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I

*(Acts whose publication is obligatory)***COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1448/87****of 26 May 1987****opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for herrings falling within subheading 03.01 B I a) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Community undertook to open an annual duty-free Community tariff quota for 34 000 tonnes of herrings, whole, headless or in pieces, falling within subheading 03.01 B I a) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff, imported from 16 June to 14 February in a fresh, chilled or frozen state, subject to compliance with the reference price; whereas, therefore, it is appropriate to open, for the period 16 June 1987 to 14 February 1988, the duty-free tariff quota in question, bearing in mind the obligation to comply with the reference price fixed;

Whereas equal and continuous access to the said quota should be ensured for all importers and the rate of levy for the tariff quota should be applied consistently to all imports until the said quota is used up; whereas, in the light of the principles outlined above, a Community tariff arrangement based on an allocation between the Member States would seem to preserve the Community nature of the quota; whereas, to represent as closely as possible the actual development of the market in the said goods, this allocation should follow proportionately the requirements of the Member States calculated both from statistics of imports from third countries during a representative reference period and according to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which complete statistics are available, the imports of each Member State represent the following percentages in relation to the total imports of the products in question:

	1983	1984	1985
Benelux	5,99	4,06	3,70
Denmark	69,61	66,39	68,88
Germany	21,94	24,44	19,30
Greece	—	—	—
Spain	—	—	—
France	1,48	2,35	5,47
Ireland	—	0,02	—
Italy	—	0,02	—
Portugal	—	—	—
United Kingdom	0,98	2,72	2,65

Whereas, in view of the above and of the foreseeable trend of the market for these products in the quota period, the initial quota shares may be as indicated in Articles 2 and 3;

Whereas, to take account of the possible import trends for this product, the quota volume should be divided into two parts, the first being allocated between the Member States and the second held as a reserve to cover any subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial share; whereas, to give importers some degree of certainty, the first part of the tariff quota should be fixed at a high level, which in this case could be 30 000 tonnes;

Whereas initial shares may be used up at different rates; whereas, to take account of this fact and to avoid any interruption, it should be provided that any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas, each time its additional share is almost used up, a Member State should draw a further share and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares should be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must, in particular, be in a position to keep account of the extent to which the quotas have been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas if, at a given date of the quota period, a considerable quantity of a Member State's initial share remains unused, it is essential that such State should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve, in order to prevent a part of the Community tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State while it could be used in others;

tration of the share allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the adminis-

1. From 16 June 1987 to 14 February 1988, the Common Customs Tariff duty on the following product shall be suspended at the level and within the limit of a Community tariff quota as shown below:

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Quota volume (tonnes)	Quota duty (%)
09.0005	03.01	Fish, fresh (live or dead), chilled or frozen : B. Saltwater fish : I. Whole, headless or in pieces : a) Herring : 2. from 16 June to 14 February : aa) fresh or chilled bb) frozen	34 000	0

2. Within the limit of this tariff quota, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply duties which are calculated according to the relevant provisions laid down in the 1985 Act of Accession.

3. The second part, constituting the reserve, shall consist of 4 000 tonnes.

3. Imports of herrings shall not be charged against this tariff quota if they are already free of customs duties under other preferential tariff treatment.

4. The use of the tariff quota referred to in paragraph 1 shall be subject to compliance with any reference price which may be fixed.

Article 3

If an importer who intends to import the products in question into Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal or Spain requests the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall draw a quota share equal to these needs from the reserve, to the extent that the reserve so permits.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 (1) shall be divided into two parts.

2. The first part, amounting to 30 000 tonnes, shall be allocated among certain Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 6, shall be valid from 16 June 1987 to 14 February 1988, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	1 419
Denmark	20 508
Germany	6 612
France	858
United Kingdom	603

Article 4

1. If a Member State has used 90 % or more of its initial share as fixed in Article 2 (2), or of that share minus any portion returned to the reserve pursuant to Article 6, it shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share, to the extent that the reserve so permits, equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

2. If a Member State, after exhausting its initial share, has used 90 % or more of the second share drawn by it, that Member State shall forthwith, under the conditions set out in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

3. If a Member State, after exhausting its second share, has used 90 % or more of the third share drawn by it, that Member State shall, under the conditions set out in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall apply until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, each Member State may draw shares lower than those specified in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that those specified may not be used in full. Any Member State applying this paragraph shall inform the Commission of its grounds for so doing.

Article 5

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 4 shall be valid until 14 February 1988.

Article 6

Member States shall, not later than 15 November 1987, return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial shares which, on 1 November 1987, is in excess of 10 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used in full.

Member States shall, not later than 15 November 1987, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the product in question imported up to and including 1 November 1987 and charged against the Community quota, and of any portion of their initial share returned to the reserve.

Article 7

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2, 3 and 4 and shall, as soon as the information reaches it, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall, not later than 20 November 1987, inform the Member States of the amount still in reserve, following any return of shares pursuant to Article 6.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 8

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 4 are opened in such a way that importations may be charged without interruption against their accumulated share of the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the product in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the product in question against their shares as and when the product is entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged against it in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 9

When so requested by the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 10

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 11

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1987.

For the Council

The President

L. TINDEMANS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1449/87**of 26 May 1987****opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for ferro-phosphorus falling within subheading ex 28.55 A of the Common Customs Tariff**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

each of the Member States; whereas these arrangements for allocation will equally ensure the uniform application of the Common Customs Tariff;

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Whereas, to take account of possible import trends for the products concerned, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated between the Member States and the second held as a reserve to meet subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial shares; whereas, to give importers of the Member States some degree of certainty, the first instalment of the tariff quota should be fixed at a relatively high level, which in this case could be 10 430 tonnes;

Whereas the production of ferro-phosphorus containing 15 % or more by weight of phosphorus, is currently insufficient in the Community to meet the requirements of the user industries in the Community; whereas, consequently, Community supplies of products of this type currently depend to a considerable extent on imports from third countries; whereas it is in the Community's interest to suspend totally the Common Customs Tariff duty for the products in question, within the Community tariff quota, of an appropriate volume for a relatively limited period; whereas, in order not to call into question the development prospects of this production in the Community while ensuring an adequate supply to satisfy user industries, it is advisable to limit the benefits of the tariff quota to products used for the manufacture of refined phosphoric iron or steel, to open this quota free of duty for the period 1 July to 31 December 1987 and to fix the volume at 13 000 tonnes;

Whereas initial shares may be used up at different rates; whereas, to avoid disruption of supplies on this account, it should be provided that any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas, each time its additional share is almost used up, a Member State should draw a further share, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares should be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must, in particular, be in a position to keep account of the extent to which the quotas have been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas, in particular, equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rate of duty for the tariff quota should be applied consistently to all imports until the quota is exhausted; whereas, in the light of these principles, arrangements for the utilization of the tariff quota based on an allocation among Member States would seem to be consistent with the Community nature of the quota; whereas, to correspond as closely as possible to the actual trend in the market in the product in question, allocation of the quota should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States as calculated by reference to statistics of imports from third countries during a representative reference period and to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Whereas, however, since the quota is an autonomous Community tariff quota intended to cover import needs arising in the Community, for experimental purposes, the quota volume may be allocated on the basis of the temporary import needs from third countries expressed by

1. From 1 July to 31 December 1987, the Common Customs Tariff duty for import of the following products shall be suspended at the level and within the limit of the Community tariff quota indicated opposite them:

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Quota volume (tonnes)	Quota duty (%)
09.2718	ex 28.55	Phosphides, whether or not chemically defined : A. Of iron (ferro-phosphorus) containing 15 % or more by weight of phosphorus, intended for the manufacture of refined phosphoric iron or steel	13 000	0

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1985 Act of Accession.

3. Control of the use of the products for the particular purpose laid down shall be carried out by applying the relevant Community provisions.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 10 430 tonnes of this Community tariff quota shall be allocated among the Member States ; the shares, which shall be valid until 31 December 1987, shall be as follows :

	(tonnes)
Benelux	4 935
France	1 280
Germany	2 565
Portugal	170
Spain	200
United Kingdom	1 280

2. The second instalment of 2 570 tonnes, shall constitute the reserve.

3. If an importer notifies an imminent importation of the product in question in a Member State which does not take part in the initial allocation and requests the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve permits this.

Article 3

1. If a Member State has used 90 % or more of its initial share as fixed in Article 2 (1), it shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share, to the extent that the reserve so permits, equal to 10 % of its initial share rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

2. If a Member State, after exhausting its initial share, has used 90 % or more of the second share drawn by it, that Member State shall forthwith, in the manner and to the extent provided in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

3. If a Member State, after exhausting its second share, has used 90 % or more of the third share drawn by it, that Member State shall, in the manner and to the extent provided in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall apply until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares lower than those specified in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that those specified may not be used in full. Any Member State applying this paragraph shall inform the Commission of its grounds for so doing.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1987.

Article 5

Member States shall, not later than 1 November 1987, return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 October 1987, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used in full.

Member States shall, not later than 1 November 1987, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the product in question imported up to and including 15 October 1987 and charged against the Community tariff quotas and of any portion of their initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as the notifications reach it, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall, not later than 5 November 1987 inform the Member States of the amount still in reserve, following any return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares of the Community tariff quota.
2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the product in question have free access to the shares allotted to them.
3. Member States shall charge imports of the product in question against their shares as the product is entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.
4. The extent to which Member States have used up their shares shall be determined on the basis of imports

charged against them under the conditions set out in paragraph 3.

Article 8

When so requested by the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1987.

For the Council

The President

L. TINDEMANS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1450/87

of 26 May 1987

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain polyethylene terephthalate films falling within subheading ex 39.01 C III a) of the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Whereas the production of polyethylene terephthalate film, having a thickness of not less than 22 and not more than 25 micrometres, is currently insufficient in the Community to meet the requirements of the user industries in the Community; whereas, consequently, Community supplies of products of this type currently depend to a considerable extent on imports from third countries; whereas it is in the Community's interest to suspend partially the Common Customs Tariff duty for the products in question, within the Community tariff quota, of an appropriate volume for a relatively limited period; whereas, in order not to call into question the development prospects of this production in the Community while ensuring an adequate supply to satisfy user industries, it is advisable to limit the benefits of the tariff quota to products used for the manufacture of magnetic cassette tapes, to open this quota free of duty from 1 July to 31 December 1987 and to fix the volume at 850 tonnes;

Whereas it is necessary, in particular, to ensure all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota

has been used up; whereas, however, since the quota is to cover requirements which cannot be determined with sufficient accuracy, it seems possible to avoid allocating it among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volume of such quantities as they may need, under conditions and according to a procedure to be specified; whereas this method of management requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July to 31 December 1987 the common customs duty applicable on import of the products mentioned below shall be suspended at the level and within the limit of the Community tariff quota indicated for each:

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Quota volume (tonnes)	Quota duty (%)
09.2740	ex 39.01 C III a)	Polyethylene terephthalate film, having a thickness of not less than 22 and not more than 25 micrometers, for use in the manufacture of magnetic cassette tapes	850	0

Within the limit of this tariff quota, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions laid down by the 1985 Act of Accession.

Control of the use of the products for the particular purpose laid down shall be carried out by applying the relevant Community provisions.

2. If an importer notifies an imminent importation of the product in question in a Member State and requests the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to these requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve permits this.

3. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 2 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (2) are carried out in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.
2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the said goods have access to the quota so long as the residual balance of the quota volume allows this.
3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their drawings as and when the goods are entered for free circulation.

4. The extent to which the quota has been used up shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 3

When so requested by the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against the quota.

Article 4

Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1987.

For the Council

The President

L. TINDEMANS

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1451/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 910/87⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 135/87⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient ;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 26 May 1987 ;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients ;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 135/87 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 88, 31. 3. 1987, p. 42.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 17, 20. 1. 1987, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies	
		Portugal	Third country
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	19,24	202,05
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	55,79	257,96 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	47,79	177,01 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	46,08	196,60
10.04	Oats	103,68	155,97
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	7,41	179,62 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁸⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	46,08	138,55
10.07 B	Millet	46,08	148,47 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C II	Grain sorghum, other than hybrid sorghum for sowing	32,13	188,51 ⁽⁴⁾ ⁽⁸⁾
10.07 D I	Triticale	(7)	(7)
10.07 D II	Canary seed ; other cereals	46,08	63,28 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	42,63	297,59
11.01 B	Rye flour	82,60	262,95
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	100,31	413,67
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	43,08	318,44

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 10.07 D I (triticale).

⁽⁸⁾ The levy referred to in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/86 shall be fixed on the basis of an invitation to tender in accordance with Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3140/86.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1452/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 910/87 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2011/86 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 26 May 1987;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt originating in Portugal shall be zero.

2. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt originating in third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 88, 31. 3. 1987, p. 42.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 173, 1. 7. 1986, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt from third countries

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)					
CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C II	Grain sorghum, other than hybrid sorghum for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)						
CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9
11.07 A I a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1453/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1449/86⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 11 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 883/87 of 23 March 1987 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3877/86 on imports rice of the long-grain aromatic Basmati variety falling within subheading ex 10.06 B I or II of the Common Customs Tariff⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 8 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 881/87⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1407/87⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central

rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 881/87 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 80, 24. 3. 1987, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 85, 28. 3. 1987, p. 5.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 135, 23. 5. 1987, p. 5.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

(ECU/tonne)					
CCT heading No	Description	Portugal	Third countries ⁽³⁾	ACP or OCT ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾	Basmati ⁽⁴⁾
ex 10.06	Rice :				
	B. Other :				
	I. Paddy rice ; husked rice :				
	a) Paddy rice :				
	1. Round grain	—	357,64	175,22	—
	2. Long grain	—	378,36	185,58	283,77
	b) Husked rice :				
	1. Round grain	—	447,05	219,92	—
	2. Long grain	—	472,95	232,87	354,71
	II. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :				
	a) Semi-milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	13,05	553,03	264,59	—
	2. Long grain	12,97	676,40	326,31	507,30
	b) Wholly milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	13,90	588,98	282,14	—
	2. Long grain	13,90	725,10	350,20	543,83
	III. Broken rice	85,36	207,14	100,57	—

N.B. The levies are to be converted into national currencies using the specific agricultural conversion rates fixed in Regulation (EEC) No 3294/86.

⁽¹⁾ Subject to the application of the provisions of Articles 10 and 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 and of Regulation No 551/85.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85, the levies are not applied to imports into the overseas department of Réunion of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Réunion is specified in Article 11a of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76.

⁽⁴⁾ This levy is applicable to Basmati rice covered by the arrangement provided for by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3877/86.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1454/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1449/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2684/86 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1408/87 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁵⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of

these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice originating in Portugal shall be zero.
2. The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice originating in third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 246, 30. 8. 1986, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 135, 23. 5. 1987, p. 7.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)			
		Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9
ex 10.06	Rice :				
	B. Other :				
	I. Paddy rice ; husked rice :				
	a) Paddy rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Husked rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	II. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :				
	a) Semi-milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Wholly milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	III. Broken rice	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1455/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the import levies on syrups and certain other products in the sugar sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 229/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 provides for charging a levy on imports of the products listed in Article 1 (1) of that Regulation;

Whereas the levy on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 must be calculated, where appropriate, at a standard rate on the basis of the sucrose content (including other sugars expressed as sucrose) of the product concerned and of the levy on white sugar; whereas, however, the levies on maple sugar and maple syrup are limited to the amount resulting from application of the rate of duty bound within GATT;

Whereas Article 7 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 837/68 of 28 June 1968 on detailed rules for the application of levies on sugar ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1428/78 ⁽⁴⁾, provides that the basic amount of the levy for 100 kilograms of product must be fixed per percentage point of sucrose content;

Whereas the basic amount of the levy must be equal to one-hundredth of the average of the levies applicable to 100 kilograms of white sugar during the first 20 days of the month preceding the month for which the basic amount of the levy is fixed; whereas, however, the levy applicable to white sugar on the day of the fixing of the basic amount must be substituted for the average of the levies, where that levy differs by at least 0,73 ECU from that average;

Whereas the basic amount must be fixed each month; whereas it must, however, be altered during the period between the day on which it is fixed and the first day of the month following the month for which the basic amount is applicable, if the levy on white sugar differs by at least 0,73 ECU from the average referred to above or from the levy on white sugar used to fix the basic amount; whereas, in this case, the basic amount must be equal to one-hundredth of the levy on white sugar used to calculate the alteration;

Whereas the basic amount thus fixed must be adjusted on the basis of variations in the threshold price for white sugar occurring between the month in which the basic amount is fixed and the period of application; whereas this adjustment, equal to one-hundredth of the difference between these two threshold prices, must be deducted from or added to the basic amount in the circumstances provided for in Article 7 (6) of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68;

Whereas the levy on the products referred to in Article 1 (1) (f) and (g) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 comprises, under Article 16 (6) of that Regulation, a variable element and a fixed element, with the latter, per 100 kilograms of dry matter, being equal to one-tenth of the fixed element established pursuant to point B of Article 14 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86 ⁽⁶⁾, for the fixing of the import levy on the products falling within subheading 17.02 B II of the Common Customs Tariff, and the variable element, per 100 kilograms of dry matter, being equal to one hundred times the basic import levy applicable as from the first of each month in the case of the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81; whereas the levy must be fixed each month;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁷⁾,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 25, 28. 1. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 151, 30. 6. 1968, p. 42.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 171, 28. 6. 1978, p. 34.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from the application of these provisions that the import levies on the products concerned should be as indicated in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d), (f) and (g) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the import levies on syrups and certain other products in the sugar sector

(ECU)			
CCT heading No	Description	Basic amount per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question	Amount of levy per 100 kg of dry matter
17.02	Other sugars in solid form ; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter ; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ; caramel :		
	C. Maple sugar and other syrup	0,5195	—
	D. Other sugars and syrups (other than lactose, glucose and malto-dextrine) :		
	I. Isoglucose	—	61,62
	ex II. Other	0,5195	—
	E. Artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey	0,5195	—
	F. I. Caramelized sugar and molasses containing, in the dry state, 50 % or more by weight of sucrose	0,5195	—
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included :		
	F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups :		
	III. Isoglucose	—	61,62
	IV. Other	0,5195	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1456/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products exported in the natural state

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 229/87⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 19 (4) thereof;

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 8 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 of 18 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1489/76⁽⁴⁾, provides that the export refund on 100 kilograms of the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 is equal to the basic amount multiplied by the sucrose content, including, where appropriate, other sugars expressed as sucrose; whereas the sucrose content of the product in question is determined in accordance with Article 13 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 394/70 of 2 March 1970 on detailed rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1467/77⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 provides that the basic amount of the refund on sorbose exported in the natural state must be equal to the basic amount of the refund less one-hundredth of the production refund applicable, pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1400/78 of 20 June 1978 laying down general rules for the production refund on sugar used in the

chemical industry⁽⁷⁾, to the products listed in the Annex to the last mentioned Regulation;

Whereas the basic amount of the refund on the other products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 exported in the natural state must be equal to one-hundredth of an amount which takes account, on the one hand, of the difference between the intervention price for white sugar for the Community areas without deficit for the month for which the basic amount is fixed and quotations or prices for white sugar on the world market and, on the other, of the need to establish a balance between the use of Community basic products in the manufacture of processed goods for export to third countries and the use of third country products brought in under inward processing arrangements;

Whereas the application of the basic amount may be limited to some of the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81;

Whereas Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 makes provision for setting refunds for export in the natural state of products referred to in Article 1 (1) (f) and (g) of that Regulation; whereas the refund must be fixed per 100 kilograms of dry matter, taking account of the export refund for products within subheading 17.02 B II a) of the Common Customs Tariff and for products referred to in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 and of the economic aspects of the intended exports; whereas the refund is to be granted only for products complying with the conditions in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1469/77 of 30 June 1977 laying down rules for applying the levy and the refund in respect of isoglucose and amending Regulation (EEC) No 192/75⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁹⁾,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 25, 28. 1. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 143, 25. 6. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1976, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 50, 4. 3. 1970, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 6.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas the refunds referred to above must be fixed every month; whereas they may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas application of these quotas results in fixing refunds for the products in question at the levels given in the Annex to this Regulation;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 275 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, refunds may be granted in the case of exports to Portugal; whereas, in the light of the situa-

tion and the level of prices no refund should be fixed in the case of exports to Portugal;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d), (f) and (g) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products exported in the natural state

(ECU)

CCT heading No	Description	Basic amount per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question ⁽¹⁾	Amount of refund per 100 kg of dry matter ⁽²⁾
17.02	Other sugars in solid form ; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter ; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ; caramel :		
	D. Other sugars and syrups (other than lactose, glucose and malto-dextrine) :		
	I. Isoglucose	—	45,04
	ex II. Other, excluding sorbose	0,4504	—
	E. Artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey	0,4504	—
	F. I. Caramelized sugar and molasses containing, in the dry state, 50 % or more by weight of sucrose	0,4504	—
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included :		
	F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups :		
	III. Isoglucose	—	45,04
	IV. Other (other than lactose, glucose and malto-dextrine syrups)	0,4504	—

⁽¹⁾ The basic amount is not applicable to syrups which are less than 85 % pure (Regulation (EEC) No 394/70). Sucrose content is determined in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 394/70.

⁽²⁾ Applicable only to products referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1469/77.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1457/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the reduced levy on imports into Portugal of certain quantities of raw sugar intended for Portuguese refineries

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 229/87 ⁽²⁾ and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas, in accordance with Article 303 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, a reduced levy is applied during the period of seven years following accession on imports into Portugal of certain quantities of raw sugar originating in certain third countries;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 599/86 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1202/87 ⁽⁴⁾, fixes the reduced levy applicable on imports into Portugal of

certain quantities of raw sugar intended for Portuguese refineries;

Whereas the levy should, in the light of the application of the detailed rules and arrangements specified in Regulation (EEC) No 599/86 to the data available to the Commission, be fixed as shown in Article 1 of this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The reduced levy on imports into Portugal of raw sugar intended for refining (CCT subheading 17.01 B I) is fixed for this quality type at 31,18 ECU/100 kg.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 25, 28. 1. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 58, 1. 3. 1986, p. 18.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 115, 1. 5. 1987, p. 16.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1458/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the export refunds on olive oil

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1454/86⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1650/86 of 26 May 1986 on export refunds and levies on olive oil⁽³⁾, and in particular the first sentence of Article 3 (1) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 20 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that, where prices within the Community are higher than world market prices, the difference between these prices may be covered by a refund when olive oil is exported to third countries;

Whereas the detailed rules for fixing and granting export refunds on olive oil are contained in Regulations (EEC) No 1650/86 and (EEC) No 616/72⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2962/77⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the first indent of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1650/86 provides that the refund must be the same for the whole Community;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1650/86, the refund for olive oil must be fixed in the light of the existing situation and outlook in relation to olive oil prices and availability on the Community market and olive oil prices on the world market;

Whereas, however, where the world market situation is such that the most favourable olive oil prices cannot be determined, account may be taken of the price of the

main competing vegetable oils on the world market and the difference recorded between that price and the price of olive oil during a representative period;

Whereas the amount of the refund may not exceed the difference between the price of olive oil in the Community and that on the world market, adjusted, where appropriate, to take account of export costs for the products on the world market;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1650/86, it may be decided that the refund shall be fixed by tender;

Whereas the tendering procedure should cover the amount of the refund and may be limited to certain countries of destination, quantities, qualities and presentations;

Whereas the second indent of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1650/86 provides that the refund on olive oil may be varied according to destination where the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets make this necessary;

Whereas Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1650/86 provides that the refund must be fixed at least once every month; whereas it may, if necessary, be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in olive oil and in particular to olive oil prices within the Community and on the markets of third countries that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 145, 30. 5. 1986, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 78, 31. 3. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 348, 30. 12. 1977, p. 53.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

Whereas, pursuant to Article 275 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, refunds may be granted in the case of exports to Portugal; whereas, in the light of the situation and the level of prices no refund should be fixed in the case of exports to Portugal;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (2) (c) of Regulation No 136/66/EEC shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the export refunds on olive oil

CCT heading No	Description	Refund (ECU/100 kg)
15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified:	
A	Olive oil:	
I	Untreated:	
(a)	Virgin olive oil:	
	In immediate packings of a net capacity of 5 litres or less, for destinations mentioned in Article 5 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2730/79 ⁽¹⁾ , as well as on export to third countries	43,00
II	Other:	
(a)	Obtained by processing oils falling within subheading 15.07 A I a) or 15.07 A I b), whether or not blended with virgin olive oil:	
	In immediate packings of a net capacity of 5 litres or less, for destinations mentioned in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2730/79, as well as on export to third countries	43,00
(b)	Other:	
	Obtained by processing oils falling within subheading 15.07 A I c), whether or not blended with virgin olive oil:	
	In immediate packings of a net capacity of 5 litres or less, for destinations mentioned in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2730/79, as well as on export to third countries	7,00

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 317, 12. 12. 1979, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1459/87
of 27 May 1987
fixing the aid for cotton

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Greece, and in particular paragraphs 3 and 10 of Protocol 4 thereto, as amended by Protocol 14 annexed to the Act of Accession of Spain and of Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81 of 27 July 1981 laying down the general rules for the system of aid for cotton ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3128/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5 (1) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the additional aid referred to in Article 5 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81 was fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3343/86 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1205/87 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 3343/86 to the information at present available to the Commission that the amount of the aid at present in force should be altered as shown in Article 1 to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The aid for unginned cotton referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2169/81 shall be 59,145 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 211, 31. 7. 1981, p. 2.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 292, 16. 10. 1986, p. 2.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 306, 1. 11. 1986, p. 58.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 115, 1. 5. 1987, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1460/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1449/86 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the rules to be applied in calculating the variable component of the import levy on products processed from cereals and rice are laid down in Article 14 (1) (A) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and Article 12 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76; whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and rice ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1588/86 ⁽⁶⁾, provides that the incidence on the prime costs of these products of the levies applicable to their basic products should be calculated on the basis of the average of the levies applicable to these basic products for the first 25 days of the month preceding that of importation; whereas this average, adjusted on the basis of the threshold price valid for the basic products in question during the month of importation is calculated on the basis of the quantities of basic products considered to have been used in the manufacture of the processed product or the competing product which serves as a reference for processed products not containing cereals;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74 of 24 June 1974 on the procedure for calculating the import levy on products processed from cereals and from rice and for the advance fixing of this levy for these products and for compound feedingstuffs manufactured from cereals ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No

1740/78 ⁽⁸⁾, provides that the levy thus determined, increased by the fixed component is valid in general for one month but is altered where the levy applicable to the basic product concerned differs by not less than 3,02 ECU per tonne from the average of the levies calculated as described above;

Whereas in accordance with Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 and Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74, the levy on certain processed products must be reduced by an amount equal to the production refund granted in respect of basic products for processing; whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1921/75 ⁽⁹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2415/75 ⁽¹⁰⁾, laid down certain transitional measures in respect of starches;

Whereas the fixed component of the levy is specified in Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75; whereas, in accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 2742/75 ⁽¹¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3794/85 ⁽¹²⁾, the variable component of the levy on certain processed products must be reduced by the incidence of the production refund granted in respect of basic products intended for processing;

Whereas, in order that account may be taken of the interests of the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and of the overseas countries and territories, the levy relating to them in respect of certain products processed from cereals must be reduced by the amount of the fixed component and, in respect of some of these products, by part of the variable component; whereas this reduction must be made in accordance with Article 12 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 of 26 February 1985 on the agreements arrangements applicable to agricultural products and certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories ⁽¹³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1306/87 ⁽¹⁴⁾;

Whereas, in respect of products falling within subheading 07.06 A of the Common Customs Tariff, Council Regulation (EEC) No 430/87 of 9 February 1987 concerning the import arrangements applicable to products falling within subheading 07.06 A of the Common Customs Tariff

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 1.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 47.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 202, 26. 7. 1978, p. 8.
⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 195, 26. 7. 1975, p. 25.
⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 247, 23. 9. 1975, p. 22.
⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 57.
⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 367, 31. 12. 1985, p. 20.
⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 61, 1. 3. 1985, p. 4.
⁽¹⁴⁾ OJ No L 124, 13. 5. 1987, p. 5.

coming from third countries and amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff⁽¹⁾ lays down the terms on which the import levy may be charged at 6 % *ad valorem* and provides for the Common Customs Tariff to be amended accordingly;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽²⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 18 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, the nomenclature provided for in this Regulation is incorporated in the Common Customs Tariff,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and in Article 1 (1) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 and subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 43, 13. 2. 1987, p. 9.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the import levies on products
processed from cereals and rice

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Imports		
	Portugal	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT
07.06 A I	44,00	196,28 ⁽¹⁾	194,47 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
07.06 A II	47,02	199,30 ⁽¹⁾	194,47 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 C ⁽²⁾	85,24	359,34	353,30
11.01 D ⁽²⁾	190,16	287,42	281,38
11.01 E I ⁽²⁾	14,91	334,67	328,63
11.01 E II ⁽²⁾	8,05	189,24	186,22
11.01 F ⁽²⁾	90,92	225,76	222,74
11.01 G ⁽²⁾	33,53	194,86	191,84
11.02 A II ⁽²⁾	88,35	329,88	323,84
11.02 A III ⁽²⁾	85,24	359,34	353,30
11.02 A IV ⁽²⁾	190,16	287,42	281,38
11.02 A V a) 1 ⁽²⁾	14,91	307,67	301,63
11.02 A V a) 2 ⁽²⁾	14,91	334,67	328,63
11.02 A V b) ⁽²⁾	8,05	189,24	186,22
11.02 A VI ⁽²⁾	90,92	225,76	222,74
11.02 A VII ⁽²⁾	33,53	194,86	191,84
11.02 B I a) 1 ⁽²⁾	73,42	317,07	314,05
11.02 B I a) 2 aa)	107,36	162,47	159,45
11.02 B I a) 2 bb) ⁽²⁾	187,14	284,40	281,38
11.02 B I b) 1 ⁽²⁾	73,42	317,07	314,05
11.02 B I b) 2 ⁽²⁾	187,14	284,40	281,38
11.02 B II a) ⁽²⁾	25,18	271,31	268,29
11.02 B II b) ⁽²⁾	63,84	242,30	239,28
11.02 B II c) ⁽²⁾	10,91	295,13	292,11
11.02 B II d) ⁽²⁾	50,88	303,95	300,93
11.02 C I ⁽²⁾	29,68	325,77	322,75
11.02 C II ⁽²⁾	76,19	290,88	287,86
11.02 C III ⁽²⁾	116,04	496,74	490,70
11.02 C IV ⁽²⁾	166,68	253,13	250,11
11.02 C V ⁽²⁾	10,91	295,13	292,11
11.02 C VI ⁽²⁾	50,88	303,95	300,93
11.02 D I ⁽²⁾	20,01	208,77	205,75
11.02 D II ⁽²⁾	49,66	186,53	183,51
11.02 D III ⁽²⁾	47,90	203,23	200,21
11.02 D IV ⁽²⁾	107,36	162,47	159,45
11.02 D V ⁽²⁾	8,05	189,24	186,22
11.02 D VI ⁽²⁾	33,53	194,86	191,84
11.02 E I a) 1 ⁽²⁾	47,90	203,23	200,21
11.02 E I a) 2 ⁽²⁾	107,36	162,47	159,45
11.02 E I b) 1 ⁽²⁾	94,04	398,60	392,56
11.02 E I b) 2 ⁽²⁾	210,62	318,68	312,64
11.02 E II a) ⁽²⁾	36,03	369,14	363,10
11.02 E II b) ⁽²⁾	88,35	329,88	323,84
11.02 E II c) ⁽²⁾	14,91	334,67	328,63
11.02 E II d) 1 ⁽²⁾	155,30	384,27	378,23
11.02 E II d) 2 ⁽²⁾	59,88	344,58	338,54
11.02 F I ⁽²⁾	36,03	369,14	363,10
11.02 F II ⁽²⁾	88,35	329,88	323,84
11.02 F III ⁽²⁾	85,24	359,34	353,30
11.02 F IV ⁽²⁾	190,16	287,42	281,38

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Imports		
	Portugal	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT
11.02 F V ⁽²⁾	14,91	334,67	328,63
11.02 F VI ⁽²⁾	90,92	225,76	222,74
11.02 F VII ⁽²⁾	33,53	194,86	191,84
11.02 G I	18,54	157,33	151,29
11.02 G II	9,74	142,97	136,93
11.04 C I	47,02	199,30	192,65 ⁽⁵⁾
11.04 C II a)	28,49	290,34	266,16 ⁽⁵⁾
11.04 C II b)	28,49	314,49	290,31 ⁽⁵⁾
11.07 A I a)	40,53	369,94	359,06
11.07 A I b)	33,04	279,17	268,29
11.07 A II a)	89,20	360,26 ⁽⁴⁾	349,38
11.07 A II b)	69,40	271,93	261,05
11.07 B	79,08	315,11 ⁽⁴⁾	304,23
11.08 A I	28,49	290,34	269,79
11.08 A II	156,87	322,87	292,04
11.08 A III	57,20	420,33	399,78
11.08 A IV	28,49	290,34	269,79
11.08 A V	28,49	290,34	134,89 ⁽⁵⁾
11.09	247,98	908,22	726,88
17.02 B II a) ⁽³⁾	107,07	448,62	351,90
17.02 B II b) ⁽³⁾	74,43	336,28	269,79
17.02 F II a)	107,57	465,37	368,65
17.02 F II b)	74,03	322,87	256,38
21.07 F II	74,43	336,28	269,79
23.02 A I a)	15,18	87,28	81,28
23.02 A I b)	25,68	180,17	174,17
23.02 A II a)	15,18	87,28	81,28
23.02 A II b)	25,68	180,17	174,17
23.03 A I	191,20	516,48	335,14

⁽¹⁾ This levy is limited to 6 % of the value for customs purposes, subject to certain conditions.

⁽²⁾ For the purpose of distinguishing between products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 and those falling within subheading 23.02 A, products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 shall be those meeting the following specifications:

- a starch content (determined by the modified Ewers polarimetric method), referred to dry matter, exceeding 45 % by weight,
- an ash content, by weight, referred to dry matter (after deduction of any added minerals), not exceeding 1,6 % for rice, 2,5 % for wheat, 3 % for barley, 4 % for buckwheat, 5 % for oats and 2 % for other cereals.

Germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground, falls in all cases within heading No 11.02.

⁽³⁾ Pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2730/75 the product falling within subheading 17.02 B I is subject to the same levy as products falling within subheading 17.02 B II.

⁽⁴⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 this levy is reduced by 5,44 ECU/tonne for products originating in Turkey.

⁽⁵⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levy shall not be charged on the following products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and in the overseas countries and territories:

- arrowroot falling within subheading ex 07.06 A,
- flours and meal of arrowroot falling within subheading 11.04 C,
- arrowroot starch falling within subheading ex 11.08 A V.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1461/87
of 27 May 1987
fixing the import levies on compound feedingstuffs

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) (No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the rules to be applied in calculating the variable component of the import levy on compound feedingstuffs are laid down in Article 14 (1) (A) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75; whereas Article 4 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75 of 29 October 1975 on the system to be applied to cereal-based compound feedingstuffs⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 944/87⁽⁴⁾, provides that the incidence on the prime costs of these feedingstuffs of the levies applicable to their basic products should be calculated on the basis of the average of the levies applicable during the first 25 days of the month preceding that month of importation to the quantities of basic products considered to have been used in the manufacture of such compound feedingstuffs, this average being adjusted on the basis of the threshold price for the basic products in question ruling during the month of importation;

Whereas the levy thus determined, increased by the fixed component, is valid for one month; whereas the amount of the fixed component of the levy is laid down in Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75;

Whereas, in order that account may be taken of the interests of the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and of the overseas countries and territories, the levy relating to them in respect of certain products processed from cereals must be reduced by the amount of the fixed component and, in respect of some of these products, by part of the variable component; whereas this reduction must be made in accordance with Article 12 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 of 26 February 1985 on the arrangements applicable to agricultural products and certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific

States or in the overseas countries and territories⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1306/87⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 272 of the Act of Accession, the Community as constituted at 31 December 1985 must, in the case of products specified in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1449/86⁽⁸⁾, which are imported from Portugal, apply the arrangements which were applicable in respect of Portugal before accession; whereas, under Article 4 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3792/85 of 20 December 1985 laying down the arrangements applying to trade in agricultural products between Spain and Portugal⁽⁹⁾, the same arrangements are to be applied in the case of Spain; whereas a levy should be applied pursuant to those arrangements and whereas that levy should be calculated in accordance with the rules laid down in Commission Regulation 156/67/EEC⁽¹⁰⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 31/76⁽¹¹⁾, and taking into account the situation with regard to market prices in Portugal; and whereas, in the case of imports into Spain the accession compensatory amount applicable to trade between Spain and the Community as constituted at 31 December 1985 should be deducted from the levy;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽¹²⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 18 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, the nomenclature provided for in this Regulation is incorporated in the Common Customs Tariff,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 60.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 90, 2. 4. 1987, p. 2.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 61, 26. 2. 1986, p. 4.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 124, 13. 5. 1987, p. 5.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.
⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 1.
⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 367, 31. 12. 1985, p. 7.
⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No 128, 27. 6. 1967, p. 2533/67.
⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 5, 10. 1. 1976, p. 18.
⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

and subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the compound feedingstuffs covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the import levies on compound feedingstuffs

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Levies		
		Portugal	Third countries (other than ACP and OCT)	ACP and OCT
	Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding, covered by Regulation (EEC) No 968/68, containing starch, glucose or glucose syrup falling within subheadings 17.02 B and 21.07 F II, or milk products (falling within heading Nos 04.01, 04.02, 04.03 and 04.04, and subheadings 17.02 A and 21.07 F I) containing starch, glucose or glucose syrup :			
	Containing no starch or containing 10 % or less by weight of starch :			
23.07 B I a) 1	— Containing no milk products or containing less than 10 % by weight of such products	10,88	40,09	29,01
23.07 B I a) 2	— Containing 10 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of milk products	10,88	821,89	811,01
	Containing more than 10 % but not more than 30 % by weight of starch :			
23.07 B I b) 1	— Containing no milk products or containing less than 10 % by weight of such products	10,88	102,17	91,29
23.07 B I b) 2	— Containing 10 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of milk products	10,88	883,97	873,09
	Containing more than 30 % by weight of starch :			
23.07 B I c) 1	— Containing no milk products or containing less than 10 % by weight of such products	10,88	193,45	182,57
23.07 B I c) 2	— Containing 10 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of milk products	10,88	975,25	964,37

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1462/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the export refunds on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1454/86⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 142/67/EEC of 21 June 1967 on export refunds on colza, rape and sunflower seeds⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2429/72⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the first sentence of Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 of 11 June 1985 fixing the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 409/87⁽⁶⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza, rape and sunflower seed⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1474/84⁽⁸⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the target price and the monthly increases in the target price for colza, rape and sunflower seed for the 1986/87 marketing year were fixed by Council Regulations (EEC) No 1457/86⁽⁹⁾ and (EEC) No 1458/86⁽¹⁰⁾;

Whereas Article 28 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that a refund may be granted on exports to third countries of oil seeds harvested within the Community; whereas the amount of this refund may not exceed the difference between prices within the Community and prices on the world market where the former are higher

than the latter; whereas Article 21 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that, at present, Article 28 of that Regulation applies only to colza, rape and sunflower seeds;

Whereas the refund for colza and rape seeds produced in Spain or Portugal is adjusted in accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 478/86⁽¹¹⁾;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 142/67/EEC provides that when the refund is being calculated account must be taken of prices ruling on the various Community markets which are representative from the point of view of processing and exportation; the most favourable quotations recorded on the various markets of importing third countries and costs incurred in placing the goods on the world market; whereas, when the amount of the refund is being fixed, account must also be taken of the level of market prices within the Community for the oil seeds referred to in Article 21 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC and the future trend of these prices; whereas, furthermore, account should be taken of the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the situation in the Community regarding the supply of and demand for these seeds;

Whereas, in the absence of a target price for colza and rape for the 1987/88 marketing year, in cases of advance fixing for July, August, September, October and November 1987 of the refund on these products it has been possible only to make a provisional calculation using the target price proposed by the Commission to the Council for the 1987/88 marketing year; whereas therefore such refund amounts must be applied only provisionally and confirmed or altered when the target price for the 1987/88 marketing year is known;

Whereas the estimated production of colza and rape seed for the 1987/88 marketing year has not been fixed; whereas the amount to be deducted where appropriate, from the subsidy in compliance with the system of maximum guaranteed quantities referred to in Article 27a of Regulation No 136/66/EEC and its effect on the amount of the refund could therefore not be determined; whereas the amounts of the refund should therefore only be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced once the effects of the system of maximum guaranteed quantities for rape seed are known;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 125, 26. 6. 1967, p. 2461/67.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 264, 23. 11. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 44, 13. 2. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 143, 30. 5. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 12.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 14.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 53, 1. 3. 1986, p. 55.

Whereas Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 651/71 of 29 March 1971 on certain detailed rules for the application of export refunds on oil seeds⁽¹⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1815/84⁽²⁾, provides that the amount of the refund must be calculated on the basis of the weight of exported seeds; whereas this weight must be adjusted to take account of any differences between the percentages of moisture and impurities found to exist and those used to define the standard quality for which the target price is fixed; whereas, when this adjustment is being made, the weight of the exported seeds must be increased by the amount of the difference between the actual moisture and impurities content and that used to define the standard quality if the former is lower than the latter; whereas, if the opposite applies, the weight of the exported seeds must be reduced by the same amount;

Whereas the standard quality referred to above was defined in Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1102/84⁽³⁾;

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation No 142/67/EEC provides that the refund may be varied according to destination where the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets make this necessary;

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 651/71 provides for the publication of the amount of the final refund obtained from the conversion into each of the national currencies of the amount of the refund in ECU plus or minus the differential amount; whereas Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1813/84⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3891/86⁽⁵⁾, defined the elements which determine the differential amounts; whereas these elements are equal to the incidence on the target price or the refund of the coefficient derived from the percentage referred to in Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72; whereas, according to these provisions, this percentage represents:

(a) for those Member States whose currencies are maintained as between themselves within a spread at any given moment of 2,25 %, the difference between:

- the conversion rate used under the common agricultural policy, and
- the conversion rate resulting from the central rate,

(b) for the other Member States, the difference between:

- the relationship between the conversion rate used under the common agricultural policy for the

currency of the Member State concerned and the central rate of each of the currencies of the Member States referred to in (a), and

- the spot market rate for the currency of the Member State in question in relation to each of the currencies of the Member States referred to in (a), as recorded over a period to be determined;

Whereas, however, pursuant to Article 2a of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72, the monetary disparity for the marketing years 1984/85 to 1986/87 will be calculated by a method which takes into account a coefficient applied to the conversion rate resulting from the central rate; whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 91/87⁽⁶⁾ fixed the coefficient;

Whereas pursuant to Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 forward differential amounts are to be determined where the forward exchange rate for one or more currencies differs from the spot rate by at least a given percentage; whereas this percentage has been fixed at 0,5 by Regulation (EEC) No 1813/84;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1813/84 specifies the spot and forward exchange rates and the period to be used for calculating the differential amounts; whereas in cases where, for one or more months, quotations of forward exchange rates are not available, the rates adopted for the previous months or the following months, as the case may be, must be used;

Whereas it follows from applying these provisions to the current situation of the oil-seeds market and to the rates or prices of these products that, pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 651/71, the amount of the refund in ECU and the amount of the final refund in each of the national currencies must, in the case of colza and rape seed, be fixed in accordance with the Annex to this Regulation; whereas it is not necessary to fix a refund for sunflower seed;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. In the case of colza and rape seed, the amounts of the refund referred to in Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 651/71 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 75, 30. 3. 1971, p. 16.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 170, 29. 6. 1984, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 113, 28. 4. 1984, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 170, 29. 6. 1984, p. 41.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 361, 20. 12. 1986, p. 27.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 13, 15. 1. 1987, p. 13.

2. In cases of advance fixing of the refund on colza and rape seed for July, August, September, October and November 1987 the amount will however be confirmed or altered with effect from 1 June 1987 on the basis of the target price and connected measures set for these products for the 1987/88 marketing year for colza and rape seed.

3. In cases of advance fixing of the refund on colza and rape seed for July, August, September, October and November 1987, the amount shall however be confirmed or altered with effect from 1 June 1987 to take account,

where appropriate, of the effects of the application of the system of maximum guaranteed quantities for colza and rape seed.

4. There shall be no refund on sunflower seed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the export refunds on colza and rape seed

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

	Current month	2nd month	3rd month (1)	4th month (1)	5th month (1)	6th month (1)
1. Gross refunds (ECU):						
— Spain	27,480	23,002	23,002	23,002	23,002	23,002
— Portugal	33,000	27,782	27,782	27,782	27,782	27,782
— other Member States	33,000	27,782	27,782	27,782	27,782	27,782
2. Final refunds:						
Seeds harvested and exported from:						
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	79,89	67,44	67,46	67,57	67,57	67,90
— Netherlands (Fl)	90,02	75,99	75,99	76,11	76,11	76,45
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 538,76	1 294,19	1 294,19	1 293,50	1 293,50	1 288,36
— France (FF)	222,61	185,56	185,29	184,79	184,79	185,53
— Denmark (Dkr)	276,65	232,09	232,09	232,09	232,09	230,17
— Ireland (£ Irl)	24,388	20,305	20,302	20,269	20,269	20,185
— United Kingdom (£)	18,050	14,778	14,778	14,778	14,778	14,645
— Italy (Lit)	48 465	40 432	40 291	40 434	40 434	40 166
— Greece (Dr)	2 876,31	2 241,68	2 211,09	2 195,49	2 195,49	2 123,81
— Spain (Pta)	3 702,78	3 049,90	3 020,51	2 982,31	2 982,31	2 950,65
— Portugal (Esc)	4 501,82	3 703,91	3 666,32	3 654,45	3 654,45	3 607,16

(1) Subject to the amount to be deducted in accordance with the system of guaranteed maximum quantities and the Council Decision regarding prices and related measures for the 1987/88 marketing year.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1463/87

of 26 May 1987

on the classification of goods under subheading 11.08 A I of the Common Customs Tariff

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 97/69 of 16 January 1969 on measures to be taken for uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2055/84⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas, to ensure uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff, provision should be made for the classification of products in the form of fine, white powder consisting of:

- native maize starch, or
- a mixture of native maize starch and small quantities of acetylated maize starch, or
- very weakly acetylated maize starch,

and having the following analytical characteristics:

- starch content (determined by the Ewers method): approximately 95 % or more by weight on the dry product,
- acetyl content (determined by the enzyme method): not more than 0,25 % by weight on the dry product.

Whereas heading No 11.08 of the Common Customs Tariff annexed to Council Regulation (EEC) No 950/68⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 750/87⁽⁴⁾, refers *inter alia* to starches;

Whereas heading No 39.06 refers *inter alia* to other high polymers, artificial resins and artificial plastic materials;

Whereas the products in question, because of their characteristics (in particular the low acetyl content),

cannot be regarded as goods falling within heading No 39.06;

Whereas these products display or have retained the characteristics of goods falling within heading No 11.08 and must therefore be classified in that heading; whereas within that heading subheading 11.08 A I should be selected;

Whereas the provisions of this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on Common Customs Tariff Nomenclature,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Products in the form of a fine white powder consisting of:

- native maize starch, or
- a mixture of native maize starch and small quantities of acetylated maize starch, or
- very weakly acetylated maize starch,

and having the following analytical characteristics:

- starch content (determined by the Ewers method): approximately 95 % or more by weight on the dry product,
- acetyl content (determined by the enzyme method): not exceeding 0,25 % by weight on the dry product,

shall be classified in the Common Customs Tariff under subheading:

11.08 Starches; inulin:

A. Starches:

I. Maize starch.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the 21st day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 14, 21. 1. 1969, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 191, 19. 7. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 76, 18. 3. 1987, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1987.

For the Commission

COCKFIELD

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1464/87

of 26 May 1987

classifying goods in subheading 21.07 G I c) 1 of the Common Customs Tariff

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 97/69 of 16 January 1969 on measures to be taken for uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2055/84⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas, in order to ensure that the Common Customs Tariff nomenclature is applied uniformly, measures must be taken concerning the classification of a food preparation in the form of effervescent tablets (weight 7 grams per tablet) put up for retail sale having the following composition (per tablet):

— Calcium carbonate :	0,327 g,
— Calcium galactogluconate :	1,0 g,
— Ascorbic acid :	1,0 g,
— Saccharin, sodium salt :	0,014 g,
— Starch :	0,02 g,
— Polyethylene glycol :	0,15 g,
— Sodium hydrogencarbonate (sodium bicarbonate) :	1,0 g,
— Citric acid :	1,465 g,
— Sucrose (28,7 %) and lemon flavour :	2,009 g;

Whereas heading No 30.03 of the Common Customs Tariff annexed to Council Regulation (EEC) No 950/68⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 750/87⁽⁴⁾, relates in particular to medicaments;

Whereas heading No 21.07 relates to food preparations not elsewhere specified or included;

Whereas the product in question does not comply with the provisions of note 1 to Chapter 30 and therefore cannot be regarded as medicaments of heading No 30.03;

Whereas it has the characteristics of a food supplement containing vitamins and mineral salts and is intended to keep the body in good health and should be regarded as a

food preparation; whereas in the absence of a more specific heading, it should be classified in heading No 21.07; whereas, within that heading, subheading 21.07 G I c) 1 is the most appropriate;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on Common Customs Tariff Nomenclature,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

A food preparation in the form of effervescent tablets (weight 7 grams per tablet) put up for retail sale having the following composition (per tablet):

— Calcium carbonate :	0,327 g,
— Calcium galactogluconate :	1,0 g,
— Ascorbic acid :	1,0 g,
— Saccharin, sodium salt :	0,014 g,
— Starch :	0,02 g,
— Polyethylene glycol :	0,15 g,
— Sodium hydrogencarbonate (sodium bicarbonate) :	1,0 g,
— Citric acid :	1,465 g,
— Sucrose (28,7 %) and lemon flavour :	2,009 g;

shall be classified in the Common Customs Tariff under subheading :

21.07 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included :

G. Other :

I. Containing no milk fats or containing less than 1,5 % weight of such fats :

c. Containing 15 % or more but less than 30 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) :

1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the 21st day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 14, 21. 1. 1969, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 191, 19. 7. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 76, 18. 3. 1987, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1987.

For the Commission

COCKFIELD

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1465/87**of 27 May 1987****altering the basic amount of the import levies on syrups and certain other products in the sugar sector**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 229/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on syrups and certain other sugar products were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1200/87 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1200/87 to the infor-

mation known to the Commission that the basic amount of the levy on syrups and certain other sugar products at present in force should be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The basic amounts of the import levy on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81, as fixed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1200/87 are hereby altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 25, 28. 1. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 115, 1. 5. 1987, p. 11.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 altering the basic amount of the import levies on syrups and certain other products in the sugar sector

(ECU)

CCT heading No	Description	Basic amount per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question	Amount of levy per 100 kg of dry matter
17.02	Other sugars in solid form ; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter ; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ; caramel :		
	C. Maple sugar and other syrup	0,5277	—
	D. Other sugars and syrups (other than lactose, glucose and malto-dextrine) :		
	I. Isoglucose	—	61,58
	ex II. Other	0,5277	—
	E. Artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey	0,5277	—
	F. I. Caramelized sugar and molasses containing, in the dry state, 50 % or more by weight of sucrose	0,5277	—
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included :		
	F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups :		
	III. Isoglucose	—	61,58
	IV. Other	0,5277	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1466/87

of 27 May 1987

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 4054/86 of 22 December 1986 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia (1987) ⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established :

(tonnes)			
Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
01.0290	94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof : B. other	5 897

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling ; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 31 May to 31 December 1987, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products :

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Origin
01.0290	94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof : B. other	Yugoslavia

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1986, p. 35.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission
COCKFIELD
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1467/87

of 27 May 1987

amending for the seventh time Regulation (EEC) No 3800/81 determining the classification of vine varieties

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 of 16 March 1987 on the common organization of the market in wine ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1390/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the classification of vine varieties approved for cultivation in the Community was determined by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3800/81 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 416/87 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas experience has shown that wine obtained from a wine grape vine variety listed for five years in the category of temporarily authorized varieties for certain German administrative units may be regarded as normally being of good quality; whereas it is therefore appropriate to include this variety among the varieties recommended for the same administrative units in accordance with the second indent of Article 11 (2) (a) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 347/79 of 5 February 1979 on general rules for the classification of vine varieties ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Greece;

Whereas the classification of wine grape vine varieties should now include, among the varieties recommended for certain German administrative units, certain varieties which have been listed for at least five years in the category for an administrative unit immediately bordering thereon and which therefore satisfy the condition laid down in the first indent of Article 11 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 347/79;

Whereas the classification should now also include a wine grape vine variety which has been examined and found to be satisfactory for cultivation; whereas, in accordance with Article 11 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 347/79, this variety may be authorized on a provisional basis for a German administrative unit;

Whereas the suitability for cultivation of certain wine grape vine varieties which have been listed for at least five years in the category of varieties temporarily authorized for certain German administrative units has been recognized as satisfactory; whereas those varieties should therefore be definitively included among the vine varieties authorized for the same administrative units in accordance with Article 11 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 347/79;

Whereas the suitability for cultivation of one recommended vine variety in one German administrative unit is not satisfactory; whereas that variety should therefore be deleted from the classification in accordance with Article 11 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 347/79;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Wine,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3800/81 is hereby amended in accordance with the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 84, 27. 3. 1987, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 22. 5. 1987, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 381, 31. 12. 1981, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 42, 12. 2. 1987, p. 18.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 75.

ANNEX

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3800/81 is hereby amended as follows :

I. In Title I, subtitle I, point II 'Federal Republic of Germany' is amended as follows (the vine variety is to be inserted in the correct alphabetical order):

3. **Regierungsbezirk Koblenz :**

the asterisks (*) appearing after 'Domina N', 'Regner D', 'Reichensteiner B' and 'Würzer B' are deleted.

4. **Regierungsbezirk Rheinhessen-Pfalz :**

— 'Domina N (****)' is added to the category of authorized vine varieties,

— The asterisks (*) appearing after 'Regner B', 'Reichensteiner B' and 'Würzer B' are deleted.

7. **Regierungsbezirk Karlsruhe :**

— 'Dornfelder N⁽¹³⁾' is added to the category of recommended vine varieties,

— 'Dornfelder N (*)' is deleted from the category of authorized vine varieties and the word 'None' is added.

9. **Regierungsbezirk Stuttgart :**

— 'Dornfelder N' is added to the category of recommended vine varieties,

— 'Dornfelder N (*)' is deleted from the category of authorized vine varieties.

10. **Regierungsbezirk Tübingen :**

— 'Dornfelder N⁽¹⁸⁾' and 'Weisser Burgunder B' are added to the category of recommended vine varieties,

— 'Dornfelder N (*)' is deleted from the category of authorized vine varieties and the word 'None' is added.

17. **Regierungsbezirk Kassel, Landkreis Melsungen, commune of Böddiger :**

— 'Kerner B' is added to the category of recommended vine varieties,

— 'Perle RS' is deleted from the category of recommended vine varieties.

II. On page 77 :

1. Note ⁽¹³⁾ is amended as follows :

for :

'⁽¹³⁾ Authorized only for communes of Illingen, Knittlingen, Maulbronn, Mühlacker, Ölbronn, Ötisheim and Sternenfels in Enzkreis and for commune of Oberderdingen in Landkreis Karlsruhe',

read :

'⁽¹³⁾ Recommended only for communes of Illingen, Knittlingen, Maulbronn, Mühlacker, Ölbronn, Ötisheim and Sternenfels in Enzkreis and for commune of Oberderdingen in Landkreis Karlsruhe.';

2. Note ⁽¹⁸⁾ is amended as follows :

for :

'⁽¹⁸⁾ Authorized in Landkreis Reutlingen and Tübingen only',

read :

'⁽¹⁸⁾ Recommended in Landkreis Reutlingen and Tübingen only'.

(****) Added under Article 11 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 347/79 with effect from 31 May 1987.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1468/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing, for June 1987, the levy applicable in Spain to products subject to the price control system

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1183/86 of 21 April 1986 laying down detailed rules for the system for controlling the prices and the quantities of certain products in the oils and fats sector released for consumption in Spain ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 698/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 thereof,

Whereas Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 1183/86 provides that, for the period from 1 March to 31 December 1986, a levy is to be applied to imports into Spain of products subject to the price control system and to soya oil produced from imported beans and released for consumption ; whereas that levy is to be fixed on the basis of the difference between, on the one hand, the average price of soya oil in Spain during the 1984/85 marketing year and, on the other hand, the price of that oil on the world market, plus the duty charged in Spain on imports from third countries ;

Whereas the Spanish system of compensation for vegetable oil prices applied prior to accession was supervised by a state organization ; whereas therefore, the system providing for the said levy will make any further intervention by the state superfluous and thus preclude certain potential obstacles to trade, particularly in soya oil ;

Whereas that levy should be as fixed hereinafter,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The levy referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 1183/86 shall be 441,81 ECU per tonne of oil for June 1987.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 107, 24. 4. 1986, p. 17.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 68, 12. 3. 1987, p. 18.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1469/87

of 27 May 1987

amending Regulations (EEC) No 2632/86, (EEC) No 2664/86 and (EEC) No 3239/86 opening standing invitations to tender for the export of cereals held by the intervention agencies

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1836/82 of 7 July 1982 laying down the procedure and conditions for the disposal of cereals held by the intervention agencies ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 124/87 ⁽⁴⁾,

Whereas the last partial invitation to tender under Regulations (EEC) No 2632/86 ⁽⁵⁾, (EEC) No 2664/86 ⁽⁶⁾ and (EEC) No 3239/86 ⁽⁷⁾ should be postponed;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 4 (3) of Regulations (EEC) No 2632/86, (EEC) No 2664/86 and (EEC) No 3239/86, is replaced by the following:

'3. The last partial invitation to tender shall expire on 10 June 1987.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 202, 9. 7. 1982, p. 23.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 15, 17. 1. 1987, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 237, 23. 8. 1986, p. 15.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 243, 28. 8. 1986, p. 17.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 301, 25. 10. 1986, p. 18.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1470/87**of 27 May 1987****altering the monetary compensatory amounts**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85 of 11 June 1985 on monetary compensatory amounts in agriculture ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 90/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9 (2) and Article 12 thereof,

Whereas the monetary compensatory amounts introduced by Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85 were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 119/87 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1342/87 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 409/87 ⁽⁶⁾, fixed the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3153/85 ⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 966/87, lays down detailed rules for the calculation of the monetary compensatory amounts; whereas, in view of the spot

market rates recorded, pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 3153/85, during the period 20 to 26 May 1987 for the Portuguese escudo, the monetary compensatory amounts applicable to Portugal should be altered pursuant to Article 9 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The column 'Portugal' in parts 7 and 8 of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 119/87 is hereby replaced by that set out in Annex I to this Regulation.

2. Annexes II and III to Regulation (EEC) No 119/87 are hereby replaced by Annexes II and III to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 13, 15. 1. 1987, p. 12.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 16, 17. 1. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 128, 18. 5. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 44, 13. 2. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 310, 21. 11. 1985, p. 4.

ANNEX I

PART 7

SUGAR

Monetary compensatory amounts

CCT heading No	Positive ⁽¹⁾			Negative ⁽¹⁾							
	Germany	Netherlands	Belgium/ Luxembourg	Denmark	United Kingdom	Ireland	Italy	France	Greece	Spain	Portugal
	DM	Fl	Bfrs/Lfrs	Dkr	£	£ Irl	Lit	FF	Dr	Pta	Esc

A. SUGAR

	— 100 kg —
17.01 A ⁽²⁾	1 462,46
17.01 B ⁽²⁾	1 097,11

by 1 % of sucrose content and by 100 kg net of that product ⁽⁴⁾

17.02 ex D II ⁽²⁾	14,625
17.02 E	14,625
17.02 F I ⁽⁶⁾	14,625
21.07 F IV	14,625

B. ISOGLUCOSE

— for 100 kg on dry matter —

17.02 D I	1 572,17
21.07 F III	1 572,17

⁽¹⁾ No monetary compensatory amount shall be applied to sugar and isoglucose exported to non-member countries pursuant to Article 26 of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81.

⁽²⁾ For flavoured or coloured sugars the monetary compensatory amount per 100 kg of the product in question shall be equal to the amount indicated multiplied by the sucrose content expressed as a percentage.

⁽³⁾ Where the yield of the raw sugar differs from that of the standard quality defined by Regulation (EEC) No 431/68 (OJ No L 89, 10. 4. 1968, p. 3) the

monetary compensatory amount shall be adjusted in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68 (OJ No L 151, 30. 6. 1968, p. 42).

⁽⁴⁾ The sucrose content, including other sugars expressed as sucrose, shall be determined in accordance with Article 7 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68 in the case of imports and in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 394/70 in the case of exports.

⁽⁵⁾ Other sugars and syrups excluding sorbose.

⁽⁶⁾ Caramelized sugars falling within heading No 17.01.

PRODUCTS TO WHICH REGULATION (EEC) No 3033/80 RELATES

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

- (¹) In the case of goods not containing added whey, lactose, casein or caseinates, the monetary compensatory amount shall be calculated on the basis of the quantity of sugar and/or of skimmed milk contained in such goods. However, where the monetary compensatory amount resulting from this calculation is greater than that fixed above, the latter shall be applied.
- (²) Amounts applicable as appropriate on goods falling within subheading 21.07 G VI to IX.
- (³) At the time of the completion of customs formalities, the party concerned shall be required to state in the declaration provided for this purpose :
- the actual content by weight of skimmed-milk powder contained in the goods,
 - the added whey and/or lactose and/or casein and/or caseinates content and the lactose content of the added whey,
- per 100 kg of finished product.
- The compensatory amount is calculated for the actual quantity of skimmed-milk powder contained in the goods.
- (⁴) Amount to be calculated on the basis of the actual quantities of any cereals or products resulting from their processing, sugar, milk products, contained in the goods. Apply to these quantities the compensatory amount applied when such products are traded as such.
- (⁵) These amounts shall not apply to goods in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less.
- (⁶) For goods falling within this subheading, the monetary compensatory amount shall be applied only according to the weight of the macaroni, spaghetti and similar products.
- (⁷) If the product contains added whey and/or lactose and/or casein and/or caseinates, no compensatory amount shall be granted for the milk products incorporated ; in such cases the compensatory amount is to be calculated on the quantities of common wheat and saugar indicated in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3034/80, less 10 %.

When completing :

- customs export formalities carried out in a Member State the currency of which has appreciated,
- customs import formalities carried out in a Member State the currency of which has depreciated,
- customs export formalities carried out in a Member State making use of the option provided in Article 10 of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85,

the applicant shall state on the declaration provided for this purpose whether or not whey and/or lactose and/or casein and/or caseinates have been added to the product.

However, if compensatory amounts have to be charged, the amounts fixed shall apply normally.

- (⁸) The first and second parts of note (⁶) shall not apply to goods in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less.
- (¹⁰) Preparations for the manufacture of chocolate or chocolate milk crumb, containing more than 6,5 % but less than 11 % by weight of milkfats, more than 6,5 % but less than 15 % by weight of cocoa, and more than 50 % but less than 60 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose), presented in irregular pieces.
- (¹¹) Amount applicable to chocolate milk crumb as defined in note (¹⁰) above, if it contains reduced-price butter under the Regulations given in note (⁴) to Part 5 of this Annex.
- (¹²) Amount applicable to products other than those falling under notes (¹⁰), (¹¹) above and (¹³), (¹⁵) below.
- (¹³) Amount applicable to products other than those falling under note (¹³) below, if they contain reduced-price butter under the Regulations given in note (⁴) to Part 5 of this Annex.
- (¹⁵) Amount applicable to ice-cream and to preparations for making ice-cream and similar edible products called 'ice-mix', if they contain reduced-price butter under the Regulations given in note (⁴) to Part 5 of this Annex.

ANNEX II

Monetary coefficients

Products	Member States										
	Germany	Netherlands	United Kingdom	BLEU	Denmark	Italy	France	Greece	Ireland	Spain	Portugal
— Beef and veal	0,982	0,982	1,151	—	1,015	1,061	1,015	1,465	1,043	1,094	—
— Milk and milk products	0,971	0,971	1,211	—	1,015	1,061	1,048	1,465	1,043	1,094	—
— Pigmeat	0,982	0,982	1,171	—	1,010	1,056	1,010	1,460	1,038	1,089	—
— Sugar	0,982	0,982	1,227	—	1,020	1,061	1,080	1,465	1,090	1,105	1,178
— Cereals	0,976	0,976	1,227	—	1,020	1,072	1,080	1,465	1,090	1,105	—
— Eggs and poultry and albumins	0,982	0,982	1,166	—	1,015	1,061	1,016	1,465	1,043	1,094	—
— Wine	—	—	—	—	—	1,026	1,028	1,430	—	1,070	—
— Processed products (Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80):											
— to be applied to charges	0,982	0,982	1,211	—	1,015	1,061	1,048	1,465	1,043	1,094	1,178
— to be applied to refunds:											
— cereals	0,976	0,976	1,227	—	1,020	1,072	1,080	1,465	1,090	1,105	—
— milk	0,971	0,971	1,211	—	1,015	1,061	1,048	1,465	1,043	1,094	—
— sugar	0,982	0,982	1,277	—	1,020	1,061	1,080	1,465	1,090	1,105	—

ANNEX III

Application of Article 10 of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85

100 Lit =	2,87906	Bfrs/Lfrs	1 £ (UK) =	61,8204	Bfrs/Lfrs	1 £ (Irl) =	55,2545	Bfrs/Lfrs
	0,521744	Dkr		11,2137	Dkr		10,2187	Dkr
	0,138734	DM		2,97807	DM		2,67895	DM
	0,463790	FF		9,94891	FF		8,98483	FF
	0,156410	Fl		3,35974	Fl		3,01849	Fl
	0,0518997	£ (Irl)		1,11450	£ (Irl)		0,897262	£ (UK)
	0,0464057	£ (UK)		2 154,91	Lit		1 926,79	Lit
	10,3259	Dr		222,513	Dr		198,959	Dr
	10,7689	Esc		232,284	Esc		208,810	Esc
	9,72542	Pta		208,831	Pta		187,577	Pta

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1471/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the export refunds on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1449/86⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provide that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75⁽⁵⁾, and Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76⁽⁶⁾ laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and rice respectively and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds, provide that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals, rice and broken rice on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals, rice, broken rice and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Articles provide that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the markets in cereals and rice and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports, and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 6 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export

system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1588/86⁽⁸⁾, defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on these products is being calculated;

Whereas, on the basis of the criteria laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75, particular account should be taken of the prices and quantities of basic products used to calculate the variable component of the levy; whereas Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 and Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1077/68⁽⁹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2764/71⁽¹⁰⁾, provide that the amount of the export refund should, for certain products, be reduced by an amount equal to the production refund granted in respect of the basic products;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in products processed from cereals and rice that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas when the refund is being calculated account should be taken of the quantities of raw materials used to determine the variable component of the levy; whereas the quantities of raw materials used for certain processed products may vary according to the end use of the product; whereas, depending on the manufacturing process used, products other than the main product are obtained, the quantity and value of which may vary with the nature and quality of the main products being manufactured; whereas cumulation of the refunds on the various products manufactured by a single process from the same basic product may make it possible, in certain cases, to export to third countries at prices which are lower than world market prices; whereas the refund on certain products should therefore be limited to an amount which, while allowing access to the world market, will ensure that the aims of the common organization of the markets are respected;

Whereas the refund to be granted in respect of certain processed products should be graduated on the basis of the ash, crude fibre, tegument, protein, fat and starch content of the individual product concerned, this content being a particularly good indicator of the quantity of basic product actually incorporated in the processed product;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 36.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 47.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 181, 27. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 283, 24. 12. 1971, p. 30.

Whereas there is no need at present to fix an export refund for manioc, other tropical roots and tubers or flours obtained therefrom, given the economic aspect of potential exports and in particular the nature and origin of these products ; whereas, for certain products processed from cereals, the insignificance of Community participation in world trade makes it unnecessary to fix an export refund at the present time ;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination ;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2806/71 ⁽¹⁾ lays down additional rules for granting export refunds for certain products processed from cereals and rice ;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽²⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient ;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month ; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period ;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 275 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, refunds may be granted in the case of exports to Portugal ; whereas, in the light of the situation and the level of prices no refund should be fixed in the case of exports to Portugal ;

Whereas the Management Committee for Cereals has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and in Article 1 (1) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 and subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

The refund on export to Portugal has not been fixed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 284, 28. 12. 1971, p. 9.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the export refunds on products processed from cereals and rice

(ECU/tonne)

Number in nomenclature used for refunds	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Refund
11.01 C (I)	Barley flour, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight	191,12
11.01 C (II)	Barley flour not included under No 11.01 C (I)	129,96
11.01 D (I)	Oat flour, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1,8 % by weight, of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	204,48
11.01 D (II)	Oat flour not included under No 11.01 D (I)	—
11.01 E (I)	Maize flour, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1,3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,8 % by weight ⁽⁷⁾	196,99
11.01 E (II)	Maize flour, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, exceeding 1,3 % but not exceeding 1,7 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight ⁽⁷⁾	168,85
11.01 E (III)	Maize flour not included under No 11.01 E (I) and (II) ⁽⁷⁾	—
11.01 F	Rice flour	—
11.02 A III (a)	Barley groats and meal, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight	197,49
11.02 A III (b)	Barley groats and meal not included under No 11.02 A III (a)	—
11.02 A IV (a)	Oat groats and meal, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0,1 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	204,48
11.02 A IV (b)	Oat groats and meal not included under No 11.02 A IV (a)	—
11.02 A V (a)	Maize groats and meal, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight and a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,6 % by weight ^{(1) (8)}	253,28
11.02 A V (b)	Maize groats and meal, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1,3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,8 % by weight ^{(1) (8)}	196,99
11.02 A V (c)	Maize groats and meal, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, exceeding 1,3 % by weight but not exceeding 1,7 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight ^{(1) (8)}	168,85
11.02 A VI	Rice groats and meal	—
11.02 B I a) 1 (aa)	Hulled (shelled or husked) barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight ⁽²⁾	191,12
11.02 B I a) 1 (bb)	Hulled (shelled or husked) barley not included under No 11.02 B I a) 1 (aa) ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B I a) 2 (aa)	Clipped oats	—

Number in nomenclature used for refunds	Nomenclature in simplified wording	(ECU/tonne) Refund
11.02 B I a) 2 bb) (11)	Hulled (shelled or husked) oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of tegument content not exceeding 0,5 % of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated ⁽²⁾	181,76
11.02 B I a) 2 bb) (22)	Hulled (shelled or husked) oats, not included under No 11.02 B I a) 2 bb) (11) ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B I b) 1 (aa)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	191,12
11.02 B I b) 1 (bb)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled barley, not included under No 11.02 B I b) 1 (aa) ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B I b) 2 (aa)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0,1 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	193,12
11.02 B I b) 2 (bb)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled oats not included under No 11.02 B I b) 2 (aa) ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B II a) (1)	Hulled (shelled or husked) wheat, not sliced or kibbled ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B II c) (1)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled maize of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,6 % by weight ('Gruetze' or 'Grutten') ^{(2) (8)}	211,07
11.02 B II c) (2)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled maize of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1,3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,8 % by weight ('Gruetze' or 'Grutten') ^{(2) (8)}	161,82
11.02 C III (a)	Pearled barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight (without talc) — 1st category ⁽³⁾	254,82
11.02 C III (b)	Pearled barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight (without talc) — 2nd category ⁽³⁾	203,86
11.02 C IV	Pearled oats ⁽³⁾	—
11.02 D I	Wheat not otherwise worked than kibbled	110,00
11.02 D II	Rye not otherwise worked than kibbled	115,00
11.02 E I b) 1 (aa)	Flaked barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight	191,12
11.02 E I b) 1 (bb)	Flaked barley not included under 11.02 E I b) 1 (aa)	—
11.02 E I b) 2 (aa)	Flaked oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0,1 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 12 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	227,20
11.02 E I b) 2 (bb)	Flaked oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2,3 % by weight, of a tegument content exceeding 0,1 % but not exceeding 1,5 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 12 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	181,76
11.02 E I b) 2 (cc)	Flaked oats not included under Nos 11.02 E I b) 2 (aa) and 11.02 E I b) 2 (bb)	—
ex 11.02 E II c) (1)	Flaked maize, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,9 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,7 % by weight	225,14

Number in nomenclature used for refunds	Nomenclature in simplified wording	(ECU/tonne) Refund
ex 11.02 E II c) (2)	Flaked maize, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1,3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0,8 % by weight	182,92
ex 11.02 E II c) (3)	Flaked maize, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, exceeding 1,3 % but not exceeding 1,7 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight	—
11.02 E II d) 1	Flaked rice	—
11.02 F III	Barley pellets	—
11.02 F IV	Oat pellets	—
11.02 F V	Maize pellets	—
11.02 G I	Wheat germ, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	31,88
11.02 G II	Germ of cereals other than wheat, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	35,18
11.07 A I a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	226,95
11.07 A II a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	226,79
11.08 A I	Maize starch (*)	201,14
11.08 A II	Rice starch (*)	292,04
11.08 A III	Wheat starch (*)	215,00
11.08 A IV	Potato starch (*)	201,14
11.08 A V	Starches other than maize, rice, wheat, or potato starch (*)	—
11.09 A	Dried wheat gluten, of a protein content, referred to dry matter, of 82 % or more by weight ($N \times 6,25$)	288,12
17.02 B II a)	Glucose and malto-dextrine, other than glucose containing, in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product, in the form of white crystalline powder, whether or not agglomerated (*)	262,73
17.02 B II b)	Malto-dextrine and malto-dextrine syrup ; glucose and glucose syrup not containing, in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product, other than glucose in the form of white crystalline powder, whether or not agglomerated (*)	201,14
17.02 F II a)	Caramel, other than caramel containing 50 % or more by weight of sucrose in the dry matter, in the form of powder, whether or not agglomerated	275,30
17.02 F II b)	Caramel, other than caramel containing 50 % or more by weight of sucrose in the dry matter, other than in the form of powder	191,08
21.07 F II	Flavoured or coloured glucose syrup, and malto-dextrine syrup	201,14
23.02 A I a)	Brans sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of maize or rice of a starch content not exceeding 35 % by weight	31,65
23.02 A I b) 2	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of maize or rice, of a starch content exceeding 35 % by weight, and not having undergone a denaturing process, or of a starch content exceeding 45 % by weight and having undergone denaturing process	31,65
23.02 A II a)	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of cereals other than maize or rice, of a starch content not exceeding 28 % by weight and of which the percentage which passes through a sieve with an aperture of 0,2 mm does not exceed 10 % by weight or of which the sifted product has an ash content, calculated on dry matter, not exceeding 1,5 % by weight	31,65
23.02 A II b)	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of cereals other than maize or rice, not included under No 23.02 A II a)	31,65
23.03 A I	Residues from the manufacture of starch from maize (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on dry matter, of 63 % or more by weight ($N \times 6,25$)	100,56

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- (¹) The export refund is paid in respect of maize, groats and meal :
- of which a percentage not exceeding 30 % passes through a sieve with an aperture of 315 microns,
 - of which a percentage not exceeding 5 % passes through a sieve with an aperture of 150 microns.
- (²) 'Hulled grains' are grains corresponding to the definition given in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 821/68 (OJ No L 149, 29. 6. 1968, p. 46).
- (³) 'Pearled grains' are grains corresponding to the definition given in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 821/68 (OJ No L 149, 29. 6. 1968, p. 46).
- (⁴) Pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2730/75 the product falling within subheading 17.02 B I enjoys the same export refund as the product falling within subheading 17.02 B II.
- (⁵) The export refund is granted on products falling within this subheading which have a starch content of not less than 85 % by weight.
- (⁶) The export refund is granted on products falling within this subheading which have a starch content of not less than 78 % by weight.
- (⁷) The analytical method to be used for the determination of the fatty matter content is that printed in Annex I (method A) to Directive 84/4/EEC (OJ No L 15, 18. 1. 1984, p. 28).
- (⁸) The procedure to be followed for the determination of the fatty matter content is as follows :
- the sample has to be crushed so that 90 % or more can pass through a sieve with an aperture of 500 microns and 100 % can pass through a sieve with an aperture of 1 000 microns,
 - the analytical method to be used afterwards is that which is printed in Annex I (Method A) to Directive 84/4/EEC (OJ No L 15, 18. 1. 1984, p. 28).
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COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1472/87**of 27 May 1987****fixing the export refunds on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the cereal markets;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in cereal-based compound feedingstuffs that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas Article 7 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75 of 29 October 1975 on the system to be applied to cereal-based compound feedingstuffs ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 944/87 ⁽⁵⁾, provides that, when

export refunds on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs are being fixed, only certain products used in the manufacture of compound feedingstuffs for which a refund may be fixed should be taken into account;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1913/69 of 29 September 1969 on the granting and the advance fixing of the export refund on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1349/87 ⁽⁷⁾, provides that calculation of the export refund must be based on the averages of the refunds granted and the levies calculated on the most commonly used basic cereals, adjusted on the basis of the threshold price in force during the current month; whereas this calculation must also take account of the cereal products content; whereas, therefore, in the interest of simplification, compound feedingstuffs should be placed in categories and the refund for each category should be fixed on the basis of the quantity of cereal products content for the category concerned; whereas, furthermore, the amount of the refund must also take into account the possibilities and conditions for the sale of those products on the world market, the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market and the economic aspect of the export;

Whereas, however, in fixing the rate of refund it would seem advisable to base it at this time on the difference in the cost of raw inputs widely used in compound feedingstuffs as between the Community and world markets, allowing more accurate account to be taken of the commercial conditions under which such products are exported;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for compound feedingstuffs according to composition and destination; whereas, for purposes of varying the refund, the destination zones laid down in Annex II to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 of 27 May 1977 redefining the destination zones for export refunds or levies and for certain export licences for cereals and rice ⁽⁸⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3817/85 ⁽⁹⁾, should be used;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 60.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 90, 2. 4. 1987, p. 2.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 246, 30. 9. 1969, p. 11.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 127, 16. 5. 1987, p. 14.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 53.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 16.

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽¹⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient ;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month ; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period ;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 275 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, refunds may be granted in the case

of exports to Portugal ; whereas, in the light of the situation and the level of prices no refund should be fixed in the case of exports to Portugal ;

Whereas the Management Committee for Cereals has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export refunds on the compound feedingstuffs covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

The refund on export to Portugal has not been fixed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the export refunds on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs

(ECU / tonne)

CCT heading No	Special specification for refund	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Refund		
23.07 B I		Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding, covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75, containing starch, glucose or glucose syrup falling within subheadings 17.02 B and 21.07 F II or milk products (falling within heading Nos 04.01, 04.02, 04.03 and 04.04 and subheadings 17.02 A and 21.07 F I):			
		Of a milk powder content of less than 50 % by weight and of a cereal products ⁽¹⁾ content by weight:			
	0510	— Exceeding 5 % but not exceeding 10 %	6,92 ⁽²⁾	7,54 ^{(2) (3)}	— ⁽⁴⁾
	1010	— Exceeding 10 % but not exceeding 20 %	13,83 ⁽²⁾	15,08 ^{(2) (3)}	— ⁽⁴⁾
	2010	— Exceeding 20 % but not exceeding 30 %	27,67 ⁽²⁾	30,16 ^{(2) (3)}	— ⁽⁴⁾
	3010	— Exceeding 30 % but not exceeding 40 %	41,50 ⁽²⁾	45,24 ^{(2) (3)}	— ⁽⁴⁾
	4010	— Exceeding 40 % but not exceeding 50 %	55,33 ⁽²⁾	60,32 ^{(2) (3)}	— ⁽⁴⁾
	5010	— Exceeding 50 % but not exceeding 60 %	69,17 ⁽²⁾	75,41 ^{(2) (3)}	— ⁽⁴⁾
	6010	— Exceeding 60 % but not exceeding 70 %	83,00 ⁽²⁾	90,49 ^{(2) (3)}	— ⁽⁴⁾
	7010	— Exceeding 70 %	90,55 ⁽²⁾	98,71 ^{(2) (3)}	— ⁽⁴⁾

⁽¹⁾ 'Cereal products' means the products falling within Chapter 10 and heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 (excluding subheading 11.02 G) of the Common Customs Tariff.

⁽²⁾ For exports to Zones A, B, C, D and E specified in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77.

⁽³⁾ Minimum content of maize and/or sorghum exceeding: 0510: 5 %; 1010: 10 %; 2010: 20 %; 3010: 30 %; 4010: 40 %; 5010: 50 %; 6010: 60 %; 7010: 60 %.

In so far as this minimum is observed, these refunds shall, at the request of the party concerned, also apply where the cereal products' content exceeds the maximum specified on the same line.

⁽⁴⁾ For export to other third countries.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1473/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1449/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 17 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the first subparagraph of Article 17 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the export refund applicable to rice and broken rice on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price which will be in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the licence ;

Whereas Regulation No 474/67/EEC ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1397/68 ⁽⁴⁾, lays down detailed rules for the advance fixing of the export refund on rice and broken rice ;

Whereas that Regulation provides that the refund applicable on the day on which application for an export licence is made must, when it is fixed in advance, be reduced by an amount no greater than the difference between the cif forward delivery price and the cif price, where the former exceeds the latter by more than 0,30 ECU per tonne ; whereas on the other hand, the refund must be increased by an amount no greater than the difference between the cif price and the cif forward delivery price, where the former exceeds the latter by more than 0,30 ECU per tonne ;

Whereas the cif price is that determined in accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 ; whereas

the cif forward delivery price is that determined in accordance with Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1428/76 ⁽⁵⁾, based in respect of each month for which the export licence is valid, on the cif price calculated on the basis of offers for shipment during the month of exportation ;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁶⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient ;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 17 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 which is applicable to the export refunds fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 204, 24. 8. 1967, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 222, 10. 9. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 30.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)			
		Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9
ex 10.06	Rice :				
	B. I. Paddy rice, husked rice :				
	a) Paddy rice :				
	1. Round grain .	—	—	—	—
	2. Long grain	—	—	—	—
	b) Husked rice :				
	1. Round grain	—	—	—	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	0
	II. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :				
	a) Semi-milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	—	—	—	—
	2. Long grain	—	—	—	—
	b) Wholly milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	—	—	—	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	0
	III. Broken rice	—	—	—	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1474/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence; whereas, in this case, a corrective amount must be applied to the refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1588/86 ⁽⁵⁾, made possible the fixing of a corrective amount for certain products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75 ⁽⁶⁾ laid down detailed rules for the advance fixing of export refunds for cereals and certain products processed from cereals;

Whereas, pursuant to that Regulation, when the corrective amount is being fixed, account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and possibilities and conditions for the sale of cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Regulation provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and,

furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas for the products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 account should be taken of the specific criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the corrective amount according to destination;

Whereas the corrective amount must be fixed at the same time as the refund and according to the same procedure;

Whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas, if the system of corrective amounts is to operate normally, corrective amounts should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁷⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the preceding indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 which is applicable to export refunds fixed in advance in respect of cereals shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 47.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 131, 22. 5. 1975, p. 15.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9	4th period 10	5th period 11	6th period 12
10.01 B I	Common wheat and meslin	0	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	—	—	—	—	—
10.02	Rye	0	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00
10.03	Barley	0	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00
10.04	Oats	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00	— 35,00
10.07 C II	Grain sorghum, other than hybrid sorghum for sowing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11.01 A	Common wheat flour	0	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.01 B	Rye flour	0	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	0	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	0	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00

N. B. The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3817/85 (OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1475/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the export refunds on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports, and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1588/86 ⁽⁵⁾, defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on these products is being calculated;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in products processed

from cereals and rice that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁶⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 275 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, refunds may be granted in the case of exports to Portugal; whereas, in the light of the situation and the level of prices no refund should be fixed in the case of exports to Portugal;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on malt listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

The refund on export to Portugal has not been fixed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 47.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the export refunds on malt

<i>(ECU / tonne)</i>	
ECT heading No	Refund
11.07 A I b)	163,50
11.07 A II b)	218,35
11.07 B	254,49

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1476/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence; whereas, in this case, a corrective amount must be applied to the refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1588/86 ⁽⁵⁾, made possible the fixing of a corrective amount for certain products listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75;

Whereas Regulation Commission (EEC) No 1281/75 ⁽⁶⁾ laid down detailed rules for the advance fixing of export refunds for cereals and certain products processed from cereals;

Whereas, pursuant to that Regulation, when the corrective amount is being fixed in respect of malt, account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to the possibilities and conditions for the sale of the cereals concerned and of malt on the world market;

whereas the same Regulation also provides that account must be taken of the quantity of cereals needed for making malt, the economic aspect of exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the corrective amount according to destination;

Whereas the corrective amount must be fixed at the same time as the refund and according to the same procedure; whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas, if the system of corrective amounts is to operate normally, corrective amounts should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁷⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the preceding indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 which is applicable to export refunds fixed in advance in respect of malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 47.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 131, 22. 5. 1975, p. 15.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt

(ECU/tonne)						
CCT heading No	Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9	4th period 10	5th period 11
11.07 A I a)	0	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.07 A I b)	0	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.07 A II a)	0	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.07 A II b)	0	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.07 B	0	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00

(ECU/tonne)						
CCT heading No	6th period 12	7th period 1	8th period 2	9th period 3	10th period 4	11th period 5
11.07 A I a)	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.07 A I b)	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.07 A II a)	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.07 A II b)	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00
11.07 B	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00	— 50,00

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1477/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1449/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 of 21 June 1976 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on rice and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of rice and broken rice on the Community market on the one hand and prices for rice and broken rice on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the rice market and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances of the Community market;

Whereas to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1361/76 ⁽⁴⁾ lays down the maximum percentage of broken rice allowed in rice for which an export refund is fixed and specifies the percentage by which that refund is to be reduced where the proportion of broken rice in the rice exported exceeds that maximum;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when

the export refund on rice and broken rice is being calculated;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas a separate refund should be fixed for packaged long grain rice to accommodate current demand for the product on certain markets;

Whereas the refund must be fixed at least once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁵⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the present situation on the market in rice and in particular to quotations or prices for rice and broken rice within the Community and on the world market, that the refund should be fixed as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 275 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, refunds may be granted in the case of exports to Portugal; whereas, in the light of the situation and the level of prices no refund should be fixed in the case of exports to Portugal;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 36.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 154, 15. 6. 1976, p. 11.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

listed in paragraph 1 (c) of that Article, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto. The refund on export to Portugal has not been fixed.

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 with the exception of those

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of refund (ECU/tonne)
ex 10.06	Rice : B. I. Paddy rice ; husked rice : b) Husked rice : 1. Round grain — 2. Long grain — for export to : — Austria, Liechtenstein, Switzerland and the communes of Livigno and Campione d'Italia 256,00 — Other third countries — II. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice : a) Semi-milled rice : 1. Round grain — 2. Long grain — b) Wholly milled rice : 1. Round grain — 2. Long grain — in bulk or packaged for export to : — Austria, Liechtenstein, Switzerland, the communes of Livigno and Campione d'Italia as well as destinations mentioned in Article 5 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2730/79 ⁽¹⁾ 320,00 — zone I — — Other third countries — in immediate packings of 5 kg net or less for export to : — zones I, II b), IV a), IV b) and VI, the Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla 345,00 — zone V a) and VII c) and Canada 350,00 III. Broken rice —	

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 317, 12. 12. 1979, p. 1.

NB : The zones are those defined in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3817/85 (OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985).

The export refunds are to be converted into national currencies using the specific agricultural conversion rates fixed in Regulation (EEC) No 3294/86 (OJ No L 304, 30. 11. 1986).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1478/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the maximum export refunds on olive oil for the fifth partial invitation to tender under the standing invitation to tender issued by Regulation (EEC) No 3942/86

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1454/86 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1650/86 of 26 May 1986 on the refunds and levies applicable to exports of olive oil ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3942/86 ⁽⁴⁾ issued a standing invitation to tender with a view to determining the export refunds on olive oil;

Whereas Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 3942/86 provides that maximum amounts are to be fixed for the export refunds in the light in particular of the current situation and foreseeable developments on the Community and world olive-oil markets and on the basis of the tenders received; whereas contracts are awarded to any tenderer who submits a tender at the level of the maximum refund or at a lower level;

Whereas, for the purposes of applying the abovementioned provisions, the maximum export refunds should be set at the levels specified in Article 1;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The maximum export refunds for olive oil for the fifth partial invitation to tender under the standing invitation to tender issued by Regulation (EEC) No 3942/86 are hereby fixed at the following levels, on the basis of the tenders submitted by 23 May 1987:

1. Quality 15.07 A I a) in containers of a capacity not exceeding 5 litres: 45,96 ECU/100 kilograms.
2. Quality 15.07 A I a) in containers of a capacity exceeding 5 litres: 90,80 ECU/100 kilograms.
3. Quality 15.07 A II a) in containers of a capacity not exceeding 5 litres: 46,00 ECU/100 kilograms.
4. Quality 15.07 A II a) in containers of a capacity exceeding 5 litres: 94,88 ECU/100 kilograms.
5. Quality 15.07 A II b) in containers of a capacity not exceeding 5 litres: 10,00 ECU/100 kilograms.
6. Quality 15.07 A II b) in containers of a capacity exceeding 5 litres: 53,00 ECU/100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 145, 30. 5. 1986, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 365, 24. 12. 1986, p. 30.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1479/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1454/86⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 798/87⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 799/87⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 413/86, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 800/87⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽¹⁰⁾;

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78⁽¹¹⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules

for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹²⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy, account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 25 and 26 May 1987 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 29 May 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 11.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 12.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 13.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	57,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	57,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	57,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	67,00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	92,00 ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

(a) Lebanon : 0,60 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) Tunisia : 12,69 ECU/100 kg, provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;

(c) Turkey : 22,36 ECU/100 kg, provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;

(d) Algeria and Morocco : 24,78 ECU/100 kg, provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,86 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7,25 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5,80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	12,54
07.03 A II	12,54
15.17 B I a)	28,50
15.17 B I b)	45,60
23.04 A II	4,56

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1480/87
of 27 May 1987
fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1454/86⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4),

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 of 11 June 1985 fixing the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 409/87⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza, rape and sunflower seed⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1474/84⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the target price and the monthly increments in the target price for colza, rape and sunflower seed for the 1986/87 marketing year have been fixed in Regulations (EEC) No 1457/86⁽⁷⁾ and (EEC) No 1458/86⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 577/87⁽⁹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1403/87⁽¹⁰⁾;

Whereas, in the absence of the target price for the 1987/88 marketing year for colza, rape seed and sunflower seed, the amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for July, August, September and October 1987 for colza and rape seed and for August and September 1987 for sunflower seed has been obtainable only provisionally on the basis of the target price and the new standard quality for sunflower seed proposed by the Commission to the Council for the marketing year 1987/88; whereas this amount may, therefore, be applied only on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when the indicative price of the 1987/88 marketing year is known;

Whereas estimated production of colza, rape seed and sunflower seed for the 1987/88 marketing year has not

been fixed; whereas the amount, where appropriate, to be deducted from the subsidy in compliance with the system of maximum guaranteed quantities referred to in Article 27a of Regulation No 136/66/EEC could therefore be calculated only provisionally on the basis of the amounts in force for the 1986/87 marketing year; whereas the amounts of the subsidy should therefore only be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced once the effects of the system of maximum guaranteed quantities for colza, rape seed and sunflower seed are known;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 3776/86 to the information known to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered to the amount set out in the Annexes hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The amounts of the subsidy and the exchange rates referred to in Article 33 (2) and (3) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2681/83⁽¹¹⁾ shall be as set out in the Annexes hereto.
2. The amount of the compensatory aid referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 475/86 and Article 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 476/86 shall be as shown in Annex III to this Regulation for sunflower seed harvested in Spain and Portugal.
3. The amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for July, August, September and October 1987 for colza and rape seed and for August and September 1987 for sunflower seed will, however, be confirmed or replaced as from 28 May 1987 to take into account the target price, and like measures, which is fixed for these products for the 1987/88 marketing year.
4. However, the amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for July, August, September and October 1987 for colza and rape seed and for August and September 1987 for sunflower seed will be confirmed or replaced as from 28 May 1987 to take into account, where appropriate, the effects of the application of the system of maximum guaranteed quantities for colza, rape seed and sunflower seed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 May 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 44, 13. 2. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 146, 31. 5. 1986, p. 25.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 12.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1986, p. 14.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 57, 27. 2. 1987, p. 38.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 133, 22. 5. 1987, p. 38.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 266, 28. 9. 1983, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Aids to colza and rape seed other than 'double zero'

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

	Current month	2nd month	3rd month (1)	4th month (1)	5th month (1)	6th month (1)
1. Gross aids (ECU):						
— Spain	0,610	0,610	0,100	0,100	0,100	0,100
— Portugal	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000
— Other Member States	36,157	36,004	29,632	29,478	29,324	29,171
2. Final aids:						
(a) Seed harvested and processed in:						
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	87,21	86,85	71,75	71,49	71,13	71,09
— Netherlands (Fl)	98,26	97,86	80,82	80,53	80,13	80,04
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 688,19	1 680,95	1 381,75	1 373,84	1 366,55	1 354,57
— France (FF)	247,14	245,95	199,70	198,05	196,84	196,32
— Denmark (Dkr)	304,56	303,21	248,44	247,08	245,72	242,60
— Ireland (£ Irl)	27,119	26,986	21,903	21,739	21,606	21,396
— United Kingdom (£)	20,509	20,390	16,219	16,099	15,980	15,737
— Italy (Lit)	53 745	53 487	43 400	43 271	43 013	42 511
— Greece (Dr)	3 421,57	3 373,78	2 536,62	2 495,44	2 468,21	2 375,20
(b) Seed harvested in Spain and processed:						
— in Spain (Pta)	88,94	88,94	14,58	14,58	14,58	14,58
— in another Member State (Pta)	4 218,23	4 193,25	3 325,69	3 265,82	3 240,07	3 185,37
(c) Seed harvested in Portugal and processed:						
— in Portugal (Esc)	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
— in another Member State (Esc)	5 073,37	5 040,91	4 005,86	3 966,89	3 938,52	3 866,83

(1) Subject to the amount to be deducted in accordance with the system of guaranteed maximum quantities and the Council Decision regarding prices and related measures for the 1987/88 marketing year.

ANNEX II

Aids to colza and rape seed 'double zero'

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

	Current month	2nd month	3rd month (1)	4th month (1)	5th month (1)	6th month (1)
1. Gross aids (ECU):						
— Spain	1,860	1,860	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600
— Portugal	1,250	1,250	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500
— Other Member States	37,407	37,254	32,132	31,978	31,824	31,671
2. Final aids:						
(a) Seed harvested and processed in:						
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	90,19	89,84	77,71	77,45	71,10	77,05
— Netherlands (Fl)	101,62	101,23	87,55	87,25	86,85	86,76
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 746,78	1 739,54	1 498,94	1 491,03	1 483,73	1 471,75
— France (FF)	256,02	254,83	217,45	215,80	214,60	214,08
— Denmark (Dkr)	315,24	313,89	269,80	268,44	267,08	263,96
— Ireland (£ Irl)	28,097	27,965	23,859	23,696	23,562	23,353
— United Kingdom (£)	21,293	21,174	17,787	17,667	17,547	17,305
— Italy (Lit)	55 669	55 412	47 248	47 119	46 861	46 359
— Greece (Dr)	3 567,42	3 519,63	2 828,31	2 787,13	2 759,89	2 666,89
(b) Seed harvested in Spain and processed:						
— in Spain (Pta)	271,19	271,19	379,07	379,07	379,07	379,07
— in another Member State (Pta)	4 400,48	4 375,50	3 690,19	3 630,31	3 604,57	3 549,86
(c) Seed harvested in Portugal and processed:						
— in Portugal (Esc)	189,77	189,77	379,54	379,54	379,54	379,54
— in another Member State (Esc)	5 263,14	5 230,68	4 385,40	4 346,42	4 318,05	4 246,36

(1) Subject to the amount to be deducted in accordance with the system of guaranteed maximum quantities and the Council Decision regarding prices and related measures for the 1987/88 marketing year.

ANNEX III

Aids to sunflower seed

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

	Current month	2nd month	3rd month	4th month (1)	5th month (1)
1. Gross aids (ECU):					
— Spain	1,720	1,720	1,720	3,440	3,440
— Portugal	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000
— Other Member States	41,910	41,833	41,680	37,423	37,269
2. Final aids:					
(a) Seed harvested and processed in (2):					
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	101,12	100,94	100,60	90,61	90,25
— Netherlands (Fl)	113,94	113,74	113,34	102,07	101,67
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 956,53	1 952,88	1 945,64	1 745,07	1 737,78
— France (FF)	286,07	285,48	284,02	252,79	251,58
— Denmark (Dkr)	352,84	352,16	350,81	314,21	312,88
— Ireland (£ Irl)	31,385	31,319	31,183	27,759	27,626
— United Kingdom (£)	23,684	23,624	23,504	20,727	20,607
— Italy (Lit)	62 219	62 088	61 691	55 187	54 930
— Greece (Dr)	3 933,24	3 894,46	3 837,35	3 282,36	3 255,12
(b) Seed harvested in Spain and processed:					
— in Spain (Pta)	250,77	250,77	250,77	501,54	501,54
— in another Member State (Pta)	3 974,71	3 962,14	3 907,90	3 484,80	3 459,06
(c) Seed harvested in Portugal and processed:					
— in Portugal (Esc)	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
— in Spain (Esc)	6 518,02	6 497,74	6 430,39	5 726,43	5 697,10
— in another Member State (Esc)	6 306,51	6 286,89	6 221,73	5 540,61	5 512,24
3. Compensatory aids:					
— in Spain (Pta)	3 923,09	3 910,52	3 852,91	3 429,81	3 404,07
— in Portugal (Esc)	6 274,63	6 255,01	6 187,76	5 506,64	5 478,27

(1) Subject to the amount to be deducted in accordance with the system of guaranteed maximum quantities and the Council Decision regarding prices and related measures for the 1987/88 marketing year.

(2) For seed harvested in the Community as constituted at 31 December 1985 and processed in Spain, the amounts shown in 2 (a) to be multiplied by 1,0335380.

ANNEX IV

Exchange rate of the ECU to be used for converting final aids into the currency of the processing country when the latter is a country other than the country of production

(value of 1 ECU)

	Current month	2nd month	3rd month	4th month	5th month	6th month
DM	2,063010	2,057590	2,052480	2,047440	2,047440	2,031550
Fl	2,323910	2,320890	2,316920	2,311880	2,311880	2,306060
Bfrs/Lfrs	42,759000	42,766300	42,776500	42,798100	42,798100	42,846000
FF	7,130340	7,139510	7,149690	7,160960	7,160960	7,192150
Dkr	7,760250	7,779690	7,798800	7,819600	7,819600	7,878290
£ Irl	0,770415	0,773852	0,776498	0,779014	0,779014	0,786489
£	0,692234	0,694044	0,695754	0,697413	0,697413	0,701615
Lit	1 493,73	1 497,80	1 502,02	1 506,39	1 506,39	1 519,47
Dr	153,91100	156,09400	158,12100	160,04800	160,04800	166,13000
Esc	160,76600	161,98900	163,26700	164,89600	164,89600	168,18900
Pta	144,35200	145,46500	146,32400	147,48200	147,48200	150,39600

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1481/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the amount of the aid for peas, field beans and sweet lupins used in animal feed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 of 18 May 1982 laying down special measures for peas and field beans ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3127/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3540/85 of 5 December 1985 laying down detailed rules for the application of the special measures for peas, field beans and sweet lupins ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 729/87 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 24 (1) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the aid referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 was fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1352/87 ⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1352/87 and in Article 105 of the Act of Accession to the information at present available to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered as shown in Article 1 of this Regulation;

Whereas, in the absence of the activating price for the 1987/88 marketing year for peas, field beans and sweet

lupins the amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for July, August, September, October, November and December 1987 for peas, field beans and sweet lupins has been obtainable only provisionally on the basis of the activating price proposed by the Commission to the Council for the marketing year 1987/88; whereas this amount may, therefore, be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when the activating price for the 1987/88 marketing year is known,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The amount of the aid referred to in Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/82 is fixed in the Annex hereto.

2. However, the amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for July, August, September, October, November and December 1987 for peas, field beans and sweet lupins will be confirmed or replaced as from 1 June 1987 to take into account, where appropriate, the effects of the application of the activating price for these products for the 1987/88 marketing year.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 162, 12. 6. 1982, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 292, 16. 10. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 342, 19. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 71, 14. 3. 1987, p. 16.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 127, 16. 5. 1987, p. 19.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the amount of aid for peas, field beans and sweet lupins used in animal feed

Amounts of the aid applicable from 1 June 1987

	(ECU/100 kg)						
	Current month	2nd month	3rd month	4th month	5th month	6th month	7th month
1. Peas and field beans :							
(a) used in Spain	17,340	13,357	13,357 ⁽¹⁾	13,537 ⁽¹⁾	13,366 ⁽¹⁾	13,546 ⁽¹⁾	13,726 ⁽¹⁾
(b) used in Portugal	17,045	13,063	13,063 ⁽¹⁾	13,243 ⁽¹⁾	13,057 ⁽¹⁾	13,237 ⁽¹⁾	13,417 ⁽¹⁾
(c) used in another Member State	17,442	13,460	13,460 ⁽¹⁾	13,640 ⁽¹⁾	13,473 ⁽¹⁾	13,653 ⁽¹⁾	13,833 ⁽¹⁾
2. Sweet lupins :							
(a) harvested and used in Spain	17,600	15,050	15,050 ⁽¹⁾	15,050 ⁽¹⁾	14,582 ⁽¹⁾	14,582 ⁽¹⁾	14,582 ⁽¹⁾
(b) harvested in another Member State and :							
— used in Portugal	19,331	16,241	16,241 ⁽¹⁾	16,241 ⁽¹⁾	15,753 ⁽¹⁾	15,753 ⁽¹⁾	15,753 ⁽¹⁾
— used in the Community as constituted at 31 December 1985	19,860	16,770	16,770 ⁽¹⁾	16,770 ⁽¹⁾	16,309 ⁽¹⁾	16,309 ⁽¹⁾	16,309 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Dependent on the initial activating price for the aid that is set for the 1987/1988 marketing year.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1482/87**of 26 May 1987****establishing unit values for the determination of the customs value of certain perishable goods**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1577/81 of 12 June 1981 establishing a system of simplified procedures for the determination of the customs value of certain perishable goods ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3502/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

Whereas Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1577/81 provides that the Commission shall periodically establish unit values for the products referred to in the classification in the Annex;

Whereas the result of applying the rules and criteria laid down in that same Regulation to the elements communi-

cated to the Commission in accordance with Article 1 (2) of that Regulation is that the unit values set out in the Annex to this Regulation should be established in regard to the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The unit values provided for in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1577/81 are hereby established as set out in the table in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 29 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1987.

For the Commission
COCKFIELD
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 154, 13. 6. 1981, p. 26.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 335, 13. 12. 1985, p. 9.

ANNEX

Code	NIMEXE code	CCT heading No	Description	Amount of unit values per 100 kg net									
				ECU	Bfrs/Lfrs	Dkr	DM	FF	Dr	£ Irl	Lit	Fl	£
1.10	07.01-13 } 07.01-15 }	07.01 A II	New potatoes	36,82	1 584	287,64	76,45	255,79	5715	28,55	55 351	86,10	25,62
1.12	ex 07.01-21 } ex 07.01-22 }	ex 07.01 B I	Broccoli	127,56	5 486	996,30	264,79	885,98	19 796	98,89	191 714	298,24	88,75
1.14	07.01-23	07.01 B II	White cabbages and red cabbages	41,22	1 772	322,69	85,59	285,00	6 316	32,06	61 054	96,57	29,13
1.16	ex 07.01-27	ex 07.01 B III	Chinese cabbage	43,33	1 864	338,49	89,96	301,01	6 725	33,59	65 136	101,33	30,15
1.20	07.01-31 } 07.01-33 }	07.01 D I	Cabbage lettuce	73,57	3 164	574,64	152,72	511,01	11 417	57,03	110 575	172,02	51,18
1.22	ex 07.01-36	ex 07.01 D II	Endives	40,67	1 748	318,40	84,46	281,22	6 232	31,63	60 243	95,28	28,74
1.28	07.01-41 } 07.01-43 }	07.01 F I	Peas	286,05	12 304	2 234,22	593,80	1 986,83	44 393	221,77	429 923	668,82	199,02
1.30	07.01-45 } 07.01-47 }	07.01 F II	Beans (of the species Phaseolus)	108,65	4 673	848,62	225,54	754,65	16 861	84,23	163 296	254,03	75,59
1.32	ex 07.01-49	ex 07.01 F III	Broad beans	28,32	1 220	221,09	58,81	196,63	4 381	21,99	42 649	66,32	19,62
1.40	ex 07.01-54	ex 07.01 G II	Carrots	32,09	1 380	250,63	66,61	222,88	4 980	24,87	48 229	75,02	22,32
1.50	ex 07.01-59	ex 07.01 G IV	Radishes	74,15	3 195	578,86	153,99	514,81	11 470	57,58	111 664	173,65	51,37
1.60	ex 07.01-63	ex 07.01 H	Onions (other than wild onions and sets)	34,79	1 496	271,73	72,22	241,64	5 399	26,97	52 288	81,34	24,20
1.70	07.01-67	ex 07.01 H	Garlic	169,78	7 302	1 326,07	352,44	1 179,23	26 348	131,62	255 170	396,96	118,12
1.74	ex 07.01-68	ex 07.01 IJ	Leeks	30,12	1 297	235,77	62,60	208,56	4 628	23,41	44 668	70,60	21,14
1.80		07.01 K	Asparagus :										
1.80.1	ex 07.01-71		— green	228,87	9 844	1 787,57	475,09	1 589,64	35 518	177,43	343 976	535,12	159,24
1.80.2	ex 07.01-71		— other	169,30	7 282	1 322,33	351,44	1 175,91	26 274	131,25	254 451	395,84	117,79
1.90	07.01-73	07.01 L	Artichokes	135,44	5 837	1 057,28	281,25	940,29	20 950	105,18	203 951	317,17	93,82
1.100	07.01-75 } 07.01-77 }	07.01 M	Tomatoes	93,35	4 015	729,16	193,79	648,42	14 488	72,37	140 310	218,27	64,95
1.110	07.01-81 } 07.01-82 }	07.01 P I	Cucumbers	56,62	2 435	442,28	117,55	393,31	8 788	43,90	85 107	132,40	39,39
1.112	07.01-85	07.01 Q II	Chantarelles	980,32	41 938	7 660,46	2 022,11	6 757,62	146 689	760,37	1 437 668	2 279,32	724,02
1.118	07.01-91	07.01 R	Fennel	31,34	1 350	245,33	65,13	217,02	4 816	24,36	46 478	73,46	21,99
1.120	07.01-93	07.01 S	Sweet peppers	90,09	3 875	703,66	187,01	625,75	13 981	69,84	135 404	210,64	62,68
1.130	07.01-97	07.01 T II	Aubergines	81,20	3 493	634,28	168,57	564,05	12 603	62,95	122 052	189,87	56,50
1.140	07.01-96	07.01 T I	Vegetable marrows (including courgettes)	50,58	2 175	395,11	105,01	351,36	7 850	39,21	76 030	118,28	35,19
1.150	ex 07.01-99	ex 07.01 T III	Celery stalks and leaves	65,15	2 802	508,91	135,25	452,56	10 112	50,51	97 928	152,34	45,33
1.160	ex 07.06-90	ex 07.06 B	Sweet potatoes, fresh, whole	74,60	3 185	582,47	153,85	512,38	11 235	57,94	109 532	173,25	55,53
2.10	08.01-31	ex 08.01 B	Bananas, fresh	51,49	2 215	402,22	106,90	357,68	7 992	39,92	77 397	120,40	35,83
2.20	ex 08.01-50	ex 08.01 C	Pineapples, fresh	45,10	1 940	352,28	93,62	313,27	6 999	34,96	67 789	105,45	31,38
2.30	ex 08.01-60	ex 08.01 D	Avocados, fresh	104,95	4 514	819,77	217,87	729,00	16 288	81,37	157 745	245,40	73,02
2.40	ex 08.01-99	ex 08.01 H	Mangoes and guavas, fresh	169,49	7 290	1 323,84	351,84	1 177,25	26 304	131,40	254 742	396,30	117,93
2.50		08.02 A I	Sweet oranges, fresh :										
2.50.1	08.02-02 } 08.02-06 } 08.02-12 } 08.02-16 }		— Sanguines and semi-sanguines	95,60	4 112	746,74	198,46	664,05	14 837	74,12	143 693	223,54	66,52

Code	NIMEXE code	CCT heading No	Description	Amount of unit values per 100 kg net									
				ECU	Bfrs/Lfrs	Dkr	DM	FF	Dr	£ Irl	Lit	Fl	£
2.50.2	08.02-03 08.02-07 08.02-13 08.02-17		— Navels, Navelines, Navelates, Salustianas, Vernas, Valencia lates, Maltese, Shamoutis, Ovalis, Trovita and Hamlins	49,90	2146	389,78	103,59	346,62	7744	38,69	75004	116,68	34,72
2.50.3	08.02-05 08.02-09 08.02-15 08.02-19		— others	38,59	1651	301,62	79,61	266,07	5775	29,93	56607	89,74	28,50
2.60		ex 08.02 B	Mandarins including tangerines and satsumas, fresh, clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids, fresh :										
2.60.1	08.02-29	ex 08.02 B II	— Monreales and satsumas	79,59	3423	621,69	165,23	552,85	12352	61,71	119630	186,10	55,38
2.60.2	08.02-31	ex 08.02 B II	— Mandarins and wilkings	40,78	1756	319,17	84,74	282,34	6265	31,70	60468	95,57	28,61
2.60.3	08.02-28	08.02 B I	— Clementines	54,64	2354	427,66	113,54	378,31	8395	42,47	81021	128,06	38,34
2.60.4	08.02-34 08.02-37	ex 08.02 B II	— Tangerines and others	51,04	2195	398,71	105,97	354,56	7922	39,57	76723	119,35	35,51
2.70	ex 08.02-50	ex 08.02 C	Lemons, fresh	38,07	1637	297,38	79,03	264,45	5908	29,51	57224	89,02	26,49
2.80		ex 08.02 D	Grapefruit, fresh :										
2.80.1	ex 08.02-70		— white	39,18	1685	306,06	81,34	272,17	6081	30,38	58894	91,62	27,26
2.80.2	ex 08.02-70		— pink	64,44	2771	503,30	133,76	447,57	10000	49,95	96849	150,66	44,83
2.81	ex 08.02-90	ex 08.02 E	Limes and limettes	151,69	6525	1184,82	314,90	1053,63	23542	117,60	227991	354,68	105,54
2.90	08.04-11 08.04-19 08.04-23	08.04 A I	Table grapes	162,70	6998	1270,78	337,74	1130,07	25250	126,13	244531	380,41	113,20
2.95	08.05-50	08.05 C	Chestnuts	101,92	4360	796,49	210,24	702,62	15251	79,05	149480	236,99	75,27
2.100	08.06-13 08.06-15 08.06-17	08.06 A II	Apples	60,70	2610	474,10	126,00	421,60	9420	47,06	91230	141,92	42,23
2.110	08.06-33 08.06-35 08.06-37 08.06-38	08.06 B II	Pears	69,37	2983	541,83	144,00	481,83	10766	53,78	104263	162,20	48,26
2.120	08.07-10	08.07 A	Apricots	91,30	3927	713,15	189,54	634,19	14170	70,78	137230	213,48	63,52
2.130	ex 08.07-32	ex 08.07 B	Peaches	124,95	5374	975,95	259,38	867,88	19391	96,87	187799	292,15	86,93
2.140	ex 08.07-32	ex 08.07 B	Nectarines	126,61	5446	988,95	262,84	879,44	19650	98,16	190299	296,04	88,09
2.150	08.07-51 08.07-55	08.07 C	Cherries	88,56	3788	692,07	182,68	610,50	13252	68,69	129883	205,92	65,41
2.160	08.07-71 08.07-75	08.07 D	Plums	149,85	6445	1170,41	311,07	1040,82	23255	116,17	225218	350,37	104,26
2.170	08.08-11 08.08-15	08.08 A	Strawberries	107,19	4610	837,21	222,51	744,51	16635	83,10	161102	250,62	74,58
2.175	08.08-35	08.08 C	Fruit of the species Vaccinium myrtillus	131,10	5608	1024,49	270,43	903,74	19617	101,69	192269	304,83	96,82
2.180	08.09-11	ex 08.09	Water melons	34,93	1502	272,84	72,51	242,63	5421	27,08	52501	81,67	24,30
2.190		ex 08.09	Melons (other than water melons) :										
2.190.1	ex 08.09-19		— Amarillo, Cuper, Honey Dew, Onteniente, Piel de Sapo, Rochet, Tendral	77,70	3342	606,89	161,29	539,69	12058	60,24	116782	181,67	54,06
2.190.2	ex 08.09-19		— other	83,28	3582	650,47	172,88	578,44	12924	64,56	125168	194,72	57,94
2.195	ex 08.09-80	ex 08.09	Pomegranates	47,87	2048	374,10	98,75	330,01	7163	37,13	70209	111,31	35,35
2.200	08.09-50	ex 08.09	Kiwis	274,82	11821	2146,50	570,49	1908,83	42650	213,06	413044	642,57	191,21
2.202	ex 08.09-80	ex 08.09	Khakis	204,97	8816	1600,94	425,49	1423,67	31810	158,91	308063	479,25	142,61
2.203	ex 08.09-80	ex 08.09	Lychees	405,94	17460	3170,56	842,66	2819,50	62998	314,71	610100	949,12	282,43

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1483/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 229/87⁽²⁾, and in particular point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 19 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 of 18 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1489/76⁽⁴⁾, provides that when refunds on white and raw sugar, undenatured and exported in the natural state, are being fixed account must be taken of the situation on the Community and world markets in sugar and in particular of the price and cost factors set out in Article 3 of that Regulation; whereas the same Article provides that the economic aspect of the proposed exports should also be taken into account;

Whereas the refund on raw sugar must be fixed in respect of the standard quality; whereas the latter is defined in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 431/68 of 9 April 1968 determining the standard quality for raw sugar and fixing the Community frontier crossing point for calculating cif prices for sugar⁽⁵⁾; whereas, furthermore,

this refund should be fixed in accordance with Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68; whereas candy sugar is defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 394/70 of 2 March 1970 on detailed rules for granting export refunds on sugar⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1467/77⁽⁷⁾; whereas the refund thus calculated for aromatized sugars or for sugars with colouring added must apply to their sucrose content and, accordingly, be fixed per 1 % of the said content;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for sugar according to destination;

Whereas, in special cases, the amount of the refund may be fixed by other legal instruments;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁸⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas the refund must be fixed every two weeks; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules set out above to the present situation on the market in sugar and in particular to quotations or prices for sugar within the Community and on the world market that the refund should be as set out in the 1 May

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 25, 28. 1. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 143, 25. 6. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1976, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 89, 10. 4. 1968, p. 3.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 50, 4. 3. 1970, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 6.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 undenatured and

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state

(ECU)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of refund	
		per 100 kg	per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, solid :		
	A. White sugar ; flavoured or coloured sugar :		
	(I) White sugar :		
	(a) Candy sugar	45,04	
	(b) Other	44,34	
	(II) Flavoured or coloured sugar		0,4504
	B. Raw sugar :		
	II. Other :		
	(a) Candy sugar	41,43 ⁽¹⁾	
	(b) Sugar with added anti-caking agent		0,4504
	(c) Raw sugar in immediate packing not exceeding 5 kilograms net of product	39,64 ⁽¹⁾	
	(d) Other raw sugar	⁽²⁾	

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the refund applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68.

⁽²⁾ Fixing suspended by Commission Regulation (EEC) No.2689/85 (OJ No L 255, 26. 9. 1985, p. 12), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3251/85 (OJ No L 309, 21. 11. 1985, p. 14).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1484/87**of 27 May 1987****fixing the maximum export refund for white sugar for the 50th partial invitation to tender issued within the framework of the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1659/86**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 229/87⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 19 (4) (b) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1659/86 of 29 May 1986 on a standing invitation to tender in order to determine levies and/or refunds on exports of white sugar⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1002/87⁽⁴⁾; requires partial invitations to tender to be issued for the export of this sugar;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1659/86, a maximum export refund shall be fixed, as the case may be, account being taken in particular of the state and foreseeable development of the Community and world markets in sugar, for the partial invitation to tender in question;

Whereas, following an examination of the tenders submitted in response to the 50th partial invitation to tender, the provisions set out in Article 1 should be adopted;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The maximum export refund for the 50th partial invitation to tender for white sugar issued under amended Regulation (EEC) No 1659/86 is hereby fixed at 46,712 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 25, 28. 1. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 145, 30. 5. 1986, p. 29.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1987, p. 16.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1485/87**of 27 May 1987****fixing the maximum export refund for white sugar for the fourth partial invitation to tender issued within the framework of the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1092/87**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 229/87⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 19 (4) (b) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1092/87 of 15 April 1987 on a standing invitation to tender in order to determine levies and/or refunds on exports of white sugar⁽³⁾, requires partial invitations to tender to be issued for the export of this sugar;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1092/87, a maximum export refund shall be fixed, as the case may be, account being taken in particular of the state and foreseeable development of the Community and world markets in sugar, for the partial invitation to tender in question;

Whereas, following an examination of the tenders submitted in response to the fourth partial invitation to tender, the provisions set out in Article 1 should be adopted;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The maximum export refund for the fourth partial invitation to tender for white sugar issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1092/87 is hereby fixed at 46,999 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 25, 28. 1. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 106, 22. 4. 1987, p. 9.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1486/87

of 27 May 1987

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Poland

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 829/87 of 23 March 1987 fixing for the 1987 marketing year the reference prices for tomatoes⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I at 136,75 ECU per 100 kilograms net for the month of May 1987;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation

(EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficient fixed in the second indent of Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 829/87;

Whereas, for tomatoes originating in Poland the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 57,27 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Poland.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 29 May 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 80, 24. 3. 1987, p. 12.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1487/87

of 27 May 1987

prolonging the first suspension of the advance fixing of the export refund in the cereals sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 16 (7) thereof,

Whereas Article 16 (7) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the provisions concerning advance fixing of the refund may be suspended if the market situation shows that the application of these provisions is causing or is likely to cause difficulties;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1437/87 ⁽³⁾ suspended advance fixing of the export refund in the cereals sector; whereas the reasons which led to that

suspension still exist; whereas it is important, therefore, to continue that measure for a limited period, which will make it possible to monitor the situation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1437/87 '28 May 1987' is hereby replaced by '5 June 1987'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 29 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 139, 24. 5. 1986, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 136, 26. 5. 1987, p. 42.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1488/87

of 27 May 1987

fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and
Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81
of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the
markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 229/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8)
thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar
were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No
2051/86 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1374/87 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2051/86 to the infor-

mation known to the Commission that the levies at
present in force should be altered to the amounts set out
in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar
and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

- ⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 25, 28. 1. 1987, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 173, 1. 7. 1986, p. 91.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 130, 20. 5. 1987, p. 17.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 27 May 1987 fixing the import levies on white sugar and
raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form :	
	A. White sugar : flavoured or coloured sugar	52,77
	B. Raw sugar	44,56 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in
accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.