

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378-6978

L 212

Volume 28

9 August 1985

English edition

Legislation

Contents

I *Acts whose publication is obligatory*

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2270/85 of 8 August 1985 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal	1
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2271/85 of 8 August 1985 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt	3
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2272/85 of 8 August 1985 fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products	5
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2273/85 of 29 July 1985 on the granting of aid for the use in wine-making of concentrated grape must and rectified concentrated grape must in respect of the 1985/86 wine-growing year . .	8
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2274/85 of 29 July 1985 laying down detailed rules implementing the system of aid for the use of concentrated grape must for the manufacture in the United Kingdom and Ireland of certain products and fixing the amounts of aid for the 1985/86 wine-growing year	10
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2275/85 of 29 July 1985 laying down detailed rules implementing the system of aid for the use of grapes, grape must and concentrated grape must for the manufacture of grape juice and fixing the amounts of aid for the 1985/86 wine-growing year	14
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2276/85 of 7 August 1985 re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia	18
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2277/85 of 7 August 1985 on the supply of common wheat flour to the Arab Republic of Egypt as food aid	20

(Continued overleaf)

Contents (continued)

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2278/85 of 7 August 1985 on the supply of various consignments of cereals and rice to non-governmental organizations (NGO) as food aid	22
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2279/85 of 8 August 1985 fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 17 to 23 June 1985	25
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2280/85 of 8 August 1985 introducing a counter-vailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia	27
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2281/85 of 8 August 1985 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds	29
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2282/85 of 8 August 1985 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar	32
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2283/85 of 8 August 1985 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice	33
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2284/85 of 8 August 1985 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal	35
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2285/85 of 8 August 1985 fixing the export refunds on malt	39
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2286/85 of 8 August 1985 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals	41

Corrigenda

★ Corrigenda to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1736/85 of 4 June 1985 temporarily suspending the autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties on a number of industrial products (OJ No L 170, 1. 7. 1985)	43
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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2270/85
of 8 August 1985**

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2159/85 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient

provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)
No 974/71 ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84 ⁽⁷⁾,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
7 August 1985;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2159/85 to today's
offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 August
1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 8.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 August 1985 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	106,33
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	165,87 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
10.02	Rye	112,26 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	101,08
10.04	Oats	77,69
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	91,17 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	49,49 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	102,61 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D I	Triticale	⁽⁷⁾
10.07 D II	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	161,86
11.01 B	Rye flour	169,34
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	270,18
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	174,80

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 10.07 D I (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2271/85

of 8 August 1985

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee;

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2160/85⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient

provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)
No 974/71⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84⁽⁷⁾,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
7 August 1985;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be
as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 August
1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 August 1985 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)			
		Current 8	1st period 9	2nd period 10	3rd period 11
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	1,84	1,84	3,38
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	7,55
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)				
		Current 8	1st period 9	2nd period 10	3rd period 11	4th period 12
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2272/85

of 8 August 1985

fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 683/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1201/85 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 436/85 ⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 436/85, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey ⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 435/85 ⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon ⁽¹⁰⁾;

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978 ⁽¹¹⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender ⁽¹²⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 5 and 6 August 1985 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 75, 16. 3. 1985, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 124, 9. 5. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 52, 22. 2. 1985, p. 2.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 52, 22. 2. 1985, p. 1.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 August 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	63,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	76,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	60,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	87,00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	95,00 ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

(a) Spain and Lebanon : 0,60 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) Turkey : 22,36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;

(c) Algeria, Tunisia and Morocco : 24,78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,86 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7,25 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5,80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	16,72
07.03 A II	16,72
15.17 B I a)	38,00
15.17 B I b)	60,80
23.04 A II	4,80

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2273/85

of 29 July 1985

on the granting of aid for the use in wine-making of concentrated grape must and rectified concentrated grape must in respect of the 1985/86 wine-growing year

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 of 5 February 1979 on the common organization of the market in wine ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 798/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 14 (4) and 65 thereof,

Whereas Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 introduced an aid scheme for concentrated must and rectified concentrated must produced within the Community and used to increase the alcoholic strength of wines;

Whereas enrichment operations by addition of concentrated grape must and rectified concentrated grape must and the quantities of these products which are held must be declared to the competent authorities; whereas the quantities of these products which are or which have been used for enrichment must be entered in the registers specified in Article 53 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79; whereas, therefore, it is not necessary to require additional documents to be produced in order for the aid to be received;

Whereas the aid should be fixed having regard to the difference between the cost of enrichment by means of concentrated grape must, rectified concentrated grape must and sucrose, respectively; whereas the information available to the Commission indicates that the aid should be differentiated according to the product used for enrichment and should be fixed as specified in the enacting terms of this Regulation;

Whereas the cost price of grape must used in the production of concentrated grape must and rectified concentrated grape must depends on its natural alcoholic strength; whereas the market price of grape must with a high natural alcoholic strength potential is higher than that of other musts; whereas, in order to take this situation and the need to avoid disrupting the existing pattern of trade into account, it is essential to graduate the amount of the aid by fixing a higher

amount for concentrated grape must and rectified concentrated grape must from the southern-most regions of the Community, which traditionally produce must with the highest natural alcoholic strength;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Wine,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Aid shall be granted, subject to the conditions set out in this Regulation, to producers of table wines or quality wines *psr* who use concentrated grape must and rectified concentrated grape must produced within the Community to increase the natural alcoholic strength by volume of the products referred to in Article 32 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 and Article 8 (2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 338/79 ⁽³⁾.

2. In accordance with the provisions of Article 6 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 producers who in the 1984/85 wine-growing year were subject to the obligations laid down in Articles 39, 40 or 41 of that Regulation shall not be entitled to receive the aid provided for in this Regulation unless they show that they met their obligations:

- under Articles 39 and 40 between 1 September 1984 and the dates set in Article 2 (1) of Commission Regulations (EEC) No 2461/84 ⁽⁴⁾ and (EEC) No 2462/84 ⁽⁵⁾ respectively or where appropriate, the dates set by the competent authority in accordance with the provisions of Article 11 (2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2179/83 ⁽⁶⁾,
- under Article 41 between 19 January 1985 and the dates set in Article 10 (5) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 147/85 ⁽⁷⁾.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 89, 29. 3. 1985, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 48.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 231, 29. 8. 1984, p. 12.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 231, 29. 8. 1984, p. 18.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 212, 3. 8. 1983, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 16, 19. 1. 1985, p. 25.

Article 2

The aid provided for in Article 1 is hereby fixed, per degree of potential alcoholic strength by volume per hectolitre of concentrated grape must and rectified concentrated grape must used, at:

- 1,52 ECU for concentrated grape must produced from grapes originating in zones C III (a) and C III (b),
- 1,32 ECU for concentrated grape must other than that referred to in the first indent,
- 1,69 ECU for rectified concentrated grape must produced from grapes originating in zones C III (a) and C III (b) or produced outside the said zones in facilities which began production prior to 30 June 1982, irrespective of the area from which the grapes came.
- 1,49 ECU for rectified concentrated grape must other than that referred to in the third indent.

Article 3

Producers wishing to take advantage of the aid provided for in Article 1 shall present to the competent intervention agency an application covering all operations to increase alcoholic strength to which that Article applies. The application must reach the intervention agency within two months of the date on which the last operation was carried out.

Each application shall be accompanied by the documents relating to the operations in respect of which aid is requested.

Article 4

The intervention agency shall pay the amount of the aid to the producer not later than 30 September 1986 except:

- in cases of *force majeure*,
- where administrative enquiries have been commenced concerning entitlement to the aid. In that event payment shall be made only when entitlement to the aid is accepted.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 July 1985.

Article 5

1. Except in cases of *force majeure*, the aid shall not be payable if the producer does not carry out the operation referred to in Article 1 in accordance with Articles 32, 33 and 36 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79.

2. Except in cases of *force majeure*, if the producer does not comply with any requirement of this Regulation, other than that referred to in paragraph 1, the aid payable shall be reduced by an amount to be fixed by the competent authority in relation to the seriousness of the infringement.

3. In cases of *force majeure*, the competent authority shall determine the measures which it deems necessary having regard to the circumstances invoked.

4. Member States shall inform the Commission of cases in which paragraph 2 has been applied and of how requests claiming circumstances of *force majeure* have been dealt with.

Article 6

The Member States in question shall notify the Commission not later than 30 November 1986 of the number of producers who have received aid, the quantities of wine enriched and the quantities of concentrated grape must and rectified concentrated grape must used for this purpose expressed in degrees of potential alcoholic strength by volume per hectolitre.

Article 7

Each Member State concerned shall designate an intervention agency to be responsible for implementing this Regulation.

Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 September 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2274/85

of 29 July 1985

laying down detailed rules implementing the system of aid for the use of concentrated grape must for the manufacture in the United Kingdom and Ireland of certain products and fixing the amounts of aid for the 1985/86 wine-growing year

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 of 5 February 1979 on the common organization of the market in wine ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 798/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 14a (4) and 65 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1223/83 of 20 May 1983 on the exchange rates to be applied in agriculture ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1297/85 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4 (3) thereof,

Whereas, under the second and third indents of the first subparagraph of Article 14a (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, an aid system was introduced for the use of grape musts and concentrated grape musts produced in wine-growing zones C III a) and C III b) for the preparation in the United Kingdom and Ireland of certain products, falling within heading No 22.07 of the Common Customs Tariff and for the use of concentrated grape musts produced in the Community for the manufacture of certain products marketed in the United Kingdom and in Ireland with instructions for obtaining from them a beverage in imitation of wine;

Whereas the products falling within heading No 22.07 of the Common Customs Tariff referred to in the second indent of the first subparagraph of Article 14a (1) of the abovementioned Regulation are at the moment produced exclusively from concentrated grape must; whereas, at present, aid should therefore be fixed for the use of concentrated grape must alone;

Whereas implementation of the aid system requires administrative arrangements for checking both the origin of the products for which aid is given and the use to which they are put;

Whereas, to ensure that the aid system and the checking arrangements operate properly, operators

must be required to submit written applications giving the information necessary to identify the product and enable the operations to be checked;

Whereas, so that the aid system can have an appreciable effect on the quantity of Community products used, a minimum quantity for which applications may be submitted should be fixed;

Whereas it should also be stated that aid will be granted only for products having the minimum quality characteristics required for use for the purposes indicated in the second and third indents of the first subparagraph of Article 14a (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79;

Whereas Article 14a (3) of that Regulation sets criteria for fixing the aid amounts; whereas application of these criteria gives the aid amounts fixed below;

Whereas, to enable the competent authorities of the Member States to make the necessary checks, obligations on operators in regard to the keeping of stock records should be laid down in addition to the provisions of Title II of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1153/75 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3203/80 ⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas it should be laid down that entitlement to aid is established at the moment when the processing operations are completed; whereas to allow for technical losses the quantity actually used should be allowed to be up to 10 % less than that shown in the application;

Whereas for technical reasons operators lay in their stocks a long time before manufacturing the marketed products; whereas accordingly arrangements should be made to enable advance payment of the aid to be made to operators, the competent authorities being guaranteed by appropriate security against the risk of incorrect payment; whereas the period within which advance payment is to be made and the procedure for release of the security should be specified;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 89, 29. 3. 1985, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1983, p. 33.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 137, 27. 5. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 113, 1. 5. 1975, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 333, 11. 12. 1980, p. 18.

Whereas, to prevent discrimination between operators and to resolve certain uncertainties as to interpretation that may arise with regard to the representative rates to be applied under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1054/78 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1382/85 ⁽²⁾, it should be specified that for all operations under this Regulation the representative rate applicable should in all cases be that applying in the wine sector on 1 September 1985;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Wine,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Aid shall be granted for the 1985/86 wine-growing year in accordance with the conditions laid down in this Regulation:

- to manufacturers, hereinafter referred to as 'manufacturers', who use concentrated grape must made entirely from grapes produced within wine-growing zones C III a) and C III b) for the manufacture in the United Kingdom and Ireland, of products falling within heading No 22.07 of the Common Customs Tariff for which, by virtue of the first subparagraph of Article 54 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, the use of composite names including the word 'wine' may be permitted by those Member States,
- to processors, hereinafter referred to as 'processors' who use concentrated grape must made entirely from grapes produced within the Community as the main component in a range of products marketed in the United Kingdom and Ireland by the said processors, with clear instructions enabling the consumer to obtain therefrom a beverage in imitation of wine.

Article 2

1. Manufacturers or processors who wish to qualify for the aid referred to in Article 1 shall submit a written application, between 1 September 1985 and 31 August 1986, to the competent authority of the Member State in which the concentrated grape must is employed.

Applications must be made at least seven working days before the commencement of the manufacturing process.

2. The application for aid shall show:

- (a) the name and business name and the address of the manufacturer or processor;
- (b) the wine-growing zone from which the concentrated grape must comes, as defined in Annex IV to Regulation (EEC) No 337/79;

(c) the following technical particulars:

- the place of storage,
- the place where the operations referred to in Article 1 are carried out,
- the quantity (in kilograms and, if the concentrated grape must referred to in the second indent of Article 1 is packed in containers with a content not exceeding five kilograms, the number of containers),
- the density,
- the prices paid.

The Member States may require further particulars for the purposes of identifying the concentrated grape must.

3. A copy of the accompanying document(s) covering transport of the concentrated grape must from the producer's plant to the manufacturer's or processor's plant, drawn up by the competent agency of the Member States, shall be attached to the application for aid. The Member States may not make use of the provisions of the second subparagraph of Article 4 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1153/75.

The wine-growing zone where the fresh grapes employed were harvested shall be entered in column 15 of the document.

Article 3

1. Applications for aid shall cover a minimum quantity of 50 kilograms of concentrated grape must.

2. The concentrated grape must in respect of which aid is applied for must be of sound, fair and merchantable quality and suitable for use for the purposes listed in Article 1.

Article 4

The amount of the aid shall be at a fixed rate of:

- 0,15 ECU per kilogram of concentrated grape must used for the purposes referred to in the first indent of Article 1,
- 0,26 ECU per kilogram of concentrated grape must used for the purposes referred to in the second indent of Article 1.

Article 5

The manufacturer or processor shall be bound to use, for the purposes referred to in Article 1, the total quantity of the concentrated grape must in respect of which an aid application has been made. A shortfall of 10 % of the quantity of concentrated grape must stated in the application shall be tolerated.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 134, 22. 5. 1978, p. 40.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 138, 27. 5. 1985, p. 1.

Article 6

The manufacturer or processor shall keep a stock record, in accordance with the provisions of Title II of Regulation (EEC) No 1153/75, showing in particular:

- the consignments of concentrated grape must purchased and brought each day into his plant, together with the particulars indicated in Article 2 (2) (b) and (c) and the name and address of the vendor(s),
- the quantities of concentrated grape must used each day for the purposes listed in Article 1,
- the consignments of finished products listed in Article 1 obtained and dispatched each day from his plant, together with the name and address of the consignee(s).

Article 7

The manufacturer or processor shall inform the competent authority in writing, within one month, of the date when all the concentrated grape must covered by an application for aid has been used for the purposes listed in Article 1 allowing for the shortfall provided for in Article 5.

Article 8

1. Entitlement to the aid shall be acquired at the moment when the concentrated grape must has been used for the purposes indicated in Article 1.
2. The amount of aid shall be that applicable for the wine-growing year during which it was applied for.
3. Conversion of the amounts given in Article 4 into national currency shall be carried out by reference to the representative rate in force on 1 September 1985.

Article 9

1. The competent authority shall pay the aid for the quantity of concentrated grape must actually used not later than three months after receipt of the information indicated in Article 7.

2. Manufacturers and processors as referred to in Article 1 may apply for advance payment of an amount equal to the aid specified in Article 4 provided they have lodged security for 110 % of the said amount in favour of the competent authority.

Security shall be lodged in the form of a guarantee by an establishment satisfying criteria set by the Member State to which the competent authority belongs.

3. The advance payment referred to in paragraph 2 shall be paid within three months of the security

being lodged provided that evidence that the concentrated grape must has been paid for is provided.

4. When the information referred to in Article 7 has been received by the competent authority the security mentioned in paragraph 2 shall be released in whole or in part depending on the amount of aid to be paid pursuant to the provisions of Article 10.

Article 10

1. Except in case of *force majeure*, the aid shall not be payable if the manufacturer or processor does not fulfil the requirement set out in Article 5.
2. Except in case of *force majeure*, if the manufacturer or processor does not comply with any requirement of this Regulation, other than those referred to in Article 5, the aid payable shall be reduced by an amount to be fixed by the competent authority in relation to the seriousness of the infringement.
3. In cases of *force majeure*, the competent authority shall determine the measures which it deems necessary having regard to the circumstances invoked.
4. The Member States shall inform the Commission of cases in which paragraph 2 has been applied, and of how requests for recourse to the *force majeure* clause have been dealt with.

Article 11

1. The Member States concerned shall take all measures necessary for the application of this Regulation and, in particular, measures permitting verification of the identity of the concentrated grape must in respect of which an application for aid is made and measures to prevent its being put to improper use.
2. For this purpose the competent authority shall:
 - carry out a verification in the manufacturer's or processor's plant which at least shall consist of a spot check,
 - inspect each manufacturer's or processor's stock record as referred to in Article 6.

Article 12

The Member States concerned shall communicate to the Commission, before the 20th of each month, in respect of the preceding month, and for each intended use referred to in Article 1:

- (a) the quantities of concentrated grape must in respect of which an application for aid has been made, with a breakdown to show the wine-growing zone from which they have come;
- (b) the quantities of concentrated grape must in respect of which aid has been given, with a breakdown to show the wine-growing zone from which they have come;

(c) the prices to be paid by manufacturers and processors for concentrated grape must.

Article 13

The Member States concerned shall designate a competent authority to be responsible for applying

this Regulation, and shall inform the Commission without delay of their names and addresses.

Article 14

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 September 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 July 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2275/85

of 29 July 1985

laying down detailed rules implementing the system of aid for the use of grapes,
grape must and concentrated grape must for the manufacture of grape juice and
fixing the amounts of aid for the 1985/86 wine-growing year

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 337/79
of 5 February 1979 on the common organization of
the market in wine ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 798/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 14a (4),
48 (6) and 65 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1223/83 of 20 May 1983 on the exchange rates to be
applied in agriculture ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1297/85 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4
(3) thereof,

Whereas, under the first indent of the first subpara-
graph of Article 14a (1) of Regulation (EEC) No
337/79, a system was introduced for aiding the use, for
the manufacture of grape juice, of grape and concen-
trated grape must produced from grapes grown in the
Community; whereas paragraph 2 of the same Article
provides that the aid system can also be applied to the
use of grapes of Community origin; whereas juice
manufacturing practices are such that the aid should
also be given for the use of such grapes;

Whereas application of the aid system requires admini-
strative provisions for checking the origin and use of
the products for which aid is given;

Whereas the purpose of the aid scheme is to promote
the use of products of Community origin for the
manufacture of grape juice in place of imported
products; whereas the aid should therefore be given to
users of the raw material, i.e. to processors;

Whereas, in order to ensure proper functioning of the
aid system and the control arrangements, processors
should be required to lodge written declarations giving
the information necessary for identification of the

product and to enable checks on the operations to be
carried out;

Whereas, in order for the aid system to have an appre-
ciable effect on the quantity of Community products
used, a minimum quantity which may be covered by a
declaration should be set for each product;

Whereas it should be stated that aid will be granted
only for products having the quality characteristics
required for processing into grape juice; whereas it is
consequently necessary to prescribe that grapes and
grape must covered by a declaration must have a
density of between 1,055 and 1,085 g/cm³ at 20 °C;

Whereas Article 14a (3) of Regulation (EEC) No
337/79 sets out criteria to be observed in fixing the
amount of the aid; whereas paragraph 3a of that
Article states that part of the aid is to be used
mounting campaigns to promote the consumption of
grape juice and that the amount of the aid may be
increased to allow for this; whereas in the light of
these criteria and of the need to finance campaigns the
aid should be fixed at a level that will provide
adequate funds for an effective promotion effort;

Whereas, to enable the competent authorities of the
Member States to make the necessary checks, obliga-
tions on processors in regard to the keeping of stock
records should be laid down, in addition to the provi-
sions of Title II of Commission Regulation (EEC) No
1153/75 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
3203/80 ⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas it should be laid down that entitlement to aid
is established at the moment when the processing
operations are completed; whereas to allow for tech-
nical losses the quantity actually used should be
allowed to be up to 10 % less than that shown in the
application;

Whereas for control purposes it is necessary to adopt a
processing coefficient as between the grapes employed
and the grape juice obtained, based on normal proces-
sing methods;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 89, 29. 3. 1985, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1983, p. 33.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 137, 27. 5. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 113, 1. 5. 1975, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 333, 11. 12. 1980, p. 18.

Whereas, in order to be paid aid, applicants must lodge an application accompanied by a number of supporting documents; whereas to ensure that the system operates uniformly in all Member States, time limits for lodging applications and for payment of aid to processors should be laid down;

Whereas the second subparagraph of Article 48 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 states that grape juice may not be made into wine or added to wine; whereas, in order to ensure that this prohibition is complied with, special obligations and checks should be specified for processors of and bottlers of grape juice;

Whereas to prevent discrimination between operators and to resolve certain uncertainties as to interpretation that may arise with regard to the representative rates to be applied under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1054/78 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1342/85 ⁽²⁾, it should be specified that for all operations under this Regulation the representative rates applicable shall in all cases be those applying in the wine sector on 1 September 1985;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Wine,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For the 1985/86 wine-growing year, aid shall be granted in accordance with the conditions laid down in this Regulation to processors:

- who purchase grapes grown in the Community or grape must or concentrated grape must produced entirely from grapes grown in the Community from producers or producer groups for the purpose of manufacturing grape juice, or
- who, being themselves producers or producer groups, use their own production of these products for the purpose of manufacturing grape juice.

2. For the purposes of this Regulation, 'product' shall mean grapes grown in the Community and grape must and concentrated grape must produced entirely from grapes grown in the Community.

3. Processing operations must be carried out between 1 September 1985 and 31 August 1986.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 134, 22. 5. 1978, p. 40.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 138, 27. 5. 1985, p. 1.

Article 2

1. Processors wishing to receive the aid referred to in Article 1 shall submit a written declaration to the competent authority/authorities of the Member States in which the processing takes place.

If the declaration relates to the processing of grape must or concentrated grape must it must reach the competent authority/authorities at least three working days before processing begins.

2. Declarations must be submitted in at least two copies, at least one of which shall be duly stamped by the competent authority/authorities and returned to the processor.

3. Declarations shall include the following particulars:

- (a) the name or business name and address of the processor;
- (b) the wine-growing zone, as defined in Annex IV to Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, in which the product originated;
- (c) the following technical details:
 - the nature of the product (grapes, grape must or concentrated grape must),
 - the place of storage,
 - the place where processing is to be carried out,
 - the quantity (in quintals for grapes and in hectolitres for grape must and concentrated grape must),
 - the colour,
 - the density.

Member States may require additional particulars for identification of the product.

Article 3

1. Declarations may not be made for less than:

- 13 quintals of grapes,
- 10 hectolitres of grape must,
- 3 hectolitres of concentrated grape must.

The proportion of the aid to be used for the financing of promotional campaigns shall be 35 % of the amounts specified in paragraph 1. It shall be debated when the aid is granted.

2. The product in respect of which the declaration is made must be of sound, fair and merchantable quality and suitable for the manufacture of grape juice. Grapes and grape must must have a density of between 1,055 and 1,085 g/cm³ at 20 °C.

Article 4

1. The amount of the aid throughout the Community is hereby fixed at :

- 6,4 ECU per quintal of grapes,
- 8,0 ECU per hectolitre of grape must,
- 28,0 ECU per hectolitre of concentrated grape must.

2. The proportion of the aid to be used for the financing of promotional campaigns shall be 35 % of the amounts specified in paragraph 1. It shall be debated when the aid is granted. The competent authority shall pay the processor 65 % of the aid amounts specified in paragraph 1.

Article 5

Processors shall keep stock records in accordance with Title II of Regulation (EEC) No 1153/75, indicating in particular :

- the lots of product purchased and entering their premises each day, with the details referred to in Article 2 (3) (b) and (c) and, where appropriate, the name(s) and address(es) of the vendor(s),
- the quantities and wine-growing zone of origin of the products processed each day,
- the quantities of grape juice obtained each day after processing,
- the lots of grape juice leaving his premises each day with the name(s) and address(es) of the consignee(s).

Article 6

1. Not later than three months after processing is completed, the processor shall submit an application for aid to the competent authority, accompanied by :

- the copy of the declaration that he holds,
- except in the cases referred to in the first and second subparagraphs of paragraph 4, a copy or summary of the stock records referred to in Article 5 relating to the product in question ; the Member States may require that the copy or summary be stamped by an official inspector.

2. Applications shall specify the quantity of product actually processed, which may not be less than 90 % of the quantity specified in the declaration, and the day when processing was completed.

Where the application for aid refers to the grapes themselves, the ratio of the grapes employed and the juice obtained must not exceed 1 : 3.

3. In cases as referred to in the first indent of Article 1 (1) applications shall also be accompanied by a copy of the document that accompanied the product when it was transported from the premises of the producer to those of the processor or by a summary of the said documents. The Member States may require that the copy or summary be stamped by an official inspector.

In cases as referred to in the second indent of Article 1 (1), the processor must furnish proof that the products for which aid is requested were :

- in the case of grapes, grown in the Community,
- in the case of grape must and concentrated grape must, wholly produced from grapes grown in the Community.

4. In addition, where bottling of grape juice is carried out in the Community by a person other than the processor, the latter shall submit to the competent authority :

- a declaration by the bottler that he has taken the grape juice over, indicating the date on which he did so,
- a copy of any accompanying document drawn up for transport of the juice.

If bottling was carried out outside the Community, the processor shall submit to the competent authority a copy of the accompanying document showing in box 23 the customs stamp certifying exportation.

The supporting documents referred to in the first and second subparagraphs and the copy or summary referred to in the second indent of paragraph 1 shall be submitted not later than six months after the bottler has taken over the grape juice or after the grape juice has been exported, as appropriate.

5. The cases as referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 4, the bottler shall keep stock records as prescribed in Title II of Regulation (EEC) No 1153/75, showing :

- the quantities of grape juice entering his premises each day and the name and address of the processor,
- the quantities of grape juice bottled each day,
- the quantities of bottled grape juice leaving his premises each day and the name and address of each consignee.

Article 7

The competent authority shall pay aid for the quantity of product actually processed not later than three months after receipt of all the supporting documents specified in Article 6.

Article 8

1. Entitlement to the aid shall be acquired when the grapes, grape must or concentrated grape must have been used for the purpose indicated in Article 1.
2. Conversion of the amounts indicated in Article 4 into national currencies shall be at the representative rates applying on 1 September 1985.

Article 9

1. Except in case of *force majeure*, if the processor does not process the quantity of product covered by the declaration (allowing for the tolerance mentioned in Article 6 (2)), no aid shall be payable.
2. Except in case of *force majeure*, if the processor does not fulfil one of the obligations under this Regulation other than that to process the product covered by the declaration into grape juice, the aid payable shall be reduced by an amount fixed by the competent authority in proportion to the seriousness of the infringement.
3. In cases of *force majeure*, the competent authority shall take such action as it considers necessary having regard to the circumstances invoked.
4. Member States shall inform the Commission of cases in which paragraph 2 has been applied and the outcome of claims as to *force majeure*.

Article 10

1. Member States shall adopt the measures necessary for implementation of this Regulation, and in

particular measures for checking the identity of the product in respect of which aid is applied for.

2. To that end the competent authority shall undertake in particular:
 - checks, or at least spot checks, on processors' and, where appropriate, bottlers' premises,
 - an inspection of each processor's stock records as referred to in Article 5 and, where appropriate, of each bottler's stock records as referred to in Article 6 (5).

Article 11

Member States shall inform the Commission before the 20th of each month in respect of the preceding month:

- (a) of the quantities of products for which aid has been requested, broken down by their nature and the wine-growing zone in which they originated;
- (b) of the quantities of products for which aid has been granted, broken down by their nature and the wine-growing zone in which they originated.

Article 12

Member States shall appoint one or more competent authorities empowered to implement this Regulation, and shall inform the Commission without delay of their names and addresses.

Article 13

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 September 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 July 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2276/85

of 7 August 1985

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3219/84 of 6 November 1984 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia ⁽²⁾;

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established :

CCT heading No	Description	(tonnes)
		Ceiling
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass : A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings : II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lamp-shades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	1 834

Whereas imports into the Community of those products originating in Yugoslavia have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 12 August to 31 December 1985, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass : A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings : II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lamp-shades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	Yugoslavia

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 306, 23. 11. 1984, p. 53.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 August 1985.

For the Commission

Willy DE CLERCQ

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2277/85

of 7 August 1985

on the supply of common wheat flour to the Arab Republic of Egypt as food aid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 fixing criteria for the mobilization of cereals intended as food aid ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 457/85 of 19 February 1985 laying down the implementing rules for 1985 for Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82 concerning food-aid policy and food-aid management ⁽⁵⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 of 23 October 1962 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73 ⁽⁷⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas on 9 July 1985 the Commission of the European Communities decided to grant, under Commu-

nity measures, various quantities of cereals to certain non-member countries and beneficiary organizations ;

Whereas it is necessary to provide for the carrying out of this measure in accordance with the rules laid down by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1974/80 of 22 July 1980 laying down general implementing rules in respect of certain food-aid operations involving cereals and rice ⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3323/81 ⁽⁹⁾; whereas it is necessary to specify, for the purposes of the Community measures envisaged, the characteristics of the products to be supplied and the supply conditions ;

Whereas the Management Committee for Cereals has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The intervention agency specified in the Annex hereto shall implement the mobilization and supply procedures in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1974/80 and with the conditions laid down in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 352, 14. 12. 1982, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 54, 23. 2. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 192, 26. 7. 1980, p. 11.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 334, 21. 11. 1981, p. 27.

ANNEX

1. **Programme :** 1985
2. **Recipient :** Arab Republic of Egypt
3. **Place or country of destination :** Egypt
4. **Product to be mobilized :** common wheat flour
5. **Total quantity :** 87 600 tonnes (120 000 tonnes of cereals)
6. **Number of lots :** seven
 - Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 : 12 500 tonnes
 - Lot 7 : 12 600 tonnes
7. **Intervention agency responsible for conducting the procedure :**
 - Office national interprofessionnel des céréales (ONIC), 21, avenue Bosquet, F-75007 Paris (telex OFIBLE 200490 F)
8. **Method of mobilizing the product :** the Community market
9. **Characteristics of the goods :**
 - flour of fair and sound merchantable quality, free from abnormal smell and pests, which produces dough which does not stick during the mechanical kneading process ; the flour shall have the following characteristics :
 - moisture : 14 % maximum (ICC Method No 110)
 - protein content : 10,5 % minimum ($N \times 6,25$ in terms of dry matter) (ICC Method No 105)
 - Hagberg falling number of at least 180, including the reparation (agitation) time of 60 seconds (ICC Method No 107)
 - ash content : 0,62 % maximum, referred to dry matter (ICC Method No 104)
10. **Packaging :**
 - in new jute sacks 400 g, lined with polypropylene sacks of 110 g
 - net weight of the bags : 50 kg
 - marking on the bags in letters at least 5 cm high :
‘WHEAT FLOUR / GIFT THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY TO EGYPT’
11. **Port of shipment :**
 - Any Community port accessible to ocean-going vessels of not less than 15 000 tonnes
12. **Delivery stage :** fob
13. **Port of landing :** —
14. **Procedure to be applied in order to determine supply costs :** tendering
15. **Deadline for the submission of tenders :** 12 noon on 20 August 1985
16. **Shipment period :**
 - No 1, 2, 3 : 15 September to 15 October 1985
 - No 4, 5, 6 : 15 October to 15 November 1985
 - No 7 : 15 to 30 November 1985
17. **Security :** 12 ECU per tonne.

Notes :

1. Since the goods may be rebagged, the successful tenderer must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital ‘R’.
 2. The successful tenderer shall send a copy of the shipping documents to the following address :
Commission Delegation in Egypt, c/o ‘Diplomatic Bag’, Berlaymont 1/123, 200, rue de la Loi, B-1049 Brussels.
 3. The successful tenderer will be notified of the vessel’s arrival at the port of shipment not less than five day’s in advance.
-

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2278/85

of 7 August 1985

on the supply of various consignments of cereals and rice to non-governmental organizations (NGO) as food aid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1025/84⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 fixing criteria for the mobilization of cereals intended as food aid⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 457/85 of 19 February 1985 laying down the implementing rules for 1985 for Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82 concerning food-aid policy and food-aid management⁽⁷⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 of 23 October 1962 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas on 6 and 15 May 1985 the Commission of the European Communities decided to grant, under Community measures, various quantities of cereals to certain non-member countries and beneficiary organizations;

Whereas it is necessary to provide for the carrying out of this measure in accordance with the rules laid down by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1974/80 of 22 July 1980 laying down general implementing rules in respect of certain food-aid operations involving cereals and rice⁽¹⁰⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3323/81⁽¹¹⁾; whereas it is necessary to specify, for the purposes of the Community measures envisaged, the characteristics of the products to be supplied and the supply conditions;

Whereas the Management Committee for Cereals has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The intervention agencies specified in the Annexes hereto shall implement the mobilization and supply procedures in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1974/80 and with the conditions laid down in the Annexes hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 352, 14. 12. 1982, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 54, 23. 2. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 192, 26. 7. 1980, p. 11.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 334, 21. 11. 1981, p. 27.

ANNEX I

1. **Programme :** 1985
2. **Recipient :** NGO (Euronaid, PO box 77, NL-2340 Oegstgeest (telex 30223))
3. **Place or country of destination :** Egypt
4. **Product to be mobilized :** fully milled long grain rice (non-parboiled)
5. **Total quantity :** 657 tonnes (1 905 tonnes of cereals)
6. **Number of lots :** one
7. **Intervention agency responsible for conducting the procedure :**
Ente nazionale Risi, piazza Pio XI, 1, I-Milano (telex 334 032)
8. **Method of mobilizing the product :** the Community market
9. **Characteristics of the goods :**
 - rice of fair and sound merchantable quality, free from abnormal smell and pests
 - moisture : 15 %
 - broken rice : 5 % maximum
 - chalky grains : 5 % maximum
 - grains striated with red : 3 % maximum
 - spotted grains : 1,5 % maximum
 - stained grains : 1 % maximum
 - yellow grains : 0,050 % maximum
 - amber grains : 0,20 % maximum
10. **Packaging :**
 - in new jute sacks of a minimum weight of 600 g,
 - net weight of the bags : 50 kilograms
 - marking on the bags in letters at least 5 cm high :
'EGYPT / CATHWEL / 50139 / ALEXANDRIA / GIFT OF THE EUROPEAN
ECONOMIC COMMUNITY / ACTION OF CRS / FOR FREE DISTRIBUTION'
11. **Port of shipment :**
any Community port accessible to ocean-going vessels with a shipping service to the recipient country during the period for shipment laid down in point 16. The tender must be accompanied by a statement from the port authorities attesting the existence of the service during the said period
12. **Delivery stage :** fob
13. **Port of landing :** —
14. **Procedure to be applied in order to determine supply costs :** tendering
15. **Deadline for the submission of tenders :** 12 noon on 26 August 1985
16. **Shipment period :** 27 August to 30 September 1985
17. **Security :** 12 ECU per tonne

Notes :

1. The successful tenderer shall contact the recipient in order to ascertain which shipping documents are required.
2. Since the goods may be rebagged, the successful tenderer must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital 'R'.
3. Supplier to send duplicate original invoice to :
Messrs M. H. Schutz BV, Postbus 1438, Blaak 16, NL-3000 BK Rotterdam.

ANNEX II

1. **Programme :** 1985
2. **Recipient :** NGO (Euronaid, PO box 77, NL-2340 Oegstgeest, telex 30 223)
3. **Place or country of destination :** Chile
4. **Products to be mobilized :** common wheat flour
5. **Total quantity :** 1 460 tonnes (2 000 tonnes of cereals)
6. **Number of lots :** one
7. **Intervention agency responsible for conducting the procedure :**
Bundesanstalt für landwirtschaftliche Marktordnung (BALM), Adickesallee, 40, D-6000 Frankfurt/Main, Telex 411 475
8. **Method of mobilizing the product :** the Community market
9. **Characteristics of the goods :**
flour of fair and sound merchantable quality, free from abnormal smell and pests, which produces dough which does not stick during the mechanical kneading process; the flour shall have the following characteristics :
 - moisture : 14 % maximum (ICC method No 110)
 - protein content : 10,5 % minimum ($N \times 6,25$ in terms of dry matter) (ICC method No 105)
 - Hagberg falling number of at least 180, including the preparation (agitation) time of 60 seconds (ICC method No 107)
 - ash content : 0,62 % maximum, referred to dry matter (ICC method No 104)
10. **Packaging :**
 - in new bags :
 - jute sacks 400 g, lined with polypropylene sacks of 110 g
 - composite sacks jute/polypropylene of a minimum weight of 335 g
 - net weight of the bags : 50 kg
 - marking on the bags (in letters at least 5 cm high):
'CHILE / HARINA DE TRIGO / 50464 / DONACIÓN DE LA COMUNIDAD ECONÓMICA EUROPEA / ACCIÓN DE CARITAS GERMÁNICA / DESTINADO A LA DISTRIBUCIÓN GRATUITA / VALPARAÍSO'
11. **Port of shipment :**
Any Community port accessible to ocean-going vessels with a shipping service to the recipient country during the period for shipment laid down in point 16. The tender must be accompanied by a statement from the port authorities attesting the existence of the service during the said period
12. **Delivery stage :** fob
13. **Port of landing :** —
14. **Procedure to be applied in order to determine supply costs :** tendering
15. **Deadline for the submission of tenders :** 12 noon on 20 August 1985
16. **Shipment period :** 1 to 30 September 1985
17. **Security :** 12 ECU per tonne
18. **Supplier to send duplicate original invoice to :**
Messrs M. H. Schutz BV, Postbus 1438, Blaak 16, NL-3000 BK Rotterdam

Notes :

1. The successful tenderer shall contact the recipient in order to ascertain which shipping documents are required.
2. Since the goods may be rebagged, the successful tenderer must provide 2 % of empty bags of the same quality as those containing the goods, with the marking followed by a capital 'R'.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2279/85

of 8 August 1985

fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 17 to 23 June 1985

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1311/85 of 23 May 1985 on the granting of a premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals in the United Kingdom ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas, under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1311/85, an amount equivalent to the amount of the variable slaughter premium granted in the United Kingdom is levied on meat and meat preparations from animals on which it has been paid, when they are consigned to other Member States or to non-member countries;

Whereas, under Article 7 (1) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2187/85 of 31 July 1985 laying down detailed rules for the application of the premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals for slaughter in the United Kingdom ⁽²⁾, the amounts to be charged on departure from the territory of the United Kingdom of the products listed in the Annex

to the said Regulation must be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas, accordingly, the amounts to be levied on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 17 to 23 June 1985 should be fixed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1311/85, the amounts to be levied on the products referred to in Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2187/85 which left the territory of the United Kingdom during the week 17 to 23 June 1985 shall be those set out in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 17 June 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 137, 27. 5. 1985, p. 20.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 76.

ANNEX

Amounts to be levied on products which left the territory of the United Kingdom during
the week 17 to 23 June 1985

(ECU/100 kg net weight)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount
1	2	3
ex 02.01 A II a) and ex 02.01 A II b)	Meat of adult bovine animals, fresh, chilled or frozen : 1. Carcases, half-carcases or 'compensated' quarters 2. Separated or unseparated forequarters 3. Separated or unseparated hindquarters 4. Other : aa) Unboned (bone-in) bb) Boned or boneless	 26,26474 21,01179 31,51769 21,01179 35,98269
ex 02.06 C I a)	Meat salted, in brine, dried or smoked, of adult bovine animals : 1. Unboned (bone-in) 2. Boned or boneless	 21,01179 29,94180
ex 16.02 B III b) 1	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal, containing meat or offal of adult bovine animals : aa) Uncooked ; mixtures of cooked meat or offal and uncooked meat or offal : 11. Containing 80 % or more by weight of beef meat excluding offals and fat 22. Other	 29,94180 21,01179

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2280/85

of 8 August 1985

introducing a countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1332/84⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 786/85 of 27 March 1985 fixing for the 1985 marketing year the reference prices for plums⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for class I, group II, at 55,12 ECU per 100 kilograms net for August 1985;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties, and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3110/83⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative

markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for Yugoslavian plums of group II, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these plums;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84⁽⁷⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 14,29 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to plums (subheading 08.07 D of the Common Customs Tariff), of the following varieties: Altesse simple (common quetsche, Hauszwetschge), Reine-Claude d'Oullins (Oullins Gage), Sveskeblommer, Ruth Gerstetter, Ontario, Wangenheimer (early Wangenheim quetsche), Pershore (Yellow Egg), Mirabelle and Bosniche, originating in Yugoslavia.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 10 August 1985.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 130, 16. 5. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 88, 28. 3. 1985, p. 30.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 303, 5. 11. 1983, p. 5.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2281/85

of 8 August 1985

fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 231/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4),

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1223/83 of 20 May 1983 on the exchange rates to be applied in agriculture ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1297/85 ⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza, rape and sunflower seed ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1474/84 ⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1121/85 ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2174/85 ⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas the target price and the monthly increments in the target price of sunflower seed for the 1985/86 marketing year have been fixed in Regulations (EEC) No 1489/85 ⁽⁹⁾, and (EEC) No 1490/85 ⁽¹⁰⁾;

Whereas, in the absence of the target price for the 1985/86 marketing year for colza and rape seed and in the absence of the amount of the monthly increase for September, October, November, December 1985 and January 1986 for colza and rape seed, the amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for July, August, September, October, November, December 1985 and January 1986 for colza and rape seed has been obtainable only provisionally on the basis of the

target price and the monthly increase as last proposed by the Commission to the Council for the marketing year 1985/86; whereas this amount may, therefore, be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when the indicative price of the 1985/86 marketing year is known;

Whereas, for the period 31 July to 6 August 1985, for certain currencies:

- for the current month, the difference referred to in Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 differs by more than one point from the percentage adopted for the previous fixing,
- for certain following months the difference referred to in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 exceeds 0,5 %; whereas this difference in the case of certain forward differential amounts differs by more than one point from the percentage adopted for the previous fixing;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1121/85 to the information known to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered to the amount set out in the Annexes hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The amounts of the subsidy and the exchange rates referred to in Article 33 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2681/83 ⁽¹¹⁾ shall be as set out in the Annexes hereto.
2. The amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for July, August, September, October, November, December 1985 and January 1986 for colza and rape seed will, however, be confirmed or replaced as from 9 August 1985 to take into account the indicative price which is fixed for these products for the 1985/86 marketing year, and the amount of the monthly increase for September, October, November, December 1985 and January 1986 for colza and rape seed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 August 1985.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 26, 31. 1. 1985, p. 12.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1983, p. 33.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 137, 27. 5. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 143, 30. 5. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 118, 1. 5. 1985, p. 32.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 43.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 151, 10. 6. 1985, p. 13.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 151, 10. 6. 1985, p. 14.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 266, 28. 9. 1983, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

ANNEX I

Aids to colza and rape seed

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

	Current month	1st month	2nd month	3rd month	4th month	5th month
1. Gross aids (ECU)	15,410 ⁽¹⁾	15,930 ⁽¹⁾	16,450 ⁽¹⁾	16,970 ⁽¹⁾	21,159 ⁽¹⁾	20,959 ⁽¹⁾
2. Final aids						
Seeds harvested and processed in :						
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	38,86 ⁽¹⁾	40,10 ⁽¹⁾	41,37 ⁽¹⁾	42,80 ⁽¹⁾	52,52 ⁽¹⁾	52,64 ⁽¹⁾
— Netherlands (Fl)	43,79 ⁽¹⁾	45,18 ⁽¹⁾	46,58 ⁽¹⁾	48,19 ⁽¹⁾	59,14 ⁽¹⁾	59,21 ⁽¹⁾
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	715,21 ⁽¹⁾	739,34 ⁽¹⁾	763,47 ⁽¹⁾	786,40 ⁽¹⁾	980,96 ⁽¹⁾	963,43 ⁽¹⁾
— France (FF)	104,63 ⁽¹⁾	108,27 ⁽¹⁾	111,44 ⁽¹⁾	114,19 ⁽¹⁾	144,06 ⁽¹⁾	142,57 ⁽¹⁾
— Denmark (Dkr)	129,67 ⁽¹⁾	134,05 ⁽¹⁾	138,43 ⁽¹⁾	142,80 ⁽¹⁾	178,05 ⁽¹⁾	175,79 ⁽¹⁾
— Ireland (£ Irl)	11,559 ⁽¹⁾	11,949 ⁽¹⁾	12,334 ⁽¹⁾	12,668 ⁽¹⁾	15,818 ⁽¹⁾	15,543 ⁽¹⁾
— United Kingdom (£)	10,187 ⁽¹⁾	10,509 ⁽¹⁾	10,830 ⁽¹⁾	11,152 ⁽¹⁾	13,666 ⁽¹⁾	13,368 ⁽¹⁾
— Italy (Lit)	20 470 ⁽¹⁾	21 237 ⁽¹⁾	21 765 ⁽¹⁾	22 303 ⁽¹⁾	28 848 ⁽¹⁾	28 237 ⁽¹⁾
— Greece (Dr)	1 423,19 ⁽¹⁾	1 476,41 ⁽¹⁾	1 529,63 ⁽¹⁾	1 582,85 ⁽¹⁾	2 029,79 ⁽¹⁾	2 005,75 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ On the basis of the Commission's last proposal concerning the indicative price and subject to confirmation by the Council's decision.

ANNEX II

Aids to sunflower seed

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

	Current month	1st month	2nd month	3rd month	4th month
1. Gross aids (ECU)	23,561	24,261	25,587	26,918	27,201
2. Final aids					
Seeds harvested and processed in :					
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	58,49	60,11	63,26	66,58	67,28
— Netherlands (Fl)	65,91	67,73	71,24	74,98	75,77
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 093,51	1 126,00	1 187,54	1 248,07	1 261,20
— France (FF)	161,40	166,37	175,24	183,74	185,67
— Denmark (Dkr)	198,26	204,16	215,31	226,51	228,90
— Ireland (£ Irl)	17,673	18,198	19,188	20,129	20,341
— United Kingdom (£)	15,289	15,707	16,512	17,321	17,503
— Italy (Lit)	32 337	33 424	35 190	36 985	37 374
— Greece (Dr)	2 243,55	2 318,67	2 457,91	2 597,69	2 625,00

ANNEX III

Exchange rate of the ECU to be used for converting final aids into the currency of the processing country when the latter is a country other than the country of production

(value of 1 ECU)

	Current month	1st month	2nd month	3rd month	4th month	5th month
DM	2,227970	2,219820	2,212100	2,204610	2,204610	2,184880
Fl	2,502990	2,496890	2,490410	2,484320	2,484320	2,466330
Bfrs/Lfrs	44,987400	45,048400	45,075000	45,127100	45,127100	45,284800
FF	6,796530	6,821250	6,849130	6,872040	6,872040	6,930320
Dkr	8,023730	8,021710	8,019640	8,019830	8,019830	8,023620
£ Irl	0,714395	0,715283	0,716143	0,716724	0,716724	0,717940
£	0,572360	0,573701	0,574663	0,575601	0,575601	0,578011
Lit	1 510,06	1 514,18	1 519,15	1 525,08	1 525,08	1 543,81
Dr	103,73990	103,751900	103,73730	103,76350	103,76350	103,88600

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2282/85
of 8 August 1985
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1482/85⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1809/85⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2265/85⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1809/85 to the information known to the Commission that the levies

at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 August 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission
 Frans ANDRIESEN
 Vice-President

- ⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 151, 10. 6. 1985, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 29. 6. 1985, p. 77.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 211, 8. 8. 1985, p. 28.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 August 1985 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form:	
	A. White sugar: flavoured or coloured sugar	47,27
	B. Raw sugar	43,01 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 %; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2283/85

of 8 August 1985

altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1025/84⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the advice of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2127/85⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2266/85⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84 of 31 March 1984⁽⁹⁾ as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75⁽¹⁰⁾ as regards products falling within sub-heading 23.02 A of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71⁽¹¹⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84⁽¹²⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 7 August 1985;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed differs from the average levy by more than 3,02 ECU per tonne of basic product; whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74⁽¹³⁾ the levies at present in force must therefore be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84, as fixed in the Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 2127/85 are hereby altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 August 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 198, 30. 7. 1985, p. 38.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 211, 8. 8. 1985, p. 29.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 15.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 August 1985 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Import levies	
	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT
11.01 G ⁽²⁾	109,04	106,02
11.02 A VII ⁽²⁾	109,04	106,02
11.02 B II a) ⁽²⁾	145,16	142,14
11.02 B II d) ⁽²⁾	169,32	166,30
11.02 C I ⁽²⁾	174,01	170,99
11.02 C VI ⁽²⁾	169,32	166,30
11.02 D I ⁽²⁾	112,03	109,01
11.02 D VI ⁽²⁾	109,04	106,02
11.02 E II a) ⁽²⁾	198,41	192,37
11.02 E II d) 2 ⁽²⁾	193,13	187,09
11.02 F I ⁽²⁾	198,41	192,37
11.02 F VII ⁽²⁾	109,04	106,02
11.02 G I	86,19	80,15
11.07 A I a)	201,11	190,23
11.07 A I b)	153,02	142,14
11.08 A III	194,53	173,98
11.09	497,66	316,32

⁽²⁾ For the purpose of distinguishing between products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 and those falling within subheading 23.02 A, products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 shall be those meeting the following specifications:

- a starch content (determined by the modified Ewers polarimetric method), referred to dry matter, exceeding 45 % by weight,
- an ash content, by weight, referred to dry matter (after deduction of any added minerals), not exceeding 1,6 % for rice, 2,5 % for wheat, 3 % for barley, 4 % for buckwheat, 5 % for oats and 2 % for other cereals.

Germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground, falls in all cases within heading No 11.02.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2284/85

of 8 August 1985

fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products in the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed, account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand, and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on cereals is being calculated;

Whereas these specific criteria are defined, as far as wheat and rye flour, groats and meal are concerned, in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75; whereas furthermore, when the refund on these products is being calculated, account must be taken of the quantities of cereals required for their manufacture; whereas these quantities were fixed in Regulation No 162/67/EEC⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1607/71⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84⁽⁷⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules set out above to the present situation on the market in cereals, and in particular to quotations or prices for these products within the Community and on the world market, that the refunds should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 August 1985.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 128, 27. 6. 1967, p. 2574/67.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 16.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 August 1985 fixing the export refunds on cereals and
on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CCT heading No	Description	Refund (ECU/tonne)
10.01 B I	Common wheat and meslin for exports to : — China — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — The Iberian Peninsula — other third countries	40,00 26,00 31,00 34,00
10.01 B II	Durum wheat for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	30,00 40,00
10.02	Rye for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	0 0
10.03	Barley for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — Zone II b) — Japan — other third countries	42,00 47,00 — 50,00
10.04	Oats for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	— —
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	—
10.07 B	Millet	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—
ex 11.01 A	Wheat flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 520 — of an ash content of 521 to 600 — of an ash content of 601 to 900 — of an ash content of 901 to 1 100 — of an ash content of 1 101 to 1 650 — of an ash content of 1 651 to 1 900	49,00 49,00 43,00 40,00 37,00 33,00

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne) Refund
ex 11.01 B	Rye flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 700 — of an ash content of 701 to 1 150 — of an ash content of 1 151 to 1 600 — of an ash content of 1 601 to 2 000	 49,00 49,00 49,00 49,00
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 1 300 ⁽¹⁾ — of an ash content of 0 to 1 300 ⁽²⁾ — of an ash content of 0 to 1 300 — of an ash content of more than 1 300	 190,00 181,00 164,00 156,00
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 520	 49,00

⁽¹⁾ Meal of which less than 10 % by weight is capable of passing through a sieve of 0,250 mm mesh.

⁽²⁾ Meal of which less than 10 % by weight is capable of passing through a sieve of 0,160 mm mesh.

N.B. The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 501/85 (OJ No L 60, 28. 2. 1985).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2285/85

of 8 August 1985

fixing the export refunds on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports, and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84⁽⁵⁾, defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on these products is being calculated;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in products

processed from cereals and rice that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84⁽⁷⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on malt listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 August 1985.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 15.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 August 1985 fixing the export refunds on malt

<i>(ECU / tonne)</i>	
CCT heading No	Refund
11.07 A I b)	34,58
11.07 A II b)	74,15
11.07 B	86,51

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2286/85

of 8 August 1985

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence; whereas, in this case, a corrective amount must be applied to the refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84⁽⁵⁾, made possible the fixing of a corrective amount for certain products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75;

Whereas pursuant to Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 2042/75⁽⁶⁾ a special period of validity may be fixed in respect of the export licence; whereas it seems advisable, in order to ensure that there is certainty as to the transactions, to fix corrective amounts in respect of the products in question that take account of the special periods of validity that may be granted;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75⁽⁷⁾ laid down detailed rules for the advance fixing of export refunds for cereals and certain products processed from cereals;

Whereas, pursuant to that Regulation, when the corrective amount is being fixed, account must be

taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and possibilities and conditions for the sale of cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Regulation provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas for the products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 account should be taken of the specific criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the corrective amount according to destination;

Whereas the corrective amount must be fixed at the same time as the refund and according to the same procedure;

Whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas, if the system of corrective amounts is to operate normally, corrective amounts should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84⁽⁹⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the preceding indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 15.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 213, 11. 8. 1975, p. 5.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 131, 22. 5. 1975, p. 15.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

export refunds fixed in advance in respect of cereals shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 which is applicable to

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 August 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1985.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 8 August 1985 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU / tonne)						
		Current 8	1st period 9	2nd period 10	3rd period 11	4th period 12	5th period 1	6th period 2
10.01 B I	Common wheat and meslin	0	0	— 2,00	— 3,00	— 5,00	—	—
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
10.04	Oats	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	— 15,00	— 15,00	—	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11.01 A	Common wheat flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.01 B	Rye flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	— 20,00	— 20,00	— 20,00
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	0	—	—

N. B. The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 501/85 (OJ No L 60, 28. 2. 1985).

CORRIGENDA**Corrigenda to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1736/85 of 4 June 1985 temporarily suspending the autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties on a number of industrial products***(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 170 of 1 July 1985)*

Page 6, subheading ex 56.01 A (Acetalized, multicomponent spun fibres...), line 2:

for: 'poly (vinyl alcohol)'

read: 'vinyl alcohol'.

Page 22, second entry under 'Description' column (with the figures and letters 'FP 54 AS 839' etc): in the last column, for '5' read '0'.

Page 47, subheading ex 26.36, under 'Description' column, last word,

for: 'toluidide'

read: 'toluidine'.

Page 50, fifteenth entry under 'Description' column:

for: '2,3 Bis [2...].'

read: '2,3-Bis [2.../...].'

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333 pp.

AX-41-84-224-EN-C ISBN 92-823-0082-X

Published in: Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek, Italian

Price (excluding VAT) in Luxembourg:

BFR 350 IRL 5.70 UKL 4.80 USD 6



OFFICE FOR OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES
L-2985 Luxembourg