401 20 10 3301	0,42	02
34	Burley P	2401 20 20 3401	0,42	02

(1) 01 All third countries.

02 All third countries except the United States and Canada.

03 All third countries except Turkey, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia and the Yugoslav Republics of Serbia, Montenegro and Macedonia.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1653/92**of 26 June 1992****determining to what extent applications for import licences for calves not exceeding 80 kilograms lodged under Regulation (EEC) No 1350/92 can be met**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1350/92 of 26 May 1992 introducing management measures for imports of certain bovine animals for 1992⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 (1) thereof,

Whereas Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1350/92 provides for the quantities reserved to customary importers to be assigned in proportion to their imports at the full levy during 1989, 1990 and 1991 ;

Whereas allocation of the quantities available to operators covered by point (b) in Article 2 (2) is to be made in proportion to the quantities applied for ; whereas since

the quantities applied for exceed those available, a fixed percentage reduction should be set,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Applications for import licences for live animals of the bovine species weighing not more than 80 kilograms shall be met to the following extent :

- (a) for importers covered by (a) in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1350/92, 10,030 % of the quantity imported in 1989, 1990 and 1991 ;
- (b) for importers covered by (b) in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1350/92, 0,574 % of the quantity applied for.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 145, 27. 5. 1992, p. 42.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1654/92

of 26 June 1992

on the supply of various consignments of cereals as food aid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3972/86 of 22 December 1986 on food-aid policy and food-aid management ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1930/90 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (1)(c) thereof,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1420/87 of 21 May 1987 laying down implementing rules for Regulation (EEC) No 3972/86 on food-aid policy and food-aid management ⁽³⁾ lays down the list of countries and organizations eligible for food-aid operations and specifies the general criteria on the transport of food aid beyond the fob stage;

Whereas following the taking of a number of decisions on the allocation of food aid the Commission has allocated to certain countries and beneficiary organizations 1 645 tonnes of cereals;

Whereas it is necessary to provide for the carrying out of this measure in accordance with the rules laid down by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2200/87 of 8 July 1987 laying down general rules for the mobilization in the Community of products to be supplied as Community food aid ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 790/91 ⁽⁵⁾; whereas it is necessary to specify the time limits and conditions of supply and the procedure to be followed to determine the resultant costs;

Whereas, notably for logistical reasons, certain supplies are not awarded within the first and second deadlines for submission of tenders; whereas, in order to avoid republication of the notice of invitation to tender, a third deadline for submission of tenders should be opened,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Cereals shall be mobilized in the Community, as Community food aid for supply to the recipients listed in the Annex in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2200/87 and under the conditions set out in the Annex. Supplies shall be awarded by the tendering procedure.

The successful tenderer is deemed to have noted and accepted all the general and specific conditions applicable. Any other condition or reservation included in his tender is deemed unwritten.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1986, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 174, 7. 7. 1990, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 136, 26. 5. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 204, 25. 7. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 81, 28. 3. 1991, p. 108.

ANNEX

LOT A

1. **Operation No** (1): 1318/90
2. **Programme**: 1990
3. **Recipient** (2): Fédération internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge (IFRC), Département Approvisionnement et logistique, Case postale 372, CH-1211 Geneva 19; tel. 730 42 22, telex 412133 LRC CH
4. **Representative of the recipient** (2): Sudanese Red Crescent, League Delegation, PO Box 235, Khartoum, Republic of Sudan; tel. 72 011 / 72 877, telex 23 006 LCRS Sd
5. **Place or country of destination**: Sudan
6. **Product to be mobilized**: common wheat flour
7. **Characteristics and quality of the goods** (3): see OJ No C 114, 29. 4. 1991, p. 1 (under II.B.1.a)
8. **Total quantity**: 1 200 tonnes (1 645 tonnes of cereals)
9. **Number of lots**: one
10. **Packaging and marking** (4) (5): see OJ No C 114, 29. 4. 1991, p. 1 (under II.B.2.c and II.B.3)
Markings in English
Supplementary markings on packaging:
'a red crescent with the points facing to the right / IFRC / Port Sudan'
11. **Method of mobilization**: the Community market
12. **Stage of supply**: free at port of landing — landed
13. **Port of shipment**: —
14. **Port of landing specified by the recipient**: —
15. **Port of landing**: Port Sudan
16. **Address of the warehouse and, if appropriate, port of landing**: —
17. **Period for making the goods available at the port of shipment where the supply is awarded at the port of shipment stage**: 5 — 15. 8. 1992
18. **Deadline for the supply**: 30. 9. 1992
19. **Procedure for determining the costs of supply**: tendering
20. **Date of expiry of the period allowed for submission of tenders**: 12 noon on 13. 7. 1992
21. **A. In the case of a second invitation to tender**:
 - (a) deadline for the submission of tenders: 12 noon on 28. 7. 1992
 - (b) period for making the goods available at the port of shipment where the supply is awarded at the port of shipment stage: 19. 8 — 29. 8. 1992
 - (c) deadline for the supply: 14. 10. 1992**B. In the case of a third invitation to tender**:
 - (a) deadline for the submission of tenders: 12 noon on 11. 8. 1992
 - (b) period for making the goods available at the port of shipment where the supply is awarded at the port of shipment stage: 2. 9 — 12. 9. 1992
 - (c) deadline for the supply: 28. 10. 1992
22. **Amount of the tendering security**: ECU 5 per tonne
23. **Amount of the delivery security**: 10 % of the amount of the tender in ecus
24. **Address for submission of tenders** (6): Bureau de l'aide alimentaire, à l'attention de Monsieur N. Arend, Bâtiment Loi 120, bureau 7/46, 200 rue de la Loi, B-1049 Bruxelles (telex 22037 AGREC B or 25670 AGREC B)
25. **Refund payable on request by the successful tenderer** (6): refund applicable on 30. 6. 1992, fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1357/92 (OJ No L 145, 27. 5. 1992, p. 62)

Notes :

- (1) The operation number is to be quoted in all correspondence.
- (2) Commission delegate to be contacted by the successful tenderer :
 - see list published in OJ No C 114, 29. 4. 1991, p. 33.
- (3) The successful tenderer shall deliver to the beneficiaries a certificate from an official entity certifying that for the product to be delivered the standards applicable, relative to nuclear radiation, in the Member State concerned have not been exceeded.

The radioactivity certificate shall give the caesium-134 and -137 and iodine-131 levels.

The successful tenderer shall supply to the beneficiary or its representative, on delivery, the following documents :

- certificate of origin,
- phytosanitary certificate,
- fumigation certificate,
- radiation certificate legalized by a consulate of Sudan.

- (4) Since the goods may be rebagged, the successful tenderer must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital 'R'.
- (5) In order not to overload the telex, tenderers are requested to provide, before the date and time laid down in point 20 of this Annex, evidence that the tendering security referred to in Article 7 (4) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2200/87 has been lodged, preferably :
 - either by porter at the office referred to in point 24 of this Annex,
 - or by telecopier on one of the following numbers in Brussels :
 - 235 01 32,
 - 236 10 97,
 - 235 01 30,
 - 236 20 05,
 - 236 33 04.
- (6) Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2330/87 (OJ No L 210, 1. 8. 1987, p. 56) is applicable as regards the export refunds and, where appropriate, the monetary and accession compensatory amounts, the representative rate and the monetary coefficient. The date referred to in Article 2 of the abovementioned Regulation is that referred to in point 25 of this Annex.
- (7) Once the successful tenderer has been informed of the award of the contract, he shall immediately contact the beneficiary with a view to determining what documents are required for the consignment and their distribution.
- (8) To be delivered on standardized pallets wrapped in shrinked plastic/under plastic cover.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1655/92**of 26 June 1992****fixing the reference prices for hybrid maize and hybrid sorghum for sowing for
the 1992/93 marketing year**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 of the
Council of 26 October 1971 on the common organization
of the market in seeds ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 1740/91 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (5)
thereof,

Whereas Article 6 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71
provides that a reference price for each type of hybrid
maize and hybrid sorghum for sowing is to be fixed annu-
ally; whereas those reference prices must be fixed on the
basis of the free-at-frontier prices recorded during the last
three marketing years except for abnormally low prices;
whereas, pursuant to Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No
1578/72 of the Council of 20 July 1972 laying down
general rules for fixing reference prices and for determi-
ning free-at-frontier offer prices for hybrid maize and
hybrid sorghum for sowing ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1984/86 ⁽⁴⁾, only prices for imports from
third countries which are representative in terms of quan-
tity and quality of the product should be taken into
consideration;

Whereas imports of the types of hybrid maize for sowing
falling within CN code 1005 10 19 may not be considered
as representative on account of the very small quantity
involved; whereas no reference prices may therefore be
fixed for those types of maize;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are
in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Seeds,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1992/93 marketing year, the reference prices for
hybrid maize and hybrid sorghum for sowing falling
within CN codes 1005 10 11, 1005 10 13, 1005 10 15 and
1007 00 10 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 246, 5. 11. 1971, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 163, 26. 6. 1991, p. 39.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 168, 26. 7. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 171, 28. 6. 1986, p. 3.

ANNEX

(ECU/100 kg)		
CN code	Description	Reference prices
	Maize :	
	– Seed :	
	– – Hybrid (¹) :	
1005 10 11	– – – Double hybrids and top cross hybrids	90
1005 10 13	– – – Three-cross hybrids	100
1005 10 15	– – – Simple hybrids	210
	Grain sorghum :	
1007 00 10	– Hybrids for sowing	125

(¹) Entry under this CN code is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1656/92**of 26 June 1992****amending Regulation (EEC) No 391/92 setting the amounts of aid for the supply of cereals products from the Community to the French overseas departments**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3763/91 of 16 December 1991 introducing specific measures in respect of certain agricultural products for the benefit of the French overseas departments⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 (6) thereof,

Whereas the amounts of aid for the supply of cereals products to the French overseas departments (FOD) has been settled by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 391/92⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1402/92⁽³⁾, whereas, as a consequence of the changes of the rates and prices for cereals products in the European part of the Community and on the world market, the aid for supply to the FOD should be set at the amounts given in the Annex ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The Annex of Regulation (EEC) No 391/92 is replaced by the Annex to the present Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 June 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 356, 24. 12. 1991, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 43, 19. 2. 1992, p. 23.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 146, 28. 5. 1992, p. 46.

ANNEX

(Ecu/tonnes)

Product (CN code)	Amount of aid			
	destination			
	Guadeloupe	Martinique	French Guiana	Réunion
Common wheat (1001 90 99)	68	68	68	71
Barley (1003 00 90)	77	77	77	80
Maize (1005 90 00)	104	104	104	107

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1657/92
of 26 June 1992
amending Regulation (EEC) No 778/83 laying down the quality standards for
tomatoes as concerns packaging

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 of the Council on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1156/92⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 778/83⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 658/92⁽⁴⁾, laid down quality standards for tomatoes; whereas as a result of technological development in the commercial preparation of certain products they can be given better commercial identification without any loss of quality; whereas sufficient experience has been gained in a test period and a permanent amendment of the quality standards for tomatoes should be introduced;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 778/83 is amended as follows :

- in section V 'Provisions concerning presentation' part B 'Packaging', the following sentence is deleted :

'No stamp or label may be placed on the tomatoes themselves.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 122, 7. 5. 1992, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 86, 31. 3. 1983, p. 14.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 70, 17. 3. 1992, p. 15.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1658/92

of 26 June 1992

laying down certain additional detailed rules for the application of the supplementary trade mechanism (STM) to fruit and vegetable trade between Spain and the Community as constituted at 31 December 1985 as regards tomatoes, lettuce, broad-leaf endives, carrots, artichokes, table grapes, melons, apricots, peaches and strawberries

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3210/89 of 23 October 1989 laying down general rules for applying the supplementary trade mechanism to fresh fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 9 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 816/89 ⁽²⁾ establishes the list of products subject to the supplementary trade mechanism in the fresh fruit and vegetables sector from 1 January 1990; whereas tomatoes, lettuce, broad-leaf endives, carrots, artichokes, table grapes, melons, apricots, peaches and strawberries are included on the list;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3944/89 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3308/91 ⁽⁴⁾, lays down detailed rules for applying the supplementary trade mechanism, hereinafter called the 'STM', to fresh fruit and vegetables;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1326/92 ⁽⁵⁾ lays down that the periods referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 3210/89 shall be up to 28 June 1992 for the above products; whereas, in view of expected exports from Spain to the rest of the Community, with the exception of Portugal, and of the Community market situation, the above periods should be fixed up to 27 September 1992 for the products in question, in accordance with the Annex;

Whereas it should be recalled that the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 3944/89 on statistical monitoring and various communications from the Member States apply to guarantee the functioning of the STM;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For tomatoes, cabbage lettuce, lettuce other than cabbage lettuce, broad-leaf endives, carrots, artichokes, table grapes, melons, apricots peaches and strawberries covered by CN codes set out in the Annex, the periods provided for in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 3210/89 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

For consignments from Spain to the rest of the Community market with the exception of Portugal of the products listed in Article 1, the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 3944/89 shall apply.

However, the notification referred to in Article 2 (2) of the said Regulation shall be made each Tuesday at the latest for the quantities consigned during the preceding week.

The communications referred to in the first paragraph of Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 3944/89 shall be made once a month by the fifth of each month at the latest for information referring to the previous month; where appropriate, this communication shall bear the word 'nil'.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 312, 27. 10. 1989, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 86, 31. 3. 1989, p. 35.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 379, 28. 12. 1989, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 313, 14. 11. 1991, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 140, 23. 5. 1992, p. 26.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

Determination of the periods provided for in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 3210/89

Period from 29 June to 27 September 1992

Description	CN code	Period
Tomatoes	0702 00 90	I
Cabbage lettuce	0705 11 10	I
Lettuce other than cabbage lettuce	0705 19 00	I
Broad-leaf endives	ex 0705 29 00	I
Carrots	ex 0706 10 00	I
Artichokes	0709 10 00	I
Table grapes	0806 10 15 and 0806 10 19	I
Melons	0807 10 90	I
Apricots	0809 10 00	I
Peaches	ex 0809 30 00	I
Strawberries	0810 10 10 and 0810 10 90	I

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1659/92

of 26 June 1992

amending Regulation (EEC) No 3540/85 laying down detailed rules for the application of the special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 of 18 May 1982 laying down special measures for peas, beans and sweet lupins ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1624/91 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 (7) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3540/85 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3685/91 ⁽⁴⁾, lays down detailed rules for the application of special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins;

Whereas because of the continuing development in processing technology and to avoid the possibility of the misdirection of Community funds it should be clearly stated that the eligibility of peas to receive support is restricted to those peas (CN code ex 0713 10 90) that are harvested at full agricultural ripeness in the dry state and does not extend to those peas (CN code ex 0713 10 90) that are harvested at lactic ripeness in the fresh state and subsequently dried;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Dried Fodder,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 3540/85 shall be replaced by the following:

'Article 1

This Regulation lays down detailed rules for applying the aid scheme for peas, field beans and sweet lupins, that are harvested in the dry state, introduced by Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 15. 6. 1991, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 342, 19. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 349, 18. 12. 1991, p. 40.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1660/92

of 26 June 1992

fixing for the 1992/93 marketing year the reference prices for apples

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1156/92 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (1) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 23 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, reference prices valid for the whole Community are fixed annually before the beginning of the marketing year;

Whereas because of the importance of apple-growing in the Community it is necessary to fix a reference price for apples;

Whereas apples harvested during a given crop year are marketed from July of one year to June of the following year; whereas reference prices should therefore be fixed for the period from 1 July up to and including 30 June of the following year;

Whereas to take seasonal variations into account, the year should be divided into several periods and a reference price fixed for each of these periods;

Whereas Article 23 (2) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 stipulates that reference prices are to be fixed at the same level as for the preceding marketing year, adjusted, after deducting the standard cost of transporting Community products between production areas and Community consumption centres in the preceding year, by:

- the increase in production costs for fruit and vegetables, less productivity growth, and
- the standard rate of transport costs in the current marketing year;

Whereas the resulting figure may nevertheless not exceed the arithmetic mean of producer prices in each Member State plus transport costs for the current year, after this amount has been increased by the rise in production costs

less productivity growth; whereas the reference price may, however, not be lower than in the preceding marketing year;

Whereas producer prices are the average of the prices recorded during the three years prior to the date of fixing the reference price, for a home-grown product with defined commercial characteristics, on the representative market or markets situated in the production areas where prices are lowest, for the products or varieties which represent a considerable proportion of production marketed throughout the year or for part of it and which satisfy specified requirements as regards market preparation; whereas when the average of prices recorded on each representative market is being calculated, prices which could be considered excessively high or excessively low in relation to normal price fluctuations on that market must be disregarded;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1992/1993 marketing year, the reference prices for apples (CN codes 0808 10 91, 0808 10 93 and 0808 10 99), expressed in ecus per 100 kilograms net, shall be as follows for packed class I fruit, all sizes:

July:	46,25
August:	41,11
September:	43,98
October:	43,78
November:	44,61
December:	45,95
January:	48,62
February:	50,44
March:	52,73
April:	54,00
May:	56,31
June:	57,08.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1992.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 122, 7. 5. 1992, p. 3.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1661/92

of 26 June 1992

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1062/92 laying down detailed rules for applying
Council Regulation (EEC) No 916/92 on the transfer to Portugal of 30 000 tonnes
of feed wheat held by the Danish intervention agency

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75
on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of
21 April 1970 on the financing of the common agricul-
tural policy ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2048/88 ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 916/92 of
31 March 1992 on the transfer to Portugal of 382 000
tonnes of cereals held by various intervention agencies ⁽⁵⁾,
and in particular Article 1 (5) thereof,

Whereas under Regulation (EEC) No 916/92 the Danish
intervention agency is making available to the Portuguese
intervention agency 30 000 tonnes of feed wheat that is to
be transported to specified locations; whereas appropriate
implementing arrangements need to be made;

Whereas the Portuguese intervention agency has been
unable to accept any of the tenders submitted under
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1062/92 ⁽⁶⁾; whereas a
new tendering period should therefore be stipulated and
the time limit for transfer of the wheat adjusted
accordingly;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are
in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Cereals,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1062/92 is hereby amended as
follows:

1. in Article 2 the date of 31 July 1992 is replaced by
31 October 1992;

2. Article 3 (5) is replaced by the following:

'5. The time limit for submission of tenders for the
first tranche shall be 1 pm. on 7 July 1992. For quanti-
ties not awarded in the first tranche a further invitation
to tender shall be issued, tenders in response to which
are to be submitted by 10 August 1992.'

3. Article 3 (7) is replaced by the following:

'7. Tenders may be submitted by telex or fax.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 185, 15. 7. 1988, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 98, 11. 4. 1992, p. 4.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 112, 30. 4. 1992, p. 16.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1662/92

of 26 June 1992

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1063/92 laying down detailed rules for applying Council Regulation (EEC) No 916/92 on the transfer to Portugal of 140 000 tonnes of breadmaking wheat held by the French intervention agency

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of 21 April 1970 on the financing of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2048/88⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 916/92 of 31 March 1992 on the transfer to Portugal of 382 000 tonnes of cereals held by various intervention agencies⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 1 (5) thereof,

Whereas under Regulation (EEC) No 916/92 the French intervention agency is making available to the Portuguese intervention agency 140 000 tonnes of common wheat of breadmaking quality that is to be transported to specified locations; whereas appropriate implementing arrangements need to be made;

Whereas the Portuguese intervention agency has been unable to accept any of the tenders submitted under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1063/92⁽⁶⁾; whereas a new tendering period should therefore be stipulated and

the time limit for transfer of the wheat adjusted accordingly;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1063/92 is hereby amended as follows:

1. in Article 2 the first indent is replaced by:
'— at least 40 000 tonnes before 31 October 1992.';
2. Article 3 (5) is replaced by the following:
'5. The time limit for submission of tenders for the first tranche shall be 1 pm. on 7 July 1992. For quantities not awarded in the first tranche a further invitation to tender shall be issued, tenders in response to which are to be submitted by 10 August 1992.';
3. Article 3 (7) is replaced by the following:
'7. Tenders may be submitted by telex or fax.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 185, 15. 7. 1988, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 98, 11. 4. 1992, p. 4.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 112, 30. 4. 1992, p. 19.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1663/92

of 26 June 1992

providing for the grant of compensation to producers' organizations in respect of tuna delivered to the canning industry during the period 1 October to 31 December 1991

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3687/81 of 28 November 1991 on the common organization of the market in fishery products⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 20 (10) thereof,

Whereas the compensation referred to in Article 20 of Regulation (EEC) No 3687/91 is granted, under certain conditions, to Community tuna producers' organizations in respect of quantities of tuna delivered to the canning industry, during the calendar quarter for which prices were recorded, where the average quarterly price recorded on the Community market and the free-at-frontier price are both lower than 93 % of the Community producer price for the product in question;

Whereas examination of the situation on the Community market has shown that for some species and presentations of the product in question, for the period 1 October to 31 December 1991, both the average quarterly market price and the free-at-frontier price referred to in Article 20 of Regulation (EEC) No 3687/91 were lower than 93 % of the Community producer price in force as laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3551/91 of 20 November 1990 fixing, for the 1991 fishing year, the Community producer price for tuna intended for the industrial manufacture of products falling within CN code 1604⁽²⁾, amended by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3896/90 of 19 December 1990⁽³⁾;

Whereas the quantities eligible for compensation, within the meaning of Article 20 of Regulation (EEC) No 3687/91, may not under any circumstances exceed, for the quarter concerned, the limits laid down in paragraph 4 of that Article;

Whereas during the quarter concerned the quantities sold and delivered to canning industries established in Community customs territory are, in the case of skipjack and yellowfin weighing not more than 10 kg, higher than those sold and delivered during the same quarter of the preceding three fishing years; whereas these quantities exceed the limits set in Article 20, second indent of para-

graph 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 3687/91, the total quantities of these products should therefore be limited to those eligible for compensation and the quantities granted to each producers' organization concerned should be determined in accordance with their respective output during the same quarter of the 1984 to 1986 fishing years;

Whereas, in accordance with Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2381/89 of 2 August 1989 laying down detailed rules for granting compensation for tuna for the canning industry⁽⁴⁾, the granting of compensation for the products in question should be decided for the period from 1 October to 31 December 1991;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fishery Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The compensation referred to in Article 20 of Regulation (EEC) No 3687/91 shall be granted for the period 1 October to 31 December 1991, in respect of the products listed and within the limits set out below:

(ECU/tonne)	
Products	Maximum amount of allowance within the meaning of the first and second indents of Article 20 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3687/91
Yellowfin tuna, whole, weighing more than 10 kg	128
Yellowfin tuna, whole, weighing not more than 10 kg	103
Skipjack or stripe-bellied tuna, whole	80
Albacore, whole	68

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 354, 23. 12. 1991, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 346, 11. 12. 1990, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 371, 31. 12. 1990, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 225, 3. 8. 1989, p. 33.

Article 2

1. The total quantities of products set out below that may be eligible for the allowance are hereby limited as follows:

Yellowfin tuna, whole, weighing more than 10 kg:	14 675 tonnes
Yellowfin tuna, whole, weighing not more than 10 kg:	3 549 tonnes
Skipjack or stripe-bellied tuna, whole:	15 337 tonnes
Albacore, whole:	54 tonnes

2. The total quantities of yellowfin weighing not more than 10 kg and of skipjack shall be allocated among the producers' organizations concerned in accordance with the Annex hereto.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Manuel MARÍN

Vice-President

ANNEX

Allocation among the producers' organizations of the quantities of certain species and presentations of tuna that may be eligible for compensation and calculation of the maximum amount thereof in accordance with Article 20 (6) of Regulation (EEC) No 3687/91

1. Yellowfin tuna weighing not more than 10 kg

(tonnes)

Producers' organization	Quantities that may be eligible for the allowance			Total quantities
	at 100 % (Article 20 (6), first indent)	at 95 % (Article 20 (6), second indent)	at 90 % (Article 20 (6), third indent)	
Organización de Productores Asociados de Grandes Congeladores (Opagac)	1 679	232	128	2 039
Organización de Productores de Túnidos Congelados (Optuc)	1 373	110	—	1 483
Organisation de producteurs de thon congelé (Orthongel)	27	—	—	27
Total quantities	3 079	342	128	3 549

2. Skipjack

(tonnes)

Producers' organization	Quantities that may be eligible for the allowance			Total quantities
	at 100 % (Article 20 (6), first indent)	at 95 % (Article 20 (6), second indent)	at 90 % (Article 20 (6), third indent)	
Organización de Productores Asociados de Grandes Congeladores (Opagac)	5 297	—	—	5 297
Organización de Productores de Túnidos Congelados (Optuc)	7 550	644	—	8 194
Organisation de producteurs de thon congelé (Orthongel)	418	—	—	418
Cooperativa de Pesca do Arquipélago da Madeira (Coopescamadeira)	—	—	1 407	1 407
Associação de Produtores de Atum e Similares dos Açores (APASA)	21	—	—	21
Total quantities	13 286	644	1 407	15 337

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1664/92
of 26 June 1992
fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1720/91 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 of 11 June 1985 fixing the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1380/92 ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza, rape and sunflower seed ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2206/90 ⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Commis-

sion Regulation (EEC) No 307/92 ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1580/92 ⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 307/92 to the information known to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered to the amount set out in the Annexes hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The amounts of the subsidy and the exchange rates referred to in Article 33 (2) and (3) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2681/83 ⁽⁹⁾ shall be as set out in the Annexes hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 June 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 26. 6. 1991, p. 27.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 147, 29. 5. 1992, p. 15.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 11.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 32, 1. 2. 1992, p. 20.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 166, 20. 6. 1992, p. 28.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 266, 28. 9. 1983, p. 1.

ANNEX I

Aids to colza and rape seed other than 'double zero'

(amounts per 100 kg)

	Current 6				
1. Gross aids (ECU):					
— Spain	17,425				
— Portugal	26,505				
— Other Member States	17,425				
2. Final aids:					
Seed harvested and processed in:					
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	41,02				
— Netherlands (Fl)	46,22				
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	846,09				
— France (FF)	137,58				
— Denmark (Dkr)	156,47				
— Ireland (£ Irl)	15,313				
— United Kingdom (£)	13,712				
— Italy (Lit)	30 693				
— Greece (Dr)	3 889,41				
— Spain (Pta)	2 685,26				
— Portugal (Esc)	5 709,84				

ANNEX II

Aids to colza and rape seed 'double zero'

(amounts per 100 kg)

	Current 6				
1. Gross aids (ECU):					
— Spain	18,675				
— Portugal	27,755				
— Other Member States	18,675				
2. Final aids:					
Seed harvested and processed in:					
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	43,96				
— Netherlands (Fl)	49,54				
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	906,79				
— France (FF)	147,45				
— Denmark (Dkr)	167,70				
— Ireland (£ Irl)	16,411				
— United Kingdom (£)	14,706				
— Italy (Lit)	32 895				
— Greece (Dr)	4 204,56				
— Spain (Pta)	2 873,79				
— Portugal (Esc)	5 970,68				

ANNEX III

Aids to sunflower seed

(amounts per 100 kg)

	Current 6				
1. Gross aids (ECU):					
— Spain	31,371				
— Portugal	38,101				
— Other Member States	19,671				
2. Final aids:					
Seed harvested and processed in:					
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	46,31				
— Netherlands (Fl)	52,18				
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	955,15				
— France (FF)	155,31				
— Denmark (Dkr)	176,64				
— Ireland (£ Irl)	17,286				
— United Kingdom (£)	15,485				
— Italy (Lit)	34 649				
— Greece (Dr)	4 410,04				
— Portugal (Esc)	8 131,37				
— Spain (Pta)	4 788,04				

ANNEX IV

Exchange rate of the ecu to be used for converting final aids into the currency of the processing country when the latter is a country other than the country of production

(value of ECU 1)

	Current 6				
DM	2,050930				
Fl	2,311210				
Bfrs/Lfrs	42,206000				
FF	6,908540				
Dkr	7,890740				
£Irl	0,767912				
£	0,702138				
Lit	1 550,61				
Dr	249,89200				
Esc	170,41800				
Pta	129,08700				

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1665/92

of 26 June 1992

fixing the refunds applicable to cereal and rice sector products supplied as
Community and national food aid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16(2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92, and in particular Article 11(2) thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2681/74 of 21 October 1974 on Community financing of expenditure incurred in respect of the supply of agricultural products as food aid⁽⁴⁾ lays down that the portion of the expenditure corresponding to the export refunds on the products in question fixed under Community rules is to be charged to the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund, Guarantee Section;

Whereas, in order to make it easier to draw up and manage the budget for Community food aid actions and to enable the Member States to know the extent of Community participation in the financing of national food aid actions, the level of the refunds granted for these actions should be determined;

Whereas the general and implementing rules provided for in Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and in Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 on export refunds are applicable *mutatis mutandis* to the above-mentioned operations;

Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75⁽⁵⁾ and Article 6 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1906/87⁽⁷⁾, lay down specific criteria to be taken into account for calculating the refunds on cereals and on products processed from cereals; whereas specific criteria applying in the case of wheat flours are set out in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75;

Whereas the specific criteria to be used for calculating the export refund on rice are set out in Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas the refunds fixed by this Regulation are applicable without any variations, for all destinations;

Whereas the measures provided for this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For Community and national food aid operations the refunds applicable for July 1992 to cereals and rice sector products shall be as set out in the Annex.

Article 2

The refunds fixed in this Regulation shall not be regarded as refunds varying according to destination.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 288, 25. 10. 1974, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 182, 3. 7. 1987, p. 49.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 36.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 June 1992 fixing the refunds applicable to cereal and rice sector products supplied as Community and national food aid

<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>	
Product code	Refund
1001 10 90 000	105,00
1001 90 99 000	65,00
1002 00 00 000	65,00
1003 00 90 000	71,00
1004 00 90 000	71,00
1005 90 00 000	100,00
1006 20 92 000	243,20
1006 20 94 000	243,20
1006 30 42 000	—
1006 30 44 000	—
1006 30 92 100	304,00
1006 30 92 900	304,00
1006 30 94 100	304,00
1006 30 94 900	304,00
1006 30 96 100	304,00
1006 30 96 900	304,00
1006 40 00 000	—
1007 00 90 000	100,00
1101 00 00 100	85,00
1101 00 00 130	85,00
1102 20 10 100	125,09
1102 20 10 300	107,22
1102 30 00 000	—
1102 90 10 100	93,11
1103 11 10 500	155,00
1103 11 90 100	85,00
1103 13 10 100	160,83
1103 14 00 000	—
1104 12 90 100	146,06
1104 21 50 100	124,14

NB: The product codes and the footnotes are defined in amended Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1666/92

of 26 June 1992

fixing the maximum buying-in price and the quantities of beef bought in for the
71st partial invitation to tender under Regulation (EEC) No 1627/89

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 90 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1628/91 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (8) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 859/89 of 29 March 1989 laying down detailed rules for the application of intervention measures in the beef and veal sector ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 695/92 ⁽⁴⁾, an invitation to tender was opened by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1627/89 of 9 June 1989 on the buying in of beef by invitation to tender ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1252/92 ⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 11 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 859/89, a maximum buying-in price is to be fixed for quality R3, where appropriate, for each partial invitation to tender in the light of the tenders received; whereas, in accordance with Article 12 of that Regulation, only tenders lower than or equal to the maximum price are to be accepted, without, however, exceeding the average national or regional market price plus the amount mentioned in paragraph 1; whereas, however, pursuant to Article 5 of that Regulation, where the intervention agencies in Member States are offered meat in quantities greater than they are able to take over forthwith, such intervention agencies may limit buying in to the quantities they can take over;

Whereas, after the tenders submitted for the 71st partial invitation to tender have been examined and taking account, pursuant to Article 6 (1) of Regulation (EEC)

No 805/68, of the requirements for reasonable support of the market and the seasonal trend in slaughterings, the maximum buying-in price and the quantities which may be accepted into intervention should be fixed;

Whereas the scale of the quantities awarded warrants the application of the possibility provided for in Article 13 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 859/89 of extending the period during which the intervention products are to be delivered by one week;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Beef and Veal,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 71st partial invitation to tender opened by Regulation (EEC) No 1627/89:

(a) for category A:

- the maximum buying-in price is hereby fixed at ECU 255,95 per 100 kilograms of carcasses or half-carcasses of quality R3,
- the maximum quantity of carcasses or half-carcasses accepted is hereby fixed at 41 441 tonnes;

(b) for category C:

- the maximum buying-in price is hereby fixed at ECU 255,95 per 100 kilograms of carcasses or half-carcasses of quality R3,
- the maximum quantity accepted of carcasses or half-carcasses is hereby fixed at 11 100 tonnes.

Article 2

By derogation from the first sentence of Article 13 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 859/89 the time limit for delivery to intervention stores is extended by one week.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 29 June 1992.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 15. 6. 1991, p. 16.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 91, 4. 4. 1989, p. 5.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 74, 20. 3. 1992, p. 42.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 159, 10. 6. 1989, p. 36.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 131, 16. 5. 1992, p. 10.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1667/92
of 26 June 1992
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 61/92⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 366/92⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1581/92⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Commission Regulation (EEC) 366/92 to the information known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in

the last subparagraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90⁽⁶⁾,

- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 25 June 1992,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 June 1992.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 6, 11. 1. 1992, p. 19.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 39, 15. 2. 1992, p. 28.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 166, 20. 6. 1992, p. 31.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 June 1992 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)

CN code	Levy ⁽¹⁾
1701 11 10	36,89 ⁽¹⁾
1701 11 90	36,89 ⁽¹⁾
1701 12 10	36,89 ⁽¹⁾
1701 12 90	36,89 ⁽¹⁾
1701 91 00	44,38
1701 99 10	44,38
1701 99 90	44,38 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ The levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 or 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Article 16 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 this amount is also applicable to sugar obtained from white and raw sugar containing added substances other than flavouring or colouring matter.

⁽³⁾ No import levy applies to OCT originating products according to Article 101 (1) of Decision 91/482/EEC. However, an amount equal to the amount fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1870/91 B to be levied in accordance with Article 101 (4) of the abovementioned Decision.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1668/92

of 26 June 1992

altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 674/92, and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1358/92⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1582/92⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1906/87⁽⁸⁾, amended Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75⁽⁹⁾, as regards products falling within CN codes 2302 10, 2302 20, 2302 30 and 2302 40;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 25 June 1992;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed differs from the average levy by more than ECU 3,02 per tonne of basic product; whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74⁽¹⁰⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1740/78⁽¹¹⁾, the levies at present in force must therefore be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 as fixed in the Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 1358/92 are hereby altered to the amounts set out in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 June 1992.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 73, 19. 3. 1992, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 145, 27. 5. 1992, p. 64.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 166, 20. 6. 1992, p. 92.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 182, 3. 7. 1987, p. 49.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 202, 26. 7. 1978, p. 8.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1992.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 26 June 1992 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Import levies (°)	
	ACP	Third countries (other than ACP) (°)
0714 10 10 (°)	147,22	153,87
0714 10 91	150,85 (°) (°)	150,85
0714 10 99	149,04	153,87
0714 90 11	150,85 (°) (°)	150,85
0714 90 19	149,04 (°)	153,87
1102 90 10	271,53	277,57
1102 90 30	228,13	234,17
1103 12 00	228,13	234,17
1103 19 30	271,53	277,57
1103 29 20	271,53	277,57
1103 29 30	228,13	234,17
1104 11 10	153,87	156,89
1104 11 90	301,70	307,74
1104 12 10	129,27	132,29
1104 12 90	253,48	259,52
1104 21 10	241,36	244,38
1104 21 30	241,36	244,38
1104 21 50	377,13	383,17
1104 21 90	153,87	156,89
1104 22 10 10 (°)	129,27	132,29
1104 22 10 90 (°)	228,13	231,15
1104 22 30	228,13	231,15
1104 22 50	202,78	205,80
1104 22 90	129,27	132,29
1106 20 10	147,22 (°)	153,87
1107 10 91	268,51	279,39 (°)
1107 10 99	200,63	211,51 (°)
1107 20 00	233,82	244,70 (°)

-
- (¹) 6 % *ad valorem*, subject to certain conditions.
- (²) In accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 this levy is reduced by ECU 5,44 per tonne for products originating in Turkey.
- (³) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90 the levy shall not be charged on the following products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States :
- products falling within CN code ex 0714 10 91,
 - products falling within CN code 0714 90 11 and arrow-root falling within CN code 0714 90 19,
 - flours and meal of arrow-root falling within CN code 1106 20,
 - arrow-root starch falling within CN code 1108 19 90.
- (⁴) Taric code : clipped oats.
- (⁵) Taric code : CN code 1104 22 10, other than 'clipped oats'.
- (⁶) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90 the levies are not applied to products imported directly into the French overseas departments originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States.
- (⁷) On importation into Portugal, the levy is increased by the amount specified in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3808/90.
- (⁸) No import levy applies to OCT originating products according to Article 101 (1) of Decision 91/482/EEC.
- (⁹) Products falling within this code, imported from Poland, the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic or Hungary under the Interim Agreements concluded between those countries and the Community, and in respect of which EUR.1 certificates issued in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 585/92 have been presented, are subject to the levies set out in the Annex to that Regulation.
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II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 25 March 1992

on aid granted by Spain to Industrias Mediterraneas de la Piel SA (Imepiel)

(Only the Spanish text is authentic)

(92/318/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 93 (2) thereof,

Having given notice to the parties concerned to submit their comments as provided for in the said Article 93 and having regard to those comments,

Whereas :

I

Imepiel was incorporated in 1882 by the Segarra family who owned and managed the company until its acquisition to stave off bankruptcy by the Spanish State in 1976. At this date the Spanish State, through the Property Office of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (Patrimonio del Estado), acquired 99,94 % of the capital, the other investors being the Caja de Ahorros de Valencia and the Caja de Ahorros de Castellón.

The company manufactures and sells footwear produced from its own preparation of hides (the bulk of which are used and not resold) and from rubber, a purely intermediate product, which is employed to manufacture the soles.

Its premises are located in Vall d'Uxó, in the Castellón province, a town of 27 000 inhabitants 45 km to the north of Valencia, 26 km from Castellón and 15 km from Sagunto, a town which has suffered recently due to the rationalization of the steel industry. The company's

premises extend to 150 000 m² with buildings occupying some 100 000 m² of this.

The company expanded during the post-war years diversifying into complementary activities such as glove making and farming. Since its acquisition by the State such ancillary activities have been eliminated. Despite this the company has always been a leading Spanish footwear manufacturer having the largest workforce and highest production capacity located on one site. However, since rationalization, cuts have been made resulting in a reduction in the workforce from 3 146 in 1976 to 1 457 in 1988.

Throughout the period of public ownership the company has, in general, incurred operating losses each year. Over the 10 years to 1987 these amounted to Pta 12 700 million and a series of capital injections were made to cover these losses. In addition, publicly-funded capital investment expenditure has been incurred in an attempt to modernize the factory.

Faced with continuing losses the majority shareholder commissioned a viability plan in the mid 1980s which foresaw a reduction in capacity due to redundancies; capital injections (1987: Pta 1 400 million, 1988: Pta 1 929 million); a managerial shakeup and a reassessment of markets and products.

II

As a result of press reports in December 1987 the Commission learned that the State authorities had prepared a rescue plan for the company and had, allegedly, granted a capital injection amounting to Pta 1 400 million to cover trading losses in respect of 1987.

The Commission requested, by letter dated 29 January 1988, information regarding this capital injection to cover trading losses.

In reply, the Commission received a telex dated 20 April 1988 from the Spanish authorities confirming that a capital injection amounting to Pta 1 400 million had taken place in respect of 1987.

At the request of the Spanish authorities a bilateral meeting, with the Commission, was arranged to discuss the case. This took place on 9 June 1988. At this meeting further information was provided in respect of the company and its history, but most importantly the Spanish authorities informed the Commission that a further capital injection of Pta 1 929 million had been made in respect of 1988.

It was stated that these monies were to be used to restructure the company by way of redundancies. In addition, the Commission was informed that the relevant documentation and an official notification of this transaction would be provided. The information received at this meeting was insufficient to assess the compatibility of these capital injections with the provisions of Articles 92 and 93 of the EEC Treaty.

Following the meeting the Commission, by letter dated 15 July 1988, requested the Spanish authorities to provide the promised notification and further information within an agreed timescale. In reply to this request, the Commission received a letter dated 27 July 1988 from the Spanish authorities formalizing much of the data on the company's background previously provided in the meeting of 9 June.

General details of the company's viability plan were provided; this plan required:

- capital injections of Pta 1 400 million in 1987 and Pta 1 929 million in 1988,
- a managerial strategy to achieve profitability in a short period of time,
- product and market research,
- capital investment to improve plant and machinery.

No specific details or numerical data were provided by this plan although the Commission was promised more detailed information by November 1988.

A further bilateral meeting was held between the Commission and the Spanish authorities on 16 November 1988. This meeting again discussed, in general terms, the need for the company to have further monies to fund a redundancy programme (job losses would be as follows 1989 : 251, 1990 : 275, 1991 : 273), for it to have a restructuring plan and for monies for investment amounting for 1989 to Pta 470 million and for 1990 to Pta 100 million.

The plan, as prepared, apparently foresaw reductions in expenses and production, diversification, sales price increases and productivity gains. All this would lead, in the long run, to the company being eligible for privatization.

As at the previous meeting no data was forthcoming to enable the Commission to judge whether the capital injections were compatible with Articles 92 and 93 of the EEC Treaty.

By letter dated 14 December 1988 the Commission informed the Spanish authorities of the initiation of proceedings in accordance with Article 93 (2) of the EEC Treaty concerning the Pta 3 329 million that the Spanish State had injected into Imepiel. This letter resulted in a request for comments from interested parties being published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*(¹).

The Spanish authorities replied to the Commission's letter on 25 January 1989. They claimed that the money injected into Imepiel (amounting in total to Pta 6 029 million, being 1986 : Pta 1 500 million, 1987 : Pta 2 600 million and 1988 : Pta 1 929 million) had to be viewed in the context of a three-year recovery plan that would result in the privatization of the company.

The recovery plan had the following objectives:

- to return the company to profitability within three years,
- a reduction in capacity: footwear from 3,2 million pairs per year to 1,74 million pairs, hides from 20 million square feet per annum to 14,1 million square feet and the closure of the rubber section,
- a decentralization of the company's organization,
- rationalization of the manufacturing premises with the sale of superfluous space,
- expansion of own brand sales and an attempt to move into higher quality products,
- the avoidance of labour disputes through detailed negotiation,
- a reduction in the workforce from 1 457 to 627.

The plan was flawed in several ways. The company neither earned a profit in 1988 nor 1989; in addition, subsequent plans have indicated that it will not be profitable before 1993. The foreseen reduction in capacity may have been possible but production was, for shoes, 2 million pairs in 1987 and 2 million pairs in 1988. Subsequent plans indicate production in excess of 2 million pairs in 1990 and 1991 and over 3 million for 1992.

(¹) OJ No C 28, 3. 2. 1989, p. 7.

Subsequently, on 20 February 1989 the Commission requested further information from the Spanish authorities. The information requested required details of aids granted, aids envisaged, cash flow and profit and loss forecasts, details of the local economy where Imepiel was based, investment details and privatization details.

In a letter dated 17 March 1989 the Commission received details of a proposed offer to purchase the company by a group of Spanish entrepreneurs.

In essence, they offered to purchase the company so long as the State was prepared to pay the following:

- in respect of losses in the first three years of trading after acquisition, Pta 3 358 million,
- for investments Pta 1 695 million,
- for redundancies Pta 11 179 million,
- an amount equivalent to the net current liabilities.

The Spanish authorities replied to the Commission's request in a letter dated 5 April 1989.

This indicated that the Spanish State believed the company had the following requirements:

- capital injections (between 1986 and 1991): Pta 12 835 million,
- cash loss of company (between 1989 and 1993): Pta 4 478 million,
- loss of company (between 1989 and 1993): Pta 61 988 million,
- investment requirements for the company (between 1989 and 1993): Pta 1 006 million.

The authorities concluded that it was still their intention to privatize the company.

By letter dated 18 April 1989 the Commission received details of a revised offer by the private entrepreneurs asking for funds amounting to Pta 17 305 million (as opposed to Pta 16 232 million in their earlier offer).

Between April and November 1989 both the Spanish authorities and the Commission considered the buyers' plans for the company and various correspondence was exchanged on this matter and in connection with the creation of the Vall d'Uxó as a special investment area.

The Commission received a telex dated 9 November 1989 from the Spanish State stating that they were having difficulty in privatizing Imepiel.

Subsequently the Commission received a letter dated 19 December 1989 confirming that privatization negotiations had been broken off and that the Spanish authorities were to carry out the viability plan submitted to the Commission in January 1989.

As a result of this letter the Commission sent a telex dated 11 January 1990 requesting an update on information received from the Spanish authorities.

By letter dated 24 January 1990 the Spanish authorities submitted updated financial information in respect of Imepiel as regards historic and forecast data. More importantly they supplied details of the terms of the proposed privatization of the company together with details of its liquidation value. The sale terms were confirmed by a letter dated 1 February 1990 containing a copy of the sale and purchase agreement that was dated 10 January 1990.

Broadly the sale terms were as follows:

- the purchaser was a company (Círculo de Financiación y Gestión SA, having a share capital of Pta 2 500 million which was 25 % paid up. The balance was to be paid up within three years. This indicates that the acquirer was undercapitalized and consequently would have an effect on the long-term viability of the project,
- the purchase price was Pta 100 million,
- the purchaser was to retain ownership of Imepiel for three years, was not allowed to change the purchaser's share capital structure nor that of Imepiel during this time except as authorized by the State,
- the vendor will, on sale, provide a capital injection of Pta 8 500 million to be used for improving the company's financial position, restructuring the workforce and making appropriate investments in equipment.

With the same letter the purchaser provided to the Commission a financial plan which was subsequently revised (for years 3 and 4) by letter dated 30 January 1990.

A summary of the financial aspects of this plan together with actual data in respect of 1989 and 1994 is set out below:

Year	Product	Sales volume	Sales value (¹)	Result (¹)	Investment (¹)
1989	Shoes	1 250 (²)	5 481	(2 309)	?
	Hides	8 600 (³)			
1994	Shoes	3 445 (²)	7 471	446	164
	Hides	15 500 (³)			

(¹) Pta million.

(²) Thousands of pairs.

(³) Thousands of square feet.

It is obvious from the above that the purchasers' targets are ambitious. Given the history of the company and the lack of any detailed assumptions to support this forecast there is no solid base for it to be achieved. Far more importantly the purchaser intends to increase volume which will have the effect of increasing the pressure on the market.

A bilateral meeting was held between the Commission and the Spanish authorities on 26 January 1990. At this meeting the Commission services stressed the fact that the restructuring plan was unacceptable given the fact sales volume increases. The Spanish said that the base year for comparison should be 1986 when 3 million pairs were sold and not 1989; in addition, the authorities confirmed that sales of 3 million pairs was the breakeven point even with a workforce of 770. Moreover it was admitted that several offers had been received for Imepiel but that the most appropriate was the one accepted.

Imepiel was privatized on 2 February 1990.

As a result of the privatization the Commission extended its procedure under Article 93 (2) to take account of the following further amounts of aid:

- capital injections: 1986: Pta 1 500 million, 1987: Pta 1 200 million,
- on privatization: Pta 8 500 million,
- bargain price arising on privatization: Pta 3 900 million.

This decision was communicated to the Spanish authorities by letter dated 3 August 1990, and subsequently published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽¹⁾.

By letter dated 11 October 1990 the Spanish authorities responded setting out their objections to the extension of the procedure.

III

The Commission decision to initiate Article 93 (2) procedures, notified to the Spanish Government by letter dated 14 December 1988, invited the Spanish authorities to submit their observations and to provide the detailed information requested therein as well as any other information they might consider relevant for the Commission to assess the compatibility of the aid.

The other Member States and interested third parties were informed of the Commission's decision by the publica-

tion of the letter in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* dated 3 February 1989.

In the correspondence already noted above the Spanish Government submitted its observations by letter dated 25 January 1989, and, following questions submitted by the Commission, provided further information in a letter dated 5 April 1989.

Firstly, the Government considered that the aid granted was compatible with the provisions of Article 92 (3). Secondly, the Government believed that the aid had to be viewed in the light of the privatization programme, the recovery plan and measures needed to boost the local economy.

Apparently attempts had been made to privatize the company which had failed due to the inability of the buyers to provide the requisite guarantees. The recovery plan would be used in conjunction with measures designed to boost the local economy and consequently the aid could be justified.

The Government argued that the aid is linked to the restructuring of the company and is primarily short-term although medium-term resources may be needed. The aid was proportionate to the problem it was designed to resolve and therefore competition in the footwear sector would not be distorted. Industrial problems and unemployment would not be transferred to other Member States as the company's intra-Community exports were only Pta 706 million in 1988 (10,92 % of turnover) and were expected to fall: consequently maintaining the company would help alleviate structural problems in the Community. If the company was allowed to fail the gap may be filled by third countries.

The Government also pointed out the provisions of the Treaty regarding Spain's accession to the Community with respect to Articles 92 and 93.

In summary the Spanish authorities confirmed their intention to sell the company and that a restructuring plan was crucial to enable this to take place with the minimum of distortion in the local economy.

As part of the procedure other Member States submitted comments on the capital injections:

- the UK Government shared the Commission's opinion as to the incompatibility of the aids,
- the Danish, German, Portuguese and Italian Governments also all supported the Commission's position.

The extension of the Article 93 (2) procedure to cover the further aid granted to the company, together with the aids on privatization, was notified by letter dated 3 August 1990 to the Spanish Government and published in the

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 320, 20. 12. 1990, p. 18.

Official Journal of the European Communities on 20 December 1990 inviting comments from other Member States and interested parties. The Spanish Government replied by letter dated 11 October 1990.

Firstly, the Spanish authorities disagreed with the Commission's conclusion that the 1986 and 1987 aids (Pta 3 700 million) and privatization aids (Pta 3 900 million) constituted aids that could not be exempted. This was based on the fact that the Spanish believed that the aid granted complied with Community rules since it was designed to bring government funding to an end whilst ensuring the viability of the company and the economic development of a less favoured area. This opinion was supported by the fact that many of Imepiel's problems arose out of pre-accession industrial policies.

The Government did not consider that the sale involved aid as it believes that the value of the company on disposal should not be computed on the basis of net assets but on the basis of the present value of future returns. This is supported by the fact that Imepiel was sold to the highest bidder.

In addition the response considered the buyer's plans for the company including investment and a restructuring of the workforce and the productive capacity. Capacity would be cut and therefore the company would have a smaller impact in the market place.

Furthermore, the social aspects of the problem were stressed: the company is located in a town of 27 000 inhabitants where 2 000 are unemployed. Winding up the company would be expensive not just in dismissal costs but in respect of the ongoing unemployment and re-training costs. In essence the Spanish authorities considered this to be an exceptional case and believed that all aids granted were compatible with the Treaty.

As a result of the publication of the letter in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* a response was obtained from the UK-based British Footwear Manufacturers Federation. This stressed that Spanish imports had increased in the UK and that these shoes competed at the lower end of the market where competition was price and not quality based. Therefore, any State aid enabling a manufacturer to reduce his sales price would have a negative effect on competition.

On 18 March 1991 a meeting was held between Commission officials and representatives of Patrimonio to consider Imepiel's restructuring plan.

The main points raised by the Commission concerned the necessity of the recovery plan to:

- provide for a reduction in the production capacity, sales and market share,
- ensure the viability of the company,
- not involve aids exceeding the minimum necessary requirements.

Moreover, the officials of the Commission stressed that due to the conditions attached to the sale contract, the bid for Imepiel cannot be considered to be open and unconditional, and in addition, the company had benefited from capital injections which allowed it to continue to operate for a long time at an artificially-maintained level.

During the same meeting the Patrimonio representatives reminded the Commission that the present condition of Imepiel was the consequence of pre-accession policies and confirmed their comments already supplied following the opening of the Article 93 (of the EEC Treaty) procedure. In addition, they affirmed that any reduction in the productive capacity or in the market share of the company would undermine its viability.

A record of this meeting was communicated to the Spanish authorities on 18 April 1991 together with a detailed list of information to be supplied in order to enable the Commission to assess the case further.

To date no further information has been received.

IV

On its examination of the capital contributions of 'Patrimonio del Estado' to Imepiel between 1986 and 1989 and at the time of its privatization, as well as the other terms of the sale contract with Circulo de Financiación y Gestión SA, the Commission has verified to what extent these public interventions contain State aid elements within the meaning of Article 92 (1).

It should be noted that 'Patrimonio del Estado' is an intrinsic part of the Spanish State with the status of Directorate-General dependent upon the Spanish Ministry of Economic Affairs. Its financial requirements are wholly provided by the State on the basis of budgetary appropriations. Accordingly, the financial resources of 'Patrimonio del Estado' are to be considered as resources of the State and, consequently, the capital contributions provided to Imepiel constitute public interventions.

The provision of public funds to companies in the form of capital contributions may involve elements of State aid if those funds are provided in circumstances that would not be acceptable to a market-economy investor operating under normal market conditions. This is the case, among others, where the financial position of the company, and particularly the structure and volume of its debt, is such that a normal return — in dividends or capital gains — cannot be expected within a reasonable time from the capital investment, or where, because of its inadequate cash flow if for no other reason, the company would be unable to raise the funds needed for an investment programme on the capital market. This position was made known by the Commission in its letter to the Member States of 17 September 1984 on the application of Articles 92 and 93 of the Treaty to public authorities' holdings. In this respect, it should also be noted that, recently, in its communication of 24 July 1991 introducing a new reporting system to identify when aid is present in financial flows between public authorities and publicly owned companies, the Commission has reminded Member States of the principles it will use in determining whether aid is involved in such State interventions (see Part III of the communication).

Moreover, the Court of Justice of the European Community has clarified the application of Article 92 (1) in respect of public holdings (see Judgments in Cases 323/82 (*Intermills*)⁽¹⁾, 234/84 (*Meura*)⁽²⁾ and 40/85 (*Boch*)⁽³⁾). The Court has also distinguished the actions of minority, from those of majority, shareholders as regards the provision of capital (see Judgments in Cases 305/89 (*Alfa Romeo*)⁽⁴⁾ and 303/88 (*ENI-Lanerossi*)⁽⁵⁾). In order to determine whether a capital contribution is State aid, the Court held that it is necessary to see whether the company in question could have obtained the finance on the private capital market. Where the evidence suggests that the beneficiary could not have survived without public funds because it could not have raised the capital required on the open market from a private investor, it is right to conclude that the payment constitutes State aid.

At the time of the first post accession provision of capital by 'Patrimonio del Estado' in 1986, Imepiel had made overall losses for the previous 10 years, and the State had already been obliged to recapitalize the company on repeated occasions to keep it in business. As all this investment did not result in a capital return, it is unlikely that a market economy investor, basing his decision on foreseeable profits, and disregarding any social, regional or

sectoral considerations, would have provided Imepiel with successive capital increases totalling Pta 6 029 million between 1986 and 1988.

Consideration must be given as to whether any State aid was involved in the acceptance by the State of a nominal sales price for Imepiel amounting to Pta 100 million.

The sales procedure for the company was conducted on an open market basis by advertising through various international banks and similar bodies. The details of several offers were communicated by the Spanish authorities to the Commission and this information indicates that the net cost for the Spanish State (i.e. capital injection less purchase price) in respect of the chosen purchaser was the lowest.

Furthermore, the fact that the company had not earned a profit in recent years and that its plans for the future indicate that there will be several years of losses mean that its value was minimal. Most importantly it should be noted that the company's accounts, at 31 December 1989, displayed that it had net liabilities of Pta 135 million indicating that its value was negligible.

Consequently, it is considered for these reasons, together with the fact that the sale contract required the purchaser to maintain his investment for three years, that the sale price of Pta 100 million can be accepted.

The sale took place on the basis that a capital injection of Pta 8 500 million would be made by the Spanish State and was necessary in order to attract a buyer for the company. In order to determine whether any State aid existed in this capital contribution it is necessary to verify the rationality of the State's behaviour as a market-economy investor. A market-economy investor intending to maximize the profitability of his investment would have only made the capital contribution if, later on, this action would have made him better off, in economic terms, taking into account the sale as a whole. However, the monetary return for the capital contribution was limited within the framework of the sales contract to Pta 100 million which cannot be considered to be an adequate return for the investment.

At the extension of the Article 93 (2) procedure it was considered that an element of aid existed in the sale price given that the buyer believed Imepiel to be worth Pta 4 000 million subsequent to the State's capital injection at the time of sale. This was considered possible on the grounds that the capital injection of Pta 8 500 million may have been compatible with the Treaty. On subsequent reflection, it is believed that the sale price does not contain an additional element of aid.

⁽¹⁾ [1984] ECR 3809.

⁽²⁾ [1986] ECR 2263.

⁽³⁾ [1986] ECR 2321.

⁽⁴⁾ [1991] ECR I-1603.

⁽⁵⁾ [1991] ECR I-1433.

The Spanish authorities provided a liquidation value for Imepiel, as at 31 October 1989, amounting to minus Pta 1 436 million. Furthermore, they argued that redundancy costs of Pta 5,5 million per employee had to be met, amounting in total to Pta 7 909 million. These costs of Pta 9 345 million, they argued, were in excess of the capital contribution on privatization and therefore the State took the proper economic decision.

It should be noted that, contrary to the observations of the Spanish authorities, the option to wind up Imepiel does not appear more costly to the State than the preferred option to sell the company on the accepted terms. The State, as owner of the company, would not have been obliged to cover the balance between the proceeds from the liquidation of the assets and the liabilities linked to winding up Imepiel, given that a joint stock company limits its responsibility to honour debts up to the liquidation value of its assets, and in normal circumstances, the owner of the company does not take on any responsibility for any further deficit.

It is important to note that in an analysis of the liquidation costs of a company the State must separate itself as the owner/shareholder in a company and as a body responsible for the payment of unemployment/social security benefits.

In assessing the behaviour of the State against that of a market economy investor, the Commission must apply the test 'whether in similar circumstances a private shareholder, having regard to the foreseeability of obtaining a return and leaving aside all social, regional-policy and sectoral considerations, would have subscribed the capital in question' (Judgment in Case 234/84 (Meura), ground 14). If these costs were considered by the Commission, it would amount to granting Member States the power to rescue companies in difficulties on the basis of reasons of pure national interest. This situation, that could create serious distortions of competition contrary to the common interest, would be in contradiction to the principles of the EEC Treaty empowering the Commission to determine the compatibility of State assistance in the context of the Community as a whole and not in that of a single Member State.

Therefore, in summary, after detailed examination, the Commission has arrived at the conclusion that the State aid granted to Imepiel is comprised of the Pta 6 029 million corresponding to capital contributions from 'Patrimonio del Estado' during the period 1986 to 1988,

and aid of Pta 8 500 million arising from the last capital contribution from 'Patrimonio del Estado' before the company's privatization; all these monies artificially strengthened Imepiel's financial position.

This aid to Imepiel affects trade between Member States and distorts or threatens to distort competition in the common market within the meaning of Article 92 (1).

In fact, where financial assistance from the State strengthens the position of certain enterprises compared with that of others competing with them in the Community, it must be deemed to affect those other enterprises (Judgment in Case 730/79 (Philip Morris))⁽¹⁾.

It should be noted that the market, in which the goods produced and sold by Imepiel, is highly competitive. Community footwear production amounts to 1 050 million pairs of shoes and is following a declining trend which has caused a shrinkage of about 15 % since 1986.

The total market is about 1 290 million pairs and the intra-Community trade involves about 440 million pairs (42 % of the production, 34 % of the market). The industry assembly employs 360 000 people directly and another 140 000 people for indirect and ancillary (hides and components) production; the sector is characterized by its fragmentary structure with a large number of small businesses (about 15 000 units with an average workforce of 24).

In 1986 Spain had some 14 % of the Community market in terms of production of which 61 % was exported; as the company is a significant producer in terms of the number of personnel employed and is an above-average shoe producer, in volume terms, it takes a more than marginal share in the Community market. Moreover, as the market is more price than volume orientated the financial assistance granted by the State is bound to have a significant negative effect on competition. It allows Imepiel to continue on a level which it would not have been able to maintain with its own resources. Thus it retains an artificially high market share and transfers its redundancy problems to its competitors. Even if Imepiel does not participate significantly in the Spanish export market, its artificial presence in the Spanish market makes market penetration by other Community producers more difficult. (See the Judgment in Case 102/87 (France v. Commission))⁽²⁾.

⁽¹⁾ [1980] ECR 2688.

⁽²⁾ [1988] ECR 4067.

V

Concerning the legal status of the aid to Imepiel under Community law, it has to be concluded that it is illegal, since the Spanish Government failed to notify it in advance to the Commission as required by Article 93 (3).

The situation produced by this breach of the Treaty provisions is particularly serious since the aids in question have already been paid to the recipient. In this respect, it has to be recalled that, in view of the imperative character of the rules of procedure as laid down in Article 93 (3) which also are of importance as regards public policy — the direct effect of which the Court of Justice has recognized in its ruling in Cases 77/72 (Capolongo)⁽¹⁾, 120/73 (Lorenz)⁽²⁾ and 78/76 (Steinicke)⁽³⁾, the illegality of the aid at issue here cannot be remedied *a posteriori*.

Notwithstanding this, it should be noted that the Commission is obliged to carry out its due procedures in relation to Article 93 (2) as recognized in the Court of Justice ruling in case 301/87 (Boussac Saint Frères)⁽⁴⁾.

VI

Article 92 (1) of the EEC Treaty provides that aid meeting the criteria laid down therein is in principle incompatible with the common market.

The exceptions provided for in Article 92 (2) are not applicable in this case because of the nature of the aid which is not directed towards the attainment of such objectives.

Article 92 (3) of the Treaty lists aid which may be compatible with the common market. Compatibility with the Treaty must be determined in the context of the Community as a whole and not in that of a single Member State. In order to ensure the proper functioning of the common market, and having regard to the principle embodied in Article 3 (f), the exceptions provided for in Article 92 (3) must be construed narrowly when any aid scheme or individual aid award is scrutinized. In particular, they may be invoked only when the Commission is satisfied that, without the aid, market forces alone would be insufficient to guide recipients towards patterns of behaviour that would serve one of the objectives of the said exceptions.

Applying the exceptions to cases which do not contribute to such objectives or where the aid is not necessary for those purposes would amount to conferring advantages on the industries or firms of certain Member States, whose

financial position would be artificially strengthened and to affecting trade between Member States and distorting competition without any justification based on the common interest, as referred to in Article 92 (3) of the Treaty.

The company was granted aid by the Spanish authorities in the form of capital injections, between 1986 and 1988 amounting to Pta 6 029 million.

The Commission can share the Spanish authorities' view that these capital contributions from 1986 to 1988 were made in response to circumstances which developed prior to Spain's accession to the Community.

Preaccession industrial policy in Spain, in respect of public companies, was sometimes based on principles radically different from those employed in formulating the competition policy of the EEC Treaty. At that time, certain loss-making public companies were maintained on poor managerial principles and were kept in business artificially thanks to financial assistance from the State. After Spain's accession to the Community, these companies have been forced to adapt to an environment of fair competition. The aids to Imepiel in question were mainly aimed at facilitating that adaptation. It should be noted that this assistance represented a significant effort to create a basis for the definitive restructuring of the company.

Therefore, as far as the capital contributions of Pta 6 029 million between 1986 and 1988 are concerned, the Commission has arrived at the conclusion that they can be considered as compatible with the common market pursuant to the exception provided for in Article 92 (3) (c).

With respect to the aid contained in the injection of Pta 8 500 million made in the context of the privatization it has to be examined if one of the derogations of Article 92 applies.

Article 92 (3) (a) and (c) lays down an exception for aid that promotes or facilitates the development of certain areas. In this respect, Imepiel is situated in Vall d'Uxó, an area which does not present a standard of living abnormally low, or serious underemployment, within the meaning of Article 92 (3) (a). As regards the application of the exception of Article 92 (3) (c) on regional grounds, in Vall d'Uxó the Commission has accepted that grants up to a maximum of 30 % of productive capital investments (Commission Decision of 15 June 1989) can be made by a derogation under Article 92 (3) (c).

The decision to accept this area as eligible for regional aid was taken by the Commission, amongst other reasons, to stimulate diversification investment, in particular as a safety net for the redundancies at Imepiel, and not to aid

⁽¹⁾ [1973] ECR 611.

⁽²⁾ [1973] ECR 1471.

⁽³⁾ [1977] ECR 595.

⁽⁴⁾ [1990] ECR I-307.

Imepiel itself. Furthermore, the aid in question was made on the basis of an *ad hoc* decision of the Spanish Government taking the form of a discretionary capital contribution and not a grant to create productive capital investment. Consequently, as a result of the above a regional derogation under Article 92 (3) (c) is not possible.

Moreover, the capital contribution, upon privatization, of Pta 8 500 million did not have the requisite features of aid to facilitate the development of certain economic areas inasmuch as it was made in the form of operating aid to a firm in difficulties. That is to say the capital contribution was not conditional on investment or job creation as explained in the Commission's communication in 1979 on the principles of the coordination of regional aid.

Even if the Commission were to consider the capital contribution under regional guidelines the aid could only be justified if, firstly, it contributed to the real and long-term development of the region leading to the viability of the undertakings concerned and, secondly, if the undertaking had, as a contributing factor, a restructuring plan which enhanced the competitive situation.

Consequently, the capital contribution cannot be considered to 'facilitate the development of certain economic areas where such aid does not adversely affect trading conditions to an extent contrary to the common interest'. A derogation under Article 92 (3) (c) cannot therefore be granted for this aid.

As regards the exceptions provided for in Article 92 (3) (b) the aid measures in question were not intended nor have the features of a project of common interest or of a project likely to remedy a serious disturbance in this Spanish economy. Moreover, the Spanish authorities have not invoked this exception in their observations to the Commission.

As regards the exception provided for in Article 92 (3) (c), for aid to facilitate the development of certain economic activities, where such aid does not adversely affect trading conditions to an extent contrary to the common interest, it should firstly be noted that the aid to Imepiel falls under the category of aid to companies in difficulties, as both the company's financial position and financial record have always been precarious. Aid to firms in difficulties carries the greatest risk of transferring unemployment and industrial problems from one Member State to another; it acts as a means of preserving the *status quo*

by preventing market economy forces from their normal consequences in terms of the disappearance of uncompetitive firms in their process of adaptation to changing conditions in competition. For this reason the Commission takes a strict approach in assessing the compatibility of aid for restructuring firms in difficulty. In particular, the Commission requires that such public intervention be strictly conditional on the implementation of a sound restructuring or conversion programme capable of restoring the long-term viability of the beneficiary, it must also contain a compensatory justification for the aid in the form of a contribution by the beneficiary or to the development of the sector as a whole on a Community level by a reduction of its presence in the market.

The capital injection of Pta 8 500 million made at the time of privatization should allow the company to repay loans (Pta 4 000 million) and make redundancies (Pta 3 000 million). The balance is to be used to provide working capital for the company's operations.

It should be noted that these three actions will have an effect on the future competitiveness of the company which would, otherwise for the aid, have had to have been met from the company's own resources.

The purchasers have provided a plan for the company's future (which was subsequently revised) which indicates, in fact, that production will be increased and not reduced as would be necessary to make the restructuring in the interest of the sector concerned on the level of the Community.

As a result of the fact that upon privatization the Commission was not presented with a restructuring plan which :

- demonstrated the company's future viability,
- portrayed a reduction in the company's productive capacity, and
- showed a decrease in the company's presence in the market place.

It cannot be considered that this restructuring facilitated the development of economic activity compatible with the common interest. Consequently, this aid is incompatible with Article 92.

By letters dated 7 June and 18 July 1991, the Spanish authorities requested the Commission to postpone any decision in respect of this case until they could submit an alternative restructuring plan that was currently being negotiated with Imepiel.

By letter dated 6 August 1991, the Commission informed the Spanish authorities that, in view of the fact that two additional months had already elapsed since the expiration, on 31 May 1991, of the last deadline for the submission of an alternative restructuring plan, it could not delay further the taking of a final decision.

VII

In conclusion, in the light of the foregoing considerations, the State aid element to Imepiel of Pta 8 500 million involved in the terms of its sale to Circulo de Financiación y Gestión SA is illegal under Community law, since it was awarded by the Spanish Government in violation of the provisions of Article 93 (3).

However, the aid of Pta 8 500 million should be reduced by the sales proceeds of Pta 100 million in order to reflect the net cost of the transaction to the State. By such a netting procedure both the benefit to the acquirer, Circulo de Financiación y Gestión SA, and the cost to the State are fully reflected.

Furthermore, the said aid element does not meet the conditions which must be fulfilled in order for one of the exceptions of Article 92 (2) and (3) to apply, for which reason it is moreover incompatible with the EEC Treaty.

In case of aid which is incompatible with the common market, the Commission, making use of a possibility given to it by the Court of Justice in its Judgment in Case 70/72 (*Kohlegesetz*)⁽¹⁾, confirmed in the Judgment in Case 310/85 (*Deufil*)⁽²⁾, can require Member States to recover from recipients aid granted illegally,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The aid granted of Pta 6 029 million between 1986 and 1988 was granted illegally as it was granted in breach of the procedural rules of Article 93 (3).

Notwithstanding this the aid meets the conditions for a derogation under Article 92 (3) (c) and is therefore compatible with the common market.

Article 2

The net State aid of Pta 8 400 million (i.e. capital injection of Pta 8 500 million net of sales proceeds of Pta 100 million) contained in the capital contribution provided by Patrimonio del Estado to Imepiel simultaneously with its privatizations on 2 February 1990 is illegal under Community law, since it was awarded by the Spanish Government in violation of the provisions of Article 93 (3).

Furthermore, the said aid does not meet any of the conditions which must be fulfilled in order for one of the exceptions of Article 92 (2) and (3) to apply, for which reason it is incompatible with the common market.

Article 3

The incompatible State aid shall be withdrawn by way of recovery. Accordingly, Patrimonio del Estado shall recover Pta 8 400 million from Imepiel.

The aid element shall be recovered in accordance with the procedures and provisions of national law, in particular those relating to interest on arrears payable on State liabilities, with interest starting to run on the date on which the illegal aid was granted.

Article 4

The Spanish Government shall inform the Commission within two months of the date of notification of this Decision of the measures taken to comply herewith.

Article 5

This Decision is addressed to the Kingdom of Spain.

Done at Brussels, 25 March 1992.

For the Commission

Leon BRITTAN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ [1973] ECR 813.

⁽²⁾ [1987] ECR 901.

CORRIGENDA

Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1617/92 of 23 June 1992 opening a standing invitation to tender for the supply to Albania of 40 880 tonnes of bread-making common wheat held in the Rouen region by the French intervention agency

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 170 of 25 June 1992)

In the contents and in the title of the Regulation on page 22:

for: 'Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1617/92 of 23 June 1992 ...',

read: 'Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1617/92 of 24 June 1992 ...';

on page 23 in the last line of Article 9:

for: 'Done at Brussels, 23 June 1993.',

read: 'Done at Brussels, 24 June 1992.'

Corrigendum to Commission Directive 91/662/EEC of 6 December 1991 adapting to technical progress Council Directive 74/297/EEC in respect of the behaviour of the steering wheel in column in an impact

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 366 of 31 December 1991)

On page 2, Article 2:

point 3 is hereby completed as follows:

'... by this Directive with the exception of the provisions laid down in paragraph 5.1 of Annex I to this Directive (maximum vertical displacement of the steering column) which shall have effect only from 1 October 1996.',

— point 4, first paragraph, first line:

for: '1 October 1996.',

read: '1 October 1994.'
