

Official Journal

of the European Communities

English edition

Legislation

Contents

I *Acts whose publication is obligatory*

- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 2056/86 of 25 June 1986 allocating additional catch quotas among Member States for vessels fishing in Swedish waters 1
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 2057/86 of 25 June 1986 amending for the third time Regulation (EEC) No 3721/85 fixing, for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks, the total allowable catches for 1986 and certain conditions under which they may be fished 3
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 2058/86 of 30 June 1986 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for cod, wet, salted and falling within subheading ex 03.02 A I b) of the Common Customs Tariff 5
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 2059/86 of 30 June 1986 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for saithe (*Pollachius virens*) salted, whole and fillets of saithe, salted and falling within subheadings ex 03.02 A I f) and ex 03.02 A II d) of the Common Customs Tariff 7
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 2060/86 of 30 June 1986 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for deep-frozen fillets and minced blocks of Alaska pollack (*Theragra chalcogramma*) falling within subheadings ex 03.01 B II b) 17 and ex 03.01 B I n) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff.. 9
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 2061/86 of 30 June 1986 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for deep-frozen fillets and minced blocks of hake (*Merluccius Hubbsi*) falling within subheadings ex 03.01 B II b) 9 and ex 03.01 B I t) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff..... 12
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 2062/86 of 30 June 1986 on the rules for calculating the monetary compensatory amounts applicable in the pigmeat and eggs and poultrymeat sectors 15
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 2063/86 of 30 June 1986 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 fixing the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture 17

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2056/86

of 25 June 1986

allocating additional catch quotas among Member States for vessels fishing in Swedish waters

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 170/83 of 25 January 1983 establishing a Community system for the conservation and management of fishery resources ⁽¹⁾, as amended by the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 11 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Community and the Kingdom of Sweden have initialled an agreement on their mutual fishing rights for 1986 which provides *inter alia* for the allocation of certain catch quotas for Community vessels in Swedish waters; whereas those catch quotas were allocated by Regulation (EEC) No 3725/85 ⁽²⁾;

Whereas, by reason of the accession of Spain and Portugal to the Community, negotiations were conducted with the Kingdom of Sweden with a view to adjusting the 1972 Agreement between that country and the Community;

Whereas the negotiations also enabled an additional agreement to be initialled in the form of an exchange of letters concerning agriculture and fisheries; whereas, under that exchange of letters, the Kingdom of Sweden undertook in particular to grant the Community catch quotas for cod and herring in the Swedish fishing zone in the Baltic Sea, in addition to the fishing possibilities agreed annually under the agreement on fisheries between the Community and the Kingdom of Sweden;

Whereas, under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 170/83, it is for the Council to lay down in particular the specific conditions for taking those catches; whereas, under Article 4 of the said Regulation, the quantity available to the Community is to be distributed among the Member States;

Whereas information about actual catches should be made available in order to ensure that this allocation is respected,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 March to 31 December 1986, vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall be authorized to take catches within the quotas set out in the Annex in waters falling within the fisheries jurisdiction of Sweden, without prejudice to catches already authorized for the period from 1 January to 31 December 1986 by Regulation (EEC) No 3725/85.

Article 2

Member States and masters of vessels flying the flag of a Member State and fishing in the waters referred to in Article 1 shall comply with the provisions of Articles 3 to 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 2057/82 ⁽³⁾.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply until 31 December 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 25 June 1986.

For the Council

The President

G. BRAKS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 24, 27. 1. 1983, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 361, 31. 12. 1985, p. 47.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 220, 29. 7. 1982, p. 1.

ANNEX

Quantities referred to in Article 1 for the period 1 March to 31 December 1986

(tonnes)			
Species	ICES division	Quotas	Allocations
Cod	III d	2 500	Denmark 1 830
			Germany 670
Herring	III d	1 500	Denmark 855
			Germany 645

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2057/86

of 25 June 1986

amending for the third time Regulation (EEC) No 3721/85 fixing, for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks, the total allowable catches for 1986 and certain conditions under which they may be fished

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 170/83 of 25 January 1983 establishing a Community system for the conservation and management of fishery resources ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 11 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 170/83, it falls to the Council to fix the total allowable catches by stock or group of stocks, the share available to the Community and the specific conditions for taking those catches; whereas, under the terms of Article 4 of that Regulation, the share available to the Community is allocated among the Member States;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3721/85 ⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 114/86 ⁽³⁾, fixes for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks, the total allowable catches for 1986 and certain conditions under which they may be fished;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3721/85 fixes the total allowable catches, the share available to the Community and the quotas allocated to Member States for the stock

of herring in the Skagerrak and Kattegat (ICES division III a)) for the period 1 January to 30 June only;

Whereas, in the light of the latest scientific opinion, it would be possible to fix the total allowable catches for the whole year; whereas, however, the trilateral consultations with the Kingdom of Norway and the Kingdom of Sweden have not yet culminated in an agreement;

Whereas it is therefore necessary to fix unilaterally the share available to the Community for this stock and the quotas available to Member States at least until 31 July 1986 in order that fishing activities may continue without interruption,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The figures relating to herring in ICES division III a in Annexes I and II to Regulation (EEC) No 3721/85 are hereby replaced by those set out in Annexes I and II respectively to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 25 June 1986.

For the Council

The President

G. BRAKS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 24, 27. 1. 1983, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 361, 31. 12. 1985, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 17, 23. 1. 1986, p. 4.

ANNEX I

TACs by stock and by area for 1986 — share available to the Community

Species	ICES division or NAFO zone	1986 TAC (in tonnes)	Share available to the Community for 1986 (in tonnes)
Herring	III a		31 500 ^(*)

^(*) For the period 1 January to 31 July 1986.

ANNEX II

Stock			Member State	1986 quota (tonnes)
Species	Geographical regions	ICES division or NAFO zone		
Herring	Skagerrak and Kattegat	III a	Belgium Denmark Germany Greece France Ireland Italy Luxembourg Netherlands Portugal Spain United Kingdom Available for Member States	31 000 ⁽¹⁾ 500 ⁽²⁾
			EEC Total	31 500

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2058/86

of 30 June 1986

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for cod, wet, salted and falling within subheading ex 03.02 A I b) of the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Having regard to the draft Regulation submitted by the Commission,

Whereas Community supplies of cod, wet, salted and falling within subheading ex 03.02 A I b) of the Common Customs Tariff currently depend on imports from third countries; whereas, on the basis of import estimates for 1986, there is no doubt that the Community's needs will exceed the quantities provided for in the Community tariff quotas opened until now for these products; whereas it is in the Community's interest to suspend partially the Common Customs Tariff duty for the products in question, within an additional Community tariff quota of an appropriate volume; whereas, in order to ensure an adequate supply to satisfy user industries, it is advisable to open this quota for the period until 31 December 1986 at a duty rate of 3 % and to fix the volume thereof provisionally at 40 000 tonnes;

Whereas it is necessary, in particular, to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the rate laid down for the quota to all imports of the product concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, however, since the quota is to cover requirements which cannot be determined with sufficient accuracy, it should not be allocated among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volume of such quantities as they may need, under the conditions and according to a procedure to be determined; whereas this method of management requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

1. From the date on which this Regulation enters into force until 31 December 1986 the Common Customs Tariff duty for cod, wet, salted and falling within subheading ex 03.02 A I b) shall be suspended at a level of 3 % within the limit of a Community tariff quota of 40 000 tonnes.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1985 Act of Accession.

3. Imports of the product in question shall not benefit from the quota referred to in paragraph 1 unless the free-at-frontier price, which is determined by the Member States in accordance with Article 21 of Regulation (EEC) No 3796/81 ⁽¹⁾, is at least equal to the reference price fixed, or to be fixed, by the Community for the product under consideration or the category of the products concerned.

4. Should an importer give notification of imminent importation of the product in a Member State and request the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

5. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 4 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (4) are carried out in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the said goods have access to the quota for such time as the residual balance of the quota volume so permits.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their drawings as and when the goods are entered for free circulation.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 379, 31. 12. 1981, p. 1.

4. The extent to which the quota has been used up shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against the quota.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 30 June 1986.

For the Council

The President

N. SMIT-KROES

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2059/86

of 30 June 1986

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for saithe (*Pollachius virens*) salted, whole and fillets of saithe, salted and falling within subheadings ex 03.02 A I f) and ex 03.02 A II d) of the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Having regard to the draft Regulation submitted by the Commission,

Whereas Community supplies of saithe (*Pollachius virens*) salted, whole and fillets of saithe, salted, currently depend on imports from third countries; whereas it is in the Community's interest to suspend partially the Common Customs Tariff duty for the products in question, within the limits of the Community tariff quotas of appropriate volumes; whereas, in order not to call into question the development prospects of this production in the Community while ensuring an adequate supply to satisfy user industries, it is advisable to open these quotas for the period until 31 December 1986 at duty rates of 6 % and 8 % respectively and to fix the volumes thereof at 1 000 and 2 500 tonnes;

Whereas it is necessary, in particular, to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the rate laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the

quotas have been used up; whereas, however, since the quotas are to cover requirements which cannot be determined with sufficient accuracy, it should not be allocated among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volumes of such quantities as they may need, under the conditions and according to a procedure to be determined; whereas this method of management requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quotas are used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From that date on which this Regulation enters into force until 31 December 1986 the Common Customs Tariff duties for the following products shall be suspended at the levels and within the limits shown:

CCT heading No	Description	Quota volume	Duty rate
ex 03.02 A I f)	Saithe, (<i>Pollachius virens</i>), salted, whole	1 000 tonnes	6 %
ex 03.02 A II d)	Fillets of saithe, salted	2 500 tonnes	8 %

2. Within the limits of these tariff quotas, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1985 Act of Accession.

3. Imports of the products in question shall not benefit from the quotas referred to in paragraph 1 unless the free-at-frontier price, which is determined by the Member States in accordance with Article 21 of Regulation (EEC) No 3796/81⁽¹⁾, is at least equal to the reference price fixed, or to be fixed, by the Community

for the products under consideration or the categories of the products concerned.

4. Should an importer give notification of imminent importation of the product in a Member State and request the benefit of one or other of the quotas, the Member States concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

5. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 4 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 379, 31. 12. 1981, p. 1.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (4) are carried out in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quotas.
2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the said goods have access to the quotas for such time as the residual balance of the quota volumes so permits.
3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their drawings as and when the goods are entered at customs for free circulation.
4. The extent to which the quotas have been used up shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against these quotas.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 30 June 1986.

For the Council

The President

N. SMIT-KROES

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2060/86

of 30 June 1986

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for deep-frozen fillets and minced blocks of Alaska pollack (*Theragra chalcogramma*) falling within subheadings ex 03.01 B II b) 17 and ex 03.01 B I n) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Having regard to the draft Regulation submitted by the Commission,

Whereas Community supplies of deep-frozen fillets and minced blocks of Alaska pollack (*Theragra chalcogramma*) currently depend on imports from third countries; whereas, it is in the Community's interest to suspend partially the Common Customs Tariff duty for the product in question, within the Community tariff quota of an appropriate volume; whereas, in order not to call into question the development prospects of this production in the Community while ensuring an adequate supply to satisfy user industries, it is advisable to open this quota for the period until 31 December 1986, at a duty rate of 5 % and to fix the volume thereof at 6 300 tonnes;

Whereas, in particular, equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rate of duty for the tariff quota should be applied consistently to all imports until the quota is exhausted; whereas, in the light of these principles, arrangements for the utilization of the tariff quota based on an allocation among Member States would seem to be consistent with the Community nature of the quota; whereas, to correspond as closely as possible to the actual trend in the market in the product in question, allocation of the quota should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States as calculated by reference to statistics of imports from third countries during a representative reference period and to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas in the case in point there are no statistical data broken down by quality of products in question; whereas the quota is an autonomous Community tariff quota intended to cover import needs arising in the Community, the quota volume may be allocated on the basis of the temporary import needs from third countries expressed by each of the Member States; whereas these arrangements for allocation will equally ensure the uniform application of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas, to take account of possible import trends for the product concerned, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated between certain Member States and the second held as a reserve to meet subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial shares and any additional requirements which might arise in the other Member States; whereas, to give importers of the Member States some degree of certainty, the first instalment of the tariff quota should be fixed at a relatively high level, which in this case could be 5 700 tonnes;

Whereas initial shares may be used up at different rates; whereas, to avoid disruption of supplies on this account, it should be provided that any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas, each time its additional share is almost used up, a Member State should draw a further share, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, which latter must be in a position to keep account of the extent to which the quotas have been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From the date on which this Regulation enters into force until 31 December 1986, the Common Customs Tariff duty for deep-frozen fillets and minced blocks of Alaska pollack (*Theragra chalcogramma*) falling within Common Customs Tariff subheadings ex 03.01 B II b) 17 and ex 03.01 B I n) 2 shall be suspended at a level of 5 % within the limit of a Community tariff quota of 6 300 tonnes.

2. Within the limit of this tariff quota, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1985 Act of Accession.

3. Imports of the products in question shall not benefit from the quota referred to in paragraph 1 unless the free-at-frontier price, which is determined by the Member States in accordance with Article 21 of Regulation (EEC) No 3796/81 ⁽¹⁾, is at least equal to the reference price fixed, or to be fixed, by the Community for the products under consideration or the categories of the products concerned.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 5 700 tonnes of this Community tariff quota shall be allocated among certain Member States, the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1986, shall amount to the following quantities:

	(tonnes)
Benelux:	200
Germany:	3 000
France:	1 500
United Kingdom:	1 000

2. The second instalment of 600 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

3. Should an importer give notification of imminent importation on the product in question in another Member State and request the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

Article 3

1. If a Member State has used 90 % or more of its initial share as fixed in Article 2 (1), it shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share, to the extent that the reserve so permits, equal to 5 % of its initial share rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

2. If a Member State, after exhausting its initial share, has used 90 % or more of the second share drawn by it, that Member State shall forthwith, in the manner and to the extent provided in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 2,5 % of its initial share rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

3. If a Member State, after exhausting its second share has used 90 % or more of the third share drawn by it, that Member State shall, in the manner and to the extent provided in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall apply until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares lower than those specified in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that those specified may not be used in full. Any Member State applying this paragraph shall inform the Commission of its grounds for so doing.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

Member States shall, not later than 1 November 1986, return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 October 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used in full.

Member States shall, not later than 1 November 1986, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the product in question imported up to and including 15 October 1986 and charged against the Community tariff quota and of any portion of their initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as the information reaches it, inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall, not later than 5 November 1986, inform the Member States of the amount still in reserve, following any return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares of the Community tariff quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the product in question have free access to the shares allotted to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the product in question against their shares as the product is entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 379, 31. 12. 1981, p. 1.

4. The extent to which Member States have used up their shares shall be determined on the basis of imports charged against them under the conditions set out in paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 30 June 1986.

For the Council

The President

N. SMIT-KROES

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2061/86

of 30 June 1986

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for deep-frozen fillets and minced blocks of hake (*Merluccius Hubbsi*) falling within subheadings ex 03.01 B II b) 9 and ex 03.01 B I t) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Having regard to the draft Regulation submitted by the Commission,

Whereas Community supplies of deep-frozen fillets and minced blocks of hake (*Merluccius Hubbsi*) currently depend on imports from third countries; whereas it is in the Community's interest to suspend partially the Common Customs Tariff duty for the product in question, within the Community tariff quota of an appropriate volume; whereas, in order not to call into question the development prospects of this production in the Community while ensuring an adequate supply to satisfy user industries, it is advisable to open this quota for the period until 31 December 1986 at a duty rate of 5 % and to fix the volume thereof at 7 250 tonnes;

Whereas, in particular, equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rate of duty for the Tariff quota should be applied consistently to all imports until the quota is exhausted; whereas, in the light of these principles, arrangements for the utilization of the tariff quota based on an allocation among Member States would seem to be consistent with the Community nature of the quota; whereas, to correspond as closely as possible to the actual trend in the market in the product in question, allocation of the quota should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States calculated by reference to statistics of imports from third countries during a representative reference period and to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas in the case in point there are no statistical data broken down by quality of products in question, whereas the quota is an autonomous Community tariff quota intended to cover import needs arising in the Community, the quota volume may be allocated on the basis of the temporary import needs from third countries expressed by each of the Member States; whereas these arrangements for allocation will equally ensure the uniform application of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas, to take account of possible import trends for the product concerned, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated between certain Member States and the second held as a reserve to meet subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial shares and any additional requirements which might arise in the other Member States; whereas, to give importers of the Member States some degree of certainty, the first instalment of the tariff quota should be fixed at a relatively high level, which in this case could be 6 250 tonnes;

Whereas initial shares may be used up at different rates; whereas, to avoid disruption of supplies on this account, it should be provided that any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas, each time its additional share is almost used up, a Member State should draw a further share, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, which latter must be in a position to keep account of the extent to which the quotas have been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measures concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From the date on which this Regulation enters into force until 31 December 1986 the Common Customs Tariff duty for deep-frozen fillets and minced blocks of hake (*Merluccius Hubbsi*) falling within subheadings ex 03.01 B II b) 9 and ex 03.01 B I t) 2 shall be suspended at a level of 5 % within the limit of a Community tariff quota of 7 250 tonnes.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1985 Act of Accession.

3. Imports of the products in question shall not benefit from the tariff quota referred to in paragraph 1 unless the free-at-frontier price, which is determined by the Member States in accordance with Article 21 of Regulation (EEC) No 3796/81 ⁽¹⁾, is at least equal to the reference price fixed or to be fixed by the Community for the products under consideration or the categories of the products concerned.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 6 250 tonnes of this Community tariff quota shall be allocated among certain Member States, the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1986, shall amount to the following quantities:

	(tonnes)
Benelux:	200
Denmark:	300
Germany:	4 200
France:	800
Italy:	750

2. The second instalment of 1 000 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

3. Should an importer give notification of imminent importation of the product in a Member State and request the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

Article 3

1. If a Member State has used 90 % or more of its initial share as fixed in Article 2 (1), it shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share, to the extent that the reserve so permits, equal to 5 % of its initial share rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

2. If a Member State, after exhausting its initial share, has used 90 % or more of the second share drawn by it, that Member State shall forthwith, in the manner and to the extent provided in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 2,5 % of its initial share rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

3. If a Member State, after exhausting its second share, has used 90 % or more of the third share drawn by it, that Member State shall, in the manner and to the extent provided in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall apply until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares lower than those specified in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that those specified may not be used in full. Any Member State applying this paragraph shall inform the Commission of its grounds for so doing.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

Member States shall, not later than 1 November 1986, return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 October 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used in full.

Member States shall, not later than 1 November 1986, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the product in question imported up to and including 15 October 1986 and charged against the Community tariff quota and of any portion of their initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as the information reaches it, inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall, not later than 5 November 1986, inform the Member States of the amount still in reserve, following any return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares of the Community tariff quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the product in question have free access to the shares allotted to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the product in question against their shares as the product is entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 379, 31. 12. 1981, p. 1.

4. The extent to which Member States have used up their shares shall be determined on the basis of imports charged against them under the conditions set out in paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 30 June 1986.

For the Council

The President

N. SMIT-KROES

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2062/86

of 30 June 1986

on the rules for calculating the monetary compensatory amounts applicable in the pigmeat and eggs and poultrymeat sectors

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 4 (2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85 of 11 June 1985 on monetary compensatory amounts in agriculture ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1013/86 ⁽⁴⁾, provides that pigmeat is to rank as a product derived from cereals; whereas this rule, while corresponding to the basic idea of the organization of the market in the pigmeat sector, has led to problems as a result of its inherent rigidity; whereas the former arrangements for calculating monetary compensatory amounts in this sector should therefore be reintroduced;

Whereas, however, experience gained since 1984 with the system for calculating the monetary compensatory amounts currently in force has shown that the low level of amounts does not give rise to disruption of trade; whereas, in the interests of free trade, it would seem desirable to keep the level of the amounts as low as possible; whereas to this end only a percentage of the fixed basic price should be used for the calculation, having regard to the proportion which cereals represent in the cost of producing a pig carcass;

Whereas, nevertheless, certain exceptions involving economically equivalent arrangements prove necessary;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1245/86 ⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1645/86 ⁽⁶⁾, suspended application of part of the negative compensatory amounts until 30 June 1986 for products in the pigmeat and eggs and poultry sectors;

Whereas that temporary limitation had been introduced pending a Council decision on the calculation of the monetary compensatory amounts to be applied in the future for the products in question;

Whereas this Regulation embodies the rules applicable for the future for the pigmeat sector; whereas as regards the poultry-raising sectors, on the other hand, no final solution could be worked out at the appropriate time; whereas the current arrangements should therefore be extended for the poultry-raising sectors while taking account of the effect of the devaluation of the agricultural conversion rates fixed for the cereals sector; whereas, however, those arrangements should remain valid only until a final decision is adopted,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 4 (2) is deleted.
2. The following paragraph is added to Article 5:

'In the pigmeat sector, the monetary compensatory amounts shall be fixed on the basis of a price equal to 35 % of the basic price. However, in the case of Member States applying positive monetary compensatory amounts and which maintain their currencies *inter se* within a maximum spread at any given time of 2,25 %, the monetary compensatory amounts applicable as from 1 July 1986 shall be equal to those applicable on 30 June 1986 adjusted on the basis of the prices applicable as from 1 July 1986 subject to an amendment of the agricultural conversion rates.

This rule shall remain valid as long as the arrangements laid down in Article 6 apply.'

Article 2

By way of derogation from Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85, the monetary gap is hereby reduced by 4,8 points for France and 4,5 points for the United Kingdom during the period 1 July to 30 September 1986 in respect of products in the eggs and poultrymeat sectors and in respect of ovalbumin and lactalbumin.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1986.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 159, 26. 6. 1986, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ Opinion delivered on 13 June 1986 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 94, 9. 4. 1986, p. 18.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 113, 30. 4. 1986, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 144, 29. 5. 1986, p. 36.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 30 June 1986.

For the Council

The President

N. SMIT-KROES

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2063/86

of 30 June 1986

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 fixing the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the conversion rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the representative rates currently applicable were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1333/86 ⁽⁴⁾; whereas, as regards the pigmeat sector, new agricultural conversion rates, closer to the present economic

situation, should be fixed for the French franc, the pound sterling and the Greek drachma so as to avoid creating new monetary compensatory amounts following the changes to the method of calculating monetary compensatory amounts in this sector; whereas, for the same reason and with a view to the new rates taking identical effect in all the Member States, the date applicable for the new rates fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 505/86 should also be brought forward,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annexes I, II, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII and XI to Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 are hereby replaced by the Annexes to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 30 June 1986.

For the Council

The President

N. SMIT-KROES

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Opinion delivered on 13 June 1986 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 1.

ANNEX I

BELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... Bfrs/Lfrs	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... Bfrs/Lfrs	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	46,4118	11 May 1986	47,3310	12 May 1986
Beef and veal	46,4118	11 May 1986	47,3310	12 May 1986
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	46,4118	11 May 1986	47,3310	12 May 1986
Sugar and isoglucose	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
Cereals	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
Rice	46,4118	31 August 1986	46,8712	1 September 1986
Eggs and poultrymeat and ovalbumin and lactalbumin	46,4118	30 June 1986	47,3310	1 July 1986
Pigmeat	46,4118	30 June 1986	47,3310	1 July 1986
Wine	46,4118	31 August 1986	46,8712	1 September 1986
Fish	46,4118	31 December 1986	47,3310	1 January 1987
Tobacco	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
Seeds	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
Olive oil	46,4118	31 October 1986	46,8712	1 November 1986
Oilseeds:				
— colza and rapeseed	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— sunflower and linseed	46,4118	31 July 1986	46,8712	1 August 1986
— soya beans	46,4118	31 August 1986	46,8712	1 September 1986
Dried fodder	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
Flax and hemp	46,4118	31 July 1986	46,8712	1 August 1986
Silkworms	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
Cotton	46,4118	31 August 1986	46,8712	1 September 1986
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— cucumbers	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— tomatoes	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— courgettes	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— aubergines	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— cauliflowers	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— plums	46,4118	31 May 1986	46,8712	1 June 1986
— apricots	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— peaches	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— table grapes	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— pears	46,4118	31 May 1986	46,8712	1 June 1986
— lemons	46,4118	31 May 1986	46,8712	1 June 1986
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— cabbage lettuce	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— apples	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— mandarins	46,4118	30 September 1986	46,8712	1 October 1986
— clementines	46,4118	30 September 1986	46,8712	1 October 1986
— sweet oranges	46,4118	30 September 1986	46,8712	1 October 1986
— artichokes	46,4118	30 September 1986	46,8712	1 October 1986

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... Bfrs/Lfrs	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... Bfrs/Lfrs	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	46,4118	11 May 1986	46,8712	12 May 1986
— tinned pineapples	46,4118	31 May 1986	46,8712	1 June 1986
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— flakes	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— prepared or preserved	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— juices	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— peaches preserved in syrup	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— dried figs	46,4118	30 June 1986	46,8712	1 July 1986
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	46,4118	14 July 1986	46,8712	15 July 1986
— dried grapes	46,4118	31 August 1986	46,8712	1 September 1986
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	46,4118	31 August 1986	46,8712	1 September 1986
All other products	46,4118	11 May 1986	47,3310	12 May 1986

ANNEX II

DENMARK

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... Dkr	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... Dkr	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,58163	12 May 1986
Beef and veal	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,58163	12 May 1986
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,58163	12 May 1986
Sugar and isoglucose	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
Cereals	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
Rice	8,41499	31 August 1986	8,54064	1 September 1986
Eggs and poultrymeat and ovalbumin and lactalbumin	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,58163	1 July 1986
Pigmeat	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,58163	1 July 1986
Wine	8,41499	31 August 1986	8,54064	1 September 1986
Fish	8,41499	31 December 1986	8,58163	1 January 1987
Tobacco	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
Seeds	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
Olive oil	8,41499	31 October 1986	8,54064	1 November 1986
Oilseeds:				
— colza and rapeseed	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— sunflower and linseed	8,41499	31 July 1986	8,54064	1 August 1986
— soya beans	8,41499	31 August 1986	8,54064	1 September 1986
Dried fodder	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
Flax and hemp	8,41499	31 July 1986	8,54064	1 August 1986
Silkworms	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
Cotton	8,41499	31 August 1986	8,54064	1 September 1986
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— cucumbers	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— tomatoes	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— courgettes	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— aubergines	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— cauliflowers	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— plums	8,41499	31 May 1986	8,54064	1 June 1986
— apricots	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— peaches	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— table grapes	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— pears	8,41499	31 May 1986	8,54064	1 June 1986
— lemons	8,41499	31 May 1986	8,54064	1 June 1986
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— cabbage lettuce	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— apples	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— mandarins	8,41499	30 September 1986	8,54064	1 October 1986
— clementines	8,41499	30 September 1986	8,54064	1 October 1986
— sweet oranges	8,41499	30 September 1986	8,54064	1 October 1986
— artichokes	8,41499	30 September 1986	8,54064	1 October 1986

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... Dkr	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... Dkr	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,54064	12 May 1986
— tinned pineapples	8,41499	31 May 1986	8,54064	1 June 1986
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— flakes	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— prepared or preserved	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— juices	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— peaches preserved in syrup	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— dried figs	8,41499	30 June 1986	8,54064	1 July 1986
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	8,41499	14 July 1986	8,54064	15 July 1986
— dried grapes	8,41499	31 August 1986	8,54064	1 September 1986
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	8,41499	31 August 1986	8,54064	1 September 1986
All other products	8,41499	11 May 1986	8,58163	12 May 1986

ANNEX IV

SPAIN

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... Pta	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... Pta	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	144,382	11 May 1986	147,208	12 May 1986
Beef and veal	144,382	11 May 1986	147,208	12 May 1986
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	144,382	11 May 1986	147,208	12 May 1986
Sugar and isoglucose	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
Cereals	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
Rice	144,382	31 August 1986	145,796	1 September 1986
Eggs and poultrymeat and ovalbumin and lactalbumin	144,382	30 June 1986	147,208	1 July 1986
Pigmeat	144,382	30 June 1986	147,208	1 July 1986
Wine	144,382	31 August 1986	145,796	1 September 1986
Fish	144,382	31 December 1986	147,208	1 January 1987
Tobacco	144,382	11 May 1986	145,796	12 May 1986
Seeds	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
Olive oil	144,382	31 October 1986	145,796	1 November 1986
Oilseeds:				
— colza and rapeseed	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
— sunflower and linseed	144,382	31 July 1986	145,796	1 August 1986
— soya beans	144,382	31 August 1986	145,796	1 September 1986
Dried fodder	144,382	11 May 1986	145,796	12 May 1986
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
Flax and hemp	144,382	31 July 1986	145,796	1 August 1986
Silkworms	144,382	11 May 1986	145,796	12 May 1986
Cotton	144,382	31 August 1986	145,796	1 September 1986
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	144,382	11 May 1986	145,796	12 May 1986
— tinned pineapples	144,382	31 May 1986	145,796	1 June 1986
— processed lemons	144,382	31 November 1986	145,796	1 June 1986
— processed oranges	144,382	30 September 1986	145,796	1 October 1986
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
— flakes	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
— prepared or preserved	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
— juices	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
— peaches preserved in syrup	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
— dried figs	144,382	30 June 1986	145,796	1 July 1986
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	144,382	14 July 1986	145,796	15 July 1986
— dried grapes	144,382	31 August 1986	145,796	1 September 1986
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	144,382	31 August 1986	145,796	1 September 1986
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	144,382	11 May 1986	147,208	12 May 1986

ANNEX V

FRANCE

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... FF	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... FF	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	7,10590	11 May 1986	7,31248	12 May 1986
Beef and veal	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,20131	12 May 1986
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	7,10590	11 May 1986	7,31248	12 May 1986
Sugar and isoglucose	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
Cereals	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
Rice	7,00089	31 August 1986	7,09967	1 September 1986
Eggs and poultrymeat and ovalbumin and lactalbumin	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,20131	1 July 1986
Pigmeat	7,10590	30 June 1986	7,54546	1 July 1986
Wine	7,10590	31 August 1986	7,20771	1 September 1986
Fish	7,00089	31 December 1986	7,20131	1 January 1987
Tobacco	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
Seeds	6,49211	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
Olive oil	7,00089	31 October 1986	7,09967	1 November 1986
Oilseeds:				
— colza and rapeseed	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— sunflower and linseed	7,00089	31 July 1986	7,09967	1 August 1986
— soya beans	7,00089	31 August 1986	7,09967	1 September 1986
Dried fodder	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
Flax and hemp	7,00089	31 July 1986	7,09967	1 August 1986
Silkworms	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
Cotton	7,00089	31 August 1986	7,09967	1 September 1986
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— cucumbers	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— tomatoes	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— courgettes	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— aubergines	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— cauliflowers	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— plums	7,00089	31 May 1986	7,09967	1 June 1986
— apricots	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— peaches	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— table grapes	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— pears	7,00089	31 May 1986	7,09967	1 June 1986
— lemons	7,00089	31 May 1986	7,09967	1 June 1986
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— cabbage lettuce	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— apples	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— mandarins	7,00089	30 September 1986	7,09967	1 October 1986
— clementines	7,00089	30 September 1986	7,09967	1 October 1986
— sweet oranges	7,00089	30 September 1986	7,09967	1 October 1986
— artichokes	7,00089	30 September 1986	7,09967	1 October 1986

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... FF	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... FF	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,09967	12 May 1986
— tinned pineapples	7,00089	31 May 1986	7,09967	1 June 1986
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— flakes	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— prepared or preserved	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— juices	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— peaches preserved in syrup	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— dried figs	7,00089	30 June 1986	7,09967	1 July 1986
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	7,00089	14 July 1986	7,09967	15 July 1986
— dried grapes	7,00089	31 August 1986	7,09967	1 September 1986
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	7,00089	31 August 1986	7,09967	1 September 1986
All other products	7,00089	11 May 1986	7,31248	12 May 1986

ANNEX VI

GREECE

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... Dr	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... Dr	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
Beef and veal	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
Sugar and isoglucose	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
Cereals	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
Rice	102,345	31 August 1986	116,673	1 September 1986
Eggs and poultrymeat and ovalbumin and lactalbumin	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
Pigmeat	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
Wine	102,345	31 August 1986	116,673	1 September 1986
Fish	102,345	31 December 1986	116,673	1 January 1987
Tobacco	102,345	31 October 1986	116,673	1 November 1986
Seeds	77,2479	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
Olive oil	102,345	31 October 1986	116,673	1 November 1986
Oilseeds:				
— colza and rapeseed	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— sunflower and linseed	102,345	31 July 1986	116,673	1 August 1986
— soya beans	102,345	31 August 1986	116,673	1 September 1986
Dried fodder	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
Dried beans and peas and sweet lupins	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
Flax and hemp	102,345	31 July 1986	116,673	1 August 1986
Silkworms	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
Cotton	102,345	31 August 1986	116,673	1 September 1986
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— cucumbers	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— tomatoes	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— courgettes	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— aubergines	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— cauliflowers	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— plums	102,345	31 May 1986	116,673	1 June 1986
— apricots	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— peaches	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— table grapes	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— pears	102,345	31 May 1986	116,673	1 June 1986
— lemons	102,345	31 May 1986	116,673	1 June 1986
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— cabbage lettuce	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— apples	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— mandarins	102,345	30 September 1986	116,673	1 October 1986
— clementines	102,345	30 September 1986	116,673	1 October 1986
— sweet oranges	102,345	30 September 1986	116,673	1 October 1986
— artichokes	102,345	30 September 1986	116,673	1 October 1986

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... Dr	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... Dr	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986
— tinned pineapples	102,345	31 May 1986	116,673	1 June 1986
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— flakes	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— prepared or preserved	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— juices	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— peaches preserved in syrup	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— dried figs	102,345	30 June 1986	116,673	1 July 1986
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	102,345	14 July 1986	116,673	15 July 1986
— dried grapes	102,345	31 August 1986	116,673	1 September 1986
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	102,345	31 August 1986	116,673	1 September 1986
All other products	102,345	11 May 1986	116,673	12 May 1986

ANNEX VII

IRELAND

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... £ Irl	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... £ Irl	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,772618	12 May 1986
Beef and veal	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,772618	12 May 1986
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,772618	12 May 1986
Sugar and isoglucose	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
Cereals	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
Rice	0,750110	31 August 1986	0,761200	1 September 1986
Eggs and poultrymeat and ovalbumin and lactalbumin	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,772618	1 July 1986
Pigmeat	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,772618	1 July 1986
Wine	0,750110	31 August 1986	0,761200	1 September 1986
Fish	0,750110	31 December 1986	0,772618	1 January 1987
Tobacco	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
Seeds	0,725690	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
Olive oil	0,750110	31 October 1986	0,761200	1 November 1986
Oilseeds:				
— colza and rapeseed	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— sunflower and linseed	0,750110	31 July 1986	0,761200	1 August 1986
— soya beans	0,750110	31 August 1986	0,761200	1 September 1986
Dried fodder	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
Flax and hemp	0,750110	31 July 1986	0,761200	1 August 1986
Silkworms	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
Cotton	0,750110	31 August 1986	0,761200	1 September 1986
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— cucumbers	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— tomatoes	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— courgettes	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— aubergines	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— cauliflowers	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— plums	0,750110	31 May 1986	0,761200	1 June 1986
— apricots	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— peaches	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— table grapes	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— pears	0,750110	31 May 1986	0,761200	1 June 1986
— lemons	0,750110	31 May 1986	0,761200	1 June 1986
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— cabbage lettuce	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— apples	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— mandarins	0,750110	30 September 1986	0,761200	1 October 1986
— clementines	0,750110	30 September 1986	0,761200	1 October 1986
— sweet oranges	0,750110	30 September 1986	0,761200	1 October 1986
— artichokes	0,750110	30 September 1986	0,761200	1 October 1986

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... £ Irl	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... £ Irl	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,761200	12 May 1986
— tinned pineapples	0,750110	31 May 1986	0,761200	1 June 1986
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— flakes	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— prepared or preserved	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— juices	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— peaches preserved in syrup	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— dried figs	0,750110	30 June 1986	0,761200	1 July 1986
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	0,750110	14 July 1986	0,761200	15 July 1986
— dried grapes	0,750110	31 August 1986	0,761200	1 September 1986
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	0,750110	31 August 1986	0,761200	1 September 1986
All other products	0,750110	11 May 1986	0,772618	12 May 1986

ANNEX VIII

ITALY

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... Lit	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... Lit	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
Beef and veal	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
Sugar and isoglucose	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
Cereals	1482,00	30 June 1986	1539,00	1 July 1986
Rice	1482,00	31 August 1986	1554,00	1 September 1986
Eggs and poultrymeat and ovalbumin and lactalbumin	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
Pigmeat	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
Wine	1482,00	31 August 1986	1554,00	1 September 1986
Fish	1482,00	31 December 1986	1554,00	1 January 1987
Tobacco	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
Seeds	1341,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
Olive oil	1482,00	31 October 1986	1554,00	1 November 1986
Oilseeds:				
— colza and rapeseed	1482,00	30 June 1986	1539,00	1 July 1986
— sunflower and linseed	1482,00	31 July 1986	1539,00	1 August 1986
— soya beans	1482,00	31 August 1986	1539,00	1 September 1986
Dried fodder	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
Flax and hemp	1482,00	31 July 1986	1554,00	1 August 1986
Silkworms	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
Cotton	1482,00	31 August 1986	1554,00	1 September 1986
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— cucumbers	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— tomatoes	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— courgettes	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— aubergines	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— cauliflowers	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— plums	1482,00	31 May 1986	1554,00	1 June 1986
— apricots	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— peaches	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— table grapes	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— pears	1482,00	31 May 1986	1554,00	1 June 1986
— lemons	1482,00	31 May 1986	1554,00	1 June 1986
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
— cabbage lettuce	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
— apples	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
— mandarins	1482,00	30 September 1986	1554,00	1 October 1986
— clementines	1482,00	30 September 1986	1554,00	1 October 1986
— sweet oranges	1482,00	30 September 1986	1554,00	1 October 1986
— artichokes	1482,00	30 September 1986	1554,00	1 October 1986

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... Lit	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... Lit	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986
— tinned pineapples	1482,00	31 May 1986	1554,00	1 June 1986
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
— flakes	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
— prepared or preserved	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
— juices	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
— peaches preserved in syrup	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
— dried figs	1482,00	30 June 1986	1554,00	1 July 1986
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	1482,00	14 July 1986	1554,00	15 July 1986
— dried grapes	1482,00	31 August 1986	1554,00	1 September 1986
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	1482,00	31 August 1986	1554,00	1 September 1986
All other products	1482,00	11 May 1986	1554,00	12 May 1986

ANNEX XI

UNITED KINGDOM

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... £	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... £	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,635626	12 May 1986
Beef and veal	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,635626	12 May 1986
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,635626	12 May 1986
Sugar and isoglucose	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
Cereals	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
Rice	0,618655	31 August 1986	0,626994	1 September 1986
Eggs and poultrymeat and ovalbumin and lactalbumin	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,635626	1 July 1986
Pigmeat	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,654044	1 July 1986
Wine	0,618655	31 August 1986	0,626994	1 September 1986
Fish	0,618655	31 December 1986	0,635626	1 January 1987
Tobacco	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
Seeds	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
Olive oil	0,618655	31 October 1986	0,626994	1 November 1986
Oilseeds:				
— colza and rapeseed	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— sunflower and linseed	0,618655	31 July 1986	0,626994	1 August 1986
— soya beans	0,618655	31 August 1986	0,626994	1 September 1986
Dried fodder	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
Flax and hemp	0,618655	31 July 1986	0,626994	1 August 1986
Silkworms	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
Cotton	0,618655	31 August 1986	0,626994	1 September 1986
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— cucumbers	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— tomatoes	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— courgettes	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— aubergines	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— cauliflowers	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— plums	0,618655	31 May 1986	0,626994	1 June 1986
— apricots	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— peaches	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— table grapes	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— pears	0,618655	31 May 1986	0,626994	1 June 1986
— lemons	0,618655	31 May 1986	0,626994	1 June 1986
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— cabbage lettuce	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— apples	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— mandarins	0,618655	30 September 1986	0,626994	1 October 1986
— clementines	0,618655	30 September 1986	0,626994	1 October 1986
— sweet oranges	0,618655	30 September 1986	0,626994	1 October 1986
— artichokes	0,618655	30 September 1986	0,626994	1 October 1986

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	1 ECU = ... £	Applicable until	1 ECU = ... £	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries preserved in syrup	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,626994	12 May 1986
— tinned pineapples	0,618655	31 May 1986	0,626994	1 June 1986
— tomatoes:				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— flakes	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— prepared or preserved	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— juices	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— peaches preserved in syrup	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— dried figs	0,618655	30 June 1986	0,626994	1 July 1986
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	0,618655	14 July 1986	0,626994	15 July 1986
— dried grapes	0,618655	31 August 1986	0,626994	1 September 1986
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	0,618655	31 August 1986	0,626994	1 September 1986
All other products	0,618655	11 May 1986	0,635626	12 May 1986