

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378 - 6978

L 119

Volume 33

11 May 1990

English edition

Legislation

Contents

I Acts whose publication is

- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1179/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 fixing the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture 1
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/90 of 7 May 1990 fixing the target price for milk and the intervention prices for butter, skimmed-milk powder and Grana Padano and Parmigiano Reggiano cheeses for the 1990/91 milk year 23
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1181/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77 in respect of the co-responsibility levy on milk and milk products 25
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1182/90 of 7 May 1990 fixing the threshold prices for certain milk products for the 1990/91 milk year 26
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1183/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 857/84 adopting general rules for the application of the levy referred to in Article 5c of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 in the milk and milk products sector 27
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1184/90 of 7 May 1990 establishing, for the period 1 April 1990 to 31 March 1991, the Community reserve for the application of the levy referred to in Article 5c of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 in the milk and milk products sector 30
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1185/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 777/87 modifying the intervention arrangements for butter and skimmed-milk powder and Regulation (EEC) No 985/68 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in butter and cream 31
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1186/90 of 7 May 1990 extending the scope of the Community scale for the classification of carcasses of adult bovine animals 32

Price: ECU 12,—

(Continued overleaf)

Acts whose titles are printed in light type are those relating to day-to-day management of agricultural matters, and are generally valid for a limited period.

The titles of all other Acts are printed in bold type and preceded by an asterisk.

Contents (continued)

★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1187/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1357/80 introducing a system of premiums for maintaining suckler cows	34
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1188/90 of 7 May 1990 fixing the guide price and the intervention price for adult bovine animals for the 1990/91 marketing year	36
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1189/90 of 7 May 1990 fixing, for the 1990/91 marketing year, the activating threshold price for aid, the guide price and the minimum price for peas, field beans and sweet lupins	37
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1190/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2036/82 adopting general rules concerning special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins	39
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1191/90 of 7 May 1990 fixing, for the 1990/91 marketing year, the monthly increases in the activating threshold price, the guide price and the minimum price for peas and field beans	40
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1192/90 of 7 May 1990 fixing the guide price for dried fodder for the 1990/91 marketing year	42
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1193/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables . . .	43
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1194/90 of 7 May 1990 fixing certain prices and other amounts applicable in the fruit and vegetables sector for the 1990/91 marketing year . . .	46
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1195/90 of 7 May 1990 on measures to increase the consumption and utilization of apples	53
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1196/90 of 7 May 1990 on the stabilization of the Community production of mandarins	55
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1197/90 of 7 May 1990 laying down specific measures for the application of certain intervention thresholds in the fruit and vegetables sector for the 1990/91 marketing year	57
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1198/90 of 7 May 1990 establishing a Community register of citrus cultivation	59
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1199/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 laying down special measures to encourage the marketing of products processed from lemons and amending the rules for applying the intervention threshold for lemons	61
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1200/90 of 7 May 1990 on the improvement of the Community production of apples	63
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1201/90 of 7 May 1990 on measures to increase the consumption of citrus fruit	65

(Continued on inside back cover)

Contents (continued)

★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1202/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables	66
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1203/90 of 7 May 1990 on temporary measures relating to production aid for processed tomato products	68
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1204/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 989/84 introducing a system of guarantee thresholds for certain processed fruit and vegetable products	71
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1205/90 of 7 May 1990 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2245/88 introducing guarantee threshold systems for peaches and pears in syrup and/or in natural fruit juice	73
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 1206/90 of 7 May 1990 laying down general rules for the system of production aid for processed fruit and vegetables	74

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1179/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 fixing the conversion rates to be applied in
agriculture

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the conversion rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the representative rates currently applicable were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 982/90 ⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas new agricultural conversion rates closer to economic reality should be set, taking into account the rates

laid down for the 1990/91 marketing years, pursuant to the automatic dismantling of monetary divergences created by the realignment of 5 January 1990;

Whereas account must be taken in adjusting these rates of their impact, on prices in particular, and of the situation in the Member State concerned,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annexes to Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 are replaced by the Annexes hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 11.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 129.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 100, 20. 4. 1990, p. 8.

ANNEX I

BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Bfrs/Lfrs . . .	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Bfrs/Lfrs . . .	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	48,2869	6. 1. 1991	48,2869	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
Cereals	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
Rice	48,2869	31. 8. 1990	48,2869	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
Wine	48,2869	31. 8. 1990	48,2869	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	48,2869	31. 12. 1990	48,2869	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	48,2869	31. 10. 1990	48,2869	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	48,2869	31. 7. 1990	48,2869	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	48,2869	31. 8. 1990	48,2869	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	48,2869	31. 7. 1990	48,2869	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	48,2869	31. 8. 1990	48,2869	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— plums	48,2869	31. 5. 1990	48,2869	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— pears	48,2869	31. 5. 1990	48,2869	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	48,2869	31. 5. 1990	48,2869	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— apples	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	48,2869	31. 8. 1990	48,2869	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	48,2869	30. 9. 1990	48,2869	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	48,2869	30. 9. 1990	48,2869	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	48,2869	30. 9. 1990	48,2869	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	48,2869	30. 9. 1990	48,2869	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Bfrs/Lfrs . . .	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Bfrs/Lfrs . . .	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	48,2869	31. 5. 1990	48,2869	1. 6. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— juices	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	48,2869	30. 6. 1990	48,2869	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	48,2869	14. 7. 1990	48,2869	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	48,2869	31. 8. 1990	48,2869	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	48,2869	31. 8. 1990	48,2869	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990
All other products	48,2869	13. 5. 1990	48,2869	14. 5. 1990

ANNEX II

DENMARK

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Dkr . . .	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Dkr . . .	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	8,93007	6. 1. 1991	8,93007	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
Cereals	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
Rice	8,93007	31. 8. 1990	8,93007	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
Wine	8,93007	31. 8. 1990	8,93007	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	8,93007	31. 12. 1990	8,93007	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	8,93007	31. 10. 1990	8,93007	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	8,93007	31. 7. 1990	8,93007	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	8,93007	31. 8. 1990	8,93007	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	8,93007	31. 7. 1990	8,93007	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	8,93007	31. 8. 1990	8,93007	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— plums	8,93007	31. 5. 1990	8,93007	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— pears	8,93007	31. 5. 1990	8,93007	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	8,93007	31. 5. 1990	8,93007	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— apples	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	8,93007	31. 8. 1990	8,93007	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	8,93007	30. 9. 1990	8,93007	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	8,93007	30. 9. 1990	8,93007	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	8,93007	30. 9. 1990	8,93007	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	8,93007	30. 9. 1990	8,93007	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Dkr ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Dkr ...	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	8,93007	31. 5. 1990	8,93007	1. 6. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— juices	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	8,93007	30. 6. 1990	8,93007	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	8,93007	14. 7. 1990	8,93007	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	8,93007	31. 8. 1990	8,93007	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	8,93007	31. 8. 1990	8,93007	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990
All other products	8,93007	13. 5. 1990	8,93007	14. 5. 1990

ANNEX III

FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = DM ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = DM ...	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	2,35053	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	2,35053	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	2,35053	6. 1. 1991	2,34113	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	2,36110	30. 9. 1990	2,34113	1. 10. 1990
Cereals	2,37360	30. 6. 1990	2,37360	1. 7. 1990
Rice	2,36110	31. 8. 1990	2,34113	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	2,35053	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	2,35053	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
Wine	2,36110	31. 8. 1990	2,34113	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	2,35053	31. 12. 1990	2,34113	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	2,36110	31. 10. 1990	2,34113	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	2,36110	31. 7. 1990	2,34113	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	2,36110	31. 8. 1990	2,34113	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	2,36110	31. 7. 1990	2,34113	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	2,36110	31. 8. 1990	2,34113	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— plums	2,36110	31. 5. 1990	2,34113	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— pears	2,36110	31. 5. 1990	2,34113	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	2,36110	31. 5. 1990	2,34113	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— apples	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	2,36110	31. 8. 1990	2,34113	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	2,36110	30. 9. 1990	2,34113	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	2,36110	30. 9. 1990	2,34113	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	2,36110	30. 9. 1990	2,34113	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	2,36110	30. 9. 1990	2,34113	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = DM ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = DM ...	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	2,36110	31. 5. 1990	2,34113	1. 6. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— juices	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	2,36110	30. 6. 1990	2,34113	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	2,36110	14. 7. 1990	2,34113	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	2,36110	31. 8. 1990	2,34113	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	2,36110	31. 8. 1990	2,34113	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990
All other products	2,36110	13. 5. 1990	2,34113	14. 5. 1990

ANNEX IV

GREECE

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Dr ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Dr ...	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	176,576	13. 5. 1990	199,603	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	176,576	13. 5. 1990	199,603	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	211,490	6. 1. 1991	224,589	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	204,401	30. 6. 1990	224,722	1. 7. 1990
Cereals	204,401	30. 6. 1990	224,722	1. 7. 1990
Rice	191,975	31. 8. 1990	217,343	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	183,177	30. 6. 1990	207,201	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	220,221	30. 6. 1990	224,261	1. 7. 1990
Wine	204,401	31. 8. 1990	224,722	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	176,576	31. 12. 1990	199,603	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	204,401	13. 5. 1990	224,722	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	204,401	31. 10. 1990	224,722	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	191,975	31. 7. 1990	217,343	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	191,975	31. 8. 1990	217,343	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	209,512	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	176,576	30. 6. 1990	199,603	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	191,975	31. 7. 1990	217,343	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	209,512	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	191,975	31. 8. 1990	217,343	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	209,512	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	191,975	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	191,975	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	191,975	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	191,975	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	209,512	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— plums	191,975	31. 5. 1990	217,343	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	209,512	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	209,512	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	209,512	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— pears	191,975	31. 5. 1990	217,343	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	191,975	31. 5. 1990	217,343	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— apples	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	191,975	31. 8. 1990	217,343	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	191,975	30. 9. 1990	217,343	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	191,975	30. 9. 1990	217,343	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	191,975	30. 9. 1990	217,343	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	191,975	30. 9. 1990	217,343	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	191,975	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Dr ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Dr ...	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	209,512	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	191,975	31. 5. 1990	217,343	1. 6. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— juices	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	191,975	30. 6. 1990	217,343	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	191,975	14. 7. 1990	217,343	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	191,975	31. 8. 1990	217,343	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	191,975	31. 8. 1990	217,343	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	191,975	13. 5. 1990	217,343	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	211,490	13. 5. 1990	224,589	14. 5. 1990
All other products	176,576	13. 5. 1990	199,603	14. 5. 1990

ANNEX V

SPAIN

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Pta ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Pta ...	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	155,786	13. 5. 1990	154,794	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	155,786	13. 5. 1990	155,786	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	153,315	6. 1. 1991	152,756	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	154,213	30. 9. 1990	153,498	1. 10. 1990
Cereals	154,213	30. 6. 1990	154,213	1. 7. 1990
Rice	152,896	31. 8. 1990	152,896	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	155,786	30. 6. 1990	154,794	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	149,026	30. 6. 1990	149,192	1. 7. 1990
Wine	152,896	31. 8. 1990	151,927	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	155,786	31. 12. 1990	154,794	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	154,213	13. 5. 1990	153,498	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	154,213	30. 6. 1990	153,498	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	152,896	31. 10. 1990	151,927	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	152,896	31. 7. 1990	152,896	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	152,896	31. 8. 1990	152,896	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	152,896	13. 5. 1990	151,927	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	154,213	30. 6. 1990	153,498	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	155,786	30. 6. 1990	154,794	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	152,896	31. 7. 1990	151,927	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	152,896	13. 5. 1990	151,927	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	154,213	31. 8. 1990	154,213	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— plums	152,896	31. 5. 1990	152,896	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— pears	152,896	31. 5. 1990	152,896	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	152,896	31. 5. 1990	152,896	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— apples	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	152,896	31. 8. 1990	152,896	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	152,896	30. 9. 1990	152,896	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	152,896	30. 9. 1990	152,896	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	152,896	30. 9. 1990	152,896	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	152,896	30. 9. 1990	152,896	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Pta . . .	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Pta . . .	Applicable until
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	152,896	31. 5. 1990	152,896	1. 6. 1990
— processed lemons	152,896	31. 5. 1990	152,896	1. 6. 1990
— processed oranges	152,896	30. 9. 1990	152,896	1. 10. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— juices	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	152,896	30. 6. 1990	152,896	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	152,896	14. 7. 1990	152,896	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	152,896	31. 8. 1990	152,896	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	152,896	31. 8. 1990	152,896	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	152,896	13. 5. 1990	152,896	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	155,786	13. 5. 1990	154,794	14. 5. 1990
All other products	155,786	13. 5. 1990	154,794	14. 5. 1990

ANNEX VI

FRANCE

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = FF ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = FF ...	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	7,85183	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	7,69787	6. 1. 1991	7,85183	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
Cereals	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
Rice	7,69787	31. 8. 1990	7,85183	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	7,85183	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
Wine	7,69787	31. 8. 1990	7,85183	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	7,69787	31. 12. 1990	7,85183	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	7,69787	31. 10. 1990	7,85183	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	7,69787	31. 7. 1990	7,85183	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	7,69787	31. 8. 1990	7,85183	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	7,69787	31. 7. 1990	7,85183	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	7,69787	31. 8. 1990	7,85183	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— plums	7,69787	31. 5. 1990	7,85183	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— pears	7,69787	31. 5. 1990	7,85183	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	7,69787	31. 5. 1990	7,85183	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— apples	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	7,69787	31. 8. 1990	7,85183	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	7,69787	30. 9. 1990	7,85183	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	7,69787	30. 9. 1990	7,85183	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	7,69787	30. 9. 1990	7,85183	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	7,69787	30. 9. 1990	7,85183	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = FF . . .	Applicable until	ECU 1 = FF . . .	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	7,69787	31. 5. 1990	7,85183	1. 6. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— juices	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	7,69787	30. 6. 1990	7,85183	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	7,69787	14. 7. 1990	7,85183	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	7,69787	31. 8. 1990	7,85183	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	7,69787	31. 8. 1990	7,85183	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990
All other products	7,69787	13. 5. 1990	7,85183	14. 5. 1990

ANNEX VII

IRELAND

Products	Agriculture conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = £ Irl ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = £ Irl ...	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	0,873900	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	0,856765	6. 1. 1991	0,873900	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
Cereals	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
Rice	0,856765	31. 8. 1990	0,873900	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
Wine	0,856765	31. 8. 1990	0,873900	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	0,856765	31. 12. 1990	0,873900	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	0,856765	31. 10. 1990	0,873900	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	0,856765	31. 7. 1990	0,873900	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	0,856765	31. 8. 1990	0,873900	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	0,856765	31. 7. 1990	0,873900	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	0,856765	31. 8. 1990	0,873900	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— plums	0,856765	31. 5. 1990	0,873900	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— pears	0,856765	31. 5. 1990	0,873900	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	0,856765	31. 5. 1990	0,873900	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— apples	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	0,856765	31. 8. 1990	0,873900	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	0,856765	30. 9. 1990	0,873900	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	0,856765	30. 9. 1990	0,873900	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	0,856765	30. 9. 1990	0,873900	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	0,856765	30. 9. 1990	0,873900	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agriculture conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = £ Irl . . .	Applicable until	ECU 1 = £ Irl . . .	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	0,856765	31. 5. 1990	0,873900	1. 6. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— juice	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	0,856765	30. 6. 1990	0,873900	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	0,856765	14. 7. 1990	0,873900	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	0,856765	31. 8. 1990	0,873900	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	0,856765	31. 8. 1990	0,873900	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990
All other products	0,856765	13. 5. 1990	0,873900	14. 5. 1990

ANNEX VIII

ITALY

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Lit . . .	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Lit . . .	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	1 709,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	1 709,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	1 709,00	6. 1. 1991	1 751,67	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	1 709,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
Cereals	1 700,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
Rice	1 709,00	31. 8. 1990	1 751,67	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	1 709,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	1 726,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
Wine	1 703,00	31. 8. 1990	1 751,67	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	1 709,00	31. 12. 1990	1 751,67	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	1 717,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	1 709,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	1 709,00	31. 10. 1990	1 751,67	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	1 700,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	1 700,00	31. 7. 1990	1 751,67	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	1 700,00	31. 8. 1990	1 751,67	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	1 736,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	1 709,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	1 709,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	1 709,00	31. 7. 1990	1 751,67	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	1 751,67	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	1 709,00	31. 8. 1990	1 751,67	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	1 751,67	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	1 717,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	1 717,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	1 717,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	1 717,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	1 751,67	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— plums	1 717,00	31. 5. 1990	1 751,67	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	1 751,67	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	1 751,67	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	1 751,67	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— pears	1 717,00	31. 5. 1990	1 751,67	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	1 717,00	31. 5. 1990	1 751,67	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	1 717,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	1 717,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— apples	1 717,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	1 717,00	31. 8. 1990	1 751,67	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	1 717,00	30. 9. 1990	1 751,67	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	1 717,00	30. 9. 1990	1 751,67	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	1 717,00	30. 9. 1990	1 751,67	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	1 717,00	30. 9. 1990	1 751,67	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	1 717,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Lit ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Lit ...	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	1 751,67	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	1 717,00	31. 5. 1990	1 751,67	1. 6. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	1 717,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	1 717,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	1 717,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— juices	1 717,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	1 717,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	1 717,00	30. 6. 1990	1 751,67	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	1 717,00	14. 7. 1990	1 751,67	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	1 717,00	31. 8. 1990	1 751,67	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	1 717,00	31. 8. 1990	1 751,67	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	1 717,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	1 709,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990
All other products	1 709,00	13. 5. 1990	1 751,67	14. 5. 1990

ANNEX IX

NETHERLANDS

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Fl ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Fl ...	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	2,63785	6. 1. 1991	2,63785	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	2,63785	30. 9. 1990	2,63785	1. 10. 1990
Cereals	2,66089	30. 6. 1990	2,66089	1. 7. 1990
Rice	2,63785	31. 8. 1990	2,63785	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
Wine	2,63785	31. 8. 1990	2,63785	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	2,63785	31. 12. 1990	2,63785	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	2,63785	31. 10. 1990	2,63785	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	2,63785	31. 7. 1990	2,63785	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	2,63785	31. 8. 1990	2,63785	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	2,63785	31. 7. 1990	2,63785	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	2,63785	31. 8. 1990	2,63785	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— plums	2,63785	31. 5. 1990	2,63785	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— pears	2,63785	31. 5. 1990	2,63785	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	2,63785	31. 5. 1990	2,63785	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— apples	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	2,63785	31. 8. 1990	2,63785	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	2,63785	30. 9. 1990	2,63785	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	2,63785	30. 9. 1990	2,63785	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	2,63785	30. 9. 1990	2,63785	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	2,63785	30. 9. 1990	2,63785	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Fl ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Fl ...	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	2,63785	31. 5. 1990	2,63785	1. 6. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— juices	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	2,63785	30. 6. 1990	2,63785	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	2,63785	14. 7. 1990	2,63785	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	2,63785	31. 8. 1990	2,63785	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	2,63785	31. 8. 1990	2,63785	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990
All other products	2,63785	13. 5. 1990	2,63785	14. 5. 1990

ANNEX X

PORTUGAL

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Esc . . .	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Esc . . .	Applicable from
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	199,761	6. 1. 1991	206,902	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
Fishery products	199,761	31. 12. 1990	206,902	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	199,761	13. 5. 1990	206,902	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	199,761	31. 10. 1990	206,902	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	199,761	31. 7. 1990	206,902	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	199,761	31. 8. 1990	206,902	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	206,902	13. 5. 1990	206,902	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	199,761	30. 6. 1990		1. 7. 1990
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	206,902	13. 5. 1990	206,902	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	199,761	31. 5. 1990	206,902	1. 6. 1990
— processed lemons	199,761	31. 5. 1990	206,902	1. 6. 1990
— processed oranges	199,761	30. 9. 1990	206,902	1. 10. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
— juices	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	199,761	30. 6. 1990	206,902	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	199,761	14. 7. 1990	206,902	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	199,761	31. 8. 1990	206,902	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	199,761	31. 8. 1990	206,902	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	199,761	13. 5. 1990	206,902	14. 5. 1990
Amount unrelated to price fixing	199,761	13. 5. 1990	206,902	14. 5. 1990
Products covered by Regulations (EEC) No 3033/80 ⁽¹⁾ and (EEC) No 3035/80 ⁽²⁾	199,761	13. 5. 1990	206,902	14. 5. 1990
Other products with the exception of those mentioned in Article 259 of the Act of Accession	199,761	13. 5. 1990	206,902	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 1.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 27.

ANNEX XI

UNITED KINGDOM

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = £ ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = £ ...	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	0,709729	13. 5. 1990	0,758185	14. 5. 1990
Beef and veal	0,733029	13. 5. 1990	0,795232	14. 5. 1990
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	0,702276	6. 1. 1991	0,779553	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
Cereals	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
Rice	0,704335	31. 8. 1990	0,779553	1. 9. 1990
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	0,709729	30. 6. 1990	0,758185	1. 7. 1990
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	0,756267	30. 6. 1990	0,838723	1. 7. 1990
Wine	0,704335	31. 8. 1990	0,779553	1. 9. 1990
Fishery products	0,709729	31. 12. 1990	0,758185	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	0,704335	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
Seeds	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
Olive oil	0,704335	31. 10. 1990	0,779553	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rape seed	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	0,704335	31. 7. 1990	0,779553	1. 8. 1990
— soya beans	0,704335	31. 8. 1990	0,779553	1. 9. 1990
Dried fodder	0,709837	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
Grain legumes	0,709729	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
Flax and hemp	0,704335	31. 7. 1990	0,779553	1. 8. 1990
Silkworms	0,709837	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
Cotton	0,704335	31. 8. 1990	0,779553	1. 9. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	0,709837	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— cucumbers	0,704335	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— tomatoes	0,704335	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— courgettes	0,704335	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— aubergines	0,704335	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— cauliflowers	0,709837	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— plums	0,704335	31. 5. 1990	0,779553	1. 6. 1990
— apricots	0,709837	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— peaches and nectarines	0,709837	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— table grapes	0,709837	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— pears	0,704335	31. 5. 1990	0,779553	1. 6. 1990
— lemons	0,704335	31. 5. 1990	0,779553	1. 6. 1990
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— cabbage lettuce	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— apples	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— nuts and locust beans	0,704335	31. 8. 1990	0,779553	1. 9. 1990
— mandarins and satsumas	0,704335	30. 9. 1990	0,779553	1. 10. 1990
— clementines	0,704335	30. 9. 1990	0,779553	1. 10. 1990
— sweet oranges	0,704335	30. 9. 1990	0,779553	1. 10. 1990
— artichokes	0,704335	30. 9. 1990	0,779553	1. 10. 1990
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	0,704335	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = £ ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = £ ...	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	0,709837	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
— tinned pineapples	0,704335	31. 5. 1990	0,779553	1. 6. 1990
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— flakes	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— prepared or conserved	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— juices	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— dried figs	0,704335	30. 6. 1990	0,779553	1. 7. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	0,704335	14. 7. 1990	0,779553	15. 7. 1990
— dried grapes	0,704335	31. 8. 1990	0,779553	1. 9. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	0,704335	31. 8. 1990	0,779553	1. 9. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	0,704335	13. 5. 1990	0,779553	14. 5. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	0,709729	13. 5. 1990	0,758185	14. 5. 1990
All other products	0,709729	13. 5. 1990	0,758185	14. 5. 1990

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1180/90

of 7 May 1990

fixing the target price for milk and the intervention prices for butter, skimmed-milk powder and Grana Padano and Parmigiano Reggiano cheeses for the 1990/91 milk year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 89 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3879/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 3 (4) and 5 (1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas, when fixing the common agricultural prices, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community wishes to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are in particular to secure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community and to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach the consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the target price for milk should bear a balanced relationship to the prices for other agricultural products and in particular to the prices for beef and veal, and be consistent with the desired general pattern of cattle farming; whereas it is also necessary, in fixing that price, to take account of the Community's efforts to establish a long-term balance between supply and demand on the milk market, allowing for external trade in milk and milk products;

Whereas the intervention prices for butter and for skimmed-milk powders are intended to contribute to the achievement of the target prices for milk; whereas it is necessary to determine price levels in the light of the overall supply and demand situation on the Community market in milk and the opportunities for disposal of butter and skimmed-milk powder on the Community and world markets;

Whereas the intervention prices for Grana Padano and Parmigiano Reggiano cheeses must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68;

Whereas, under Article 5b of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, the Council, when fixing the target price for milk and the intervention prices, fixes a guarantee threshold for milk; whereas, however, the initial objective in fixing a guarantee threshold is achieved *inter alia* by means of an additional levy on deliveries of milk or milk products which exceed the reference quantities determined;

Whereas Article 68 of the Act of Accession has led to prices in Spain being set at a level differing from that of the common prices; whereas, pursuant to Article 70 (1) of the Act of Accession, the Spanish prices should be aligned with the common prices at the beginning of each marketing year; whereas the criteria laid down for alignment lead to the Spanish prices being set at the level mentioned hereinafter,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1990/91 milk year, the target price for milk and the intervention prices for milk products shall be as follows:

	(ECU/100 kg)	
	Community of Ten	Spain
(a) target price for milk	26,86	26,86
(b) intervention price:		
butter	293,28	308,78
skimmed-milk powder	172,73	210,91
Grana Padano cheese:		
— of an age of between 30 and 60 days	380,32	
— of an age of at least six months	471,24	
Parmigiano Reggiano cheese of an age of at least six months	520,10	

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from the beginning of the 1990/91 milk year.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 378, 11. 12. 1989, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 47.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1181/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77 in respect of the co-responsibility levy on milk and milk products

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1113/89 ⁽⁵⁾, introduced a co-responsibility levy to apply until the end of the 1989/90 milk year and covering, in principle, all milk supplied to dairies and certain sales of milk products at the farm;

Whereas the object of that levy was to achieve better balance on the market for milk by establishing a more direct link between production and the possibilities of disposing of milk products, in view of the importance of the public interests involved; whereas the data and forecasts at present available show that the abovementioned objectives will probably not be attained before the end of the period laid down; whereas the application of that Regulation should therefore be extended for the 1990/91 milk year;

Whereas the trend on the market situation is such that the rate of the levy for the 1990/91 milk year should be fixed at 1,5 % of the target price for milk,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77 is hereby amended as follows:

1. In Article 1 (1), 'and 1989/90' is replaced by ', 1989/90 and 1990/91'.
2. The following paragraph is added to Article 2:
'12. For the 1990/91 milk year, the levy shall be 1,5 % of the target price for milk.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from the beginning of the 1990/91 milk year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 49.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 131, 26. 5. 1977, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 118, 9. 4. 1989, p. 5.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1182/90

of 7 May 1990

fixing the threshold prices for certain milk products for the 1990/91 milk year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3879/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Whereas threshold prices should be fixed so that, taking account of the protection required for the Community processing industry, the prices of imported milk products correspond to the level of the target price for milk; whereas, consequently, the threshold price should be fixed on the basis of the target price for milk, taking into account the relationship which should be established between the value of milkfat and that of skimmed milk, as well as the standardized costs and yields for each of the milk products in question; whereas a fixed amount should be included to ensure adequate protection of the Community processing industry,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The threshold prices for the 1990/91 milk year shall be as follows:

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

Pilot product of the group of products	ECU per 100 kilograms
1	57,31
2	194,09
3	269,18
4	100,39
5	131,89
6	328,99
7	382,41
8	318,68
9	597,19
10	344,70
11	317,55
12	94,88

2. The pilot products referred to in paragraph 1 are those specified in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 of 18 December 1979 determining the groups of products and the special provisions for calculating levies on milk and milk products and amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3884/89 ⁽⁵⁾.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from the beginning of the 1990/91 milk year.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 378, 11. 12. 1989, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 50.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 12. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 378, 11. 12. 1989, p. 9.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1183/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 857/84 adopting general rules for the application of the levy referred to in Article 5c of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 in the milk and milk products sector

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3879/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5c (6) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the Commission report on the operation of the milk quotas scheme indicates that the structural development of agricultural holdings should continue; whereas, as a result of the 1 % increase in the Community reserve applicable for the sixth period of the scheme, certain quantities have been made available which are intended in principle for priority producers whose situation continues to give grounds for concern; whereas this measure should be supplemented in favour of small producers in order to bring them as a whole up to a level of production better adapted to market requirements;

Whereas in order to take account of the particular structure of production in certain Member States, the latter should, under certain conditions, be authorized to establish a specific definition of the characteristics of small producers or grant, after allocation to small producers, quantities still available to producers whose partially unused production capacity places them in a difficult specific situation;

Whereas the objective of the measure can be achieved only if holdings continue to produce milk;

Whereas, under the arrangements to curb production, additional quantities can be granted only if, in this particular case, they have first been released by other producers; whereas a new Community programme for financing the cessation of milk production should therefore be established, particularly for those Member States where the comparative situation of the various collection areas so warrants, whereby producers who fulfil certain eligibility requirements will be paid compensation following the total and definitive cessation of their activities;

Whereas, account being taken of the various aspects of dairy farming today, the compensation should be fixed at ECU 36

per 100 kg; whereas it may prove necessary in some Member States, however, to raise the level of the compensation; whereas the Member States concerned should therefore be authorized to provide additional financing, the amount of which can be adjusted in line with specific regional requirements;

Whereas the compensation is granted in principle in respect of the total reference quantity; whereas for logical reasons there should be deducted from it those quantities which the producer has received pursuant to Article 3b of Regulation (EEC) No 857/84 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3880/89 ⁽⁵⁾, since this programme is not to apply to the producers referred to in Article 3a of that Regulation or to those who, prior to the entry into force of these provisions, have benefited under Article 4 (1) (a) in respect of all or part of their reference quantity, as the case may be,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 857/84 is hereby amended as follows:

1. The following Article 3c is inserted:

'Article 3c

1. Reference quantities released under the conditions laid down in Article 4 (1) (b) shall be entered in the reserve referred to in Article 5 and granted to producers as defined in Article 12 (c) to whom the actual individual reference quantity available, at the beginning of the seventh 12-month period of application of the scheme, less the quantities withdrawn pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 775/87 ^(*) is less than 60 000 kg or 100 000 kg in the mountain areas defined in accordance with Article 3 (3) of Directive 75/268/EEC ^(**).

However, Member States may increase the abovementioned amounts provided that the number of producers concerned remains less than 25 % of the overall number of producers and that the amounts so fixed do not exceed 75 % of the average individual reference quantity available.

2. Producers may receive pursuant to this Article a quantity equal to the difference between 60 000 kg or 100 000 kg, or the amount fixed pursuant to the second subparagraph of paragraph 1 as the case may be and the reference quantity defined in the first subparagraph of paragraph 1.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 378, 11. 12. 1989, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 7. 1990, p. 51.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 378, 27. 12. 1989, p. 3.

They shall undertake not to seek to benefit under any programme for the cessation of milk production until the end of the additional levy arrangements either as regards the basic individual reference quantity or as regards the quantity received pursuant to the first subparagraph.

3. If after allocation to the producers defined in paragraph 1 released quantities remain available, the Member State concerned may grant such quantities to producers whose partially unused production capacity places them in a difficult specific situation. However, this provision shall only apply if the compensation of ECU 36 per 100 kg referred to in Article 4 (1) (b), point (d), has not been increased by the Member State concerned.

4. The Commission, acting in accordance with Article 30 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, shall adopt rules for the application of this Article.

(*) OJ No L 78, 20. 3. 1987, p. 5.

(**) OJ No L 128, 19. 5. 1975, p. 1.'

2. In Article 4:

(a) paragraph 1 (a) is hereby replaced by the following:

- '(a) — grant to producers undertaking to discontinue definitively all of their milk production compensation to be paid in one or more annual instalments,
- grant to producers undertaking to discontinue definitively part of their milk production compensation to be paid in one or more annual instalments;'

(b) the following paragraph is added:

'1b. Member States shall grant to producers as defined in the first indent of Article 12 (c) or to each associated producer where the second indent of Article 12 (c) applies, who undertake before 1 November 1990 to discontinue milk production totally and definitively before 1 April 1991, compensation in the form of a single payment before 1 July 1991.

Member States need not, however, decide to operate the milk production abandonment programme on the basis that the comparative situation of the various collection areas does not so warrant.

(a) Producers shall be eligible provided that:

- they possess a reference quantity pursuant to Article 5c of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 under either formula A or formula B,
- and their holding is located outside areas defined in accordance with Article 3 (3), (4) and (5) of Directive 75/268/EEC; that condition shall not apply in Member States in which the usable agricultural surface area contains more than 75 % of the abovementioned areas.

However, Member States:

- may decide not to pay the compensation to producers possessing less than six dairy cows or whose actual individual reference quantity available is less than 25 000 kg per year,
- shall be authorized to take any steps necessary to ensure that the reductions in quantities applied under this paragraph are, as far as possible, evenly distributed among the regions and the collection areas.

(b) The compensation shall be granted in respect of the reference quantity to which the producer is entitled on the entry into force of this Regulation, including the quantities suspended under Regulation (EEC) No 775/87 but excluding the quantities received under Article 3b of this Regulation.

(c) In the case of agricultural leases, the application for compensation shall be submitted by the leaseholder.

Member States may, however, determine the conditions under which a leaseholder may submit an application for compensation and the terms on which the compensation may be granted.

(d) Community financing for this programme shall be limited to a quantity of 500 000 tonnes. Within that limit it shall be allocated among the Member States as and when applications are submitted to the Commission.

The compensation shall be ECU 36 per 100 kilograms of milk or milk equivalent. Member States may contribute to the Community financing by increasing the amount of the compensation. The level of the supplement may be adjusted within their territory to take account of local conditions regarding:

- the trend of milk production,
- the average level of deliveries per producer,
- the need to ensure that the restructuring of milk production is not impeded,
- the prospects for converting to other productive activities.

The financing provided for in the first subparagraph shall be deemed to be intervention within the meaning of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 729/70.

(e) The Commission, acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, shall adopt measures for the implementation of this paragraph.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1184/90

of 7 May 1990

establishing, for the period 1 April 1990 to 31 March 1991, the Community reserve for the application of the levy referred to in Article 5c of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 in the milk and milk products sector

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

categories of producers as defined in Article 3b of that Regulation,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3879/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5c ⁽⁶⁾ thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Article 5c (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 provides for the establishment of a Community reserve in order to supplement, at the beginning of each 12-month period, the overall guaranteed quantities of Member States in which the levy scheme gives rise to particular difficulties; whereas the Community reserve for the seventh 12-month period should be fixed at 2 082 885,740 tonnes, including 443 000 tonnes to be allocated in the Member States where the implementation of the levy system still raises special difficulties, 600 000 tonnes to alleviate difficulties encountered by the Member States in allocating the specific reference quantities pursuant to Article 3a of Regulation (EEC) No 857/84 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3880/89 ⁽⁵⁾, and 1 039 885,740 tonnes to alleviate the difficulties encountered by the Member States in allocating the additional or specific reference quantities to certain

Article 1

For the period 1 April 1990 to 31 March 1991, the Community reserve provided for in Article 5c (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 shall be 2 082 885,740 tonnes, of which:

- 443 000 tonnes shall be allocated in certain Member States where the implementation of the levy system raises special difficulties,
- 600 000 tonnes shall be to alleviate the difficulties encountered by the Member States in allocating the specific reference quantities pursuant to Article 3a of Regulation (EEC) No 857/84,
- 1 039 885,740 tonnes shall be for producers as referred to in Article 3b of Regulation (EEC) No 857/84.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall be applicable from 1 April 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 378, 11. 12. 1989, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 54.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 378, 11. 12. 1989, p. 3.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1185/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 777/87 modifying the intervention arrangements for butter and skimmed-milk powder and Regulation (EEC) No 985/68 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in butter and cream

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3879/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (6) and the first subparagraph of Article 7a (1) thereof,

Whereas under Regulation (EEC) No 777/87 ⁽³⁾, intervention buying of butter may be suspended under certain circumstances and may be carried out under a standing invitation to tender; whereas in those circumstances and pursuant to Article 1 (3) (c) of the said Regulation, account is taken of the special importance of the buying in of butter by the intervention agency for market stability and the returns of milk producers in Ireland; whereas the benefit of this provision should be extended to the region of Northern Ireland where the dairy industry also contributes a very markedly greater proportion to the gross national product than the average recorded in the other regions of the Community;

Whereas that amendment of Regulation (EEC) No 777/87 makes it necessary to adapt Regulation (EEC) No 985/68 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 842/88 ⁽⁵⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 777/87, the following is added to point (c):

‘and Northern Ireland’

Article 2

In Article 1 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 985/68, the following subparagraph is added:

‘For the purposes of this paragraph, in the United Kingdom Great Britain and Northern Ireland shall be considered as separate regions.’

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 14 May 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 378, 27. 12. 1989, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 78, 20. 3. 1987, p. 10.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 169, 17. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 87, 31. 3. 1988, p. 4.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1186/90

of 7 May 1990

extending the scope of the Community scale for the classification of carcasses of adult bovine animals

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1208/81 ⁽⁴⁾ determines a Community scale for the classification of carcasses of adult bovine animals; whereas Article 6 of that Regulation limits the application of the scale to the establishment of market prices and the application of intervention measures;

Whereas progress made in the application of the scale and experience gained enable its extension to all carcasses placed on the market to be contemplated; whereas, to that end, provision should be made for those products to be classified by approved slaughterhouses, which alone may market the latter throughout the Community in accordance with Council Directive 64/433/EEC of 26 June 1964 on health problems affecting intra-community trade in fresh meat ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Directive 88/657/EEC ⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas the natural or legal person who has the slaughtering carried out should be informed of the result of the classification of the animals delivered for slaughter; whereas such a classification on the one hand permits the price to be justified and, on the other hand, is likely to lead to an improvement in quality and better upgrading of production,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January 1991, slaughterhouses approved under Article 8 of Directive 64/433/EEC shall be obliged to take measures to ensure that by 1 January 1992 at the

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 55.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 123, 7. 5. 1981, p. 3.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 121, 29. 7. 1964, p. 2012/64.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 382, 31. 12. 1988, p. 3.

latest all carcasses or half-carcasses from animals slaughtered in slaughterhouses approved under Article 8 of Directive 64/433/EEC and bearing a health mark as provided for in Article 3 of that Directive are classified and identified in accordance with the Community scale for the classification of carcasses of adult bovine animals introduced by Regulation (EEC) No 1208/81.

2. From the date on which the provisions of paragraph 1 are implemented, the results of the classification carried out in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1208/81 shall be communicated in writing to the natural or legal person who has the slaughtering carried out.

Article 2

In accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 27 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 571/89 ⁽⁸⁾, the Commission shall adopt the arrangements for implementing this Regulation and in particular those relating to:

- (a) the system of identification referred to in Article 1 (1);
- (b) any derogations:
 - referred to in Article 5 of Directive 88/409/EEC ⁽⁹⁾ for slaughterhouses wishing to restrict their production to the local market,
 - which may be granted to Member States which so request for slaughterhouses in which few bovine animals are slaughtered.

Article 3

The Member States shall take all the measures necessary to ensure that the provisions of this Regulation are applied and to penalize any infringements.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1991.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 61, 4. 3. 1989, p. 43.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 194, 22. 7. 1988, p. 28.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1187/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1357/80 introducing a system of premiums for maintaining suckler cows

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1357/80 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 573/89 ⁽⁵⁾, eligibility for the premium for maintaining suckler cows excludes any milk production other than for sale on the farm;

Whereas such dual activity is necessary for small producers keeping a dairy herd and a suckler herd on their holdings to obtain sufficient income; whereas they should accordingly qualify under the premium arrangements, while limiting the number of eligible cows;

Whereas the presence of two different herds on the same holding is likely to make checks on eligible cows more difficult; whereas, in order to facilitate such checks, provision should be made for suckler cows to bear a separate form of identification; whereas, in addition, provision should be made for additional detailed rules on controls to be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 27 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 571/89 ⁽⁷⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1357/80 is hereby amended as follows:

1. The following subparagraph is added to Article 1:

'According to the procedure provided for in Article 27 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68, Member States may, for

administrative reasons, be authorized to provide that applications relate to a minimum number of suckler cows.'

2. In the first subparagraph of Article 2 (2), 'for which the premium was granted' is replaced by 'for which the premium was requested'.

3. The following Article is inserted:

'Article 2a

1. By way of derogation from Article 2, milk producers whose actual available individual reference quantity as referred to in Article 5c of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 ^(*), less quantities withdrawn pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 775/87 ^(**), is less than, or equal to, 60 000 kilograms for the 12-month period during which the premium application is lodged may qualify for the premium for their suckler herds. In this case, the premium shall be limited to 10 animals per application and per holding.

Checks to ascertain whether cows belong to a suckler herd or to a dairy herd shall be carried out, in particular, on the basis of the reference quantity of the producer qualifying referred to above and of an average milk yield to be determined according to the procedure provided for in Article 6.

2. In these cases, the premium shall be granted subject to an undertaking by recipients to keep on their holdings for a minimum of six months from the day on which the application is lodged a number of suckler cows or replacement in-calf heifers at least equal to that for which the premium has been requested. In addition, animals which are the subject of an application for a premium on the basis of this Article must bear a separate identification which must be recorded in a special register kept by the farmer and on the premium application.

^(*) OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

^(**) OJ No L 78, 20. 3. 1987, p. 5.'

4. In Article 5 (4), 'referred to in Article 2 (2)' is replaced by 'referred to in Articles 2 (2) and 2a (2)'.
5. In Article 5 (4), 'the holder of which delivers neither milk nor milk products' in the first subparagraph and 'the holder of which delivers neither milk nor milk products' in the third subparagraph are deleted.

6. Article 6 is replaced by the following:

'Article 6

The following in particular shall be laid down in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 27 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 56.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 140, 5. 6. 1980, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 63, 7. 3. 1989, p. 3.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 61, 4. 3. 1989, p. 43.

- (a) the time limits for lodging applications for the premium;
- (b) the provisions for payment of premiums;
- (c) the average milk yield referred to in Article 2a (1);
- (d) the detailed rules for checking the number of suckler cows declared and observance of the undertaking referred to in Articles 2 and 2a;
- (e) the additional detailed rules for checking the application of the provisions of Article 2a;
- (f) the exceptional circumstances under which the undertaking referred to in Articles 2 and 2a may be waived;
- (g) the other detailed rules for the application of this Regulation.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply to applications lodged from 15 June 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1188/90

of 7 May 1990

fixing the guide price and the intervention price for adult bovine animals for the 1990/91 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 571/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas, when the guide price for adult bovine animals is fixed, account should be taken both of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community wishes to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the common agricultural policy aims *inter alia* at ensuring a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, at guaranteeing the availability of supplies and at ensuring that supplies reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the guide price must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68;

Whereas, in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 805/68, the Community scale for the classification of carcasses of adult bovine animals, established under Regulation (EEC)

No 1208/81 ⁽⁶⁾, is applicable for buying in; whereas it is therefore appropriate to fix the intervention price per 100 kilograms carcass weight for the categories of animal eligible for intervention by referring to a reference quality defined in accordance with the said scale; whereas, in addition, since these are increasingly comparable in terms of their trade value, a single intervention price should be fixed for the said categories of animal and it should be maintained at the level laid down for the previous marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1990/91 marketing year, the guide price for adult bovine animals shall be ECU 200 per 100 kilograms liveweight.

Article 2

For the 1990/91 marketing year, the intervention price shall be ECU 344 per 100 kilograms carcass weight for the carcasses of male animals of Class R3 of the Community scale for the classification of adult bovine animals laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 1208/81.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from the beginning of the 1990/91 marketing year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council:

The President

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 61, 4. 3. 1989, p. 43.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 58.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 123, 7. 5. 1981, p. 3.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1189/90

of 7 May 1990

fixing, for the 1990/91 marketing year, the activating threshold price for aid, the guide price and the minimum price for peas, field beans and sweet lupins

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 of 18 May 1982 laying down special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1104/88 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (1) and (5) and Article 3 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 provides that a price activating the aid for peas, field beans and sweet lupins must be fixed for soya cake at a level which, while ensuring a fair income for producers, enables peas, field beans and sweet lupins to compete normally with soya cake for use in animal feed;

Whereas this activating price for aid for peas, field beans and sweet lupins must relate to a standard quality of soya cake which is representative of the average quality sold on the Community market;

Whereas Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 provides that the guide price for peas and field beans for human consumption must be fixed at a level which is fair to producers, taking account of the Community's supply requirements; whereas this price must be for a standard quality;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 provides for the fixing of a minimum price which, allowing for market fluctuations and for the cost of transport of the products from producer to processor, enables producers to obtain a fair return,

Article 1

1. For the 1990/91 marketing year, the activating threshold price for aid, as referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82, shall be:

- ECU 44,76 per 100 kilograms for peas and field beans,
- ECU 43,05 per 100 kilograms for sweet lupins.

2. The price referred to in paragraph 1 shall relate to soya cake having:

- a total crude protein content of 44 %,
- a moisture content of 11 %.

Article 2

1. For the 1990/91 marketing year the guide price, as referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82, shall be ECU 29,52 per 100 kilograms for peas and field beans.

2. The price referred to in paragraph 1 shall relate to products in bulk, of sound and fair merchantable quality, with 2 % impurities and, for the product as such, 14 % moisture content.

Article 3

1. For the 1990/91 marketing year, the minimum buying-in price shall be:

- ECU 25,77 per 100 kilograms for peas,
- ECU 23,87 per 100 kilograms for field beans,
- ECU 28,90 per 100 kilograms for sweet lupins.

2. The price referred to in paragraph 1 shall relate to products in bulk, of sound and fair merchantable quality, with 2 % impurities and, for the product as such, 14 % moisture content.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 July 1990.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 110, 29. 4. 1988, p. 16.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 40.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1190/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2036/82 adopting general rules concerning special measures
for peas, field beans and sweet lupins

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Article 1

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 of
18 May 1982 laying down special measures for peas, field
beans and sweet lupins ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 1104/88 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 (5)
thereof,

Article 11 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2036/82 is hereby
replaced by:

'1. Aid shall be fixed for peas, field beans and sweet
lupins of the standard quality.'

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Article 2

Whereas Article 11 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2036/82 ⁽⁴⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1789/89 ⁽⁵⁾,
unnecessarily repeats the definition of the standard quality
established annually by the Council on the basis of Article 2
(5) of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82; whereas, for reasons
of simplicity and clarity, such a repetition should be avoided
in the future,

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 July 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 110, 29. 4. 1988, p. 16.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 42.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 219, 28. 7. 1982, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 176, 23. 6. 1989, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1191/90

of 7 May 1990

fixing, for the 1990/91 marketing year, the monthly increases in the activating threshold price,
the guide price and the minimum price for peas and field beans

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Article 1

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 of 18 May 1982 laying down special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1104/88 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2a thereof,

1. For the 1990/91 marketing year, the amount of the monthly increases in the guide price and the minimum price for peas and field beans shall be fixed at ECU 0,158 per 100 kilograms.

2. The increases referred to in paragraph 1 shall be applied in accordance with the table in the Annex hereto.

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Article 2

Whereas, under Article 2a of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82, the amounts by which the activating threshold price, the guide price and the minimum price for peas and field beans respectively are increased each month as from the beginning of the third month of the marketing year should be fixed and the number of months during which these increases are applied should be determined for the 1990/91 marketing year;

1. For the 1990/91 marketing year, the amount of the monthly increases in the activating threshold price for peas and field beans shall be fixed at ECU 0,35 per 100 kilograms.

2. The increases referred to in paragraph 1 shall be applied in accordance with the table in the Annex hereto.

Article 3

Whereas these increases, equal for each of the months, must be fixed bearing in mind the average storage costs and the level of interest rates recorded in the Community; whereas the average storage costs should be established on the basis of the cost of warehousing in appropriate premises and the handling costs necessary for proper preservation; whereas interest may be calculated on the basis of the rate considered as normal for the regions of production,

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 July 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 110, 29. 4. 1988, p. 16.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 43.

ANNEX

(ECU/100 kg)

Month	July 1990	August 1990	September 1990	October 1990	November 1990	December 1990	January 1991	February 1991	March 1991	April 1991	May 1991	June 1991
Monthly increase applicable to the target price and the minimum price	0	0	0,158	0,316	0,474	0,632	0,790	0,948	1,106	1,264	1,264	1,264
Monthly increase applicable to the activating threshold price	0	0	0,350	0,700	1,050	1,400	1,750	2,100	2,450	2,800	2,800	2,800

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1192/90

of 7 May 1990

fixing the guide price for dried fodder for the 1990/91 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 89 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 of 22 May 1978 on the common organization of the market in dried fodder ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2275/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 4 (1) and 5 (2) thereof,Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas, under Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78, a guide price must be set for certain dried fodder products at a level which is fair to producers; whereas this price must be set for a standard quality representative of the average quality of dried fodder produced in the Community;

Whereas, under Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78, the aid provided for in paragraph 1 of that Article must be equal to a percentage of the difference between the guide price and the average world market price for the products in question; whereas, in view of the characteristics of the market in question, the percentage should be set at 100 %;

Whereas, under Article 68 of the Act of Accession, prices in Spain have been set at levels differing from that of the common prices; whereas pursuant to Article 70 (1) of the Act of Accession, the Spanish prices should be aligned with the common prices at the beginning of each marketing year;

whereas the criteria laid down for alignment lead to the Spanish prices being fixed at the levels mentioned hereinafter,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1990/91 marketing year, the guide price for the products referred to in the first and third indents of Article 1 (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 shall be fixed:

- (a) at ECU 170,09 per tonne for Spain;
- (b) at ECU 178,92 per tonne for the other Member States.

This price refers to a product with:

- a moisture content of 11 %,
- a total gross protein content of 18 % of the dry weight.

Article 2

For the 1990/91 marketing year, the percentage to be used to calculate the aid referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 shall be 100 % for the products referred to in Article 1 (b), first and third indents, and (c) of that Regulation.

*Article 3*This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 14 May 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 1.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 218, 28. 7. 1989, p. 1.⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 46.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1193/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas provision should be made for a simpler procedure for drawing up the list of products which are to be the subject of common quality standards;

Whereas Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1119/89 ⁽⁵⁾, lays down provisions regarding producers' organizations;

Whereas, with a view to making up for the shortcomings of the market for citrus fruit observed in certain regions of production in the Community, further conditions on the recognition of citrus producers' organizations should be laid down; whereas those conditions are likely to ensure that such organizations contribute, in particular by improving their efficiency, towards re-establishing balance between production and demand on the market; whereas, to that end, those conditions must include in particular total concentration of supply and adequate regulation of production and of placing on the market and the necessary provisions to ensure that such organizations provide proof of sufficient economic activity; whereas, with a view to that objective, such organizations must be required to incorporate in their rules of association precise clauses guaranteeing producers control of decisions and the operation of the organization and clauses penalizing infringements of the rules laid down; whereas recognized producers' organizations should be given a period to adapt to the new provisions; whereas it should therefore be specified that the Member States should verify compliance of the producers' organizations with the overall provisions applicable to them;

Whereas experience has shown that citrus fruit withdrawn from the market is normally not disposed of in accordance with the facilities provided for in Article 21 of Regulation

(EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the citrus fruit harvest is staggered over the marketing year; whereas provision should be made for a structure to enable producers' organizations to plan, rationalize and check withdrawal operations where the production and market situations so require and to improve the conditions under which recourse is had to the possibilities of free disposal;

Whereas Article 15a (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that preventive withdrawals of apples and pears may be authorized under certain conditions; whereas paragraphs 3 and 4 of that Article provide that those arrangements are to apply until 30 June 1990; whereas the Commission will forward to the Council before that date a report on the way those arrangements function; whereas such a report has been drawn up; whereas it shows that the arrangements have beneficial effects on the marketing years for the products concerned; whereas those arrangements should therefore be made permanent;

Whereas, pursuant to Articles 16 (4), 18 (1) and 19 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, the prices at which products are bought in under Articles 19 and 19a and the financial compensation paid under Article 18 of that Regulation are to be calculated on the basis of the buying-in price multiplied by conversion factors;

Whereas producers must be encouraged to deliver their surplus products for processing;

Whereas the differences in upgrading of the product as a result of the application of the conversion factors were established for the needs of the market for products consumed fresh and are not relevant for processing;

Whereas there should no longer be varying withdrawal prices for lemons according to size or form of packaging and provision should be made for the withdrawal price of such products to be that of products of mixed sizings, in bulk in a means of transport;

Whereas withdrawals of citrus fruit in certain regions and in particular of mandarins and lemons have already attained a very high percentage of the marketable production of the members of certain producers' organizations; whereas the withdrawal system is only an exceptional instrument for monitoring the market and does not in itself constitute a method of disposal; whereas the financial compensation paid in respect of such withdrawals should be limited where it appears that a producers' organization has not fulfilled its basic objective of marketing the production of its members; whereas such a measure should be applied progressively in order to permit producers' organizations experiencing operating problems to adapt to it;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 62.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 12.

Whereas Article 21 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that certain classes of blood oranges, withdrawn from the market under Articles 15b and 18 thereof or bought in in accordance with Articles 19 and 19a thereof, may be disposed of to the processing industry under certain conditions; whereas that possibility has not been made use of since the 1979/80 marketing year; whereas the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 2601/69 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1123/89 ⁽²⁾, are better suited to encouraging the processing of such blood oranges; whereas the former provision should be amended;

Whereas, in order to improve the conditions under which recourse is had to possibilities of free disposal provided for in Article 21 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, on the one hand provision should be made for the possibility of the Community's defraying the costs of sorting and packaging the products in question and on the other hand the Member States should be encouraged to organize contacts between producers' organizations and establishments or charitable organizations; whereas in view of the characteristics of the harvest and of marketing and of the level of withdrawals of apples and citrus fruit, those provisions should apply only to those products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Title I of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 is hereby amended as follows:

1. The first subparagraph of Article 2 (2) of Title I of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 is replaced by the following:

'The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall decide to which products quality standards shall be applied.'

Article 2

Title II of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 is hereby amended as follows:

1. The following Articles are inserted:

'Article 13a

1. Notwithstanding Article 13, producers' organizations whose main economic activity relates to the production and marketing of citrus fruit, hereinafter referred to as "citrus fruit producers' organizations", must meet the following conditions:

- (a) they must provide evidence that they have a minimum quantity of marketable production and have as members a minimum number of producers;
- (b) their articles of association must include provisions:
 - requiring producers to have their whole citrus fruit production placed on the market by the producers' organizations,
 - ensuring producers control of the producers' organization and of its decisions,
 - penalizing any infringement by member producers of the rules laid down by the producers' organizations,
 - requiring members to pay contributions in particular for the establishment and maintenance of the intervention fund referred to in the last subparagraph of Article 15 (1),
 - concerning the admission of new members;

- (c) they must lay down rules on recording production, rules on production and rules on marketing;
- (d) they must keep specific accounts for their activities involving citrus fruit.

2. Citrus fruit producers' organizations recognized by the Member States at 1 June 1990 must meet the conditions laid down in paragraph 1 by 1 June 1993 at the latest.'

'Article 13b

1. Member States shall check compliance by citrus fruit producers' organizations with the obligations laid down in Articles 13 and 13a and shall withdraw recognition where these are not complied with.

2. By means of checks on documents and on-the-spot checks, the Commission may ensure that the provisions of Articles 13 and 13a are complied with.

3. Detailed rules for the application of Articles 13 and 13a shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33.'

2. The following paragraphs shall be added to Article 15:

'4. Citrus fruit withdrawal centres may be set up at the instigation of and managed by one or more citrus fruit producers' organizations with a view to:

- centralizing, rationalizing and checking technical and administrative operations connected with withdrawals,
- facilitating and planning the disposal of withdrawn products for the purposes laid down in Article 21.

The competent national authorities shall be notified forthwith of the establishment of withdrawal centres. The Member State concerned shall forward to the Commission before the beginning of each marketing year a list of withdrawal centres and relevant information on the way they operate.

5. The Commission shall adopt, as and when required, detailed rules for the application of this Article in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33.'

3. Article 15a (3) and (4) are deleted.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 324, 27. 12. 1969, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 25.

Article 3

Title III of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 is hereby amended as follows:

1. The following subparagraph is inserted after the third subparagraph of Article 16 (4):

‘As regards lemons:

- the factor defined for “mixed sizings” shall be applied whatever the size,
- the factor defined for products “in bulk in a means of transport” shall be applied whatever the form of packaging.’

2. The following paragraph is inserted in Article 18:

‘3a. In the case of citrus fruit, the financial compensation shall be paid to each producers’ organization in respect only of withdrawn quantities not exceeding the following percentages of marketed production, including withdrawals:

- 70 % for the 1990/91 marketing year,
- 65 % for the 1991/92 marketing year,
- 60 % for the 1992/93 marketing year,
- 50 % for the 1993/94 marketing year,
- 40 % from the 1994/95 marketing year.’

3. The following Article is inserted:

‘Article 19c

1. Producers producing citrus fruit on Community territory shall declare the quantities of citrus fruit harvested on their holdings for each marketing year.

2. Detailed rules for the application of this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33.’

4. In Article 21 (1), point (c) of the first and second subparagraph is replaced by the following:

‘(c) in addition, for all products referred to in this paragraph, it may be decided in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33 to dispose of certain categories of such products to the processing industry on condition that there is no resulting distortion of competition for the industries concerned within the Community;’.

5. The following subparagraph is inserted after the first subparagraph of Article 21 (3):

‘Member States shall organize contacts between producers’ organizations and establishments or charitable organizations which may be interested in using citrus fruit and apples withdrawn from the market within those States’ territory with a view to one of the forms of free distribution referred to in paragraph 1 (a)’.

6. The following paragraph 3a is inserted in Article 21:

‘3a. The Commission shall defray, under conditions to be determined in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 729/70, the costs of sorting and packaging connected with the free distribution of apples and citrus fruit where the latter is staggered under contractual agreements concluded between producers’ organizations and establishments or charitable organizations as referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1194/90

of 7 May 1990

fixing certain prices and other amounts applicable in the fruit and vegetables sector for the 1990/91 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 89 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1193/90 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (1) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 of 9 December 1969 laying down special measures for improving the production and marketing of Community citrus fruit ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1130/89 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 7 (2) thereof,Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽⁵⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁶⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁷⁾,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, a basic price and a buying-in price are to be fixed for each marketing year for each of the products listed in Annex II to the said Regulation; whereas, in accordance with Article 1 (3) of the above Regulation, the marketing years for the products in question are as follows:

- for cauliflowers, from 1 May to 30 April,
- for tomatoes, from 1 January to 31 December,
- for peaches and nectarines, from 1 May to 31 October,
- for lemons, from 1 June to 31 May,
- for pears, from 1 June to 31 May,
- for table grapes, from 1 May to 30 April,

— for apples, from 1 July to 30 June,

— for mandarins, satsumas and clementines, from 1 October to 15 May,

— for oranges, from 1 October to 15 July,

— for aubergines, from 1 January to 31 December,

— for apricots, from 1 May to 31 August;

Whereas, however, pursuant to the third subparagraph of Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, no basic price or buying-in price need be fixed for the slack marketing periods at the beginning and at the end of the marketing year;

Whereas, when the basic prices and buying-in prices for fruit and vegetables are fixed, account has to be taken of the aims of the common agricultural policy and the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are, in particular, to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to assure the availability of supplies and to ensure that supplies reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the basic prices must be fixed by reference to the trend in the average prices recorded during the three preceding years on the most representative producer markets within the Community for a product with defined commercial characteristics, such as a variety or type, quality class, size and packaging; whereas the buying-in prices must be fixed by reference to the basic price in accordance with Article 16 (3) of Regulation (EEC) 1035/72;

Whereas, as far as oranges and mandarines are concerned the abovementioned requirements, together with the need to accord better utilization of the fruit that finds no outlet on the market for fresh products justify a reduction in prices;

Whereas Article 148 (1) of the Act of Accession results in a price level in Spain differing from that of the common prices; whereas, pursuant to Article 149 of the Act of Accession, the Spanish prices should be aligned more closely on the common prices each year at the beginning of each marketing year; whereas the criteria laid down for this alignment give the Spanish prices fixed at the levels set out below;

Whereas the Portuguese Republic, during the first stage, is authorized to maintain, with respect to fruit and vegetables, the national arrangements previously in force for the organization of its domestic agricultural market, subject to the conditions laid down in Articles 262 to 265 of the Act of Accession; whereas the prices and amounts fixed by this Regulation are therefore applicable only in the Community excluding Portugal;

(1) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

(2) See page 43 of this Official Journal.

(3) OJ No L 318, 18. 12. 1969, p. 1.

(4) OJ No L 119, 19. 4. 1989, p. 22.

(5) OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 65.

(6) OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

(7) OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

Whereas, pursuant to Article 285 (1) (a) of the Act of Accession, prices applicable in Portugal from 1 January 1991 to the end of the 1990/91 marketing year are to be fixed in accordance with the rules provided for under the common organization of the market;

Whereas the amount of the financial compensation for oranges and mandarins must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 7 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69,

which they apply and the standard qualities to which they relate shall be as set out in Annex I.

Article 2

For the 1990/91 marketing year, the financial compensation for oranges and mandarins shall be as set out in Annex II.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 3

Article 1

For the 1990/91 marketing year, the basic prices and the buying-in prices for fruit and vegetables, the periods during

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

ANNEX I

BASIC PRICES AND BUYING-IN PRICES

CAULIFLOWERS

For the period from 14 May 1990 to 30 April 1991

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
May (from 14 to 31)	30,96	24,43	13,47	10,62
June	24,97	19,92	10,82	8,63
July	22,18	17,82	9,55	7,67
August	22,18	17,82	9,55	7,67
September	23,95	19,15	10,19	8,15
October	24,84	19,82	10,56	8,43
November	29,87	23,61	12,92	10,21
December	29,87	23,61	12,92	10,21
January	29,87	23,61	12,92	10,21
February	27,87	22,11	12,02	9,53
March	29,31	23,19	12,56	9,94
April	29,67	23,46	12,92	10,21

These prices refer to packed 'trimmed' cauliflowers of quality class I.

TOMATOES

For the period from 11 June to 30 November 1990

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
June (from 11 to 20)	28,45	15,46	10,82	5,88
(from 21 to 30)	25,91	14,27	10,06	5,53
July	23,38	13,10	8,68	4,88
August	20,97	11,97	7,79	4,47
September	22,24	12,56	8,29	4,70
October	23,57	13,18	8,69	4,89
November	28,32	15,40	11,34	6,12

These prices refer to packed 'round' and 'ribbed' tomatoes of quality class I, size 57/67 mm.

AUBERGINES

For the period from 1 July to 31 October 1990

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
July to October	17,77	9,10	7,12	3,65

These prices refer to the following packed products:

- elongated aubergines of quality class I, size over 40 mm,
- globus aubergines of quality class I, size over 70 mm.

PEACHES

For the period from 1 June to 30 September 1990

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
June	45,38	43,18	25,21	23,99
July to September	42,99	41,03	24,08	22,98

These prices refer to packed peaches of the Amsden, Cardinal, Charles Ingouf, Dixired, Jeronimo, J. H. Hale, Merrill Gemfree, Michelini, Red Haven, San Lorenzo, Springcrest and Springtime varieties of quality class I, size 61/67 mm.

NECTARINES

For the period from 1 June to 31 August 1990

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
June	59,17	59,17	28,40	28,40
July and August	54,79	54,79	26,30	26,30

These prices refer to packed nectarines of the Armking, Crimsongold, Early sun grand, Fantasia, Independence, May Grand, Nectared, Snow Queen and Stark red gold varieties of quality class I, size 61/67 mm.

APRICOTS

For the period from 1 June to 31 July 1990

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
June and July	41,75	28,93	23,78	16,48

These prices refer to packed products of quality class I, size over 30 mm.

LEMONS

For the period from 1 June 1990 to 31 May 1991

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
June	42,54	27,26	24,99	16,03
July	43,55	27,83	25,62	16,39
August	43,12	27,59	25,49	16,32
September	38,74	25,12	24,09	15,53
October	36,57	23,89	23,77	15,38
November	35,56	23,32	20,79	13,66
December	34,93	22,96	20,54	13,52
January	35,94	23,53	21,05	13,81
February	34,68	22,82	20,42	13,45
March	36,07	23,61	21,05	13,81
April	37,72	24,54	22,06	14,38
May	38,60	25,04	22,57	14,67

These prices refer to packed lemons of quality class I, size 53/62 mm.

PEARS

(other than perry pears)

For the period from 1 July 1990 to 30 April 1991

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
July	28,67	20,01	14,75	10,31
August	26,77	18,79	14,36	10,06
September	25,62	18,05	13,74	9,67
October	26,64	18,71	13,74	9,67
November	27,03	18,96	13,99	9,83
December	27,40	19,19	14,36	10,06
January to April	27,65	19,35	14,62	10,23

These prices refer to the following packed products:

- pears of the Beurré Hardy, Bon Chrétien Williams, Conférence, Coscia (Ercolini), Crystallis (Beurré Napoléon, Blanquilla, Tsakonika) and Dr Jules Guyot (Limonera) varieties, quality class I, size over 60 mm,
- pears of the Empereur Alexandre (Kaiser Alexandre Bosc) variety, quality class I, size over 70 mm.

TABLE GRAPES

For the period from 1 August to 20 November 1990

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
August	36,31	36,31	23,35	23,35
September, October and November (from 1 to 20)	32,51	32,51	19,92	19,92

These prices refer to packed table grapes of the Regina dei Vigneti, Sultanine, Regina (Mennavacca bianca, Rosaki, Dattier de Beyrouth), Italia, Aledo and Ohanes (Almeria) varieties, quality class I.

APPLES

(other than cider apples)

For the period from 1 August 1990 to 31 May 1991

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
August	26,51	19,06	13,51	9,72
September	26,51	19,06	13,51	9,72
October	26,51	19,06	13,63	9,80
November	27,22	19,53	14,06	10,08
December	29,61	21,09	15,17	10,81
January to May	32,01	22,67	16,27	11,53

These prices refer to the following packed products:

- apples of the Reine des reinettes and Verde Doncella varieties, quality class I, size over 65 mm,
- apples of the Delicious Pilafa, Golden Delicious, James Grieve, Red Delicious, Reinette grise du Canada and Starking Delicious varieties, quality class I, size over 70 mm.

MANDARINS

For the period from 16 November 1990 to 28 February 1991

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
16 to 30 November	37,01	28,46	23,68	18,18
December	36,63	28,22	23,17	17,85
January	36,13	27,90	22,41	17,36
February	34,47	26,84	21,90	17,04

These prices refer to packed mandarins of quality class I, size 54/69 mm.

SATSUMAS

For the period from 16 October 1990 to 15 January 1991

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
16 to 31 October	28,77	28,77	13,73	13,73
November	25,53	25,53	11,49	11,49
December	27,69	27,69	12,46	12,46
1 to 15 January	26,61	26,61	12,10	12,10

These prices refer to packed satsumas Unshiu (owari) of quality class I, size 54/69 mm.

CLEMENTINES

For the period from 1 December 1990 to 15 February 1991

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
December	33,91	33,91	18,67	18,67
January	31,72	31,72	17,46	17,46
1 to 15 February	36,48	36,48	18,21	18,21

These prices refer to packed clementines (*citrus reticulata*, Blanco) of quality class I, size 43/60 mm.

SWEET ORANGES

For the period from 1 December 1990 to 31 May 1991

(ECU/100 kg net)

	Basic price		Buying-in price	
	Community of Ten	Spain	Community of Ten	Spain
December	34,51	31,47	21,82	19,89
January	30,96	28,59	20,05	18,46
February	31,58	29,10	20,53	18,87
March	33,49	30,65	20,81	19,07
April and May	34,12	31,15	21,06	19,28

These prices refer to packed oranges of the Moro, Navel, Navellina, Salustiana, Sanguinello and Valencia late of quality class I, size 67/80 mm.

NB: The prices given in this Annex do not include the cost of the packaging in which the product is presented.

*ANNEX II***FINANCIAL COMPENSATION FOR THE 1990/1991 MARKETING YEAR**

ECU 11,54 per 100 kilograms net for oranges of the Moro, Tarocco, Ovale Calabrese, Belladonna, Navel and Valencia late varieties,

ECU 9,90 per 100 kilograms net for oranges of the Sanguinello variety,

ECU 6,52 per 100 kilograms net for oranges of the Sanguigno and Biondo comune varieties,

ECU 9,71 per 100 kilograms net for mandarins.

NB: Financial compensation is granted only for products of quality classes Extra and I.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1195/90

of 7 May 1990

on measures to increase the consumption and utilization of apples

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the consumption of apples in the Community is stagnating; whereas, moreover, surpluses of apples are withdrawn from the market each year; whereas there are possibilities for increasing quantities consumed, in particular by bringing production closer into line with consumer tastes; whereas, moreover, fruit and vegetables are healthy products the consumption of which should be encouraged as part of a health policy;

Whereas possibilities of increasing consumption of products sold fresh and of products prepared from apples must be developed;

Whereas the producer organizations have a special role to play in the implementation of measures to achieve that development;

Whereas provision should be made for specific measures to increase the consumption of fresh apples and for the development and diversification of processed products to be encouraged by a financial contribution from the Community to the measures implemented;

Whereas the aim of the measures provided for is to achieve the objectives laid down in Article 39 of the Treaty; whereas provision should be made for a Community financial contribution towards the implementation of those measures from the Guarantee Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Community shall make a contribution of up to 60 % towards the financing of measures to encourage an increase

in the consumption of fresh apples harvested in the Community, including research into varietal diversification, presented and conducted by representative groups involving various branches of activity of the sector. The representative nature of the groups shall be evaluated on the basis of the aim pursued.

Article 2

1. The Community shall make a contribution of up to 50 % towards the financing of measures undertaken in the framework of programmes with the objective of increasing the disposal of products processed from apples harvested in the Community.

Such programmes shall be drawn up and implemented jointly by one or more producer organizations and one or more apple processors. The measures may also cover chilled products prepared for direct consumption.

2. The Community contribution referred to in paragraph 1 shall amount to 60 % where the implementation of a programme includes the conclusion of delivery contracts between producer organizations and processors.

Article 3

The measures provided for in Articles 1 and 2 must not relate to trade marks and must not refer to any Member State.

Article 4

The contribution towards the financing of the measures provided for in Articles 1 and 2 shall be deemed intervention intended to stabilize the agricultural markets within the meaning of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of the Council of 21 April 1970 on the financing of the common agricultural policy ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2048/88 ⁽⁵⁾. It shall be financed by the EAGGF Guarantee Section.

Article 5

The measures provided for in Articles 1 and 2 shall be defined and the detailed rules for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 72.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 185, 15. 7. 1988, p. 1.

procedure laid down in Article 33 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of the Council of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1193/90⁽²⁾.

Article 6

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 43 of this Journal.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1196/90

of 7 May 1990

on the stabilization of the Community production of mandarins

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 234 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas a feature of the Community market for mandarins is imbalance between supply and demand; whereas that situation stems from falling demand for the product from consumers;

Whereas market stabilization measures alone are not likely to remedy such difficulties; whereas action should also be taken in respect of the production potential in order to take account of the fact that consumers are turning away from the product, such action needing to be taken for a period of three marketing years;

Whereas, in order to help achieve that end, producers should be encouraged to refrain from producing mandarins; whereas, to that end, provision should be made for a premium, to be paid once only, to be granted to producers who undertake to grub up their mandarin orchard and not to replant mandarin trees; whereas this obligation should be varied depending upon the area of the holdings;

Whereas the premium must be determined taking account of both the cost of grubbing-up and the loss of income;

Whereas the aim of the grubbing-up premium is to achieve the objectives laid down in Article 39 of the Treaty; whereas provision should be made for Community financing of this measure by the Guarantee Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund,

Whereas this action should be implemented in Portugal as from the beginning of the 1990/91 marketing year,

Article 1

During the 1990/91, 1991/92 and 1992/93 marketing years, Community mandarin producers shall qualify, on application and under the conditions laid down in this Regulation, for a premium, to be granted once only, for the grubbing-up of mandarin trees.

Article 2

The premium shall be granted subject to an undertaking in writing from the recipient:

- (a) to grub up or have grubbed up, at one time, before 1 April of a given year:
 - all the mandarin trees on his holding if the latter's mandarin grove covers less than 10 hectares,
 - at least half the mandarin trees on his holding if the latter's mandarin grove covers 10 hectares or more;
- (b) to refrain from planting any mandarin trees.

Article 3

The premium shall be fixed account being taken in particular of grubbing-up costs and the loss of income to producers carrying out grubbing-up operations.

Article 4

The Member States shall check whether recipients of the premium have fulfilled the undertakings laid down in Article 2. They shall take any further measures in particular to ensure compliance with the provisions of the premium scheme. They shall inform the Commission of the measures taken.

Article 5

The measures provided for in this Regulation shall be deemed intervention intended to stabilize the agricultural markets within the meaning of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of the Council of 21 April 1970 on the financing

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 74.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

of the common agricultural policy ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2048/88 ⁽²⁾. They shall be financed by the EAGGF Guarantee Section.

Article 6

The premium shall be determined and the detailed rules for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of the Council of 18 May

1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽³⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1193/90 ⁽⁴⁾.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply in Portugal as from its entry into force.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 185, 15. 7. 1988, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ See page 43 of this Official Journal.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1197/90

of 7 May 1990

laying down specific measures for the application of certain intervention thresholds in the fruit and vegetables sector for the 1990/91 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 234 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Articles 16 (3a), 16a and 16b of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of the Council of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1193/90 ⁽⁵⁾, introduce mechanisms for intervention thresholds; whereas, as regards Portugal, the switchover to the second stage of accession in the fruit and vegetables sector takes place on 1 January 1991, i.e. during the 1990/91 marketing year for many products in the sector in question; whereas specific detailed rules should therefore be adopted for the application of the abovementioned mechanisms;

Whereas such specific detailed rules consist in fixing thresholds for the Community with the exception of Portugal on the one hand and for Portugal on the other hand until 31 December 1990, and then thresholds for the Community as a whole for the period from 1 January 1991 to the end of the marketing years of the products in question;

Whereas those thresholds should be fixed in accordance with the calculation methods already introduced, as the case may be, by Article 16a of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, by Regulation (EEC) No 2240/88 ⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1521/89 ⁽⁷⁾, or by Regulation (EEC) No 1121/89 ⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas, to assess any overrun in the abovementioned thresholds, the latter should be added to the quantities bought in, in view of the incorporation of the Portuguese market from 1 January 1991,

Article 1

For the 1990/91 marketing year and for each product listed in Article 2, the following shall be fixed:

1. for the period from the beginning of the 1990/91 marketing year to 31 December 1990,
 - a threshold for the Community with the exception of Portugal,
 - a threshold for Portugal;
2. for the period from 1 January 1991 to the end of the 1990/91 marketing year, a threshold for the Community.

Article 2

1. As regards the following products, the thresholds referred to in Article 1 shall be fixed in accordance with the methods of calculation laid down:

- for satsumas, clementines, mandarins and nectarines, in Article 16a of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72,
- for peaches, oranges and lemons, in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2240/88,
- for apples, in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1121/89,
- for cauliflowers, in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1121/89.

2. As regards tomatoes, the thresholds referred to in Article 1 shall be:

- for the Community with the exception of Portugal, 574 500 tonnes,
- for Portugal, 10 % of the average production intended to be consumed fresh in the last five marketing years for which data are available.

Article 3

Where the sum of the quantities of one of the products referred to in Article 2 bought in in Portugal, on the one hand, and in the Community with the exception of Portugal, on the other hand, pursuant to Articles 15, 15a, 15b, 19 and 19a of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 during the 1990/91 marketing year exceeds the sum of the intervention thresholds fixed for that product, for all or part of that

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 76.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ See page 43 of this Official Journal.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 198, 26. 7. 1988, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 149, 1. 6. 1989, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 21.

marketing year, the basic and buying-in prices fixed for that product for the 1991/92 marketing year shall be reduced by 1 % for every:

- 3 100 tonnes for satsumas,
- 8 100 tonnes for clementines,
- 3 000 tonnes for mandarins,
- 3 000 tonnes for nectarines,
- 23 000 tonnes for peaches,
- 37 700 tonnes for oranges,
- 11 200 tonnes for lemons,
- 79 600 tonnes for apples,

- 18 700 tonnes for cauliflowers,
 - 30 800 tonnes for tomatoes,
- by which the intervention threshold is exceeded.

Article 4

The provisions for applying this Regulation and in particular the thresholds shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 33 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1198/90

of 7 May 1990

establishing a Community register of citrus cultivation

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 234 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas, with a view to laying down better guidelines for production and improving the way the Community withdrawal and control measure system functions, the necessary data regarding Community citrus fruit production potential must be available and accordingly provision should be made for the establishment of a register of citrus cultivation for each Member State producing citrus fruit;

Whereas, for economic and technical reasons, the Member States in which the total area under citrus fruit is very limited should be exempted from the obligation to establish the citrus cultivation register;

Whereas provision should be made for a time limit of five years for the full establishment of the citrus cultivation register; whereas, in view of the need to test the methods to be used, provision should be made for methodological trials to be conducted prior to the establishment of the citrus cultivation register;

Whereas information contained in the citrus cultivation register must be constantly in line with the actual situation of citrus cultivation; whereas, as a consequence, provision should be made for its constant updating and for regular checks on such updating;

Whereas, owing to the information it contains, the citrus cultivation register is a vital management and control instrument; whereas, for that reason, the relevant Community authorities must be able to have access thereto;

Whereas the measures contemplated as a whole are of special Community interest; whereas provision should accordingly be made for the establishment and updating of the citrus cultivation register to be financed in full by the Community;

Whereas, so that the citrus cultivation register is established and managed under the best conditions, the undertakings entrusted with its establishment should be determined by invitation to tender;

Whereas this action should be implemented in Portugal as from the beginning of this marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Member States producing citrus fruit shall, in accordance with this Regulation, establish a register of citrus cultivation to cover all holdings cultivating citrus fruit within their territory.

Member States where the total area under citrus fruit is less than 1 000 hectares shall not be subject to this obligation.

Article 2

The citrus cultivation register shall contain at least the following information in respect of each holding:

- details identifying the holding and its location;
- references to parcels under citrus fruit,
- the main characteristics of citrus plantations.

Article 3

1. The undertaking responsible for establishing the register, for its sound operation and for its constant updating within the territory of a Member State shall be selected by invitation to tender.

The draft notice of invitation to tender shall be forwarded to the Commission. Within one month of such notification, the Commission shall decide on any amendments to be made.

The Commission shall be consulted on the tenderer to whom it is proposed to award the contract; a negative opinion shall be tantamount to a refusal to finance the contract.

2. A trial period of one year prior to the definitive award of the contract to establish the citrus cultivation register

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 78.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

shall be organized to test the methods proposed by the undertaking selected pursuant to paragraph 1.

3. The register shall be established fully within five years from the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

4. In conjunction with the Member State concerned, the Commission shall take steps to ensure that the register is established in each Member State. It may seek the assistance of consultants. The Commission and the Member State concerned shall have access to the register.

Article 4

The measure provided for in this Regulation shall constitute intervention intended to stabilize the agricultural markets within the meaning of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of the Council of 21 April 1970 on the financing of the common agricultural policy ⁽¹⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2048/88 ⁽²⁾. It shall be financed by the Guarantee Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

Article 5

The Council shall, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, adopt the general rules for the application of this Regulation.

Article 6

Detailed rules for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of the Council of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽³⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1193/90 ⁽⁴⁾.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply in Portugal as from its entry into force.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 185, 15. 7. 1988, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ See page 43 of this Official Journal.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1199/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 laying down special measures to encourage the marketing of products processed from lemons and amending the rules for applying the intervention threshold for lemons

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Articles 89 (2) and 234 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1124/89 ⁽⁵⁾, lays down special measures to encourage the marketing of products processed from lemons by means of contracts ensuring regular supplies to the processing industries at a minimum price to be paid to the producer for the raw materials;

Whereas, pursuant to Articles 16 (4), 18 (1) and 19 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽⁶⁾; as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1193/90 ⁽⁷⁾, the withdrawal price for lemons is that of the product in bulk in a means of transport, mixed sizings; whereas the minimum price applying for a marketing year should be calculated on the basis of the average withdrawal price for that marketing year;

Whereas, in order to encourage producers to deliver their products for processing rather than withdrawal, the minimum price should be fixed at 105 % of the average withdrawal price; whereas, however, that adjustment should be made progressively during the two forthcoming marketing years in the Community of Ten and during the three forthcoming marketing years in Spain;

Whereas, in order to ensure that the intervention threshold for lemons is effective, the rules for applying that threshold should be amended to take account of quantities delivered for processing as a result of the amendments introduced by this Regulation in the system of aid for the processing of lemons,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 is hereby replaced by the following:

'3. A minimum price to be paid to producers by processors for deliveries under contracts shall be fixed. That minimum price shall be fixed before the start of each marketing year. It shall be equal to:

- 120 % of the average withdrawal price calculated in accordance with the first indent of Article 18 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 for the 1990/91 marketing year,
- 105 % of the average withdrawal price calculated in accordance with abovementioned Article 18, from the 1991/92 marketing year.'

However, in Spain the minimum price shall be equal to:

- 155 % of the average withdrawal price calculated in accordance with the first indent of Article 18 (1) (a) of Regulation 1035/72 for the 1990/91 marketing year,
- 130 % of the average withdrawal price calculated in accordance with the abovementioned Article 18 for the 1991/92 marketing year,
- 105 % of the average withdrawal price calculated in accordance with the abovementioned Article 18, from the 1992/93 marketing year.

Article 2

Quantities of lemons delivered for processing under Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 shall be added to the

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 80.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 125, 19. 5. 1977, p. 3.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ See page 43 of this Official Journal.

quantities bought in for the purposes of assessing the overrun in the intervention threshold fixed for that product pursuant to Article 16b of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72. To that end, the threshold shall be increased by a quantity equal to the average quantities of lemons delivered for processing during the 1984/85 to 1988/89 marketing years and paid for at a price at least equal to the minimum price.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from the 1990/91 marketing year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7. May 1990.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1200/90

of 7 May 1990

on the improvement of the Community production of apples

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 234 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas a feature of the Community market for apples is a certain mismatch between supply and demand; whereas this situation is causing in particular a fall in prices and major withdrawals;

Whereas market stabilization measures alone are not capable of remedying this imbalance; whereas specific measures should be taken to adapt production potential to present and foreseeable outlets for Community production;

Whereas that objective may be achieved by introducing grubbing-up premiums for a period of three years for producers who undertake to abandon production of apples other than cider apples; whereas, in order to ensure that this grubbing-up measure is effective, only producers with the most productive orchards should qualify for the premium on condition that they undertake in writing not to replant apple trees;

Whereas the premium, to be paid once only, must be determined by taking account of both the cost of grubbing-up and the loss of income;

Whereas the aim of the grubbing-up premium is to achieve the objectives laid down in Article 39 of the Treaty; whereas provision should be made for the measure to be financed by the Guarantee Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund (EAGGF);

Whereas that action shall be implemented in Portugal as from this marketing year,

Article 1

During the 1990/91, 1991/92 and 1992/93 marketing years, apple producers in the Community shall qualify, on application and under the conditions laid down in this Regulation, for a premium, to be paid once only, for the grubbing-up of apple trees other than cider-apple trees.

Article 2

1. The premium shall be granted subject to a written undertaking by the recipient:

- (a) to grub up or have grubbed up, at one time, before 1 April of a given year the whole of his apple orchard;
- (b) to refrain from planting any apple trees.

2. For the purposes of this Regulation, 'apple orchard' means all parcels on the holding under apple trees less than 20 years old with a density of more than 400 trees per hectare.

Article 3

The premium shall be fixed taking account in particular of grubbing-up costs and the loss of income to producers carrying out grubbing-up operations.

Article 4

The Member States shall check whether recipients of the premium have fulfilled the undertakings laid down in Article 2. They shall take any further measures in particular to ensure compliance with the provisions of the premium scheme. They shall inform the Commission of the measures taken.

Article 5

The measures provided for in this Regulation shall be deemed intervention intended to stabilize the agricultural markets within the meaning of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of the Council of 21 April 1970 on the financing

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 82.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

of the common agricultural policy ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2048/88 ⁽²⁾. They shall be financed by the EAGGF Guarantee Section.

Article 6

The premium shall be determined and the detailed rules for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of the Council of 18 May

1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1193/90 ⁽⁴⁾.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply in Portugal as from its entry into force.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 185, 15. 7. 1988, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ See page 43 of this official Journal.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1201/90

of 7 May 1990

on measures to increase the consumption of citrus fruit

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the consumption of citrus fruit within the Community is stagnating; whereas, moreover, surpluses of citrus fruit are withdrawn from the market each year; whereas there are possibilities of increasing quantities consumed, in particular by bringing production closer into line with consumer taste; whereas, moreover, fruit and vegetables are healthy products the consumption of which should be encouraged as part of a health policy;

Whereas the producer organizations have an important role to play in the implementation of measures to achieve that development:

Whereas provision should be made for specific measures so that consumption may be encouraged by a Community financial contribution towards the measures implemented;

Whereas the aim of the measures provided for is to achieve the objectives laid down in Article 39 of the Treaty; whereas provision should be made for a Community financial contribution towards the implementation of those measures from the Guarantee Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund (EAGGF),

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Community shall make a contribution of up to 60 % towards the financing of measures to encourage an increase

in the consumption of fresh citrus fruit harvested in the Community, including research into varietal diversification, presented and conducted by representative groups involving various branches of activity in the sector. The representative nature of the groups shall be evaluated on the basis of the aim pursued.

Article 2

The measures provided for in this Regulation must not relate to trade marks and must not refer to any Member State.

Article 3

The contribution towards the financing of the measures provided for in this Regulation shall be deemed intervention intended to stabilize the agricultural markets within the meaning of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of the Council of 21 April 1970 on the financing of the common agricultural policy ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2048/88 ⁽⁵⁾. It shall be financed by the EAGGF Guarantee Section.

Article 4

The measures provided for in this Regulation shall be defined and the detailed rules for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of the Council of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽⁶⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1193/90 ⁽⁷⁾.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 84.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 185, 15. 7. 1988, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ See page 43 of this Official Journal.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1202/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1125/89 ⁽²⁾, introduced a system of production aid for certain products processed from fruit and vegetables; whereas the chief objective is to enable products processed from raw materials produced in the Community to be sold at prices which compete with those charged by third countries; whereas, to this end, the production aid must aim to compensate for the difference between the producer prices for raw materials harvested within the Community and those obtaining in the major competing third countries;

Whereas, in the case of certain products Community production of which accounts for a substantial share of the Community consumer market, provision must be made for this compensation to be reduced, taking account of the quantities traded and the prices recorded;

Whereas, in certain Community production areas, products processed from tomatoes are a particularly sensitive sector; whereas provision should be made for an additional adjustment of the minimum price and the aid according to the dry weight content of the raw material as from the 1991/92 marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 2 (1) is replaced by the following:

'1. A system of production aid shall apply to the products listed in Annex I, Part A and obtained from

fruit and vegetables harvested in the Community, without prejudice to the specific provisions for dried grapes in Article 6.'

2. Article 4 (1) is replaced by the following:

'1. The minimum price to be paid to producers shall, without prejudice to the measures taken pursuant to Article 2 (3), be calculated on the basis of:

- (a) the minimum price applying during the previous marketing year;
- (b) the movement of basic prices in the fruit and vegetables sector;
- (c) the need to ensure normal market disposal of fresh products for the various uses, including supply to the processing industry.

In the case of tomatoes, the minimum price to be paid to the producer shall be adjusted as from the 1991/92 marketing year, according to the dry weight content of the raw material. However, this provision shall not apply to tomatoes used in the manufacture of peeled tomatoes.'

3. Article 5 is replaced by the following:

'Article 5

1. The amount of the aid shall be so fixed as to enable the Community product to be marketed. In calculating the amount of the aid, without prejudice to measures taken pursuant to Article 2 (3), account shall be taken in particular of:

- the amount of the aid fixed for the previous marketing year, adjusted to take account of changes in the minimum prices referred to in Article 4,
- the difference between the price fixed for the raw material in the Community and that obtaining in the major competing third countries, and,
- in the case of products, Community production of which accounts for a substantial share of the market, trends in the volume of external trade and in the prices obtaining in such trade, where the latter criterion results in a reduction in the amount of the aid.

2. The aid shall be fixed in respect of the net weight of the processed product. The coefficients expressing the

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 85.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 29.

relationship between the weight of raw material used and the net weight of the processed product shall be defined on a standard basis.

3. Aid shall be granted to processors only for processed products which:

- (a) have been produced from raw materials harvested in the Community, for which the applicant has paid at least the minimum price referred to in Article 4;
- (b) meet minimum quality requirements.

4. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall adopt general rules for applying this Article.

5. The Commission shall fix the amount of the aid before the beginning of each marketing year, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 22.

The coefficients referred to in paragraph 2, the minimum quality requirements and the other detailed rules for applying this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the same procedure.'

4. Article 6 is replaced by the following:

'Article 6

1. For sultanas, dried muscatel grapes and currants intended for processing, the amount of the production aid shall be fixed so as to enable Community produce to be marketed. When fixing the amount of aid, account shall be taken, in particular, of the amount of the aid fixed for the previous marketing year, adjusted to take account of movements in the minimum price referred to in Article 4 and, if necessary, of trends in processing costs

assessed on a standard basis and in the minimum import price referred to in Article 9.

The aid shall be fixed in respect of the net weight of the processed product. The coefficients expressing the relationship between the weight of raw material used and the net weight of the processed product shall be defined on a standard basis.

The aid shall be granted only to processors who do not process a quantity of dried grapes of these varieties corresponding to a percentage of the quantities purchased. The aid shall not be paid in respect of the quantities in question.

The aid shall be granted to processors only for processed products which:

- (a) have been produced from raw materials harvested in the Community for which the applicant has paid at least the minimum price referred to in Article 4;
- (b) meet the minimum quality requirements.

2. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall fix the percentages provided for in paragraph 1.

3. The minimum quality requirements referred to in point (b) of the fourth subparagraph of paragraph 1 and the other detailed rules for applying this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 22.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1203/90

of 7 May 1990

on temporary measures relating to production aid for processed tomato products

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 89 (2) and Article 234 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 of 24 February 1986 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1202/90 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas Article 2 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 989/84 of 31 March 1984 introducing a system of guarantee thresholds for certain processed fruit and vegetable products ⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2246/88 ⁽⁷⁾, provides that production aid is to be reduced where the threshold guarantee for processed tomato products is exceeded;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2243/88 of 19 July 1988 on temporary measures relating to production aid for processed tomato products ⁽⁸⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1126/89 ⁽⁹⁾, limits the granting of the aid for the 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years in producer Member States to certain quantities of fresh tomatoes intended to be processed;

Whereas the arrangements in force restricting the granting of the aid should continue to be maintained with certain

adaptations in the light of experience gained, for a period limited to two marketing years to take account of the general situation of this production sector and pending the full integration of Portugal into the Community system; whereas the production 'quotas' should in particular be broken down between the processing undertakings on the basis of the total quantities which they processed in the last three marketing years;

Whereas the undertakings which started production after the beginning of the 1988/89 marketing year have only benefited partially from the production aid scheme; whereas, under the new scheme, they should be granted a quota based on a suitable reference period;

Whereas the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal lays down the quantities of processed tomato products which may qualify for Community aid in the first four marketing years following accession in the case of Spain and in the first five marketing years following accession in the case of Portugal; whereas those quantities are given in Regulation (EEC) No 2243/88 for the 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years; whereas the quantities which may qualify for production aid in Spain and in Portugal should be increased to take account of the structural adaptations and adjustments of the sector to the new situation created by integration into the Community system;

Whereas, in order to permit some development in the production structures in the sector, a small percentage of the overall quantities allocated in each Member State should be reserved for undertakings which will start production during the 1990/91 and 1991/92 marketing years; whereas, in view of the limited quantities available, quantities should only be allocated to those undertakings presenting guarantees of efficiency and of the durability of their activities;

Whereas, during the period of application of the measures limiting the granting of production aid, provision should be made for any overrun in the guarantee threshold to be assessed on the basis of only those quantities actually qualifying for the production aid,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. During the 1990/91 and 1991/92 marketing years, production aid granted to all processing undertakings in each Member State shall be limited to the quantities of processed tomato products obtained from the following quantities in tonnes of fresh tomatoes:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 66 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 88.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 96, 17. 4. 1990.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 112, 7. 5. 1990, p. 34.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 103, 16. 4. 1984, p. 19.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 198, 26. 7. 1988, p. 20.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 198, 26. 7. 1988, p. 14.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 31.

All undertakings located in	Tomato concentrate		Tinned whole peeled tomatoes		Other tomato products	
	1990/91	1991/92	1990/91	1991/92	1990/91	1991/92
Spain	500 000	550 000	219 000	240 000	148 050	177 050
France	278 691	278 691	73 628	73 628	40 087	40 087
Greece	967 003	967 003	25 000	25 000	21 593	21 593
Italy	1 655 000	1 655 000	1 185 000	1 185 000	453 998	453 998
Portugal	747 945	832 945	14 600	19 600	32 192	42 192

2. The quantities laid down in paragraph 1 shall, without prejudice to paragraphs 3, 4 and 5, be divided fairly by the Member States between the processing undertakings in proportion to the average quantities actually produced by each of them during the 1987/88, 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years.

On application by the undertaking concerned, the competent authorities of the Member State shall authorize one only of the following three transfer possibilities:

- a transfer of up to 25 % of quantities of peeled tomatoes, expressed in quantities of fresh tomatoes, to the quantities allocated for tomato concentrate and other tomato products,
- a transfer of up to 5 % of quantities of tomato concentrate, expressed in quantities of fresh tomatoes, to the quantities allocated for the other products,
- a transfer of up to 5 % of the quantities of other tomato products, expressed in quantities of fresh tomatoes, to the quantities allocated for concentrate.

3. For the granting of the aid, processing undertakings which started production in the 1988/89 marketing year shall be granted a quota calculated on the basis of the average quantities produced in the 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years.

4. Processing undertakings starting production in the 1989/90 marketing year shall be granted a quota corresponding to quantities processed during that marketing year.

5. Processing undertakings starting production of one of the finished tomato products mentioned in paragraph 1 during the 1990/91 marketing year shall qualify for production aid under the following conditions, provided that they present, to the satisfaction of the competent authorities, adequate guarantees as to the efficiency and durability of their activities.

The producer Member States shall reserve 2 % of the total quantities fixed for each group of finished products for the purposes of allocating quotas to the undertakings referred to in the first subparagraph. The quota allocated to each

undertaking may not exceed its processing capacity, less 30 %.

6. Where all the quantities defined in paragraph 1 have not been allocated, the remainder shall be divided fairly between the processing undertakings referred to in paragraph 2, taking account in particular of those undertakings which use new production technology.

Article 2

In view of the grant of production aid for the 1991/92 marketing year:

1. in Article 1 (2) the reference to the three marketing years 1987/88, 1988/89 and 1989/90 shall be replaced by a reference to the three marketing years 1988/89, 1989/90 and 1990/91;
2. processing undertakings which began their activity during the 1989/90 marketing year shall benefit from a quota calculated on the basis of the average of the quantities produced during the 1989/90 and 1990/91 marketing years;
3. processing undertakings which began their activity during the 1990/91 marketing year shall benefit from a quota corresponding to the quantities processed during that marketing year;
4. producer Member States shall reserve 2 % of the total quantities fixed for each group of finished products for allocation to undertakings which start their production during the 1991/92 marketing year. The quota allocated to each undertaking may not exceed the processing capacity of the latter, reduced by 30 %;
5. any remainder shall be divided fairly in accordance with Article 1 (6).

Article 3

For the Community, with the exception of Portugal for the 1990/91 marketing year, and notwithstanding Article 2 (2)

of Regulation (EEC) No 989/84, production in the 1990/91 and 1991/92 marketing years to be used to determine the amount by which the guarantee threshold is exceeded shall be that qualifying for production aid.

Article 4

Detailed rules for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in

Article 22 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86. They shall include in particular rules applicable in the case of mergers and changes of ownership of undertakings.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1204/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 989/84 introducing a system of guarantee thresholds for certain processed fruit and vegetable products

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 of 24 February 1986 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1202/90 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 989/84 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2246/88 ⁽⁵⁾, introduces a system of guarantee thresholds for certain processed fruit and vegetable products, and in particular processed tomato products;Whereas account should be taken of developments on the market in processed tomato products since 1988 and the allocation of the overall quantities should be adapted in the light of the respective share of each category of finished products; whereas, in the case of Spain, that allocation is to take account of quantities of fresh tomatoes which may qualify for production aid pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 1203/90 ⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas the guarantee threshold fixed for dried currants should be reduced by 2 000 tonnes owing to recent developments on the market for that product,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 989/84 is hereby replaced by the following:

'Article 1

1. The quantity of processed tomato products corresponding to 5 567 050 tonnes of fresh tomatoes is:

hereby fixed as a guarantee threshold for the Community with the exception of Portugal for the 1990/91 marketing year.

That tonnage shall be divided as follows:

- 3 400 694 tonnes for the manufacture of tomato concentrate,
- 1 502 628 tonnes for the manufacture of whole peeled tomatoes,
- 663 728 tonnes for the manufacture of other processed tomato products.

2. As from the 1991/92 marketing year, the guarantee threshold shall be fixed for the Community at a quantity corresponding to 6 561 787 tonnes of fresh tomatoes.

This tonnage shall be divided as follows:

- 4 283 639 tonnes for the manufacture of tomato concentrate,
- 1 543 228 tonnes for the manufacture of whole peeled tomatoes,
- 734 920 tonnes for the manufacture of other processed tomato products.

3. The quantity of processed dried grapes corresponding respectively to the following tonnages of unprocessed dried grapes:

- (a) 68 000 tonnes of currants;
- (b) 93 000 tonnes of sultanas; and
- (c) 4 000 tonnes of dried grapes of the Moscatel varieties,

shall be fixed as the guarantee threshold for each marketing year.'

*Article 2*This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.⁽²⁾ See page 66 of this Official Journal.⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 90.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 103, 16. 4. 1984, p. 19.⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 198, 26. 7. 1988, p. 20.⁽⁶⁾ See page 68 of this Official Journal.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. COLLINS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1205/90

of 7 May 1990

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2245/88 introducing guarantee threshold systems for peaches and pears in syrup and/or in natural fruit juice

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 of 24 February 1986 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1202/90⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,Having regard to the proposal from the Commission⁽³⁾,Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2245/88⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1127/89⁽⁵⁾, introduces a guarantee threshold system in particular for peaches in syrup and/or in natural fruit juice; whereas Article 118 (6) of the Act of Accession fixes the quantities of peaches in syrup which may qualify for Community aid in Spain during the first four marketing years following accession at 80 000 tonnes of finished product expressed in net weight; whereas

the guarantee threshold for the Community as a whole should be determined at the end of that period,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2245/88 is hereby replaced by the following:

'1. A guarantee threshold of 582 000 tonnes net weight is hereby fixed for peaches in syrup and/or in natural fruit juice covered by CN codes 2008 70 61, 2008 70 69, 2008 70 71, 2008 70 79, 2008 70 91 and 2008 70 99 for each marketing year for the Community.'

*Article 2*This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from the beginning of the 1990/91 marketing year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

*For the Council**The President*

G. COLLINS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.⁽²⁾ See page 66 of this Official Journal.⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 91.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 198, 26. 7. 1988, p. 18.⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 32.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1206/90

of 7 May 1990

laying down general rules for the system of production aid for processed fruit and vegetables

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 of 24 February 1986 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1202/90 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 5 and 8 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 provides that in the case of dried grapes the producers are to undertake to withhold from delivery to the processing industry a given percentage of the quantities covered by contracts; whereas that percentage must ensure that the quality of products delivered by producers is adequate; whereas, in the case of dried grapes, the aid is to be paid on condition that a percentage to be determined of the quantities is not processed by processors; whereas those percentages must ensure that the quality of the product intended for consumption is adequate;

Whereas certain products eligible for production aid are in direct competition with each other; whereas production aid must not affect that competitive situation; whereas the aid must be calculated for the main products concerned and whereas the aid for the other products must be derived from the aid thus calculated;

Whereas Article 4 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 provides that the minimum price to be paid to the producer for dried grapes and dried figs is to be increased during the marketing year; whereas the price of the raw material to be taken into account for the purposes of calculating the aid should accordingly be specified;

Whereas Article 5 (1) of the abovementioned Regulation provides that the price to be compared may be determined in the main producing and exporting third countries on the world market; whereas that price must be that paid to the producer at the farm-gate stage for raw material of a quality comparable with that of fresh Community products for processing; whereas, however, when that price is determined, those data should be weighted according to the actual exports of finished products from the producer countries concerned to the world market;

Whereas, for products for which Community production accounts for a substantial proportion of the market, the trend in prices and quantities traded between the Community and third countries during the calendar year preceding the fixing of the aids may provide additional information on the components for calculating the aid; whereas provision should accordingly be made for the possibility of reducing the aid where necessary;

Whereas the aid is calculated in respect of the raw material; whereas, however, the aid must be granted for the net weight of finished product; whereas the ratio between those two components may be established on the basis of the average yields recorded in the Community;

Whereas the possibility should be made available, in accordance with a suitable decision-making procedure, of implementing a system of monetary adjustment if this proves necessary to ensure normal conditions of competition with regard to third countries;

Whereas the storage agencies approved by the Member States are to purchase quantities of dried grapes and dried figs at the end of the marketing year; whereas those must be disposed of so as to avoid disturbing normal trade on the market; whereas, to that end, provision should be made for the conditions of sale to be determined at Community level;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation replace those in Regulation (EEC) No 1277/84 ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2367/89 ⁽⁵⁾; whereas that Regulation must accordingly be repealed;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For currants, the percentage referred to in Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 shall be 5 %.
2. The percentages referred to in the third subparagraph of Article 6 (1) of Regulation 426/86 shall be as follows:
 - (a) for currants: 15 %;
 - (b) for other dried grapes: 8 %.

Article 2

1. As regards products derived from tomatoes, the production aid shall be calculated for:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 66 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 49, 28. 2. 1990, p. 92.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 123, 9. 5. 1984, p. 25.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 225, 3. 8. 1989, p. 1.

- (a) tomato concentrate covered by CN code 2002 90;
- (b) whole peeled tomatoes obtained from the San Marzano variety and covered by CN code 2002 10;
- (c) whole peeled tomatoes obtained from the Roma or similar varieties and covered by CN code 2002 10;
- (d) tomato juice covered by CN code 2009 50.

2. Production aid for:

- tomato flakes covered by CN code 0712 90 30, and
- tomato juice, including passata, covered by CN code 2002 90,

shall, without prejudice to the measures adopted pursuant to Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86, be derived from aid calculated for tomato concentrate, account being taken in particular of the dry extract content of the product.

3. Production aid for:

- peeled tomatoes, whole or in pieces, preserved by freezing and covered by CN code 0710 80 70,
- unpeeled whole tomatoes, preserved, covered by CN code 2002 10 90, and
- peeled and unpeeled tomatoes in pieces, including crush or pizza sauce, covered by CN code 2002 10,

shall, without prejudice to the measures adopted pursuant to Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86, be derived from the aid calculated for whole peeled tomatoes obtained from the Roma or similar varieties, account being taken in particular of the commercial characteristics of the product.

4. The production aid for dried grapes shall be calculated for sultanas.

The production aid for other varieties or types of dried grapes shall be derived from that aid, without prejudice to the measures adopted pursuant to Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86.

Article 3

1. For the purposes of applying the production aid provided for in Articles 5 (1) and 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86, this Article shall apply.

2. The production aid may not exceed the difference between the minimum price paid to the producer in the Community and the price of the raw material in the main producing and exporting third countries.

3. The price of the raw material in the main competing third countries shall be determined mainly on the basis of the prices:

— actually applying at the farm-gate stage for fresh products of a comparable quality used for processing,

— weighted on the basis of the quantities of finished products exported by those third countries to the world market.

4. For products for which Community production accounts for at least 50 % of the quantities for consumption on the Community market, the aid may be reduced by the trend in prices and in the quantities of imports and exports, which shall be determined by comparing the data for the calendar year preceding the beginning of the marketing year with the data for the previous calendar year.

5. The minimum price for the raw material to be used for dried grapes and dried figs shall be the minimum price to be paid to the producer at the beginning of the marketing year, plus the average of the monthly increases provided for in Article 4 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86.

Article 4

When strictly necessary, the Commission may, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 22 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86, establish a system of monetary adjustment with the aim of correcting the production aid by the impact on the minimum price minus the aid, of the differences between:

- the agricultural conversion rate, and
- the average of the rates referred to in Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽¹⁾ during a period to be determined.

Article 5

The factors referred to in Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 shall be calculated on the basis of the average quantities of raw material used and the net weight of finished products obtained in the Community during the 1987/88, 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years. Those factors shall be adjusted, where appropriate, depending on changes recorded subsequently.

Article 6

1. For the purposes of applying Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86, Member States shall approve storage agencies presenting suitable guarantees on the one hand that they can store products under satisfactory technical conditions and on the other hand that they can satisfactorily manage products bought in.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

Those agencies shall be required in particular to store products bought in in separate premises and to keep separate accounts for those products.

2. The sale of dried grapes and dried figs bought in by storage agencies and the conditions governing such sales shall be decided in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 22 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86, account being taken of the need not to jeopardize the balance on the market.

3. Where special measures as referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 8 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 are taken, special conditions may be laid down to ensure that the product will not be used for a purpose other than that specified.

In that case, a special security may be required to ensure that undertakings entered into are fulfilled; the security shall be forfeit, in full or in part, if the undertakings are not fulfilled or are only fulfilled in part.

4. The sale shall be organized by invitation to tender or at a price fixed in advance.

Tenders submitted shall only be taken into account where a security is lodged.

Article 7

Regulation (EEC) No 1277/84 is hereby repealed.

Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from the beginning of the 1990/91 marketing year for each product.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 May 1990.

For the Council
The President
G. COLLINS
