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Contents

I *Acts whose publication is obligatory*

- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3514/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain petroleum products falling within Chapter 27 of the Common Customs Tariff and refined in Spain (1981) 1
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3515/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for other woven fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1981) 5
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3516/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1981) 9
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3517/80 of 22 December 1980 establishing ceilings and Community surveillance of imports of certain products originating in Malta (1981) 12
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3518/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981) 14
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3519/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia (1981) 17
- ★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3520/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1981) 20

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(Continued overleaf)

Acts whose titles are printed in light type are those relating to day-to-day management of agricultural matters, and are generally valid for a limited period.

The titles of all other Acts are printed in bold type and preceded by an asterisk.

★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3521/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1981)	23
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3522/80 of 22 December 1980 amending, consequent on the accession of Greece, Regulations (EEC) No 1708/80, (EEC) No 1709/80 and (EEC) No 1710/80 concerning the opening, allocation and method of administration of Community tariff quotas for certain wines falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1980/81)	26
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3523/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain textile fibres falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)	28
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3524/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for men's and boys' outer garments falling within heading No 61.01 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)	31
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3525/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for wines of fresh grapes falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)	34
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3526/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for sweet peppers falling within subheading 07.01 S of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)	38
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3527/80 of 22 December 1980 totally or partially suspending Common Customs Tariff duties on certain products falling within Chapters 1 to 24 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Malta (1981)	41
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3528/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)	47
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3529/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for liqueur wines falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)	50
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3530/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Algeria (1981)	54
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Algeria	55
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3531/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1981)	57
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	58

Contents (continued)

★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3532/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Tunisia (1981)	60
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Tunisia	61
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3533/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria on the importation into the Community of tomato concentrates originating in Algeria (1981)	63
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria on the importation into the Community of tomato concentrates originating in Algeria	64
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3534/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1981)	66
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the importation into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel ..	67
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3535/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Algeria, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981	69
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Algeria, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981	70
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3536/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981 ..	72
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981	73
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3537/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Tunisia, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981 ...	75
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Tunisia, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981	76

Contents (continued)

★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3538/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981	78
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981	79
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80 of 22 December 1980 amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1980/81)	81
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3540/80 of 22 December 1980 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey (1980/81)	82
★ Council Regulation (EEC) No 3541/80 of 22 December 1980 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2925/78 as regards the period of suspension of application of the price condition to which imports into the Community of certain types of citrus fruit originating in Spain are subject	83

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(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3514/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain petroleum products falling within Chapter 27 of the Common Customs Tariff and refined in Spain (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the European Economic Community concluded an Agreement with Spain on 29 June 1970 ⁽¹⁾;

Whereas under the said Agreement and the Protocol of Adaptation between the Community and Spain consequent on the accession of Greece to the Community, the Community committed itself to opening an annual total Community tariff quota of 1 424 00 tonnes of certain petroleum products falling within Chapter 27 of the Common Customs Tariff and refined in Spain; whereas, the quota duty is equal to 40 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties; whereas this Community tariff quota should be opened for 1981;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the product concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such

allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Spain over a representative period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, in respect of the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	38.0	10.6	50.1
Denmark	6.4	—	—
Germany	15.5	13.9	3.9
Greece	—	—	—
France	13.0	28.4	8.8
Ireland	—	—	0.7
Italy	15.8	31.4	9.8
United Kingdom	11.3	15.7	26.7

Whereas, in view of these factors, and of market forecasts for the products concerned and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	22.38
Denmark	7.00
Germany	42.10

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 1.

Greece	0.17
France	5.96
Ireland	0.45
Italy	6.14
United Kingdom	15.80

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared between the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States, which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota might under the present circumstances be fixed at about 80 % of the quota;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share, should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota

volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity of an initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any Community tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January to 31 December 1981 and subject to the measures which might be taken pursuant to Article 3 (2) and (4) of Annex I to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain, the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the products refined in Spain and listed below shall be suspended partially at the levels indicated for each of them, within the limits of a global Community tariff quota of 1 424 000 tonnes:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty (%)
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:	
	A. Light oils:	
	III. For other purposes	2.4
	B. Medium oils:	
	III. For other purposes	2.4
	C. Heavy oils:	
	I. Gas oil:	
	c) For other purposes	1.4
	II. Fuel oil:	
	c) For other purposes	1.4

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty (%)
27.10 (cont'd)	C. III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	1.6 2.4
27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	0.6
27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	0.8 2.6
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	0.8 2.2
27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	0.8

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.

Article 2

1. A first instalment, amounting to 1 140 000 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	255 000
Denmark	80 000
Germany	480 000
Greece	2 000
France	68 000
Ireland	5 000
Italy	70 000
United Kingdom	180 000

2. The second instalment, amounting to 284 000 tonnes, shall constitute a reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after, its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that these might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981 such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used.

Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1981, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the Community tariff quota, and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amounts still in reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that the drawing which uses up a reserve does not exceed the balance available and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State which makes such last drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that supplementary shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares in the Community tariff quotas.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the goods in question against their shares as and when such goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure compliance with this Regulation.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3515/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for other woven fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the European Economic Community concluded an Agreement with Spain on 29 June 1970 ⁽¹⁾;

Whereas under the said Agreement and the Protocol of Adaptation between the Community and Spain consequent on the accession of Greece to the Community, the Community committed itself to opening an annual Community tariff quota of 2 013 tonnes of other woven fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain; whereas, the quota duty is equal to 40 % of the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of the products concerned; whereas the Community tariff quota contains quota duties of 5.2, 5.6, 5.6 and 6 % for the products falling within subheadings 55.09 A I, A II, B I and B II respectively; whereas this Community tariff quota should be opened for 1981;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure to all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion

to the requirements of the Member States calculated by reference to the statistics of imports from Spain over a representative period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	7.5	3.5	13.5
Denmark	0.3	0.8	0.2
Germany	6.7	3.3	0.2
Greece	8.7	9.6	8.0
France	66.6	60.3	64.6
Ireland	2.4	0.3	0.3
Italy	5.4	7.4	4.7
United Kingdom	2.4	14.8	8.5

Whereas, in view of these factors, of market forecasts for the products in question and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	5.8
Denmark	0.4
Germany	5.8
Greece	5.8
France	66.7
Ireland	1.4
Italy	12.3
United Kingdom	1.8

Whereas in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 1.

States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of those Member States having used up their initial quota shares; whereas in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under present circumstances be fixed at 69 % of the quota;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share, should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity of an initial share remains unused in

a Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January until 31 December 1981, the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the products originating in Spain and listed below shall be partially suspended at the levels indicated for each of them within the limits of a global Community tariff quota of 2 013 tonnes:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty (%)
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton:	
	A. Containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton	
	I. Of a width of less than 85 cm	5.2
	II. Other	5.6
	B. Other:	
	I. Of a width of less than 85 cm	5.6
	II. Other	6

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 1 380 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	80
Denmark	5
Germany	80
Greece	80
France	920
Ireland	20
Italy	170
United Kingdom	25

2. The second instalment, of 633 tonnes, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, then to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that these might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1981, notify the Commission of the total quantities

of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State which makes such last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3, are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their shares as and when the goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure compliance with this Regulation.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3516/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas an Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain ⁽¹⁾ was concluded on 29 June 1970;

Whereas the Community committed itself, under this Agreement, to opening an annual Community tariff quota of 1 900 tonnes of dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain and imported in immediate packings of a net capacity of 15 kilograms or less;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by

each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	10	4	3
Denmark	1	—	1
Germany	3	7	2
Greece	—	—	—
France	38	52	58
Ireland	5	32	21
Italy	43	4	9
United Kingdom	—	1	6

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	9.9
Denmark	1.0
Germany	3.6
Greece	0.6
France	42.1
Ireland	0.6
Italy	8.0
United Kingdom	34.2

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota might under the circumstances be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take

(¹) OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 2.

this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share, should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January to 31 December 1981 the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I and originating in Spain and imported in immediate containers of a net capacity not exceeding 15 kilograms shall be entirely suspended within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 1 900 tonnes.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in the Protocol of Adaptation.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 1 520 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be shared among the Member States; the

respective shares which, subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	150
Denmark	15
Germany	55
Greece	10
France	640
Ireland	10
Italy	120
United Kingdom	520

2. The second instalment of 380 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserves.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn

pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3517/80

of 22 December 1980

establishing ceilings and Community surveillance of imports of certain products
originating in Malta (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community, and in particular
Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the provisions of the Additional Protocol to
the Agreement establishing an association between the
European Economic Community and Malta ⁽¹⁾ will
lapse on 31 December 1980;

Whereas, pending the entry into force of a new
Protocol, it is necessary on the basis of Regulation
(EEC) No 3508/80 ⁽²⁾, to extend until 30 June 1981
the arrangements which the Community applies to
trade with Malta within the context of the
Association with that country;

Whereas the abovementioned Additional Protocol
makes provision for the total abolition of customs
duties in respect of the products to which the
Agreement applies; whereas, however, for a number
of products exemption from duties is subject to
ceilings above which the customs duties applicable to
third countries may be reintroduced; whereas the
ceilings to be applied in the first half of 1981 should
therefore be determined; whereas the application of
ceilings requires that the Community be regularly
informed on imports of the products in question orig-
inating in Malta; whereas it is therefore desirable that
imports of these products be subjected to a system of
surveillance;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Article
118 of the 1979 Act of Accession does not exist, the
Community must adopt the measures referred to in
Article 119 of that Act; whereas the tariff measure
concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of
Nine;

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of
an administrative procedure based on charging
imports of the products in question against the
ceilings at Community level as and when the products

are entered with customs authorities for home use;
whereas this administrative procedure must make
provision for the possibility of customs tariff duties
being reintroduced as soon as the ceilings are reached
at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close
and particularly rapid cooperation between the
Member States and the Commission and the latter
must in particular be able to follow the progress of
quantities charged against the ceilings and keep the
Member States informed; whereas this cooperation
has to be particularly close since the Commission
must be able to take the appropriate measures to
reintroduce customs tariff duties if one of the ceilings
is reached,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 30 June 1981, imports into
the Community of Nine of the products listed in the
Annex originating in Malta shall be subject to annual
ceilings and Community surveillance.

The description of the products referred to in the first
subparagraph, their tariff headings and statistical
numbers and the ceilings shall be as set out in the
Annex.

2. Quantities shall be charged against the ceilings
as and when products are entered with customs auth-
orities for home use accompanied by a movement
certificate in accordance with the rules contained in
the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept
of 'originating products' and methods of
administrative cooperation annexed to the Protocol
laying down certain provisions relating to the
Agreement establishing an association between the
European Economic Community and Malta ⁽³⁾.

Goods may be charged against the ceiling only if the
movement certificate is submitted before the date on
which customs duties are reimposed.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 304, 29. 11. 1977, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 367, 31. 12. 1980.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 111, 28. 4. 1976, p. 3.

The extent to which a ceiling is used up shall be determined at Community level on the basis of the imports charged against it in the manner defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

The Member States shall inform the Commission at the intervals and within the time limits specified in paragraph 4 of imports effected in accordance with the above procedures.

3. As soon as the ceilings have been reached, the Commission may adopt a Regulation reimposing until the end of the calendar year the customs duties applicable to third countries.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission not later than the 15th day of each month statements

of the quantities charged during the preceding month. If the Commission so requests, they shall provide such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of the end of each 10-day period.

Article 2

The Commission shall take all appropriate measures, in close cooperation with the Member States, for the purposes of applying this Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

ANNEX

List of products subject to import ceilings in 1981

Serial No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code (1980)	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I M 1	55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	55.05-all Nos	729
I M 2	55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	55.09-all Nos	60
I M 3	56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning	56.04-all Nos	486
I M 4	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized	60.05-all Nos	131
I M 5	61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments	61.01-all Nos	495

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3518/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, signed on 27 April 1976, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1981;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Article 118 of the 1979 Act of Accession does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Article 119 of the Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Nine;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco

over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	13.9	—	0.7
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	30.3	17.9	19.8
France	54.3	66.4	79.5
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	0.9	—	—
United Kingdom	0.6	15.7	—

Whereas, both the percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	8
Denmark	2
Germany	34
France	39
Ireland	1
Italy	1
United Kingdom	15

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares;

whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 70 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share, should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of the Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1981 a Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes shall be opened in the Community of Nine for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 5 800 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	470
Denmark	110
Germany	2 000
France	2 220
Ireland	60
Italy	60
United Kingdom	880

2. The second instalment amounting to 2 450 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3519/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, signed on 25 April 1976, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 4 300 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Tunisia; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1981;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Article 118 of the 1979 Act of Accession does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Article 119 of the Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Nine;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Tunisia

over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Tunisia of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	22.8	19.1	28.3
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	2.6	14.4	15.5
France	74.0	62.6	54.1
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	0.6	3.9	2.1
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	28.7
Denmark	3.5
Germany	4.8
France	54.9
Ireland	1.8
Italy	1.8
United Kingdom	4.5

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States

which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 73 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1981 a Community tariff quota of 4 300 tonnes shall be opened in the Community of Nine for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 3 135 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	900
Denmark	110
Germany	150
France	1 725
Ireland	55
Italy	55
United Kingdom	140

2. The second instalment amounting to 1 165 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserves.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3520/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel ⁽¹⁾, signed on 11 May 1975, provides, in Article 10 of Protocol 1 annexed thereto, for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1981;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Article 118 of the 1979 Act of Accession does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Article 119 of the Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Nine;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Israel over

a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of total imports of the product in question, originating in Israel:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	27	13	—
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	17	77	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	—	—	10
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	56	10	90

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1981 because of the absence of any pattern in previous years; whereas to allocate the quota volume on a fair basis, the approximate percentages of initial quota shares may be fixed as follows:

Benelux	12
Denmark	5
Germany	25
France	7
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	40

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 136, 28. 5. 1975, p. 3.

instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional share must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1981, a Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes shall be opened in the Community of Nine for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 120 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	14
Denmark	6
Germany	30
France	8
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	50

2. A second instalment of 30 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3521/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas an Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain was concluded on 29 June 1970 ⁽¹⁾;

Whereas the Community committed itself, under this Agreement, to opening an annual Community tariff quota of 200 tonnes of dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain and imported in immediate packings of a net capacity of 15 kilograms or less; whereas the duty to be applied under the quota has been fixed at 30 % of the Common Customs Tariff duty; whereas this Community tariff quota should be opened for 1981;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	—	—	8.0
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	100	96.7	86.0
Greece	—	—	—
France	—	3.3	6.0
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States as well as the practical need to ensure that the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among the Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	6.7
Denmark	6.7
Germany	46.7
Greece	3.3
France	20.0
Ireland	3.3
Italy	3.3
United Kingdom	10.0

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 2.

whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 75 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial share may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share, should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January to 31 December 1981 the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B and originating in Spain and imported in immediate packings of a net capacity not exceeding 15 kilograms shall be partially suspended at 3 % within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 200 tonnes.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provision in the 1979 Act of Accession and in the Protocol of Adaptation.

Article 2

1. A first instalment, amounting to 150 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be shared among the Member States, the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	10
Denmark	10
Germany	70
Greece	5
France	30
Ireland	5
Italy	5
United Kingdom	15

2. The second instalment of 50 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserves.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3522/80

of 22 December 1980

amending, consequent on the accession of Greece, Regulations (EEC) No 1708/80, (EEC) No 1709/80 and (EEC) No 1710/80 concerning the opening, allocation and method of administration of Community tariff quotas for certain wines falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, when the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain was signed on 29 June 1970 ⁽¹⁾, the Community undertook to open tariff quotas for certain wines falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain; whereas this commitment was supplemented by the Protocol of Adaptation between the Community and Spain consequent on the accession of Greece; whereas the Community by Regulations (EEC) No 1708/80, (EEC) No 1709/80 and (EEC) No 1710/80 ⁽²⁾, has already opened Community tariff quotas for the said products; whereas, the abovementioned Regulations should be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1708/80 is hereby amended as follows:

1. In Article 1 (1), the volume of sherry falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1 shall be increased from '108 000' to '108 120' hectolitres.
2. The following subparagraph shall be added to Article 1 (1):
'Within these tariff quotas, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the

relevant provisions of the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.'

3. The table in Article 2 (2) shall be replaced by the following:

(hectolitres)

Member State	Sherry falling within subheadings:	
	ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1
Benelux	51 450	155 590
Denmark	4 000	22 000
Germany	17 000	20 000
Greece	120	—
France	250	150
Ireland	1 500	3 700
Italy	1 500	60
United Kingdom	21 500	415 000
Total	97 320	616 500'

4. The following paragraph shall be added to Article 2:

'4. Should sherry falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1 be required in Greece, that country shall draw a suitable share from the reserve to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.'

Article 2

Regulation (EEC) No 1709/80 is hereby amended as follows:

1. The following subparagraph shall be added to Article 1 (1):
'Within this tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.'

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 167, 1. 7. 1980, pp. 28, 32 and 39.

2. The following paragraph 4 shall be added to Article 2:

'4. Should such goods be required in Greece, that country shall draw a suitable share from the reserve to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.'

Article 3

Regulation (EEC) No 1710/80 is hereby amended as follows:

1. In Article 1 (1) the tariff quota shall be increased from '22 000' to '22 008' hectolitres.

2. The following subparagraph shall be added to Article 1 (1):

'Within this tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.'

3. The table in Article 2 (2) shall be replaced by the following:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	5 422
Denmark	1 739
Germany	3 000
Greece	8
France	480
Ireland	131
Italy	917
United Kingdom	5 911'

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3523/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain textile fibres falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the provisions of the Additional Protocol ⁽¹⁾ and the Transitional Protocol ⁽²⁾ to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽³⁾ will lapse on 31 December 1980;

Whereas pending the entry into force of a new Protocol it is necessary to extend the arrangements that the Community applies to trade with Cyprus under the association with that country;

Whereas the abovementioned Additional Protocol, supplemented by the Protocol of Adaptation to take account of the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community, provides for the opening of an annual duty-free Community tariff quota of 100 tonnes of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States;

whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics of imports of the goods in question from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, however, during the past three years no such products originating in Cyprus have been imported into the Community; whereas no forecast can be made for 1981; whereas to ensure fair distribution of the quota amount between the Member States each Member State should make a significant contribution to the quota amount; whereas such contributions may approximately correspond to the following percentages:

Benelux	12
Denmark	9
Germany	19
Greece	7
France	19
Ireland	7
Italy	16
United Kingdom	11

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under the present circumstances, be fixed at 60 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 339, 28. 12. 1977, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 84, 28. 3. 1980, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 2.

additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January to 31 December 1981, the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, shall be entirely suspended within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 100 tonnes.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment amounting to 60 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares,

which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	7.2
Denmark	5.4
Germany	11.4
Greece	4.2
France	11.4
Ireland	4.2
Italy	9.6
United Kingdom	6.6

3. The second instalment of 40 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1 draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1981, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota, and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end, shall notify the amount of the balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated share of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge imports of the products in question against their share as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3524/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for men's and boys' outer garments falling within heading No 61.01 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the provisions of the Additional Protocol ⁽¹⁾ and the Transitional Protocol ⁽²⁾ to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽³⁾ will lapse on 31 December 1980;

Whereas pending the entry into force of a new Protocol it is necessary to extend the arrangements that the Community applies to trade with Cyprus under the Association with that country;

Whereas the abovementioned Additional Protocol, supplemented by the Protocol of Adaptation to take account of the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community provides for the opening of an annual duty-free Community tariff quota of 525 tonnes of men's and boys' outer garments falling within heading No 61.01 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in

question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics of imports of the said goods from Cyprus over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, however, over the past three years imports have been irregular and insignificant; whereas no forecast can be made for 1981; whereas to ensure fair distribution of the quota amount between the Member States each Member State should make a significant contribution to the quota amount; whereas such contributions may approximately correspond to the following percentages:

Benelux	7
Denmark	7
Germany	15
Greece	2
France	10
Ireland	2
Italy	9
United Kingdom	48

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under the present circumstances, be fixed at 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 339, 28. 12. 1977, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 84, 28. 3. 1980, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 2.

shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between Member States and the Commission and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares granted to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January to 31 December 1981, the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of men's and boys' outer garments falling within heading No 61.01 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, shall be entirely suspended within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 525 tonnes.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment amounting to 260 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	18
Denmark	18
Germany	40

Greece	5
France	26
Ireland	5
Italy	23
United Kingdom	125

3. The second instalment of 265 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of

their initial share as, on 15 September 1981 is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1981, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota, and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end, shall notify the amount of the balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that

imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated share of the Community quota.

2 The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the share allocated to them.

3 The Member States shall charge imports of the products in question against their share as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3525/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for wines of fresh grapes falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the provisions of the Supplementary Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ will lapse on 31 December 1980;

Whereas, pending the entry into force of a new Protocol, it is necessary to extend the arrangements which the Community applies to trade with Cyprus within the context of the association with that country;

Whereas the abovementioned Supplementary Protocol, as supplemented by the Protocol of Adaptation to take account of the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community, provides for the opening of an annual Community tariff quota of 10 000 hectolitres of certain wines of fresh grapes, in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at rates of customs duty equal to 25 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas, in order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 459/80 ⁽³⁾, must be complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all

imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports of the products in question from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for each of the types of wine in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota should be allocated in initial shares on the basis of the likely demand for these wines on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under the present circumstances, be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 28. 6. 1978, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 57, 29. 2. 1980, p. 32.

additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of an initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy

of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1981, Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the following products originating in Cyprus shall be suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 10 000 hectolitres:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other I. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol, in containers holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — Wine of fresh grapes II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol in containers holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — Wine of fresh grapes other than liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of 15 % vol	3.6 ECU per hl 4.2 ECU per hl

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.

2. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price. In order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be complied with.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. The first instalment, amounting to 8 000 hectolitres, shall be allocated among the Member

States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	hectolitres
Benelux	260
Denmark	260
Germany	260
Greece	60
France	60
Ireland	540
Italy	60
United Kingdom	6 500

3. The second instalment, amounting to 2 000 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, then to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that such portion may not be used in full.

Each Member State shall, not later than 1 October 1981, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981, and charged against the Community quota, and

of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available, and to this end shall indicate the amount thereof to the Member State which makes such last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of imports of the products in question entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3526/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for sweet peppers falling within subheading 07.01 S of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the provisions of the Transitional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ will lapse on 31 December 1980;

Whereas pending the entry into force of a new Protocol it is necessary to extend the arrangements that the Community applies to trade with Cyprus under the association with that country;

Whereas the abovementioned Transitional Protocol, supplemented by the Protocol of Adaptation to take account of the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community, provides for the opening of an annual Community tariff quota of 250 tonnes of sweet peppers, falling within subheading 07.01 S of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at a rate of customs duty equal to 50 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to

the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, however, neither Community nor national statistics for the products in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota volume should be allocated in initial shares, to take into account demand for these products on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 75 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volumes have been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 84, 28. 3. 1980, p. 2.

State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January to 31 December 1981, the Common Customs Tariff duty for sweet peppers, falling within subheading 07.01 S of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, shall be partially suspended at 4.5 % within the limits of the Community tariff quota of 250 tonnes.

Within the limits of the tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment amounting to 185 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	7
Denmark	7
Germany	15
Greece	1
France	1
Ireland	7
Italy	1
United Kingdom	146

3. The second instalment, amounting to 65 tonnes, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September

1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their

territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3527/80

of 22 December 1980

totally or partially suspending Common Customs Tariff duties on certain products falling within Chapters 1 to 24 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Malta (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 of 11 November 1980 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, under Annex I to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Malta ⁽²⁾, the Community must partially suspend the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to certain products; whereas it also appears necessary provisionally to adjust or to supplement certain of the tariff benefits provided for in the abovementioned Annex; whereas, accordingly, the Community should, in respect of the products originating in Malta listed in the Annex to this Regulation, suspend either the fixed component of the levy applicable to goods coming under Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 or the customs duty applicable to the other products from 1 January to 31 December 1981 and at the levels indicated for each of them,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1981, the products originating in Malta listed in the Annex shall be admitted for import into the Community at the customs duties indicated for each of them.

Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with Article 117 of the 1979 Act of Accession ⁽³⁾.

2. For the purposes of the application of this Regulation, the rules of origin shall be those in force at the time as regards the implementation of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Malta.

Article 2

When products benefiting from the arrangements provided for in Article 1 are imported in the Community in such quantities or at such prices that Community producers of products similar to or in direct competition with them suffer or are likely to suffer from serious disadvantage, the Common Customs Tariff duties may be reintroduced in whole or in part on the products in question. Such measures may also be taken in the event of actual or potential serious disadvantage in a single region of the Community.

Article 3

1. In order to ensure the application of Article 2, the Commission may decide, by means of a Regulation, to re-introduce the levying of customs duties for a limited period.

2. In the event of such action being requested by a Member State, the Commission shall take a decision within a period of not more than 10 working days from receipt of the request and shall inform the Member States of the action taken.

3. Any Member State may refer to the Council the measure taken by the Commission, within a period of not more than 10 working days after it has been informed thereof. The fact that the matter is referred to the Council shall not cause the measure to be suspended. The Council shall meet immediately. It may, acting on a qualified majority, amend or rescind the measure in question.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 61, 14. 3. 1971, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 291, 19. 11. 1979, p. 45.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

ANNEX

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
02.01	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04 fresh, chilled or frozen: A. Meat: III. Of swine: b) Other	Free
02.04	Other meat and edible meat offals, fresh, chilled or frozen: ex A. Of domestic pigeons ex B. Furred game, frozen C. Other: ex. I. Frogs' legs II. Other	7 % Free Free Free
04.06	Natural honey	25 %
05.03	Horsehair and horsehair waste, whether or not put up as a layer or between two layers of other material: B. Other	Free
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: ex T. Other: — Okra (<i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> (L.) Moench); <i>Moringa oleifera</i> (drumsticks)	Free
08.08	Berries, fresh: F. Other	6 %
15.10	Fatty acids, acid oils from refining; fatty alcohols: C. Other fatty acids; acid oils from refining	Free
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal: A. Liver: I. Goose or duck liver B. Other: II. Game or rabbit meat or offal: — Game — Rabbit	14 % 9 % 14 %

[illegible]

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
20.07 (cont'd)	B. II. a) 3. ex bb) Other — excluding lemon juices 13 % 6. Other fruit and vegetable juices, excluding apricot and peach juices: ex aa) Containing added sugar: — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons 9 % — Other, excluding apricot and peach juices 17 % ex bb) Other: — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons 9 % — Other, excluding apricot and peach juices 18 % 7. Mixtures: ex bb) Other, excluding mixtures containing either separately or together, over 25 % of grape, citrus fruit, pineapple, apple, pear, tomato, apricot or peach juice: 11. Containing added sugar 17 % 22. Other 18 % b) Of a value of 30 EUA or less per 100 kg net weight: 2. Grapefruit juice: aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight 8 % + (L) bb) Other 8 % 4. Other citrus fruit juices: aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight 14 % + (L) bb) With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight 14 % cc) Not containing added sugar 15 % 7. Other fruit and vegetable juices, excluding apricot and peach juice: ex aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight: — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons 9 % + (L) — Other, excluding apricot and peach juices 17 % + (L)	

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
20.07 (cont'd)	B. II. b) 7. ex bb) With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight: — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons — Other, excluding apricot and peach juices ex cc) Not containing added sugar: — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons — Other, excluding apricot and peach juices 8. Mixtures: ex bb) Other, excluding mixtures containing either separately or together, over 25 % of grape, citrus fruit, pineapple, apple, pear, tomato, apricot or peach juice: 11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight 22. With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight 33. Not containing added sugar	9 % 17 % 9 % 18 % 17 % + (L) 17 % 18 %
21.06	Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders: A. Active natural yeast: II. Baker's yeast: a) Dried b) Other	5 % + vc 5 % + vc
23.01	Flours and meal, of meat, offals, fish, crustaceans or molluscs, unfit for human consumption; greaves: B. Flours and meals of fish, crustaceans or molluscs	Free

Abbreviations:

(L) = levy,

vc = variable component.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3528/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the provisions of the Supplementary Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ will lapse on 31 December 1980;

Whereas pending the entry into force of a new Protocol it is necessary to extend the arrangements that the Community applies to trade with Cyprus within the context of association with that country;

Whereas the abovementioned Supplementary Protocol, as supplemented by the Protocol of Adaptation to take account of the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community, provides for the opening of an annual duty-free Community tariff quota of 500 tonnes of certain dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by

reference to the statistics for imports from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Cyprus of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	—	1	2
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	—	—	—
Greece	—	—	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	100	99	98

Whereas, in view of these factors of market forecasts for the products in question and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	2.8
Denmark	2.8
Germany	6.0
Greece	0.7
France	2.8
Ireland	2.8
Italy	0.7
United Kingdom	81.4

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 28. 6. 1978, p. 2.

States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 75 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January to 31 December 1981, the Common Customs Tariff duty for dried grapes, in immediate containers of a net capacity of 15 kilograms or less, falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus shall be totally suspended within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 500 tonnes.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment amounting to 375 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	10
Denmark	10
Germany	22
Greece	3
France	10
Ireland	10
Italy	3
United Kingdom	307

3. The second instalment of 125 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to

this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3529/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for
liqueur wines falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and
originating in Cyprus (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community, and in particular
Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the provisions of the Supplementary
Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association
between the European Economic Community and the
Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ will lapse on 31 December
1980;

Whereas, pending the entry into force of a new
Protocol, it is necessary to extend the arrangements
which the Community applies to trade with Cyprus
within the context of the association with that
country;

Whereas the abovementioned Supplementary
Protocol, as supplemented by the Protocol of Adapt-
ation to take account of the accession of the Hellenic
Republic to the Community, provides for the opening
of an annual Community tariff quota of 250 000
hectolitres of liqueur wines, falling within subheading
ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and orig-
inating in Cyprus, at rates of customs duty equal to
30 % of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas entry under the above Community tariff
quota must be conditional on the wines being
described as 'liqueur wines' in the V.I.1 document
provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2115/76 ⁽²⁾;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to
compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price;
whereas, in order that such wines may benefit from
this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC)
No 337/79 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 459/80 ⁽⁴⁾, must be complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all
Community importers equal and uninterrupted access
to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted
application of the rates laid down for that quota to all
imports of the products concerned into all Member
States until the quota has been used up; whereas,
having regard to the above principles, the Community
nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the
Community tariff quota among the Member States;
whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible
the true trend of the market in the products in
question, such allocation should be in proportion to
the requirements of the Member States, calculated by
reference to the statistics for imports of the products
in question from Cyprus over a representative
reference period and also to the economic outlook
for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, however, neither Community nor national
statistics showing the breakdown for the products in
question are available and no reliable estimates of
future imports can be made; whereas, in these
circumstances, the quota should be allocated in initial
shares on the basis of the likely demand for these
products on the markets of the various Member
States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends
for the products concerned in the various Member
States, the quota volume should be divided into two
instalments, the first being shared among the Member
States and the second constituting a reserve to cover
at a later date the requirements of Member States
which have used up their initial quota shares;
whereas, in order to give importers in each Member
State a certain degree of security, the first instalment
of the Community quota should, under present
circumstances, be fixed at 85 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be
used up at different times; whereas, in order to take
this fact into account and avoid any break in
continuity, any Member State which has almost used
up its initial share should draw an additional share
from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each
Member State as and when each of its additional
shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 28. 6. 1978, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 237, 28. 8. 1976, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 57, 29. 2. 1980, p. 32.

as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, to prevent a part of any Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy

of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1981, Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the following products originating in Cyprus shall be suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 250 000 hectolitres:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — Liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of 15 % vol ex b) More than two litres: — Liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of 15 % vol III. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: ex 2. Other: — Liqueur wines b) More than two litres: ex 3. Other: — Liqueur wines IV. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: ex 2. Other: — Liqueur wines b) More than two litres: ex 3. Other: — Liqueur wines	5.0 ECU per hl 3.9 ECU per hl 6.1 ECU per hl 5.0 ECU per hl 6.9 ECU per hl 6.9 ECU per hl

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and the Protocol of Adaptation.

2. The admission of these wines under the tariff quota shall be conditional on their being described in the V.I.1 document provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2115/76 as 'liqueur wines'.

3. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price. In order that such wines shall benefit from this tariff quota Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be complied with.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. The first instalment, amounting to 212 060 hectolitres, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	2 000
Denmark	2 000
Germany	4 000
Greece	20
France	20
Ireland	2 000
Italy	20
United Kingdom	202 000

3. The second instalment, amounting to 37 940 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, then to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid

down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that such portion may not be used in full.

Each Member State shall, not later than 1 October 1981, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the Community quota, and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it is notified, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available, and to this end shall indicate the amount thereof to the Member State which makes such last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of

imports of the products in question entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3530/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Algeria (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Algeria is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 26 April 1976 and entered into force on 1 November 1978;

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Algeria should be approved,

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 263, 27. 9. 1978, p. 2.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Algeria

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Algeria, I have the honour to inform you that the Algerian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Algerian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the 'Société de gestion et de développement des industries alimentaires' (Sogedia) (Society for the Administration and Development of the Foodstuffs Industries).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the 'Société de gestion et de développement des industries alimentaires' (Sogedia) and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

For the Algerian Government

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

‘With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the People’s Democratic Republic of Algeria, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within sub-headings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Algeria, I have the honour to inform you that the Algerian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Algerian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the “Société de gestion et de développement des industries alimentaires” (Sogedia) (Society for the Administration and Development of the Foodstuffs Industries).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the “Société de gestion et de développement des industries alimentaires” (Sogedia) and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.’

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties will apply from 1 January to 31 December 1981 to the quantities of preserved fruit salads originating in Algeria referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3531/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 27 April 1976 and entered into force on 1 November 1978;

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco should be approved,

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 264, 27. 9. 1978, p. 2.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the 'Office de commercialisation et d'exportation' (OCE) (Marketing and Exports Office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Marketing and Exports Office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

For the Moroccan Government

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the "Office de commercialisation et d'exportation" (OCE) (Marketing and Exports Office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Marketing and Exports Office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties will apply from 1 January to 31 December 1981 to the quantities of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3532/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Tunisia (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Tunisia is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 25 April 1976 and entered into force on 1 November 1978;

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Tunisia should be approved,

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 265, 27. 9. 1978, p. 2.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Tunisia

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, I have the honour to inform you that the Tunisian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Tunisian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the 'Office de Commerce de Tunisie' (Tunisian Board of Trade).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Tunisian Board of Trade and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

For the Tunisian Government

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, I have the honour to inform you that the Tunisian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Tunisian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the "Office de Commerce de Tunisie" (Tunisian Board of Trade).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Tunisian Board of Trade and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties will apply from 1 January to 31 December 1981 to the quantities of preserved fruit salads originating in Tunisia referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3533/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria on the importation into the Community of tomato concentrates originating in Algeria (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 26 April 1976 and entered into force on 1 November 1978;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria on the importation into the Community of tomato concentrates originating in Algeria should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria on the importation into the Community of tomato concentrates originating in Algeria is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 263, 27. 9. 1978, p. 2.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria on the importation into the Community of tomato concentrates originating in Algeria

A. Letter from Algeria

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 30 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of tomato concentrates prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid and falling within subheading 20.02 ex C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Algeria, I have the honour to inform you that the Algerian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures in order that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 shall not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Algerian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the 'Société de gestion et de développement des industries alimentaires' (Sogedia) (Society for the Administration and Development of the Foodstuffs Industries).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between Sogedia and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

For the Algerian Government

B. Letter from the Community

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'With a view to implementing the 30 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of tomato concentrates prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid and falling within subheading 20.02 ex C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Algeria, I have the honour to inform you that the Algerian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures in order that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 shall not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Algerian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the "Société de gestion et de développement des industries alimentaires" (Sogedia) (Society for the Administration and Development of the Foodstuffs Industries).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between Sogedia and the Directorate General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and that consequently the 30 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties will apply to the quantities of tomato concentrates originating in Algeria, referred to in your letter, from 1 January to 31 December 1981.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3534/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1981) is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 11 May 1975;

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement in order to bind the Community.

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the said Agreement and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel should be approved,

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 136, 28. 5. 1975, p. 3.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the importation into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel

Letter No 1

Sir,

In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures in order that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 will not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to the quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would kindly confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the State of Israel*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures in order that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 will not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to the quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would kindly confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Economic Communities*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3535/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Algeria, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria⁽¹⁾, which entered into force on 1 November 1978, and in particular to Annex B thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Algeria, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Algeria, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981, is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 263, 27. 9. 1978, p. 2.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Algeria, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 16 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

'Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 16 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3536/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾, which entered into force on 1 November 1978, and in particular to Annex B thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981, is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 264, 27. 9. 1978, p. 2.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within sub-heading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 17 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

'Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 17 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the Kingdom of Morocco*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3537/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Tunisia, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, which entered into force on 1 November 1978, and in particular to Annex B thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981, is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 265, 27. 9. 1978, p. 2.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Tunisia, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within sub-heading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 16 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

'Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 16 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the Republic of Tunisia*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3538/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council, of 17 May 1977, on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community, and in particular Annex IV thereto,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981,

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981, is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex IV to Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council, of 17 May 1977, on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 2 of that Decision is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the said Article.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annex IV, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 10.88 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

'Annex IV to Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council, of 17 May 1977, on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 2 of that Decision is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the said Article.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annex IV, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 10.88 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the President
of the Republic of Turkey*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3539/80

of 22 December 1980

amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76
on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community, and in particular
Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European
Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas Articles 16, 17 and 16 of Annexes B to the
Cooperation Agreements between the European
Economic Community and Tunisia ⁽²⁾, Morocco ⁽³⁾
and Algeria ⁽⁴⁾ respectively stipulate that, if the
country in question levies a special export charge on
imports into the Community of olive oil falling within
subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff,
the levy applicable to such oil is to be reduced by a
fixed amount of 0.60 ECU per 100 kilograms and by
an amount equal to the special charge, but not
exceeding 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the case
of reduction provided for in the aforementioned
Articles and 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the
case of the additional amount provided for in the
aforementioned Annexes B;

Whereas the aforementioned Agreements were
implemented by Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76 ⁽⁵⁾,

(EEC) No 1514/76 ⁽⁶⁾ and (EEC) No 1521/76 ⁽⁷⁾, as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2922/79 ⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas the Contracting Parties have agreed, by
exchanges of letters, to fix the additional amount at
12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from
1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC)
No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 should accord-
ingly be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76,
(EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76, shall be
replaced by the following:

- ‘(b) an amount equal to the special charge levied
by Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco on exports of
the said oil but not exceeding 12.09 ECU per
100 kilograms, this amount being increased
from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981
by 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms.’

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 346, 31. 12. 1980, p. 127.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 195.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 98.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 2.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 333, 27. 12. 1979, p. 13.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3540/80

of 22 December 1980

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas Annex IV to Council Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community stipulates that the additional amount if any, to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, is to be fixed for each year of application by an exchange of letters between the Community and Turkey;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 ⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2923/79 ⁽³⁾, implemented the abovementioned Decision, in particular as regards olive oil;

Whereas the Contracting Parties have agreed, by an exchange of letters, to fix the additional amount in question at 10.88 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981;

Whereas Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 should accordingly be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 9 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 shall be replaced by the following:

- ‘(b) an amount equal to the special export charge imposed by Turkey on such oil within a limit of 11 ECU per 100 kilograms, that amount being increased from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981 by 10.88 ECU per 100 kilograms.’

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 346, 31. 12. 1980, p. 127.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 333, 27. 12. 1979, p. 14.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3541/80

of 22 December 1980

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2925/78 as regards the period of suspension of application of the price condition to which imports into the Community of certain types of citrus fruit originating in Spain are subject

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 2925/78 ⁽²⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1527/80 ⁽³⁾, suspended, until 31 December 1980, application of Article 7 (2) and (3) of Annex I to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain ⁽⁴⁾ in respect of certain fresh citrus fruits falling within subheadings 08.02 A I and ex B of the Common Customs Tariff and application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2047/70 of 13 October 1970 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Spain ⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the conditions which led to this suspension are still satisfied; whereas the said suspension should therefore be extended until 31 December 1981,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The second subparagraph of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2925/78 shall be replaced by the following:

'It shall apply until 31 December 1981.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 346, 31. 12. 1980, p. 95.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 350, 14. 12. 1978, p. 4.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 152, 20. 6. 1980, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 4.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 228, 15. 10. 1970, p. 2.