

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378-6978

L 192

Volume 27

20 July 1984

English edition

Legislation

Contents

I *Acts whose publication is obligatory*

- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2073/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal 1
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2074/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt 3
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2075/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products 5
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2076/84 of 19 July 1984 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2793/77 on detailed rules of application for granting special aid for skimmed milk for use as feed for animals other than young calves 8**
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2077/84 of 19 July 1984 amending Regulation No 282/67/EEC on detailed rules on intervention for oil seeds 9**
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2078/84 of 19 July 1984 amending Regulation (EEC) No 900/84 as regards certain monetary compensatory amounts and coefficients required for their application 10
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2079/84 of 19 July 1984 amending for the 13th time Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78 laying down detailed rules for the application of the system of aid for dried fodder 11**
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2080/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 25 June to 1 July 1984 12
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2081/84 of 19 July 1984 derogating in respect of the opening weeks of the 1984/85 marketing year from the quality standards applicable to certain varieties of apples and pears 14**

(Continued overleaf)

Contents (continued)

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2082/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for eggs	16
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2083/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for poultrymeat	19
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2084/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the sluice-gate prices and import duties for ovalbumin and lactalbumin	24
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2085/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal	26
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2086/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the export refunds on malt	30
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2087/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar	32
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2088/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt	33

II *Acts whose publication is not obligatory*

Commission

84/364/EC :

- ★ **Commission Decision of 16 May 1984 concerning the proposal by the Italian Government to award aid to an engine and tractor manufacturer** 35

84/365/EEC :

- ★ **Commission Decision of 29 June 1984 establishing that the apparatus described as 'PAR — Scanning Potentiostat, model 362 with incorporated programmer' may not be imported free of Common Customs Tariff duties** 38

84/366/EEC :

Commission Decision of 29 June 1984 fixing maximum amounts for contracts awarded under the tendering procedure opened by Regulation (EEC) No 1619/84 on the supply of various lots of butteroil as food aid 39

(Continued on inside back cover)

Contents (continued)

84/367/EEC :

Commission Decision of 29 June 1984 fixing maximum amounts for contracts awarded under the tendering procedure opened by Regulation (EEC) No 1618/84 on the supply of various lots of butter as food aid 40

84/368/EEC :

Commission Decision of 29 June 1984 fixing maximum amounts for contracts awarded under the tendering procedure opened by Regulation (EEC) No 1620/84 on the supply of various lots of skimmed-milk powder as food aid 41

84/369/EEC :

Commission Decision of 29 June 1984 fixing the maximum aid levels for butter and concentrated butter for the 61st individual invitation to tender issued under the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1932/81 . . . 42

84/370/EEC :

Commission Decision of 29 June 1984 fixing the minimum selling prices for butter for the 80th individual invitation to tender under the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 262/79 44

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2073/84
of 19 July 1984**

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2157/83⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis :

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies in relation to the Community
currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
18 July 1984 ; whereas, moreover, the coefficient
referred to in Article 2b of Regulation (EEC) No
974/71, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
855/84, has been applied with respect to durum
wheat ;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2157/83 to today's
offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 47.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1984 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	102,94
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	128,44 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	111,70 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	88,13
10.04	Oats	65,24
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	50,73 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	0 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	97,05 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	159,93
11.01 B	Rye flour	172,16
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	211,29
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	169,61

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2074/84**of 19 July 1984****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2158/83⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of

these currencies in relation to the Community
currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
18 July 1984; whereas, moreover, the coefficient
referred to in Article 2b of Regulation (EEC) No
974/71, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
855/84, has been applied with respect to durum
wheat;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be
as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 206, 30. 7. 1983, p. 50.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1984 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)			
		Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	2,45	2,45	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	6,33	6,33	11,30
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	7,98	7,98	16,92
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	5,74
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

CCT heading No	Description	(ECU/tonne)				
		Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10	4th period 11
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	11,27	11,27	20,11	20,11
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	8,42	8,42	15,03	15,03
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	9,81	9,81	17,52	17,52

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2075/84

of 19 July 1984

fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1556/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 663/84 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 663/84 and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1112/84 ⁽⁷⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey ⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 664/84 ⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon ⁽¹⁰⁾;

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978 ⁽¹¹⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender ⁽¹²⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 16 and 17 July 1984 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 73, 16. 3. 1984, p. 10.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 108, 25. 4. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 73, 16. 3. 1984, p. 11.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	63,50 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	63,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	63,00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	73,00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	101,00 ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

- (a) Spain and Lebanon : 0,60 ECU/100 kg ;
- (b) Turkey : 22,36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;
- (c) Algeria and Morocco : 24,78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.
- (d) Tunisia : 34,78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,86 ECU/100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7,25 ECU/100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5,80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	13,86
07.03 A II	13,86
15.17 B I a)	31,50
15.17 B I b)	50,40
23.04 A II	5,04

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2076/84**of 19 July 1984****amending Regulation (EEC) No 2793/77 on detailed rules of application for granting special aid for skimmed milk for use as feed for animals other than young calves**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas Article 3 (1) (b) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2793/77 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1247/84 ⁽⁴⁾, specifies the methods which may be used to denature skimmed milk; whereas Commission Directive 83/615/EEC of 29 November 1983 amending the Annexes to Council Directive 70/524/EEC concerning additives in feedingstuffs ⁽⁵⁾ replaced, with effect from 1 September 1984, the maximum levels of copper which may be used in feedingstuffs; whereas the quantity of copper stipu-

lated in one of the denaturing methods for skimmed milk provided for in the said Article should be adapted accordingly;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 3 (1) (b), third indent, '200 grams' is replaced by '175 grams'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 321, 16. 12. 1977, p. 30.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 120, 5. 5. 1984, p. 10.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 350, 13. 12. 1983, p. 17.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2077/84**of 19 July 1984****amending Regulation No 282/67/EEC on detailed rules on intervention for oil seeds**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1556/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 26 (3) thereof,

Whereas Article 7 of Commission Regulation No 282/67/EEC ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2039/83 ⁽⁴⁾ provides that increases or reductions are to be made in the intervention price paid for seed which is not of standard quality; whereas, in view of the price developments during the 1983/84 marketing year, the increases and reductions set out in Annex I to Regulation No 282/67/EEC should be altered;

Whereas Article 7a, paragraph 1, of the same Regulation provides for a special premium for certain rape seed low in glucosinolates, presented for intervention during the 1983/84 marketing year; whereas this premium should be maintained for the 1984/85 marketing year;

Whereas the Management Committee for Oils and Fats has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation No 282/67/EEC is hereby amended as follows:

1. In Article 7a, paragraph 1, 'marketing year 1983/84' is replaced by 'marketing years 1983/84 and 1984/85'.
2. In part I of Annex I, '0,025 ECU' is replaced by '0,045 ECU'.
3. In part II of Annex I, '0,035 ECU' is replaced by '0,055 ECU'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 July 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 151, 13. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 200, 23. 7. 1983, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2078/84**of 19 July 1984****amending Regulation (EEC) No 900/84 as regards certain monetary compensatory amounts and coefficients required for their application**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 of 12 May 1971 on certain measures of conjunctural policy to be taken in agriculture following the temporary widening of the margins of fluctuation for the currencies of certain Member States ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 855/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas the monetary compensatory amounts introduced by Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 900/84 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2017/84 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 900/84 lays down certain amounts and coefficients to take account of prices which, as a result of the granting of aid, are lower than the intervention prices for skimmed-milk powder; whereas this Regulation permits the former monetary compensatory amount to be applied in respect of skimmed-milk powder purchased from the German intervention agency during the previous milk marketing year; whereas it has emerged that such purchases have also been made in Ireland and the United Kingdom, part of which has

been transferred to other Member States after the beginning of the new marketing year; whereas provisions should therefore be made for applying the former compensatory amounts to all cases which have arisen;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In the third subparagraph of note ⁽¹⁾ to part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 900/84, 'from the German intervention agency' is replaced by 'from an intervention agency'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

However, at the request of the party concerned it shall be applicable for the period 2 April to 12 May 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 92, 2. 4. 1984, p. 2.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 187, 14. 7. 1984, p. 41.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2079/84**of 19 July 1984****amending for the 13th time Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78 laying down detailed rules for the application of the system of aid for dried fodder**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78 is hereby amended as follows :

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 of 22 May 1978 on the common organization of the market in dried fodder⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1220/83⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (3) thereof,

1. In Article 3 (3), the following subparagraph is inserted after the first subparagraph :

'The threshold price to be taken into account shall be equal to the average of the threshold prices valid during the barley marketing year during which the month for which the average world market price is being determined falls.'

Whereas, where the average world market price for dried fodder is determined on the basis of the prices of competing products, Articles 3 and 5 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 839/84⁽⁴⁾, lay down that, in the case of barley, account must be taken of the threshold price of this product ; whereas this practice of referring to the actual threshold prices of barley gives rise to certain anomalies ; whereas this difficulty can be eliminated by considering an average threshold price for the marketing year ;

2. In Article 5, the following paragraph 4 is added :

'4. Where, by application of paragraph 3 and Article 6, the forward average world market price is determined in accordance with Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78, the threshold price for barley to be taken into account shall be equal to the average of the threshold prices valid during the barley marketing year during which the month for which the forward average world market price is being determined falls.'

Article 2

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Dried Fodder,

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1983, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 179, 1. 7. 1978, p. 10.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 88, 31. 3. 1984, p. 52.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2080/84
of 19 July 1984

**fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the
United Kingdom during the week 25 June to 1 July 1984**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1063/84 of 16 April 1984 on the granting of a
premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine
animals in the United Kingdom during the 1984/85
marketing year⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No
1063/84, an amount equivalent to the amount of the
variable slaughter premium granted in the United
Kingdom is levied on meat and meat preparations
from animals on which it has been paid, when they
are consigned to other Member States or to non-
member countries;

Whereas, under Article 7 (1) of Commission Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1355/84 of 16 May 1984 laying down
detailed rules for the application of the premium for
the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals for
slaughter in the United Kingdom during the 1984/85
marketing year⁽²⁾, the amounts to be charged on
departure from the territory of the United Kingdom of

the products listed in the Annex to the said Regula-
tion must be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas, accordingly, the amounts to be levied on
products which left the United Kingdom during the
week 25 June to 1 July 1984 should be fixed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1063/84,
the amounts to be levied on the products referred to in
Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1355/84 which
left the territory of the United Kingdom during the
week 25 June to 1 July 1984 shall be those set out in
the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its
publication in the *Official Journal of the European
Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 25 June 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 105, 18. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 131, 17. 5. 1984, p. 19.

ANNEX

Amounts to be levied on products which left the territory of the United Kingdom during
the week 25 June to 1 July 1984

(ECU/100 kg net weight)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount
1	2	3
ex 02.01 A II a) and ex 02.01 A II b)	Meat of adult bovine animals, fresh, chilled or frozen : 1. Carcases, half-carcases or 'compensated' quarters 2. Separated or unseparated forequarters 3. Separated or unseparated hindquarters 4. Other : aa) Unboned (bone-in) bb) Boned or boneless	 26,26474 21,01179 31,51769 21,01179 35,98269
ex 02.06 C I a)	Meat salted, in brine, dried or smoked, of adult bovine animals : 1. Unboned (bone-in) 2. Boned or boneless	 21,01179 29,94180
ex 16.02 B III b) 1	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal, containing meat or offal of adult bovine animals : aa) Uncooked ; mixtures of cooked meat or offal and uncooked meat or offal	 29,94180

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2081/84**of 19 July 1984****derogating in respect of the opening weeks of the 1984/85 marketing year from the quality standards applicable to certain varieties of apples and pears**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1332/84⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 2 (3) thereof,

Whereas, under the quality standards for dessert apples and pears set out in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1641/71 of 27 July 1971⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2066/83⁽⁴⁾, the fruit must be sufficiently ripe to arrive in a satisfactory condition at the place of destination; whereas one of the criteria for judging the ripeness of certain varieties of apples and pears at the beginning of the marketing year is that they must be sufficiently large; whereas, since the minimum size laid down in the relevant quality standard is not large enough to meet that requirement, it should be fixed for a certain period at a higher level;

Whereas the need for this derogation from the minimum size laid down in the quality standards may not arise everywhere in the Community; whereas the Member States should therefore be empowered not to apply the derogation or to re-apply the standard earlier than the dates fixed in the Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. By way of derogation from Title III of the quality standards for dessert apples and pears contained in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1641/71 and subject to paragraph 2 below, the minimum size required of fruit of the 1984 harvest marketed within the Community shall be:

- (a) for apples of the George Cave variety, 60 mm until 12 August 1984;
- (b) for apples of the Grenadier variety, 70 mm until 12 August 1984;
- (c) for apples of the James Grieve variety and mutations (except the Red James Grieve variety), 70 mm until 2 September 1984 and 65 mm from 3 September to 16 September 1984;
- (d) for apples of the Golden Delicious variety, 65 mm until 23 September 1984;
- (e) for apples of the Gravensteiner variety, 70 mm until 9 September 1984;
- (f) for apples of the Cox's orange pippin variety, 65 mm until 30 September 1984;
- (g) for apples of the Worcester pearmain variety, 60 mm until 9 September 1984;
- (h) for apples of the Discovery variety, 60 mm until 12 August 1984;
- (i) for apples of the Tydemans Early variety, 65 mm until 26 August 1984;
- (j) for apples of the Summerred variety, 65 mm until 16 September 1984;
- (k) for apples of the Red James Grieve varieties, 70 mm until 9 September 1984;
- (l) for apples of the Spartan variety, 65 mm until 30 September 1984;
- (m) for apples of the Bramley Seedling variety, 80 mm until 9 September 1984;
- (n) for pears of the Dr Jules Guyot and Early Morettini Butter-pear varieties, 60 mm until 26 August 1984;
- (o) for pears of the Bon Chrétien Williams variety, 60 mm until 9 September 1984;
- (p) for pears of the Beurré Hardy and Alexandrine Douillard varieties, 60 mm until 7 October 1984;

However, Member States may decide, in the light of conditions peculiar to their home production, not to apply this derogation in respect of apples and pears harvested in their territory and marketed within the Community or to bring forward the date on which the derogation shall cease to apply. They shall without delay inform the other Member States and the Commission of such decision.

2. The derogation provided for in paragraph 1 shall not apply in respect of trade in dessert apples and pears with third countries.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 130, 16. 5. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 31. 7. 1971, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 202, 26. 7. 1983, p. 28.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2082/84**of 19 July 1984****fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for eggs**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2771/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in eggs⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 3643/81⁽²⁾, and in particular
Articles 3 and 7 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 855/84
of 31 March 1984 on the calculation and the dis-
mantlement of the monetary compensatory amounts
applying to certain agricultural products⁽³⁾, as last
amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1004/84⁽⁴⁾,
and in particular Article 1 thereof,

Whereas a levy fixed quarterly in advance must be
charged on imports into the Community for the
products specified in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC)
No 2771/75; whereas levies were last fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1057/84⁽⁵⁾ for the period ending 31
July 1984 and levies must therefore be fixed anew for
the period 1 August to 31 October 1984;

Whereas, pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No
855/84, the central rate used under the common agri-
cultural policy has been subjected to a corrective factor
of 1,033651 with effect from the 1984/85 marketing
year; whereas the corrected central rate has led to a
change in the relationship between the Community
price and the world market price; whereas account
should therefore be taken of this fact by subjecting
world market prices to a corrective factor of 0,967445
used for the calculation of levies and sluice-gate
prices;

Whereas the levy on eggs in shell is made up of two
components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the
difference between prices within the Community and
on the world market for the quantity of feed grain

specified in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2773/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down rules for
calculating the levy and the sluice-gate price for
eggs⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
2300/77⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas the price within the Community for that
quantity of feed grain must be determined in accord-
ance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75;
whereas the price for the like quantity on the world
market must be determined in accordance with Article
3 thereof;

Whereas the said Article 3 provides that the prices for
each type of feed grain on the world market shall be
equal to the average of the cif prices determined for
that cereal for the period of five months ending one
month before the quarter in respect of which the said
component is calculated; whereas that period is
1 February to 30 June 1984;

Whereas the second component must be equal to 7 %
of the average of the sluice-gate prices applicable for
the four quarters to 1 May in each year;

Whereas the levy on eggs for hatching must be calcu-
lated in the same way as the levy on eggs in shell;
whereas, however, the quantity of feed grain used in
the calculation must be that shown in Annex I to
Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75; whereas the second
component must be equal to 7 % of the average of the
sluice-gate prices applicable to eggs for hatching;

Whereas the levy on the products specified in Article
1 (1)(b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 must be
derived from the levy on eggs in shell on the basis of
the coefficients set out in the Annex to Commission
Regulation No 164/67/EEC of 26 June 1967 fixing
the factors for calculating levies and sluice-gate prices
for derived egg products⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1775/74⁽⁹⁾;

Whereas sluice-gate prices for the products specified
in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 must
be fixed in advance for each quarter; whereas sluice-
gate prices were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 49.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 364, 19. 12. 1981, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 101, 13. 4. 1984, p. 2.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 104, 17. 4. 1984, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 64.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 271, 22. 10. 1977, p. 6.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No 129, 28. 6. 1967, p. 2578/67.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 186, 10. 7. 1974, p. 14.

1057/84 for the period ending 31 July 1984, and prices must therefore be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1984;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for eggs in shell is made up of two components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the price on the world market for the quantity of feed grain specified in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75;

Whereas the price for that quantity of grain must be determined in accordance with Article 4 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75;

Whereas the said Article 4 provides that the price for each cereal on the world market shall be equal to the average of the cif prices determined for that cereal for the period of five months ending one month before the quarter in respect of which the said component is calculated; whereas that period is 1 February to 30 June 1984;

Whereas the second amount, which represents other feeding costs and overhead costs of production and marketing, is fixed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for eggs for hatching must be calculated in the same way as the sluice-gate price for eggs in shell; whereas, however, the quantity of feed grain used in the calculation must be that specified in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2773/75; whereas the standard amount must be that fixed in the same Annex;

Whereas the sluice-gate prices for the products specified in Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 must be derived from the sluice-gate prices for eggs in shell, taking into account the value of the basic product, the coefficients for those products fixed in accordance with Article 5 (2) of that Regulation and

the standard amount fixed in the Annex to Regulation No 164/67/EEC;

Whereas, as regards the lower value to be allowed for in the calculation of the sluice-gate prices for whole products, account must be taken of the absence of certain marketing costs specific to eggs in shell, and of a percentage reflecting the lower prices generally obtained for eggs intended for processing; whereas these marketing costs — to be deducted from the sluice-gate price for eggs in shell — may be assessed at 0,0967 ECU per kilogram; whereas the percentage to be deducted from that reduced sluice-gate price may be assessed at 20 %;

Whereas, as regards the lower value to be allowed for in the calculation of the sluice-gate prices for separated products, the same reduction in marketing costs as for whole products should be allowed for; whereas, however, the percentage to be deducted should be lower than that taken for whole products, as the production of separated products requires the use of fresh eggs; whereas this percentage may be assessed at 7 %;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The levies provided for in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 and the sluice-gate prices provided for in Article 7 thereof, in respect of the products specified in Article 1 (1) thereof, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1984 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for eggs

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price	Levy
1	2	3	4
04.05	Birds' eggs and egg yolks, fresh, dried or otherwise preserved, sweetened or not : A. Eggs in shell, fresh or preserved : I. Poultry eggs : a) Eggs for hatching (a) : 1. Of turkeys or geese 2. Other b) Other B. Eggs, not in shell ; egg yolks : I. Suitable for human consumption : a) Eggs not in shell : 1. Dried 2. Other b) Egg yolks : 1. Liquid 2. Frozen 3. Dried	ECU/100 units	ECU/100 units
		45,82	7,10
		12,39	2,48
		ECU/100 kg	ECU/100 kg
		103,31	24,11
		412,34	108,98
		108,66	27,97
		221,18	49,18
		235,80	52,56
		492,21	112,83

(a) Only poultry eggs which fulfil the conditions stipulated by the competent authorities of the European Communities are eligible for entry under this subheading.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2083/84**of 19 July 1984****fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for poultrymeat**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in poultrymeat⁽¹⁾, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Greece⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 3 and 7 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 855/84 of 31 March 1984 on the calculation and the dismantlement of the monetary compensatory amounts applying to certain agricultural products⁽³⁾, as last amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1004/84⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

Whereas a levy fixed quarterly in advance must be charged on imports into the Community for the products specified in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75; whereas levies were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1058/84⁽⁵⁾ for the period ending 31 July 1984 and levies must therefore be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1984;

Whereas, pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 855/84, the central rate used under the common agricultural policy has been subjected to a corrective factor of 1,033651 with effect from the 1984/85 marketing year; whereas the corrected central rate has led to a change in the relationship between the Community price and the world market price; whereas account should therefore be taken of this fact by subjecting world market prices to a corrective factor of 0,967445 used for the calculation of levies and sluice-gate prices;

Whereas the levy on slaughtered poultry is made up of two components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the difference between prices within the Community and on the world market for the quantity of feed grain specified in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down rules for

calculating the levy and the sluice-gate price for poultrymeat⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 750/81⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas the price within the Community for that quantity of feed grain must be determined in accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75; whereas the price for the like quantity on the world market must be determined in accordance with Article 3 thereof;

Whereas the said Article 3 provides that the price for each type of feed grain on the world market shall be equal to the average of the cif prices determined for that cereal for the period of five months ending one month before the quarter in respect of which the said component is calculated; whereas that period is 1 February to 30 June 1984;

Whereas the second component must be equal to 7 % of the average of the sluice-gate prices applicable for the four quarters to 1 May in each year;

Whereas the levy on chicks must be calculated in the same way as the levy on slaughtered poultry; whereas, however, the quantity of feed grain used in the calculation must be that shown in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75; whereas the second component must be equal to 7 % of the average of the sluice-gate prices applicable to chicks;

Whereas the levy on the products specified in Article 1 (2) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 must be derived from the levy on slaughtered poultry on the basis of the coefficients set out in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3011/79 of 20 December 1979 fixing the coefficients for calculating levies on derived poultrymeat products and repealing Regulation No 199/67/EEC⁽⁸⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1507/82⁽⁹⁾;

Whereas, in the case of products falling within heading No 02.03 and within subheadings 15.01 B or 16.02 B I of the Common Customs Tariff, in respect of which the rate of duty has been bound within GATT, the levies must not exceed the amount resulting from that binding;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 77.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 291, 19. 11. 1979, p. 17.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 101, 13. 4. 1984, p. 2.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 104, 17. 4. 1984, p. 10.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 84.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 80, 26. 3. 1981, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 337, 29. 12. 1979, p. 65.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 168, 15. 6. 1982, p. 5.

Whereas sluice-gate prices for the products specified in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 must be fixed in advance for each quarter; whereas sluice-gate prices were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1058/84 for the period ending 31 July 1984, and prices must therefore be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1984;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for slaughtered poultry is made up of two components;

Whereas the first component must be equal to the price on the world market for the quantity of feed grain shown in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75;

Whereas the price for that quantity of cereals must be determined in accordance with Article 4 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75;

Whereas the said Article 4 provides that the price for each cereal on the world market shall be equal to the average of the cif prices determined for that cereal for the period of five months ending one month before the quarter in respect of which the said component is calculated; whereas that period is 1 February to 30 June 1984;

Whereas the second amount, which represents other feeding costs and overhead costs of production and marketing, is fixed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for chicks must be calculated in the same way as the sluice-gate price for slaughtered poultry; whereas, however, the quantity of feed grain used in the calculation must be that shown

in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2778/75; whereas the standard amount must be that fixed in the same Annex;

Whereas the sluice-gate price for the products specified in Article 1 (2) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 must be derived from the sluice-gate prices for slaughtered poultry on the basis of the coefficients fixed for these products in accordance with Article 5 (3) of that Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The levies provided for in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 and the sluice-gate prices provided for in Article 7 thereof, in respect of the products specified in Article 1 (1), shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

2. Nevertheless, in the case of products falling within heading No 02.03 and within subheadings 15.01 B or 16.02 B I of the Common Customs Tariff, in respect of which the rate of duty has been bound within GATT, the levy shall not exceed the amount resulting from that binding.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1984 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for poultrymeat

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price	Levy
1	2	3	4
01.05	Live poultry, that is to say, fowls, ducks, geese, turkeys and guinea-fowls : A. Of a weight not exceeding 185 g, known as 'chicks': I. Turkeys and geese II. Other	ECU/100 units	ECU/100 units
		87,68	11,62
		24,66	4,31
		ECU/100 kg	ECU/100 kg
		83,42	15,45
		109,40	23,69
02.02	Dead poultry (that is to say, fowls, ducks, geese, turkeys and guinea-fowls) and edible offals thereof (except liver), fresh, chilled or frozen : A. Whole poultry : I. Fowls : a) Plucked and gutted, with heads and feet, known as '83 % chickens' b) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, but with hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '70 % chickens' c) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet and without hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '65 % chickens' II. Ducks : a) Plucked, bled, not drawn or gutted, with heads and feet, known as '85 % ducks' b) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, with hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '70 % ducks' c) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, without hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '63 % ducks' III. Geese : a) Plucked, bled, not drawn, with heads and feet, known as '82 % geese' b) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, with or without hearts and gizzards, known as '75 % geese' IV. Turkeys a) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet but with necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '80 % turkeys' b) Plucked and drawn, without heads and feet and without necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '73 % turkeys' V. Guinea-fowls	128,39	23,42
		112,18	18,66
		139,64	27,41
		104,81	19,41
		119,17	22,07
		129,85	24,05
		128,70	27,87
		156,29	33,84
		173,65	37,60
		183,42	33,45
		176,35	34,87
		160,25	26,65
		175,60	29,20
		199,49	39,15

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price	Levy
1	2	3	4
		ECU/100 kg	ECU/100 kg
02.02 (cont'd)	B. Poultry cuts (excluding offals): I. Boned or boneless: a) Of geese b) Of turkeys c) Of other poultry II. Unboned (bone-in): a) Halves or quarters: 1. Of fowls 2. Of ducks 3. Of geese 4. Of turkeys 5. Of guinea-fowls b) Whole wings, with or without tips c) Backs, necks, backs with necks attached, rumps and wing tips d) Breasts and cuts of breasts: 1. Of geese 2. Of turkeys 3. Of other poultry e) Legs and cuts of legs: 1. Of geese 2. Of turkeys: aa) Drumsticks and cuts of drumsticks bb) Other 3. Of other poultry f) Goose or duck paletots (!) g) Other C. Offals	370,34 336,53 332,47 142,84 191,02 193,99 193,16 219,44 105,50 73,04 264,53 256,40 196,63 255,71 120,19 216,34 184,71 232,85 324,62 73,04	73,23 55,97 66,55 26,46 41,36 38,36 32,12 43,07 20,36 14,09 52,31 42,64 36,42 50,56 19,99 35,98 34,21 48,10 62,64 14,09
02.03	Poultry liver, fresh, chilled, frozen, salted or in brine: A. Fatty liver of goose or duck B. Other	1 834,20 186,66	334,50 36,02
02.05	Pig fat, free of lean meat and poultry fat (not rendered or solvent-extracted), fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, in brine, dried or smoked: C. Poultry fat	162,31	31,32
15.01	Lard, other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent-extracted: B. Poultry fat	194,77	37,58

- (1) For the purposes of subheading 02.02 B II f, 'goose or duck paletots' shall be taken to mean geese or ducks plucked and completely drawn, without heads or feet, with carcase bones (breastbone, ribs, backbone and sacrum) removed but with the femurs, tibias and humeri.
- (2) For the purpose of determining the percentage of poultrymeat, weight of any bones shall be disregarded.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2084/84

of 19 July 1984

fixing the sluice-gate prices and import duties for ovalbumin and lactalbumin

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2783/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common system of trade for ovalbumin and lactalbumin⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 (2) and the second subparagraph of Article 5 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 855/84 of 31 March 1984 on the calculation and the dismantlement of the monetary compensatory amounts applying to certain agricultural products⁽²⁾, as last amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1004/84⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

Whereas the sluice-gate prices and import duties for the products specified in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2783/75 must be fixed quarterly in advance;

Whereas, since the sluice-gate prices and import duties for ovalbumin and lactalbumin were last fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1059/84⁽⁴⁾ for the period ending 31 July 1984, they must be fixed anew for the period 1 August to 31 October 1984; whereas they must be fixed by reference to the sluice-gate price and levy applicable to eggs in shell during the same period;

Whereas, pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 855/84, the central rate used under the common agricultural policy has been subjected to a corrective factor of 1,033651 with effect from the 1984/85 marketing year; whereas the corrected central rate has led to a

change in the relationship between the Community price and the world market price; whereas account should therefore be taken of this fact by subjecting world market prices to a corrective factor of 0,967445 used for the calculation of levies and sluice-gate prices;

Whereas these have been fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2082/84 of 19 July 1984 fixing the sluice-gate prices and levies for eggs⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the methods for calculating sluice-gate prices and import duties are laid down in Regulation No 200/67/EEC⁽⁶⁾; whereas these methods should be used to calculate the sluice-gate prices and import duties for the coming quarter;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Poultrymeat and Eggs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import duties provided for in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2783/75 and the sluice-gate prices provided for in Article 5 thereof, in respect of the products specified in Article 1, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 104.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 90, 1. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 101, 13. 4. 1984, p. 2.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 104, 17. 4. 1984, p. 12.

⁽⁵⁾ See page 16 of this Official Journal.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No 134, 30. 6. 1967, p. 2834/67.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1984 fixing the sluice-gate prices and import duties for ovalbumin and lactalbumin

CCT heading No	Description	Sluice-gate price	Import duty
1	2	3	4
35.02	Albumins, albuminates and other albumin derivatives : A. Albumins : II. Other (than unfit or rendered unfit for human consumption) : a) Ovalbumin and lactalbumin : 1. Dried (for example, in sheets, scales, flakes, powder) 2. Other	ECU/100 kg	ECU/100 kg
		464,81	97,89
		62,41	13,26

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2085/84

of 19 July 1984

fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾, and in particular the
fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75
provides that the difference between quotations or
prices on the world market for the products listed in
Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those
products in the Community may be covered by an
export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No
2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules
for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for
fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that
when refunds are being fixed, account must be taken
of the existing situation and the future trend with
regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the
Community market on the one hand, and prices for
cereals and cereal products on the world market on
the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is
also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural
development of prices and trade on cereal markets
and, furthermore, to take into account the economic
aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid
disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75
defines the specific criteria to be taken into account
when the refund on cereals is being calculated;

Whereas these specific criteria are defined, as far as
wheat and rye flour, groats and meal are concerned, in
Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75; whereas
furthermore, when the refund on these products is
being calculated, account must be taken of the quanti-
ties of cereals required for their manufacture; whereas

these quantities were fixed in Regulation No 162/
67/EEC⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1607/71⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific
requirements of certain markets may make it necessary
to vary the refund for certain products according to
destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month;
whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally,
refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules set
out above to the present situation on the market in
cereals, and in particular to quotations or prices for
these products within the Community and on the
world market, that the refunds should be as set out in
the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1
(a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75,
exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the
Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 1984.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 128, 27. 6. 1967, p. 2574/67.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 16.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1984 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CCT heading No	Description	Refund (ECU/tonne)
10.01 B I	Common wheat and meslin for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — Zone II b) — other third countries	3,00 10,00 —
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	—
10.02	Rye for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	— —
10.03	Barley for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — Zone II b) — Japan — other third countries	11,00 18,00 — —
10.04	Oats for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — Algeria, Tunisia and Libya — other third countries	— 18,00 —
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—
ex 11.01 A	Wheat flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 520 — of an ash content of 521 to 600 — of an ash content of 601 to 900 — of an ash content of 901 to 1 100 — of an ash content of 1 101 to 1 650 — of an ash content of 1 651 to 1 900	23,50 23,50 20,50 19,00 17,50 16,00

CCT heading No	Description	Refund (ECU/tonne)
ex 11.01 B	Rye flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 700 — of an ash content of 701 to 1 150 — of an ash content of 1 151 to 1 600 — of an ash content of 1 601 to 2 000	23,50 23,50 23,50 23,50
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 1 300 ⁽¹⁾ — of an ash content of 0 to 1 300 ⁽²⁾ — of an ash content of 0 to 1 300 — of an ash content of more than 1 300	100,00 100,00 100,00 100,00
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 520	23,50

⁽¹⁾ Meal of which less than 10 % by weight is capable of passing through a sieve of 0,250 mm mesh.

⁽²⁾ Meal of which less than 10 % by weight is capable of passing through a sieve of 0,160 mm mesh.

N.B. The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3634/83 (OJ No L 360, 23. 12. 1983).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2086/84
of 19 July 1984
fixing the export refunds on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1451/82 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the
fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75
provides that the difference between quotations or
prices on the world market for the products listed in
Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those
products within the Community may be covered by an
export refund ;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No
2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules
for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for
fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, provides that
when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of
the existing situation and the future trend with regard
to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Commu-
nity market on the one hand and prices for cereals and
cereal products on the world market on the other ;
whereas the same Article provides that it is also impor-
tant to ensure equilibrium and the natural develop-
ment of prices and trade on cereal markets and,
furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect
of the proposed exports, and the need to avoid distur-
bances on the Community market ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29
October 1975 on the import and export system for
products processed from cereals and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84 ⁽⁵⁾,

defines the specific criteria to be taken into account
when the refund on these products is being calcu-
lated ;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules
to the present situation on the market in products
processed from cereals and rice that the export refund
should be fixed at an amount which will cover the
difference between Community prices and world
market prices ;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific
requirements of certain markets may make it necessary
to vary the refund for certain products according to
destination ;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally,
refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent ;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month ;
whereas it may be altered in the intervening period ;

Whereas Management Committee for Cereals has not
delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its
chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export refunds on malt listed in Article 1 (d) of
Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 subject to Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75 shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 1984.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 15.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1984 fixing the export refunds on malt

<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>	
CCT heading No	Refund
11.07 A I b)	34,58
11.07 A II b)	84,03
11.07 B	99,58

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2087/84
of 19 July 1984
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common
organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 606/82⁽²⁾, and
in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw
sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1854/84⁽³⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2069/84⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1854/84 to the
information known to the Commission that the levies

at present in force should be altered to the amounts
set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regu-
lation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white
sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the
Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 30. 6. 1984, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 191, 19. 7. 1984, p. 27.

ANNEX

**to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1984 fixing the import levies on white sugar and
raw sugar**

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form:	
	A. White sugar: flavoured or coloured sugar	47,56
	B. Raw sugar	42,43 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 %; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable
is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2088/84

of 19 July 1984

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1018/84⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence; whereas, in this case, a corrective amount must be applied to the refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1027/84⁽⁵⁾, made possible the fixing of a corrective amount for certain products listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75⁽⁶⁾ laid down detailed rules for the advance fixing of export refunds for cereals and certain products processed from cereals;

Whereas, pursuant to that Regulation, when the corrective amount is being fixed in respect of malt, account must be taken of the existing situation and

the future trend with regard to the possibilities and conditions for the sale of the cereals concerned and of malt on the world market; whereas the same Regulation also provides that account must be taken of the quantity of cereals needed for making malt, the economic aspect of exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the corrective amount according to destination;

Whereas the corrective amount must be fixed at the same time as the refund and according to the same procedure; whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas, if the system of corrective amounts is to operate normally, corrective amounts should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 which is applicable to export refunds fixed in advance in respect of malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 1984.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 107, 19. 4. 1984, p. 15.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 131, 22. 5. 1975, p. 15.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1984 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt

CCT heading No	<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>					
	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10	4th period 11	5th period 12
11.07 A I a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	0	0	0	0	0	0

CCT heading No	<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>					
	6th period 1	7th period 2	8th period 3	9th period 4	10th period 5	11th period 6
11.07 A I a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	0	0	0	0	0	0

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 16 May 1984

concerning the proposal by the Italian Government to award aid to an engine
and tractor manufacturer

(Only the Italian text is authentic)

(84/364/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community, and in particular the first
subparagraph of Article 93 (2) thereof,

Having given notice to the parties to submit their
comments as required by the above provision, and
having regard to those comments,

Whereas :

I

By letter dated 6 September 1983 the Italian Govern-
ment notified the Commission of its intention of
awarding aid under Law No 675/77 to an engine and
tractor manufacturer.

The firm in question planned to install a flexible
manufacturing system which would be used initially to
produce a new range of engines. The project costs
involved building work and the purchase of numeri-
cally controlled machine tools and other equipment.

The new flexible production line, together with exist-
ing plant, would lead to a net increase in the firm's
engine production capacity. The flexibility the invest-
ment would give the firm in adopting to market re-
quirements would enable it to lower its overall profit-

ability threshold and so improve its competitive posi-
tion on the market. The new engine, which embodied
numerous user improvements, had been developed
amid considerable R & D competition between differ-
ent firms and would give an advantage to the firm
putting the new product on the market.

The project was estimated to cost a total of Lit 46 344
million and it was proposed to grant an 8,4 % interest
subsidy on a five-year loan covering half that amount.

On a preliminary scrutiny the Commission considered
that the award did not fulfil the eligibility conditions
for aid under Law No 675/77, which the Commission
had approved on 18 January 1983.

It therefore opened the procedure provided for in
Article 93 (2) of the EEC Treaty and by letter dated 23
December 1983 gave the Italian Government notice to
submit its comments.

II

The Italian Government replied to the Commission's
letter opening the Article 93 (2) procedure by letter
dated 9 February 1984. It argued that the project
accorded with the objectives of the programme
adopted by the Interministerial Industry Policy
Committee (CIPI). The flexibility the investment
would give to the production process held distinct

advantages for the company's overall profitability and working conditions and the new product embodied a series of improvements for the user. The project also represented a major piece of investment for the company.

The governments of two Member States replied to the Commission's invitation to comment and took the view that the aid would affect inter-State trade and, in a scarcely growing market in which trade was important, was liable to distort competition to the detriment of their own producers.

One trade association and four individual firms from the industry also made submissions. They argued that the aid would be an unacceptable distortion of competition, since price was a major selling point in that market and the relief of part of the firm's investment costs would mean that it did not pass on all the normal costs in its final selling price.

The Italian Government acknowledged in its submission that the market in question was competitive and in a state of stagnation. The company's engine output had fallen by some 40 % between 1980 and 1983. In 1982 it had sold 75 % of the tractors it produced in the Community and 33 % in Member States other than Italy. It also manufactured industrial engines mainly for the Community market. Both in engines and tractors the firm was in direct competition with other Community firms and there was intra-Community trade in the products.

III

The new investment will consolidate the firm's general competitive position on the engine market and also in the tractor market since some of the engines it produces are fitted in its tractors.

The investment is one which is conducive to the firm's own development and in line with market trends and it would be in the firm's interest to carry it out in any case in order at least to maintain its competitive position in response to changing demand patterns.

The aid proposed by the Italian Government is therefore liable to affect trade between Member States and to distort or threaten to distort competition within the meaning of Article 92 (1) of the EEC Treaty by favouring the firm in question or production of its type of goods.

Article 92 (1) of the EEC Treaty lays down the principle that aid having the features there described is incompatible with the common market. The exceptions from this principle defined in Article 92 (3) specify objectives in the Community interest transcending the interests of the aid recipient. These exceptions must be construed narrowly when any regional or industry aid scheme or any individual award under a general aid scheme is scrutinized. In particular, they may be applied only when the Commission is satisfied that the free play of market forces alone, without the aid, would not induce the prospective aid recipient to adopt a course of action contributing to attainment of one of the said objectives.

To apply the exceptions to cases not contributing to such an objective would be to give unfair advantages to certain Member States and allow trading conditions between Member States to be affected and competition to be distorted without any justification on grounds of Community interest.

In applying these principles in scrutiny of individual awards under general aid schemes, the Commission must satisfy itself that the aid is justified by the contribution the recipient is making to attainment of one of the objectives set out in Article 92 (3), and is necessary to that end. Where this cannot be demonstrated, and particularly where the investment would be undertaken in any case, it is clear that the aid does not contribute to attainment of the objectives specified in the exceptions but merely serves to bolster the financial position of the recipient firm.

The recipient in the present case cannot be said to be making such a contribution in return for the aid.

The Italian Government has been unable to give, or the Commission to discover, any justification for a finding that the aid in question falls within one of the categories of exceptions in Article 92 (3).

With regard to the exceptions provided for by Article 92 (3) (a) and (c) for aids which promote or facilitate the development of certain areas, the Treviglio area is not one where the standard of living is abnormally low or where there is serious underemployment within the meaning of Article 92 (3) (a), nor has the Italian Government designated the area as in particular need of regional development so that it could qualify for the exception in Article 92 (3) (c).

As far as the exceptions in Article 92 (3) (b) are concerned, the investment is one which a firm would be led to undertake in any case by market forces and does not have the features of a 'project of common

European interest' or of a project likely to 'remedy a serious disturbance in the economy' of a Member State, whose promotion justifies application of the exception to the principle laid down in Article 92 (3) (b), from the incompatibility of the aid laid down by Article 92 (1).

Finally, as for the exception in Article 92 (3) (c) for 'aid to facilitate the development of certain economic activities', an examination of the situation of the industry in question shows it to be suffering from excess capacity caused by weak demand, whereas the proposed aid is to help replace part of an old production line with a flexible manufacturing system which, together with the part of the present plant which is to be retained, should lead to a net expansion of the firm's production capacity, even though this is not the primary purpose of the project.

The investment will also improve the firm's overall profitability by better adapting its production to market requirements. It therefore ought to be treated as a normal business expense, and the granting of aid for the project would place the firm at an advantage since its competitors will be forced by the market to undertake equivalent investment without aid. The fact that the project may be a large one for the firm does not alter this assessment of its nature and its potential effects on the market and on the firm's competitors. The considerable R & D effort that has gone into the new engine, in the face of competition from other firms, cannot of itself justify aid for investment in the production of the engine.

The proposed aid is therefore devoid of any compensating benefit for the Community as a whole and is liable to affect trade between Member States to the detriment of the common interest, since the recipient belongs to an industry which is fiercely competitive even within the Community. There can therefore be absolutely no justification for applying to it the excep-

tion in Article 92 (3) (c) to the principle that aids are incompatible with the common market.

The aid proposed by the Italian Government in this case does not therefore fulfil the conditions necessary for the application of one of the exceptions provided for in Article 92 (3) of the EEC Treaty,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The aid which the Italian Government proposes to grant to an engine and tractor manufacturer at Treviglio and which it notified to the Commission by letter dated 6 September 1983 is incompatible with the common market within the meaning of Article 92 of the EEC Treaty and must consequently not be granted.

Article 2

The Italian Government shall inform the Commission, within two months of the date of notification of this Decision, of the measures it has taken to comply therewith.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Italian Republic.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1984.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION DECISION

29 June 1984

establishing that the apparatus described as 'PAR — Scanning Potentiostat, model 362 with incorporated programmer' may not be imported free of Common Customs Tariff duties

(84/365/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 608/82⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2784/79 of 12 December 1979 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Whereas, by letter dated 28 February 1984, France has requested the Commission to invoke the procedure provided for in Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 2784/79 in order to determine whether or not the apparatus described as 'PAR — Scanning Potentiostat, model 362 with incorporated programmer', ordered on 8 December 1983 and intended to be used for electrocatalytic studies on oxidation reactions of organic compounds of relevance to energy production, and in particular for studies of electrodes of noble metals the electrocatalytic activity of which is modified on the surface by adatoms of other metals, should be considered as a scientific apparatus and, where the reply is in the affirmative, whether apparatus of equivalent value is currently being manufactured in the Community;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 7 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 2784/79, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 6 June 1984 within the framework of the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine the matter;

Whereas this examination showed that the apparatus in question is a potentiostat-galvanostat; whereas it does not have the requisite objective characteristics making it specifically suited to scientific research; whereas, in particular, the fact that it is a potentiostat-galvanostat with incorporated potential programmer cannot confer upon it this character; whereas, moreover, apparatus of the same kind are principally used for non-scientific activities, and in particular in the industrial field for applied research and in electrochemical laboratories; whereas its use in the case in question could not alone confer upon it the character of a scientific apparatus; whereas it therefore cannot be regarded as a scientific apparatus; whereas the duty-free admission of the apparatus in question is therefore not justified,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The apparatus described as 'PAR — Scanning Potentiostat, model 362 with incorporated programmer', which is the subject of an application by France of 28 February 1984, may not be imported free of Common Customs Tariff duties.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 June 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 74, 18. 3. 1982, p. 4.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 318, 13. 12. 1979, p. 32.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 29 June 1984

**fixing maximum amounts for contracts awarded under the tendering procedure
opened by Regulation (EEC) No 1619/84 on the supply of various lots of butteroil
as food aid**

(84/366/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68
of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the
market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended
by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 6 (7) thereof,

Whereas, under Commission Regulation (EEC) No
1619/84 of 5 June 1984 on the supply of various lots
of butteroil as food aid ⁽³⁾, tenders have been invited
for the supply of 850 tonnes of butteroil to certain
third countries and certain organizations;

Whereas Article 13 (1) of Commission Regulation
(EEC) No 1354/83 of 17 May 1983 laying down
general rules for the mobilization and supply of
skimmed-milk powder, butter and butteroil as food
aid ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1886/83 ⁽⁵⁾, specifies that in the light of the tenders
received a maximum amount shall be fixed for each
lot, or part thereof if the third subparagraph of Article
11 (3) is used, or a decision shall be taken to make no
award;

Whereas on the basis of the tenders received, the
maximum amounts should be those specified below;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The maximum amounts to be adhered to when awards
are made under the tendering procedure opened by
Regulation (EEC) No 1619/84 shall be :

- lot A : 49 635 ECU (F)
- lot B : 48 370 ECU (D)
- lot C : 47 977 ECU (D)
- lot E : 87 072 ECU (NL)

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 June 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 157, 13. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 142, 1. 6. 1983, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 187, 12. 7. 1983, p. 29.

COMMISSION DECISION**of 29 June 1984****fixing maximum amounts for contracts awarded under the tendering procedure
opened by Regulation (EEC) No 1618/84 on the supply of various lots of butter as
food aid****(84/367/EEC)**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68
of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the
market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended
by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 6 (7) thereof,

Whereas, under Commission Regulation (EEC) No
1618/84 of 5 June 1984 on the supply of various lots
of butter as food aid ⁽³⁾, tenders have been invited for
the supply of 400 tonnes of butter to certain third
countries and certain organizations;

Whereas Article 13 (1) of Commission Regulation
(EEC) No 1354/83 of 17 May 1983 laying down
general rules for the mobilization and supply of
skimmed-milk powder, butter and butteroil as food
aid ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1886/83 ⁽⁵⁾, specifies that in the light of the tenders
received a maximum amount shall be fixed for each
lot, or part thereof if the third subparagraph of Article
11 (3) is used, or a decision shall be taken to make no
award;

Whereas on the basis of the tenders received, the
maximum amounts should be those specified below;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The maximum amounts to be adhered to when awards
are made under the tendering procedure opened by
Regulation (EEC) No 1618/84 shall be:

- lot A: 627 909 ECU (IRL)
- lot C: 627 909 ECU (IRL)

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 June 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 157, 13. 6. 1984, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 142, 1. 6. 1983, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 187, 12. 7. 1983, p. 29.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 29 June 1984

fixing maximum amounts for contracts awarded under the tendering procedure
opened by Regulation (EEC) No 1620/84 on the supply of various lots of
skimmed-milk powder as food aid

(84/368/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68
of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the
market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended
by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 7 (5) thereof,

Whereas, under Commission Regulation (EEC) No
1620/84 of 5 June 1984 on the supply of various lots
of skimmed-milk powder as food aid ⁽³⁾, tenders have
been invited for the supply of 7 326 tonnes of
skimmed-milk powder to certain third countries and
certain organizations ;

Whereas Article 13 (1) of Commission Regulation
(EEC) No 1354/83 of 17 May 1983 laying down
general rules for the mobilization and supply of
skimmed-milk powder, butter and butteroil as food
aid ⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1886/83 ⁽⁵⁾, specifies that in the light of the tenders
received a maximum amount shall be fixed for each
lot, or part thereof if the third subparagraph of Article
11 (3) is used, or a decision shall be taken to make no
award ;

Whereas on the basis of the tenders received the
maximum amounts should be those specified below ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision
are in accordance with the opinion of the Management
Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The maximum amounts to be adhered to when awards
are made under the tendering procedure opened by
Regulation (EEC) No 1620/84 shall be :

— lot A :	124 414 ECU (D)
— lot B :	121 514 ECU (NL)
— lot C :	519 987 ECU (B)
— lot F :	1 659 761 ECU (IRL)
	833 948 ECU (B)
	834 594 ECU (B)
— lot G :	10 383 ECU (D)
— lot I :	2 059 529 ECU (B)
— lot L :	1 697 816 ECU (D)
— lot P :	1 011 597 ECU (B)

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 June 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 157, 13. 6. 1984, p. 12.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 142, 1. 6. 1983, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 187, 12. 7. 1983, p. 29.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 29 June 1984

fixing the maximum aid levels for butter and concentrated butter for the 61st individual invitation to tender issued under the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1932/81

(84/369/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

concentrated butter, the amount of the processing security must be fixed taking account of the maximum aid level ;

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Whereas, in the light of the tenders received in response to the 61st individual invitation to tender, the maximum aid should be fixed at the level specified below and the processing security for concentrated butter determined accordingly ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12 (3) thereof,

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1932/81 of 13 July 1981 on the granting of aid for butter and concentrated butter for use in the manufacture of pastry products, ice-cream and other food-stuffs ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 380/84 ⁽⁴⁾, intervention agencies are to undertake a standing invitation to tender for aid for butter and concentrated butter ;

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

Whereas Article 7 of the said Regulation lays down that a maximum aid level is to be fixed for the butter and for the concentrated butter and that this is to be differentiated according to the intended use and the fat content of the butter, or that a decision may be taken not to accept any tender ; whereas, in the case of

For the 61st individual invitation to tender issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1932/81, in respect of which the time limit for the submission of tenders expired on 26 June 1984, the maximum aid and processing securities are hereby fixed as follows :

(a) for butter :

(ECU/100 kg butter)		
Use to which the butter is to be put (Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 262/79)	Fat content of the butter	Maximum aid level
Formula A and/or C	82 % or more	190,00
	80 % or more, but not exceeding 82 %	185,00
Formula B	82 % or more	105,00
	80 % or more, but not exceeding 82 %	—

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 14. 7. 1981, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 46, 16. 2. 1984, p. 25.

(b) *for concentrated butter:*

<i>(ECU/100 kg pure concentrated butter)</i>		
Use to which the concentrated butter is to be put (Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 262/79)	Maximum aid level	Processing security
Formula A and/or C	249,00	275,00
Formula B	145,00	160,00

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 June 1984.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION DECISION

of 29 June 1984

fixing the minimum selling prices for butter for the 80th individual invitation to tender issued under the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 262/79

(84/370/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1557/84⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (7) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 985/68 of 15 July 1968 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in butter and cream⁽³⁾, as last amended by the 1979 Act of Accession, and in particular Article 7a thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 262/79 of 12 February 1979 on the sale of butter at reduced prices for use in the manufacture of pastry products, ice-cream and other foodstuffs⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 711/84⁽⁵⁾, intervention agencies have put up for sale by standing invitation to tender certain quantities of butter held thereby;

Whereas Article 16 of that Regulation provides that, in the light of the tenders received, a minimum selling price must be fixed which may vary according to the

use to which the butter is to be put and according to the fat content of the butter; whereas, alternatively, a decision may be taken not to proceed with the invitation to tender; whereas the amounts of the processing security must be fixed in the light of the difference between the minimum selling prices and the market prices of the butter;

Whereas, in the light of the tenders received in response to the 80th individual invitation to tender, the minimum selling prices should be fixed at the level specified below and the processing securities determined accordingly;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

For the 80th individual invitation to tender issued under Regulation (EEC) No 262/79, in respect of which the time limit for the submission of tenders expired on 26 June 1984, the minimum selling prices and processing securities shall be fixed as follows:

(ECU/100 kg butter)

Use to which the butter is to be put (Article 4 (1), (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 262/79)	Fat content of the butter	Minimum selling price	Processing security
Formula A and/or C	82 % or more	115,00	230,00
	Less than 82 %	112,00	230,00
Formula B	82 % or more	200,00	137,00
	Less than 82 %	195,10	137,00

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 18. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 41, 16. 2. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 76, 20. 3. 1984, p. 8.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 June 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

THE AGRICULTURAL SITUATION IN THE COMMUNITY 1983 REPORT

This report is the ninth published version of the annual Report on the Agricultural Situation in the Community. It contains analyses and statistics on the general situation (economic environment and world market), the factors of production, the structures and situation of the markets in the various agricultural products, the obstacles to the common agricultural market, the position of consumers and producers, and the financial aspects. The general prospects and the market outlook for agricultural products are also dealt with.

427 pages.

Published in: Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek and Italian.

ISBN 92-825-4070-7

Publication No CB-38-83-637-EN-C

Price (excluding VAT) in Luxembourg: ECU 20,68 BFR 950 IRL 15,10 UKL 11,90 USD 18

OFFICE FOR OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES
L-2985 Luxembourg

THIRTEENTH REPORT ON COMPETITION POLICY

The Report on Competition Policy is published annually by the Commission of the European Communities in response to the request of the European Parliament made by a resolution of 7 June 1971. This Report, which is published in conjunction with the General Report on the Activities of the Communities, is designed to give a general view of the competition policy followed during the past year. Part One covers general competition policy. Part Two deals with competition policy towards enterprises. Part Three is concerned with competition policy and government assistance to enterprises and Part Four with the development of concentration, competition and competitiveness.

292 pages

Published in: Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek and Italian.

ISBN 92-825-4231-9

CB-38-83-823-EN-C

Price (excluding VAT) in Luxembourg: ECU 11,97; BFR 550; IRL 8,80; UKL 6,90; USD 1.

OFFICE FOR OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

L-2985 Luxembourg

**SEVENTEENTH GENERAL REPORT ON THE ACTIVITIES OF THE
EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES — 1983**

The General Report on the Activities of the European Communities is published annually by the Commission as required by Article 18 of the Treaty of 8 April 1965 establishing a single Council and a single Commission of the European Communities.

The Report is presented to the European Parliament and provides a general picture of Community activities over the past year.

Published in: Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek and Italian.

ISBN 92-825-4189-4

Catalogue number: CB-38-83-774-EN-C

Price (excluding VAT) in Luxembourg: ECU 4,90 BFR 225 IRL 3,60 UKL 2,80
USD 4,50.

OFFICE FOR OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES
L-2985 Luxembourg