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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3070/89

of 12 October 1989

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2860/89⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1915/89⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band

of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 11 October 1989;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1915/89 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 October 1989.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 274, 23. 9. 1989, p. 41.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 187, 1. 7. 1989, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission
Ray MAC SHARRY
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 October 1989 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Levies	
	Portugal	Third country
0709 90 60	20,52	120,38
0712 90 19	20,52	120,38
1001 10 10	22,81	158,06 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
1001 10 90	22,81	158,06 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
1001 90 91	20,40	107,77
1001 90 99	20,40	107,77
1002 00 00	47,56	109,08 ⁽³⁾
1003 00 10	38,34	111,56
1003 00 90	38,34	111,56
1004 00 10	29,74	102,96
1004 00 90	29,74	102,96
1005 10 90	20,52	120,38 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
1005 90 00	20,52	120,38 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
1007 00 90	38,34	125,70 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 10 00	38,34	0,00
1008 20 00	38,34	70,22 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 30 00	38,34	0,00 ⁽⁵⁾
1008 90 10	(7)	(7)
1008 90 90	38,34	0,00
1101 00 00	42,00	164,32
1102 10 00	80,02	166,15
1103 11 10	49,83	259,47
1103 11 90	44,89	177,00

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by ECU 1,81/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 (OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10) and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71 (OJ No L 271, 10. 12. 1971, p. 22).

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within CN code 1008 90 10 (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3071/89

of 12 October 1989

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2860/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1916/89 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of

these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 11 October 1989;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from Portugal shall be zero.
2. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 October 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 274, 23. 9. 1989, p. 41.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 187, 1. 7. 1989, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 October 1989 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

CN code	(ECU/tonne)			
	Current 10	1st period 11	2nd period 12	3rd period 1
0709 90 60	0	0	0	0
0712 90 19	0	0	0	0
1001 10 10	0	0	0	0
1001 10 90	0	0	0	0
1001 90 91	0	0	0	0
1001 90 99	0	0	0	0
1002 00 00	0	0	0	0
1003 00 10	0	0	0	0
1003 00 90	0	0	0	0
1004 00 10	0	0,83	0,83	1,65
1004 00 90	0	0,83	0,83	1,65
1005 10 90	0	0	0	0
1005 90 00	0	0	0	0
1007 00 90	0	0	0	0
1008 10 00	0	0	0	0
1008 20 00	0	0	0	0
1008 30 00	0	0	0	0
1008 90 90	0	0	0	0
1101 00 00	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

CN code	(ECU/tonne)				
	Current 10	1st period 11	2nd period 12	3rd period 1	4th period 2
1107 10 11	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 19	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 91	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 99	0	0	0	0	0
1107 20 00	0	0	0	0	0

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3072/89
of 12 October 1989**

adjusting the agricultural conversion rates for the pigmeat sector in the United Kingdom and Greece

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3578/88 of 17 November 1988 laying down detailed rules for the application of the system for the automatic dismantlement of negative monetary compensatory amounts ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3063/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 (1) thereof,

Whereas Article 6a of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85 of 11 June 1985 on monetary compensatory amounts in agriculture ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1889/87 ⁽⁴⁾, lays down that the agricultural conversion rates of a Member State should be adjusted so as to avoid the creation of new monetary compensatory amounts ;

Whereas the movement of the market rate for the pound sterling and Greek drachma during the reference period 4 to 10 October 1989 should, given the adjustment of the agricultural conversion rate determined by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3005/89 ⁽⁶⁾, entail, in accordance with Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3153/85 ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2301/88 ⁽⁸⁾, an increase in the monetary compensatory amounts applicable in the pigmeat sector in the United Kingdom and Greece, effective from 16 October 1989 order to prevent this it is necessary to adjust the agricultural conversion rate so as to avoid the creation of these new monetary compensatory amounts having regard to the criteria in Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 3578/88,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

In Annex XI to Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85, the line relating to pigmeat is hereby replaced by the following :

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = £ ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = £ ...	Applicable from
'Pigmeat'	0,749992	15 October 1989	0,756267	16 October 1989'

Article 2

In Annex XI to Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85, the line relating to pigmeat is hereby replaced by the following :

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Dra ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Dra ...	Applicable from
'Pigmeat'	199,422	15 October 1989	201,089	16 October 1989'

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 October 1989.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 312, 18. 11. 1988, p. 16.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 293, 12. 10. 1989, p. 34.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 182, 3. 7. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 288, 6. 10. 1989, p. 8.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 310, 21. 11. 1985, p. 4.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 220, 29. 7. 1989, p. 9.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission
Ray MAC SHARRY
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3073/89

of 12 October 1989

fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1225/89⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 4014/88⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 4015/88⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 413/86⁽⁸⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 4016/88⁽¹⁰⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽¹¹⁾;Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78⁽¹²⁾, as amended by the Act of Accession of Greece, the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹³⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy, account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed, taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 9 and 10 October 1989 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within CN codes 0709 90 39 and 0711 20 90 and on products falling within CN codes 1522 00 31, 1522 00 39 and 2306 90 19 must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 October 1989.

⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 128, 11. 5. 1989, p. 15.⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 358, 27. 12. 1988, p. 1.⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 358, 27. 12. 1988, p. 2.⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 48, 26. 2. 1986, p. 1.⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 358, 27. 12. 1988, p. 3.⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)	
CN code	Non-member countries
1509 10 10	77,00 ⁽¹⁾
1509 10 90	77,00 ⁽¹⁾
1509 90 00	89,00 ⁽²⁾
1510 00 10	77,00 ⁽¹⁾
1510 00 90	122,00 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this CN code and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

- (a) Lebanon : ECU 0,60 per 100 kg ;
- (b) Tunisia : ECU 12,69 per 100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;
- (c) Turkey : ECU 22,36 per 100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;
- (d) Algeria and Morocco : ECU 24,78 per 100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this CN code :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by ECU 3,86 per 100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by ECU 3,09 per 100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this CN code :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by ECU 7,25 per 100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by ECU 5,80 per 100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)	
CN code	Non-member countries
0709 90 39	16,94
0711 20 90	16,94
1522 00 31	38,50
1522 00 39	61,60
2306 90 19	6,16

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3074/89

of 11 October 1989

imposing a provisional anti-dumping duty on imports of welded tubes
originating in Yugoslavia and Romania

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2423/88 of 11 July 1988 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 11 thereof,

After consultations within the Advisory Committee as provided for by the abovementioned Regulation,

Whereas :

A. PROCEDURE

(1) In February 1988 the Commission received a complaint lodged by the Liaison Committee of the European Community Steel Tube Industry on behalf of manufacturers representing the majority of the Community production of the products in question.

(2) The complaint contained evidence of dumping and of injury caused thereby which was considered sufficient to justify the initiation of a proceeding.

The Commission accordingly announced, by notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽²⁾ the initiation of an anti-dumping concerning imports into the Community of certain welded tubes of iron or non-alloy steel falling within CN codes 7306 30 51, 7306 30 59, ex 7306 30 71 and ex 7306 30 79.

(3) The Commission officially advised the producers/exporters and importers known to the Commission to be concerned and the complainant and gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to request a hearing.

During the investigation, the Commission was informed that more Yugoslavian producers than previously known were involved in the case. The Commission additionally gave them the opportunity to make known their views.

Furthermore the exporters concerned asked for extensions for replying to the Commission's questionnaires.

Consequently, the Commission was forced to overdraw the set time limits.

(4) Most of the Community producers, some of the importers, a Yugoslavian producer/exporter and the Romanian exporter made known their views in writing. Some of them requested and were granted hearings.

(5) The Commission sought and verified all information it deemed to be necessary for the purposes of establishing the facts and carried out inspections at the premises of the following :

(a) EC producers :

- Mannesmannröhren-Werke AG, Düsseldorf, Germany,
- IBS (United Tube Mills), Athens, Greece,
- Dalmine SpA, Dalmine, Italy,
- Arbed SA, Luxembourg, Luxembourg ;

(b) Non EC-producer/exporter :

- Zeljezara Sisak, Sisak, Yugoslavia ;

(c) EC importers :

- Mannesmann Handel AG, Düsseldorf, Germany,
- Montan Handel Peter Richter & Co., Düsseldorf, Germany.

(6) The investigation of dumping covered the period from 1 July 1987 to 30 June 1988.

B. DUMPING

(a) Normal value

(7) Yugoslavia

Normal value was established on the basis of the comparable prices actually paid or payable in the ordinary course of trade for the like product on the Yugoslavian market.

Domestic sales considered for calculation of normal value were made to independent customers at a profit in substantial quantities. The weighted average of the prices of these sales were therefore considered to be representative of the Yugoslavian domestic market.

Due to the high inflation rate in Yugoslavia during the investigation period normal values were calculated month by month. The exchange rates used for calculation are the official Yugoslavian rates, published by the Yugoslavian administration.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 209, 2. 8. 1988, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 241, 16. 9. 1988, p. 3.

(8) *Romania*

As Romania is a non-market economy country, the normal value had to be determined on the price at which the like product is sold for domestic consumption in a third country with a market economy. Under these circumstances it was considered appropriate and not unreasonable to establish the normal value for Romania on the basis of the prices at which the like product was sold on the Yugoslavian domestic market.

The Commission is satisfied that between Romania and Yugoslavia there are no significant differences in the production processes, the supplies of raw materials, the scale of production and the quality of the finished products. The Commission has further considered that cost of production and the price level in Yugoslavia are in a reasonable proportion. The Commission therefore concluded that it was not unreasonable to apply the normal value established for Yugoslavia also for the Romanian products.

The Romanian exporter did not object to this determination.

(b) *Export prices*

- (9) Export prices for both Yugoslavia and Romania were established on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the like product sold for export to the Community.

(c) *Comparison*

- (10) In comparing value with export prices, the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability, such as discounts, commissions, credit terms, transport and insurance, handling, packing and related costs.
- (11) All comparisons were made at an ex-works level.

(d) *Dumping margins*

- (12) The preliminary comparison of the above facts showed that imports had been dumped. The dumping margins were equal to the difference between normal value and the export price to the Community duly adjusted. The weighted average dumping margins, as percentage rate of the free at Community frontier prices, were provisionally established as follows:

— Yugoslavia :	40,6 % ;
— Romania :	31,7 %.

C. INJURY

- (13) Imports from Yugoslavia increased from 20 720 tonnes in 1986 to 45 560 tonnes in 1988 and from Romania from 7 230 tonnes in 1986 to 19 986 tonnes in 1988. Cumulated imports from

Yugoslavia and Romania climbed from 27 950 tonnes in 1986 to 65 546 tonnes in 1988 corresponding to an increase of about 135 % over that period.

- (14) The corresponding market share increased from 2,8 % in 1986 to 5,1 % in 1988 for Yugoslavia and from 1 % to 2,2 % for Romania in the same period. The cumulated market shares of the imports under consideration increased from 3,8 % in 1986 to 7,3 % in 1988. In the most affected Member States, the cumulated market shares reached 23,6 % in the Federal Republic of Germany and 15,1 % in Italy respectively during the first semester of 1988.

- (15) The evidence available to the Commission also indicates that the prices at which the dumped imports from Yugoslavia and Romania were sold in the Community undercut the prices of Community producers during the investigation period significantly. The average prices of the Romanian and Yugoslavian products were 22,6 % and 18,6 % below the prices of comparable products of Community producers.

- (16) The sharp increase of dumped imports of the products under consideration originating in Romania and Yugoslavia has significantly contributed to dampen the recovery of Community production. The moderate increase of Community production of 4,2 % between 1986 and 1988 is to be measured against a growth of Community consumption of 19,8 % over the same period.

- (17) The inflow of dumped imports prevented Community producers to benefit adequately from the increasing demand. Instead of achieving a reasonable improvement of their capacity utilization from the already relatively low level in 1986, Community producers suffered from a further reduction of their utilization rate in 1987 and could reach in 1988 only in some cases a small improvement distinctly below the level in 1985.

- (18) The low prices at which the dumped products were sold in the Community, undercutting Community producer's prices by between 18 % and 22 %, combined with a substantial increase in market share in a market for a standardized product in commercial qualities caused price suppression in the Community. Community producers were forced either to accept sales at a loss or to reduce their sales. The consequent impact was a decline of the market share of Community producers and increasing financial losses or a reduction of profits.

- (19) The Commission has also considered whether injury might have been caused by other factors than the dumped imports. It was found that imports from other third countries than Romania and Yugoslavia also increased significantly in the

period between 1986 and 1988. The analysis of this factor revealed that the majority of this increase stemmed from imports of the products under consideration originating in Turkey and Venezuela. The Commission has in the meantime received evidence that imports from Turkey and Venezuela are also being dumped and are causing injury to the Community industry. A corresponding complaint has been lodged by the Community industry and the Commission has initiated an anti-dumping proceeding concerning the imports of the products concerned originating in Turkey and Venezuela⁽¹⁾.

- (20) However, because of the increase of the dumped imports from Yugoslavia and Romania and their significant price undercutting outlined under recital (13) to (18), the Commission has come to the conclusion that the imports from Romania and Yugoslavia taken in isolation are causing material injury to the Community industry regardless of the fact that imports from Turkey and Venezuela have probably also contributed to the deterioration of the situation of the Community industry.

D. COMMUNITY INTEREST

- (21) Iron and steel tube production is an important basic industry in the Community closely linked upstream to the steel industry. It is the most important customer for the transformation of primary ECSC steel products. In 1988 about 15 % of total EEC raw steel production was absorbed by the manufacture of tubes.

Because of overcapacities the sector has gone through a severe restructuring process which is still going on. In 1988 the sector employed 74 500 people in the Community down from 123 500 in 1981. Regionally the plants are located in the vicinity of the steel producing centers which are already suffering from employment problems linked to the downturn in the steel industry.

- (22) Downstream the sector is an important supplier of all branches of the manufacturing industry. The most important customer groups are mechanical engineering, vehicle building, construction, structural steel works and the energy sector. In order to be in a position of manufacturing the whole range of products at competitive costs the industry depends on a reasonable utilization rate of its equipment which is basically provided for by the production of standardized commercial quality tubes which are in direct competition with the dumped products imported from Romania and Yugoslavia and account for a major part of the revenue generated by the industry. In view of these

facts it is considered in the Community's interest to maintain a viable and healthy steel tube manufacturing industry and to take action against unfair trade practices. In the opinion of the Commission such action in the form of provisional anti-dumping duties should eliminate the disturbing effects of the price undercutting by the imports from Romania and Yugoslavia which would contribute to more stable prices for welded steel tubes in the Community. It is considered that the secondary effects of the limited price increases for the imported products in respect of the output of the main downstream branches mentioned above will be insignificant. No submissions to the contrary were made by or on behalf of Community purchasers or processors of the welded steel tubes concerned.

E. PROVISIONAL DUTIES

- (23) As a result of the preliminary findings on dumping and injury with regard to the imports from Romania and Yugoslavia under consideration and in order to prevent further injury being caused by these imports it is considered that the interests of the Community require the imposition of provisional anti-dumping duties.

- (24) The provisional duties should be less than the dumping margins found but adequate to remove the injury. Under this condition and because it was established that price undercutting was the decisive factor of injury, the Commission considers sufficient a rate of duty *ad valorem* which eliminated the margins of the price undercutting found.

On this basis the Commission determined the provisional antidumping duties to be

18 % for welded steel tubes imported from Yugoslavia,

22 % for those imported from Romania,

calculated on the net price, free-at-Community-frontier, customs uncleared.

- (25) A period should be fixed within which the parties concerned may make their views known and request a hearing,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. A provisional anti-dumping duty is hereby imposed on imports of welded tubes, of iron or non-alloy steel, threaded or threadable, zinc coated or not, of circular cross-section, of an external diameter of not more than 168,3 mm, falling within CN codes 7306 30 51, 7306 30 59, ex 7306 30 71, ex 7306 30 79, originating in Yugoslavia and Romania.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 226, 2. 9. 1989, p. 18.

2. The rate of the duty shall be 18 % for products originating in Yugoslavia and 22 % for products originating in Romania. The duty shall be calculated on the net price, free-at-Community-frontier, customs uncleared.

3. The provisions in force concerning customs duties shall apply.

4. The release for free circulation in the Community of the products referred to in paragraph 1 shall be subject to the provision of a security, equivalent to the amount of the provisional duty.

Article 2

Without prejudice to Article 7 (4) (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2423/88, the parties concerned may make

known their views in writing and apply to be heard by the Commission within one month of the entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Subject to Articles 11, 12 and 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 2423/88, it shall apply for a period of four months, unless the Council adopts definitive measures before the expiry of that period.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 October 1989.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3075/89**of 12 October 1989****derogating from Regulation (EEC) No 1432/88 laying down detailed rules for
applying the co-responsibility levy in the cereals sector**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2860/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4b (5) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to the second subparagraph of Article 3 (2) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1432/88 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2712/89 ⁽⁴⁾, Member States may provide that, after the definitive additional levy has been fixed, reimbursement of the provisional amounts collected in excess be made directly by the operators who have received the said levy; whereas, under the said provision, such reimbursement must take place within one month after the definitive levy has been fixed;

Whereas, in certain Member States, recourse to this option requires the institution of legislative procedures which cannot be completed in time for the operators in question to make the reimbursement within the time limit laid down;

Whereas, in order to facilitate the application in those Member States of the reimbursement system in question,

which is advantageous to producers, provision should be made to extend the abovementioned time limit for the present marketing year;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Notwithstanding the second subparagraph of Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1432/88, in those Member States availing themselves of the option provided for in that subparagraph for the first time in the 1989/90 marketing year and which must, in accordance with national rules, institute legislative procedures, the reimbursement provided for in that provision may, for the said marketing year, be carried out not later than the end of February 1990, in cases where the fixing provided for in Article 3 (1) of the same Regulation takes place before 1 February 1990.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 274, 23. 9. 1989, p. 41.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 131, 27. 5. 1988, p. 37.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 262, 8. 9. 1989, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3076/89
of 12 October 1989

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2169/86 laying down detailed rules for the control and payment of the production refunds in the cereals and rice sectors

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2860/89 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1806/89 ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1009/86 of 25 March 1986 establishing general rules applying to production refunds in the cereals and rice sectors ⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2779/89 ⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2169/86 ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2143/89 ⁽⁸⁾, requires manufacturers of products eligible for the production refund to provide evidence showing the source of the starch during the transitional period covered by the cereals marketing years 1986/87, 1987/88 and 1989/90; whereas information concerning the source of the starch continues to be required for the effective management of the regime; whereas it is necessary to complete the information which the Member States are to notify periodically to the Commission;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Articles 10 and 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 2169/86 are hereby replaced by the following:

Article 10

In addition to the information required in Articles 4 and 8, manufacturers must provide the competent authority with documentary evidence showing the source of the starch.

Article 11

Within three months of the end of each period as defined in Article 2 (1), Member States shall notify the Commission of the type, quantities and the origin of starch (maize, wheat, potatoes or rice) for which production refunds have been paid and the type and quantities of products for which the starch has been used.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 July 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 274, 23. 9. 1989, p. 41.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 3.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 177, 24. 6. 1989, p. 1.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 94, 9. 4. 1986, p. 6.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 268, 15. 9. 1989, p. 20.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 189, 11. 7. 1986, p. 12.
⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 205, 18. 7. 1989, p. 26.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3077/89**of 12 October 1989****fixing the intervention thresholds for mandarins, satsumas, clementines and oranges for the 1989/90 marketing year**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1122/89 of 27 April 1989 laying down specific measures for the application of certain intervention thresholds in the fruit and vegetables sector for the 1989/90 marketing year⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas detailed rules for fixing the level of the intervention threshold for mandarins, satsumas, clementines and oranges for the 1989/90 marketing year were laid down by Articles 1 and 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1122/89;

Whereas the 1989/90 marketing year for mandarins, satsumas and clementines runs from 1 October 1989 to 15 May 1990; whereas for those products and that marketing year a threshold for the Community of Ten and a threshold for Spain should be fixed for the period 1 October to 31 December 1989 and a threshold should be fixed for the Community with the exception of Portugal for the period 1 January to 15 May 1990;

Whereas, by virtue of Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1123/89 of 27 April 1989 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2601/69 with respect to the processing aid scheme and amending the rules for applying the intervention thresholds for certain citrus fruits⁽²⁾, for the purposes of fixing the intervention thresholds, the quantities of mandarins, satsumas and clementines delivered for processing under Council Regulation (EEC) No 2601/69 of 18 December 1969 laying down special measures to encourage the processing of mandarins, satsumas, clementines and oranges⁽³⁾, as last amended by

Regulation (EEC) No 1123/89, are to be treated in the same way as production intended to be consumed fresh;

Whereas the 1989/90 marketing year for oranges runs from 1 October 1989 to 15 July 1990; whereas for that product and that marketing year a threshold for the Community of Ten and a threshold for Spain should be fixed for the period 1 October to 31 December 1989 and a threshold should be fixed for the Community with the exception of Portugal for the period 1 January to 15 July 1990;

Whereas, by virtue of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1123/89, the level of the intervention threshold fixed for oranges in accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1122/89 is to be increased by a quantity equal to the average of the quantities of oranges in respect of which financial compensation according to Regulation (EEC) No 2601/89 was paid during the 1984/85 to 1988/89 marketing years inclusive;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The intervention thresholds for mandarins, satsumas, clementines and oranges for the 1989/90 marketing year shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 23.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 25.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 324, 27. 12. 1969, p. 21.

ANNEX

Intervention thresholds for mandarins, satsumas, clementines and oranges for the 1989/90 marketing year

(tonnes)			
Products/period	Community of Ten	Spain	Community with the exception of Portugal
Mandarins			
— 1 October to 31 December 1989	20 000	2 400	—
— 1 January to 15 May 1990	—	—	89 600
Total	—	—	112 000
Satsumas			
— 1 October to 31 December 1989	300	28 700	—
— 1 January to 15 May 1990	—	—	3 600
Total	—	—	32 600
Clementines			
— 1 October to 31 December 1989	17 700	42 100	—
— 1 January to 15 May 1990	—	—	29 500
Total	—	—	89 300
Oranges			
— 1 October to 31 December 1989	228 000	69 700	—
— 1 January to 15 July 1990	—	—	942 800
Total	—	—	1 240 500

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3078/89

of 12 October 1989

amending Regulations No 80/63/EEC, (EEC) No 2638/69 and (EEC) No 496/70 as regards communication of the authorities responsible for quality inspection in the fruit and vegetables sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1119/89⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 8 (2) and 10 (1) thereof,

Whereas Annex I to Commission Regulation No 80/63/EEC of 31 July 1963 on quality inspection of fruit and vegetables imported from third countries⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3410/88⁽⁴⁾, lists the authorities appointed by each Member State to be responsible for inspection as referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas likewise Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2638/69 laying down additional provisions on quality control of fruit and vegetables marketed within the Community⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3076/87⁽⁶⁾, and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 496/70 of 17 March 1970 laying down initial provisions on quality control of fruit and vegetables exported to third countries⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3410/88, list the authorities responsible in each Member State for the appropriate inspection work;

Whereas these lists are frequently amended; whereas they should, therefore, be established and updated by a simplified procedure involving a communication in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Communities*;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation No 80/63/EEC is hereby amended as follows:

1. The first subparagraph of Article 3 (1) is replaced by the following:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 118, 29. 4. 1989, p. 12.
⁽³⁾ OJ No 121, 3. 8. 1963, p. 2137/63.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 299, 1. 11. 1988, p. 64.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 327, 30. 12. 1969, p. 33.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 291, 15. 10. 1987, p. 16.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 62, 18. 3. 1970, p. 11.

'Inspection shall be carried out by the authorities appointed by each Member State. The Commission shall publish in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Communities* a list of the authorities responsible for inspection and shall update it as necessary.'

2. Annex I is deleted.

Article 2

Regulation (EEC) No 2638/69 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 1 (4) is replaced by the following:

'4. The Commission shall publish in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Communities* a list of the authorities appointed to carry out the inspection work by each Member State and shall update it as necessary.'

2. Annex IV is deleted.

Article 3

Regulation (EEC) No 496/70 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 1 (1) is replaced by the following:

'1. Quality control of exports as provided for in Article 12 (2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72⁽¹⁾ shall be compulsory for the products listed in Annex I to that Regulation. Its purpose shall be to verify by the procedures set out in Article 3 that the products presented for control are classed in one of the classes Extra, I or II and that their quality and classification are in accordance with the quality standards.'

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.'

2. The first subparagraph of Article 1 (2) is replaced by the following:

'Inspection shall be carried out by the authorities appointed by each Member State. The Commission shall publish in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Communities* a list of the authorities responsible for inspection and shall update it as necessary.'

3. Annex I is deleted.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3079/89

of 12 October 1989

fixing the maximum export refunds on olive oil for the 20th partial invitation to tender under the standing invitation to tender issued by Regulation (EEC) No 3421/88

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2902/89 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1650/86 of 26 May 1986 on the refunds and levies applicable to exports of olive oil ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3421/88 ⁽⁴⁾, issued a standing invitation to tender with a view to determining the export refunds on olive oil;

Whereas Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 3421/88 provides that maximum amounts are to be fixed for the export refunds in the light in particular of the current situation and foreseeable developments on the Community and world olive-oil markets and on the basis of the tenders received; whereas contracts are awarded to any tenderer who submits a tender at the level of the maximum refund or at a lower level;

Whereas, for the purposes of applying the above-mentioned provisions, the maximum export refunds should be set at the levels specified in the Annex;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The maximum export refunds for olive oil for the 20th partial invitation to tender under the standing invitation to tender issued by Regulation (EEC) No 3421/88 are hereby fixed in the Annex, on the basis of the tenders submitted by 9 October 1989.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 October 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 280, 29. 9. 1989, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 145, 30. 5. 1986, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 301, 4. 11. 1988, p. 39.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 October 1989 fixing the maximum export refunds on olive oil for the 20th partial invitation to tender under the standing invitation to tender issued by Regulation (EEC) No 3421/88

<i>(ECU/100 kg)</i>	
Product code	Amount of refund
1509 10 90 100	65,00
1509 10 90 900	104,50
1509 90 00 100	74,02
1509 90 00 900	110,09
1510 00 90 100	18,00
1510 00 90 900	53,50

NB: The products codes and the footnotes are defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87 as amended (OJ No L 366, 24. 12. 1987, p. 1).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3080/89
of 12 October 1989
fixing the export refunds on milk and milk products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of the Council of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 763/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 17(5) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 provides that the difference between prices in international trade for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 of the Council of 28 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on milk and milk products and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1344/86 ⁽⁴⁾, provides that when the refunds on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, exported in the natural state, are being fixed account must be taken of:

- the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of milk and milk products on the Community market and prices for milk and milk products in international trade,
- marketing costs and the most favourable transport charges from Community markets to ports or other points of export in the Community, as well as costs incurred in placing the goods on the market of the country of destination,
- the aims of the common organization of the market in milk and milk products which are to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on this market,

— the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market, and

— the economic aspect of the proposed exports;

Whereas Article 3(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 provides that when prices within the Community are being determined account should be taken of the ruling prices which are most favourable for exportation, and that when prices in international trade are being determined particular account should be taken of:

- (a) prices ruling on third country markets;
- (b) the most favourable prices in third countries of destination for third country imports;
- (c) producer prices recorded in exporting third countries, account being taken, where appropriate, of subsidies granted by those countries; and
- (d) free-at-Community-frontier offer prices;

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 provides that the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 according to destination;

Whereas Article 5(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 provides that the list of products on which export refunds are granted and the amount of such refunds should be fixed at least once every four weeks; whereas the amount of the refund may, however, remain at the same level for more than four weeks;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1098/68 of the Commission of 27 July 1968 on detailed rules for the application of export refunds on milk and milk products ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 222/88 ⁽⁶⁾, the refund granted for milk products containing added sugar is equal to the sum of the two components, one of which is intended to take account of the quantity of milk products and the other is intended to take account of the quantity of added sucrose; whereas, however, the latter component is applied only if the added sucrose was produced from sugar beet or cane harvested in the Community;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 84, 29. 3. 1989, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 155, 3. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 36.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 184, 29. 7. 1968, p. 10.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 28, 1. 2. 1988, p. 1.

Whereas, for products falling within CN codes ex 0402 99 11, ex 0402 99 19, ex 0404 90 51, ex 0404 90 53, ex 0404 90 91 and ex 0404 90 93, with a fat content by weight not exceeding 9,5 % and a non-fatty milk content in the dry matter equal to or greater than 15 % by weight, the former abovementioned component is fixed for 100 kilograms of the whole product; whereas, for the other products containing added sugar falling within codes 0402 and 0404, that component is calculated by multiplying the basic amount by the milk products content of the product concerned; whereas that basic amount is equal to the refund to be fixed for one kilogram of milk products contained in the whole product;

Whereas the second component is calculated by multiplying the sucrose content of the product by the basic amount of the refund valid on the day of exportation for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1069/89⁽²⁾;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87⁽⁴⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas the level of refund for cheeses is calculated for products intended for direct consumption; whereas the cheese rinds and cheese wastes are not products intended for this purpose; whereas, to avoid any confusion in interpretation, it should be specified that there will be no refund for cheeses of a free-at-frontier value less than ECU 140 per 100 kilograms;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 896/84⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 222/88, laid down additional provisions concerning the granting of refunds on the change from one milk year to another; whereas those provisions provide for the possibility of varying refunds according to the date of manufacture of the products;

Whereas for the calculation of the refund for processed cheese provision must be made where casein or caseinates are added for that quantity not to be taken into account;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules set out above to the present situation on the market in milk and in particular to quotations or prices for milk products within the Community and on the world market that the refund should be as set out in the Annex to this Regulation;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 275 of the Act of Accession, refunds may be granted in the case of exports to Portugal; whereas, in the light of the situation and the level of prices no refund should be fixed in the case of exports to Portugal;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The export refunds referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 on products exported in the natural state shall be as set out in the Annex.
2. There shall be no refunds for exports to Zone E for products falling within CN codes 0401, 0402, 0403, 0404, 0405 and 2309.
3. There shall be no refunds for exports to Portugal, including the Azores and Madeira for milk and milk products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 October 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 114, 27. 4. 1989, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 91, 1. 4. 1984, p. 71.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 October 1989 fixing the export refunds on milk and milk products

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0401 10 10 000		4,55
0401 10 90 000		4,55
0401 20 11 100		4,55
0401 20 11 500		7,63
0401 20 19 100		4,55
0401 20 19 500		7,63
0401 20 91 100		10,51
0401 20 91 500		12,44
0401 20 99 100		10,51
0401 20 99 500		12,44
0401 30 11 100		16,29
0401 30 11 400		25,72
0401 30 11 700		39,20
0401 30 19 100		16,29
0401 30 19 400		25,72
0401 30 19 700		39,20
0401 30 31 100		46,90
0401 30 31 400		73,85
0401 30 31 700		81,55
0401 30 39 100		46,90
0401 30 39 400		73,85
0401 30 39 700		81,55
0401 30 91 100		93,10
0401 30 91 400		137,37
0401 30 91 700		160,47
0401 30 99 100		93,10
0401 30 99 400		137,37
0401 30 99 700		160,47
0402 10 11 000		50,00
0402 10 19 000		50,00
0402 10 91 000		0,5000
0402 10 99 000		0,5000
0402 21 11 200		50,00
0402 21 11 300		82,38
0402 21 11 500		87,56
0402 21 11 900		95,00
0402 21 17 000		50,00
0402 21 19 300		82,38
0402 21 19 500		87,56
0402 21 19 900		95,00
0402 21 91 100		95,79
0402 21 91 200		96,54
0402 21 91 300		97,91
0402 21 91 400		105,86
0402 21 91 500		108,57
0402 21 91 600		118,92
0402 21 91 700		125,16
0402 21 91 900		132,07
0402 21 99 100		95,79

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0402 21 99 200		96,54
0402 21 99 300		97,91
0402 21 99 400		105,86
0402 21 99 500		108,57
0402 21 99 600		118,92
0402 21 99 700		125,16
0402 21 99 900		132,07
0402 29 15 200		0,5000
0402 29 15 300		0,8238
0402 29 15 500		0,8756
0402 29 15 900		0,9500
0402 29 19 200		0,5000
0402 29 19 300		0,8238
0402 29 19 500		0,8756
0402 29 19 900		0,9500
0402 29 91 100		0,9579
0402 29 91 500		1,0586
0402 29 99 100		0,9579
0402 29 99 500		1,0586
0402 91 11 110		4,55
0402 91 11 120		10,51
0402 91 11 310		17,83
0402 91 11 350		22,30
0402 91 11 370		27,65
0402 91 19 110		4,55
0402 91 19 120		10,51
0402 91 19 310		17,83
0402 91 19 350		22,30
0402 91 19 370		27,65
0402 91 31 100		21,87
0402 91 31 300		32,67
0402 91 39 100		21,87
0402 91 39 300		32,67
0402 91 51 000		25,72
0402 91 59 000		25,72
0402 91 91 000		93,10
0402 91 99 000		93,10
0402 99 11 110		0,0455
0402 99 11 130		0,1051
0402 99 11 150		0,1796
0402 99 11 310		20,57
0402 99 11 330		25,13
0402 99 11 350		34,08
0402 99 19 110		0,0455
0402 99 19 130		0,1051
0402 99 19 150		0,1796
0402 99 19 310		20,57
0402 99 19 330		25,13
0402 99 19 350		34,08
0402 99 31 110		0,2380
0402 99 31 150		35,55
0402 99 31 300		0,4690
0402 99 31 500		0,8155
0402 99 39 110		0,2380
0402 99 39 150		35,55
0402 99 39 300		0,4690

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0402 99 39 500		0,8155
0402 99 91 000		0,9310
0402 99 99 000		0,9310
0403 10 11 100		4,55
0403 10 11 300		7,63
0403 10 13 000		10,51
0403 10 19 000		16,29
0403 10 31 100		0,0455
0403 10 31 300		0,0763
0403 10 33 000		0,1051
0403 10 39 000		0,1629
0403 90 11 000		50,00
0403 90 13 000		50,00
0403 90 19 000		95,79
0403 90 31 000		0,5000
0403 90 33 000		0,5000
0403 90 39 000		0,9579
0403 90 51 100		4,55
0403 90 51 300		7,63
0403 90 53 000		10,51
0403 90 59 110		16,29
0403 90 59 140		25,72
0403 90 59 170		39,20
0403 90 59 310		46,90
0403 90 59 340		73,85
0403 90 59 370		81,55
0403 90 59 510		93,01
0403 90 59 540		137,37
0403 90 59 570		160,47
0403 90 61 100		0,0455
0403 90 61 300		0,0763
0403 90 63 000		0,1051
0403 90 69 000		0,1629
0404 90 11 100		50,00
0404 90 11 910		4,55
0404 90 11 950		17,83
0404 90 13 120		50,00
0404 90 13 130		82,38
0404 90 13 140		87,56
0404 90 13 150		95,00
0404 90 13 911		4,55
0404 90 13 913		10,51
0404 90 13 915		16,29
0404 90 13 917		25,72
0404 90 13 919		39,20
0404 90 13 931		17,83
0404 90 13 933		22,30
0404 90 13 935		27,65
0404 90 13 937		32,67
0404 90 13 939		34,19
0404 90 19 110		95,79
0404 90 19 115		96,54
0404 90 19 120		97,91
0404 90 19 130		105,86
0404 90 19 135		108,57

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0404 90 19 150		118,92
0404 90 19 160		125,16
0404 90 19 180		132,07
0404 90 19 900		—
0404 90 31 100		50,00
0404 90 31 910		4,55
0404 90 31 950		17,83
0404 90 33 120		50,00
0404 90 33 130		82,38
0404 90 33 140		87,56
0404 90 33 150		95,00
0404 90 33 911		4,55
0404 90 33 913		10,51
0404 90 33 915		16,29
0404 90 33 917		25,72
0404 90 33 919		39,20
0404 90 33 931		17,83
0404 90 33 933		22,30
0404 90 33 935		27,65
0404 90 33 937		32,67
0404 90 33 939		34,19
0404 90 39 110		95,79
0404 90 39 115		96,54
0404 90 39 120		97,91
0404 90 39 130		105,86
0404 90 39 150		108,57
0404 90 39 900		—
0404 90 51 100		0,5000
0404 90 51 910		0,0455
0404 90 51 950		20,57
0404 90 53 110		0,5000
0404 90 53 130		0,8238
0404 90 53 150		0,8756
0404 90 53 170		0,9500
0404 90 53 911		0,0455
0404 90 53 913		0,1051
0404 90 53 915		0,1629
0404 90 53 917		0,2572
0404 90 53 919		0,3920
0404 90 53 931		20,57
0404 90 53 933		25,13
0404 90 53 935		34,08
0404 90 53 937		35,55
0404 90 53 939		—
0404 90 59 130		0,9579
0404 90 59 150		1,0586
0404 90 59 930		0,5652
0404 90 59 950		0,8155
0404 90 59 990		0,9310
0404 90 91 100		0,5000
0404 90 91 910		0,0455
0404 90 91 950		20,57
0404 90 93 110		0,5000
0404 90 93 130		0,8238
0404 90 93 150		0,8756

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0404 90 93 170		0,9500
0404 90 93 911		0,0455
0404 90 93 913		0,1051
0404 90 93 915		0,1629
0404 90 93 917		0,2572
0404 90 93 919		0,3920
0404 90 93 931		20,57
0404 90 93 933		25,13
0404 90 93 935		34,08
0404 90 93 937		35,55
0404 90 93 939		—
0404 90 99 130		0,9579
0404 90 99 150		1,0586
0404 90 99 930		0,5652
0404 90 99 950		0,8155
0404 90 99 990		0,9310
0405 00 10 100		—
0405 00 10 200		117,20
0405 00 10 300		147,44
0405 00 10 500		151,22
0405 00 10 700		155,00
0405 00 90 100		155,00
0405 00 90 900		196,00
0406 10 10 000		—
0406 10 90 000		—
0406 20 90 100		—
0406 20 90 913	028	—
	032	—
	400	87,74
	404	—
	...	84,94
0406 20 90 915	028	—
	032	—
	400	116,99
	404	—
	...	113,25
0406 20 90 917	028	—
	032	—
	400	124,30
	404	—
	...	120,33
0406 20 90 919	028	—
	032	—
	400	138,92
	404	—
	...	134,49
0406 20 90 990		—
0406 30 10 100		—
0406 30 10 150	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	20,03
	404	—
	...	22,83

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 30 10 200	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 10 250	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 10 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	—
	...	71,42
0406 30 10 350	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 10 400	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	—
	...	71,42
0406 30 10 450	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 10 500		—
0406 30 10 550	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	20,00
	...	48,68

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 30 10 600	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	28,00
	...	71,42
0406 30 10 650	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 10 700	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 10 750	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,54
	404	—
	...	126,87
0406 30 10 800	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,54
	404	—
	...	126,87
0406 30 10 900		—
0406 30 31 100		—
0406 30 31 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	20,03
	404	—
	...	22,83
0406 30 31 500	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (°)	Amount of refund
0406 30 31 710	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 31 730	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	—
	...	71,42
0406 30 31 910	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 31 930	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	—
	...	71,42
0406 30 31 950	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 39 100		—
0406 30 39 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	20,00
	...	48,68
0406 30 39 500	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	28,00
	...	71,42

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 30 39 700	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 39 930	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 39 950	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,54
	404	—
	...	126,87
0406 30 90 000	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,54
	404	—
	...	126,87
0406 40 00 100		—
0406 40 00 900	028	—
	032	—
	038	—
	400	120,00
	404	—
	...	126,51
0406 90 13 000	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,00
	404	—
	...	159,34
0406 90 15 100	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,00
	404	—
	...	159,34
0406 90 15 900		—

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 17 100	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,00
	404	—
	...	159,34
0406 90 17 900		—
0406 90 21 100		—
0406 90 21 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	732	139,68
	...	151,68
0406 90 23 100		—
0406 90 23 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	732	123,35
	...	135,35
0406 90 25 100		—
0406 90 25 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	732	123,35
	...	135,35
0406 90 27 100		—
0406 90 27 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	56,14
	404	—
	...	114,71
0406 90 31 111		—
0406 90 31 119	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	15,00
	400	62,48
	404	16,00
	...	89,96

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 31 151	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	58,40
	404	14,96
	...	83,83
0406 90 31 159		—
0406 90 31 900		—
0406 90 33 111		—
0406 90 33 119	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	15,00
	400	62,48
	404	16,00
	...	89,96
0406 90 33 151	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	58,40
	404	14,96
	...	83,83
0406 90 33 159		—
0406 90 33 911		—
0406 90 33 919	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	15,00
	400	62,48
	404	16,00
	...	89,96
0406 90 33 951	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	58,40
	404	14,96
	...	83,83
0406 90 33 959		—
0406 90 35 110		—
0406 90 35 190	028	—
	032	—
	036	42,66
	400	160,00
	404	90,00
	...	158,54

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 35 910		—
0406 90 35 990	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00
0406 90 61 000	028	—
	032	—
	036	90,00
	400	190,00
	404	140,00
	...	185,00
0406 90 63 100	028	—
	032	—
	036	105,03
	400	220,00
	404	160,00
	...	212,12
0406 90 63 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	70,00
	400	150,00
	404	80,00
	...	165,00
0406 90 69 100		—
0406 90 69 910	028	—
	032	—
	036	70,00
	400	150,00
	404	80,00
	...	165,00
0406 90 69 990		—
0406 90 71 100		—
0406 90 71 930	028	13,50
	032	13,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	87,23
	404	—
	...	89,49

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 71 950	028	20,00
	032	20,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	96,18
	404	—
	...	98,13
0406 90 71 970	028	24,00
	032	24,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	109,31
	404	—
	...	110,79
0406 90 71 991	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00
0406 90 71 995	028	27,50
	032	27,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	...	135,35
0406 90 71 999		—
0406 90 73 100		—
0406 90 73 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	42,66
	400	160,00
	404	120,00
	...	151,00
0406 90 75 100		—
0406 90 75 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	...	125,96
0406 90 77 100	028	24,00
	032	24,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	58,77
	404	—
	...	110,79

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 77 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	732	123,35
	...	135,35
0406 90 77 500	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	75,00
	404	—
	732	123,35
	...	135,35
0406 90 79 100		—
0406 90 79 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	56,14
	404	—
	...	114,71
0406 90 81 100		—
0406 90 81 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00
0406 90 83 100		—
0406 90 83 910		—
0406 90 83 950	028	—
	032	—
	400	39,03
	404	—
	...	47,97
0406 90 83 990	028	—
	032	—
	400	39,03
	404	—
	...	47,97
0406 90 85 100		—
0406 90 85 910	028	—
	032	—
	036	42,67
	400	160,00
	404	90,00
	...	158,54

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 85 991	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00
0406 90 85 995	028	27,50
	032	27,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	732	123,35
	...	135,35
0406 90 85 999		—
0406 90 89 100	028	13,50
	032	13,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	87,23
	404	—
	...	89,49
0406 90 89 200	028	20,00
	032	20,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	96,18
	404	—
	...	98,13
0406 90 89 300	028	24,00
	032	24,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	109,31
	404	—
	...	110,79
0406 90 89 910		—
0406 90 89 951	028	—
	032	—
	036	42,66
	400	160,00
	404	90,00
	...	151,00
0406 90 89 959	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 89 971	028	27,50
	032	27,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	74,00
	404	—
	732	123,35
	...	135,35
0406 90 89 972	028	—
	032	—
	400	39,03
	404	—
	...	47,97
0406 90 89 979	028	27,50
	032	27,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	74,00
	404	—
	732	123,35
	...	135,35
0406 90 89 990		—
0406 90 91 100		—
0406 90 91 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	21,46
	404	—
	...	21,06
0406 90 91 510	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	37,62
	404	—
	...	35,97
0406 90 91 550	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	45,81
	404	—
	...	43,62
0406 90 91 900		—
0406 90 93 000		—
0406 90 97 000		—
0406 90 99 000		—
2309 10 15 010		—
2309 10 15 100		—
2309 10 15 200		15,00
2309 10 15 300		20,00
2309 10 15 400		25,00
2309 10 15 500		30,00
2309 10 15 700		35,00

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
2309 10 15 900		—
2309 10 19 010		—
2309 10 19 100		—
2309 10 19 200		15,00
2309 10 19 300		20,00
2309 10 19 400		25,00
2309 10 19 500		30,00
2309 10 19 600		35,00
2309 10 19 700		37,50
2309 10 19 800		40,00
2309 10 19 900		—
2309 10 70 010		—
2309 10 70 100		15,00
2309 10 70 200		20,00
2309 10 70 300		25,00
2309 10 70 500		30,00
2309 10 70 600		35,00
2309 10 70 700		40,00
2309 10 70 800		44,00
2309 10 70 900		—
2309 90 35 010		—
2309 90 35 100		—
2309 90 35 200		15,00
2309 90 35 300		20,00
2309 90 35 400		25,00
2309 90 35 500		30,00
2309 90 35 700		35,00
2309 90 35 900		—
2309 90 39 010		—
2309 90 39 100		—
2309 90 39 200		15,00
2309 90 39 300		20,00
2309 90 39 400		25,00
2309 90 39 500		30,00
2309 90 39 600		35,00
2309 90 39 700		37,50
2309 90 39 800		40,00
2309 90 39 900		—
2309 90 70 010		—
2309 90 70 100		15,00
2309 90 70 200		20,00
2309 90 70 300		25,00
2309 90 70 500		30,00
2309 90 70 600		35,00
2309 90 70 700		40,00
2309 90 70 800		44,00
2309 90 70 900		—

(*) The code numbers for the destinations are those set out in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3639/86 (OJ No L 336, 29. 11. 1986, p. 46).

For destinations other than those indicated for each 'product code', the amount of the refund applying is indicated by "".

Where no destination is indicated, the amount of the refund is applicable for exports to any destination other than those referred to in Article 1 (2) and (3).

NB: The product codes and the footnotes are defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87 as amended (OJ No L 366, 24. 12. 1987, p. 1).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3081/89

of 12 October 1989

fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2860/89⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products in the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed, account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand, and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on cereals is being calculated;

Whereas these specific criteria are defined, as far as wheat and rye flour, groats and meal are concerned, in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75; whereas furthermore, when the refund on these products is being calculated,

account must be taken of the quantities of cereals required for their manufacture; whereas these quantities were fixed in Commission Regulation No 162/67/EEC⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1607/71⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 % a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87⁽⁷⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules set out above to the present situation on the market in cereals, and in particular to quotations or prices for these products within the Community and on the world market, that the refunds should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 275 of the Act of Accession, refunds may be granted in the case of exports to Portugal; whereas, in the light of the situation and the level of prices no refund should be fixed in the case of exports to Portugal;

Whereas the Management Committee for Cereals has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 274, 23. 9. 1989, p. 41.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 128, 27. 6. 1967, p. 2574/67.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 16.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

The refund on export to Portugal has not been fixed.

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 October 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 October 1989 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0709 90 60 000	—	—
0712 90 19 000	—	—
1001 10 10 000	06	95,00
	07	95,00
	02	0
1001 10 90 000	01	10,00
1001 90 91 000	08	35,00
	02	0
1001 90 99 000	04	34,00
	05	34,00
	02	10,00
1002 00 00 000	03	34,00
	05	34,00
	02	10,00
1003 00 10 000	09	57,00
	02	0
1003 00 90 000	04	55,00
	02	0
	10	67,00
1004 00 10 000	08	57,00
	02	0
1004 00 90 000	01	0
1005 10 90 000	—	—
1005 90 00 000	03	40,00
	02	0
1007 00 90 000	—	—
1008 20 00 000	—	—
1101 00 00 110	01	60,00
1101 00 00 120	01	60,00
1101 00 00 130	01	54,00
1101 00 00 150	01	51,00
1101 00 00 170	01	48,00
1101 00 00 180	01	45,00
1101 00 00 190	—	—
1101 00 00 900	—	—
1102 10 00 100	01	60,00
1102 10 00 200	01	60,00
1102 10 00 300	01	60,00
1102 10 00 500	01	60,00
1102 10 00 900	—	—
1103 11 10 100	01	169,00
1103 11 10 200	01	160,00
1103 11 10 500	01	143,00
1103 11 10 900	01	135,00
1103 11 90 100	01	60,00
1103 11 90 900	—	—

(¹) The destinations are identified as follows:

- 01 All third countries,
- 02 Other third countries,
- 03 Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein,
- 04 Switzerland, Austria, Liechtenstein, Ceuta and Melilla,
- 05 Zone II b),
- 06 Turkey,
- 07 Algeria,
- 08 Zone I,
- 09 Zone VI, Zone I,
- 10 Soviet Union.

NB: The zones are those defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 53), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 296/88 (OJ No L 30, 2. 2. 1988, p. 9).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3082/89

of 12 October 1989

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2860/89 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence; whereas, in this case, a corrective amount must be applied to the refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1906/87 ⁽⁵⁾, made possible the fixing of a corrective amount for certain products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75 ⁽⁶⁾ laid down detailed rules for the advance fixing of export refunds for cereals and certain products processed from cereals;

Whereas, pursuant to that Regulation, when the corrective amount is being fixed, account must be taken of the exist-

ing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and possibilities and conditions for the sale of cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Regulation provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas for the products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 account should be taken of the specific criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the corrective amount according to destination;

Whereas the corrective amount must be fixed at the same time as the refund and according to the same procedure; whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas, if the system of corrective amounts is to operate normally, corrective amounts should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87 ⁽⁸⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the preceding indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 274, 23. 9. 1989, p. 41.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 182, 3. 7. 1987, p. 49.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 131, 22. 5. 1975, p. 15.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

export refunds fixed in advance in respect of cereals shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 which is applicable to

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 October 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 October 1989 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

(ECU/tonne)

Product code	Destination (*)	Current 10	1st period 11	2nd period 12	3rd period 1	4th period 2	5th period 3	6th period 4
0709 90 60 000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
0712 90 19 000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1001 10 10 000	01	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
1001 10 90 000	01	0	0	0	0	- 40,00	- 40,00	- 40,00
1001 90 91 000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1001 90 99 000	01	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00	- 30,00
1002 00 00 000	01	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00	- 30,00
1003 00 10 000	01	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
1003 00 90 000	01	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00	- 30,00	- 30,00	- 30,00
1004 00 10 000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1004 00 90 000	01	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00	- 30,00
1005 10 90 000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1005 90 00 000	01	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00	- 30,00	- 30,00
1007 00 90 000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1008 20 00 000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1101 00 00 110	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1101 00 00 120	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1101 00 00 130	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1101 00 00 150	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1101 00 00 170	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1101 00 00 180	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1101 00 00 190	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1101 00 00 900	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1102 10 00 100	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1102 10 00 200	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1102 10 00 300	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1102 10 00 500	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 30,00	- 30,00
1102 10 00 900	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1103 11 10 100	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 50,00	- 50,00
1103 11 10 200	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 50,00	- 50,00
1103 11 10 500	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 50,00	- 50,00
1103 11 10 900	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 50,00	- 50,00
1103 11 90 100	01	0	0	0	0	0	- 50,00	- 50,00
1103 11 90 900	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

(*) For the following destinations:

01 All third countries.

NB: The zones are those defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 53), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 296/88 (OJ No L 30, 2. 2. 1988, p. 9).