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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1706/80

of 27 June 1980

amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 28 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, under Agreements signed with third countries, and in particular pursuant to the 1979 Geneva Protocol and the 1979 Additional Protocol to the Geneva Protocol annexed to the General Agreement on tariffs and trade, and the Agreement on trade in civil aircraft, signed at the end of the multilateral trade negotiations 1973 to 1979, the Community has undertaken to eliminate certain customs duties on civil aircraft defined in Article 1 (1) (2) of the last-mentioned Agreement; whereas, in consequence, appropriate provisions were introduced on 1 January 1980, in Section II paragraph B of the preliminary provisions of the Common Customs Tariff annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1361/80 ⁽²⁾;

Whereas it is advisable to specify in those provisions that they shall also apply to parts of ground flying trainers for civil use which fall within headings other than heading No 88.05;

Whereas, in order to ensure uniform application of the Common Customs Tariff, it is necessary to define 'suits and co-ordinate suits' of knitted or crocheted fabric or of fabric other than knitted or crocheted, falling respectively within subheadings 60.05 A II b) 4 ff) and 61.01 B V c), and 'suits and co-ordinate suits, and

costumes' of knitted or crocheted fabric or of fabric other than knitted or crocheted, falling respectively within subheadings 60.05 A II b) 4 gg) and 61.02 B II e) 3; whereas, moreover, the Danish text of the aforementioned tariff subheadings must be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Common Customs Tariff annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 shall be amended as follows:

1. The following paragraph 3 shall be added to Part I, Section II, paragraph B:
 '3. For the application of paragraph 1, second indent, the expression "for use in civil aircraft" in all relevant subheadings ⁽¹⁾ shall include goods for use in ground flying trainers for civil use.'
2. The following additional notes shall be inserted in Chapter 60:

'Additional Notes

1. A. For the purposes of tariff subheading 60.05 A II b) 4 ff) "suits and co-ordinate suits" shall be considered to be sets of two or three knitted or crocheted garments comprising:
 - (a) one of the following garments covering the lower part of the body:
 - trousers,
 - shorts, and
 - (b) one or two of the following garments covering the upper part of the body:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 140, 5. 6. 1980, p. 9.

- jacket or blazer,
- windcheater, waister jacket and the like,
- shirt,
- jersey, pullover, slip-over, waistcoat, twinset, cardigan or jumper,
- tunic or other outer garment of tariff subheading 60.05 A II b) 4 ll).

All the components of a suit or co-ordinate suit must be of corresponding sizes and must be matched or co-ordinated as regards cut, material, colours, patterns or trimmings in such a way as to indicate clearly that they have been designed to be worn together by the same person.

If a shirt forms the only upper garment of such a set it must furthermore have the same structure (same yarn, same knit) as the garment covering the lower part of the body.

The term "suits and co-ordinate suits" shall also cover sets of jackets or blazers and trousers or shorts which neither match nor co-ordinate but whose corresponding sizes indicate clearly that they are intended to be worn together by the same person.

- B. Sets not covered by A, of which two or three components form a suit or co-ordinate suit within the meaning of this additional note, shall remain classified under subheading 60.05 A II b) 4 ff) provided that the sets derive their essential character from these components.

2. A. For the purposes of tariff subheading 60.05 A II b) 4 gg) "suits and co-ordinate suits, and costumes" shall be considered to be sets of two or three knitted or crocheted garments comprising:

- (a) one of the following garments covering the lower part of the body:
- trousers,
 - shorts,
 - skirt or divided skirt, and
- (b) one or two of the following garments covering the upper part of the body:
- jacket or blazer,
 - windcheater, waister jacket and the like,

- blouse or shirt-blouse,
- jersey, pullover, slip-over, waistcoat, twinset, cardigan or jumper,
- tunic or other outer garment of tariff subheading 60.05 A II b) 4 ll).

All the components of a suit, co-ordinate suit or costume must be of corresponding sizes and must be matched or co-ordinated as regards cut, material, colours, patterns or trimmings in such a way as to indicate clearly that they have been designed to be worn together by the same person.

If a blouse or shirt-blouse forms the only upper garment of such a set it must furthermore have the same structure (same yarn, same knit) as the garment covering the lower part of the body.

The term "suits and co-ordinate suits, and costumes" also covers sets of jackets or blazers and trousers, shorts, skirts or divided skirts which neither match nor co-ordinate but whose corresponding sizes indicate clearly that they are intended to be worn together by the same person.

- B. Sets not covered by A, of which two or three components form a suit, a co-ordinate suit or costume within the meaning of this additional note, shall remain classified under subheading 60.05 A II b) 4 gg) provided that the sets derive their essential character from these components.'

3. The following additional notes shall be inserted in Chapter 61:

'Additional Notes

1. A. For the purposes of tariff subheadings 61.01 B V c) "suits and co-ordinate suits" shall be considered to be sets of two or three garments (other than knitted or crocheted garments) comprising:

- (a) one of the following garments covering the lower part of the body:
- trousers,
 - shorts, and
- (b) one or two of the following garments covering the upper part of the body:
- jacket or blazer,
 - windcheater, waister jacket and the like,
 - shirt,

- waistcoat, tunic or other outer garment of tariff subheading 61.01 B V g).

All the components of a suit or co-ordinate suit must be of corresponding sizes and must be matched or co-ordinated as regards cut, material, colours, patterns or trimmings in such a way as to indicate clearly that they have been designed to be worn together by the same person.

If a shirt forms the only upper garment of such a set it must furthermore have the same structure (same yarn, same weave, etc.) as the garment covering the lower part of the body.

The term "suits and co-ordinate suits" also covers sets of jackets or blazers and trousers or shorts which neither match nor co-ordinate but whose corresponding sizes indicate clearly that they are intended to be worn together by the same person.

- B. Sets not covered by A, of which two or three components form a suit or co-ordinate suit within the meaning of this additional note, shall remain classified under subheading 61.01 B V c) provided that the sets derive their essential character from these components.

2. A. For the purposes of tariff subheading 61.02 B II e) 3 "suits and co-ordinate suits, and costumes" shall be considered to be sets of two or three garments (other than knitted or crocheted garments) comprising:

- (a) one of the following garments covering the lower part of the body:

- trousers,
- shorts,
- skirt or divided skirt, and

- (b) one or two of the following garments covering the upper part of the body:

- jacket or blazer,
- windcheater, waister-jacket and the like,

- blouse or shirt-blouse,

- waistcoat, tunic or other outer garment of tariff subheading 61.02 B II e) 9.

All the components of a suit, co-ordinate suit or costume must be of corresponding sizes and must be matched or co-ordinated as regards cut, material, colours, patterns or trimmings in such a way as to indicate clearly that they have been designed to be worn together by the same person.

If a blouse or shirt-blouse forms the only upper garment of such a set it must furthermore have the same structure (same yarn, same weave, etc.) as the garment covering the lower part of the body.

The term "suits and co-ordinate suits, and costumes" also covers sets of jackets or blazers and trousers, shorts, skirts or divided skirts which neither match nor co-ordinate but whose corresponding sizes indicate clearly that they are intended to be worn together by the same person.

- B. Sets not covered by A, of which two or three components form a suit, co-ordinate suit or costume within the meaning of this additional note, shall remain classified under subheading 61.02 B II e) 3 provided that the sets derive their essential character from these components.'

4. In the Danish version the wording of subheadings 60.05 A II b) 4 ff) and 61.01 B V c) on the one hand, and subheadings 60.05 A II b) 4 gg) and 61.02 B II e) 3 on the other hand, shall be replaced respectively by the following:

tariff subheadings 60.05 A II b) 4 ff) and 61.01 B V c):

'Habitter og kombinerede sæt (undtagen skisæt), til mænd og drenge';

tariff subheadings 60.05 A II b) 4 gg) and 61.02 B II e) 3:

'Dragter og kombinerede sæt (undtagen skisæt), til kvinder, piger om småbørn'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

A. SARTI

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1707/80

of 27 June 1980

amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, under Agreements signed with third countries, and in particular pursuant to the 1979 Geneva Protocol and the 1979 Additional Protocol to the Geneva Protocol annexed to the General Agreement on tariffs and trade signed at the end of the multilateral trade negotiations 1973 to 1979, the Community has undertaken to make reductions in customs duties, certain of which relate to products of the chemical industry falling within Chapters 29, 32 and 39 of the Common Customs Tariff, which are to be implemented in part from 1 July 1980; whereas it is expedient, therefore, in order to ensure uniform application of the Common Customs Tariff, to specify in Regulation

(EEC) No 950/68 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1706/80 ⁽²⁾, the amendments to the conventional duties applicable from 1 July 1980,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 shall be amended as follows:

1. The conventional rates of duty relating to products falling within Chapters 29, 32 and 39 of the Common Customs Tariff shall be amended in accordance with the Annex hereto.
2. Tariff heading No 29.23 shall be deleted in the Annex to the Common Customs Tariff.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

A. SARTI

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ See page 1 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.01	I. HYDROCARBONS AND THEIR HALOGENATED, SULPHONATED, NITRATED OR NITROSATED DERIVATIVES		
	Hydrocarbons:		
	A. Acyclic:		
	I. For use as power or heating fuels	25	16.8
	II. For other purposes (a)	Free	Free
	B. Cyclanes and cyclenes:		
	I. Azulene and its alkyl derivatives	16	12.1
	II. Other:		
	a) For use as power or heating fuels	25	16.4
	b) For other purposes (a)	Free	Free
	C. Cycloterpenes:		
	I. Pinenes, camphene and dipentene	13	9.2
	II. Other	18	10.6
	D. Aromatic:		
	I. Benzene, toluene and xylenes:		
	a) For use as power or heating fuels	25	15
	b) For other purposes (a)	Free	Free
	II. Styrene	8	6.4
	III. Ethylbenzene	8	6.2
	IV. Cumene (isopropylbenzene)	8	8
	V. Naphthalene and anthracene	Free	2.9
	VI. Biphenyl and terphenyls	15	11.4
	VII. Other	16	9.9
29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons:		
	A. Halogenated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons:		
	I. Fluorides	18	13.6
	II. Chlorides		
	a) Saturated:		
	1. Chloromethane and chloroethane	18	14.1
	2. Other	16	12.7
	b) Unsaturated	19	14.8
	III. Bromides	23	17.2
	IV. Iodides	25	16.4
	V. Mixed derivatives	17	12.8
	B. Halogenated derivatives of cyclanes, cyclenes and cycloterpenes	17	12.8
	C. Halogenated derivatives of aromatic hydrocarbons	18	13.6

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.03	Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons:		
	A. Sulphonated derivatives	16	12.1
	B. Nitrated and nitrosated derivatives:		
	I. Trinitrotoluenes and dinitronaphthalenes	10	8
	II. Other	16	12.1
	C. Mixed derivatives:		
	I. Sulphohalogenated derivatives	14	10.6
	II. Other	16	12.6
	II. ALCOHOLS AND THEIR HALOGENATED, SULPHONATED, NITRATED OR NITROSATED DERIVATIVES		
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. Saturated monohydric alcohols:		
	I. Methanol (methyl alcohol)	18	14.2
	II. Propan-1-ol (propyl alcohol) and propan-2-ol (isopropyl alcohol)	15	11.4
	III. Butanol and isomers thereof:		
	a) 2-Methylpropan-2-ol (<i>tert</i> -butyl alcohol)	8	6.2
	b) Other	14	10.6
	IV. Pentanol (amyl alcohol) and isomers thereof	20	15
	V. Other	18	14.8
	B. Unsaturated monohydric alcohols:		
	I. Allyl alcohol	14	10.6
	II. Other	16	11.4
	C. Polyhydric alcohols:		
	I. Diols, triols and tetraols	19	16
	II. D-Mannitol (mannitol)	12 + vc	—
	III. D-Glucitol (sorbitol):		
	a) In aqueous solution:		
	1. Containing 2% or less by weight of D-mannitol, calculated on the D-glucitol content	12 + vc	—
	2. Other	12 (a) + vc	—
	b) Other:		
	1. Containing 2% or less by weight of D-mannitol, calculated on the D-glucitol content	12 + vc	—
	2. Other	12 (a) + vc	—
	IV. Other polyhydric alcohols	14	10.6
	V. Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of polyhydric alcohols	18	13.6

(a) Duty rate reduced to 9 % (suspension) for an indefinite period.

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.05	Cyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. Cyclanic, cyclenic and cycloterpenic:		
	I. Cyclohexanol, methylcyclohexanols and dimethylcyclohexanols	20	15
	II. Menthol	11	8·8
	III. Sterols and inositols	14	10·6
	IV. Other	16	12·1
	B. Aromatic:		
	I. Cinnamyl alcohol	13	9·9
	II. Other	17	12·8
	III. PHENOLS, PHENOL-ALCOHOLS, AND THEIR HALOGENATED, SULPHONATED, NITRATED OR NITROSATED DERIVATIVES		
29.06	Phenols and phenol-alcohols:		
	A. Monophenols:		
	I. Phenol and its salts	4	3·2
	II. Cresols, xylenols, and their salts	3	2·4
	III. Naphthols and their salts	18	14·4
	IV. Other	17	12·8
	B. Polyphenols:		
	I. Resorcinol and its salts	17	12·8
	II. Hydroquinone (quinol)	18	13·6
	III. Dihydroxynaphthalenes and their salts	17	12·8
	IV. 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol (2,2-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane, bis-phenol A	15	9·2
	V. Other	15	11·4
	C. Phenol-alcohols	18	13·6
29.07	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenols or phenol-alcohols:		
	A. Halogenated derivatives	15	11·4
	B. Sulphonated derivatives	18	13·6
	C. Nitrated and nitrosated derivatives:		
	I. Picric acid (2,4,6-trinitrophenol); lead styphnate (lead trinitroresorcin-oxide); trinitroxilenols and their salts	10	7·7
	II. Dinitrocresols; trinitro- <i>m</i> -cresol	16	12·8
	III. Other	18	13·6
	D. Mixed derivatives	18	13·6

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.08	IV. ETHERS, ALCOHOL PEROXIDES, ETHER PEROXIDES, EPOXIDES WITH A THREE OR FOUR MEMBER RING, ACETALS AND HEMIACETALS, AND THEIR HALOGENATED, SULPHONATED, NITRATED OR NITROSATED DERIVATIVES		
	Ethers, ether-alcohols, ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols, alcohol peroxides and ether peroxides, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. Ethers:		
	I. Acyclic:		
	a) Diethyl ether and dichlorodiethyl ethers	25	16.4
	b) Other	17	12.8
	II. Cyclanic, cyclenic and cycloterpenic	17	12.8
	III. Aromatic:		
	a) 4- <i>tert</i> -Butyl-3-methoxy-2,6-dinitrotoluene	13	10.4
	b) Diphenyl ether	17	13.4
	c) Other	16	12.1
	B. Ether-alcohols:		
	I. Acyclic	20	15
	II. Cyclic	14	10.6
	C. Ether-phenols and ether-alcohol-phenols:		
	I. Guaiacol; potassium guaiacolsulphonates	19	14.7
	II. Other	15	11.4
	D. Alcohol peroxides and ether peroxides	17	10.6
29.09	Epoxides, epoxyalcohols, epoxyphenols and epoxyethers, with a three or four member ring, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. 1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (epichlorhydrin)	18	15.3
	B. Other	18	14.8
29.10	Acetals and hemiacetals and single or complex oxygen-function acetals and hemiacetals, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether (piperonyl butoxide) ..	13	9.9
	B. Other	18	13.2
29.11	V. ALDEHYDE-FUNCTION COMPOUNDS		
	Aldehydes, aldehyde-alcohols, aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and other single or complex oxygen-function aldehydes; cyclic polymers of aldehydes; paraformaldehyde:		
	A. Acyclic aldehydes:		
	I. Formaldehyde (methanal)	18	13.6
	II. Acetaldehyde (ethanal)	24	19.2
	III. Butyraldehyde (butanal)	19	14.3
	IV. Other	16	12.1

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.11 (cont'd)	B. Cyclanic, cyclenic and cycloterpenic aldehydes	14	10·6
	C. Aromatic aldehydes:		
	I. Cinnamaldehyde	18	13·6
	II. Other	16	12·1
	D. Aldehyde-alcohols	16	12·1
	E. Aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and other single or complex oxygen-function aldehydes:		
	I. Vanillin (4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde) and 3-ethoxy-4-hydroxy-benzaldehyde ("ethylvanillin").....	20	15
	II. Other	17	11·4
	F. Cyclic polymers of aldehydes:		
	I. 1,3,5-Trioxane	18	13·6
	II. Other	17	12·8
	G. Polyformaldehyde (paraformaldehyde).....	18	13·6
29.12	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of products falling within heading No 29.11	16	12·1
VI. KETONE-FUNCTION COMPOUNDS AND QUINONE-FUNCTION COMPOUNDS			
29.13	Ketones, ketone-alcohols, ketone-phenols, ketone-aldehydes, quinones, quinone-alcohols, quinone-phenols, quinone-aldehydes and other single or complex oxygen-function ketones and quinones, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. Acyclic ketones:		
	I. Monoketones	15	10·6
	II. Polyketones	12	9·2
	B. Cyclanic, cyclenic and cycloterpenic ketones:		
	I. Bornan-2-one (camphor):		
	a) Natural crude	11	8·4
	b) Other (natural refined and synthetic)	16	12·1
	II. Other	15	11·4
	C. Aromatic ketones:		
	I. Methyl naphthyl ketones (acetophenones)	14	11·2
	II. 4-Phenylbutenone (benzylidenacetone)	17	12·8
	III. Other	18	13·6
	D. Ketone-alcohols and ketone-aldehydes:		
	I. Acyclic, cyclanic, cyclenic and cycloterpenic:		
	a) 4-Hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) ⁴	14	10·7
	b) Other	14	10·2
	II. Aromatic	18	13·6
	E. Ketone-phenols and other single or complex oxygen-function ketones	18	13·6
	F. Quinones, quinone-alcohols, quinone-phenols, quinone-aldehydes and other single or complex oxygen-function quinones	17	12·8
	G. Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	I. 4'-tert-Butyl-2',6'-dimethyl-3',5',dinitroacetophenone (musk ketone)	14	11·2
	II. Other	16	12·1

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.14	VII. CARBOXYLIC ACIDS, AND THEIR ANHYDRIDES, HALIDES, PEROXIDES AND PERACIDS, AND THEIR HALOGENATED, SULPHONATED, NITRATED OR NITROSATED DERIVATIVES		
	Monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids:		
	I. Formic acid and its salts and esters	19	14.3
	II. Acetic acid and its salts and esters:		
	a) Acetic acid	21	16.8
	b) Salts of acetic acid:		
	1. Pyrolignites (for example, of calcium)	10	7.7
	2. Sodium acetate	19	15.2
	3. Cobalt acetates	14	11.2
	4. Other	17	12.8
	c) Esters of acetic acid:		
	1. Ethyl acetate, vinyl acetate, propyl acetate and isopropyl acetate	20	15.4
	2. Methyl acetate, butyl acetate, isobutyl acetate, pentyl acetate (amyl acetate), isopentyl acetate (isoamyl acetate) and glycerol acetates	19	14.3
	3. <i>p</i> -Tolyl acetate, phenylpropyl acetates, benzyl acetate, rhodinyl acetate, santalyl acetate and the acetates of phenylethane-1,2-diol ..	13	10.4
	4. Other	17	12.8
	III. Acetic anhydride	20	15
	IV. Acetyl halides	18	13.6
	V. Bromoacetic acids and their salts and esters	23	17.2
	VI. Propionic acid and its salts and esters	14	8.2
	VII. Butyric acid and isobutyric acid and their salts and esters	15	11.4
	VIII. Valeric acid and its isomers and their salts and esters	13	9.9
	IX. Palmitic acid and its salts and esters:		
	a) Palmitic acid	11	8.4
	b) Salts and esters of palmitic acid	16	12.1
	X. Stearic acid and its salts and esters:		
	a) Stearic acid	12	9.2
	b) Salts and esters of stearic acid:		
	1. Zinc stearate and magnesium stearate	13	9.9
	2. Other	15	11.4
	XI. Other	16	12.1

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.14 (cont'd)	B. Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids:		
	I. Methacrylic acid and its salts and esters	17	12.8
	II. Undecenoic acids and their salts and esters:		
	a) Undecenoic acids	13	9.2
	b) Salts and esters of undecenoic acids	16	12.1
	III. Oleic acid and its salts and esters:		
	a) Oleic acid	12	9.2
	b) Salts and esters of oleic acid	16	12.1
	IV. Other:		
	a) Hexa-2,4-dienoic acid (sorbic acid) and acrylic acid	15	9.4
	b) Other	15	11.8
	C. Cyclanic, cyclenic and cycloterpenic monocarboxylic acids	17	12.8
	D. Aromatic monocarboxylic acids:		
	I. Benzoic acid and its salts and esters	17	12.8
	II. Benzoyl chloride	18	13.6
	III. Phenylacetic acid and its salts and esters	19	14.3
	IV. Other	16	12.1
29.15	Polycarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. Acyclic polycarboxylic acids:		
	I. Oxalic acid and its salts and esters	19	14.3
	II. Malonic acid and adipic acid and their salts and esters	17	13.5
	III. Maleic anhydride	15	11.4
	IV. Azelaic acid and sebacic acid and their salts and esters:		
	a) Azelaic acid and sebacic acid	12	9.2
	b) Salts and esters of azelaic acid and of sebacic acid	16	12
	V. Other	16	9.9
	B. Cyclanic, cyclenic and cycloterpenic polycarboxylic acids	17	10.6
	C. Aromatic polycarboxylic acids:		
	I. Phthalic anhydride	18	14.2
	II. Terephthalic acid and its salts and esters	18	11.1
	III. Other	18	14.2

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.22 (cont'd)	D. Aromatic monoamines:		
	I. Aniline and its halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated and nitrosated derivatives, and their salts	16	12.7
	II. N-Methyl-N,2,4,6-tetranitroaniline (tetryl)	8	6.2
	III. Toluidines and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated and nitrosated derivatives, and their salts	16	12.1
	IV. Xylidines and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated and nitrosated derivatives, and their salts	15	11.4
	V. Diphenylamine and its halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated and nitrosated derivatives, and their salts:		
	a) Dipicrylamine (hexyl)	8	6.2
	b) Other	16	12.1
	VI. 1-Naphthylamine and 2-naphthylamine and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated and nitrosated derivatives, and their salts:		
	a) 2-Naphthylamine and its salts	14	10.6
	b) Other	16	12.1
	VII. Other	16	12.1
	E. Aromatic polyamines:		
	I. Phenylenediamines and methylphenylenediamines (diaminotoluenes), and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated and nitrosated derivatives, and their salts	14	10.6
	II. Other	16	12.5
29.23	Single or complex oxygen-function amino-compounds:		
	A. Amino-alcohols and their ethers and esters:		
	I. 2-Aminoethanol (ethanolamine) and its salts	14	10.6
	II. Other	16	12.1
	B. Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols; amino-arylethers; amino-arylesters:		
	I. Anisidines, dimethoxybiphenylenediamines (bianisidines), phenetidines, and their salts	18	13.6
	II. Other	16	12.5
	C. Amino-aldehydes; amino-ketones; amino-quinones	16	12.1
	D. Amino-acids:		
	I. Lysine and its esters, and their salts	13	9.9
	II. Sarcosine and its salts	15	11.4
	III. Glutamic acid and its salts	19	18.5
	IV. Glycine	17	10.6
	V. Other	17	12.8
	E. Amino-alcohol-phenols; amino-acid-phenols; other single or complex oxygen-function amino-compounds	17	12.8

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
	VIII. INORGANIC ESTERS AND THEIR SALTS, AND THEIR HALOGENATED, SULPHONATED, NITRATED OR NITROSATED DERIVATIVES		
[29.17]			
[29.18]			
29.19	Phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. <i>myo</i> -Inositol hexakis(dihydrogen phosphate) (phytic acid) and its salts (phytates) and lactophosphates.....	15	11.4
	B. Tributyl phosphates, triphenyl phosphate, tritolyl phosphates, trixylyl phosphates and tris(chloroethyl) phosphate	15	10.6
	C. Other	17	12.8
[29.20]			
29.21	Other esters of mineral acids (excluding halides) and their salts, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:		
	A. Sulphuric esters and carbonic esters and their salts, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	18	13.6
	B. Other products:		
	I. Ethylene dinitrate (ethylene glycol dinitrate), D-mannitol hexanitrate, glycerol trinitrate, pentaerythritol tetranitrate (penthrite) and oxydiethylene dinitrate (digol dinitrate)	15	11.4
	II. Other	17	12.8
	IX. NITROGEN-FUNCTION COMPOUNDS		
29.22	Amine-function compounds:		
	A. Acyclic monoamines:		
	I. Methylamine, dimethylamine and trimethylamine, and their salts ...	16	12.7
	II. Diethylamine and its salts	11	8.4
	III. Other	14	10.6
	B. Acyclic polyamines:		
	I. Hexamethylenediamine and its salts	16	12.1
	II. Other	15	9.2
	C. Cyclanic, cyclenic and cycloterpenic mono- and polyamines:		
	I. Cyclohexylamine and cyclohexyldimethylamine, and their salts	13	9.9
	II. Other	16	12.1

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
	X. ORGANO-INORGANIC COMPOUNDS AND HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS		
29.31	Organo-sulphur compounds:		
	A. Xanthates	14	10·6
	B. Other	18	13·6
[29.32]			
29.33	Organo-mercury compounds	17	12·8
29.34	Other organo-inorganic compounds:		
	A. Organo-arsenic compounds	17	12·8
	B. Tetraethyl-lead	20	16
	C. Other	18	13·6
29.35	Heterocyclic compounds; nucleic acids:		
	A. 2-Furaldehyde (furfuraldehyde, furfural, furfurol) and benzofuran (coumarone).....	14	10·6
	B. Furfuryl alcohol and tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol	17	12·8
	C. Thiophen	14	10·6
	D. Pyridine and its salts	10	7·7
	E. Indole and 3-methylindole (skatole) and their salts	12	9·2
	F. Esters of nicotinic acid (INN); nikethamide (INN) and its salts	14	10·6
	G. Quinoline and its salts	17	12·8
	H. Phenazone (INN) and aminophenazone (INN) (amidopyrin), and their derivatives:		
	I. Propyphenazone (INN)	15	10·4
	II. Other	25	17·4
	IJ. Nucleic acids and their salts	18	13·6
	K. 3-Picoline	12	9·2
	L. Di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide; benzimidazole-2-thiol (mercaptobenzimidazole); benzothiazole-2-thiol (mercaptobenzothiazole) and its salts	18	14·4
	M. Santonin	13	7·7
	N. Coumarin, methylcoumarins and ethylcoumarins	18	13·6
	O. Phenolphthalein.....	18	14·4

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.24	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides; lecithins and other phosphoaminolipins:		
	A. Lecithins and other phosphoaminolipins	14	8.4
	B. Other	17	12.8
29.25	Carboxamide-function compounds; amide-function compounds of carbonic acid:		
	A. Acyclic amides:		
	I. Asparagine and its salts:		
	a) Asparagine	14	10.6
	b) Asparagine salts	17	12.8
	II. Other	18	13.6
	B. Cyclic amides:		
	I. Ureines:		
	a) 4-Ethoxyphenylurea (dulcin)	12	9.2
	b) Other	15	11.4
	II. Ureides:		
	a) Phenobarbital (INN) and its salts	22	17.6
	b) Barbital (INN) and its salts	19	15.2
	c) Other	17	12.8
	III. Other cyclic amides:		
	a) Lidocaine (INN)	17	12
	b) Other	17	12.8
29.26	Carboxyimide-function compounds (including ortho-benzoic sulphimide and its salts) and imine-function compounds (including hexamethylenetetramine and trimethylenetrinitramine):		
	A. Imides:		
	I. 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3-one 1,1-dioxide (o-benzoic sulphimide, saccharin) and its salts	15	10.4
	II. Other	17	12.8
	B. Imines:		
	I. Aldimines	18	13.6
	II. Other imines:		
	a) Methenamine (INN) (hexamethylenetetramine)	18	14.4
	b) Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (hexogen, trimethylenetrinitramine)	11	8.4
	c) Other	17	12.8
29.27	Nitrile-function compounds	17	14.9
29.28	Diazo-, azo- and azoxy-compounds	16	12.1
29.29	Organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine	17	12.8
29.30	Compounds with other nitrogen-functions	17	13.5

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.39	Hormones, natural or reproduced by synthesis; derivatives thereof, used primarily as hormones; other steroids used primarily as hormones:		
	A. Adrenaline	17	12.7
	B. Insulin	16	12
	C. Pituitary (anterior) and similar hormones:		
	I. Gonadotrophic hormones	11	8.4
	II. Other	15	11.4
	D. Adrenal (cortex) hormones:		
	I. Cortisone (INN) and hydrocortisone (INN), and their acetates; prednisone (INN) and prednisolone (INN)	11	8.4
	II. Other	14	10.6
	E. Other hormones and other steroids	14	10.6
[29.40]			
	XII. GLYCOSIDES AND VEGETABLE ALKALOIDS, NATURAL OR REPRODUCED BY SYNTHESIS, AND THEIR SALTS, ETHERS, ESTERS AND OTHER DERIVATIVES		
29.41	Glycosides, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives:		
	A. Digitalis glycosides	12	9.2
	B. Glycyrrhizic acid and glycyrrhizates	11	8.4
	C. Rutin and its derivatives	18	13.6
	D. Other	14	10.6
29.42	Vegetable alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives:		
	A. Of the opium group:		
	I. Thebaine and its salts	13	9.9
	II. Other	17	12.8
	B. Of cinchona:		
	I. Quinine and quinine sulphate	9	6.8
	II. Other	12	9.6

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.35 (cont'd)	P. 6-Allyl-6,7-dihydro-5H-dibenz[c,e]azepine (azapetine) and its salts; Atrazine (ISO); Chlordiazepoxide (INN) and its salts; Chlorprothixene (INN); Dextromethorphan (INN) and its salts; Diazinon (ISO); Halogen derivatives of quinoline; Imipramine hydrochloride (INN); Iproniazid (INN); Ketobemidone hydrochloride (INN); Naphazoline hydrochloride (INN) and naphazoline nitrate (INN); Phenindamine (INN) and its salts; Phentolamine (INN); Phenylbutazone (INN); Propazine (ISO); Pyridostigmine bromide (INN); Quinolinecarboxylic acid derivatives; Simazine (ISO); Thenalidine (INN) and its tartrates and maleates; Thiethylperazine (INN); Thioridazine (INN) and its salts; Tolazoline hydrochloride (INN) Q. Other	16	8
29.36	Sulphonamides	18	10.6
29.37	Sultones and sultams	17	12.8
XI. PROVITAMINS, VITAMINS AND HORMONES, NATURAL OR REPRODUCED BY SYNTHESIS			
29.38	Provitamins and vitamins, natural or reproduced by synthesis (including natural concentrates), derivatives thereof used primarily as vitamins, and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent: A. Provitamins, unmixed, whether or not in aqueous solution B. Vitamins, unmixed, whether or not in aqueous solution: I. Vitamins A II. Vitamins B₂, B₃, B₆, B₁₂ and H III. Vitamin B₉ IV. Vitamin C V. Other vitamins C. Natural concentrates of vitamins: I. Natural concentrates of vitamins A + D II. Other D. Intermixtures, whether or not in any solvent; non-aqueous solutions of provitamins or vitamins	14	6.8
		9	4.4
		9	5.6
		18	13.6
		12	8.9
		14	8.6
		9	5.4
		14	10.6
		18	11.1

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.39	Hormones, natural or reproduced by synthesis; derivatives thereof, used primarily as hormones; other steroids used primarily as hormones:		
	A. Adrenaline	17	12.7
	B. Insulin	16	12
	C. Pituitary (anterior) and similar hormones:		
	I. Gonadotrophic hormones	11	8.4
	II. Other	15	11.4
	D. Adrenal (cortex) hormones:		
	I. Cortisone (INN) and hydrocortisone (INN), and their acetates; prednisone (INN) and prednisolone (INN)	11	8.4
	II. Other	14	10.6
	E. Other hormones and other steroids	14	10.6
[29.40]			
	XII. GLYCOSIDES AND VEGETABLE ALKALOIDS, NATURAL OR REPRODUCED BY SYNTHESIS, AND THEIR SALTS, ETHERS, ESTERS AND OTHER DERIVATIVES		
29.41	Glycosides, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives:		
	A. Digitalis glycosides	12	9.2
	B. Glycyrrhizic acid and glycyrrhizates	11	8.4
	C. Rutin and its derivatives	18	13.6
	D. Other	14	10.6
29.42	Vegetable alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives:		
	A. Of the opium group:		
	I. Thebaine and its salts	13	9.9
	II. Other	17	12.8
	B. Of cinchona:		
	I. Quinine and quinine sulphate	9	6.8
	II. Other	12	9.6

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
29.42 (cont'd)	C. Other alkaloids: I. Caffeine and its salts 13 10.4 II. Cocaine and its salts: a) Crude cocaine 5 Free b) Other 17 10.6 III. Emetine and its salts 10 7.7 IV. Ephedrine and their salts 16 12.1 V. Theobromine and its derivatives 10 8 VI. Theophylline and aminophylline (INN), and their salts 17 13.6 VII. Other 13 8.4 XIII. OTHER ORGANIC COMPOUNDS		
29.43	Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, glucose and lactose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of headings Nos 29.39, 29.41 and 29.42: A. Rhamnose, raffinose and mannose 15 — B. Other 20 —		
29.44	Antibiotics: A. Penicillins 21 15.7 B. Chloramphenicol (INN) 13 10.4 C. Other antibiotics 9 7.7		
29.45	Other organic compounds 20 15.3		

CHAPTER 32

TANNING AND DYEING EXTRACTS; TANNINS AND THEIR DERIVATIVES; DYES, COLOURS,
PAINTS AND VARNISHES; PUTTY, FILLERS AND STOPPINGS; INKS

Notes

1. This Chapter does not cover:

- (a) Separate chemically defined elements and compounds (except those falling within heading No 32.04 or 32.05, inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores (heading No 32.07), and also dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail falling within heading No 32.09); or
- (b) Tannates and other tanning derivatives of products falling within headings Nos 29.38 to 29.42, 29.44 or 35.01 to 35.04.

2. Heading No 32.05 is to be taken to include mixtures of stabilised diazonium salts and couplers for the production of azo dyes.

3. Headings Nos 32.05, 32.06 and 32.07 are to be taken to apply also to preparations based on, respectively, synthetic organic dyestuffs (including pigment dyestuffs), colour lakes and other colouring matter, of a kind used for colouring in the mass artificial plastics, rubber or similar materials or as ingredients in preparations for printing textiles. The headings are not to be applied, however, to prepared pigments falling within heading No 32.09.

4. Heading No 32.09 is to be taken to include solutions (other than collodions) consisting of any of the products specified in headings Nos 39.01 to 39.06 in volatile organic solvents if, and only if, the weight of the solvent exceeds 50% of the weight of the solution.

5. The expression "colouring matter" in this Chapter does not include products of a kind used as extenders in oil paints, whether or not they are also suitable for colouring distempers.

6. The expression "stamping foils" in heading No 32.09 is to be taken to apply only to products of a kind used for printing, for example, book covers or hat bands, and consisting of:

- (a) Thin sheets composed of metallic powder (including powder or precious metal), or pigment, agglomerated with glue, gelatin or other binder; or
- (b) Metal (for example, gold or aluminium) or pigment, deposited on paper, artificial plastic material or other support.

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
32.01	Tanning extracts of vegetable origin; tannins (tannic acids), including water-extracted gall-nut tannin, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives:		
	A. Tanning extracts of vegetable origin:		
	I. Of wattle (mimosa)	10 (a)	9
	II. Of quebracho	Free	Free
	III. Of sumach, of vallonina, of oak or of chestnut	9	8.6
	IV. Other	9	7.7 (b)

(a) Duty rate reduced to 3 % (suspension) for an indefinite period.

(b) Duty rate reduced to 4 % in respect of eucalyptus tanning extracts, within the limits of an annual tariff quota of 250 tonnes to be granted by the competent authorities.

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
32.01 (cont'd)	B. Other	10	7
[32.02]			
32.03	Synthetic organic tanning substances, and inorganic tanning substances; tanning preparations, whether or not containing natural tanning materials; enzymatic preparations for pre-tanning (for example, of enzymatic, pancreatic or bacterial origin)	10	7.7
32.04	Colouring matter of vegetable origin (including dyewood extract and other vegetable dyeing extracts, but excluding indigo) or of animal origin: A. Colouring matter of vegetable origin: I. Black cutch (Acacia catechu) II. Extracts of Persian berries and of madder; woad III. Litmus IV. Other B. Colouring matter of animal origin	Free 6 3 9 10	Free 4.7 2.4 5.4 7.7
32.05	Synthetic organic dyestuffs (including pigment dyestuffs); synthetic organic products of a kind used as luminophores; products of the kind known as optical bleaching agents, substantive to the fibre; natural indigo: A. Synthetic organic dyestuffs B. Preparations mentioned in Note 3 to this Chapter C. Synthetic organic products of a kind used as luminophores D. Products of the kind known as optical bleaching agents, substantive to the fibre E. Natural indigo	17 20 19 17 9	10 13.5 16 9.1 8
32.06	Colour lakes	16	13.5
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores: A. Other colouring matter: I. Mineral blacks, not elsewhere specified or included II. Soluble vandyke brown and similar products III. Pigments based on zinc sulphide (lithopone and the like) IV. Pigments based on titanium oxide V. Pigments based on lead, barium, zinc or strontium chromates: a) Molybdenum red b) Other VI. Other: a) Magnetite b) Other	9 9 12 15 11 17 Free 14	6.9 6.9 9.6 9.2 8.4 12.8 6.7 10.6

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
32.07 (cont'd)	B. Preparations mentioned in Note 3 to this Chapter	16	12.1
	C. Inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores	12	7.7 9.
32.08	Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours, vitrifiable enamels and glazes, liquid lustres and similar products, of the kind used in the ceramic, enamelling and glass industries; engobes (slips); glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes:		
	A. Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours	15	11.4
	B. Vitrifiable enamels and glazes	16	9.9
	C. Liquid lustres and similar products; engobes (slips)	13	7.7
	D. Glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes	8	4.7
32.09	Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments dispersed in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine or other media of a kind used in the manufacture of paints or enamels; stamping foils; dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail; solutions as defined by Note 4 to this Chapter:		
	A. Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments dispersed in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine or other media of a kind used in the manufacture of paints or enamels; solutions as defined by Note 4 to this Chapter:		
	I. Pearl essence	16	12.1
	II. Other	19	11.8
	B. Stamping foils	17	10.6
	C. Dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail	16	12.1
32.10	Artists', students' and signboard painters' colours, modifying tints, amusement colours and the like, in tablets, tubes, jars, bottles, pans or in similar forms or packings, including such colours in sets or outfits, with or without brushes, palettes or other accessories	22	13.6
32.11	Prepared driers	17	10.6
32.12	Glaziers' putty; grafting putty; painters' fillings; non-refractory surfacing preparations; stopping, sealing and similar mastics, including resin mastics and cements	11	6.9
32.13	Writing ink, printing ink and other inks:		
	A. Writing or drawing ink	15	11.4
	B. Printing ink	18	10.6
	C. Other inks	16	12.1

- (q) Articles falling within Chapter 97 (for example, toys, games and sports requisites); or
- (r) Buttons, slide fasteners, combs, mouthpieces or stems for smoking pipes, cigarette-holders or the like, parts of vacuum flasks or the like, pens, propelling pencils or other articles falling within Chapter 98.
2. Headings Nos 39.01 and 39.02 are to be taken to apply only to goods of a kind produced by chemical synthesis answering to one of the following descriptions:
- (a) Artificial plastics including artificial resins;
 - (b) Silicones;
 - (c) Resols, liquid polyisobutylene, and similar artificial polycondensation or polymerisation products.
3. Headings Nos 39.01 to 39.06 are to be taken to apply to materials in the following forms only:
- (a) Liquid or pasty including emulsions, dispersions and solutions);
 - (b) Blocks, lumps, powders (including moulding powders), granules, flakes and similar bulk forms;
 - (c) Monofil of which any cross-sectional dimension exceeds 1 mm; seamless tubes, rods, sticks and profile shapes, whether or not surface-worked but not otherwise worked;
 - (d) Plates, sheets, film, foil and strip (other than that classified in heading No 51.02 by the application of Note 4 to Chapter 51), whether or not printed or otherwise surface-worked, uncut or cut into rectangles but not further worked (even if, when so cut, they become articles ready for use);
 - (e) Waste and scrap.

Additional Note

Subheading 39.02 C I is to be taken to include polyethylene slightly modified by small quantities of other olefins.

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
39.01	Condensation, polycondensation and polyaddition products, whether or not modified or polymerised, and whether or not linear (for example, phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, polyallyl esters and other unsaturated polyesters, silicones): A. Ion exchangers 19 11.4 B. Adhesive strips of a width not exceeding 10 cm, the coating of which consists of unvulcanised natural or synthetic rubber 16 9.9 C. Other: I. Phenoplasts: a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter 15 11.4 b) In other forms 17 12.1 II. Aminoplasts: a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter 15 11.4 b) In other forms 17 12.8		

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
39.01 (cont'd)	C. III. Alkyds and other polyesters: a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (d) to this Chapter b) Other	20 20	15.6 15
	IV. Polyamides	22	15
	V. Polyurethanes	22	16.5
	VI. Silicones	20	16.5
	VII. Other	20	13.6
39.02	Polymerisation and copolymerisation products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): A. Ion exchangers	22	13.6
	B. Adhesive strips of a width not exceeding 10 cm, the coating of which consists of unvulcanised natural or synthetic rubber	16	9.9
	C. Other: I. Polyethylene: a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter b) In other forms	20 23	15.6 17.7
	II. Polytetrahaloethylenes	23	14.2
	III. Polysulphohaloethylenes	23	17.7
	IV. Polypropylene	23	17.7
	V. Polyisobutylene	23	17.7
	VI. Polystyrene and copolymers of styrene: a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter b) In other forms	20 23	15.6 17.7
	VII. Polyvinyl chloride: a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter b) In other forms	20 23	15.6 17.7
	VIII. Polyvinylidene chloride; copolymers of vinylidene chloride with vinyl chloride	19	14.9
	IX. Polyvinyl acetate	19	12
	X. Copolymers of vinyl chloride with vinyl acetate	21	16.3
	XI. Polyvinyl alcohols, acetals and ethers	21	13.5
	XII. Acrylic polymers, methacrylic polymers and acrylo-methacrylic copolymers	21	16.3
	XIII. Coumarone resins, indene resins and coumarone-indene resins	19	12
	XIV. Other polymerisation or copolymerisation products: a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter b) In other forms	21 23	16.3 17.7

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticised or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanised fibre: A. Adhesive strips of a width not exceeding 10 cm, the coating of which consists of unvulcanised natural or synthetic rubber B. Other: I. Regenerated cellulose: a) Expanded, foam or sponge b) Other: 1. Sheets, film or strip, coiled or not, of a thickness of less than 0.75 mm 2. Other c) Waste and scrap II. Cellulose nitrates: a) Not plasticised: 1. Collodions and celloidin 2. Other b) Plasticised: 1. With camphor or otherwise (for example, celluloid): aa) Film in rolls or in strips, for cinematography or photography bb) Other 2. Waste and scrap III. Cellulose acetates: a) Not plasticised: b) Plasticised: 1. Products known as moulding powders 2. Film in rolls or in strips, for cinematography or photography 3. Sheets, film or strip, coiled or not, of a thickness of less than 0.75 mm 4. Other: aa) Waste and scrap bb) Other IV. Other cellulose esters: a) Not plasticised b) Plasticised: 1. Products known as moulding powders 2. Film in rolls or in strips, for cinematography or photography 3. Sheets, film or strip, coiled or not, of a thickness of less than 0.75 mm 4. Other: aa) Waste and scrap bb) Other	16 22 23 19 16 20 12 15 17 14 19 15 13 19 14 17 18 15 14 20 14 17	9.9 16.5 17.7 11.4 9.9 16 9.2 11.4 12.8 10.6 14.3 11.4 9.9 14.9 10.6 9.2 10.6 12.1 8.4 10.6

Heading number	Description	Rate of duty	
		Autonomous %	Conventional %
1	2	3	4
39.03 (cont'd)	B. V. Cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose: a) Not plasticised: 1. Ethylcellulose 15 11.4 2. Other 19 14.3 b) Plasticised: 1. Waste and scrap 16 12.1 2. Other: - aa) Ethylcellulose 16 12.1 - bb) Other 20 15 VI. Vulcanised fibre 14 8.4		
39.04	Hardened proteins (for example, hardened casein and hardened gelatin)	10	7.7
39.05	Natural resins modified by fusion (run gums); artificial resins obtained by esterification of natural resins or of resinic acids (ester gums); chemical derivatives of natural rubber (for example, chlorinated rubber, rubber hydrochloride, oxidised rubber, cyclised rubber); A. Run gums 14 8.4 B. Other 17 10.6		
39.06	Other high polymers, artificial resins and artificial plastic materials, including alginic acid, its salts and esters; linnoxyn: A. Alginic acid and its salts and esters 11 6.9 B. Other 20 15.5		
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in headings Nos 39.01 to 39.06: A. Piping and tubing, with fittings attached, suitable for conducting gases or liquids, for use in civil aircraft (a) 22 Free B. Other: I. Of regenerated cellulose 23 17.2 II. Of vulcanised fibre 19 11.4 III. Of hardened proteins 18 10.6 IV. Of chemical derivatives of rubber 17 10.6 V. Of other materials: a) Spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12 16 7.7 b) Fans and hand screens, non-mechanical; frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles 21 8.1 c) Corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories 17 6.7 d) Other 22 16.5		
(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities. See also Section II, paragraph B, of the preliminary provisions.			

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1708/80

of 27 June 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for sherry falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas on the signing of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain ⁽¹⁾ on 29 June 1970, the Community undertook to grant preferential tariff arrangements for imports into the Community of sherry originating in Spain; whereas this undertaking covers the opening each year of the following two tariff quotas:

- 40 000 hectolitres at a duty rate of 40 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties, for sherry in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1 and originating in Spain, and
- 210 000 hectolitres at a duty rate of 50 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties, for sherry in containers holding more than two litres, falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1 and originating in Spain;

Whereas these preferential tariff arrangements were laid down only for imports of these products into the Member States of the Community as originally constituted; whereas, following the enlargement of the Community, the volumes of the quotas have been fixed at 108 000 and 685 000 hectolitres respectively;

Whereas inclusion in the Community tariff quota should be subject to production of movement certificate A.E.1 and a certificate of designation of origin as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1120/75 ⁽²⁾;

Whereas Spain has given an assurance that the price for wines originating in its territory will not be lower than the reference price less the customs duties actually charged; whereas as a result thereof, the wines covered by those tariff quotas should be treated in the same matter as wines granted preferential tariff concessions, provided the free-at-frontier reference price is observed; whereas such wines benefit from the tariff concessions only if the provisions of Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 459/80 ⁽⁴⁾, are respected; whereas those provisions apply to imports under those quotas;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the actual trend of the market in the products concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports of the said product from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas available Community statistics give no information on the situation of sherry on the markets; whereas, however, Spanish statistics for exports of these products to the Community during the past few years can be considered to reflect approximately the situation of Community imports; whereas on this basis the corresponding imports by each of the Member States during the past three years represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 111, 30. 4. 1975, p. 19.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 57, 29. 2. 1980, p. 32.

	1977	1978	1979
Sherry:			
— in containers holding two litres or less:			
Benelux	52.60	50.36	52.72
Denmark	2.77	3.44	3.16
Germany	18.46	20.17	21.01
France	0.19	0.31	0.26
Ireland	1.02	0.94	1.30
Italy	0.87	0.54	0.81
United Kingdom	24.09	24.24	20.74
— in containers holding more than two litres:			
Benelux	20.54	21.54	24.63
Denmark	3.72	4.20	3.03
Germany	3.76	2.84	3.69
France	0.03	0.03	0.02
Ireland	0.51	0.54	0.04
Italy	0.00	0.00	0.00
United Kingdom	71.44	70.85	68.59

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Member States	Sherry in containers holding:	
	two litres or less	more than two litres
Benelux	52.93	25.24
Denmark	4.12	3.57
Germany	17.49	3.24
France	0.26	0.02
Ireland	1.54	0.60
Italy	1.54	0.01
United Kingdom	22.12	67.32

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each of the quota volumes should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a

certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quotas should, under the present circumstances, be fixed at 90 % of each of the quota volumes;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up one of its initial shares must draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volumes have been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity is left over in one or other Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of the Community quotas from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981, the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the sheries mentioned below originating in Spain shall be partially suspended at the levels and within the limits of the Community tariff quotas indicated for each of them:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate (ECU/hl)	Quota volume (hl)
ex 22.05 C III a) 1	Sherry	6.5	} 108 000
ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	Sherry	7.0	
ex 22.05 C III b) 1	Sherry	6.6	} 685 000
ex 22.05 C IV b) 1	Sherry	7.2	

2. The Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and on methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain, shall be applicable.

3. In order that the wines in question may benefit from these tariff quotas, Article 18 (3) and (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be observed.

4. The inclusion of sherry in these Community quotas shall be conditional upon production of a movement certificate A.E.1 and a certificate of designation of origin as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1120/75 endorsed by the Spanish customs authorities.

Article 2

1. Each of the tariff quotas referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States ; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 30 June 1981, shall be as follows:

Member States	(hectolitres)	
	Sherry falling within subheading:	
	ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1
Benelux	51 450	155 590
Denmark	4 000	22 000
Germany	17 000	20 000
France	250	150
Ireland	1 500	3 700
Italy	1 500	60
United Kingdom	21 500	415 000
Total	97 200	616 500

3. The second instalment of each quota, namely 10 800 and 68 500 hectolitres respectively, shall constitute the corresponding reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of one of a Member State's initial shares as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that same share reduced by the portion returned to the corresponding reserve if Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall without delay by notifying the Commission draw a second share equal to 10 % of its

initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.

2. If, after one or other of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit.

3. If, after one or other of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

The process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1981, the unused portion of their initial shares which, on 15 March 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 April 1981, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 March 1981 inclusive and charged against the Community quota, and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall as soon as it has been notified, inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 April 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that the drawing which uses up one of the reserves is limited to the balance available and to this end shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said products established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which Member States have used up their shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products in question entered for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

A. SARTI

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1709/80

of 27 June 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for Malaga wines falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas on the signing of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain ⁽¹⁾ on 29 June 1970, the Community undertook to grant preferential tariff arrangements for imports into the Community of Malaga wines originating in Spain; whereas this undertaking covers the opening each year of a tariff quota of 15 000 hectolitres, at a duty rate of 50 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties for Malaga wines in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III a) 2 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 2 and originating in Spain; whereas these preferential tariff arrangements were laid down for imports of these products only into the Member States of the Community as originally constituted; whereas, following the enlargement of the Community, the volume of this quota has been fixed at the same level;

Whereas inclusion in the Community tariff quota should be subject to production of movement certificate A.E.1 and of a certificate of designation of origin;

Whereas Spain has given an assurance that the price for wines originating in its territory will not be lower than the reference price less the customs duties actually charged; whereas, as a result thereof the wines covered by that tariff quota should be treated in the same manner as wines granted preferential tariff concessions, provided the free-at-frontier reference price is observed; whereas such wines benefit from the tariff concessions only if the provisions of Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)

No 459/80 ⁽³⁾, are observed; whereas those provisions apply to imports under that quota;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the actual trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics of each State's imports of the said products from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas available Community statistics give no information on the situation of Malaga wines on the markets; whereas, however, Spanish statistics for exports of these products to the Community during the past few years can be considered to reflect approximately the situation of Community imports; whereas on this basis the corresponding imports by each of the Member States during the past three years represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	31.16	29.37	31.58
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	43.15	49.65	49.27
France	20.21	2.80	5.82
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	4.11	15.38	9.82
United Kingdom	1.37	2.80	3.51

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 57, 29. 2. 1980, p. 32.

may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	30.67
Denmark	0.17
Germany	47.91
France	8.67
Ireland	0.33
Italy	9.75
United Kingdom	2.50

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under the present circumstances, be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share must draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity is left over in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of the Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981, the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of Malaga wines originating in Spain shall be partially suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a total Community tariff quota of 15 000 hectolitres:

CCT heading No	Description	Rates (ECU/hl)
ex 22.05 C III a) 2	Wine from Malaga	10.30
ex 22.05 C IV a) 2	Wine from Malaga	11.50

2. The Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and on methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain, shall be applicable.

3. The inclusion of Malaga wines in this Community tariff quota shall be conditional upon production of a certificate of designation of origin corresponding to the specimen certificate of designation of origin corresponding to the specimen annexed hereto, endorsed by the Spanish customs authorities. This certificate must be in accordance with Article 2 (2) to (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1120/75 ⁽¹⁾.

4. In order that the wines in question may benefit from this tariff quota Article 18 (3) and (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be observed.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment, amounting to 12 000 hectolitres shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 30 June 1981, shall be as follows:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	3 680
Denmark	20
Germany	5 750
France	1 040
Ireland	40
Italy	1 170
United Kingdom	300

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 111, 30. 4. 1975, p. 19.

3. The second instalment of 3 000 hectolitres shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve, where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, that Member State shall without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1981, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 March 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 April 1981, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the said goods imported up to 15 March 1981 inclusive and

charged against the Community quota, and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall as soon as it has been notified, inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 April 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and to this end shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3, are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said products established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the goods in question entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

A. SARTI

BILAG - ANHANG - ANNEX - ANNEXE - ALLEGATO - BIJLAGE

1. Exportador — Eksportør — Ausführer — Exporter — Exportateur — Esportatore — Exporteur:	2. Número — Nummer — Nummer — Number — Numéro — Numero — Nummer		00000
4. Destinatario — Modtager — Empfänger — Consignee — Destinataire — Destinatario — Geadresseerde:	3. Consejo Regulador de la Denominación de origen MÁLAGA		
6. Medio de transporte — Transportmiddel — Beförderungsmittel — Means of transport — Moyen de transport — Mezzo di trasporto — Vervoermiddel:	5. CERTIFICADO DE DENOMINACIÓN DE ORIGEN CERTIFIKAT FOR OPRINDELSESBETEGNELSE BESCHEINIGUNG DER URSPRUNGSBEZEICHNUNG CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN CERTIFICAT D'APPELLATION D'ORIGINE CERTIFICATO DI DENOMINAZIONE DI ORIGINE CERTIFICAAT VAN BENAMING VAN OORSPRONG		
8. Lugar de descarga — Losningssted — Entladungsort — Place of unloading — Lieu de déchargement — Luogo di sbarco — Plaats van lossing:	7. VINO DE MÁLAGA VIN FRA MALAGA MALAGA-WEIN WINE FROM MALAGA VIN DE MALAGA VINO DI MALAGA MALAGAWIJN		
9. Marcas y números, número y naturaleza de los bultos Mærker og numre, kollienes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstücke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numéros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli	10. Peso bruto Bruttovægt Rohgewicht Gross weight Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewicht	11. Litros Liter Liter Litres Litres Litri Liter	
12. Litros (en letra) — Liter (i bogstaver) — Liter (in Buchstaben) — Litres (in words) — Litres (en lettres) — Litri (in lettere) — Liter (voluit):			
13. Visado del organismo emisor — Påtegning fra udstedende organ — Bescheinigung der erteilenden Stelle — Certificate of the issuing authority — Visa de l'organisme émetteur — Visto dell'organismo emittente — Visum van de instantie van afgifte:			
14. Visado de la aduana — Toldstedets attest — Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle — Customs stamp — Visa de la douane — Visto della dogana — Visum van de douane	Certifico que el vino cuya descripción antecede es un producto genuino de la zona de Málaga y con derecho a la denominación de origen „MALAGA“ (vease traducción del nº 15 — oversættelse se nr. 15 — Übersetzung siehe Nr. 15 — see the translation under No 15 — Voir traduction au nº 15 — Vedi traduzione al n. 15 — Zie voor vertaling nr. 15)		

15. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i Malagaområdet og ifølge spansk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelsen: »MALAGA«.

Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk Malaga gewonnen wurde und ihm nach spanischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung „MALAGA“ zuerkannt wird.

We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of Malaga and is considered by Spanish legislation as entitled to the designation of origin 'MALAGA'.

Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de Malaga et est reconnu, suivant la loi espagnole, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine «MALAGA».

Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di Malaga ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge spagnola, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine «MALAGA».

Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van Malaga en dat volgens de Spaanse wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong „MALAGA“ erkend wordt.

16. (1)

(1) Espacio reservado para otras indicaciones del país exportador.

(1) Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser.

(1) Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausfuhrlandes vorbehalten.

(1) Space reserved for additional details given in the exporting country.

(1) Case réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur.

(1) Spazio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore.

(1) Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1710/80

of 27 June 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas on the signing of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain ⁽¹⁾ on 29 June 1970, the Community undertook to grant preferential tariff arrangements for imports into the Community of wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas originating in Spain; whereas this undertaking covers each year the opening of a tariff quota for 15 000 hectolitres, at a duty rate of 70 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties, for Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas wines in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C I a), ex 22.05 C II a) and ex 22.05 C III a) 2 and originating in Spain; whereas these preferential tariff arrangements were laid down only for imports of these products into the Member States of the Community as originally constituted; whereas following the enlargement of the Community, the volume of this quota has been fixed at 22 000 hectolitres;

Whereas inclusion in the Community tariff quota should be subject to production of movement certificate A.E.1 and a certificate of designation of origin;

Whereas Spain has given an assurance that the price for wines originating in its territory will not be lower than the reference price less the customs duties actually charged; whereas, as a result thereof, the wines covered by that tariff quota should be treated in the same manner as wines granted preferential tariff concessions, provided the free-at-frontier reference price is observed; whereas such wines benefit from the tariff concessions only if the provisions of Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 459/80 ⁽³⁾, are observed; whereas those provisions apply to imports under that quota;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the actual development of the market in the products concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics of imports of the said products from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas available Community statistics give no information on the situation of wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas wines on the markets; whereas, however, Spanish statistics for exports of these products to the Community during the past few years can be considered to reflect approximately the situation of Community imports; whereas on this basis the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	32.13	27.17	22.36
Denmark	8.74	8.54	10.91
Germany	16.63	15.84	12.22
France	17.46	12.04	15.02
Ireland	0.30	0.70	0.94
Italy	5.89	2.97	1.11
United Kingdom	18.85	32.74	37.44

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 57, 29. 2. 1980, p. 32.

may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	30.81
Denmark	9.88
Germany	17.05
France	2.73
Ireland	0.74
Italy	5.21
United Kingdom	33.58

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second forming a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under the circumstances, be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share, must draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this

method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity is left over in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of the Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to the abovementioned economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981, the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the following products originating in Spain shall be partially suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 33 000 hectolitres:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate (ECU/hl)
ex 22.05 C I a)	Wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas	10.1
ex 22.05 C II a)	Wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas	11.8
ex 22.05 C III a) 2	Wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas	14.4

2. The Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and on methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain, shall be applicable.

3. The inclusion of these wines in this tariff quota shall be conditional upon observance of the reference price applying to them and production of a certificate of designation of origin, corresponding to one of the specimens annexed hereto, endorsed by the Spanish customs authorities. This certificate must be in

accordance with Article 2 (2) to (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1120/75 ⁽¹⁾.

4. In order that the wines in question may benefit from these tariff quotas Article 18 (3) and (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be observed.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 111, 30. 4. 1975, p. 19.

2. The first instalment, amounting to 17 600 hectolitres, shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 30 June 1981 shall be as follows:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	5 422
Denmark	1 739
Germany	3 000
France	480
Ireland	131
Italy	917
United Kingdom	5 911

3. The second instalment of 4 400 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, that Member State shall without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1981.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1981, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 March 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

Each Member State shall, not later than 1 April 1981, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products concerned imported up to and including 15 March 1981, and charged against the Community quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it has been notified, inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall, not later than 5 April 1981, inform the Member States of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, to this end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said products established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the goods in question entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

A. SARTI

BILAG - ANHANG - ANNEX - ANNEXE - ALLEGATO - BIJLAGE

1. Exportador — Eksportør — Ausführer — Exporter — Exportateur — Esportatore — Exporteur:	2. Número — Nummer — Nummer — Number — Numéro — Numero — Nummer	00000
4. Destinatario — Modtager — Empfänger — Consignee — Destinataire — Destinatario — Geadresseerde:	3. Consejo Regulador de la Denominación de origen JUMILLA/PRIORATO/RIOJA/VALDEPEÑAS	
6. Medio de transporte — Transportmiddel — Beförderungsmittel — Means of transport — Moyen de transport — Mezzo di trasporto — Vervoermiddel:	5. CERTIFICADO DE DENOMINACIÓN DE ORIGEN CERTIFIKAT FOR OPRINDELSESBETEGNELSE BESCHEINIGUNG DER URSPRUNGSBEZEICHNUNG CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN CERTIFICAT D'APPELLATION D'ORIGINE CERTIFICATO DI DENOMINAZIONE DI ORIGINE CERTIFICAAT VAN BENAMING VAN OORSPRONG	
8. Lugar de descarga — Losningssted — Entladungsort — Place of unloading — Lieu de déchargement — Luogo di sbarco — Plaats van lossing:	7. VINO DE JUMILLA / PRIORATO / RIOJA / VALDEPEÑAS VIN FRA JUMILLA / PRIORATO / RIOJA / VALDEPEÑAS JUMILLA-, PRIORATO-, RIOJA-, VALDEPEÑAS-WEIN WINE FROM JUMILLA / PRIORATO / RIOJA / VALDEPEÑAS VIN DE JUMILLA / PRIORATO / RIOJA / VALDEPEÑAS VINO DI JUMILLA / PRIORATO / RIOJA / VALDEPEÑAS JUMILLA-, PRIORATO-, RIOJA- EN VALDEPEÑASWIJN	
9. Marcas y números, número y naturaleza de los bultos Mærker og numre, kollienes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstücke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numéros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli	10. Peso bruto Bruttovægt Rohgewicht Gross weight Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewicht	11. Litros Liter Liter Litres Litres Litri Liter
12. Litros (en letra) — Liter (i bogstaver) — Liter (in Buchstaben) — Litres (in words) — Litres (en lettres) — Litri (in lettere) — Liter (voluit):		
13. Visado del organismo emisor — Påtegning fra udstedende organ — Bescheinigung der erteilenden Stelle — Certificate of the issuing authority — Visa de l'organisme émetteur — Visto dell'organismo emittente — Visum van de instantie van afgifte:		
14. Visado de la aduana — Toldstedets attest — Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle — Customs stamp — Visa de la douane — Visto della dogana — Visum van de douane	Certifico que el vino cuya descripción antecede es un producto genuino de la zona de „JUMILLA/PRIORATO/RIOJA/VALDEPEÑAS” y con derecho a la denominación de origen „.....” (vease traducción del nº 15 — oversættelse se nr. 15 — Übersetzung siehe Nr. 15 — see the translation under No 15 — Voir traduction au nº 15 — Vedi traduzione al n. 15 — Zie voor vertaling nr. 15)	

15. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i ».....«området og ifølge spansk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelsen: ».....«.

Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk „.....“ gewonnen wurde und ihm nach spanischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung „.....“ zuerkannt wird.

We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of '.....' and is considered by Spanish legislation as entitled to the designation of origin

Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de «.....» et est reconnu, suivant la loi espagnole, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine «.....».

Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di «.....» ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge spagnola, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine «.....».

Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van „.....” en dat volgens de Spaanse wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong „.....” erkend wordt.

16. (¹)

(¹) Espacio reservado para otras indicaciones del país exportador.

(¹) Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser.

(¹) Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausfuhrlandes vorbehalten.

(¹) Space reserved for additional details given in the exporting country.

(¹) Case réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur.

(¹) Spazio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore.

(¹) Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1711/80

of 27 June 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for rum, arrack and tafia falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the ACP States (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas a new Convention was signed on 31 October 1979 between the European Economic Community and the African, Caribbean and Pacific States; whereas pending the entry into force of that Convention it is appropriate to apply in advance, for the period 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981, the provisions of Protocol 5 thereto; whereas that Protocol provides that products originating in the ACP States which fall within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff shall, until the entry into force of a common organization of the market in spirits, be allowed into the Community free of customs duties under conditions such as to permit the development of traditional trade flows between the ACP States and the Community and between the Member States; whereas the Community shall fix each year the quantities which may be imported free of customs duties on the basis of the largest quantities imported annually from the ACP States into the Community in the past three years for which statistics are available, increased by an annual growth rate of 40 % on the market of the United Kingdom and 18 % on the other markets of the Community;

Whereas, having regard to the levels reached by imports of the products concerned into the Community and the Member States during the past three years for which statistics are available, the size of the tariff quota for the period 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981 should be fixed at 178 300 hectolitres of pure alcohol;

Whereas, during the past three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from the countries in question of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	4.5	4.6	3.7
Denmark	1.9	1.2	1.3
Germany	18.3	22.8	18.7
France	5.3	2.0	2.2
Ireland	1.8	1.8	1.8
Italy	0.2	0.3	0.3
United Kingdom	68.0	67.3	72.0

Whereas, in view of these factors, of market forecasts for the products in question and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	4.28
Denmark	1.37
Germany	20.03
France	3.05
Ireland	1.80
Italy	0.30
United Kingdom	69.17

Whereas an arrangement for using the Community tariff quota based on an allocation between the United Kingdom on the one hand and the other Member States on the other would seem likely to reconcile the application of the growth rates provided for in Protocol 5 with the uninterrupted application of the duty-free entry arrangements in respect of the said quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota is exhausted; whereas, in order to reflect as closely as possible the actual trends on the markets in the products concerned, such allocation should be made in accordance with the requirements of the Member States; whereas in this case the tariff quota should be allocated amongst the Member States on the basis of the largest quantities imported annually into each Member State during the past three years and taking into account the abovementioned growth rates;

Whereas measures should be laid down to ensure that Protocol 5 is implemented under conditions such as to

permit the development of traditional trade flows between the ACP States and the Community and between the Member States;

Whereas, owing to the special character of the products in question and their sensitivity on Community markets, exceptional provision should be made for a method of use based on a single division among Member States;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the share allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981, rum, arrack and tafia falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the ACP States, shall be imported duty free into the Community within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 178 300 hectolitres of pure alcohol.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments. The first instalment, of 123 330 hectolitres of pure alcohol, shall be for United Kingdom consumption. The second instalment, of 54 970 hectolitres of pure alcohol, shall be allocated among the other Member States.

2. The shares of each of the Member States to which the second instalment is allocated pursuant to paragraph 1 shall consist of the following quantities:

	(hectolitres of pure alcohol)
Benelux	7 631
Denmark	2 443
Germany	35 714
France	5 438
Ireland	3 209
Italy	535

Article 3

1. Member States shall manage the shares allocated to them in accordance with their own arrangements.

2. The extent to which the Member States have used up their shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products in question, originating in the ACP States, entered at customs in declarations for free circulation.

Article 4

1. Member States shall inform the Commission each month of imports actually charged against the tariff quota.

2. The United Kingdom shall take the steps necessary to ensure that the quantities imported from the ACP States under the conditions laid down in Articles 1 and 2 are restricted to those meeting its domestic consumption requirements.

3. The Commission shall regularly inform the Member States of the extent to which the tariff quota has been used up.

4. Where necessary, consultations may be held at the request of a Member State or on the initiative of the Commission.

Article 5

The Commission shall take all necessary measures, in close cooperation with the Member States, to ensure the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 6

Council Regulation (EEC) No 1470/80 of 9 June 1980 on the safeguard measures provided for in the second ACP-EEC Convention ⁽¹⁾ shall apply in respect of the products covered by this Regulation.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1980.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 147, 13. 6. 1980, p. 4.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

A. SARTI

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1712/80

of 27 June 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for rum, arrack and tafia falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the overseas countries and territories associated with the European Economic Community (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 136 thereof,

Having regard to Council Decision 76/198/EEC of 9 February 1976 on import arrangements for rum, arrack and tafia falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the overseas countries and territories associated with the European Economic Community ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Decision 80/251/EEC ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Decision 76/198/EEC provides that rum, arrack and tafia shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties within the limits of a Community tariff quota; whereas the annual size of the quota is to be fixed on the basis of a basic annual quantity, calculated in hectolitres of pure alcohol, to which a growth rate of 18 % is to be applied, equal to the amount of imports during the best of the last three years for which statistics are available; whereas this rate may be modified in the light of certain criteria; whereas the quota period lasts from 1 July until 30 June of the following year; whereas the period of validity of the abovementioned Decision comes to an end on 31 December 1980; whereas, however, until the entry into force of a new Decision on this subject the Community intends to maintain its special commercial relations with the countries in question and to avoid disrupting the existing trade flows; whereas the present system should therefore be renewed for the period 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981;

Whereas Community statistics for the years 1977 to 1979 show that the highest volume of imports into the Community of the products in question originating in the said countries and territories, namely 70 349 hectolitres of pure alcohol, occurred in 1978; whereas, in the light of consumption and production within the Community and of the development of trade both

within the Community and between the Community, the said countries and territories and the ACP States, the rate of growth for the quota period in question may be fixed at 18 %; whereas the Community tariff quota for the period 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981 should therefore be fixed at 83 011 hectolitres of pure alcohol;

Whereas, owing to the special character of the products in question and their sensitivity on Community markets, exceptional provision should be made for a method of use based on a single division amongst Member States;

Whereas, taking into account actual trends on the markets for the products in question, the needs of the Member States and the economic prospects for the period under consideration, the percentage shares in the quota volume may be laid down as follows:

Benelux	0.46
Denmark	0.13
Germany	99.00
France	0.07
Ireland	0.07
Italy	0.07
United Kingdom	0.20

Whereas the development of imports into the Community of these products should be recorded and imports should accordingly be monitored;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the share allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981 rum, arrack and tafia falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 37, 12. 2. 1976, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 55, 28. 2. 1980, p. 28.

countries and territories referred to in Article 1 of Decision 76/198/EEC shall be imported free of customs duty into the Community within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 83 011 hectolitres of pure alcohol.

2. The rules of origin applicable to the products referred to in paragraph 1 shall be those set out in Article 5 of Decision 76/198/EEC.

Article 2

The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated amongst the Member States as follows:

	(hectolitres of pure alcohol)
Benelux	382
Denmark	108
Germany	82 181
France	58
Ireland	58
Italy	58
United Kingdom	166

Article 3

1. Member States shall manage the shares allocated to them in accordance with their own arrangements.

2. The extent to which the Member States have used up their shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products in question originating in the

said countries and territories entered at customs in declarations for free circulation.

Article 4

1. In accordance with Article 6 of Decision 76/198/EEC, the Community shall monitor imports of the products in question originating in the said countries and territories.

2. Member States shall forward to the Commission not later than the 15th day of each month statements of imports of the products in question effected during the preceding month; only products entered at customs in declarations for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules referred to in Article 1 (2) shall be taken into consideration for this purpose.

3. The Commission shall regularly inform the Member States of the extent to which the tariff quota has been used up.

4. Where necessary, consultations may be held at the request of a Member State or on the initiative of the Commission.

Article 5

The Commission shall take all necessary measures, in close cooperation with the Member States, to ensure the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 6

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

A. SARTI

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1713/80

of 27 June 1980

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1852/78 on an interim common measure for restructuring
the inshore fishing industry

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1852/78 of 25 July 1978 on an interim common measure for restructuring the inshore fishing industry ⁽²⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 592/79 ⁽³⁾, was adopted pending better knowledge of the production potential in the different Community regions and provided for the financing by the Guidance Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund, during 1978 and 1979, of investment projects for the development of inshore fishing or aquaculture according to the particular circumstances of certain regions of the Community; whereas, in the case of fishing, such development was secured by commissioning new vessels;

Whereas the modernization and conversion of certain existing fishing vessels must be encouraged;

Whereas, under the aforesaid Regulation priority was given to projects which would bring benefit to those regions which were experiencing special difficulties in developing satisfactory production structures and which met certain specific criteria; whereas it is necessary for 1980 to add to these criteria an additional criterion in order to take into account, more particularly where substantial work is concerned, the modernization and conversion needs for adjusting existing fishing capacity in relation to requirements for the rationalization of fishing operations, conservation of catches or saving of energy;

Whereas provision should therefore be made to fix deadlines for the submission of applications for aid to the Commission;

Whereas applications which could not receive aid from the Fund owing to the lack of available appropriations under Regulation (EEC) No 1852/78 should be taken into account under this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1852/78 shall be amended as follows:

1. Article 2 (a) shall be replaced by the following:

‘(a) the construction, purchase, modernization or conversion of fishing vessels;’

2. Article 3 (1) (a) shall be replaced by the following:

‘(a) fishing vessels:

- must have a length of between 12 and 24 metres (40 and 80 feet), measured between perpendiculars or a tonnage of between 25 and 130 gross registered tons,
- concern substantial modernization or conversion work on one or more existing vessels with the aim of rationalizing fishing operations, better preserving catches or saving energy, such work costing at least 65 000 European units of account per project;’

3. Article 4 (2) shall be replaced by the following:

‘2. Priority for support from the Fund shall be given to projects which bring benefit to regions which have particular difficulties in developing satisfactory production structures and which also fulfil one or more of the following criteria :

⁽¹⁾ Opinion delivered on 1 June 1980 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 211, 1. 8. 1978, p. 30.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 5.

- they are consistent with a rational production policy and serve to improve the market supply situation,
- they permit a diversification of fishing activity, in particular through the use of several methods of fishing in keeping with the resources available in the fishing zones concerned,
- contribute to the adaptation of existing fishing capacity in relation to the requirements for the conservation of marine biological resources,
- they improve employment prospects in the inshore fishing industry or in aquaculture,
- they improve the working conditions and, in particular, the safety of the workers concerned.'

4. Article 7 shall be replaced by the following:

'Article 7

1. This common measure shall not extend beyond 31 December 1980.

2. The estimated total cost to the Fund of the common measure shall be:

- five million European units of account for 1978,
- 15 million European units of account for 1979, and
- 20 million European units of account for 1980.'

5. Article 8 (1) shall be replaced by the following:

'1. Application for aid from the Fund shall be submitted to the Commission:

- before 1 December 1978 in respect of projects relating to 1978,
- before 1 July 1979 in respect of projects relating to 1979,
- before 1 October 1980 in respect of projects relating to 1980.

The Commission shall take a decision by 31 March 1979 regarding projects submitted before 1 December 1978, by 31 March 1980 regarding projects submitted before 1 July 1979 and by 31 March 1981 regarding projects submitted before 1 October 1980.'

6. The following paragraph 3 shall be added to Article 10:

'3. Without prejudice to Article 108 (3) of the Financial Regulation of 21 December 1977 applicable to the general budget of the European Communities ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (ECSC, EEC, Euratom) No 1252/79 ⁽²⁾, the appropriations made available by a decision taken in accordance with the second subparagraph of paragraph 2 or because the beneficiary abandons the project or reduces the investments laid down in the decision to grant aid may be used for the financing of other projects.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 356, 31. 12. 1977, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 160, 28. 6. 1979, p. 1.'

Article 2

Applications which owing to the lack of available appropriations were unable to receive aid from the Fund under Regulation (EEC) No 1852/78, may be taken into consideration under this Regulation subject to the conditions laid down herein.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

A. SARTI

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1714/80

of 27 June 1980

temporarily suspending the autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties on certain agricultural products

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

validity by reference to the interests of Community production,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Having regard to the draft Regulation submitted by the Commission,

The autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties for the products listed in the tables annexed to this Regulation shall be suspended at the level indicated against each of them.

Whereas production in the Community of the products specified in this Regulation is currently inadequate or non-existent; whereas producers thus cannot meet the needs of user industries of the Community;

These suspensions shall be applicable from:

Whereas in certain cases it is in the interest of the Community to suspend the autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties only partially particularly since the goods in question are produced in the Community and in the other cases to suspend them totally;

- 1 July to 31 December 1980 for the products listed in Table I,
- 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981 for the products listed in Table II,
- 1 September 1980 to 31 March 1981 for the product given in Table III.

Whereas, in view of the difficulty of assessing accurately short-term trends in the economic situation in the relevant sectors, suspension measures should be taken only for temporary periods by fixing their period of

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

A. SARTI

ANNEX

TABLE I

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of autonomous duty (%)
ex 03.01 A I a)	Salmon trout (<i>Salmo gairdnerii</i> or <i>Salmo irideus</i>), fresh, chilled or frozen, of a unit weight of not less than 1.5 kg, intended for smoking (b)	5
03.01 A I b)	Salmon, fresh (live or dead), chilled or frozen	0
ex 03.01 B I e)	Piked dog-fish (<i>Squalus acanthias</i>), fresh, chilled or frozen, whole, headless or in pieces	0
ex 03.01 B II a) and B II b) 7	Fillets of herring, fresh, chilled or frozen, intended for processing (a) (b)	0
03.02 A I a)	Herring, dried, salted or in brine, whole, headless or in pieces	5
ex 03.02 A II d)	Fillets of herring, dried, salted or in brine	5
ex 16.01 B I	Salmon intended for the processing industry for further manufacture into pastes or spreads (b)	0
ex 16.04 C II	Spiced and salted herrings, in packings of a net capacity of 10 kg or more	5
ex 16.04 C II	'Herring-flaps', prepared or preserved in vinegar, in packings of a net capacity of 10 kg or more	5
ex 16.05 A	Crabs of the 'King' (<i>Paralithodes camtschaticus</i>), 'Hanasaki' (<i>Paralithodes brevipes</i>), 'Kegani' (<i>Erimacrus isenbecki</i>), 'Queen' (<i>Chionoecetes</i> spp) varieties, simply boiled in water and shelled, whether or not frozen, in packings of a net capacity of 2 kg or more	0
ex 16.05 A	Crabs, excluding the species 'Cancer pagarus', simply boiled in water and shelled, whether or not frozen, in packings of a net capacity of 2 kg or more, for repacking for retail sale (b)	5
ex 16.05 B	Shrimps and prawns other than those of the 'Crangon' variety, boiled in water and shelled, whether or not frozen or dried, intended for the industrial manufacture of products falling within heading No 16.05 (b)	10

(a) The suspension shall apply to fish intended to undergo any treatment unless they are intended to undergo exclusively one or more of the following treatments:

- cleaning, gutting, heading, tailing,
- cutting (excluding filleting or cutting of frozen blocks),
- sorting,
- labelling,
- packing,
- icing,
- freezing,
- deep freezing,
- thawing, separation.

The suspension if not allowed for products on which otherwise qualifying treatments are intended to be carried out at retail or catering level.

The suspension shall apply only to fish intended for human consumption.

(b) Control of the use for this special purpose shall be carried out pursuant to the relevant Community provisions.

TABLE II

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of autonomous duty (%)
ex 03.01 B I g)	Lesser or Greenland halibut (<i>Hippoglossus reinhardtius</i>), fresh, chilled or frozen, whole, headless or in pieces	0
ex 03.01 B I q)	Sardinops sagax or ocellata (pilchards), fresh, chilled or frozen: (a) whole, of a length of 20 cm or more, (b) headless, of a length of 15 cm or more, intended for processing (a) (b)	4
ex 03.01 B I q)	Flaps of Sardinops sagax or ocellata (pilchards), fresh, chilled or frozen, of a length of 12 cm or more, intended for processing (a) (b)	0
ex 03.01 B I q)	Sturgeons, fresh, chilled or frozen, whole, headless or in pieces, intended for processing (a) (b)	0
ex 03.01 C	Soft roes, frozen, for the manufacture of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) (b)	0
ex 03.01 C	Hard fish roes, fresh, chilled or frozen	0
03.02 A I e)	Salmon, salted or in brine, whole, headless or in pieces	4
ex 03.02 A I f)	Coalfish (<i>Pollachius virens</i> or <i>Gadus virens</i>), salted or in brine, whole, headless or in pieces, intended for processing (a) (b)	7
ex 03.02 A II d)	Fillets of coalfish (<i>Pollachius virens</i> or <i>Gadus virens</i>), salted or in brine intended for processing (a) (b)	7
ex 03.02 C	Hard fish roes, salted or in brine	0
ex 03.03 A I	Tails of crawfish, chilled or frozen, shelled or not	10
ex 03.03 B I b)	Oysters, fresh (live), weighing no more than 12 g each	0
ex 03.03 B I b)	Oysters, fresh (live), of the ' <i>Crassostrea gigas</i> ' variety, weighing more than 100 g each	0
07.01 G III	Horse-radish (<i>Cochlearia armoracia</i>), fresh or chilled	11
ex 07.03 E	Mushrooms, excluding cultivated mushrooms, preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption	0
ex 07.04 B	Mushrooms, excluding cultivated mushrooms, dried, dehydrated or evaporated, whole or in identifiable pieces or slices, intended for treatment other than simple repacking for retail sale (b) (c)	0
ex 07.04 B	Sweet red or green peppers, dried, dehydrated or evaporated, whole, cut or sliced, but not further prepared	0
ex 07.05 B I	Beans, dried, white, of the species <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>	0
ex 08.01 A	Dates, fresh or dried, in immediate packings of a net capacity not exceeding 35 kg, for repacking for retail sale (b)	0
ex 08.01 A	Dates, fresh or dried, intended for processing other than for the production of alcohol (b)	0

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of autonomous duty (%)
ex 08.09	Rose-hips, fresh	0
08.10 ex B, C and ex D	Fruit of the species <i>Vaccinium</i> (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar	0
ex 08.10 D	Rose-hips, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar	0
ex 08.10 D	Dates, frozen, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 5 kg or more, not intended for the production of alcohol (b)	0
ex 09.04 B I	Paprika, ground, for use in animal feedingstuffs (b)	0
09.10 C I	Saffron, neither crushed nor ground	10
ex 16.04 A II	Hard fish roes, washed, cleaned of adherent organs and simply salted or in brine	0
23.07 A	Fish or marine mammal solubles	0

(a) The suspension shall apply to fish intended to undergo any treatment unless they are intended to undergo exclusively one or more of the following treatments:

- cleaning, gutting, heading, tailing,
- cutting (excluding filleting or cutting of frozen blocks),
- sorting,
- labelling,
- packing,
- icing,
- freezing,
- deep freezing,
- thawing, separation.

The suspension is not allowed for products on which otherwise qualifying treatments are intended to be carried out at retail or catering level.

The suspension shall apply only to fish intended for human consumption.

(b) Control of the use for this special purpose shall be carried out pursuant to the relevant Community provisions.

(c) However, the duty suspension shall not apply where the treatment is carried out by retail sale or catering undertakings.

TABLE III

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of autonomous duty (%)
ex 03.01 B I d)	Sardines (<i>Clupea pilchardus</i> Walbaum), fresh, chilled or frozen, whole, of a length of 20 cm or more	5

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1715/80

of 27 June 1980

suspending the application of an indicative ceiling established by Regulation (EEC) No 2796/79 for imports of certain products originating in Austria

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

desirable to keep under review the development of these imports by statistical supervision,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Article 1

Whereas, pursuant to Protocol 1 annexed to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Austria, the Community has, by Regulation (EEC) No 2796/79 ⁽¹⁾, established the indicative ceilings applicable in 1980 to imports of certain products originating in Austria; whereas provision is made under the said Protocol that if, for two successive years, imports of a product subject to a ceiling are less than 90 % of the amount fixed, the Community shall suspend the application of this ceiling;

The application of the indicative ceiling established by Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2796/79 shall be suspended from 1 January 1980 for imports of bible paper, manifold (thin typing) paper; printing paper and writing paper, containing not more than 5 % of mechanical wood pulp, falling within subheading ex 48.01 F of the Common Customs Tariff, listed under order No I A 2 in Annex I to the said Regulation.

These imports shall remain under Community surveillance.

Whereas the Communities' statistical summaries for 1978 and 1979 show that imports of certain products which are subject to these ceilings did not, during those years, reach 90 % of the ceiling indicated; whereas, therefore, the Community should suspend application of one ceiling valid for imports of the products in question from 1 January 1980; whereas, however, it is

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1980.

*For the Council**The President*

A. SARTI

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 330, 27. 12. 1979, p. 1.