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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 25/89

of 6 January 1989

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2221/88 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2401/88 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central

rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 5 January 1989;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2401/88 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 January 1989.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 197, 26. 7. 1988, p. 16.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 205, 30. 7. 1988, p. 96.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 January 1989 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Levies	
	Portugal	Third country
0709 90 60	0,34	122,41
0712 90 19	0,34	122,41
1001 10 10	44,60	186,56 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
1001 10 90	44,60	186,56 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
1001 90 91	0,00	118,30
1001 90 99	0,00	118,30
1002 00 00	36,62	114,96 ⁽³⁾
1003 00 10	29,63	122,64
1003 00 90	29,63	122,64
1004 00 10	85,40	77,63
1004 00 90	85,40	77,63
1005 10 90	0,34	122,41 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
1005 90 00	0,34	122,41 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
1007 00 90	24,28	133,22 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 10 00	29,63	42,15
1008 20 00	29,63	116,88 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 30 00	29,63	0,00 ⁽⁵⁾
1008 90 10	(7)	(7)
1008 90 90	29,63	0,00
1101 00 00	7,30	179,64
1102 10 00	64,28	174,96
1103 11 10	82,51	301,70
1103 11 90	6,80	192,93

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by ECU 1,81/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 (OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10) and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71 (OJ No L 271, 10. 12. 1971, p. 22).

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within CN code 1008 90 10 (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 26/89

of 6 January 1989

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2221/88 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2402/88 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 5 January 1989;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from Portugal shall be zero.

2. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 January 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 197, 26. 7. 1988, p. 16.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 205, 30. 7. 1988, p. 99.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 January 1989 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

CN code	(ECU/tonne)			
	Current 1	1st period 2	2nd period 3	3rd period 4
0709 90 60	0	0	0	0
0712 90 19	0	0	0	0
1001 10 10	0	0	0	0
1001 10 90	0	0	0	0
1001 90 91	0	10,55	10,55	10,55
1001 90 99	0	10,55	10,55	10,55
1002 00 00	0	0	0	0
1003 00 10	0	0	0	0
1003 00 90	0	0	0	0
1004 00 10	0	0	0	0
1004 00 90	0	0	0	0
1005 10 90	0	0	0	0
1005 90 00	0	0	0	0
1007 00 90	0	0	0	0
1008 10 00	0	0	0	0
1008 20 00	0	0	0	0
1008 30 00	0	0	0	0
1008 90 90	0	0	0	0
1101 00 00	0	14,77	14,77	14,77

B. Malt

CN code	(ECU/tonne)				
	Current 1	1st period 2	2nd period 3	3rd period 4	4th period 5
1107 10 11	0	18,78	18,78	18,78	18,78
1107 10 19	0	14,03	14,03	14,03	14,03
1107 10 91	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 99	0	0	0	0	0
1107 20 00	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 27/89
of 6 January 1989
fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2229/88⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 11 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 883/87 of 23 March 1987 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3877/86 on imports rice of the long-grain aromatic Basmati variety falling within CN code 1006 10, 1006 20 and 1006 30⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 8 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2699/88⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 4158/88⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2699/88 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 January 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 197, 26. 7. 1988, p. 30.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 80, 24. 3. 1987, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 307, 12. 11. 1988, p. 17.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 367, 31. 12. 1988, p. 18.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 January 1989 fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Portugal	Third countries (except ACP or OCT) (¹)	ACP or OCT (¹) (²) (³)	Arrangement in Regulation (EEC) No 3877/86
1006 10 21	—	301,36	147,08	—
1006 10 92	—	301,36	147,08	—
1006 10 23	—	302,60	147,70	226,95
1006 10 94	—	302,60	147,70	226,95
1006 10 25	—	302,60	147,70	226,95
1006 10 96	—	302,60	147,70	226,95
1006 10 27	—	302,60	147,70	226,95
1006 10 98	—	302,60	147,70	226,95
1006 20 11	—	376,70	184,75	—
1006 20 92	—	376,70	184,75	—
1006 20 13	—	378,25	185,52	283,69
1006 20 94	—	378,25	185,52	283,69
1006 20 15	—	378,25	185,52	283,69
1006 20 96	—	378,25	185,52	283,69
1006 20 17	—	378,25	185,52	283,69
1006 20 98	—	378,25	185,52	283,69
1006 30 21	13,05	501,71	238,93	—
1006 30 42	13,05	501,71	238,93	—
1006 30 23	12,97	588,42	282,32	441,32
1006 30 44	12,97	588,42	282,32	441,32
1006 30 25	12,97	588,42	282,32	441,32
1006 30 46	12,97	588,42	282,32	441,32
1006 30 27	12,97	588,42	282,32	441,32
1006 30 48	12,97	588,42	282,32	441,32
1006 30 61	13,90	534,33	254,81	—
1006 30 92	13,90	534,33	254,81	—
1006 30 63	13,90	630,79	303,04	473,09
1006 30 94	13,90	630,79	303,04	473,09
1006 30 65	13,90	630,79	303,04	473,09
1006 30 96	13,90	630,79	303,04	473,09
1006 30 67	13,90	630,79	303,04	473,09
1006 30 98	13,90	630,79	303,04	473,09
1006 40 00	0	114,56	54,28	—

(¹) Subject to the application of the provisions of Articles 10 and 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 and of Regulation No 551/85.

(²) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85, the levies are not applied to imports into the overseas department of Réunion of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

(³) The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Réunion is specified in Article 11a of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76.

N.B. The levies are to be converted into national currencies using the specific agricultural conversion rates fixed in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3294/86 (OJ No L 304, 30. 10. 1986, p. 25).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 28/89**of 6 January 1989****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2229/88⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (6) thereof,Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2700/88⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 4159/88⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto,

Article 1

1. The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice originating in Portugal shall be zero.

2. The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice originating in third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 January 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 197, 26. 7. 1988, p. 30.⁽³⁾ OJ No L 241, 1. 9. 1988, p. 30.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 367, 31. 12. 1988, p. 20.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 January 1989 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

CN code	(ECU/tonne)			
	Current 1	1st period 2	2nd period 3	3rd period 4
1006 10 21	0	0	0	—
1006 10 92	0	0	0	—
1006 10 23	0	0	0	—
1006 10 94	0	0	0	—
1006 10 25	0	0	0	—
1006 10 96	0	0	0	—
1006 10 27	0	0	0	—
1006 10 98	0	0	0	—
1006 20 11	0	0	0	—
1006 20 92	0	0	0	—
1006 20 13	0	0	0	—
1006 20 94	0	0	0	—
1006 20 15	0	0	0	—
1006 20 96	0	0	0	—
1006 20 17	0	0	0	—
1006 20 98	0	0	0	—
1006 30 21	0	0	0	—
1006 30 42	0	0	0	—
1006 30 23	0	0	0	—
1006 30 44	0	0	0	—
1006 30 25	0	0	0	—
1006 30 46	0	0	0	—
1006 30 27	0	0	0	—
1006 30 48	0	0	0	—
1006 30 61	0	0	0	—
1006 30 92	0	0	0	—
1006 30 63	0	0	0	—
1006 30 94	0	0	0	—
1006 30 65	0	0	0	—
1006 30 96	0	0	0	—
1006 30 67	0	0	0	—
1006 30 98	0	0	0	—
1006 40 00	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 29/89

of 6 January 1989

altering the specific agricultural conversion rates applicable in the rice sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the conversion rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (4) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85 of 11 June 1985 on monetary compensatory amounts in agriculture⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1889/87⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 9 (2) thereof,Whereas by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3294/86⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 4053/88⁽⁶⁾, specific agricultural conversion rates to be applied in the rice sector were established; whereas those conversion rates must be altered pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3153/85⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3770/87⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3153/85 lays down detailed rules for the calculation of monetary compensatory amounts; whereas the spot market rate for the peseta, the pound sterling and the Italian lira recorded in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 3153/85 during the period 28 December 1988 to 3 January 1989 require the specific agricultural conversion rate applicable for Spain, the United Kingdom and Italy to be altered pursuant to Article 9 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3294/86 is replaced by the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 January 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 182, 3. 7. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 304, 30. 10. 1986, p. 25.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 356, 24. 12. 1988, p. 15.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 310, 21. 11. 1985, p. 4.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 355, 17. 12. 1987, p. 16.

*ANNEX***Specific agricultural conversion rate for rice**

(Regulation (EEC) No 3294/86)

1 ECU	= Bfs	48,2869
	= DM	2,34113
	= Dkr	8,93007
	= Dr	192,844
	= Pta	148,507
	= FF	7,85183
	= £Irl	0,873900
	= Lit	1 767,64
	= Fl	2,63785
	= £	0,743928

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 30/89**of 6 January 1989****fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 12 to 18 December 1988**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1347/86 of 6 May 1986 on the granting of a premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals in the United Kingdom ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 467/87 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1695/86 of 30 May 1986 laying down detailed rules for the application of the premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals for slaughter in the United Kingdom ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3988/87 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 7 (1) thereof,

Whereas, under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1347/86, an amount equivalent to the amount of the variable slaughter premium granted in the United Kingdom is levied on meat and meat preparations from animals on which it has been paid, when they are consigned to other Member States or to non-member countries;

Whereas, under Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1695/86 the amounts to be charged on departure from the territory of the United Kingdom of the products listed

in the Annex to the said Regulation must be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas, accordingly, the amounts to be levied on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 12 to 18 December 1988 should be fixed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Pursuant to Article 3 of amended Regulation (EEC) No 1347/86, the amounts to be levied on the products referred to in Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1695/86 which left the territory of the United Kingdom during the week 12 to 18 December 1988 shall be those set out in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 12 December 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 40.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 48, 17. 2. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 146, 31. 5. 1986, p. 56.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 376, 31. 12. 1987, p. 31.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 January 1989 fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 12 to 18 December 1988

(ECU/100 kg net weight)	
CN code	Amount
0201 10 10	12,00213
0201 10 90	12,00213
0201 20 11	12,00213
0201 20 19	12,00213
0201 20 31	9,60170
0201 20 39	9,60170
0201 20 51	14,40256
0201 20 59	14,40256
0201 20 90	9,60170
0201 30	16,44292
0202 10 00	12,00213
0202 20 10	12,00213
0202 20 30	9,60170
0202 20 50	14,40256
0202 20 90	9,60170
0202 30 10	16,44292
0202 30 50	16,44292
0202 30 90	16,44292
0206 10 95	16,44292
0206 29 91	16,44292
0210 20 10	9,60170
0210 20 90	13,68243
0210 90 41	13,68243
1602 50 10 ⁽¹⁾	13,68243
1602 50 10 ⁽²⁾	9,60170

⁽¹⁾ Containing 80 % or more by weight of beef meat.

⁽²⁾ Other.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 31/89

of 6 January 1989

fixing for Great Britain the level of the variable slaughter premium for sheep
and the amounts to be charged on products leaving region 5

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 of 27 June 1980 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1115/88 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 of 8 June 1984 laying down detailed rules for applying the variable slaughter premium for sheep and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 2661/80 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3939/87 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Articles 3 (1) and 4 (1) thereof,

Whereas the United Kingdom is the only country which grants the variable slaughter premium, in region 5, within the meaning of Article 3 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80; whereas it is necessary therefore for the Commission to fix, for the week beginning 12 December 1988, the level of the premium and the amount to be charged on products leaving that region;

Whereas Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 stipulates that the level of the variable slaughter premium is to be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 lays down that the amount to be charged on products leaving region 5 shall be fixed weekly by the Commission;

Whereas in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1310/88 of 11 May 1988 on the application of the guarantee limitation arrangements for sheepmeat and goatmeat ⁽⁵⁾ the weekly amounts of the guide level are set out pursuant to Article 9a (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80;

Whereas, pursuant to the provisions of Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80, for the week beginning 12

December 1988, the variable slaughter premium for sheep certified as eligible in the United Kingdom is to be in accordance with the amounts fixed in the Annexes hereto; whereas, for that week, in the light of the Judgment of the Court of Justice of 2 February 1988 in Case 61/86, the provisions of Article 9 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 and of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 lead to the amounts to be charged on products, leaving region 5, being fixed in accordance with those Annexes;

Whereas, as regards the controls necessary for the application of the provisions relating to the said amounts, the system of controls provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 should be maintained without prejudice to the preparation of any more specific provisions following the abovementioned Judgment of the Court of Justice,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For sheep or sheepmeat certified as eligible in the United Kingdom in region 5, within the meaning of Article 3 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80, for the variable slaughter premium during the week beginning 12 December 1988, the level of the premium is fixed at 90,904 ECU/100 kilograms of estimated or actual dressed carcase weight within the limits laid down by Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84.

Article 2

For products referred to in Article 1 (a) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80, which left the territory of region 5 during the week beginning 12 December 1988, the amounts to be charged shall be equivalent to those fixed in the Annexes hereto.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 12 December 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 16. 7. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 110, 29. 4. 1988, p. 36.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 154, 9. 6. 1984, p. 27.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 373, 31. 12. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 122, 12. 5. 1988, p. 69.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1989.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

Amount to be charged for products leaving region 5 during the week commencing
12 December 1988

(ECU/100 kg)

CN code	Amounts	
	A. Products qualifying for the premium specified in Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80	B. Products specified in Article 4 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 ⁽¹⁾
	Live weight	Live weight
0104 10 90	42,725	0
0104 20 90		0
	Net weight	Net weight
0204 10 00	90,904	0
0204 21 00	90,904	0
0204 50 11		0
0204 22 10	63,633	
0204 22 30	99,994	
0204 22 50	118,175	
0204 22 90	118,175	
0204 23 00	165,445	
0204 30 00	68,178	
0204 41 00	68,178	
0204 42 10	47,725	
0204 42 30	74,996	
0204 42 50	88,631	
0204 42 90	88,631	
0204 43 00	124,084	
0204 50 13		0
0204 50 15		0
0204 50 19		0
0204 50 31		0
0204 50 39		0
0204 50 51		0
0204 50 53		0
0204 50 55		0
0204 50 59		0
0204 50 71		0
0204 50 79		0
0210 90 11	118,175	
0210 90 19	165,445	
1602 90 71 :		
— unboned (bone-in)	118,175	
— boned or boneless	165,445	

⁽¹⁾ Eligibility for these reduced amounts is subject to compliance with the conditions laid down in the second subparagraph of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 32/89
of 6 January 1989
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2306/88 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2336/88 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 12/89 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2336/88 to the infor-

mation known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 January 1989.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1989.

For the Commission
Ray MAC SHARRY
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 201, 27. 7. 1988, p. 65.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 203, 28. 7. 1988, p. 22.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 3, 5. 1. 1989, p. 11.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 January 1989 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)

CN code	Levy
1701 11 10	37,32 ⁽¹⁾
1701 11 90	37,32 ⁽¹⁾
1701 12 10	37,32 ⁽¹⁾
1701 12 90	37,32 ⁽¹⁾
1701 91 00	44,88
1701 99 10	44,88
1701 99 90	44,88 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Article 16 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 this amount is also applicable to sugar obtained from white and raw sugar containing added substances other than flavouring or colouring matter.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 33/89

of 5 January 1989

amending Regulation (EEC) No 103/76 laying down common marketing standards for certain fresh or chilled fish

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3796/81 of 29 December 1981 on the common organization of the market in fishery products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3468/88⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 103/76⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3940/87⁽⁴⁾, laid down common marketing standards for certain fresh or chilled fish;

Whereas Article 14b of Regulation (EEC) No 3796/81 provides for a flat-rate aid scheme for the species listed in Annex VI to that Regulation and common standards must be laid down for the species concerned to enable it to be applied; whereas those species must therefore be covered by the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 103/76;

Whereas experience has shown the need to simplify the common marketing standards to ensure that they are applied more uniformly throughout the Community; whereas the arithmetic rating method should therefore be discontinued and minimum requirements introduced that will help raise the quality of the fish in each freshness category;

Whereas, in the assessment of fish quality, freshness is decisive; whereas rules for assessing freshness should therefore be specified;

Whereas the presence of parasites may affect the commercial value of products put up for sale; whereas it is necessary to specify that any adverse effect such parasites may have on the quality of the product must be taken into account during the classification;

Whereas provision should be made for the application of sampling arrangements to pelagic species other than mackerel and herring; whereas the Commission should consequently be authorized to adopt rules of application in regard to the species to be covered by those arrangements;

Whereas it is necessary to prevent the market in fishery products from being disturbed by the marketing of

species of an unsatisfactory quality liable to deter consumers from purchasing these products; whereas certain minimum freshness criteria for marketing for human consumption should be laid down for all but anadromous species;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 103/76 should therefore be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 103/76 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 3 is replaced by the following:

Article 3

Marketing standards are hereby laid down for the following species of sea fish, falling within CN code 0302, with the exception of fish meat:

- Plaice (*Pleuronectes platessa*)
- Albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*)
- Bluefin tuna (*Thunnus thynnus*)
- Bigeye tuna (*Thunnus* or *Parathunnus obesus*)
- Herring of the species *Clupea harengus*
- Cod of the species *Gadus morhua*
- Sardines of the species *Sardina pilchardus*
- Haddock (*Melanogrammus aeglefinus*)
- Coalfish (*Pollachius virens*)
- Pollack (*Pollachius pollachius*)
- Mackerel of the species *Scomber scombrus*
- Mackerel of the species *Scomber japonicus*
- Horse mackerel (*Trachurus* spp.)
- Piked dogfish (*Squalus acanthias*)
- Spotted dogfish (*Scyliorhinus* spp.)
- Redfish (*Sebastes* spp.)
- Whiting (*Merlangus merlangus*)
- Blue Whiting (*Micromesistius poutassou* or *Gadus poutassou*)
- Ling (*Molva* spp.)
- Anchovies (*Engraulis* spp.)
- Hake of the species *Merluccius merluccius*
- Megrim (*Lepidorhombus* spp.)
- Ray's bream (*Brama* spp.)
- Monkfish (*Lophius* spp.)
- Dab (*Limanda limanda*)

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 379, 31. 12. 1981, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 305, 10. 11. 1988, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 20, 28. 1. 1976, p. 29.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 373, 31. 12. 1987, p. 6.

- Lemon sole (*Microstomus kitt*)
- Pout (*Trisopterus luscus*)
- Bogue (*Boops boops*)
- Picarel (*Maena smaris*)
- Conger eel (*Conger conger*)
- Gurnard (*Trigla* spp.)
- Mullet (*Mugil* spp.)
- Skate (*Raja* spp.)

2. The third subparagraph of Article 5 is replaced by the following :

'On the basis of the freshness ratings in Annex A, fish shall be classified by lot in freshness categories "Extra", A or B'.

3. Article 6 is replaced by the following :

Article 6

1. Fish in freshness categories "Extra", A or B shall attain at least the freshness ratings fixed for the category concerned in Annex A.
2. Fish in freshness category "Extra" must be free from pressure marks, injuries, blemishes and bad discoloration.
3. Fish in freshness category A must be free from blemishes and bad discoloration. A very small proportion with slight pressure marks and superficial injuries shall be tolerated.
4. For freshness category B, a very small proportion of fish with more serious pressure marks and slight injuries shall be tolerated. Fish must be free of blemishes and bad discoloration.
5. For the purpose of classifying products into the various freshness categories, without prejudice to the applicable health rules, account shall also be taken of the presence of parasites and any adverse effect they may have on the quality of the products having regard to their nature and presentation.
6. Fish taken by vessels, the voyage duration of which is more than about one day, that were not, after capture, properly iced or subjected to equivalent treatment or kept under equivalent temperature sufficient to assure their freshness, may not be classified in categories Extra or A unless appropriate examination so permits.
7. The detailed rules for the application of this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33 of Regulation (EEC) No 3796/81.

4. Articles 8a to 12 are replaced by the following :

Article 9

Pelagic species may be classified under the various categories of freshness and size on the basis of a sampling system. This system must ensure that the freshness, and size of the fish contained in the lot are as uniform as possible.

Detailed rules for the application of this Article and in particular the determination of the number of samples to be taken, the weight or volume of fish in each sample and the methods for assessing the classification and checking the weight of lots offered for sale shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 33 of Regulation (EEC) No 3796/81.

Article 10

1. Fish as specified in Article 3 imported from third countries may be marketed in the Community for human consumption only if :

- (a) it complies with the provisions of Articles 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 ;
- (b) it is presented in packages on which the following information is clearly and legibly marked :
 - country of origin, printed in roman letters which are at least 20 mm high,
 - species of fish,
 - presentation,
 - freshness and size categories,
 - net weight in kg of the fish in the package,
 - date of grading and date of dispatch,
 - name and address of sender.

2. However, fish landed in a Community port direct from the fishing grounds from vessels flying the flag of a third country and intended for marketing for human consumption shall be subject, when put on the market, to the same provisions as those applicable to Community catches.

Article 11

The industry shall grade fish for freshness and size in collaboration with experts designated for that purpose by the trade organizations concerned.

Article 12

Not later than one month before this Regulation begins to apply, each Member State shall supply the other Member States and the Commission with a list of the names and addresses of the experts and trade organizations referred to in Article 11. The other Member States and the Commission shall be informed of any amendments to this list.

Article 13

Sea fish with the exception of anadromous species falling under CN code 0302 that are not mentioned in Article 3 may not be marketed for human consumption within the Community if their freshness rating is equal to or below the "not admitted" level indicated in Annex A. The relevant inspections shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of Article 11.

5. Article 13 shall become Article 14.

6. Annex A shall be replaced by the text appearing in Annex I to this Regulation.

7. The table appearing in Annex II to this Regulation shall be added to Annex B.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 January 1989.

For the Council

The President

F. FERNANDEZ ORDOÑEZ

ANNEX I

ANNEX A

FRESHNESS RATINGS

	CRITERIA			
	Freshness category ⁽¹⁾			
	Extra	A	B	Not admitted
	APPEARANCE			
I. SKIN	Bright, iridescent pigmentation ; no discoloration Aqueous, transparent mucus	Pigmentation bright but not lustrous ; Slightly cloudy mucus	Pigmentation in the process of becoming discoloured and dull ; Milky mucus	Dull pigmentation ⁽¹⁾ Opaque mucus
EYE	Convex (bulging) ; Transparent cornea ; Black, bright pupil	Convex and slightly sunken ; Slightly opalescent cornea ; Black, dull pupil	Flat ; Opalescent cornea ; Opaque pupil	Concave in the centre ⁽¹⁾ Milky cornea ; Grey pupil
GILLS	Bright colour ; No mucus	Less coloured ; Slight traces of clear mucus	Becoming discoloured ; Opaque mucus	Yellowish ⁽¹⁾ Milky mucus
II. FLESH (cut from abdomen)	Bluish, translucent, smooth shining ; No change in original colour ;	Velvety, waxy, dull ; Colour slightly changed	Slightly opaque	Opaque ⁽¹⁾
COLOUR ALONG THE VERTEBRAL COLUMN	Uncoloured	Slightly pink	Pink	Red ⁽¹⁾
ORGANS	Kidneys and residues of other organs should be bright red, as should the blood inside the aorta	Kidneys and residues of other organs should be dull red ; blood becoming discoloured	Kidneys, residues of other organs and blood should be pale red	Kidneys ⁽¹⁾ , residues of other organs and blood should be brownish in colour
I. FLESH	CONDITION			
	Firm and elastic ; Smooth surface	Less elastic	Slightly soft (flaccid), Less elastic ; Waxy (velvety) and dull surface	Soft (flaccid) ; ⁽¹⁾ Scales easily detached from skin, surface rather wrinkled
	II. VERTEBRAL COLUMN	Breaks instead of coming away	Sticks	Sticks slightly Does not stick ⁽¹⁾
	PERITONEUM	Sticks completely to flesh	Sticks	Sticks slightly Does not stick ⁽¹⁾
GILLS, SKIN, ABDOMINAL CAVITY	GILLS, SKIN,			
	Seaweed	No smell of seaweed or any bad smell	Slightly sour	Sour ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Or in a more advanced state of decay.⁽²⁾ In the case of monkfish from which the heads have been removed, classification shall be carried out on the basis of the headings applicable thereto.

ANNEX II

ANNEX B

SIZING

	Dab	Lemon sole	Albacore	Bluefin tuna
	kg/fish	kg/fish	kg/fish	kg/fish
Size 1	0,25 and over	0,6 and over	4 and over	70 and over
Size 2	From 0,13 up to but excluding 0,25	From 0,35 up to but excluding 0,6	From 1,5 up to but excluding 4	From 50 up to but excluding 70
Size 3		From 0,18 up to but excluding 0,35		From 25 up to but excluding 50
Size 4				From 10 up to but excluding 25
Size 5				From 6,4 up to but excluding 10

	Bigeye tuna	Pollack	Blue whiting	Pout
	kg/fish	kg/fish	kg/fish	kg/fish
Size 1	10 and over	5 and over	7 or less	0,35 and over
Size 2	From 3,2 up to but excluding 10	From 2,5 up to but excluding 5	From 8 to 14	From 0,25 up to but excluding 0,35
Size 3		From 1,5 up to but excluding 2,5	From 15 to 25	From 0,125 up to but excluding 0,25
Size 4		From 0,265 up to but excluding 1,5	From 26 to 50	From 0,06 up to but excluding 0,125

	Bogue	Picarel	Conger
	Number of fish to kg	Number of fish to kg	kg/fish
Size 1	5 or less	20 or less	7 and over
Size 2	6 to 31	21 to 40	From 5 up to but excluding 7
Size 3	32 to 70	41 to 90	From 0,5 up to but excluding 5

	Gurnard	
	Red gurnard	Other gurnards
Size 1	1 kg and over	0,25 and over
Size 2	From 0,4 up to but excluding 1 kg	From 0,2 up to but excluding 0,25
Size 3	From 0,2 up to but excluding 0,4	
Size 4	0,06 to 0,2	

	Horse Mackerel	Mullet	Skate	Skate (wings)
	kg/fish	kg/fish	kg/fish	kg/fish
Size 1	0,6 and over	1 and over	5 and over	3 and over
Size 2	From 0,4 up to but excluding 0,6	From 0,5 up to but excluding 1	From 3 up to but excluding 5	From 0,5 up to but excluding 3
Size 3	From 0,2 up to but excluding 0,4	From 0,2 up to but excluding 0,5	From 1 up to but excluding 3	
(a) Size 4	From 0,12 up to but excluding 0,2	From 0,1 up to but excluding 0,2	From 0,3 up to but excluding 1	
Size 5	From 0,02 up to but excluding 0,12			
(b) Size 4	From 0,08 up to but excluding 0,2			
Size 5	From 0,02 up to but excluding 0,08			
Mediterranean				

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 34/89

of 5 January 1989

imposing a definitive anti-dumping duty on imports of serial impact fully formed (SIFF) character printers originating in Japan

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2423/88 of 11 July 1988 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission, submitted after consultation within the Advisory Committee as provided for under the above Regulation,

Whereas :

A. Provisional action

- (1) The Commission, by Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88⁽²⁾, imposed a provisional anti-dumping duty on imports of serial impact fully formed character (daisywheel) printers originating in Japan. That duty was extended for a maximum period of two months by Regulation (EEC) No 3451/88⁽³⁾.

B. Subsequent procedure

- (2) Following the imposition of the provisional anti-dumping duty, a number of exporters, a number of independent importers and the complainant Community industry, requested, and were granted, an opportunity to be heard by the Commission. They also made written submissions making known their views on the findings.
- (3) Upon request, parties were also informed of the essential facts and considerations on the basis of which it was intended to recommend the imposition of definitive duties and the definitive collection of amounts secured by way of a provisional duty. They were also granted a period within which they could make representations subsequent to these disclosure meetings. Their comments were considered and, where appropriate, the Commission's findings were modified to take account of them.
- (4) In addition to the investigations leading to the preliminary determinations, the Commission

carried out further investigations at the premises of the complainant companies.

C. Product under consideration, like product and Community industry

- (5) In its provisional findings, the Commission concluded that the products under consideration were serial impact fully-formed character (SIFF) printers. The Commission considered that the similarities of all SIFF printers, as far as their technical and physical characteristics, as well as their application and end use, are concerned, outweigh, for the purposes of these proceedings, their differences and that, therefore, all SIFF printers are like products. Finally, the Commission interpreted the term 'Community industry' as referring to the two Community producers which are members of Europrint.
- (6) No arguments contesting these findings by the Commission were submitted. The Council confirms the Commission's conclusions as regards the product under consideration, like products and Community industry as stated in recitals 6 to 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88.

D. Normal value

- (7) Normal value was, for the purpose of definitive findings, established on the basis of the methods used for the provisional determination of dumping, taking into account new evidence concerning the cif Community frontier value of the product under investigation submitted by the parties concerned.
- (8) The Council confirms the Commission's provisional findings that neither of the two exporters concerned which cooperated in the investigation had sold, on the domestic market, a volume of own-brand sales of the like product more than the threshold, established by the Commission in previous cases, of 5 % of the volume of exports of these models to the Community.
- (9) It was thus considered that such own-brand sales were insufficient to be representative and that, accordingly, normal value for own-brand sales should be determined for all models on the basis of the constructed value. The constructed value was established on the basis of the costs, both fixed and variable in the country of origin of materials and manufacture for the model exported to the

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 209, 2. 8. 1988, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 177, 8. 7. 1988, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 302, 5. 11. 1988, p. 30.

Community plus a reasonable amount for selling, administrative and other general expenses and profit.

- (10) As regards the amounts of selling, administrative and other general expenses and profit to be included in such constructed values, the Commission's provisional findings as set out in recitals 15, 16 and 19 to 23 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88, against which no objections were raised, are confirmed by the Council.
- (11) As regards sales to Original Equipment Manufacturers i.e. models sold to, and subsequently by, the OEM companies under these companies' brand names, the Council also confirms the Commission's provisional findings in recitals 17 and 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88, against which no objections were raised.

E. Export price

- (12) With regard to exports made directly to independent importers in the Community, export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid, or payable, for the product sold.
- (13) In all other cases, exports were made to a subsidiary company which imported the product into the Community. In such cases it was considered appropriate, in view of the relationship between exporter and importer, that export prices be constructed on the basis of prices at which the imported products was first resold to an independent buyer. Discounts, rebates and the value of free goods directly linked with a sale under consideration were deducted from the price to the independent customer and suitable adjustment was made to take account of all costs incurred between import and resale, including all duties and taxes.
- (14) The Council also confirms the Commission's provisional findings regarding the calculation of export prices as stated in recitals 25 to 29 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88, against which no objections were raised.

F. Comparison

- (15) In order to place the export price and the normal value on a comparable basis, due allowance was made for differences affecting price comparability in accordance with Article 2 (9) and (10) of Regulation (EEC) No 2423/88. Accordingly, the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences such as differences in physical characteristics and differences in selling expenses, where claims of a direct relationship of these differences to the sales under consideration could be satisfactorily demonstrated. This was the case in respect of differences in credit terms, warranties,

commissions, salaries paid to salesmen, packing, transport, insurance, handling and ancillary costs.

- (16) Normal values were determined for the two companies concerned, ex domestic sales companies or sales organizations. Export prices were established ex export sales company or sales organisation.
- (17) As regards claims made for allowances under Article 2 (10) of Regulation (EEC) No 2423/84 in respect of certain overheads and general expenses, the Council confirms the Commission's findings as set out in recitals 32 and 33 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88.

G. Dumping margins

- (18) Weighted average values for each of the models of each exporter were compared with export prices, adjusted where necessary, of comparable models on a transaction-by-transaction basis. The examination of the facts shows the existence of dumping in respect of imports of daisywheel printers originating in Japan from both the Japanese exporters investigated. The margin of dumping was equal to the amount by which the normal value, as established, exceeds the price for export to the Community and expressed as a percentage of the respective cif Community frontier values was as follows:

— Tokyo Electric Co. Ltd, (TEC), Tokyo : 21,05 %
 — Juki Corporation, Tokyo
 (previously Tokyo Juki
 Industrial Co. Ltd): 22,01 %

- (19) For those exporters which neither replied to the Commission's questionnaire nor otherwise made themselves known, dumping was determined on the basis of the facts available. In this connection, the Commission considers that the information contained in the complaint provided the most appropriate basis for determination of the margin of dumping and that it would create an opportunity for circumvention of the duty to hold that the dumping margin for these exporters was any lower than the highest dumping margin (58 %) alleged in the complaint for a company which did not cooperate in the investigation. For these reasons it is considered appropriate to use this latter dumping margin for this group of exporters. The Council confirms these findings.

H. Injury

- (20) In its provisional findings, the Commission concluded that the Community SIFF printers industry is currently experiencing material injury. This conclusion was mainly based on the increase in the market share of the Japanese exporters, the price depression for SIFF printers, the price undercutting by the large majority of the Japanese exporters, the increase in stocks, and the decrease

of capacity utilization and of profitability of the Community industry (see recitals 36 to 41 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88).

- (21) Further investigations at the premises of the Community producers confirmed the existence of the abovementioned injury factors. As far as profitability (return on sales) is concerned, these investigations confirmed also that the profits of the Community industry had decreased substantially since 1984. The actual return on sales realized during the reference period by the Community industry was, however, higher than the profit rate taken into account for the provisional findings. Nevertheless, the Community industry's return of sales fell by 40 % between 1985 and 1987. On the basis of all these findings, the Council concludes that the Community SIFF printers industry is currently experiencing material injury.

I. Causation of injury

- (22) In Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88, the Commission based its findings concerning causation mainly on the fact that, on the one hand, total consumption in the Community remained stable or showed only a slight decrease while the profitability of the Community industry decreased dramatically and that, on the other hand, there was considerable market penetration and price undercutting by the Japanese exporters. The further investigations have yielded no indication which would contradict these findings nor have the exporters submitted any argument contesting the Commission's conclusion. The Council concludes, therefore, that the dumped imports from Japan have caused material injury to the Community industry.

J. Community interest

- (23) In assessing whether it is in the interest of the Community to take measures against the dumped SIFF printer imports, the Council confirms the Commission's considerations in recital 47 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88. In addition, it is considered that, in order to research and develop new printer technologies, the Community industry should be in a position to realize, at present and in future, sufficient profits on existing SIFF printer production and sales. In this respect, the Commission found that there had been a dramatic downward trend in return on sales which endangers the viability of the Community industry. The Council considers it necessary, therefore, to bring this profit erosion to an end. This would enable the Community industry to continue its investments and its research and development and, by doing so,

to preserve employment in this important sector of the business automation industry. Taking into consideration the interests of OEM-buyers, distributors and end users as described in recital 49 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88, the Council is of the opinion that Community interests call for granting protection to the Community industry against unfair business practices.

K. Duty

- (24) When applying the duty calculation method, as explained in recitals 52 to 60 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88, for definitive measures, the Commission had to take account of two new factors. First, the return on sales for SIFF printers was found to be higher than the figure used for the provisional duty calculation (see recital 55 of the provisional duty Regulation). Secondly, as far as the non-cooperating exporters were concerned, the cif value established on the basis of the average cif value calculated for the export of serial impact dot matrix printers was found to be higher than calculated for the provisional findings, i.e. 74,8 % of the average resale prices to the first independent buyer.
- (25) As regards the actual profit realized by the Community industry, Europrint submitted two arguments. First, the profit margin of 12 % (expressed as return on sales), considered appropriate by the Commission (see recital 52 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88), was too low, and secondly, the profit realized during the reference period (which was higher than that used by the Commission in its provisional calculation) was highly influenced by satisfactory results on the Italian market where the market presence of Japanese exporters was limited. Therefore, only the German, UK and French markets could be considered representative. On these markets, the returns on sales were much lower.
- (26) As regards these arguments, the Council considers that for sales of SIFF printers which have been on the market for a considerable period and for which the technological importance has been reduced by the appearance of more sophisticated print technologies, a profit margin of 12 % is reasonable.
- (27) As far as the requested exclusion of the Italian market from the profit calculation is concerned, the Council considers that such an exclusion is not justified. According to Article 4 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2423/88, the effect of the dumped imports shall be assessed in relation to the Community production, and paragraph 5 of the same Article stipulates that, for injury assessments, only in exceptional circumstances can the

Community be divided into two or more competitive markets. No evidence of such exceptional circumstances has been submitted.

- (28) The Europrint arguments could, therefore, not be accepted.
- (29) On the basis of the injury threshold calculation method described in recitals 53 to 60 of Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88, and taking into account the two factors mentioned in recital 24 above, the Commission found that, for the two Japanese exporters which cooperated with the Commission, no price increase at the Community frontier would be required to remove the injury caused by Japanese imports of SIFF printers. As far as the non-cooperating exporters are concerned, the result of the calculation is that, for these exporters, the prices have to be increased by 23,5 % in order to remove the injury.
- (30) Accordingly, and in order that the injurious effect of the dumped imports should be eliminated, the Council considers it appropriate that the amount of definitive duty to be imposed should be 23,5 % for the exports of all Japanese exporters except TEC and Juki Corporation. The latter two exporters should be exempted from anti-dumping duties.
- (31) The definitive anti-dumping duty should apply to all serial impact fully formed printers from Japan.

L. Undertakings

- (32) A number of exporters other than the two which cooperated fully in the investigation offered undertakings. However, it was considered by the Commission, after consultation, that these undertakings should not be accepted since the nature of the undertakings offered was such that their acceptance would not offer a solution which was as appropriate as the imposition of a definitive

anti-dumping duty in the prevention of unfair business practices.

M. Collection of provisional duty

- (33) In view of the importance of the dumping margins established and the seriousness of the injury caused to the Community industry, the Council considers it necessary that amounts by way of provisional anti-dumping duty should be collected to a maximum of the duty definitively imposed. Provisional anti-dumping duties collected or securities received for SIFF printers which are not covered by the definitive anti-dumping duty should be released.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. A definitive anti-dumping duty is hereby imposed on imports of serial impact fully formed printers falling within CN code ex 8471 92 90 and originating in Japan.
2. The rate of duty shall be 23,5 % of the net free-at-Community-frontier price before duty, with the exception of imports of the products specified in paragraph 1 which are sold for export to the Community by Juki Corporation and Tokyo Electric Co. Ltd, which are exempted from this duty.

Article 2

The amounts secured by way of provisional anti-dumping duty under Regulation (EEC) No 2005/88 shall be collected at the rate of duty definitively imposed. Secured amounts which are not covered by the rates of duty definitively imposed shall be released.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 January 1989.

For the Council

The President

F. FERNANDEZ ORDOÑEZ

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 8 December 1988

approving the programme covering the processing and marketing of fisheries and aquaculture products for the period 1988 to 1992 presented by Greece under Council Regulation (EEC) No 355/77

(Only the Greek version of this text is authentic)

(89/1/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 355/77 of 15 February 1977 on a common measure to approve the conditions under which agricultural and fishery products are processed and marketed⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1760/87⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas on 11 March 1988 the Greek Government notified a programme covering the processing and marketing of fishery and aquaculture products for the period 1988 to 1992, whereas on 6 September 1988 it provided further information relating to the programme ;

Whereas the aims behind the programme are rationalization and modernization of processing and marketing structures for fishery and aquaculture products, an improvement in the use of and value added to available fishery and aquaculture resources, improvement of product quality and diversification of production ; whereas it is therefore a programme as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 355/77.

Whereas any development of the processing and marketing of fishery products arising from implementation of the programme must be consonant with the probable trend in resource availability and with the outcomes and objectives of the multiannual guidance

programmes covering the Greek fishing fleet and aquaculture in Greece for the period 1987 to 1991 ; whereas, accordingly, it must be possible for the programme to be reviewed ;

Whereas the Greek authorities must improve the statistical information available on the sectors covered by the programme ; whereas such improvement will permit the progress of the programme to be monitored more accurately and hence its impact on the processing and marketing of fishery and aquaculture products in Greece to be better assessed ;

Whereas the programme includes enough detail as required by Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 355/77 ; whereas the objectives set out in Article 1 of that Regulation can be attained ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion issued jointly by the Standing Committee on Agricultural Structure and the Standing Committee for the Fishing Industry,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The programme covering the processing and marketing of fishery and aquaculture products for the period 1988 to 1992 presented on 11 March 1988 by the Greek Government under Regulation (EEC) No 355/77, further information on which was provided on 6 September 1988 and an outline of which is set out in Annex 1 hereto, is approved subject to the provisions set out in Annex II.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 51, 23. 2. 1977, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1987, p. 1.

Article 2

The Decision is addressed to the Hellenic Republic.

Done at Brussels, 8 December 1988.

For the Commission

António CARDOSO E CUNHA

Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

Outline of the programme covering the processing and marketing of fishery and aquaculture products for the period 1988 to 1992 presented by Greece under Council Regulation (EEC) No 355/77

1. *Purpose of programme*

Improvement and rationalization of marketing channels for fishery and aquaculture products and of processing of these products, by means of restructuring and modernization of existing structures and the creation of new structures.

2. *Delimitation of zone covered*

The entire territory of the Hellenic Republic.

3. *Duration of programme*

The programme covers the period 1 January 1988 to 31 December 1992.

4. *Objectives of programme*

The objectives of the programme are :

- Improvement of landing conditions ; improvement of fish quality
- Restructuring of fish marketing sector,
- Organization of fish transport,
- Restructuring/modernization processing sector,
- Improvement of situation of producers.

5. *Types of projects planned and priorities*

The most important types of project planned for the marketing sector under the programme are :

- the creation of new auction markets and of wholesale markets,
- the realization of storage installations, installations on lakes and shellfish purification bases and the provision of means of transport ;

and for the processing sector :

- the rationalization and modernization of obsolete units,
- the creation of new units.

6. *Financial estimates*

The total estimated financial estimate for the entire programme is Dr 6 935 million (Ecu 41 510 000) divided as follows :

	million Dr	million ECU
— Marketing and preparation of fresh fish including auction markets, cold installations and transport	4 335	25,95
— Marketing units for freshwater fish products shellfish/eel centres	580	3,47
— Processing units salting/smoking/brining/canning	2 020	12,09

The financial data and the split between the various investment types are indicative only.

ANNEX II

1. The Commission finds that the programme presented by the Greek Government constitutes a framework for Community and national financial assistance for the sector concerned in force up to 31 December 1989 and is a suitable basis for development of the processing and marketing of fishery and aquaculture products.

Later Community and national financial measures for the sector will have to fit into the framework of the new structural policy, the entry into force of which is scheduled for 1 January 1989. The Commission will request the Greek authorities in good time to make whatever adjustments are necessary.

2. With regard to development of the processing and marketing of fishery products, the Commission must stress the importance of the future trend of resources and of the objectives and implementation of the multiannual guidance programmes for the fishing fleet and for aquaculture.
 3. The Commission draws the attention of the Greek authorities to the need to improve statistical information on the sectors covered by the programme. Action must be taken in parallel with the implementation of the programme to improve statistical information so that a more detailed picture can be gained of the processing and marketing of fishery products in Greece and their development in relation to implementation of the present programme.
 4. The Commission points out that the investment estimates set out in the programme do not predetermine what Community financial assistance will be granted.
-

COMMISSION DIRECTIVE
of 15 December 1988
amending Council Directive 66/402/EEC on the marketing of cereal seed
(89/2/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 66/402/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of cereal seed⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Commission Directive 88/506/EEC⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (1b) thereof,

Whereas Council Directive 88/380/EEC⁽³⁾ makes provision for including hybrids of rye within the scope of Directive 66/402/EEC and empowers the Commission to adopt the necessary amendments to the definitions in Article 2 (1) of that Directive; whereas Directive 88/380/EEC also empowers the Commission to make amendments to the Annexes to Directive 66/402/EEC in order to establish the conditions to be satisfied by the crop and the seed of hybrids of rye;

Whereas, owing to the increased importance in the Community of hybrid varieties of rye, the amendments to the definitions should be adopted now;

Whereas the amendments to the Annexes depend upon the results of a temporary experiment organized pursuant to Article 13a of Directive 66/402/EEC and cannot yet be made;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Seeds and Propagating Material for Agriculture, Horticulture and Forestry,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Directive 66/402/EEC is hereby amended as follows:

1. In Article 2 (1) (Ca), in the introductory words, 'rye', is inserted after 'rice,';
2. In Article 2 (1) (E), in the introductory words, 'canary grass and rye, other than hybrids in each case, sorghum,' is replaced by 'canary grass, other than hybrids, rye, sorghum,'.

Article 2

Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive not later than 1 July 1990.

They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.

Article 3

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 December 1988.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 125, 11. 7. 1966, p. 2309/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 274, 6. 10. 1988, p. 44.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 187, 16. 7. 1988, p. 31.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 15 December 1988

on health protection measures in connection with imports of certain fresh meat from Brazil

(89/3/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 72/462/EEC of 12 December 1972 on health and veterinary inspection problems upon importation of bovine animals and swine and fresh meat from third countries ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 88/289/EEC ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 thereof;

Whereas the requirements as regards animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of fresh meat from Brazil are laid down in Commission Decision 86/195/EEC ⁽³⁾, as amended by Decision 87/455/EEC ⁽⁴⁾, with particular reference to the situation of foot-and-mouth disease obtaining in Brazil at that time;

Whereas during the last Community on-the-spot inspection in August 1988 changes were observed in the quality of Brazilian veterinary controls in respect of foot-and-mouth disease in some of the States of Brazil;

Whereas if this situation persists it is liable to create a hazard for Community livestock;

Whereas it is therefore appropriate to adopt protection measures to avert such a hazard and to prohibit imports from some of the States of Brazil;

Whereas, so as to avoid any abrupt interruption of existing trade flows it is appropriate to defer the application of this Decision;

Whereas it is appropriate to incorporate the provisions of Commission Decision 88/310/EEC ⁽⁵⁾ in this Decision; whereas that Decision may therefore be repealed;

Whereas the animal health requirements for imports of meat products from third countries have not yet been approximated at Community level; whereas therefore Member States may continue for the time being to import meat products from third countries in accordance with the general animal health provisions of the relevant Community legislation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The authorization to import fresh meat from Brazil laid down in Decision 86/195/EEC is hereby suspended in respect of fresh meat of bovine animals from the following States:

- Bahia
- Espírito Santo
- Goiás
- Minas Gerais
- Paraná
- Rio de Janeiro
- Santa Catarina
- São Paulo

Article 2

Member States shall not authorize the importation of fresh meat which has been obtained from bovine carcasses which have been deboned in cutting plants in the States listed in Article 1.

Article 3

Member States shall require the accompanying animal health certificate to be amended so that all references to the States listed in Article 1 are deleted before signature by the official veterinarian in respect of fresh meat obtained from bovine animals.

Article 4

Decision 88/310/EEC is hereby repealed.

Article 5

This Decision shall apply from 1 March 1989.

Article 6

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 December 1988.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 302, 31. 12. 1972, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 124, 18. 5. 1988, p. 31.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 142, 28. 5. 1986, p. 51.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 244, 28. 8. 1987, p. 38.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 136, 2. 6. 1988, p. 20.

COMMISSION DECISION
of 21 December 1988
on the Advisory Committee on Fisheries

(89/4/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Whereas an Advisory Committee on fisheries was set up by Commission Decision 71/128/EEC of 25 February 1971 ⁽¹⁾, which text has been replaced by Decision 73/429/EEC of 31 October 1973 ⁽²⁾;

Whereas it is considered desirable, as a result of the accession of new Member States to the Community, to alter the rules fixing the apportionment of seats on this committee;

Whereas, moreover, the text of the abovementioned Decision requires certain minor alterations and it is therefore necessary for the sake of clarity to produce a completely new version of the text,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The text of Decision 73/429/EEC setting up an Advisory Committee of Fisheries is replaced as follows:

Article 1

1. There shall be attached to the Commission an Advisory Committee on Fisheries, hereinafter called the 'Committee'.
2. The Committee shall be composed of representatives of the following interests: producers and cooperatives in the fishing industry, credit institutions involved in fisheries, trade in fishery products, the fishery products industries, and the fishing and fishery products industries consumers.

Article 2

1. The Committee may be consulted by the Commission on any problem concerning the operation of Regulations relating to the common fisheries policy and in particular on measures to be adopted by the Commission under those Regulations and also on all social problems arising in the industry, with the exception of industrial disputes.
2. The chairman of the Committee may indicate to the Commission the desirability of consulting the Committee on any matter within the latter's competence on which its opinion has not been sought. He shall do so, in particular, at the request of one of the interests represented.

Article 3

1. The Committee shall consist of 45 members.
2. Seats on the Committee shall be apportioned as follows:
 - 21 to representatives of producers of fishery products,
 - three to representatives of fisheries cooperatives,
 - one to a representative of commercial banks financing maritime activities (Banques commerciales pour les activités maritimes),
 - two to representatives of specialized cooperative credit institutions,
 - five to representatives of the trade in fishery products,
 - five to representatives of the fishery industries,
 - five to representatives of workers in the fishing and fishery products industries,
 - three to consumers' representatives.

Article 4

1. Members of the Committee shall be appointed by the Commission on proposals from the trade, workers' organizations set up at Community level which are most representative of the interests specified in Article 1 (2); consumers' representatives shall be appointed on proposals from the Consumers' Advisory Committee.

Those bodies shall, for each seat to be filled, put forward the names of two candidates of different nationality.

2. The term of office for members of the Committee shall be three years. Their appointments may be renewed. Members shall not be remunerated for their services.

After expiry of the three years members of the Committee shall remain in office until they are replaced or until their appointments are renewed.

A member's term of office may be terminated before expiry of the three years by death or resignation.

It may also be terminated where the body which the member represents requests that he be replaced.

A person shall be appointed, in accordance with the procedure laid down in paragraph 1, to replace such member for the remainder of the term of office.

3. A list of the members of the Commission shall be published by the Commission for information purposes, in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 68, 22. 3. 1971, p. 18.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 355, 24. 12. 1973, p. 61.

Article 5

The Committee shall, by a two-thirds majority of the members present, elect a chairman and two vice-chairmen for a period of three years.

The Committee may, by the like majority, elect further officers from among the other members. In that case, the officers other than the chairman shall consist at most of one representative of each interest represented on the Committee.

The officers shall prepare and organize the work of the Committee.

Article 6

At the request of any of the interests represented, the chairman may invite a person delegated by the interest concerned to be present at meetings of the Committee. He may likewise on such request invite any person with special qualification in any subject on the agenda to take part in an expert capacity in the deliberations of the Committee. Experts shall take part in discussions only of those questions on account of which they were invited.

Article 7

The Committee may set up working groups to assist it in carrying out its work.

Article 8

1. The Committee shall be convened by the Commission and shall meet at Commission headquarters. Meetings of the officers shall be convened by the chairman by arrangement with the Commission.

2. Representatives of the Commission departments concerned shall take part in meetings of the Committee, its officers and working groups.

3. Secretarial services for the Committee its officers and working groups shall be provided by the Commission.

Article 9

The Committee shall discuss matters on which the Commission has requested an opinion. No vote shall be taken.

The Commission may, when seeking the opinion of the Committee, set a time limit within which such opinion shall be given.

The views expressed by the various interests represented shall be included in a report forwarded to the Commission.

In the event of unanimous agreement being reached in the Committee on the opinion to be given, the Committee shall formulate joint conclusions and attach them to the report.

Article 10

Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 214 of the Treaty, where the Commission informs them that the opinion requested or the question raised is on a matter of a confidential nature, members of the Committee shall be under an obligation not to disclose information which has come to their knowledge through the work of the Committee or of its working groups.

In such cases, only Committee members and representatives of the Commission departments concerned may be present at meetings.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on 21 December 1988.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1988.

For the Commission

António CARDOSO E CUNHA

Member of the Commission

CORRIGENDA**Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3521/88 of 11 November 1988 amending a number of Regulations in the agrimonetary field**

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 307 of 12 November 1988)

On page 30, in point 5 of Article 3, in the new Article 15 (1), fifth subparagraph, sixth and seventh indents (French and Italian models):

for: '— Montant compensatoire à octroyer ...',
'— Importo compensativo da concedere ...',
read: '— Montant compensatoire monétaire à octroyer ...',
'— Importo compensativo monetario da concedere ...'.

Corrigendum to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3696/88 of 18 November 1988 temporarily suspending the autonomous Common Customs Tariff duty on certain industrial products

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 329 of 1 December 1988)

On page 16, in the Annex, in Table II, against CN code ex 8542 11 71, third entry, in the column headed 'Rate of autonomous duty':

for: '10',
read: '0'.

Corrigendum to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3877/88 of 12 December 1988 laying down general rules on the disposal of alcohol obtained from the distillation operations referred to in Articles 35, 36 and 39 of Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 and held by intervention agencies

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 346 of 15 December 1988)

On page 8:

Article 1 (5) shall read as follows:

'5. The alcohol may be denatured before the invitation to tender.'

Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3959/88 of 16 December 1988 on the supply of refined rape seed oil to 'non-governmental organizations (NGOs) as food aid

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 350 of 20 December 1988)

On pages 43 to 48, in Annexes I to VI, point 10, the following indent is added:

— the cans must be packed in cartons, with two cans per carton'.
