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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1957/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing, for the 1987/88 marketing year, the activating threshold price for aid, the guide price and the minimum price for peas, field beans and sweet lupins

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 89 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 of 18 May 1982 laying down special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3127/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 2 (1) and (5) and 3 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 provides that a price activating the aid for peas, field beans and sweet lupins must be fixed for soya cake at a level which, while ensuring a fair income for producers, enables peas, field beans and sweet lupins to compete normally with soya cake for use in animal feed;

Whereas this activating price for aid for peas, field beans and sweet lupins must relate to a standard quality of soya cake which is representative of the average quality sold on the Community market;

Whereas Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 provides that the guide price for peas and field beans for human consumption must be fixed at a level which is fair to producers, taking account of the Community's supply requirements; whereas this price must relate to a standard quality;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 provides for the fixing of a minimum price which, allowing for market fluctuations and for the cost of transport of the products from producer to processor, enables producers to obtain a fair return;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 68 of the Act of Accession, prices in Spain were set at levels differing from that of the common prices for sweet lupins; whereas, pursuant to Article 70 (1) of the Act of Accession, the Spanish prices should be aligned on the common prices each year at the beginning of the marketing year; whereas the rules laid down for this alignment give the Spanish prices set out below.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For the 1987/88 marketing year the activating threshold price for aid, as referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82, shall be:

(a) for Spain:

- 44,76 ECU per 100 kilograms, for peas and field beans,
- 40,43 ECU for 100 kilograms, for sweet lupins;

(b) for the other Member States:

- 44,76 ECU per 100 kilograms, for peas and field beans,
- 43,05 ECU per 100 kilograms, for sweet lupins.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 292, 16. 10. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

2. The price referred to in paragraph 1 shall relate to soya cake having:

- a total crude protein content of 44 %,
- a moisture content of 11 %.

Article 2

1. For the 1987/88 marketing, the guide price, as referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82, shall be:

- (a) for Spain:
 - 29,52 ECU per 100 kilograms, for peas and field beans,
- (b) for the other Member States:
 - 29,52 ECU per 100 kilograms, for peas and field beans.

2. The price referred to in paragraph 1 shall relate to products in bulk, of sound and fair merchantable quality, with 3 % impurities and, for the product as such, 14 % moisture content.

Article 3

1. For the 1987/88 marketing year the minimum buying-in price shall be:

- (a) for Spain:
 - 25,77 ECU per 100 kilograms for peas,
 - 24,86 ECU per 100 kilograms for field beans,
 - 27,19 ECU per 100 kilograms for sweet lupins;
- (b) for the other Member States:
 - 25,77 ECU per 100 kilograms for peas,
 - 24,86 ECU per 100 kilograms for field beans,
 - 28,90 ECU per 100 kilograms for sweet lupins.

2. The price referred to in paragraph 1 shall relate to products in bulk, of sound and fair merchantable quality, with 3 % impurities and, for the product as such, 14 % moisture content.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 July 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council
The President
K. E. TYGESEN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1958/87

of 2 July 1987

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2036/82 laying down special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 of 18 May 1982 laying down special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3127/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4a thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the present monetary situation, which features major rapid changes in certain Community currencies, and the fact that there is no monetary adjustment system mean that peas, field beans and sweet lupins, harvested in the Community cannot be disposed of under normal conditions; whereas those difficulties should be forestalled by introducing a system of differential amounts to be charged or granted in respect of the products used; whereas the said differential amounts should take into account the incidence of the actual exchange rates on the prices of the products in question in the various Member States;

Whereas adjustments should be provided for only in cases where the monetary gaps give rise to trade flows which disrupt or threaten to disrupt the market; whereas provision should therefore be made for a neutral margin when applying the differential amounts, and to amend therefore Regulation (EEC) No 2036/82 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3527/86 ⁽⁵⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The following Article is hereby inserted in Regulation (EEC) No 2036/82:

'Article 12a

1. The aid referred to in Article 3(1) and (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 shall be increased or

reduced by a differential amount calculated in accordance with the following paragraphs.

2. The differential amounts shall be calculated in the light of the incidence on prices:

- (a) in the case Member States whose currencies are maintained as between themselves within a spread at any given moment of a maximum of 2,25 %, of the percentage difference between:
 - the conversion rate used under the common agricultural policy,
 - and
 - the conversion rate deriving from the central rate to which the coefficient specified in Article 6(3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85 of 11 June 1985 on monetary compensatory amounts in agriculture ⁽²⁾, has been applied;
- (b) in the case of Member States other than those referred to in (a), of the average of the percentage differences between:
 - the relationship between the conversion rate used under the common agricultural policy for the currency of the Member State concerned and the central rate of each of the currencies of the Member States referred to in (a), to which the coefficient referred to in (a) has been applied, and
 - the spot market rate for the currency of the Member State in question in relation to each of the currencies of the Member States referred to in (a), as recorded over a period to be determined.

However, for the purpose of calculating differential amounts, a neutral margin of five points may be applied to the monetary gaps referred to above.

3. The differential amounts shall be fixed by the Commission. They shall be altered whenever the gaps referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article differ by one point or more from the percentage used for the previous fixing.

4. The detailed rules for the application of this Article, including, those in respect of the fixing of the neutral margin applicable, shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 292, 16. 10. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 96.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 219, 28. 7. 1982, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 326, 21. 11. 1986, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 6.'

Article 2

Any transitional measures which are required in order to facilitate the changeover from the arrangements at present in force to those provided for in this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78. Their period of application shall not extend beyond that which is strictly necessary in order to facilitate the changeover to the new arrangements.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

Article 3

This Regulations shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply to peas, field beans and sweet lupins in cases where the application for identification is lodged from 1 October 1987.

For the Council
The President
K. E. TYGESEN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1959/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing for the 1987/88 marketing year, the monthly increases in the activating threshold price,
the guide price and the minimum price for peas and field beans

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Article 1

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 of 18 May 1982 laying down special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3127/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2a thereof,

1. For the 1987/88 marketing year, the amount of the monthly increases in the guide price and the minimum price for peas and field beans shall be fixed at 0,18 ECU per 100 kilograms.

2. The increases referred to in paragraph 1 shall be applied for eight months.

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Article 2

Whereas, pursuant to Article 2a of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82, the amounts by which the activating threshold price, the guide price and the minimum price for peas and field beans respectively are increased each month as from the beginning of the third month of the marketing year should be fixed and the number of months during which these increases are applied should be determined for the 1987/88 marketing year;

1. For the 1987/88 marketing year, the amount of the monthly increases in the activating threshold price of peas and field beans shall be fixed at 0,40 ECU per 100 kilograms.

2. The increases referred to in paragraph 1 shall be applied for eight months.

Whereas these increases, equal for each of the months, must be fixed bearing in mind the average storage costs and the level of interest rates recorded in the Community; whereas the average storage costs should be established on the basis of the cost of warehousing in appropriate premises and the handling costs necessary for proper preservation; whereas interest may be calculated on the basis of the rate considered as normal for the regions of production,

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply as from 1 July 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council
The President
K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 292, 16. 10. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 35.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1960/87

of 2 July 1987

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 on the common organization of the market in dried fodder

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 42 and 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the objective of the flat-rate aid referred to in Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1349/86 ⁽⁵⁾, was to encourage the development of dried fodder; whereas this objective may be obtained by fixing in an appropriate manner the percentage referred to in Article 5 of the said Regulation and used to calculate the supplementary aid; whereas, therefore, this flat-rate aid should be abolished and Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 amended accordingly;

Whereas the amount of the aid for the products referred to in the second indent of Article 1 (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 is different from the amount of the aid for the other products referred to in Article 1 (b) and (c) owing to the difference in the cost of processing; whereas a fixed difference between these amounts should therefore be provided for,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 is hereby amended as follows:

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

1. Article 3 is deleted.

2. Article 5 (2) is replaced by the following:

'2. This aid shall be equal to a percentage to be determined of the difference between these two prices for the products referred to in the first indent of Article 1 (b) and in Article 1 (c). The percentage shall be fixed by the Council at the same time as the guide price using the same procedure.

The aid for the products referred to in the second indent of Article 1 (b) shall be equal to the aid referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph less an amount fixed taking account of the difference in the cost of producing the products concerned.'

3. In Article 5 (1) and (3), the word 'supplementary' is deleted.

4. In the first subparagraph of Article 6 (1), the expression 'The aid referred to in Articles 3 and 5 shall be granted only' is replaced by 'The aid referred to in Article 5 shall be granted only'.

5. In the second subparagraph of Article 6 (1), the expression 'Aid shall be paid' is replaced by 'This aid shall be paid'.

6. In the second indent of Article 6 (2), the expression 'the aid referred to in Articles 3 and 5' is replaced by 'the aid referred to in Article 5'.

7. In Article 6 (3) the expression 'Articles 3 and 5' is replaced by 'Article 5'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council
The President
K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 36.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 2.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 43.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1961/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing the guide price for dried fodder for the 1987/88 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 89 (1),

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 of 22 May 1978 on the common organization of the market in dried fodder ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1960/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 3 (3), 4 (1) and 5 (2) thereof,Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 a guide price must be set for certain dried fodder products at a level which is fair to producers; whereas this price must be set for a standard quality representative of the average quality of dried fodder produced in the Community;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78, the supplementary aid provided for in paragraph 1 of that Article must be equal to a percentage of the difference between the guide price and the average world market price for the products in question; whereas, in view of the characteristics of the market in question, the percentage should be set at 100 %;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 68 of the Act of Accession, prices in Spain have been set at levels differing from that of the common prices; whereas, pursuant to Article 70 (1) of

the Act of Accession, the Spanish prices should be aligned with the common prices at the beginning of each marketing year; whereas the criteria laid down for alignment lead to the Spanish prices being fixed at the levels mentioned hereinafter.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1987/88 marketing year, the guide price for the products referred to in Article 1 (b), first indent, of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 shall be fixed:

- (a) at 156,86 ECU per tonne for Spain;
- (b) at 178,92 ECU per tonne for the other Member States.

This price refers to a product with:

- a moisture content of 11 %,
- a total gross protein content of 18 % of the dry weight.

Article 2

For the 1987/88 marketing year, the percentage to be used to calculate the supplementary aid referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 shall be 100 % for the products referred to in Article 1 (b), first indent, and (c) of that Regulation.

*Article 3*This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

*For the Council**The President*

K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 1.⁽²⁾ See page 6 of this Official Journal.⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 37.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1962/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing the amounts of aid granted for seeds for the 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Articles 89 (1) and 234 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 of 26 October 1971 on the common organization of the market in seeds ⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1355/86 ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 3 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁵⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁶⁾,

Whereas the present situation on the Community market for seeds listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 and which will be marketed during the 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years and its foreseeable development do not ensure a fair income for producers; whereas part of the production costs should therefore be offset by the granting of aid;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 provides that the aid shall be fixed, taking into account, on the one hand, the need to ensure a balance between the

volume of production required in the Community and the possible outlets for that production and, on the other hand, the prices of the products on external markets;

Whereas Articles 106 and 300 of the Act of Accession stipulate that the aid for seeds is to be granted in Spain and Portugal in accordance with Articles 79 and 246 of the said Act;

Whereas the application of these criteria results in the fixing of the amount of the aids applicable for the 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years at the levels set out in the Annexes hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years the amounts of the aid granted for seeds referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 shall be as set out in the Annexes hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 July 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council

The President

K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 302, 15. 11. 1985, p. 23.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 246, 5. 11. 1971, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 118, 7. 5. 1986, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 90.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

ANNEX I

1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years

Aid applicable in the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of aid	
		1988/89	1989/90
	1. CERES		
10.01 A	Triticum spelta L.	12,1	12,1
10.06 A	Oryza sativa L.	16,1	16,1
	2. OLEAGINEAE		
ex 12.01 A	Linum usitatissimum L. (textile flax)	23,8	23,8
	Linum usitatissimum L. (linseed)	18,8	18,8
	Cannabis sativa L. (monoica)	17,2	17,2
	3. GRAMINEAE		
ex 12.03 C	Agrostis canina L.	63,8	63,8
	Agrostis gigantea Roth.	63,8	63,8
	Agrostis stolonifera L.	63,8	63,8
	Agrostis tenuis Sibth.	63,8	63,8
	Arrhenatherum elatius (L.) Beauv. ex. J. and C. Presl.	56,4	56,4
	Dactylis glomerata L.	45,8	45,8
	Festuca arundinacea Schreb.	49,5	49,5
	Festuca ovina L.	36	36
	Festuca pratensis Huds.	36	36
	Festuca rubra L.	31	31
	Lolium multiflorum Lam.	17,7	17,7
	Lolium perenne L.		
	— of high persistence, late or medium late	29,4	29,4
	— new varieties and others	21,8	21,8
	— of low persistence, medium late, medium early or early	16,1	16,1
	Lolium x hybridum Hausskn.	17,7	17,7
	Phleum Bertolonii (DC)	42,9	42,9
	Phleum pratense L.	70,2	70,2
	Poa nemoralis L.	32,7	32,7
	Poa pratensis L.	32,7	32,7
	Poa trivialis L.	32,7	32,7
	4. LEGUMINOSAE		
ex 12.03 C	Hedysarum coronarium L.	30,7	30,7
	Medicago lupulina L.	26,7	26,7
	Medicago sativa L. (ecotypes)	17,8	17,8
	Medicago sativa L. (varieties)	29,4	29,4
	Onobrichis viciifolia Scop.	16,8	16,8
	Trifolium alexandrinum L.	38,5	38,5
	Trifolium hybridum L.	38,6	38,6
	Trifolium incarnatum L.	38,5	38,5
	Trifolium pratense L.	42,5	42,5
	Trifolium repens L.	59,5	59,5
	Trifolium repens L. var. giganteum	59,5	59,5
	Trifolium resupinatum L.	38,5	38,5
	Vicia sativa L.	26,2	26,2
	Vicia villosa Roth.	19,1	19,1

ANNEX II

1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years

Aid applicable in Spain

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of aid	
		1988/89	1988/89
	1. CERES		
10.01 A	Triticum spelta L.	5	6,8
10.06 A	Oryza sativa L.	16,1	16,1
	2. OLEAGINEAE		
ex 12.01 A	Linum usitatissimum L. (textile flax)	9,7	13,2
	Linum usitatissimum L. (linseed)	7,7	10,5
	Cannabis sativa L. (monoica)	7	9,6
	3. GRAMINEAE		
ex 12.03 C	Agrostis canina L.	26,7	36
	Agrostis gigantea Roth.	26,7	36
	Agrostis stolonifera L.	26,7	36
	Agrostis tenuis Sibth.	26,7	36
	Arrhenatherum elatius (L.) Beauv. ex. J. and C. Presl.	56,4	56,4
	Dactylis glomerata L.	45,8	45,8
	Festuca arundinacea Schreb.	20,1	27,5
	Festuca ovina L.	14,7	20
	Festuca pratensis Huds.	36	36
	Festuca rubra L.	12,6	17,2
	Lolium multiflorum Lam.	17,7	17,7
	Lolium perenne L.		
	— of high persistence, late or medium late	29,4	29,4
	— new varieties and others	21,8	21,8
	— of low persistence, medium late, medium early or early	16,1	16,1
	Lolium x hybridum Hausskn.	17,7	17,7
	Phleum Bertolonii (DC)	17,9	24,2
	Phleum pratense L.	70,2	70,2
	Poa nemoralis L.	13,3	18,2
	Poa pratensis L.	32,7	32,7
	Poa trivialis L.	13,3	18,2
	4. LEGUMINOSAE		
ex 12.03 C	Hedysarum coronarium L.	30,7	30,7
	Medicago lupulina L.	10,9	14,9
	Medicago sativa L. (ecotypes)	17,8	17,8
	Medicago sativa L. (varieties)	29,4	29,4
	Onobrichis viciifolia Scop.	16,8	16,8
	Trifolium alexandrinum L.	38,5	38,5
	Trifolium hybridum L.	15,7	21,4
	Trifolium incarnatum L.	15,7	21,4
	Trifolium pratense L.	42,5	42,5
	Trifolium repens L.	59,5	59,5
	Trifolium repens L. var. giganteum	59,5	59,5
	Trifolium resupinatum L.	15,7	21,4
	Vicia sativa L.	26,2	26,2
	Vicia villosa Roth.	19,1	19,1

ANNEX III

1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years

Aid applicable in Portugal

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of aid	
		1988/89	1989/90
10.01 A	1. CERES Triticum spelta L.	5	6,8
10.06 A	Oryza sativa L.	6,6	9
ex 12.01 A	2. OLEAGINEAE Linum usitatissimum L. (textile flax) Linum usitatissimum L. (linseed) Cannabis sativa L. (monoica)	9,7 7,7 7	13,2 10,5 9,6
ex 12.03 C	3. GRAMINEAE Agrostis canina L. Agrostis gigantea Roth. Agrostis stolonifera L. Agrostis tenuis Sibth. Arrhenatherum elatius (L.) Beauv. ex. J. and C. Presl. Dactylis glomerata L. Festuca arundinacea Schreb. Festuca ovina L. Festuca pratensis Huds. Festuca rubra L. Lolium multiflorum Lam. Lolium perenne L. — of high persistence, late or medium late — new varieties and others — of low persistence, medium late, medium early or early Lolium x hybridum Hausskn. Phleum Bertolonii (DC) Phleum pratense L. Poa nemoralis L. Poa pratensis L. Poa trivialis L.	26,7 26,7 26,7 26,7 23 18,7 20,1 14,7 14,7 12,6 7,2 12 9,2 6,6 7,2 17,9 29,4 13,3 13,3 13,3	36 36 36 36 31,4 25,5 27,5 20 20 17,2 9,8 16,4 12,4 9 9,8 24,2 39,6 18,2 18,2 18,2
ex 12.03 C	4. LEGUMINOSAE Hedysarum coronarium L. Medicago lupulina L. Medicago sativa L. (ecotypes) Medicago sativa L. (varieties) Onobrichis viciifolia Scop. Trifolium alexandrinum L. Trifolium hybridum L. Trifolium incarnatum L. Trifolium pratense L. Trifolium repens L. Trifolium repens L. var. giganteum Trifolium resupinatum L. Vicia sativa L. Vicia villosa Roth.	12,5 10,9 7,2 12 6,9 15,7 15,7 15,7 17,3 24,2 24,2 15,7 10,7 7,8	17,1 14,9 9,9 16,4 9,4 21,4 21,4 21,4 23,6 33 33 21,4 14,6 10,6

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1963/87

of 2 July 1987

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 on the common organization of the market in flax and hemp

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽⁵⁾, provides in particular that aid shall be granted for fibre flax and hemp so as to ensure a balance between the volume of production acquired in the Community and the amount that can be marketed;

Whereas, to make it easier to achieve a balance between supply and demand for the products concerned, Article 2 of that Regulation made provision for the encouragement of action by trade and joint trade organizations to facilitate the adjustment of supply to market requirements; whereas, however, it has become apparent that the objective pursued was difficult to achieve by the measures provided for in the said Article 2; whereas, under such circumstances, Regulation (EEC) No 1423/82 ⁽⁶⁾ made provision for specific measures to promote the use of flax fibre and the search for new outlets and improved products for the 1982/83 to 1986/87 marketing years; whereas these measures have proved extremely useful in the attempt to achieve and maintain balance on the flax market; whereas they should therefore be extended for an indefinite period; whereas, therefore, Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 should be amended;

Whereas provision must be made for the financing of these measures; whereas, given the advantages which accrue to the recipients of the aid for flax, the latter should bear the cost of these measures and a portion of the aid should be set aside for that purpose;

Whereas the portion of the aid which is to be used to help finance the measures should be fixed; whereas this portion should be fixed each year in light of the trends on the market

in flax, the amount of the aid for flax and the foreseeable cost of the measures,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 is hereby replaced by the following:

'Article 2

1. To promote sales of the flax products referred to in Article 1 (1), Community measures to encourage the use of flax fibre and products obtained therefrom may be taken.
2. The measures referred to in paragraph 1 shall relate to:
 - information campaigns in the Member States and elsewhere to promote the use of flax fibre and products obtained therefrom,
 - the search for new outlets and improved products.
3. The measures referred to in paragraph 1 shall be financed by the withholding of a portion of the aid referred to in Article 4. When fixing the aid, the Council, acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 43 (2) of the Treaty, shall fix the amount to be withheld in the light of trends on the market in flax, the amount of the aid for flax and the foreseeable cost of the measures.
4. The measures referred to in paragraph 1 shall be adopted by the Commission. The Commission shall forward to the Council the programme of measures which it plans to take.
5. The programme referred to in paragraph 4 may cover several marketing years. With a view to drawing up such a programme, the Commission may consult bodies or persons specializing in this field and, in particular, trade and joint-trade organizations.
6. Detailed rules for the application of this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 12.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 38.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 146, 4. 7. 1970, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 19.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council
The President
K. E. TYGESEN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1964/87

of 2 July 1987

adjusting the system of aid for cotton introduced by Protocol No 4 annexed to the Act of Accession of Greece

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Article 2

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Greece, and in particular paragraph 11 of Protocol No 4 on cotton annexed to it, as amended by Protocol No 14 attached to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas examination of the operation of the system introduced for cotton by Protocol No 4 reveals a need for adjustment;

Whereas provision should be made to reduce the amount of production aid where the estimated production exceeds the maximum quantity guaranteed for the marketing year in question; whereas in the interests of sound management, provision should also be made that in cases where the actual production differs from the estimated production, the maximum quantity guaranteed for the ensuing marketing year must be accordingly adjusted;

Whereas cotton is grown in some of the least-favoured areas of the Community; whereas a study should be carried out which deals with the impact of cotton-growing in the regions concerned; whereas provision should be made for altering the maximum guaranteed quantity if the study's findings show this to be necessary;

Whereas experience may show that other adjustments to the system provided for by the abovementioned protocol are necessary; whereas provision should be made therefore for enabling the Council to adjust the system,

1. Before the beginning of each marketing year, the Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall determine the maximum guaranteed quantity. Such quantity, which shall be fixed in the light of production during a reference period and the foreseeable trend of demand, may not exceed 752 000 tonnes of unginned cotton.

2. When the production of unginned cotton, estimated at the beginning of the marketing year, exceeds the maximum quantity guaranteed for the year in question, the amount of aid shall be reduced by an amount obtained by multiplying the norm price by a coefficient which increases in line with the amount by which estimated production exceeds the maximum quantity guaranteed.

However for the 1987/88, 1988/89 and 1989/90 marketing years, this reduction in the amount of aid may not be greater than 15 %, 20 % and 25 % respectively of the norm price.

Where the first subparagraph, when applied to the actual production instead of to the production estimated prior to the beginning of the marketing year, would result in a reduction in the amount of aid different from that which has been granted, the maximum quantity guaranteed for the following marketing year shall be adjusted to allow for this situation.

3. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall adopt the rules for the determination of the coefficient referred to in paragraph 2.

Article 3

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

This Regulation provides for adjustments to the system of aid for the production of cotton provided for in paragraph 3 of Protocol No 4 attached to the Act of Accession of Greece.

1. The Commission shall, before the 1988/89 marketing year, submit to the Council a report on the functioning of the system based on a norm price, for unginned cotton and on the development of cotton-growing in the least-favoured areas of the Community.

The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission and after consulting the European Parliament shall, if the report shows this to be necessary, decide on a change in the maximum guaranteed quantity specified in Article 2.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 39.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

2. Not later than five years after the implementation of this Regulation the Commission shall submit to the Council a report on the operation of the aid scheme.

The Council, acting in accordance with the procedure referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 1 shall, if the report shows this to be necessary, decide on any adjustments to the system.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from the 1987/88 marketing year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council

The President

K. E. TYGESEN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1965/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing the amounts of aid for fibre flax and hemp and the amounts withheld to finance measures
to promote the use of flax fibre for the 1987/88 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Articles 89 (2) and 234 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 of 29 June 1970 on the common organization of the market in flax and hemp ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1963/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 2 (3) and 4 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 provides that the amounts of aid for flax grown mainly for fibre and for hemp grown in the Community are to be fixed each year;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 4 (2) of that Regulation, this amount shall be fixed per hectare of area sown and harvested so as to ensure an even balance between the volume of production required in the Community and the amount that can be marketed; whereas it must be fixed, taking into account the price for flax and hemp fibres and hemp seed on the world market, the price for other competing natural products and the guide price for flaxseed;

Whereas Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 provides that the portion of aid for financing Community measures to encourage the use of fibre flax is to be fixed when aid is fixed for the marketing year in question in accordance with the criteria referred to in that paragraph; whereas it is to be fixed in the light of trends on the market in flax, the amount of the aid for flax and the cost of the measures to be introduced;

Whereas Articles 79 and 246 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal established the criteria for fixing the amount of aid for fibre flax and hemp in these two Member States;

Whereas application of the abovementioned criteria entails fixing the amounts of aid and the portions of the aid to be used for financing measures to promote the use of flax fibre at the levels set out below,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1987/88 marketing year, the aid provided for in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 shall be:

- (a) as regards flax:
 - 101,46 ECU per hectare for Spain and Portugal,
 - 355,09 ECU per hectare for the other Member States;
- (b) as regards hemp:
 - 92,14 ECU per hectare for Spain and Portugal,
 - 322,48 ECU per hectare for the other Member States.

Article 2

For the 1987/88 marketing year, the amounts of the aid for flax to be used to finance the measures to promote the use of flax fibre referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 shall be:

- 10,15 ECU per hectare for Spain and Portugal,
- 35,51 ECU per hectare for the other Member States.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 August 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 146, 4. 7. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 12 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 41.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council
The President
K. E. TYGESEN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1966/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing, for the 1987/88 marketing year, the guide price for unginned cotton and the quantity of cotton for which aid may be granted in full

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Greece and in particular paragraphs 8 and 9 of Protocol No 4 on cotton, as amended by the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular by Protocol No 14 thereto,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1964/87 of 2 July 1987 adjusted the system of aid for cotton introduced by Protocol No 4 annexed to the Act of Accession of Greece ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁴⁾,

Whereas paragraph 8 of Protocol No 4 states that the guide price for cotton that has not been ginned is to be fixed annually by reference to the criteria laid down in paragraph 2 of that Protocol; whereas under Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1964/87, the quantity of cotton for which aid shall be granted in full shall be fixed annually by reference to the criteria laid down in paragraph 1 of that Article;

Whereas reference to these criteria gives the guide price and the quantity of cotton indicated below;

Article 1

1. For the 1987/88 marketing year the guide price for unginned cotton shall be 96,02 ECU/100 kg.
2. The price referred to in paragraph 1 shall be for cotton:
 - of sound, genuine and merchantable quality,
 - containing 14 % moisture and 3 % of inorganic extraneous matter,
 - with the characteristics required to yield, after ginning, 54 % of seed and 32 % of fibres of grade No 5 (white middling), as defined in Greece, with a length of 28 mm (1-3/32'').

Article 2

1. For the 1987/88 marketing year the quantity of cotton referred to in point (a) of the second subparagraph of paragraph 9 of Protocol 4 shall be 752 000 tonnes.
2. The quantity of cotton referred to in paragraph 1 shall be unginned cotton of the quality indicated in Article 1 (2).

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 September 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council
The President
K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ See page 14 of this Official Journal.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 42.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1967/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing the minimum price for unginned cotton for the 1987/88 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THE REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Article 1

Having regard to the 1979 Act of Accession, and in particular paragraphs 8 and 9 of Protocol 4 on cotton, as amended by the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular by Protocol 14 thereto,

For the 1987/88 marketing year, the minimum price for unginned cotton referred to in Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81 shall be 91,23 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81 of 27 July 1981 laying down general rules for the system of aid for cotton ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3128/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9 (1) thereof,

Article 2

The price referred to in Article 1 shall apply to unginned cotton; complying with the criteria referred to in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1966/87 of 2 July 1987 fixing for the 1987/88 marketing year, the guide price for ginned cotton and the maximum guaranteed quantity of cotton ⁽⁴⁾.

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

The said price shall relate to goods at the farm gate.

Whereas Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81 provides that the Council shall each year fix a minimum price for unginned cotton; whereas that price must be fixed so as to guarantee sales for producers at a price as close as possible to the guide price, taking into account market fluctuations and the cost of transporting unginned cotton from the production areas to the ginning areas;

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Whereas, in order to achieve the abovementioned objectives, this minimum price must be fixed for a well-defined quality and marketing stage.

It shall apply from 1 September 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council

The President

K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 211, 31. 7. 1981, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 292, 16. 10. 1986, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 42.

⁽⁴⁾ See page 18 of this Official Journal.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1968/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing the amount of aid in respect of silkworms for the 1987/88 rearing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Articles 89 (2) and 234 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 845/72 of 24 April 1972 laying down special measures to encourage silkworm rearing⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee⁽⁴⁾,

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 845/72 provides that the amount of aid for silkworms reared within the Community must be fixed each year in such a way as to help ensure a fair income for silkworm rearers, taking into account the state of the market in cocoons and raw silk, of foreseeable trends on that market and of import policy;

Wheres Articles 79 and 246 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal establish the criteria for fixing the amount of aid in respect of silkworms in these two Member States;

Whereas application of the abovementioned criteria entails fixing the amount of aid at the level mentioned below,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1987/88 rearing year, the amount of aid in respect of silkworms as referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 845/72 shall be fixed per box of silkworm eggs used at:

- 31,60 ECU for Spain and Portugal,
- 112,00 ECU for the other Member States.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council

The President

K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 100, 27. 4. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 43.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1969/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing the basic and intervention prices for sheepmeat for the 1988 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 of 27 June 1980 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 794/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 3 (1) and 7 (6) thereof,Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas, when the basic price for sheep carcasses is fixed, account should be taken both of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution the Community wishes to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the main objectives of the common agricultural policy are to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to assure the availability of supplies and to ensure that supplies reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the basic price must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80; whereas it should be fixed for the 1988 marketing year at a level equal to that fixed for the preceding year;

whereas the intervention prices correspond to a percentage of the basic price,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1988 marketing year in the sheepmeat sector:

1. the basic price is hereby fixed at 432,32 ECU per 100 kilograms carcass weight;
2. the intervention price is hereby fixed at 367,47 ECU per 100 kilograms carcass weight;
3. the derived intervention price applicable in region 4 is hereby fixed at 347,66 ECU per 100 kilograms carcass weight.

Article 2

The prices referred to in Article 1 shall be seasonally adjusted in accordance with the table set out in the Annex.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from the beginning of the 1988 marketing year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council
The President
K.E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 16. 7. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 51.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 150, 3. 4. 1987, p. 8.

ANNEX

1988 marketing year

(in ECU/100 kg carcase weight)

Week beginning	Week No	Basic price	Intervention price	Derived intervention price
4 January	1	441,74	375,48	355,47
11 January	2	450,24	382,70	362,69
18 January	3	460,37	391,31	371,30
25 January	4	467,12	397,05	377,04
1 February	5	475,63	404,29	384,28
8 February	6	482,27	409,93	389,92
15 February	7	486,00	413,10	393,09
22 February	8	488,68	415,38	395,37
29 February	9	491,59	417,85	397,84
7 March	10	494,04	419,93	399,92
14 March	11	495,55	421,22	401,21
21 March	12	495,55	421,22	401,21
28 March	13	494,62	420,43	400,42
4 April	14	493,99	419,89	399,88
11 April	15	493,47	419,45	399,44
18 April	16	491,20	417,52	397,51
25 April	17	487,80	414,63	394,62
2 May	18	483,82	411,25	391,24
9 May	19	479,79	407,82	387,81
16 May	20	473,28	402,29	382,28
23 May	21	466,78	396,76	376,75
30 May	22	454,24	386,10	366,09
6 June	23	442,60	376,21	356,20
13 June	24	431,18	366,50	346,49
20 June	25	419,65	356,70	336,69
27 June	26	408,12	346,90	326,89
4 July	27	398,33	338,58	318,57
11 July	28	388,87	330,54	310,53
18 July	29	384,98	327,23	307,22
25 July	30	383,09	325,63	305,62
1 August	31	382,38	325,02	305,01
8 August	32	382,38	325,02	305,01
15 August	33	382,38	325,02	305,01
22 August	34	382,38	325,02	305,01
29 August	35	382,38	325,02	305,01
5 September	36	382,38	325,02	305,01
12 September	37	382,38	325,02	305,01
19 September	38	382,38	325,02	305,01
26 September	39	382,90	325,47	305,46
3 October	40	382,91	325,47	305,46
10 October	41	383,21	325,73	305,72
17 October	42	383,70	326,14	306,13
24 October	43	385,68	327,83	307,82
31 October	44	388,65	330,35	310,34
7 November	45	391,67	332,92	312,91
14 November	46	397,31	337,71	317,70
21 November	47	402,95	342,51	322,50
28 November	48	408,60	347,31	327,30
5 December	49	415,09	352,83	332,82
12 December	50	423,61	360,07	340,06
19 December	51	432,12	367,30	347,29
26 December	52	438,64	372,85	352,84

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1970/87

of 2 July 1987

amending Regulation (EEC) No 872/84 laying down general rules for the granting of premiums to sheepmeat producers

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 of 27 June 1980 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 794/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5 (9) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Whereas further examination has shown that the conditions laid down in Article 5 (9) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 are also fulfilled in certain other precisely defined areas in the United Kingdom in addition to those defined in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 872/84 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3524/85 ⁽⁵⁾; whereas that Annex should therefore be amended,

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 872/84 shall be replaced by the Annex of this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply for the first time to premiums granted in respect of the 1988 marketing year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable to all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council

The President

K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 16. 7. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 40.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 336, 14. 12. 1985, p. 5.

ANNEX

'ANNEX

UNITED KINGDOM

A. Lake District: HERDWICK

B. — Shetland Islands:

— Western Isles of Lewis and Harris:

— Sutherland:

— Caithness: parishes of Reay, Halkirk, Latheron:

— Ross and Cromarty: parishes of Gairloch, Lochbroom, Applecross,
Lochcarron, Contin, Fodderty:

Shetland

Blackface

Cheviot

Cheviot

Cheviot'

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1971/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing the basic price and the standard quality for slaughtered pigs for the period
1 November 1987 to 31 October 1988

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in pigmeat ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1473/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas, when the basic price for slaughtered pigs is fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the basic price must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 for a standard quality defined by reference to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3220/84 of 13 November

1984 determining the Community scale for grading pig carcasses ⁽⁶⁾;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the period 1 November 1987 to 31 October 1988 the basic price for slaughtered pigs of the standard quality shall be 2 033,30 ECU per tonne.

Article 2

The standard quality shall be defined in terms of carcase weight and lean meat content, determined in accordance with Article 2 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3220/84, as follows:

- (a) carcasses weighing 60 to less than 100 kg: grade U;
- (b) carcasses weighing 100 to less than 130 kg: grade R;
- (c) carcasses weighing 130 to 160 kg: grade O.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 November 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council

The President

K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 54.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 301, 20. 11. 1984, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1972/87

of 2 July 1987

amending Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 on the common organization of the market in wine

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 42 and 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas Article 39 of Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1390/87 ⁽⁵⁾, lays down time limits and strict rules for the implementation of compulsory distillation of table wine;

Whereas administrative difficulties encountered in Greece for the implementation of compulsory distillation will not be able to be resolved before the end of the 1988/89 wine year; whereas it is therefore important to extend the possibility of waiving the general rules for two further wine years.

Whereas, on the implementation of these arrangements, many serious difficulties arose; whereas it was only possible to overcome these difficulties, in order to ensure the effective execution of the distillation operation, by allowing the Commission, on a temporary basis, to waive certain rules; whereas in order to apply compulsory distillation in an effective and fair manner, the temporary provisions should be taken again for three wine years which allow the Commission to adopt, without calling into question the essential elements of the arrangements, measures necessary to overcome any difficulties that are likely to jeopardize the execution of the distillation operation;

Whereas, in view of the market situation and the increase in budgetary charges relating to enrichment, the Commission study on enrichment referred to in Article 20 of Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 should be presented on a date prior to 1990;

Whereas, taking into account recent experience, it is necessary to recognize at Community level the possibility of

using unofficial methods of analysis where they offer sufficient security with regard to results and in particular comply with the criteria referred to in the provisions of Council Directive 85/591/EEC of 20 December 1985 concerning the introduction of Community methods of sampling and analysis for the monitoring of foodstuffs intended for human consumption ⁽⁶⁾ and also to amend in consequence thereof the order of use of the different methods of analysis;

Whereas, to achieve balance in the wine sector, numerous provisions imposing strict obligations on operators have been introduced; whereas, so that results come up to expectations, provision must be made to ensure that the rules are applied properly; whereas controls should therefore be improved;

Whereas controls in the Member States are, at present, performed by a multitude of bodies; whereas their effectiveness is accordingly limited; whereas failure to comply with the rules can only be detected too late during *a posteriori* controls performed by the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund (EAGGF); whereas the sector was seriously affected both in 1985 and 1986 by major frauds and whereas this had negative effects on consumption, at least in the short term;

Whereas, in order to avoid expenditure due to frauds and adverse effects on the market, the measure to set up a Community vineyard register must therefore be supplemented by the establishment by the Commission of a small corps of agents specialized in wine controls with the task of ensuring by all means necessary, including participation in controls performed in the Member States, that Community provisions are applied uniformly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 is hereby amended as follows:

(1) Article 20 (2) shall be replaced by the following:

'2. By 1 September 1989, the Commission shall present to the Council a report on the conclusions of the study

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 63.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 84, 27. 3. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 133, 22. 5. 1987, p. 3.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 372, 31. 12. 1985, p. 50.

referred to in paragraph 1, together with any appropriate proposals. The Council, acting on these proposals by a qualified majority, shall decide in 1990 on the measures to be taken with regard to the increase of the natural alcoholic strength by volume of the products referred to in Article 18 (1).'

(2) In Article 39:

(a) paragraph 10 shall be replaced by the following:

'10. Notwithstanding this Article, for the 1985/86, 1986/87, 1987/88 und 1988/89 wine years, compulsory distillation in Greece may be implemented in accordance with special provisions taking account of the difficulties encountered in Greece as regards knowledge of yields per hectare. These provisions shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 83.

The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, may, if difficulties persist after the 1988/89 marketing year, decide to extend this derogation.'

(b) Paragraph 11 shall be replaced by the following:

'11. If, during the 1987/88, 1988/89 and 1989/90 wine year, difficulties likely to jeopardize the execution or balanced application of the compulsory distillation operation referred to in paragraph 1 occur, the measures necessary in order to ensure effective application of the distillation scheme shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 83.

Such measures:

(a) may relate only to the provisions contained in this Article to the exclusion of those relating to:

- the apportionment between the various regions of production,
- the reference years,
- the price to be paid for the distilled wine;

(b) may contain an adjustment to the percentage of 85, referred to in the first indent of the third subparagraph of paragraph 3, only insofar as, for a given wine year, the ratio between the quantities available and normal consumption of table wine differs significantly from that of the reference years referred to in the third subparagraph of paragraph 3.'

(3) Article 74 shall be replaced by the following:

Article 74

1. The following shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 83:

- (a) the methods of analysis for determining the composition of the products listed in Article 1 and the rules whereby it may be established whether these products have undergone processes contrary to authorized oenological practices;
- (b) if required, maximum figures for substances whose presence indicates that certain oenological practices have been used, and comparative analysis tables.

2. However, where no provision is made for Community methods of analysis or for the rules referred to in paragraph 1 for the detection and quantification of substances sought for in the product in question, the methods of analysis to be used shall be:

- (a) those recognized by the General Assembly of the International Vine and Wine Office (IWO) and published by that Office; or
- (b) where an appropriate method of analysis does not appear amongst those referred to in point (a), a method of analysis complying with the standards recommended by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), or
- (c) in the absence of one of the methods referred to in points (a) and (b) and by reason of its accuracy, repeatability and reproducibility:
 - a method of analysis allowed by the Member State concerned, or
 - if necessary, any other appropriate method of analysis.

3. Automatic methods of analysis used instead of a Community method of analysis shall be considered as being equivalent to the Community methods of analysis referred to in paragraph 1, provided it is established, under the procedure provided for in Article 83, that the results obtained, with respect to their accuracy, repeatability and reproducibility, are at least equal to the results obtained by the corresponding Community method.'

(4) Article 79 (2) shall be replaced by the following:

'2. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall adopt the necessary measures to ensure uniform application of Community provisions in the wine sector, particularly as regards control and relations between the authorities referred to in the fourth subparagraph of paragraph 1.

Under the same procedure, and in order to improve controls, the Council shall adopt, not later than 31 December 1987, general rules on this improvement and on the setting up of the Community structure giving the

Commission's specific inspectors the means of intervening in this matter in cooperation with the national authorities.

These rules shall contain the objectives, conditions and, where appropriate, the specific financial procedures for this improvement of controls.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Article 1 (2) (b) shall apply from 1 September 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council

The President

K. E. TYGESEN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1973/87
of 2 July 1987
fixing the guide prices for wine for the 1987/88 wine year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 89 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 of 16 March 1987 on the common organization of the market in wine ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1972/87 ⁽²⁾ and in particular Article 2 thereof, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Whereas, when the guide prices for the various types of table wine are fixed, account should be taken both of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community wishes to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the main objectives of the common agricultural policy are to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to assure the availability of supplies and to ensure that supplies reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas, in order to attain these objectives, it is essential not to increase the present gap between production and demand; whereas, accordingly, the guide prices for the 1987/88 wine year should be reduced by 2 %;

Whereas the level of prices in Spain differs from that of the common prices; whereas, pursuant to Article 70 of the Act of Accession, the Spanish prices should be aligned on the common prices at the beginning of each marketing year; whereas the rules laid down for this alignment give the Spanish prices set out below;

Whereas the guide prices must be fixed for each type of table wine representative of Community production as defined in Annex III of Regulation (EEC) No 822/87,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1987/88 wine year, the guide prices for table wines shall be:

Type of wine	Guide price in the Community of Ten	Guide price in Spain
R I	3,35 ECU/% vol/hl	2,28 ECU/% vol/hl
R II	3,35 ECU/% vol/hl	2,28 ECU/% vol/hl
R III	52,23 ECU/hl	35,55 ECU/hl
A I	3,11 ECU/% vol/hl	2,11 ECU/% vol/hl
A II	69,60 ECU/hl	47,32 ECU/hl
A III	79,49 ECU/hl	54,05 ECU/hl

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 September 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council
The President
 K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 84, 27. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 26 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 65.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1974/87

of 2 July 1987

amending Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the Commission sent the Council on 20 March 1984 a proposal for fixing the export refunds for a number of agricultural products by tender; whereas this proposal has not yet been adopted by the Council; whereas the present situation of the world tobacco market is such that the possibility of fixing the export refund on tobacco by this method should be opened immediately; whereas Regulation

(EEC) No 727/70 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1576/86 ⁽⁵⁾ should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The following subparagraph shall be added to Article 9 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70:

‘The refund may be fixed by tender.’

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

For the Council

The President

K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1975/87

of 2 July 1987

fixing, for the 1987 harvest, the norm and intervention prices and the premiums granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco, the reference qualities and the production areas and amending Regulation (EEC) No 1577/86

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1974/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 2 (5), 4 (4) and 6 (8) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽⁵⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, when the prices for raw tobacco are fixed, account should be taken both of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community wishes to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are, in particular, to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to assure the availability of supplies and to ensure that supplies reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the norm and intervention prices for leaf tobacco must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 in order, in particular, to encourage producers to convert to the cultivation of those varieties which are most competitive and most in demand;

Whereas it is again desirable to fix, in respect of the 1987 harvest, derived intervention prices both for the varieties which, before the common organization of the market came into force or, in the case of varieties grown in Greece, Spain and Portugal, prior to accession, qualified for a price guarantee at the baled tobacco stage and for the varieties which are grown mainly in Germany, in order to take account of the marketing practices in that country;

Whereas the premium granted to purchasers of Community tobacco is intended to enable them to pay producers of leaf tobacco a price which is at the level of the norm price, account being taken of the trend in world market prices, and the level of prices established by the interaction of supply and demand on the Community market;

Whereas the abovementioned prices and the amount of the premium must be fixed for each variety produced in recognized production areas and for a reference quality defined in such a way that as objective an assessment as possible can be made of the quality of the tobacco;

Whereas, for the 1987 harvest, the recognized production areas for each variety of tobacco should be specified and the definitions of the reference qualities should be those laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1577/86 of 23 May 1986 fixing, for the 1986 harvest, the norm and intervention prices and the premiums granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco, the derived intervention prices for baled tobacco, the reference qualities and the production areas ⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas six production areas were omitted from the recognized areas listed in Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 1577/86; whereas, in order to enable tobacco producers in those areas to qualify for the measures provided for in that Regulation, the Annex in question should be amended;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1890/87 ⁽⁷⁾ provides that for the tobacco sector, from 1 April 1988 a new representative rate shall be applied to the currencies of certain Member States; whereas that provision should lead, as from that date, to a reduction in terms of national currencies, of the premium fixed in units of account for a substantial part of the harvest in those Member States whose representative rate is revalued; whereas, however, it seems more appropriate to the nature of this sector that the same conditions should apply to the entire harvest in a given year; whereas this objective could be achieved if the previous rates of exchange for the Member States concerned were to be made applicable to premiums paid for the 1986 harvest,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1987 harvest, the reference qualities and recognized production areas for each of the varieties of Community-

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 30 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 67.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 156, 15. 6. 1987.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C 150, 9. 6. 1987, p. 8.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 3.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 182, 3. 7. 1987, p. 4.

produced leaf tobacco referred to in Article 2 (3) (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, shall be as set out respectively in Annexes I and III to this Regulation.

Article 2

For the 1987 harvest, the reference qualities and recognized production areas referred to in Article 6 (3) (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, for each of the varieties of Community-produced baled tobacco in respect of which a derived intervention price is fixed, shall be as set out respectively in Annexes II and III to this Regulation.

Article 3

1. For the 1987 harvest, the norm and intervention prices and the amounts of the premium granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco, referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, and the derived intervention prices for baled tobacco referred to in Article 6 of the said Regulation, shall be as set out in Annex IV to this Regulation.

2. The prices and premiums shall apply provided that each of the varieties was grown in the corresponding production areas as set out in Annex III.

Article 4

Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 1577/86 is hereby amended as follows:

- for the variety '2. Badischer Burley E and its hybrids', the recognized production areas for Italy shall be replaced by 'Piedmont, Lombardy, Veneto and Emilia-Romagna';

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

- for the variety '3. Virgin D', the recognized production areas for Germany shall be replaced by 'Schleswig-Holstein, Lower Saxony, Franconia, Rhine Valley and adjacent valleys';
- for the variety '4. (a) Paraguay and its hybrids', 'Belgium' shall be added in the 'Countries' column with, as recognized production area, 'Flanders';
- for the variety '17. Basma', the recognized production areas for Greece shall be replaced by 'Thrace, Macedonia, Sterea Hellas and Thessaly';
- the wording of variety 18 shall be replaced by the following:

'18. a) Katerini	Greece	Macedonia
b) Similar varieties		Macedonia, Sterea Hellas, Epirus and Thessaly'

Article 5

The exchange rate to be applied in the Federal Republic of Germany for the purposes of the premiums for the 1986 harvest shall be the representative rate applicable to the currency in question prior to 1 April 1988.

Article 6

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Article 4 shall apply from 24 May 1986.

For the Council
The President
K. E. TYGESEN

ANNEX I

Leaf tobacco: varieties and their reference qualities for the 1987 harvest

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
1	Badischer Geudertheimer and its hybrids	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, dark brown to mottled brown, of uniform length Packaging: tobacco graded, tied in hands or in temporary bales with non-tobacco material Moisture: 26 %
2	Badischer Burley E and its hybrids	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, fleshy, reddish brown to light brown, of uniform length Packaging: tobacco graded, tied in hands or in temporary bales with non-tobacco material Moisture: 25 %
3	Virgin D	Class 1 Leaf Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, yellow to reddish yellow; variations in colour such as brownish to greenish yellow are allowed up to a third of the leaf's surface Packaging: tobacco graded, tied in hands or in temporary bales with non-tobacco material Moisture: 19 %
4	(a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof (b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appelterre	Class 2 Middle leaf Class 2: leaf sound, with minor defects as regards colour, texture, or ripeness but with satisfactory combustibility Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture: 27 %
5	Nijkerk	Class 2 Tips Class 2: — either leaf of second length (not exceeding 45 cm) with very gummy texture, fleshy, still undamaged; strong and elastic, without prominent veins, well ripened producing a lively brown to dark brown colour, — or leaf of first length (exceeding 45 cm) with a texture still gummy, fleshy and still undamaged; strong, with relatively prominent veins, of all colours except bottle green Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture: 27 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
6	(a) Misionero and hybrids thereof (b) Rio Grande and hybrids thereof	2nd quality leaf 2nd quality: leaf fully developed over 45 cm, not coarse grained, lively to fairly lively light somewhat yellowish colour, reasonably firm and undamaged; reasonably good combustibility Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf) Moisture: 27 %
7	Bright	Leaf in category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow Packaging: in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg Moisture: 16 %
8	Burley I	Leaf in category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, of open possibly firm texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a more or less lively nut-brown colour Packaging: in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg or tied in hands of 25 to 30 leaves with non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 19 %
9	Maryland	Leaf in category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, with slight curing defects and only slightly mottled, of average texture with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a rather lively reddish brown colour Packaging: in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg or tied in hands of 25 to 30 leaves with non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 19 %
10	(a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof (b) Moro di Cori (c) Salento	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf fully ripe, of firm texture, without curing and condition defects, brown in colour, with some damage, with good combustibility Packaging: in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 23 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
11	(a) Forchheimer Havana II c (b) Nostrano del Brenta (c) Resistente 142 (d) Gojano	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf of firm or light texture, sound, without any curing defects, brown to greenish in colour, with some damage Packaging: tobacco graded, tied in hands or in temporary bales with non-tobacco material Moisture: 26 %
12	(a) Beneventano (b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf sufficiently ripe, firm texture or possibly coarse or thin, with minor defects as regards curing and fermentation and damage Packaging: in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 24 %
13	Xanti-Yakà	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile, of oval or elliptical shape, stems (midribs) not too prominent and well-spaced veins, with some curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 20 cm Packaging: in temporary bales of 15 to 20 kg or 'stringed' in cases of 30 to 40 kg Moisture: 17 %
14	(a) Perustitza (b) Samsun	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile (Perustitza) or with leaf stalks (Samsun), of elliptical-lanceolate shape with fine points (Perustitza) or elliptical and rounded (Samsun), without prominent stems (midribs) and with veins at a rather acute angle, with slight curing defects, generally of light texture, in colour from yellow to brown (Perustitza), or reddish (Samsun), with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 25 cm Packaging: in temporary bales of 15 to 20 kg or 'stringed' in cases of 30 to 40 kg Moisture: 17 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
15	Erzegovina and similar varieties	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile, of oval or elliptical shape, with fairly prominent stems (midribs) and fairly open veins, with some curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 35 cm Packaging: in temporary bales of 15 to 20 kg or 'stringed' in cases of 30 to 40 kg Moisture: 17 %
16	(a) Round Tip (b) Scafati (c) Sumatra I	Leaf in category B Category B: lower middle leaf, sorted by length in the following proportions: first length (38 cm and over): 60 % second length (from 32 to under 38 cm): 35 % third length (from 25 to under 32 cm): 5 % Leaf of convenient size, fully ripe and of uniform colour, sound, without damage, fine texture, tensile and elastic, stems and veins not prominent, well fermented and in good condition, good combustibility, of typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars, including about 25 % broken leaf Packaging: in hands tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli) Moisture: 22 %
17	Basmas	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 15 cm long, colour golden-yellow, orange to yellow-red, with good elasticity, shiny, fairly bodied, porous structure and fine texture, with strong, typical aroma, good combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe showing slight damage and/or curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 20 cm long, colour light yellow, yellow-green, reddish or light brown, with fairly porous structure and fine texture, medium elasticity moderately shiny and bodied, with strong, typical aroma, very good combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III Packaging: growers' bales of 15 to 25 kg, formed in the traditional way from two rows of pastals (leaves straight laid). In the districts of Astakos and Chrysoupolis packing is in 'armathodema' Moisture: 17 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
18	Katerini and similar varieties	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 20 cm long, colour light yellow or orange to reddish, of porous structure, good elasticity, shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility Leaf as above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe with slight damage and/or curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 25 cm long, colour yellow, orange, yellow-green, reddish or light brown, of porous structure, moderately bodied, medium elasticity and shiny, fine texture and very good combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III Packaging: strings are usually bulked using the 'Baski' system before packing. Packing is in bales of 25 to 35 kg using traditional 'Kaloup' system Moisture: 16 %
19	(a) Kaba-Koulak classic (b) Ellassona	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 25 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and to 20 cm long for Ellassona, Karatzova and Kontoula, of moderate to deep yellow colour, good elasticity, shiny, of porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe, with some slight damage and/or curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 30 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and 25 cm long for Ellassona, Karatzova and Kontoula, colour yellow, yellow-green, reddish, of fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, medium elasticity and moderately shiny, excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III Packaging: growers' bales of 15 to 30 kg, made up in the traditional form of two rows of 'armathodema' Moisture: 17 %
20	(a) Kaba-Koulak non-classic (b) Myrodata Smyrnis, Trapezous, Phi I	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the top leaves, up to 30 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and Trapezous, 20 cm long for Phi I and 15 cm long for Myrodata Smyrnis, of light yellow to reddish colour, good elasticity, shiny, fairly porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 35 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and Trapezous, 25 cm long for Phi I and 20 cm long for Myrodata Smyrnis, of yellow,

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
20 (cont'd)	(a) Kaba-Koulak non-classic (b) Myrodata Smyrna, Trapezous, Phi I	yellow-green or light brown colour, of fairly porous structure, fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, very good combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III Packaging: growers' bales of 25 to 35 kg, made up using the traditional 'armathodema' system or of 35 to 50 kg using the 'Kaloup' system Moisture: 17 %
21	Myrodata Agrinion	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 25 cm long, of yellow to deep orange colour, of good elasticity, shiny, porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 30 cm long, of yellow, yellow-green or light reddish colour, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III Packaging: growers' bales of 15 to 30 kg made up in the traditional way in two rows of 'armathodema' Moisture: 15 %
22	Zichnomyrodata	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 20 cm long, light yellow to light orange colour, good elasticity, shiny, porous structure, fine texture; excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 25 cm long, colour yellow, yellow-green or light reddish, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III Packaging: growers' bales of 15 to 30 kg made up in the traditional way in two rows of 'armathodema' Moisture: 17 %
23	Tsebelia	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 35 cm long, colour yellow-red, orange to reddish, of porous structure, good elasticity and shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
23 (cont'd)	Tsebelia	Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with minor curing defects, from all positions on the plant, up to 40 cm long, colour light yellow, yellow-green, reddish or light brown, fairly porous structure, fairly elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, fairly fine texture, very good combustibility; includes leaves with slight disease blemishes and/or minor damage Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III Packaging: growers' bales of 30 to 40 kg, made up in two rows of 'armathodema' Moisture: 14 %
24	Mavra	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 30 cm long, colour yellow-reddish or orange to reddish, with porous structure, fine texture, good elasticity and shiny, fairly bodied, good combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, showing minor curing defects, from all positions on the plant, up to 40 cm long, colour yellowish, yellow-green (lemon), reddish or light brown, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, of good combustibility; includes also leaves with slight disease blemishes and/or minor damage Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III Packaging: growers' bales of 30 to 50 kg made up in two rows of 'armathodema' Moisture: 14 %
25	Burley EL	Quality A leaves Quality A: leaf fully ripe, fully developed, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from the middle stalk position, of uniform medium nut-brown to nut-red colour, porous structure, fine texture, excellent combustibility Packaging: growers' bales of 50 to 70 kg, made up in two rows of 'armathodema', no strings (leaves loose) Moisture: 22 %
26	Virginia EL	Quality A leaves Quality A: leaf fully ripe, fully developed, sound, undamaged, without curing defects, of uniform lemon yellow to medium orange colour, well bodied, fine texture and good combustibility, mainly from the middle stalk position Packaging: growers' bales of 30 to 40 kg, made up in two rows of 'armathodema', no strings (leaves loose) Moisture: 19 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
27	Santa Fé	Class 1 leaf Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without curing defects, with stems (midribs) completely dried, brown in colour, with some damage Packaging: tobacco graded in uniform temporary bales Moisture: 18 %
28	Fermented Burley	Class 1 leaf Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without curing defects, with stems (midribs) completely dried, with good combustibility, nut-brown to cinnamon in colour, with some damage Packaging: tobacco graded in uniform temporary bales Moisture: 18 %
29	Havana E	Class 1 leaf Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, fine texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, without curing defects, with stems (midribs) completely dried brown, light brown or greenish in colour, with some damage Packaging: tobacco graded in uniform temporary bales Moisture: 18 %
30	Round Scafati	Class 1 leaf Class 1: leaf of reasonable size, well ripened, of uniform colour, sound, undamaged, fine texture, strong and elastic, with fine stems (midribs) and veins, in good condition, with good combustibility, with typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars; about 25 % broken leaf acceptable Packaging: in uniform temporary bales containing hands tied with non-tobacco material Moisture: 18 %
31	Virginia E	Class 1 leaf Class 1: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, sound, lemon yellow or orange in colour Packaging: in uniform temporary bales of 33 to 45 kg not tied in hands and with the leaves separated according to their position on the stalk Moisture: 16 %
32	Burley E	Class 1 leaf Class 1: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, sound, of various shades of cinnamon colour Packaging: in uniform temporary bales of 33 to 45 kg not tied in hands and with the leaves separated according to their position on the stalk Moisture: 18 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
33	Virginia P	Class 1 leaf Class 1: leaf ripe, open and elastic texture, oily, lemon yellow to orange in colour, shiny, length exceeding 40 cm, leaves from the first and last positions on the stalk not included Packaging: in temporary bales of 45 kg with the leaves arranged in order Moisture: 17 %
34	Burley P	Class 1 leaf Class 1: leaf ripe, open and elastic texture, bright colour, length exceeding 40 cm, leaves from the first and last positions on the stalk not included Packaging: in temporary bales of 35 kg with the leaves arranged in order Moisture: 20 %

ANNEX II

Baled tobacco: varieties and their reference qualities for the 1986 harvest

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
1	Badischer Geudertheimer and its hybrids	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, dark brown to mottled brown, of uniform length, fermented normally Packaging: in bales, cases or cartons of approximately 75 to 200 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg Moisture: 16 %
2	Badischer Burley E and its hybrids	Class 1 Hauptgut (top quality leaf) Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, fleshy light brown to reddish or dark brown, of uniform length, fermented normally Packaging: in bales or cases of approximately 75 to 175 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg Moisture: 15 %
3	Virgin D	Class 1 leaf Class 1: leaf, ripe, sound, without blemish, yellow to reddish or brownish yellow, fermented normally Packaging: in bales or cases of approximately 75 to 175 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg Moisture: 13 %
7	Bright	Leaf in category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow Packaging: in barrels of approximately 280 to 450 kg or cartons of approximately 150 to 210 kg Moisture: 13 %
8	Burley I	Leaf in category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, of open possibly firm texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a more or less lively nut-brown colour Packaging: in barrels of approximately 280 to 450 kg or cartons of approximately 150 to 210 kg Moisture: 13 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
9	Maryland	Leaf in category A Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, with slight curing defects and only slightly mottled, of average texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a rather lively reddish brown colour Packaging: in barrels of approximately 280 to 450 kg or cartons of approximately 150 to 210 kg Moisture: 13 %
10	(a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf fully ripe, of firm texture, without curing and condition defects, brown in colour, with some damage, of good combustibility Packaging: in barrels of approximately 280 to 450 kg, bales of approximately 170 to 200 kg or cartons of 150 to 200 kg Moisture: 16 %
11	(a) Forcheimer Havana II c (b) Nostrano del Brenta (c) Resistente 142 (d) Gojano	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf in firm or light texture, sound, without any curing defects, brown to greenish in colour, with some damage Packaging: in bales, cases or cartons of approximately 75 to 200 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg Moisture: 16 %
12	(a) Beneventano (b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties	Leaf in Category B Category B: leaf sufficiently ripe, firm texture or possibly coarse or thin, with minor defects as regards curing and fermentation and damage Packaging: in bales of approximately 120 kg or barrels of approximately 330 kg Moisture: 16 %
13	Xanti-Yakà	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile, of oval or elliptical shape, stems (midribs) not too prominent and well-spaced veins, with some curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 20 cm Packaging: in small bales of approximately 18 to 50 kg Moisture: 13 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
14	(a) Perustitza (b) Samsun	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile (Perustitza) or with leaf, stalks (Samsun) of elliptical lanceolate shape with fine points (Perustitza) or elliptical and rounded (Samsun) without prominent stems (midribs) and with veins at a rather acute angle, with slight curing defects, generally of light texture, in colour from yellow to brown (Perustitza) or reddish (Samsun), with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 25 cm Packaging: in small bales of approximately 18 to 50 kg Moisture: 13 %
15	Erzegovina and similar varieties	Leaf in category B Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile, of oval or elliptical shape, with fairly prominent stems (midribs) and fairly open veins, with some curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 35 cm Packaging: in small bales of approximately 18 to 50 kg Moisture: 13 %
16	(a) Round Tip (b) Scafati (c) Sumatra I	Leaf in category B Category B: lower middle leaf, sorted by length in the following proportions: first length (38 cm and over): 60 % second length (from 32 to under 38 cm): 35 % third length (from 25 to under 32 cm): 5 % leaf of convenient size, fully ripe and of uniform colour, sound, without damage, fine texture, tensile and elastic, stems and veins not prominent, well fermented and in good condition, good combustibility, of typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars, including about 25 % broken leaf Packaging: in bales of approximately 70 to 90 kg or cartons of approximately 180 to 210 kg Moisture: 16 %
17	Basmas	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 15 cm long, colour golden-yellow, orange to yellow-red, with good elasticity and shiny, fairly bodied, porous structure and fine texture, with strong, typical aroma, good combustibility

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
17 (cont'd)	Basmas	Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 45 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects and slight disease blemishes, up to 20 cm long, colour light yellow, reddish or light brown, with fairly porous structure and fine texture, medium elasticity, moderately shiny and bodied, with strong, typical aroma, very good combustibility Leaf as described above (III) constitutes 55 % of quality I/III Packaging: bales ('Tongas') of approximately 30 kg Moisture: 13 %
18	Katerini and similar varieties	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 20 cm long, colour light yellow or orange to reddish, of porous structure, good elasticity, shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 45 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe with slight damage and curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 25 cm long, colour yellow, orange, yellow-green, reddish or light brown, of porous structure, medium elasticity and shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III Packaging: bales ('Tongas') of approximately 30 kg Moisture: 13 %
19	(a) Kaba-Koulak classic (b) Ellassona	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 25 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and to 20 cm long for Ellassona, Karatzova and Kontoula, of moderate to deep yellow colour, good elasticity, shiny, of porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe with some slight damage and/or curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 30 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and 25 cm long for Ellassona, Karatzova and Kontoula, of yellow to reddish colour, of fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, medium elasticity, shiny, excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III Packaging: bales ('Tongas') of approximately 30 kg Moisture: 13 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
20	(a) Kaba-Koulak non-classic (b) Myrodata Smyrna, Trapezous, Phi 1	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 30 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and Trapezous, 20 cm long for Phi 1 and 15 cm long for Myrodata Smyrna, of light yellow to reddish colour, good elasticity, shiny, fairly porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 47 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 35 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and Trapezous, 25 cm long for Phi 1, and 20 cm long for Myrodata Smyrna, of yellow to light brown colour, fairly porous structure, fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, very good combustibility Leaf as described above (III) constitutes 53 % of quality I/III Packaging: bales ('Tongas') of approximately 30 kg Moisture: 13 %
21	Myrodata Agrinion	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 25 cm long, of yellow to deep orange colour, of good elasticity, shiny, porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 47 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 30 cm long, of yellow to light reddish colour, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, excellent combustibility Leaf as described above (III) constitutes 53 % of quality I/III Packaging: bales ('Tongas') of approximately 30 kg Moisture: 14 %
22	Zichnomyrodata	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 20 cm long, from light yellow to light orange in colour, good elasticity, shiny, porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 25 cm long, of yellow to light reddish colour, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, excellent combustibility Leaf as described above (III) constitutes 53 % of quality I/III Packaging: bales ('Tongas') of approximately 30 kg Moisture: 13 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
23	Tsebelia	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 30 cm long, colour yellow-red, orange to reddish, of porous structure, elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 45 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with minor curing defects, from all positions on the plant, up to 40 cm long, colour from light yellow to reddish or light brown, fairly porous structure, fairly elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, fairly fine texture, very good combustibility; includes also leaves with slight disease blemishes and/or minor damage Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III Packaging: bales ('Tongas') of approximately 30 kg Moisture: 13 %
24	Mavra	Quality I/III leaves Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 30 cm long, colour yellow-reddish or orange to reddish, with porous structure, fine texture, elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, good combustibility Leaf as described above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with minor curing defects, from all positions on the plant, up to 40 cm long, colour from yellowish to reddish or light brown, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, of good combustibility; includes also leaves with slight disease blemishes and/or minor damage Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III Packaging: bales ('Tongas') of approximately 30 kg Moisture: 13 %
25	Burley GR	Quality A leaves Quality A: leaf fully ripe, fully developed, undamaged, sound, well cured, from the middle stalk position, of uniform medium nut-brown, to nut-red colour, porous structure, fine texture, excellent combustibility Packaging: bales of approximately 100 kg, cases of approximately 200 kg or barrels of 240 to 280 kg Moisture: 13 %
26	Virginia GR	Quality A leaves Quality A: leaf fully ripe, fully developed, from the middle stalk position, sound, undamaged, well cured, of a uniform lemon yellow to medium orange colour, fine texture and good combustibility Packaging: bales of approximately 100 kg Moisture: 13 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality	
27	Santa Fé	Class 1 leaf	
		Class 1:	Leaf ripe, sound, well fermented, brown or dark brown in colour, with some damage
		Packaging:	in bales of 80 to 100 kg or in cartons of 150 to 210 kg
		Moisture:	14 %
28	Fermented Burley	Class 1 leaf	
		Class 1:	Leaf ripe, sound, well fermented, brown in colour, with some damage
		Packaging:	in bales of 80 to 100 kg or in cartons of 150 to 210 kg
		Moisture:	14 %
29	Havana E	Class 1 leaf	
		Class 1:	Leaf ripe, sound, fine texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, well fermented, brown or light brown to greenish in colour, with some damage
		Packaging:	in bales of 80 to 100 kg or in cartons of 150 to 210 kg
		Moisture:	14 %
30	Round Scafati	Class 1 leaf	
		Class 1:	Leaf of reasonable size, well ripened, of uniform colour, sound, without significant damage, fine texture, strong and elastic, with fine stems (midribs) and veins, in good condition, with good combustibility, with typical flavour and aroma, well fermented, suitable for wrapping cigars; about 25 % broken leaf acceptable
		Packaging:	in bales of 70 to 100 kg or in cartons of 180 to 210 kg
		Moisture:	14 %
31	Virginia E	Class 1 leaf	
		Class 1:	Leaf sufficiently ripe, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow from lemon to orange
		Packaging:	in cartons of 170 to 210 kg
		Moisture:	14 %
32	Burley E	Class 1 leaf	
		Class 1:	Leaf sufficiently ripe, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, sound, of various shades of cinnamon colour
		Packaging:	in cartons of 150 to 210 kg
		Moisture:	14 %

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
33	Virginia P	Class 1 leaf Class 1: Leaf ripe, well cured, open and elastic texture, oily, lemon yellow to orange in colour, shiny, length exceeding 40 cm, leaves from the first and last positions on the stalk not included Packaging: in cartons of 200 kg, not tied in hands Moisture: 12,5 %
34	Burley P	Class 1 leaf Class 1: Leaf ripe, well cured, open and elastic texture, bright colour, length exceeding 40 cm, leaves from the first and last positions on the stalk not included Packaging: in cartons of 180 kg, not tied in hands Moisture: 13 %

ANNEX III

Recognized growing areas for each Community-produced tobacco variety

Variety	Countries	Production Areas
1. Badischer Geudertheimer and its hybrids	Germany France Italy	Rhine valley and adjacent valleys and Mittelfranken Nord-Pas-de-Calais, Picardy, Champagne-Ardennes, Alsace-Lorraine, Val-de-Loire and Poitou-Bretagne Veneto, Tuscany, Molise, Campania and Lazio
2. Badischer Burley E and its hybrids	Germany France Italy	Rhine valley and Mittelfranken Aquitaine, Midi-Pyrénées, Auvergne-Limousin, Alsace-Lorraine, Rhône-Alpes, Franche-Comté, Val-de-Loire, Centre, Poitou-Bretagne and Burgundy and Charente Piedmont, Lombardy, Veneto and Emilia-Romagna
3. Virgin D	Germany France	Schleswig-Holstein, Lower Saxony, Franconia, Rhine valley and adjacent valleys Aquitaine, Midi-Pyrénées, Auvergne-Limousin, Champagne-Ardennes, Alsace-Lorraine, Rhône-Alpes, Franche-Comté, Provence, Val-de-Loire, Centre, Poitou-Bretagne, Languedoc-Roussillon, Normandy, Burgundy, Charente, Nord-Pas-de-Calais and Picardy
4. (a) Paraguay and its hybrids	France Belgium Italy	Aquitaine, Midi-Pyrénées, Languedoc-Roussillon, Auvergne-Limousin, Poitou-Bretagne, Charente, Val-de-Loire, Centre, Rhône-Alpes, Provence, Franche-Comté, Alsace-Lorraine, Champagne-Ardennes, Picardy, Nord-Pas-de-Calais, Normandy and Burgundy Flanders Molise and Campania
(b) Dragon vert and its hybrids, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appel-terre	France Belgium	Nord-Pas-de-Calais, Picardy, Champagne-Ardennes and Val-de-Loire Flanders, Hainaut, Namur and Luxembourg
5. Nijkerk	France	Departments of Lot and Aveyron
6. Misionero	France	Réunion
7. Bright	Italy	Friuli, Veneto, Lombardy, Piedmont, Tuscany, Marches, Umbria, Lazio, Abruzzi, Molise, Campania, Basilicata, Apulia and Calabria
8. Burley I	Italy	Veneto, Lombardy, Piedmont, Umbria, Emilia-Romagna, Lazio, Abruzzi, Molise, Campania, Basilicata, Apulia and Sicily
9. Maryland	Italy	Friuli, Lombardy, Tuscany, Marche, Umbria, Lazio, Molise and Campania
10. Kentucky	Italy	Veneto, Tuscany, Umbria, Lazio and Campania
11. F. Havana	Italy	Friuli, Trentino, Veneto, Tuscany, Lazio and Molise and Campania
12. Beneventano Brasile selvaggio	Italy	Campania Sicily
13. Xanti-Yaka	Italy	Abruzzi, Campania, Basilicata and Apulia
14. (a) Perustitza (b) Samsun	Italy	Lazio, Abruzzi, Molise, Campania, Apulia and Sicily
15. Erzegovina	Italy	Lazio, Abruzzi and Apulia

Variety	Countries	Production Areas
16. Round Tip	Greece Italy	Central Macedonia Campania
17. Basma	Greece	Thrace, Macedonia, Sterea Hellas and Thessaly
18. (a) Katerini (b) Similar varieties	Greece	Macedonia Macedonia, Sterea Hellas, Epirus and Thessaly
19. (a) Kaba Koulak classic (b) Elassona	Greece Greece	Macedonia Thessaly
20. Kaba Koulak non-classic	Greece	Macedonia, Thessaly, Sterea Hellas, Thrace, Epirus, Peloponnese and Islands
21. Myrodata Agrinion	Greece	Sterea Hellas
22. Zichnomyrodata	Greece	Thessaly
23. Tsebelia	Greece	Epirus and Sterea Hellas
24. Mavra	Greece	Thessaly, Peloponnese and Sterea Hellas
25. Burley GR	Greece	Macedonia and Thessaly
26. Virginia GR	Greece	Sterea Hellas, Thessaly, Macedonia, Thrace and Peloponnese
27. Santa Fé	Spain	Andalusia
28. Burley Ferm.	Spain	Extremadura, Andalusia, Castille-Léon, Castille-Manche, Valencienne community, Navarre, Rioja, Catalogne and Madrid
29. Havana E	Spain	Castille-Léon, Navarre, Galicia, Asturias and Cantabria
30. Round Scafati	Spain	Galicia, Asturias, Navarre, Castille-Léon and Cantabria
31. Virginia E	Spain	Extremadura, Andalusia, Castille-Léon and Castille-Manche
32. Burley E	Spain	Extremadura, Andalusia, Castille-Léon and Castille-Manche
33. Virginia P	Portugal	Beira Interior, Ribatejo Oeste, Alentejo and autonomous region of the Azores
34. Burley P	Portugal	Beiras, Ribatejo Oeste, Entre Douro e Minho, Tras-os-Montes and autonomous region of the Azores

ANNEX IV

Norm prices, intervention prices and premiums for leaf tobacco from the 1987 harvest

Derived intervention prices for baled tobacco from the 1987 harvest

(ECU/kg)

Serial No	Variety	Norm Price	Intervention Price	Premium	Derived Intervention Price
1	Badischer Geudertheimer and its hybrids	3,643	3,097	2,534	4,644
2	Badischer Burley E and its hybrids	4,512	3,835	2,932	5,426
3	Virgin D	4,626	3,932	2,870	5,179
4	(a) Paraguay and its hybrids (b) Dragon vert and its hybrids, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appelterre	3,400	2,890	2,352	—
5	Nijkerk	3,357	2,853	2,132	—
6	(a) Misionero and its hybrids (b) Rio Grande and its hybrids	3,128	2,659	2,159	—
7	Bright	4,070	3,459	2,413	4,764
8	Burley I	2,848	2,421	1,637	3,565
9	Maryland	3,313	2,816	1,856	4,014
10	(a) Kentucky and its hybrids (b) Moro di Cori (c) Salento	2,796	2,376	1,765	3,347
11	(a) Forchheimer Havana II c (b) Nostrano del Brenta (c) Resistente 142 (d) Gojano	2,942	2,501	2,075	3,858
12	(a) Beneventano (b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties	1,589	1,350	1,171	2,134
13	Xanti-Yakà	3,465	2,945	2,552	4,725
14	(a) Perustiza (b) Samsun	3,280	2,788	2,429 2,364	4,116 4,140
15	Erzegovina and similar varieties	2,947	2,505	2,188	3,712
16	(a) Round Tip (b) Scafati (c) Sumatra I	15,596	13,257	9,420	20,478
17	Basmas	6,090	5,177	3,012	6,914
18	Katerini and similar varieties	5,073	4,312	2,680	6,196
19	(a) Kaba Koulak classic (b) Elassona	4,279	3,637	2,211	5,170
20	(a) Kaba Koulak non-classic (b) Myrodata Smyrnis, Trapezous and Phi 1	3,223	2,740	1,514	4,163
21	Myrodata Agrinion	4,253	3,615	2,233	5,080
22	Zichnomyrodata	4,419	3,756	2,355	5,303
23	Tsebelia	3,473	2,952	2,819	4,401

Serial No	Variety	Norm Price	Intervention Price	Premium	Derived Intervention Price
24	Mavra	3,391	2,882	2,304	4,323
25	Burley EL	2,251	1,688 ⁽¹⁾	1,207 ⁽¹⁾	2,748 ⁽¹⁾
26	Virginia EL	3,806	3,235	3,083	4,465
27	Santa Fé	1,383	1,176	0,301	2,034
28	Burley Ferm.	2,240	1,904	0,922	2,923
29	Havana E	2,878	2,447	1,952	3,634
30	Round Scafati	8,669	7,369	5,911	12,615
31	Virginia E	4,531	3,851	2,308	5,305
32	Burley E	2,965	2,520	1,384	3,789
33	Virginia P	4,263	3,624	2,308	4,953
34	Burley P	3,072	2,611	1,384	3,896

⁽¹⁾ Account being taken of the application of Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1976/87

of 2 July 1987

laying down special measures applicable to raw tobacco of the 1987, 1988 and 1989 harvests
of certain varieties

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1974/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 13 (8) thereof,Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,Whereas the Commission report provided for in Article 13 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 shows the quantity of the variety Burley EL from the 1985 harvest taken over by the intervention agencies to be substantially larger than both the quantity and the percentage of production laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 1469/70 ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1578/86 ⁽⁵⁾; whereas the data available at present point to the risk that the quantities taken over by the intervention agencies for the 1986 harvest might exceed the quantities and the percentage of production laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 1469/70;

Whereas it is necessary therefore to adopt special measures as provided for in Article 13 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No

727/70, and in particular to lower the intervention price for the variety; whereas in view of the need to rebalance the market the lower price should apply to a number of consecutive harvests;

Whereas the action taken will reduce intervention expenditure and allow the level of the premium to be raised by way of compensation; whereas in consequence producers will be able to obtain the norm price for the quantities that can be disposed of normally on the market,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The intervention price for tobacco of the 1987, 1988 and 1989 harvests of the variety Burley EL shall be lowered to 75 % of the corresponding norm price.

*Article 2*This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

*For the Council**The President*

K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.⁽²⁾ See page 30 of this Official Journal.⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 89.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 164, 27. 7. 1970, p. 35.⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 26.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1977/87

of 2 July 1987

amending Regulation (EEC) No 326/71 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on raw tobacco and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1974/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9 ⁽⁴⁾ thereof,Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽³⁾,Whereas Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 has been amended to make it possible for export refunds to be fixed by tender; whereas general rules for granting these refunds and criteria for fixing their amount were laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 326/71 ⁽⁴⁾; whereas that Regulation must therefore be adjusted, in particular to introduce advance fixing certificates coupled with the lodging of a deposit guaranteeing that exportation will be effected during the period of validity of the certificate,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The following Article shall be inserted in Regulation (EEC) No 326/71:

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1987.

'Article 3a

1. Exports from the Community of products benefiting from the arrangements for the advance fixing of refunds by tender shall be conditional on the submission of an advance fixing certificate issued by Member States to any applicant irrespective of the place of his establishment in the Community.

The certificates shall be valid throughout the Community.

2. The issue of an advance fixing certificate shall be conditional on the lodging of a deposit guaranteeing that exportation will be effected during the period of validity of the certificate; this deposit shall be forfeited in whole or in whole or in part if the transaction is not effected, or is only partially effected, within that period.

3. Where refunds are fixed by tender this shall be done on the basis of the quotations received and of the factors specified in Articles 2 and 3.'

*Article 2*This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council
The President
K. E. TYGESEN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 30 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 3. 4. 1987, p. 89.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 39, 17. 2. 1971, p. 1.