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Contents

I *Acts whose publication is obligatory*

- ★ **Council Regulation (EEC) No 2275/84 of 1 August 1984 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1100/80 imposing a definitive anti-dumping duty on certain acrylic fibres originating in the United States of America** 1
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2276/84 of 3 August 1984 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal 4
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2277/84 of 3 August 1984 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt 6
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2278/84 of 31 July 1984 on the sale at a fixed price of butter to be exported to certain destinations in the form of ghee and amending Regulation (EEC) No 1687/76** 8
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2279/84 of 2 August 1984 opening a standing invitation to tender for the sale of olive oil held by the Italian intervention agency . . 12
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2280/84 of 2 August 1984 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1578/84 opening a standing invitation to tender for the sale of olive oil held by the Greek intervention agency 14
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2281/84 of 3 August 1984 amending Regulation (EEC) No 24/84 fixing export refunds for raw tobacco in respect of the 1983 crop . . 16
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2282/84 of 3 August 1984 fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 16 to 22 July 1984 18

(Continued overleaf)

Contents (continued)	Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2283/84 of 3 August 1984 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice	20
	Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2284/84 of 3 August 1984 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar	22
	Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2285/84 of 3 August 1984 prolonging the temporary suspension of the advance fixing of the import levy for maize	23
	* Information concerning the date of entry into force of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Republic of Romania amending Annex II to the Protocol annexed to the Agreement on trade in industrial products	24

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2275/84

of 1 August 1984

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1100/80 imposing a definitive anti-dumping duty on certain acrylic fibres originating in the United States of America

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84 of 23 July 1984 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal submitted by the Commission after consultation within the Advisory Committee as provided for by the above Regulation,

Whereas :

A. Procedure

- (1) The Council, by Regulation (EEC) No 1100/80⁽²⁾, imposed definitive anti-dumping duties on imports of certain acrylic fibres originating in the United States of America.
- (2) The duty imposed for discontinuous acrylic fibres falling within subheading ex 56.01 A of the Common Customs Tariff, corresponding to NIMEXE code 56.01-15 was 13,7 % and that for continuous filament tow of acrylic fibres falling within subheading ex 56.02 A of the Common Customs Tariff and corresponding to NIMEXE code 56.02-15 was 17,6 %.
- (3) Four exporters were exempted from the relevant definitive duties, three of them because sales by the producers concerned were not made at

dumped levels, and one because it had offered an acceptable price undertaking.

- (4) The Council, by Regulation (EEC) No 485/83⁽³⁾, amended the abovementioned Regulation in so far as it concerned a fifth American exporter who offered an acceptable price undertaking and was therefore exempted from the duties.
- (5) The Commission has since received a request from an Italian importer to review the duty in so far as it applies to a special type of modacrylic fibre produced by Eastman Kodak Company, Kingsport, Tennessee, USA and exported by Leigh Fibers Inc., Boston, Massachusetts, USA.
- (6) Since the Italian importer provided sufficient evidence to justify the review of the proceeding, the Commission accordingly announced, by a notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽⁴⁾, a review of the definitive anti-dumping duties on imports of certain acrylic fibres originating in the United States of America, and commenced an investigation of the matter at Community level.
- (7) The Commission officially so advised the exporters known by it to be concerned as well as the representatives of the exporting country and the complainants.
- (8) The Commission has afforded the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to be heard orally.
- (9) The majority of the Community producers, certain exporters and a few importers and users made their views known in writing.
- (10) The Commission sought and verified all information it deemed necessary for the purposes of a determination and carried out investigations at the premises of the following :

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 201, 30. 7. 1984, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 114, 3. 5. 1980, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 55, 2. 3. 1983, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 65, 6. 3. 1984, p. 2.

EEC producers :

- Courtaulds Ltd, Bradford,
- Snia Fibre SpA, Milan,
- Vomvix SA, Athens,
- Anicfibre SpA, Milan,
- Montefibre SpA, Milan ;

USA exporters :

- American Cyanamid, Wayne, New Jersey,
- Leigh Fibers Inc. Boston, Massachusetts ;

EEC users :

- Palazzini SpA, Milan,
- Tessile-Fiorentina SpA, Prato,
- Sifim SNC, Prato,
- Lanificio Fratelli Becagli, SAS, Prato.

- (11) Certain of the companies who had been exempted from the existing definitive duties submitted in writing that, after the imposition of the definitive duties, they had exported small quantities of special types of acrylic fibres which were altogether different from the types to which the definitive duties apply. Verified information showed that they were not like products. A comparison could therefore not be made and further investigation as regards these companies was accordingly not undertaken.
- (12) The Commission selected the calendar year 1983 as the relevant investigation period.

B. Normal value

- (13) For Leigh Fibers Inc. and American Cyanamid, normal values were established by taking weighted average prices of their domestic sales. The profitability of these prices was established for both companies in the domestic market in all relevant instances.

C. Export prices

- (14) Export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the products exported to the Community during the period of investigation.

D. Comparison

- (15) In comparing normal value with export prices, the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability such as differences in transport costs, payment terms and so on. All comparisons were made at an ex works level.
- (16) The above examination of the facts showed that no dumping existed in the case of Leigh Fibers

Inc. and that American Cyanamid had respected its price undertaking.

- (17) For those exporters who did not make themselves known in the course of the review investigation, and who consequently did not submit any new evidence, the Commission did not have any evidence that the dumping margins were any lower than the dumping margins determined in the original investigation. In addition, the Commission considered that it would constitute a bonus for non-cooperation to assume that this would be the case.

E. Injury

- (18) As regards injury, the Commission received no new evidence to alter its view that the continued application of the existing duty was necessary in order to eliminate injury and to prevent its recurrence.
- (19) In the circumstances, no alteration to the definitive duties is required.

F. Undertakings

- (20) After being informed of the findings of the investigation, Leigh Fibers Inc. has offered an undertaking. The Commission having taken into account the fact that Leigh Fibers Inc. exports modacrylics produced by Eastman Kodak Company, which has ceased production of modacrylics, and the fact that there is only a limited quantity to be sold, and having consulted the Member States, considers this undertaking to be acceptable, and that exports made by this company should now be excluded from the duties.
- (21) The Commission has also reviewed the undertaking of American Cyanamid accepted by Council Regulation (EEC) No 485/83. The Commission found no evidence showing that a modification of this undertaking, as requested by the Company, would be justified. Therefore, American Cyanamid agreed to maintain the present undertaking and should continue to be excluded from the application of the duties,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1100/80 is hereby replaced by the following :

Article 3

The definitive anti-dumping duty instituted by Article 1 shall not apply to acrylic fibres produced and exported by :

- Badische Corporation, Williamsburg, Virginia, USA,

- E.I. Dupont de Nemours and Company, Wilmington, Delaware, USA,
- Eastman Chemicals Division of Eastman Kodak Company, Kingsport, Tennessee, USA, (exported by Eastman Chemical International AG, Zug, Switzerland),
- Monsanto, International Sales Company, Missouri, USA,

- American Cyanamid Company, Wayne, New Jersey, USA,
- Leigh Fibers Inc., Boston, Massachusetts, USA.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 August 1984.

For the Council

The President

J. O'KEEFFE

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2276/84

of 3 August 1984

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2157/83⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient
provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)

No 974/71, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
2 August 1984;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2157/83 to today's
offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 4 August
1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 3 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 47.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 3 August 1984 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	73,20
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	119,02 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁷⁾
10.02	Rye	82,28 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	68,37
10.04	Oats	39,37
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	43,48 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	0 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	73,42 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D I	Triticale	⁽⁷⁾
10.07 D II	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	115,48
11.01 B	Rye flour	128,20
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	197,57
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	124,71

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 10.07 D I (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2277/84**of 3 August 1984****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2158/83 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient

provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)
No 974/71, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient ;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
2 August 1984 ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be
as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 4 August
1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 3 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 50.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 3 August 1984 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 8	1st period 9	2nd period 10	3rd period 11
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	1,26	1,26	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	3,16	3,16	1,57
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	2,64	2,64	15,86
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	10,66	10,66	10,66
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 8	1st period 9	2nd period 10	3rd period 11	4th period 12
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	5,62	5,62	2,79	2,79
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	4,20	4,20	2,09	2,09
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	4,90	4,90	2,43	2,43

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2278/84**of 31 July 1984****on the sale at a fixed price of butter to be exported to certain destinations in the form of ghee and amending Regulation (EEC) No 1687/76**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (7) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1223/83 of 20 May 1983 on the exchange rates to be applied in agriculture⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 6 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 985/68 of 15 July 1968 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in butter and cream⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3521/83⁽⁶⁾, provides that special conditions may be imposed on sales for export to take account of requirements specific to such sales and to guarantee that products will not be diverted from their intended use;

Whereas the quantity of butter in public storage and the expected rise in this quantity are such that Community processing industries should be allowed to make the maximum use of disposal potential on the world market for butter in all presentations; whereas in a number of non-member countries there is a demand for pure butter ghee, which competes with a substitute ghee produced from vegetable fat; whereas if the price of pure butter ghee could be made more competitive additional quantities of butter could be exported in this form without affecting the price of ordinary or normal dehydrated butter;

Whereas butter in public storage should be made available as a raw material to the processing industry at

a reduced price; whereas certain measures should be introduced to prevent any of the butter sold under this Regulation being put into free circulation in the Community and to prevent butter converted into ghee being used as dehydrated butter;

Whereas the industry may purchase the butter concerned throughout the Community; whereas the monetary compensatory amounts should therefore be adjusted in line with selling prices for intervention butter;

Whereas, in order to guarantee that butter is not diverted from its intended use, some form of control must be exercised from the time that the butter leaves storage until it reaches its destination in the non-member country; whereas, for the sake of clarity, it should be recalled that the control provisions set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1687/76⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2268/84⁽⁸⁾, are applicable; whereas the particular nature of this operation makes other control provisions necessary;

Whereas the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Butter purchased under Article 6 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 that went into storage before 1 April 1983 shall be offered for sale, under the conditions set out below, for export in the form of pure butter ghee, termed 'ghee' below, to the destinations listed in Annex I.

Article 2

1. The butter shall be sold:

(a) in lots of a minimum of 100 tonnes;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1983, p. 33.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 18. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 352, 15. 12. 1983, p. 4.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 190, 19. 7. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 208, 3. 8. 1984, p. 35.

- (b) ex-warehouse at a price equal to the purchase price applied by the intervention agency at the moment of conclusion of the sales contract less 40 ECU per 100 kilograms.

2. Purchase applications reaching the intervention agency on the same day shall be considered to have been lodged at the same time. Should the quantity applied for on any day be greater than that available in a store the intervention agency shall, should a friendly arrangement with the parties concerned not be possible, assign the available quantity by ballot.

Article 3

1. Butter may be purchased only by processors registered for this purpose by the Member State wherein the processing takes place who undertake in writing to respect the terms of this Regulation.

2. Sales contracts shall specify the Member State wherein processing into ghee will take place.

Article 4

1. The intervention agency shall keep up to date and make available to interested parties at their request a list of the coldstores where butter is available for sale and the quantities available.

2. The intervention agency shall make provision for interested parties to examine at their own cost, before conclusion of the sales contract, samples taken from the butter available for sale.

3. Purchasers shall renounce any right of claim concerning the quality and characteristics of the butter sold.

Article 5

1. The intervention agency shall not sell butter unless, at the latest when the sales contract is concluded, a down-payment of 5 ECU per 100 kilograms is made for the total quantity covered by the contract.

2. The purchaser may not remove the butter until :
- (a) the balance of the purchase price has been paid ; and
 - (b) security of 45 ECU per 100 kilograms has been lodged against the processing and exportation of the butter.

Article 6

1. Within 45 days of the day on which the sales contract was concluded the purchaser shall remove the butter. It may be removed in batches of not less than 20 tonnes.

2. Except in cases of *force majeure*, if the purchaser has not removed the butter within the prescribed time limit the sales contract shall be deemed to be annulled and the down-payment for these quantities shall be forfeit.

Article 7

The butter shall be delivered in packaging bearing one of the following indications in letters at least 1 cm high :

- 'Butter for processing into pure butter ghee (Regulation (EEC) No 2278/84)',
- 'Smør til fremstilling af »pure butter ghee« (forordning (EØF) nr. 2278/84)',
- 'Zur Verarbeitung in »pure butter ghee« bestimmte Butter (Verordnung (EWG) Nr. 2278/84)',
- 'Βούτυρο μεταποίηση σε καθαρό βούτυρο ghee [κανονισμός (ΕΟΚ) αριθ. 2278/84]',
- 'Beurre destiné à la transformation en *pure butter ghee* [règlement (CEE) n° 2278/84]',
- 'Burro destinato alla trasformazione in »pure butter ghee« (regolamento (CEE) n. 2278/84)',
- 'Boter voor verwerking tot »pure butter ghee« (Verordening (EEG) nr. 2278/84)'.

Article 8

The butter shall be processed, by the processors specified in Article 3, into concentrated butter containing at least 99,5 % butterfat into which the products indicated in Annex II have been incorporated, as specified therein.

Article 9

The finished product shall be packed in hermetically sealed metal containers with a net content of not more than 2,5 kilograms on which the words 'pure butter ghee' are printed in characters at least 5 mm high.

Article 10

Export formalities shall be completed in the Member State where processing took place within four months following the time limit for removal laid down in Article 6 (1).

Article 11

The following point 24 and footnote thereto are added to part II, 'Products subject to a use and/or destination other than that mentioned under I', of the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1687/76 :

- '24. Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2278/84 of 31 July 1984 on the sale at a fixed price of butter to be exported to certain destinations in the form of ghee (²⁴):

- (a) On the dispatch of the butter for processing :

— Section 104 :

“For processing and subsequent exportation of the butter (Regulation (EEC) No 2278/84)”.

— Section 106 :

The final date for removal of the butter.

- (b) On export of the butter ghee :

— Section 104 :

“For export (Regulation (EEC) No 2278/84)”.

— Section 106 :

— The final date for removal of the butter, and

— the weight of butter used to produce the quantity of butter ghee entered in section 103.’

(²⁴) OJ No L 209, 4. 8. 1984, p. 8.’

Article 12

Except in cases of *force majeure*, the security mentioned in Article 5 (2) (b) shall be forfeit pro rata with the quantities for which the proof mentioned in Article 13 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1687/76 is not

furnished within 12 months from the date of acceptance of the export declaration.

Article 13

The monetary compensatory amounts applicable to butter sold and processed under this Regulation shall be those fixed under Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 weighted by a coefficient given in part 5 of Annex I to the Regulation fixing the monetary compensatory amounts.

Article 14

The conversion rate applying for the purposes of this Regulation shall be the representative rate valid on the day the relevant sales contract is concluded.

Article 15

Member States shall notify the Commission by the 10th day of each month, at the latest, of the quantities of butter that during the previous month :

— were the subject of sales contracts under this Regulation,

— were removed from store.

Article 16

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 3 September 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

*ANNEX I***Destinations**

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------|
| — Egypt | — Iran |
| — Saudi Arabia | — Iraq |
| — Oman | — Jordan |
| — United Arab Emirates | — Lebanon |
| — Bahrain | — Israel |
| — Qatar | — North Yemen |
| — Kuwait | — South Yemen |
| — Syria | |

*ANNEX II***Denaturing formula**

To 1 000 kilograms of 99,5 % concentrated butter must be added :

(a) one or more compounds imparting the flavour of ghee, including either :

- at least 100 grams of butyric acid, either pure or as ethyl ester, or
- at least 10 grams of muscheton (2,6-dinitro-3,5-dimethyl-4-acetyl tertiary butylbenzene, $C_{14}H_{18}N_2O_3 = 294,30$).

(b) — 11 kilograms of triglycerides of enanthic (*n*-heptanoic) acid, at least 95 % pure calculated as triglycerides on the product ready for incorporation, with a maximum acid value of 0,3 %, a saponification number between 385 and 395, and a 95 % minimum content of enanthic acid in the esterified acid part, or

- 150 grams of stigmasterol ($C_{29}H_{48}O = \Delta 5,22$ -stigmastene-3-beta-ol), at least 95 % pure, calculated on the products ready for incorporation, or
 - 170 grams stigmasterol ($C_{29}H_{48}O = \Delta 5,22$ -stigmastene-3-beta-ol), at least 85 % pure, calculated on the product ready for incorporation, with a maximum of 7,5 % of brassicasterol ($C_{28}H_{46}O = \Delta 5,22$ -ergostene-3-beta-ol) and with a maximum of 4 % sitosterol ($C_{28}H_{48}O = \Delta 5$ -stigmastene-3 beta-ol).
-

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2279/84**of 2 August 1984****opening a standing invitation to tender for the sale of olive oil held by the
Italian intervention agency**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1556/84 ⁽²⁾,
and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No
2754/78 of 23 November 1978 ⁽³⁾ provides that olive
oil held by the intervention agencies shall be put up
for sale by tender;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 12 (1) of Regulation No
136/66/EEC, the Italian intervention agency has, since
the 1975/76 marketing year, bought in large quantities
of olive oil;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No
2960/77 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
2041/83 ⁽⁵⁾, laid down the conditions for the sale by
tender on the Community market and for export of
olive oil; whereas the state of the Italian market in
olive oil is at present favourable for the sale of part of
the said oil; whereas, in order to facilitate the regular
supply of the market up to the end of the current
marketing year, the sale should be effected by means
of a standing invitation to tender;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Italian intervention agency 'Azienda di Stato per
gli interventi nel mercato agricolo', hereinafter referred
to as 'AIMA', shall open a standing invitation to tender

in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation
and of Regulation (EEC) No 2960/77 for the sale on
the Community market of the following quantities of
olive oil:

- approximately 4 000 tonnes of extra virgin olive
oil,
- approximately 4 000 tonnes of fine virgin olive oil,
- approximately 4 000 tonnes of ordinary olive oil,
- approximately 7 000 tonnes of virgin lampante
olive oil,
- approximately 3 000 tonnes of residue oil.

Approximately one-half of these quantities will be put
on sale each month together with any unsold quanti-
ties from the previous invitations to tender.

Article 2

The invitation to tender shall be published on 8
August 1984. Particulars of the lots of oil offered for
sale and of the places where they are stored shall be
displayed at the central office of AIMA, Via Palestro
81, Rome, Italy.

A copy of the invitation to tender shall be sent
without delay to the Commission.

Article 3

The first series of tenders must reach AIMA, Via
Palestro 81, Rome, Italy not later than 2 p.m. (local
time) on 10 September 1984.

Subsequent series of tenders must be lodged by 2 p.m.
(local time) on 25 October 1984.

Article 4

1. With regard to virgin lampante olive oil, tenders
shall be submitted for an oil of 5° acidity.

With regard to olive residue oil, tenders shall be
submitted for an oil of 5° acidity.

2. Where the oil awarded has a different degree of
acidity from that for which the tender was submitted,
the price to be paid shall be equal to the price
tendered, increased or reduced in accordance with the
scale below:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 348, 30. 12. 1977, p. 46.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 200, 23. 7. 1983, p. 25.

A. Virgin lampante olive oil :

- up to 5° acidity ;
increase of Lit 4 291 for each degree or fraction of degree of acidity below 5° ,
- above 5° up to 8° acidity :
reduction of Lit 4 291 for each degree or fraction of degree of acidity above 5° ,
- above 8° :
additional reduction of Lit 4 694 for each degree or fraction of degree above 8° .

B. Olive residue oil :

- above 5° up to 8° acidity :
reduction of Lit 2 280 for each degree or fraction of degree of acidity above 5° ,
- above 8° :
additional reduction of Lit 2 682 for each degree or fraction of degree above 8° .

Article 5

Not later than three days after the expiry of each time limit laid down for the submission of tenders, AIMA shall send the Commission a list, without mentioning names, stating the highest tender received for each lot put up for sale.

Article 6

The minimum selling price shall be fixed, on the basis of the tenders received, not later than the last working

day of the month during which the tenders were submitted and in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 38 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC. The decision fixing the minimum selling price shall be notified forthwith to the Member State concerned.

Article 7

The olive oil shall be sold by AIMA not later than the seventh day of each month following that during which the tenders were submitted. AIMA shall supply the agencies responsible for storage with a list of the lots remaining unsold.

A list of the lots put up for sale and a list of the lots remaining unsold from the previous invitations to tender shall be displayed at the head office of AIMA not later than the seventh day of each month.

Article 8

The security referred to in Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 2960/77 shall be Lit 13 000 per 100 kilograms.

Article 9

The storage charge referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2960/77 shall be Lit 3 500 per 100 kilograms.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2280/84

of 2 August 1984

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1578/84 opening a standing invitation to tender
for the sale of olive oil held by the Greek intervention agency

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1556/84 ⁽²⁾,
and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No
1578/84 ⁽³⁾ opened a standing invitation to tender for
the sale on the internal market of a certain quantity of
olive oil held by the Greek intervention agency;

Whereas the state of the market in olive oil is at
present favourable for the sale of an additional quan-
tity of certain qualities of olive oil already put up for
sale;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1578/84 is hereby amended as
follows:

1. The first paragraph of Article 1 is replaced by the
following:

"The Greek intervention agency "Ypiresia Diachiri-
seos Agoron Georgikon Proionton", hereinafter
referred to as "Ydagep", shall open a standing invi-
tation to tender in accordance with the provisions
of this Regulation and of Regulation (EEC) No
2960/77 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)

No 2041/83 ⁽²⁾, for the sale on the Community
market of the following quantities of olive oil:

- approximately 4 000 tonnes of extra virgin
olive oil,
- approximately 13 000 tonnes of fine virgin
olive oil,
- approximately 7 000 tonnes of ordinary virgin
olive oil,
- approximately 13 000 tonnes of virgin
lampante olive oil,

These quantities shall be put up for sale as follows:

- extra virgin oil: 1 000 tonnes a month in the
first four months,
- fine virgin oil: 2 000 tonnes a month in the
first two months and 3 000 tonnes a month in
the following three months,
- ordinary virgin oil: 1 250 tonnes a month in
the first two months and 1 500 tonnes a month
in the following three months,
- virgin lampante oil: 2 000 tonnes a month in
the first two months and 3 000 tonnes a month
in the following three months.

Quantities not sold under one tendering procedure
shall be added to the quantities put up for sale in
the next tendering procedure.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 348, 30. 12. 1977, p. 46.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 200, 23. 7. 1983, p. 25.

2. The last paragraph of Article 3 is replaced by the
following:

'In the case of extra virgin oil, the last series of
tenders shall be from the unsold oil of the previous
sales.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its
publication in the *Official Journal of the European
Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 151, 7. 6. 1984, p. 25.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2281/84**of 3 August 1984****amending Regulation (EEC) No 24/84 fixing export refunds for raw tobacco in respect of the 1983 crop**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1461/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the third subparagraph of Article 9(2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 24/84 of 4 January 1984⁽³⁾ fixes the export refunds for certain varieties of tobacco from the 1983 crop; whereas Xanti-Yakà, Perustitza, Samsun and Erzegovina do not appear in the list of varieties for which an export refund is granted;

Whereas, since Regulation (EEC) No 24/84 was implemented, exports of these varieties have fallen considerably compared with their traditional volume due to the absence of export refunds; whereas, in order to avoid a deterioration of the market situation due to the presence of quantities which, due to the absence of

refunds, it has been impossible to export, exports should be restored to their traditional volume by granting, in respect of the varieties in question and in the light of their current marketing prospects, an export refund of an amount identical to that fixed for each of these varieties under the previous harvest;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Tobacco,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 24/84 is hereby replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 27.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 4, 6. 1. 1984, p. 8.

ANNEX

Serial No	Varieties	Amount of refund (ECU/kg)	Countries of destination
1	Badischer Geudertheimer	0,34	} to all third countries
2	Badischer Burley E	0,34	
4	(a) Paraguay	0,34	
	(b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appel terre	0,34	
7	Bright	0,30	} to all third countries with the exception of the USA and Canada
8	Burley I	0,30	
9	Maryland	0,30	
10	Kentucky	0,44	
11	(a) Forchheimer Havanna II c)	0,34	to all third countries
13	Xanti-Yakà	0,44	} to all third countries with the exception of Turkey and Yugoslavia
14	(a) Perustitza	0,44	
	(b) Samsun	0,30	
15	Erzegovina	0,44	
16	(a) Round Tip	} 0,72	to all third countries with the exception of the USA and Canada
	(b) Scafati		
	(c) Sumatra I		
17	Basmas	0,34	} to all third countries with the exception of Turkey and Yugoslavia
18	Katerini and similar varieties	0,34	
19	Kaba Koulak classic	0,34	
20	(a) Kaba Koulak non classic	0,44	
	(b) Elassona, Myrodata Smyrne, Trapezous, and Phi I	0,44	
21	Myrodata Agrinion	0,44	
22	Zichnomyrodata	0,34	
23	Tsebelia	0,44	
24	Mavra	0,44	} to all third countries with the exception of the USA and Canada
25	Burley GR	0,30	
26	Virginia GR	0,30	

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2282/84**of 3 August 1984****fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 16 to 22 July 1984**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1063/84 of 16 April 1984 on the granting of a premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals in the United Kingdom during the 1984/85 marketing year ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1063/84, an amount equivalent to the amount of the variable slaughter premium granted in the United Kingdom is levied on meat and meat preparations from animals on which it has been paid, when they are consigned to other Member States or to non-member countries;

Whereas, under Article 7 (1) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1355/84 of 16 May 1984 laying down detailed rules for the application of the premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals for slaughter in the United Kingdom during the 1984/85 marketing year ⁽²⁾, amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2018/84 ⁽³⁾, the amounts to be charged on departure from the territory of the United Kingdom of the

products listed in the Annex to the said Regulation must be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas, accordingly, the amounts to be levied on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 16 to 22 July 1984 should be fixed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1063/84, the amounts to be levied on the products referred to in Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1355/84 which left the territory of the United Kingdom during the week 16 to 22 July 1984 shall be those set out in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 16 July 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 105, 18. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 131, 17. 5. 1984, p. 19.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 187, 14. 7. 1984, p. 46.

ANNEX

Amounts to be levied on products which left the territory of the United Kingdom during
the week 16 to 22 July 1984

(ECU/100 kg net weight)		
CCT heading No	Description	Amount
1	2	3
ex 02.01 A II a) and ex 02.01 A II b)	Meat of adult bovine animals, fresh, chilled or frozen :	
	1. Carcases, half-carcases or 'compensated' quarters	26,26474
	2. Separated or unseparated forequarters	21,01179
	3. Separated or unseparated hindquarters	31,51769
	4. Other :	
	aa) Unboned (bone-in)	21,01179
	bb) Boned or boneless	35,98269
ex 02.06 C I a)	Meat salted, in brine, dried or smoked, of adult bovine animals :	
	1. Unboned (bone-in)	21,01179
	2. Boned or boneless	29,94180
ex 16.02 B III b) 1	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal, containing meat or offal of adult bovine animals :	
	aa) Uncooked ; mixtures of cooked meat or offal and uncooked meat or offal :	
	11. Containing 80 % or more by weight of beef meat excluding offals and fat	29,94180
	22. Other	21,01179

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2283/84

of 3 August 1984

altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 174/84⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the advice of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2171/84⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2271/84⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84 of 31 March 1984⁽⁹⁾ amended Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75⁽¹⁰⁾ as regards products falling within sub-heading 23.02 A of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 974/71, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 2 August 1984;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed differs from the average levy by more than 3,02 ECU per tonne of basic product; whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74⁽¹¹⁾ the levies at present in force must therefore be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84, as fixed in the Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 2171/84, are hereby altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 4 August 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 21, 26. 1. 1984, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 197, 27. 7. 1984, p. 38.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 208, 3. 8. 1984, p. 41.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 15.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 3 August 1984 altering the import levies on products
processed from cereals and rice

CCT heading No	Import levies	
	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT
23.02 A I a)	31,99	25,99
23.02 A I b)	61,68	55,68
23.02 A II a)	31,99	25,99
23.02 A II b)	61,68	55,68

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2284/84
of 3 August 1984
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1854/84⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2220/84⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1854/84 to the information known to the Commission that the levies

at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 4 August 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 30. 6. 1984, p. 53.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 203, 31. 7. 1984, p. 37.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 3 August 1984 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form:	
	A. White sugar: flavoured or coloured sugar	46,77
	B. Raw sugar	42,85 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 %; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2285/84**of 3 August 1984****prolonging the temporary suspension of the advance fixing of the import levy
for maize**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the
first subparagraph of Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas Article 15 (7) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 provides that the provisions concerning
advance fixing of the levy may be suspended if the
market situation shows that the application of such
provisions will or is likely to cause difficulties;

Whereas there is a danger, having regard to the situa-
tion on the world cereals market, that, if existing
arrangements are adhered to, levies could be fixed in
advance in the short term for quantities considerably
greater than the quantities which might be expected
under more normal conditions;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2259/84
of 1 August 1984 ⁽³⁾ temporarily suspended advance

fixing of the import levy for maize; whereas the
reasons which led to that suspension still exist;
whereas it is important, therefore, to continue that
measure for a limited period, which will make it
possible to monitor the situation;

Whereas the Management Committee for Cereals has
not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by
its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2259/84 '6
August 1984' is hereby replaced by '9 August 1984'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 4 August
1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 3 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 206, 2. 8. 1984, p. 26.

Information concerning the date of entry into force of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Republic of Romania amending Annex II to the Protocol annexed to the Agreement on trade in industrial products

As the exchange of letters provided for in Council Regulation (EEC) No 454/84 of 21 February 1984⁽¹⁾ took place on 25 June 1984, the abovementioned Agreement entered into force on that date.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 53, 24. 2. 1984, p. 3.

