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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1193/80**of 13 May 1980****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13(5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1658/79⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 12 May 1980;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1658/79 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1(a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 14 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 13 May 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 193, 1. 8. 1979, p. 5.

ANNEX

**to the Commission Regulation of 13 May 1980 fixing the import levies on cereals and on
wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	88.08
10.01 B	Durum wheat	122.29 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	78.75 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	86.55
10.04	Oats	71.81
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	95.85 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	21.24 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	89.45 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	137.99
11.01 B	Rye flour	124.91
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	204.08
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	147.09

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1194/80

of 13 May 1980

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1659/79⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2.25 % a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 12 May 1980;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 14 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 13 May 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 193, 1. 8. 1979, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 13 May 1980 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0.72
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	3.62	3.62	4.35
10.04	Oats	0	1.46	1.46	2.92
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0.72	0.72	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	6.44	6.44	7.74	7.74
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	4.81	4.81	5.79	5.79
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	5.61	5.61	6.74	6.74

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1195/80

of 12 May 1980

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on benzoic acid and its salts and esters, falling within subheading 29.14 D I and originating in China, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 of 10 December 1979 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal — with the exception of certain products, the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A to the Regulation in question — to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1977 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1977 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 110 or 115 % of the preferential ceiling open for 1979;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation;

Whereas Article 2 (2) and (3) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories — with the exception of those

listed in Annex C to the same Regulation — once the relevant Community amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of benzoic acid and its salts and esters, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 129 000 European units of account, and therefore the maximum amount is 64 500 European units of account; whereas on 5 May 1980 the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in China, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to China,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 17 May 1980, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in China:

CCT heading No	Description
29.14	Monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: D. Aromatic monocarboxylic acids: I. Benzoic acid and its salts and esters

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 328, 24. 12. 1979, p. 25.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 May 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1196/80**of 12 May 1980****re-establishing the levying of customs duties on acrylonitrile, falling within heading No ex 29.27 and originating in Brazil, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 of 10 December 1979 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal — with the exception of certain products, the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A to the Regulation in question — to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1977 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1977 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 110 or 115 % of the preferential ceiling open for 1979;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation;

Whereas Article 2 (2) and (3) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be

re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories — with the exception of those listed in Annex C to the same Regulation — once the relevant Community amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of acrylonitrile, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 284 000 European units of account, and therefore the maximum amount is 142 000 European units of account; whereas on 5 May 1980, the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in Brazil, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to Brazil,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 17 May 1980, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Brazil:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 29.27	Nitrile-function compounds: — Acrylonitrile

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 May 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 328, 24. 12. 1979, p. 25.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1197/80

of 12 May 1980

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on umbrellas and sunshades, falling within heading No 66.01 and originating in South Korea, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 of 10 December 1979 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal — with the exception of certain products, the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A to the Regulation in question — to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1977 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1977 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 110 or 115 % of the preferential ceiling open for 1979;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation; whereas, for these products, this reduced percentage will be 15 %;

Whereas Article 2 (2) and (3) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the

products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories — with the exception of those listed in Annex C to the same Regulation — once the relevant Community amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of umbrellas and sunshades, falling within heading No 66.01, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 9 704 000 European units of account, and therefore the maximum amount is 1 456 000 European units of account; whereas on 6 May 1980, the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in South Korea, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to South Korea,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 17 May 1980, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in South Korea:

CCT heading No	Description
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 328, 24. 12. 1979, p. 25.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 May 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1198/80

of 12 May 1980

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on angles, shapes and sections, falling within subheadings 73.11 A II, III, IV a) 2, b) and originating in Romania, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 of 10 December 1979 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal — with the exception of certain products, the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A to the Regulation in question — to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1977 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1977 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 110 or 115 % of the preferential ceiling open for 1979;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation;

Whereas Article 2 (2) and (3) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories — with the exception of those listed in Annex C to the same Regulation — once the relevant Community amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of angles, shapes and sections, falling within subheadings 73.11 A II, III, IV a) 2, b),

the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 543 000 European units of account, and therefore the maximum amount is 271 000 European units of account; whereas on 6 May 1980, the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in Romania, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to Romania,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 17 May 1980, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Romania:

CCT heading No	Description
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements: A. Angles, shapes and sections: II. Not further worked than forged III. Not further worked than cold-formed or cold-finished IV. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): a) Not further worked than clad: 2. Cold-formed or cold-finished b) Other

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 328, 24. 12. 1979, p. 25.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 May 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1199/80

of 12 May 1980

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on tube and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper ; hollow bars of copper, falling within heading No 74.07 and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 of 10 December 1979 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal — with the exception of certain products, the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A to the Regulation in question — to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1977 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1977 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements ; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 110 or 115 % of that fixed for 1979 ;

Whereas Article 2 (1) and (3) of that Regulation provides that the customs duties may be re-established at any time on imports of the products in question coming from any country or territory, with the exception of those listed in Annex C to that Regulation once the Community ceiling has been reached ;

Whereas, in respect of tube and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper ; hollow bars of copper, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 7 489 000 European units of account ; whereas on 6 May 1980 the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in countries and territories covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that ceiling ; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 which provides that the ceiling should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

As from 17 May 1980, customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community, coming from any beneficiary country or territory, with the exception of those listed in Annex C to Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 :

CCT heading No	Description
74.07	Tube and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper ; hollow bars of copper

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 May 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 328, 24. 12. 1979, p. 25.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1200/80
of 13 May 1980
altering the export levy on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organi-
zation of the market in sugar ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 17 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 608/72
of 23 March 1972 laying down rules to be applied in
cases of considerable price rises on the world sugar
market ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 1 (2) thereof,

Whereas the export levy on white sugar and raw sugar
was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 375/80 ⁽⁴⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1189/80 ⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules, criteria
and other provisions contained in the Regulation

(EEC) No 375/80 to the information at present avail-
able to the Commission, that the export levy at
present in force should be altered as shown in the
Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export levy on sugar provided for in the first
subparagraph of Article 17 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No
3330/74 is fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regula-
tion.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 14 May
1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 13 May 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 75, 28. 3. 1972, p. 5.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 40, 16. 2. 1980, p. 41.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 120, 13. 5. 1980, p. 21.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 13 May 1980 altering the export levy on white sugar and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Amount of the export levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, solid :	
	A. White sugar : flavoured or coloured sugar	7.47
	ex B. Raw sugar other than candy sugar	16.42 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ This amount applies to raw sugar with a 92 % yield. If the yield of the exported raw sugar is different from 92 % the levy to be applied shall be calculated in conformity with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 825/75.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1201/80**of 13 May 1980****adopting protective measures in respect of imports of tomatoes**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 29 (2) thereof,

Whereas on 10 May 1980 the French Republic notified certain provisional protective measures which it had taken in respect of imports of tomatoes originating in and consigned from Morocco and Spain; whereas, under Article 4 (2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2707/72 of 19 December 1972 laying down conditions for applying protective measures for fruit and vegetables⁽³⁾ such notification is deemed to be a request within the meaning of Article 29 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas this notification was the subject of a request for additional information, which was furnished on 13 May 1980; whereas the Commission must therefore assess the situation on the market in this product in France and determine whether there exists a serious disturbance which may endanger the objectives set out in Article 39 of the Treaty, or the threat of such a disturbance;

Whereas, according to the information at present available, French production of tomatoes for the present period is roughly the same as for the 1979 marketing year;

Whereas the quality of tomatoes originating in Morocco being imported onto the French market during the first week of May 1980 was more than five times higher than for the same week in 1979; whereas because of export restrictions imposed by Spain from 2 to 6 May 1980 similar information is not available for Spain; whereas however the quantity of tomatoes originating in Spain imported into France in the month of April 1980 was 164 % of the quantity imported in the month of April 1979 and these tomatoes were sold on the French market at prices markedly lower than those fetched at the same period in 1979;

Whereas during the first week in May considerable fall was recorded in production prices on the French

markets which was due to the increased volume of imports;

Whereas under the provisions of Article 22 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 France will impose from 15 May the restrictive measures it imposed on tomato imports before 1 January 1970; whereas, however, because of the large supplies available in Morocco and Spain and of the prices charged by exporters in these countries it is to be feared that the importations that could be made before 15 May 1980 would aggravate for some time the disturbance that has occurred on the French market;

Whereas the assessment of the market situation set out briefly above leads to the conclusion that the French market in tomatoes risks experiencing, because of imports from Morocco and Spain, serious disturbances which may endanger the objectives set out in Article 39 of the Treaty; whereas in these circumstances protective measures should be taken;

Whereas imports into France of tomatoes originating in Spain and Morocco should therefore be suspended until 15 May 1980, the date when the national measures indicated in Article 22 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 will enter into force;

Whereas it appears that the markets in other regions of the Community have not so far experienced and are not in danger of experiencing any disturbances by reason of these imports; whereas the protective measure should therefore be limited in its application to imports into France,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The entry into free circulation in France of tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M I of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Spain and Morocco is hereby suspended during 14 May 1980.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 291, 28. 12. 1972, p. 3.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 13 May 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President
