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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1050/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the
value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to
be applied for the purposes of the common agricul-
tural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas, the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1658/79⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their effective parity;

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies in relation to the Community
currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on
29 April 1980;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1658/79 to today's
offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 193, 1. 8. 1979, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	92.95
10.01 B	Durum wheat	128.69 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	85.59 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	86.81
10.04	Oats	74.99
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	98.61 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	23.83 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	90.60 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	144.81
11.01 B	Rye flour	134.48
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	212.99
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	154.45

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1051/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1659/79⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis :

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2.25 % a rate of exchange based on their effective parity ;

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 29 April 1980 ;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 193, 1. 8. 1979, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	1.63	1.63	2.36
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0.73
10.03	Barley	0	0.73	0.72	0.73
10.04	Oats	0	0.73	0.73	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	1.30	1.28	1.30	1.30
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0.97	0.96	0.97	0.97
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	1.13	1.12	1.13	1.13

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1052/80
of 30 April 1980
fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 113/80 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article
11 (2) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on rice and broken rice
were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 134/80 ⁽³⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 978/80 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 134/80 to today's

offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed
in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 16, 22. 1. 1980, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 18, 24. 1. 1980, p. 5.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 106, 24. 4. 1980, p. 5.

(²) The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Réunion is specified in Article 11a of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1053/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 113/80 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article
13 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
rice and broken rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC)
No 135/80 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 979/80 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed
in advance in respect of rice and broken rice shall be
as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 16, 22. 1. 1980, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 18, 24. 1. 1980, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 106, 24. 4. 1980, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8
ex 10.06	Rice :				
	B. Other :				
	I. Paddy rice ; husked rice :				
	a) Paddy rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Husked rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	II. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :				
	a) Semi-milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Wholly milled rice :				
	1. Round grain	0	0	0	—
	2. Long grain	0	0	0	—
	III. Broken rice	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1054/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing the export refunds on products processed from cereals and rice**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 113/80⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provide that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975⁽⁵⁾, and Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 of 21 June 1976⁽⁶⁾ laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and rice respectively and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds, provide that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals, rice and broken rice on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals, rice, broken rice and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Articles provide that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the markets in cereals and rice and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports, and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 6 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁸⁾, defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on these products is being calculated;

Whereas, on the basis of the criteria laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75, particular account should be taken of the prices and quantities of basic products used to calculate the variable component of the levy; whereas Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 and Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1077/68⁽⁹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2764/71⁽¹⁰⁾, provide that the amount of the export refund should, for certain products, be reduced by an amount equal to the production refund granted in respect of the basic product;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in products processed from cereals and rice that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas when the refund is being calculated account should be taken of the quantities of raw materials used to determine the variable component of the levy; whereas the quantities of raw materials used for certain processed products may vary according to the end use of the product; whereas, depending on the manufacturing process used, products other than the main product are obtained, the quantity and value of which may vary with the nature and quality of the main products being manufactured; whereas cumulation of the refunds on the various products manufactured by a single process from the same basic product may make it possible, in certain cases, to export to third countries at prices which are lower than world market prices; whereas the refund on certain products should therefore be limited to an amount which, while allowing access to the world market, will ensure that the aims of the common organization of the markets are respected;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 16, 22. 1. 1980, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 36.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 181, 27. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 283, 24. 12. 1971, p. 30.

Whereas the refund to be granted in respect of certain processed products should be graduated on the basis of the ash, crude fibre, tegument, protein, fat and starch content of the individual product concerned, this content being a particularly good indicator of the quantity of basic product actually incorporated in the processed product ;

Whereas there is no need at present to fix an export refund for manioc, other tropical roots and tubers or flours obtained therefrom, given the economic aspect of potential exports and in particular the nature and origin of these products ; whereas, for certain products processed from cereals, the insignificance of Community participation in world trade makes it unnecessary to fix an export refund at the present time ;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination ;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 2806/71 ⁽¹⁾ lays down additional rules for granting export refunds for certain products processed from cereals and rice ;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity ;

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month ; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and in Article 1 (1) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 and subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 284, 28. 12. 1971, p. 9.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the export refunds on products processed from cereals and rice

(ECU/tonne)

Number in nomenclature used for refunds	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Refund
11.01 C (I)	Barley flour, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.9 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.9 % weight	116.12
11.01 C (II)	Barley flour not included under No 11.01 C (I)	—
11.01 D (I)	Oat flour, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2.3 % by weight, of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1.8 % by weight, of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	110.21
11.01 D (II)	Oat flour not included under No 11.01 D (I)	—
11.01 E (I)	Maize flour, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1.3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.8 % by weight	130.55
11.01 E (II)	Maize flour, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, exceeding 1.3 % but not exceeding 1.7 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight	111.90
11.01 E (III)	Maize flour not included under No 11.01 E (I) and (II)	81.13
11.01 F	Rice flour	25.29
11.02 A III (a)	Barley groats and meal, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.9 % by weight	119.99
11.02 A III (b)	Barley groats and meal not included under No 11.02 A III (a)	—
11.02 A IV (a)	Oat groats and meal, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2.3 % by weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0.1 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	110.21
11.02 A IV (b)	Oat groats and meal not included under No 11.02 A IV (a)	—
11.02 A V (a)	Maize groats and meal, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.9 % by weight and a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.6 % by weight ⁽¹⁾	167.85
11.02 A V (b)	Maize groats and meal, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1.3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.8 % by weight ⁽¹⁾	130.55
11.02 A V (c)	Maize groats and meal, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, exceeding 1.3 % by weight but not exceeding 1.7 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1.0 % weight ⁽¹⁾	111.90
11.02 A VI	Rice groats and meal	25.29
11.02 B I a) 1 (aa)	Hulled (shelled or husked) barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.9 % by weight ⁽²⁾	116.12
11.02 B I a) 1 (bb)	Hulled (shelled or husked) barley not included under No 11.02 B I a) 1 (aa) ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B I a) 2 (aa)	Clipped oats	—
11.02 B I a) 2 bb) (11)	Hulled (shelled or husked) oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2.3 % by weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0.5 % of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated ⁽²⁾	97.97
11.02 B I a) 2 bb) (22)	Hulled (shelled or husked) oats, not included under No 11.02 B I a) 2 bb) (11) ⁽²⁾	—

Number in nomenclature used for refunds	Nomenclature in simplified wording	(ECU/tonne) Refund
11.02 B I b) 1 (aa)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.9 % by weight ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	116.12
11.02 B I b) 1 (bb)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled barley, not included under No 11.02 B I b) 1 (aa) ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B I b) 2 (aa)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2.3 % weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0.1 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 11 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	104.09
11.02 B I b) 2 (bb)	Hulled and sliced or kibbled oats not included under No 11.02 B I b) 2 (aa) ('Grütze' or 'Grutten') ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 B II a) (1)	Hulled (shelled or husked) wheat, not sliced or kibbled ⁽²⁾	—
11.02 C III (a)	Pearled barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight (without talc) — 1st category ⁽³⁾	154.82
11.02 C III (b)	Pearled barley, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight (without talc) — 2nd category ⁽³⁾	123.86
11.02 C IV	Pearled oats ⁽³⁾	—
11.02 D I	Wheat not otherwise worked than kibbled	0
11.02 D II	Rye not otherwise worked than kibbled	35.00
11.02 E I b) 1 (aa)	Flaked oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.9 % by weight	116.12
11.02 E I b) 1 (bb)	Flaked barley not included under 11.02 E I b) 1 (aa)	—
11.02 E I b) 2 (aa)	Flaked oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2.3 % by weight, of a tegument content not exceeding 0.1 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 12 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	122.46
11.02 E I b) 2 (bb)	Flaked oats, of an ash content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 2.3 % by weight, of a tegument content exceeding 0.1 % but not exceeding 1.5 %, of a moisture content not exceeding 12 % and of which the peroxydase is virtually inactivated	97.97
11.02 E I b) 2 (cc)	Flaked oats not included under Nos 11.02 E I b) 2 (aa) and 11.02 E I b) 2 (bb)	—
ex 11.02 E II c) (1)	Flaked maize, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.9 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.7 % by weight	149.20
ex 11.02 E II c) (2)	Flaked maize, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1.3 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 0.8 % by weight	121.23
ex 11.02 E II c) (3)	Flaked maize, of a fat content, referred to dry matter, exceeding 1.3 % but not exceeding 1.7 % by weight and of a crude fibre content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 1 % weight	—
11.02 E II d) 1	Flaked rice	25.29
11.02 F III	Barley pellets	—
11.02 F IV	Oat pellets	—
11.02 F V	Maize pellets	—
11.02 G I	Wheat germ, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	22.01
11.02 G II	Germ of cereals other than wheat, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	23.51

(ECU/tonne)

Number in nomenclature used for refunds	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Refund
11.07 A I a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	105.01
11.07 A II a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	92.32
11.08 A I	Maize starch ⁽⁶⁾	150.13 ⁽⁵⁾
11.08 A II	Rice starch ⁽⁶⁾	—
11.08 A III	Wheat starch ⁽⁶⁾	193.71 ⁽⁵⁾
11.08 A IV	Potato starch ⁽⁷⁾	150.13 ⁽⁵⁾
11.08 A V	Starches other than maize, rice, wheat, or potato starch ⁽⁶⁾	—
11.09 A	Dried wheat gluten, of a protein content, referred to dry matter, not exceeding 82 % by weight ($N \times 6.25$)	274.74 ⁽⁵⁾
17.02 B II a)	Glucose other than glucose containing, in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product, in the form of white crystalline powder, whether or not agglomerated ⁽⁴⁾	195.83 ⁽⁵⁾
17.02 B II b)	Glucose and glucose syrup not containing, in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product, other than glucose in the form of white crystalline powder, whether or not agglomerated ⁽⁴⁾	150.13 ⁽⁵⁾
21.07 F II	Flavoured or coloured glucose and glucose syrup, other than in the form of white crystalline powder, whether or not agglomerated	150.13 ⁽⁵⁾
23.02 A I a)	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of maize or rice of a starch content not exceeding 35 % by weight	20.70
23.02 A I b) 2	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of maize or rice, of a starch content exceeding 35 % by weight, and not having undergone a denaturing process, or of a starch content exceeding 45 % by weight and having undergone denaturing process	20.70
23.02 A II a)	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of maize or rice, of a starch content not exceeding 28 % by weight and of which the percentage which passes through a sieve with an aperture of 0.2 mm does not exceed 10 % by weight or of which the sifted product has an ash content, calculated on dry matter, not exceeding 1.5 % by weight	20.70
23.02 A II b)	Brans, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or working of cereals other than maize or rice, not included under No 23.02 A II a)	20.70
23.03 A I	Residues from the manufacture of starch from maize (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on dry matter, not exceeding 63 % by weight ($N \times 6.25$)	171.96 ⁽⁵⁾

⁽¹⁾ The export refund is paid in respect of maize, groats and meal:

- of which a percentage not exceeding 30 % passes through a sieve with an aperture of 315 microns,
- of which a percentage not exceeding 5 % passes through a sieve with an aperture of 150 microns.

⁽²⁾ 'Hulled grains' are grains corresponding to the definition given in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 821/68 (OJ No L 149, 29. 6. 1968, p. 46).

⁽³⁾ 'Pearled grains' are grains corresponding to the definition given in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 821/68 (OJ No L 149, 29. 6. 1968, p. 46).

⁽⁴⁾ Pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2730/75 the product falling within subheading 17.02 B I enjoys the same export refund as the product falling within subheading 17.02 B II.

⁽⁵⁾ The export refund to be granted shall be arrived at by first applying the monetary coefficient to the amount shown in this column and, thereafter, deducting a sum equal to the production refund per tonne of finished product as follows:

- 11.08 A I, 11.08 A IV, 11.08 A V, 17.02 B II b) and 21.07 F: 33.09 ECU/tonne,
- 11.08 A III: 64.60 ECU/tonne,
- 11.09 A: 117.48 ECU/tonne,
- 17.02 B II a): 43.16 ECU/tonne,
- 23.03 A I: 41.10 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The export refund is granted on products falling within this subheading which have a starch content of not less than 85 % by weight.

⁽⁷⁾ The export refund is granted on products falling within this subheading which have a starch content of not less than 78 % by weight.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1055/80

of 30 April 1980

fixing the export refunds on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the cereal markets;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in cereal-based compound feedingstuffs that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas Article 7 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75 of 29 October 1975 on the system to be applied to cereal-based compound feedingstuffs⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽⁵⁾, provides that, when export refunds on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs are being fixed, only the products normally used in the manufacture of compound feedingstuffs for which a refund may be fixed should be taken into account;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1913/69 of 29 September 1969 on the granting and the advance fixing of the export refund on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation

(EEC) No 3116/75⁽⁷⁾, provides that calculation of the export refund must be based on the levy applicable to maize; whereas this calculation must also take account of the cereal products content; whereas, therefore, in the interest of simplification, compound feedingstuffs should be placed in categories and the refund for each category should be fixed on the basis of a quantity of maize which is representative of the usual cereal products content for the category concerned; whereas, furthermore, the amount of the refund must also take into account the possibilities and conditions for the sale of those products on the world market, the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market and the economic aspect of the export;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for compound feedingstuffs according to destination;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the compound feedingstuffs covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 60.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 246, 30. 9. 1969, p. 11.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 309, 29. 11. 1975, p. 64.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the export refunds on cereal-based compound feedingstuffs

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Special specification for refund	Nomenclature in simplified wording	Refund
23.07 B I		Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding, covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2743/75, containing starch, glucose or glucose syrup falling within subheadings 17.02 B and 21.07 F II or milk products (falling within heading Nos 04.01, 04.02, 04.03 and 04.04 and subheadings 17.02 A and 21.07 F I): Of a milk powder content of less than 50 % by weight and of a cereal products ⁽¹⁾ content by weight:	
	3010	— Exceeding 5 % but not exceeding 15 %	9.33
	4010	— Exceeding 15 % but not exceeding 30 %	23.31
	5010	— Exceeding 30 % but not exceeding 50 %	41.96
	6010	— Exceeding 50 % but not exceeding 65 %	55.95
	7010	— Exceeding 65 %	69.94

⁽¹⁾ 'Cereal products' means the products falling within Chapter 10 and heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 (excluding subheading 11.02 G) of the Common Customs Tariff.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1056/80

of 30 April 1980

fixing the basic amount of the import levy on syrups and certain other sugar products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (7) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 provides for charging a levy on imports of the products listed in Article 1 (1) of that Regulation ;

Whereas the levy on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 must be calculated, where appropriate, at a standard rate on the basis of the sucrose content (including other sugars expressed as sucrose) of the product concerned and of the levy on white sugar ; whereas, however, the levies on maple sugar and maple syrup are limited to the amount resulting from application of the rate of duty bound within GATT ;

Whereas Article 7 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 837/68 of 28 June 1968 on detailed rules for the application of levies on sugar⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1428/78⁽⁴⁾, provides that the basic amount of the levy for 100 kilograms of product must be fixed per percentage point of sucrose content ;

Whereas the basic amount of the levy must be equal to one-hundredth of the average of the levies applicable to 100 kilograms of white sugar during the first 20 days of the month preceding the month for which the basic amount of the levy is fixed ; whereas, however, the levy applicable to white sugar on the day of the fixing of the basic amount must be substituted for the average of the levies, where that levy differs by at least 0.73 ECU from that average ;

Whereas the basic amount must be fixed each month ; whereas it must, however, be altered during

the period between the day on which it is fixed and the first day of the month following the month for which the basic amount is applicable, if the levy on white sugar differs by at least 0.73 ECU from the average referred to above or from the levy on white sugar used to fix the basic amount ; whereas, in this case, the basic amount must be equal to one-hundredth of the levy on white sugar used to calculate the alteration ;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity ;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas the basic amount thus fixed must be adjusted on the basis of variations in the threshold price for white sugar occurring between the month in which the basic amount is fixed and the period of application ; whereas this adjustment, equal to one-hundredth of the difference between these two threshold prices, must be deducted from or added to the basic amount in the circumstances provided for in Article 7 (6) of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The basic amount of the import levy on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 shall be, per 100 kilograms of product, 0.0723 ECU per percentage point of sucrose content.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 151, 30. 6. 1968, p. 42.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 171, 28. 6. 1978, p. 34.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1057/80

of 30 April 1980

fixing the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products, exported
in the natural stateTHE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organi-
zation of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the
first sentence of the last subparagraph of Article 19 (2)
thereof,Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,Whereas Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74
provides that the difference between quotations or
prices on the world market for the products listed in
Article 1 (1) (d) of that Regulation and prices for those
products within the Community may be covered by
an export refund;Whereas Article 8 of Council Regulation (EEC) No
766/68 of 18 June 1968 laying down general rules for
granting export refunds on sugar⁽³⁾, as last amended
by Regulation (EEC) No 1489/76⁽⁴⁾, provides that the
export refund on 100 kilograms of the products listed
in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 is
equal to the basic amount multiplied by the sucrose
content, including, where appropriate, other sugars
expressed as sucrose; whereas the sucrose content of
the product in question is determined in accordance
with Article 13 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No
394/70 of 2 March 1970 on detailed rules for granting
export refunds on sugar⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1467/77⁽⁶⁾;Whereas Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68
provides that the basic amount of the refund on
sorbose exported in the natural state must be equal to
the basic amount of the refund less one-hundredth of
the production refund applicable, pursuant to Council
Regulation (EEC) No 1400/78 of 20 June 1978 laying
down general rules for the production refund on sugar
used in the chemical industry⁽⁷⁾, to the products
listed in Annex I to the last mentioned Regulation;Whereas the basic amount of the refund on the other
products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC)
No 3330/74 exported in the natural state must beequal to one-hundredth of an amount which takes
account, on the one hand, of the difference between
the intervention price for white sugar for the Commu-
nity area with the largest surplus for the month for
which the basic amount is fixed and quotations or
prices for white sugar on the world market and, on
the other, of the need to establish a balance between
the use of Community basic products in the manufac-
ture of processed goods for export to third countries
and the use of third country products brought in
under inward processing arrangements;Whereas the application of the basic amount may be
limited to some of the products listed in Article 1 (1)
(d) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74;Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally,
refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent;

Whereas the refunds referred to above must be fixed
every month; whereas they may be altered in the
intervening period;Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1
(1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74, exported in
the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.⁽³⁾ OJ No L 143, 25. 6. 1968, p. 6.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1976, p. 13.⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 50, 4. 3. 1970, p. 1.⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 6.⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 9.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products exported in the natural state

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Basic amount per percentage point of sucrose content ⁽¹⁾
17.02	Other sugars in solid form ; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter ; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ; caramel : D. Other sugars and syrups (other than lactose, glucose and maple) : ex II. Other, excluding sorbose E. Artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ex F. Caramel made from sugar falling within heading No 17.01	 0-0274 0-0274 0-0274
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included : F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups : IV. Other (than lactose, glucose and isoglucose syrups)	 0-0274

⁽¹⁾ The basic amount is not applicable to syrups which are less than 85 % pure (Regulation (EEC) No 394/70). Sucrose content is determined in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 394/70.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1058/80
of 30 April 1980
fixing the export refunds on olive oil

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 of 23 November 1978 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 171/67/EEC of 27 June 1967 on export refunds and levies on olive oil⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2429/72⁽⁵⁾, and in particular the first sentence of Article 7 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 20 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that, where prices within the Community are higher than world market prices, the difference between these prices may be covered by a refund when olive oil is exported to third countries;

Whereas Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 provides that Article 20 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC and the measures taken in application thereof apply, subject to the provisions of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Greece, to trade between the Community and Greece;

Whereas the detailed rules for fixing and granting export refunds on olive oil are contained in Regulations No 171/67/EEC and (EEC) No 616/72⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2962/77⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that the refund must be the same for the whole Community;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that when the refund on olive oil is being fixed account must be taken of:

- the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of olive oil on the Community market and prices for olive oil on the world market;

- the aims of the common organization of the market in olive oil which are to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on this market;

- the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market; and

- the economic aspect of the proposed exports;

Whereas, furthermore, Article 4 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that the said refund must be fixed in accordance with the following criteria:

- the olive oil prices in the main producing areas of the Community;
- the most favourable quotations recorded on the various markets of importing third countries and Greece; and
- the marketing costs and the most favourable transport charges from Community markets in the main producing areas to ports or other points of export in the Community, as well as costs incurred in placing the goods on the world market;

Whereas Article 5 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that the refund on olive oil may be varied according to destination where the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets make this necessary;

Whereas Article 7 of Regulation No 171/67/EEC provides that the refund must be fixed at least once every month; whereas it may, if necessary, be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in olive oil and in particular to olive oil prices within the Community and on the markets of third countries and Greece that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 130, 28. 6. 1967, p. 2600/67.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 264, 23. 11. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 78, 31. 3. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 348, 30. 12. 1977, p. 53.

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

third countries and Greece, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (2) (c) of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, exported to

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the export refunds on olive oil

(ECU / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Refund
15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified :	
A	Olive oil :	
I	Untreated :	
(a)	Virgin olive oil	
	and	
II	Other :	
(a)	Obtained by processing oils falling within subheading 15.07 A I a) or 15.07 A I b), whether or not blended with virgin olive oil :	
	In immediate packings of a net capacity of 5 kg or less, for destinations mentioned in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 ⁽¹⁾ , as well as on export to third countries	4.00

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 25, 17. 1. 1975, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1059/80
of 30 April 1980
fixing the export refunds on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 of 23 November 1978 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 142/67/EEC of 21 June 1967 on export refunds on colza, rape and sunflower seeds⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2429/72⁽⁵⁾, and in particular the first sentence of Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 28 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that a refund may be granted on exports to third countries of oil seeds harvested within the Community; whereas the amount of this refund may not exceed the difference between prices within the Community and prices on the world market where the former are higher than the latter; whereas Article 21 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that, at present, Article 28 of that Regulation applies only to colza, rape and sunflower seeds;

Whereas Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 provides that Article 28 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC and measures taken in application thereof apply, subject to the provisions of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Greece, to trade between the Community and Greece;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 142/67/EEC provides that when the refund is being calculated account must be taken of prices ruling on the various Community markets which are representative from the point of view of processing and exportation; the most favourable quotations recorded on the various markets of importing third countries and Greece, and costs incurred in placing the goods on the world market; whereas, when the amount of the refund is

being fixed, account must also be taken of the level of market prices within the Community for the oil seeds referred to in Article 21 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC and the future trend of these prices; whereas, furthermore, account should be taken of the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the situation in the Community regarding the supply of and demand for these seeds;

Whereas Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 651/71 of 29 March 1971 on certain detailed rules for the application of export refunds on oil seeds⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1480/79⁽⁷⁾, provides that the amount of the refund must be calculated on the basis of the weight of exported seeds; whereas this weight must be adjusted to take account of any differences between the percentages of moisture and impurities found to exist and those used to define the standard quality for which the target price is fixed; whereas, when this adjustment is being made, the weight of the exported seeds must be increased by the amount of the difference between the actual moisture and impurities content and that used to define the standard quality if the former is lower than the latter; whereas, if the opposite applies, the weight of the exported seeds must be reduced by the same amount;

Whereas the standard quality referred to above was defined in Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1294/79 of 25 June 1979 fixing the target prices and basic intervention prices for colza and rape seed and sunflower seed for the 1979/80 marketing year⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation No 142/67/EEC provides that the refund may be varied according to destination where the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets make this necessary;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 125, 26. 6. 1967, p. 2461/67.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 264, 23. 11. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 75, 30. 3. 1971, p. 16.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 180, 17. 7. 1979, p. 13.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 13.

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in oil seeds, and in particular to quotations or prices for these products within the Community and on the markets of third countries and Greece, that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto for those products for which the marketing year has already begun ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The refund on the products referred to in Article 21 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, exported to third countries and Greece, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the export refunds on oil seeds

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Refund
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed, other than for sowing	18.00
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed, other than for sowing	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1060/80
of 30 April 1980
fixing the export refunds on isoglucose

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 of 17 May 1977 laying down common provisions for isoglucose ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1293/79 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the third subparagraph of Article 4 (2) and paragraph 5 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77, provision may be made for an export refund for isoglucose ;

Whereas the level of the refund is to be determined per 100 kilograms of dry matter, taking into account in particular the export refund fixed by virtue of Article 19 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 ⁽³⁾, for the products referred to in Article 1 (1) (d) of that Regulation and the economic aspects of the proposed export ;

Whereas the refund must be the same throughout the Community ; whereas it may be varied according to destination ;

Whereas the said refunds must be fixed every month ; whereas they may be altered in the intervening period ;

Whereas the refund is granted only in respect of isoglucose satisfying the conditions laid down in Article

3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1469/77 of 30 June 1977 laying down rules for applying the levy and the refund in respect of isoglucose and amending Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 ⁽⁴⁾ ;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity ;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules set out above that the refund for isoglucose should be as set out in the Annex hereto ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Isoglucose,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export refunds on the products referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the export refunds on isoglucose

(ECU)

CCT heading No	Description	Refund per 100 kg of dry matter
17.02	Other sugars in solid form ; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter ; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ; caramel : D. Other sugars and syrups : I. Isoglucose	2.74 ⁽¹⁾
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included : F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups : III. Isoglucose	2.74 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable only to products referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1469/77.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1061/80
of 30 April 1980
fixing the import levies on isoglucose

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 of 17 May 1977 laying down common provisions for isoglucose ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1293/79 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77, a levy is to be charged on imports of the products specified in Article 1 of that Regulation; whereas this levy is to consist of a fixed component and a variable component;

Whereas these components are defined in Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77; whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1469/77 of 30 June 1977 laying down rules for applying the levy and the refund in respect of isoglucose and amending Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 ⁽³⁾, the fixed component referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 must be equal to that used for fixing the import levy on products falling within subheading 17.02 B II a) of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas the levy must be fixed each month;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from applying these provisions that the levies on isoglucose should be as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 3 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

*ANNEX***to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the import levies on isoglucose**

<i>(ECU)</i>		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies per 100 kg of dry matter
17.02	Other sugars in solid form ; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter ; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ; caramel : D. Other sugars and syrups : I. Isoglucose	16.90
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included : F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups : III. Isoglucose	16.90

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1062/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing the rate of the aid for peas and field beans used in the feeding of animals**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1119/78 of 22 May 1978 laying down special measures
for peas and field beans used in the feeding of
animals ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 (5) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the aid referred to in Article 2
of Regulation (EEC) No 1119/78 was fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 509/80 ⁽²⁾, as amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 791/80 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other
provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 509/80

to the information at present available to the Commis-
sion that the amount of the subsidy at present in force
should be altered as shown in Article 1 of this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The aid referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC)
No 1119/78 is fixed at 8.282 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 8.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 58, 1. 3. 1980, p. 38.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 87, 1. 4. 1980, p. 27.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1063/80
of 30 April 1980
fixing the rate of the additional aid for dried fodder

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 of 22 May 1978 on the common organization of the market in dried fodder⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 114/80⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5(3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas under Article 5(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 when the guide price is higher than the average world market price a supplementary aid is given for dried fodder as described under Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of that Regulation obtained from fodder plants harvested in the Community; whereas this aid is equal to a percentage of the difference between these two prices;

Whereas that percentage and the guide price were fixed for the period 1 April to 31 May 1980 by Council Regulation (EEC) No 810/80 of 27 March 1980 fixing the flat-rate production aid and the guide price for certain dried fodder products⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1032/80⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas the average world market price is determined for a bulk pelleted product delivered Rotterdam of the standard quality for which the guide price has been fixed;

Whereas, under Council Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 of 19 June 1978 on the aid system for dried fodder⁽⁵⁾, the average world market price for the products described in the first indent of Article 1 (b) Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 is to be determined on the basis of the most favourable actual purchase possibilities excepting those which cannot be considered representative of the real market trend; whereas offers and quotations recorded during the first 25 days of the month in question for quantities that can be delivered during the following calendar month are to be used; whereas the average world market price thus determined is used to fix the supplementary aid rate applicable on the following month;

Whereas the necessary adjustments must be made in the case of offers and quotations not of the type referred to above;

Whereas when no offer of or quotation for the products described in the first indent of Article 1 (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 can be used to determine the average world market price it is to be determined from offers on the world market of and quotations on the exchanges important for international trade for the products described in the second indent of Article 1 (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78;

Whereas under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 when no offer or quotation can be used to determine the average world market price it is determined from the last average world market price determined, this being adjusted on the basis of price developments for the same products of Community origin and world prices of competing products;

Whereas the adjustments referred to above were set out in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1528/78 of 30 June 1978 laying down detailed rules for the application of the system of aid for dried fodder⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 332/80⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas under Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 when forward prices differ from that applying in the month when the application is lodged the supplementary aid rate is adjusted by a correcting amount calculated from the trend of forward prices;

Whereas the correcting amount is equal to the difference between the average world market price and the average forward world market price multiplied by the percentage fixed in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1299/79; whereas when for one of the months following that of the introduction of supplementary aid the average forward world market price cannot be determined by applying the criteria specified in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 the price determined for the previous month is used to calculate the difference; whereas when for two or more consecutive months following that of the introduction of supplementary aid the average forward world market prices cannot be determined by applying the criteria set out in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 the prices previously determined for these months, adjusted on the basis of the difference between the average world market price and the last forward price determined for the month, are used to calculate the differences for the months in question;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 16, 22. 1. 1980, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 88, 1. 4. 1980.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 110, 29. 4. 1980, p. 3.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 171, 28. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 179, 1. 7. 1978, p. 10.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 37, 14. 2. 1980, p. 11.

Whereas when the average world market price is determined in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 the correcting amount must be equal to the difference between the average world market price and the average forward world market price determined by applying the criteria specified in Articles 1 and 2 of the said Regulation and valid for delivery during a month other than that of the introduction of the supplementary aid, multiplied by the percentage fixed in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 642/79 for the product concerned; whereas when for one or more months the average forward world market price cannot be determined by applying the criteria specified in Articles 1 and 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1417/78 the correcting amount is to be fixed for the month(s) in question to give a nil rate for the supplementary aid;

Whereas, if the aid system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each

of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas the rate of the additional aid must be fixed once per month so as to ensure application of the aid from the first day of the month following the date of its fixing;

Whereas, as the result of the applications of all these provisions to the offers and quotations which the Commission has recorded, the rate of the additional aid for dried fodder must be fixed as indicated in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The rate of the aid referred to in Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1117/78 is fixed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the rate of the additional aid for dried fodder

Additional aid applicable from 1 May 1980 to dried fodder

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Dehydrated fodder ex 12.10 B Protein concentrates ex 23.07 C	Fodder otherwise dried ex 12.10 B
Additional aid	6.534	3.734

Additional aid in case of advance fixing for the month of :

(ECU/tonne)

June 1980	7.449	4.257
July 1980	7.449	4.257
August 1980	7.449	4.257
September 1980	7.449	4.257
October 1980	7.449	4.257
November 1980	7.449	4.257
December 1980	7.449	4.257
January 1981	7.449	4.257
February 1981	7.449	4.257
March 1981	7.449	4.257

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1064/80

of 30 April 1980

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, earthenware or fine pottery, falling within subheading 69.12 C and originating in South Korea, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 of 10 December 1979 establishing preferential tariffs in respect of certain products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 (3) and (4) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling, expressed in European units of account, which will be equal — with the exception of certain products the value of the ceilings for which is given in Annex A thereto — to the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question imported cif into the Community in 1977 and coming from countries and territories covered by those arrangements, but not including products coming from countries and territories already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the value of 1977 cif imports coming from other countries and from countries and territories already covered by such arrangements; whereas, however, the ceiling resulting from the sum of this addition may in no case exceed 110 or 115 % of the preferential ceiling opened for 1979;

Whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries or territories listed in Annex B to that Regulation should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex A to that Regulation;

Whereas Article 2 (2) and (3) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries or territories — with the exception of those listed in Annex C to the same Regulation — once the relevant Community amount has been reached;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 328, 24. 12. 1979, p. 25.

Whereas, in respect of tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, earthenware or fine pottery, falling within subheading 69.12 C, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 956 000 European units of account, and therefore the maximum amount is 478 000 European units of account; whereas on 28 April 1980 the amounts of imports into the Community of tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, earthenware or fine pottery, falling within subheading 69.12 C and originating in South Korea, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to South Korea,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 4 May 1980, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in South Korea:

CCT heading No	Description
69.12	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of other kinds of pottery: C. Earthenware or fine pottery

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1065/80
of 30 April 1980
fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 852/78⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza and rape seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 336/80⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza and rape seed ;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 620/80

of 13 March 1980 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1078/80⁽⁸⁾ ;

Whereas, if the price system is to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity ;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas it follows from applying these provisions that the world market price for colza and rape seed should be as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 37, 14. 2. 1980, p. 17.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 68, 14. 3. 1980, p. 16.

⁽⁸⁾ See page 59 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

(ECU/100 kg) ⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	18.956

(ECU/100 kg) ⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance for the month of						
		May 1980	June 1980	July 1980	August 1980	September 1980	October 1980	November 1980
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	18.956	18.884	19.321	19.540	19.954	20.391	20.756

⁽¹⁾ The conversion rates from ECU into national currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following:

1 ECU = DM	2.48208
1 ECU = FI	2.74362
1 ECU = Bfr/Lfr	39.7897
1 ECU = FF	5.84700
1 ECU = Dkr	7.72336
1 ECU = I £	0.668201
1 ECU = £	0.602051
1 ECU = Lit	1 162.87

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1066/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 of 23 November 1978 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁸⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2766/78⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽¹⁰⁾,

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978⁽¹¹⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil ;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹²⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world or Greek markets and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers ;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries ; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries ;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 28 and 29 April 1980 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation ;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products ; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate ; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1978, p. 13.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1978, p. 26.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	10.00 ⁽¹⁾	27.40 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	3.50 ⁽¹⁾	19.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	7.80 ⁽¹⁾	31.90 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	5.00	30.20 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	14.00	61.20 ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

(a) Greece, Spain and Lebanon : 0.60 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) Turkey : 22.36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;

(c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia : 24.78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.86 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7.25 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5.80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	0.77	4.18
07.03 A II	0.77	4.18
15.17 B I a)	1.75	9.50
15.17 B I b)	2.80	15.20
23.04 A II	0.62	2.55

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1067/80
of 30 April 1980
altering the export refunds on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the
second sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article
16 (2) thereof,

Whereas the export refunds on malt were fixed by
Regulation (EEC) No 996/80 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29
October 1975 on the import and export system for
products processed from cereals and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78 ⁽⁵⁾,
defines the specific criteria to be taken into account
when the refund on these products is being calcu-
lated ;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules, criteria
and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC)
No 996/80 to the information at present available to
the Commission that the export refunds at present in
force should be altered to the amounts set out in the
Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The export refunds on malt listed in Article 1 (d) of
Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, subject to Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75, as fixed in the Annex to Regula-
tion (EEC) No 996/80 are hereby altered to the
amounts set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 107, 25. 4. 1980, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 altering the export refunds on malt

<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>	
CCT heading No	Refund
11.07 A I b)	69.16
11.07 A II b)	96.68
11.07 B	112.67

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1068/80**of 30 April 1980****altering the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth sentence of the second subparagraph of Article 16 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾,

Whereas the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1008/80⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, taking foreseeable developments on the market into account, the corrective amount at present applicable to the refund on malt should be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 which is applicable to the export refunds fixed in advance in respect of malt is hereby altered to the amount set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 107, 25. 4. 1980, p. 40.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 altering the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9	5th period 10
11.07 A I a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	0	0	0	0	0	0

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	6th period 11	7th period 12	8th period 1	9th period 2	10th period 3	11th period 4
11.07 A I a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	0	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1069/80**of 30 April 1980****altering the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the
fourth sentence of the second subparagraph of Article
16 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general
rules for granting export refunds on cereals and
criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾,

Whereas the corrective amount applicable to the
refund on cereals was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1007/80 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, taking foreseeable develop-
ments on the market into account, the corrective
amount at present applicable to the refund on cereals
should be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of
Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, fixed in the Annex to
Regulation (EEC) No 1007/80, which is applicable to
the export refunds fixed in advance in respect of
cereals, is hereby altered to the amounts set out in the
Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 107, 25. 4. 1980, p. 38.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 altering the corrective amount applicable
to the refund on cereals

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9	5th period 10	6th period 11
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.03	Barley	0	0	—10.00	—7.00	—	—	—
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11.01 A	Common wheat flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.01 B	Rye flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	0	—	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1070/80

of 30 April 1980

fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 May 1980 to sugar and molasses
exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organi-
zation of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the
first sentence of the sixth subparagraph of Article 19
(2) thereof,

Whereas Article 19 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No
3330/74 provides that the difference between quota-
tions or prices on the world market for the products
listed in Article 1 (1) (a), (c) and (d) of that Regulation
and prices within the Community may be covered by
an export refund; whereas Council Regulation (EEC)
No 2682/72 of 12 December 1972 laying down
general rules for granting export refunds on certain
agricultural products exported in the form of goods
not covered by Annex II to the Treaty, and the criteria
for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 707/78⁽⁴⁾, specifies
the products for which a rate of refund should be
fixed, to be applied where these products are exported
in the form of goods listed in Annex I to Regulation
(EEC) No 3330/74;

Whereas, in accordance with the first subparagraph of
Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72, the rate
of the refund per 100 kilograms for each of the basic
products in question must be fixed for each month;

Whereas, in accordance with paragraph 2 of that
Article, that rate must be determined with particular
reference to:

- (a) the average costs incurred by processing industries
in obtaining supplies of the basic products in ques-
tion on the Community market and the prices
ruling on the world markets;
- (b) the level of the refunds on exports of processed
agricultural products covered by Annex II to the
Treaty which are manufactured under similar
conditions;

- (c) the need to ensure equality of competition for the
industries which use Community products and
those which use third-country products under
inward processing arrangements;

Whereas Article 4 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72
provides that, when the rate of the refund is being
fixed, account should be taken, where appropriate, of
refunds, aids or other measures having equivalent
effect applicable in all Member States in accordance
with the Regulation on the common organization of
the market in the product in question to the basic
products listed in Annex A to that Regulation or to
assimilated products;

Whereas a production refund is granted in respect of
white sugar or raw sugar under the conditions laid
down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1400/78 of 20
June 1978 laying down general rules for the produc-
tion refund on sugar used in the chemical
industry⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The rates of the refunds applicable from 1 May 1980
to the basic products appearing in Annex A to Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2682/72 and listed in Article 1 (1) of
Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74, exported in the form
of goods listed in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No
3330/74, are fixed as shown:

- (a) in Table I of the Annex hereto for those same
goods, in so far as they are shown in the Annex to
Regulation (EEC) No 1400/78;
- (b) in Table II of the Annex hereto for goods other
than those mentioned under (a).

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 289, 27. 12. 1972, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1978, p. 7.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 9.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 May 1980 to sugar and molasses exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

Table I

<i>Rate of refund in ECU/100 kg:</i>	White sugar :	0
	Raw sugar :	0
	Syrups of beet sugar or cane sugar containing, in the dry state, 98 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) :	$0 \times \frac{S^{(1)}}{100}$
	Molasses :	—

Table II

<i>Rate of refund in ECU/100 kg:</i>	White sugar :	2.74
	Raw sugar :	0
	Syrups of beet sugar or cane sugar containing, in the dry state, 98 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) :	$2.74 \times \frac{S^{(1)}}{100}$
	Molasses :	—

(¹) 'S' represents the weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) in 100 kilograms of syrup.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1071/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing the rate of the refund applicable from 1 May 1980 to isoglucose exported
in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1111/77 of 17 May 1977 laying down common provi-
sions for isoglucose ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 1293/79 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first
sentence of the third subparagraph of Article 4 (2) and
paragraph 5 thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation (EEC)
No 1111/77, provision may be made for a refund on
the export of isoglucose in the form of the goods
shown in the Annex to that Regulation;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72 of 12
December 1972 laying down general rules for
granting export refunds for certain agricultural
products exported in the form of goods not covered
by Annex II to the Treaty, and the criteria for fixing
the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 707/78 ⁽⁴⁾, specifies that a rate of
refund should be fixed and apply when isoglucose
covered by Common Customs Tariff subheading
17.02 D I is exported in the form of goods listed in
the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77;

Whereas, in accordance with the first subparagraph of
Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72, the rate
of the refund must be fixed for each month;

Whereas, in accordance with paragraph 2 of that
Article, that rate must be determined with particular
reference to:

- (a) the level of the refunds on exports of processed
agricultural products covered by Annex II to the
Treaty which are manufactured under similar
conditions;
- (b) the need to ensure equality of competition for the
industries which use Community products and
those which use third-country products under
inward processing arrangements;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Isoglucose,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The rate of the refund applicable from 1 May 1980 to
isoglucose of Common Customs Tariff subheading
17.02 D I exported in the form of goods listed in the
Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 is fixed as
shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 289, 27. 12. 1972, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1978, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the rate of the refund applicable from 1 May 1980 to isoglucose exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

(ECU)

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of refund for 100 kg of dry matter
17.02 D I	Isoglucose	2.74

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1072/80

of 30 April 1980

fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 May 1980 to certain milk products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Treaty which are manufactured under similar conditions ;

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

(c) the need to ensure equality of competition for the industries which use Community products and those which use third-country products under inward processing arrangements ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1761/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 17 (5) thereof,

Whereas Article 4 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72 provides that, when the rate of the refund is being fixed, account should be taken, where necessary, of production refunds, aids or other measures having equivalent effect applicable in all Member States in accordance with the Regulation on the common organization of the market in the product in question to the basic products listed in Annex A to that Regulation or to assimilated products ;

Whereas Article 17 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 provides that the difference between prices in international trade for the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b), (c) and (e) of that Regulation and prices within the Community may be covered by an export refund ; whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72 of 12 December 1972 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on certain agricultural products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty, and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 707/78⁽⁴⁾, specifies the products for which a rate of refund should be fixed, to be applied where these products are exported in the form of goods listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 ;

Whereas Article 11 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 provides for the payment of aid for Community-produced skimmed milk processed into casein if such milk and the casein manufactured from it fulfil certain conditions set out in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 987/68 of 15 July 1968 laying down general rules for granting aid for skimmed milk processed into casein or caseinates⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by the Act of Accession⁽⁶⁾ ; whereas, pursuant to Article 1 (2) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72, skimmed milk thus defined is assimilated to milk powder complying with the definition of the pilot products Group No 2 listed in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 of 18 December 1979 determining the groups of products and the special provisions for calculating levies on milk and milk products and amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff⁽⁷⁾ ; whereas a rate of refund should be fixed for this milk powder ;

Whereas, in accordance with the first subparagraph of Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72, the rate of the refund per 100 kilograms for each of the basic products in question must be fixed for each month ;

Whereas, in accordance with paragraph 2 of that Article, that rate must be determined with particular reference to :

- (a) the average costs incurred by processing industries in obtaining supplies of the basic products in question on the Community market and the prices ruling on the world markets ;
- (b) the level of the refunds on exports of processed agricultural products covered by Annex II to the

Whereas Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 756/70 of 24 April 1970 on granting aid for skimmed milk processed into casein or caseinates⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 873/80⁽⁹⁾ ; fixes the aid per 100 kilograms of skimmed milk processed into casein or caseinates according to type ;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 204, 28. 7. 1978, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 289, 27. 12. 1972, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1978, p. 7.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 18. 7. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 12. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 91, 25. 4. 1970, p. 28.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 94, 11. 4. 1980, p. 10.

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 262/79 of 12 February 1979 on the sale of butter at reduced prices for use in the manufacture of pastry products, ice-cream and other foodstuffs⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 925/80⁽²⁾, and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1468/79 of 13 July 1979 on the granting of aid for butter from private storage for use in the manufacture of pastry products, ice-cream and other foodstuffs⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2548/79⁽⁴⁾, authorizes delivery of butter at reduced prices to industries which manufacture certain goods; whereas butter bought under the system of Regulation (EEC) No 232/75⁽⁵⁾, replaced by Regulation (EEC) No 262/79, and used in the manufacture of certain exported goods, should be taken into account;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The rates of the refunds applicable from 1 May 1980 to the basic products appearing in Annex A to Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72 and listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, exported in the form of goods listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

2. No rates of refund are fixed for any of the products referred to in the preceding paragraph which are not listed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 16. 2. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 99, 17. 4. 1980, p. 13.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 177, 14. 7. 1979, p. 40.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 290, 17. 11. 1979, p. 51.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 24, 31. 1. 1975, p. 45.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 May 1980 to certain milk products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of refund (ECU/100 kg)
ex 04.02 A II	Powdered milk, obtained by the spray process, with a fat content of less than 1.5 % by weight and with a water content of less than 5 % by weight (PG 2): a) On exportation of goods of CCT heading No 35.01 b) On exportation of other goods	— 50.00
ex 04.02 A II	Powdered milk, obtained by the spray process, with a fat content of 26 % by weight and a water content of less than 5 % by weight (PG 3)	100.00
ex 04.02 A III	Concentrated milk, with a fat content by weight of 7.5 % and a content by weight in dry matter equal to 25 % (PG 4)	23.69
ex 04.03	Butter, with a fat content by weight of 82 % (PG 6): a) On exportation of the following goods manufactured under the conditions laid down in Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 232/75, Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 262/79 and Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1468/79: — goods falling within CCT heading No 19.08 or subheadings 18.06 B and 21.07 C, — powdered preparations for making ice-cream and similar edible products called 'ice-mix' falling within CCT subheading 18.06 D and heading No 21.07, — raw doughs and powdered preparations falling within CCT subheading 19.02 B II b) b) On exportation of goods of CCT subheadings 21.07 G VII a) and 21.07 G VIII a) with a content of non-milk fats of more than 20 % c) On exportation of other goods	— — — 177.85 170.00

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1073/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 May 1980 to certain cereal and rice products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 113/80⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and Article 17 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the difference between quotations of prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of each of those Regulations and the prices within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72 of 12 December 1972 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on certain agricultural products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty, and the criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 707/78⁽⁶⁾, specifies the products for which a rate of refund should be fixed, to be applied where these products are exported in the form of goods listed in Annex B to Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 or in Annex B to Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 as appropriate;

Whereas, in accordance with the first subparagraph of Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72, the rate of the refund per 100 kilograms for each of the basic products in question must be fixed for each month;

Whereas, in accordance with paragraph 2 of that Article, that rate must be determined with particular reference to:

- (a) the average costs incurred by processing industries in obtaining supplies of the basic products in question on the Community market and the prices ruling on the world markets;
- (b) the level of the refunds on exports of processed agricultural products covered by Annex II to the Treaty which are manufactured under similar conditions;
- (c) the need to ensure equality of competition for the industries which use Community products and those which use third-country products under inward processing arrangements;

Whereas Article 4 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72 provides that, when the rate of the refund is being fixed, account should be taken, where appropriate, of production refunds, aids or other measures having equivalent effect applicable in all Member States in accordance with the Regulation on the common organization of the market in the product in question to the basic products listed in Annex A to that Regulation or to assimilated products; whereas a production refund is granted in respect of common wheat, maize and broken rice under the conditions laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2742/75 of 29 October 1975 on production refunds in the cereals and rice sectors⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/79⁽⁸⁾; whereas, for the purposes of applying the provisions of Article 4 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72, the amount of the production refund applicable during the month of exportation should be taken into account;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 16, 22. 1. 1980, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 289, 27. 12. 1972, p. 13.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1978, p. 7.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 57.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 12.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The rates of the refunds applicable from 1 May 1980 to the basic products appearing in Annex A to Regulation (EEC) No 2682/72 and listed either in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 or in Article 1 (1) of

Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76, exported in the form of goods listed in Annex B to Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 or in Annex B to Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 respectively, are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the rates of the refunds applicable from 1 May 1980 to certain cereal and rice products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II to the Treaty

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of refund
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin (mixed wheat and rye):	
	— For the manufacture of starch	8.805 ⁽¹⁾
	— Other than for the manufacture of starch	8.805
10.01 B	Durum wheat	11.940
10.02	Rye	7.875
10.03	Barley	7.741
10.04	Oats	6.123
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing:	
	— For the manufacture of starch	9.325 ⁽¹⁾
	— Other than for the manufacture of starch	9.325
10.06 B I b) 1	Round grain husked rice	6.634
10.06 B I b) 2	Long grain husked rice	8.283
10.06 B II b) 1	Round grain wholly milled rice	8.560
10.06 B II b) 2	Long grain wholly milled rice	12.004
10.06 B III	Broken rice:	
	— For the manufacture of starch	2.386
	— Other than for the manufacture of starch	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	9.000
11.01 B	Rye flour	12.487
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	18.507
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	9.000

⁽¹⁾ When export refunds to be granted are calculated, the amounts shown shall, after the application of the monetary coefficient, be reduced, respectively, by the following production refunds:

— 2.937 ECU/100 kg for common wheat,
— 2.055 ECU/100 kg for maize.

Monetary coefficients shall not be applied to these production refunds.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1074/80

of 29 April 1980

on the classification of goods under subheading 64.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 97/69 of 16 January 1969 on measures to be taken for uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 280/77 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas, in order to ensure uniform application of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff, provision must be made for the classification of sports shoes (training shoes) the outer soles of which are of coarsely patterned rubber or artificial plastic material, with uppers consisting of textile fabric on which strips or pieces of leather and/or plastic-coated textile fabric are sewn externally in various combinations, covering the surface to a greater or lesser extent;

Whereas the Common Customs Tariff annexed to Council Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3000/79 ⁽⁴⁾, includes footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material under heading No 64.01, footwear (with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material) with uppers of leather under subheading 64.02 A and other footwear (with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material) under subheading 64.02 B; whereas these headings should be considered in the classification of the above-mentioned sports shoes;

Whereas in the case of sports shoes of this kind it is normally the textile material which gives the uppers their essential character, as it gives them the flexibility and lightness together required for sports use, while the strips or pieces of leather and/or plastic-coated textile fabric are to be considered merely as accessories or reinforcements; whereas such shoes cannot therefore be classified in heading No 64.01 or subheading 64.02 A but must be classified, in accordance with Rules 3 (b) and 5 for the interpretation of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff, in subheading 64.02 B;

Whereas, however, in some cases the uppers of sports shoes of this kind are covered with strips or pieces of leather and/or plastic-coated textile fabric in such a way that the strips or pieces given their importance, must be considered, not merely as accessories or reinforcements, but rather as one of the constituent materials of the uppers; whereas it is therefore impossible in such cases to decide in accordance with objective criteria which of these constituent materials gives the upper of the shoes their essential character; whereas such shoes must consequently be classified in accordance with Rules 3 (c) and 5 for the interpretation of the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff under the heading or subheading which occurs latest among those which equally merit consideration, and must therefore be classified under subheading 64.02 B;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on Common Customs Tariff Nomenclature,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Sports shoes (training shoes) the outer soles of which are of coarsely patterned rubber or plastic material with uppers consisting of textile fabric on which strips or pieces of leather and/or plastic-coated textile fabric are sewn externally in various combinations covering the surface to a greater or lesser extent shall be classified in the Common Customs Tariff under subheading:

64.02 Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material:

B. Other

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the 42nd day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 14, 21. 1. 1969, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 40, 11. 2. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 342, 31. 12. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 April 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1075/80

of 30 April 1980

derogating from Regulation (EEC) No 1726/70 on the procedure for granting the premium for leaf tobacco as regards the dates for the conclusion and registration of cultivation contracts

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1579/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 3 (3) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1726/70⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1019/79⁽⁴⁾, provides that cultivation contracts shall be concluded prior to 1 May and registered prior to 1 July of the year in which they come into effect;

Whereas such contracts must specify the particulars relating to the norm prices fixed for the crop in question and the level of the corresponding premium;

Whereas, to date, the aforesaid data are not yet known; whereas in the circumstances, the deadline of 1 May set for the conclusion of contracts cannot be met; whereas these facts constitute one of the cases referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 2b (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1726/70 which enable the Commission to adopt all necessary measures and,

thus, to defer that deadline as well as, in consequence, the deadline for the registration of contracts and cultivation declarations;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Tobacco,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

By way of derogation from the first subparagraph of Article 2b (3) and the first indent of Article 2b (6) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1726/70, the deadlines set for the conclusion of cultivation contracts as well as for the registration of these contracts and the cultivation declarations shall, in the case of contracts and declarations taking effect in 1980, be deferred to 1 July and 1 August 1980 respectively.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*. It shall apply with effect from 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 189, 27. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 27. 8. 1970, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 127, 24. 5. 1979, p. 13.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1076/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing the amount of the aid for skimmed milk and skimmed-milk powder for
use as feed**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization
of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1761/78⁽²⁾, and in
particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas Article 2a (1) of Council Regulation (EEC)
No 986/68 of 15 July 1968 laying down general rules
for granting aid for skimmed milk and skimmed-milk
powder for use as feed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1273/79⁽⁴⁾, defines the criteria
governing the fixing of these aids; whereas paragraph
3 of the abovementioned Article specifies a margin
which must be adhered to when the level of aid is
fixed for skimmed-milk powder;

Whereas, applying these rules to the present market
situation, it follows that the aid for skimmed milk and
skimmed-milk powder should be fixed at the level set
out below;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount of the aid referred to in Article 10 of
Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 shall be 54 ECU per 100
kilograms for skimmed-milk powder and 5.50 ECU
per 100 kilograms for skimmed milk.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 204, 28. 7. 1978, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 18. 7. 1968, p. 4.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 161, 29. 6. 1979, p. 14.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1077/80**of 30 April 1980****amending for the sixth time Regulation (EEC) No 2793/77 on detailed rules of application for granting special aid for skimmed milk for use as feed for animals other than young calves**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization
of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1761/78⁽²⁾, and in
particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No
2793/77⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No
2338/79⁽⁴⁾, fixes *inter alia* the amount of the special
aid for skimmed milk for use as feed for animals other
than young calves; whereas, taking into account the
development of the market situation, it seems neces-
sary to adjust both the amount of the aid and the
maximum selling price of skimmed milk applied by
dairies;

Whereas the Management Committee for Milk and
Milk Products has not delivered an opinion within the
time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2793/77 is amended as follows:

1. In Article 1 (2), the amount '7.80 ECU per 100 kilo-grams' is replaced by '7.50 ECU per 100 kilo-grams'.
2. In Article 3 (1) (c):
 - the amount '1.63 ECU per 100 kilograms' referred to in the first indent is replaced by '1.83 ECU per 100 kilograms',
 - the amount '4 ECU per 100 kilograms' referred to in the second indent is replaced by '4.15 ECU per 100 kilograms'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 204, 28. 7. 1978, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 321, 16. 12. 1977, p. 30.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 267, 25. 10. 1979, p. 11.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1078/80**of 30 April 1980****fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that a subsidy should be granted in respect of oil seeds harvested and processed within the Community when the target price for a species of seed is higher than the price on the world market; whereas these provisions at present apply only in respect of colza, rape and sunflower seeds;

Whereas the subsidy on oil seeds should, theoretically, be equal to the difference between those two prices;

Whereas the target price and the monthly increases in the target price for oil seeds for the 1979/80 marketing year were fixed by Regulations (EEC) No 1294/79⁽³⁾ and (EEC) No 1295/79⁽⁴⁾; whereas Article 29 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that the world market price, calculated for a Community frontier crossing point, is to be determined on the basis of the most favourable purchasing opportunities, quotations being adjusted where necessary to take account of quotations for competing products;

Whereas Article 4 of Council Regulation No 115/67/EEC of 6 June 1967 laying down criteria for deter-

mining world market prices for oil seeds and fixing the frontier crossing point⁽⁵⁾ fixed the said crossing point at Rotterdam; whereas Article 1 of that Regulation provides that when the world market price is being determined account should be taken of all offers on the world market known to the Commission and of quotations on those exchanges which are significant for international trade; whereas Article 2 of Commission Regulation No 225/67/EEC of 28 June 1967 on detailed rules for determining the world market price for oil seeds⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1393/79⁽⁷⁾, provides that offers and quotations which do not relate to shipments to be effected within 30 days following the date on which the world market price is determined should be disregarded; whereas offers and quotations which the Commission believes, in view of general price movements or information available to it, not to be representative of the real trend of the market must also be disregarded; whereas offers and quotations relating to quantities of less than 500 tonnes and offers relating to seed of a quality other than that normally acceptable on the world market must also be disregarded;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC provides that of the offers and quotations taken into consideration, those for delivery c and f should be increased by 0.2 %; whereas offers and quotations for delivery fas, fob or otherwise should be increased, as appropriate, by loading, transport and insurance costs from the point of shipment or loading to the frontier crossing point; whereas cif offers and quotations for frontier crossing points other than Rotterdam should be adjusted to allow for the difference in transport and insurance costs as compared with a product delivered cif Rotterdam; whereas the Commission should take account only of the loading, transport and insurance costs which to its knowledge are the lowest; whereas, finally, offers and quotations for delivery cif Rotterdam should be increased by 0.242 ECU;

Whereas Article 5 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that the world market price should be determined for seed of the standard quality for which the target price has been fixed, delivered in bulk;

(1) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

(2) OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 13.

(4) OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 14.

(5) OJ No 111, 10. 6. 1967, p. 2196/67.

(6) OJ No 136, 30. 6. 1967, p. 2919/67.

(7) OJ No L 167, 5. 7. 1979, p. 21.

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC provides that offers and quotations relating to products presented otherwise than in bulk should be adjusted by deducting the additional value resulting from that presentation; whereas offers and quotations relating to a quality other than the standard quality for which the target price was fixed should be adjusted on the basis of the coefficients of equivalence shown in the Annex to that Regulation; whereas, in the case of offers on the world market for qualities of colza and rape seed other than those listed in that Annex, coefficients of equivalence derived from those listed in that Annex may, pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC, be applied; whereas, when derived coefficients are being calculated, account must be taken of the differences between prices for the qualities of seed in question and prices for the qualities listed in that Annex, and of the characteristics of these various seeds;

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, where no offer or quotation can be used as a basis for determining the world market price, that price should be determined on the basis of the value of the average quantities of oil and oil cake resulting from the processing of 100 kilograms of seed within the Community less an amount corresponding to the cost of processing these seeds into oil and oil cake; whereas the quantities and costs to be taken into consideration for the purposes of the calculation are fixed in Article 5 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC; whereas the value of those quantities should be determined in accordance with Article 6 of that Regulation;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, where no offer or quotation can be used as a basis for determining the world market price and where it is, moreover, impossible to establish the value of the oil or oil cake processed from such seed, the world market price should be determined on the basis of the most recent known value for oil or oil cake, adjusted to take account of the trend of world prices for competing products by applying to that value the rules set out in Article 2 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC; whereas Article 7 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC defines competing products as those oils or oil cakes, as the case may be, which appear to have been offered in the largest quantities on the world market during the period under consideration;

Whereas Article 6 (1) of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, when the world market price of a type of seed is being determined, the price used should be adjusted by an amount not exceeding the margin between:

- the difference between the price of 100 kilograms of colza, rape or sunflower seeds, plus processing

costs, and the total of the prices of the quantities of oil and oil cake resulting from the processing of the type of seed in question, and

- the difference between the price of 100 kilograms of one or more other seeds, plus processing costs, and the total of the prices of the quantities of oil and oil cake resulting from the processing of these seeds;

Whereas the factors to be taken into consideration for the purpose of determining that margin are defined in Article 8 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC; whereas no adjustment should be made where the margin is found to be less than 0.604 ECU; whereas Article 6 (2) of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, when the amount of the adjustment is being determined, account should be taken of the incidence of the margin in question on marketing operations of Community traders and on the disposal of the various types of seed on the world market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2114/71 of 28 September 1971 on the subsidy for oil seeds⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 851/78⁽²⁾, laid down rules for granting the subsidy on oil seeds; whereas, under that Regulation, where the subsidy to be granted is fixed in advance, the amount of such subsidy must be equal to the amount applicable on the day on which the application for advance fixing was lodged, adjusted by the difference between the target price valid on that day and the target price valid on the day on which the seeds are placed under control at an oil mill and, where appropriate, a corrective amount; whereas Article 36 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 of 7 June 1972 laying down detailed rules for the application of the subsidy system for oil seeds⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 607/80⁽⁴⁾, provides that such adjustment should involve increasing or reducing the amount of subsidy applicable on the day on which the application was lodged by the difference between the target price valid during the month during which the seeds were placed under control at an oil mill and the target price valid on the day on which the application was lodged;

Whereas the conditions for the sale of Community seeds and the situation of forward offers and prices on the world market make it necessary to extend the period of validity of the AP part of the certificate until the end of the sixth month following that during which the application was lodged;

Whereas Article 38 of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 provides that the corrective amount must be equal to the difference between the world market price for colza, rape and sunflower seeds and the forward price

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 222, 2. 10. 1971, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 4.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 133, 10. 6. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 67, 13. 3. 1980, p. 11.

for those seeds valid for a shipment effected during the month in which the seeds were placed under control at an oil mill, those prices being determined in accordance with Articles 1, 4 and 5 of Regulation 115/67/EEC; whereas, if no offer and no price can be used for such determination, the method of calculation provided for in Article 38 of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 should be used; whereas the above-mentioned difference may be adjusted pursuant to Article 39 of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72, account being taken of prices for soya seeds on the world market;

Whereas the subsidy should be fixed whenever the market situation makes it necessary and in such a way as to ensure its being applied at least once a week; whereas the subsidy may be altered whenever it becomes obvious that such alteration is necessary;

Whereas, if the subsidy system is to operate normally, subsidies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas in the absence of the indicative price for the 1980/81 marketing year for colza and rape seed, in case of pre-fixation for the months of July, August,

September, October and November 1980, the amount of subsidy on these products has been obtainable only on the basis of the indicative price for the months of July, August, September, October and November 1979; whereas this amount may, therefore, be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when the indicative price for the 1980/81 marketing year is known;

Whereas it follows from applying these provisions to the offers and quotations known to the Commission that the subsidy on colza, rape and sunflower seeds should be as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.
2. The amount of the subsidy for the months of July, August, September, October and November 1980 will, however, for colza and rape seed, be confirmed or replaced as from 1 May 1980 to take into account the indicative price which is fixed for these products for the 1980/81 marketing year.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the amount of the subsidy on
oil seeds

(ECU / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	20·121
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	23·249

(ECU / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy in the case of advance fixing for the month of						
		May 1980	June 1980	July 1980	August 1980	September 1980	October 1980	November 1980
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	20·121	20·193	17·089 ⁽¹⁾	16·870 ⁽¹⁾	16·837 ⁽¹⁾	16·781 ⁽¹⁾	16·797 ⁽¹⁾
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	23·249	22·885	22·520	22·156	—	—	—

⁽¹⁾ Subject to confirmation.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1079/80

of 30 April 1980

altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 113/80⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1038/80⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 29 April 1980;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed differs from the average levy by more than 3.02 ECU per tonne of basic product; whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74⁽⁸⁾, the levies at present in force must therefore be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75⁽⁹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽¹⁰⁾, as fixed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1038/80 are hereby altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 16, 22. 1. 1980, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 110, 29. 4. 1980, p. 13.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Imports	
	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT
07.06 A	15.56 ⁽¹⁾	13.75 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 C ⁽²⁾	161.69	155.65
11.01 D ⁽²⁾	143.43	137.39
11.01 E I ⁽²⁾	184.76	178.72
11.01 E II ⁽²⁾	104.30	101.28
11.01 F ⁽²⁾	37.92	34.90
11.01 G ⁽²⁾	94.66	91.64
11.02 A II ⁽²⁾	158.66	152.62
11.02 A III ⁽²⁾	161.69	155.65
11.02 A IV ⁽²⁾	143.43	137.39
11.02 A V a) 1 ⁽²⁾	147.77	141.73
11.02 A V a) 2 ⁽²⁾	184.76	178.72
11.02 A V b) ⁽²⁾	104.30	101.28
11.02 A VI ⁽²⁾	37.92	34.90
11.02 A VII ⁽²⁾	94.66	91.64
11.02 B I a) 1 ⁽²⁾	141.37	138.35
11.02 B I a) 2 aa)	80.88	77.86
11.02 B I a) 2 bb) ⁽²⁾	140.41	137.39
11.02 B I b) 1 ⁽²⁾	141.37	138.35
11.02 B I b) 2 ⁽²⁾	140.41	137.39
11.02 B II a) ⁽²⁾	128.16	125.14
11.02 B II b) ⁽²⁾	115.79	112.77
11.02 B II c) ⁽²⁾	161.88	158.86
11.02 B II d) ⁽²⁾	146.76	143.74
11.02 C I ⁽²⁾	153.56	150.54
11.02 C II ⁽²⁾	138.68	135.66
11.02 C III ⁽²⁾	222.22	216.18
11.02 C IV ⁽²⁾	125.15	122.13
11.02 C V ⁽²⁾	161.88	158.86
11.02 C VI ⁽²⁾	146.76	143.74
11.02 D I ⁽²⁾	98.99	95.97
11.02 D II ⁽²⁾	89.51	86.49
11.02 D III ⁽²⁾	91.22	88.20
11.02 D IV ⁽²⁾	80.88	77.86
11.02 D V ⁽²⁾	104.30	101.28
11.02 D VI ⁽²⁾	94.66	91.64
11.02 E I a) 1 ⁽²⁾	91.22	88.20
11.02 E I a) 2 ⁽²⁾	80.88	77.86
11.02 E I b) 1 ⁽²⁾	178.98	172.94
11.02 E I b) 2 ⁽²⁾	158.70	152.66
11.02 E II a) ⁽²⁾	175.40	169.36
11.02 E II b) ⁽²⁾	158.66	152.62
11.02 E II c) ⁽²⁾	184.76	178.72
11.02 E II d) 1 ⁽²⁾	65.30	59.26
11.02 E II d) 2 ⁽²⁾	167.75	161.71
11.02 F I ⁽²⁾	175.40	169.36
11.02 F II ⁽²⁾	158.66	152.62

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Imports	
	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT
11.02 F III ⁽²⁾	161.69	155.65
11.02 F IV ⁽²⁾	143.43	137.39
11.02 F V ⁽²⁾	184.76	178.72
11.02 F VI ⁽²⁾	37.92	34.90
11.02 F VII ⁽²⁾	94.66	91.64
11.02 G I	76.61	70.57
11.02 G II	80.51	74.47
11.04 C I	18.58	11.93 ⁽⁵⁾
11.04 C II a)	147.32	123.14 ⁽⁵⁾
11.04 C II b)	180.41	156.23 ⁽⁵⁾
11.07 A I a)	178.36	167.48
11.07 A I b)	136.02	125.14
11.07 A II a)	164.80 ⁽⁴⁾	153.92
11.07 A II b)	125.89	115.01
11.07 B	144.91 ⁽⁴⁾	134.03
11.08 A I	147.32	126.77
11.08 A II	42.47	11.64
11.08 A III	162.93	142.38
11.08 A IV	147.32	126.77
11.08 A V	147.32	63.38 ⁽⁵⁾
11.09	440.22	258.88
17.02 B II a) ⁽³⁾	262.07	165.35
17.02 B II b) ⁽³⁾	193.26	126.77
21.07 F II	193.26	126.77
23.02 A I a)	27.69	27.69
23.02 A I b)	88.59	88.59
23.02 A II a)	22.15	22.15
23.02 A II b)	88.59	88.59
23.03 A I	338.82	157.48

⁽¹⁾ This levy is limited to 6 % of the value for customs purposes.

⁽²⁾ For the purpose of distinguishing between products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 and those falling within subheading 23.02 A, products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 shall be those meeting the following specifications:

- a starch content (determined by the modified Ewers polarimetric method), referred to dry matter, exceeding 45 % by weight,
- an ash content, by weight, referred to dry matter (after deduction of any added minerals), not exceeding 1.6 % for rice, 2.5 % for wheat, 3 % for barley, 4 % for buckwheat, 5 % for oats and 2 % for other cereals.

Germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground, falls in all cases within heading No 11.02.

⁽³⁾ Pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2730/75 the product falling within subheading 17.02 B I is subject to the same levy as products falling within subheading 17.02 B II.

⁽⁴⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 this levy is reduced by 5.44 ECU/tonne for products originating in Turkey.

⁽⁵⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 435/80 the levy shall not be charged on the following products originating in the overseas countries and territories:

- arrowroot falling within subheading 07.06 A,
- flours and meal of arrowroot falling within subheading 11.04 C,
- arrowroot starch falling within subheading 11.08 A V.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1080/80**of 30 April 1980****derogating temporarily from the amount of the security set on imports of colza, rape and sunflower seed pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 of 23 November 1978 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 of 7 June 1972 laying down detailed rules for the application of the subsidy system for oilseeds⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 333/80⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 28 (1) thereof,

Whereas, under Article 9 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2114/71 of 28 September 1971 on the subsidy for oilseeds⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 851/78⁽⁷⁾, all imports of colza, rape and sunflower seeds processed in the Community for the production of oil, and of mixtures of products falling within heading No 12.01 of the Common Customs Tariff containing at least 2 % by weight of one or more of such seeds, shall be subject to a system of inspection which shall apply until the seeds or mixtures are brought under the system of inspection provided for in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2114/71 or, if there is no processing for the production of oil, until the seeds are rendered ineligible for the subsidy; whereas the said inspection may be accompanied by

the lodging of a security, the level of which may be such an amount as is necessary to ensure that there is no incentive to evade the inspection and to make an undue application for the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC;

Whereas the amount of the aforesaid security was fixed in Article 28 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72;

Whereas the last subparagraph of that same paragraph provides that, in cases where abrupt fluctuations in the prices for colza, rape and sunflower seeds render the amount of the security excessive or inadequate, provision should be made to derogate from the amount fixed for a limited period;

Whereas the application of the abovementioned rules to the current market situation in the oilseeds sector makes it appropriate to derogate from the amount of the security currently applicable,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

By way of derogation from Article 28 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72, the amount of the security referred to in Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 2114/71 shall be fixed during the period 5 May to 1 June 1980 at 24 ECU for colza and rape seed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 133, 10. 6. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 37, 14. 2. 1980, p. 12.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 222, 2. 10. 1971, p. 2.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 4.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1081/80
of 30 April 1980
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1328/79⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1041/80⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1328/79 to the

information known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 April 1980 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form : A. White sugar ; flavoured or coloured sugar B. Raw sugar	5.63 1.04 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 85.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 110, 29. 4. 1980, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1082/80**of 30 April 1980****introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Spain**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2)
thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product
imported from a third country remains at least 0.50
unit of account below the reference price for two
consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must
be introduced in respect of the exporting country
concerned, save in exceptional circumstances;
whereas this charge is equal to the difference between
the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the
last two entry prices available for that exporting
country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 695/80 of
24 March 1980 fixing until the end of the 1980
marketing year the reference price for tomatoes⁽³⁾,
fixed the reference price for products of Class I for the
month of April 1980 at 137.45 ECU per 100 kilo-
grams net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country
is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded
for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting
country concerned which are marketed on all repre-
sentative markets for which prices are available, less
the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3)
of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the
meaning of representative price is defined in Article
24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regula-

tion (EEC) No 668/78⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into
consideration must be recorded on the representative
markets or, in certain circumstances, on other
markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices
with the coefficients fixed in Article 1 (2) (a), first
indent, of Regulation (EEC) No 695/80;

Whereas, for Spanish tomatoes, the entry price calcu-
lated in this way has remained at least 0.50 unit of
account below the reference price for two consecutive
market days; whereas a countervailing charge should
therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry
price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their effective parity,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979⁽⁶⁾, amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1011/80⁽⁷⁾, laid down the coefficient for expressing
amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 40.78 ECU per 100 kilo-
grams net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M
of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Spain.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 May 1980.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 78, 25. 3. 1980, p. 5.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 90, 5. 4. 1978, p. 5.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 108, 26. 4. 1980, p. 3.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 29 April 1980

accepting undertakings given in connection with the anti-dumping proceedings concerning certain car tyres originating in Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Romania and Yugoslavia and terminating those proceedings

(80/462/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79 of 20 December 1979 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

After hearing the opinions expressed by the Advisory Committee set up under that Regulation,

Whereas in March 1979 the Commission received a complaint lodged by the British Rubber Manufacturers Association (BRMA) on behalf of the UK manufacturers representing the greater part of Community production, and of other Community manufacturers, of cross ply and fabric-braced radial car tyres; whereas the complaint contained evidence of the existence of dumping in respect of like products originating in Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Romania and Yugoslavia and of material injury resulting therefrom;

Whereas the said evidence was sufficient to justify initiating an investigation;

Whereas the Commission accordingly announced, by a notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽²⁾, the initiation of proceedings

concerning imports of certain new tyre cases and tubeless tyres of the kind used on motor cars originating in Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Romania and Yugoslavia, and commenced an investigation of the matter at Community level;

Whereas the Commission officially so advised the exporters and importers known to be concerned;

Whereas the Commission has given the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to be heard orally, and to meet, so that opposing views might be presented and rebuttal arguments put forward;

Whereas the majority of the parties concerned have taken this opportunity;

Whereas, in order to arrive at a preliminary determination of the dumping margin and injury, the Commission carried out investigations at the premises of the Yugoslav producers and exporters and the UK importers, including: in Yugoslavia, IGP Tigar (Piot), Miloje Zakic (Krusevac), Autocentar Merkur (Belgrade); in the United Kingdom, Arcode Ltd (London), ETC Ltd (Leicester), Wogau Intersceptre Ltd (London); whereas the Commission also carried out investigations at the premises of the main complainant UK producers, viz. Pirelli Ltd (Burton-on-Trent), the Goodyear Tyre and Rubber Co. (Wolverhampton), Dunlop Ltd (Birmingham) and Avon Tyres Ltd (Melksham);

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 339, 31. 12. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 107, 28. 4. 1979, p. 2.

Whereas, in order to establish whether the Yugoslav imports were dumped, the Commission used Yugoslav domestic prices to establish the normal value ;

Whereas the Commission had to take into account the fact that Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic and Romania are not market economy countries ;

Whereas, for that reason, the Commission had to base its calculations in respect of these countries on the normal value in a market economy country ; whereas in that connection, the complaint had suggested the Spanish domestic market ;

Whereas, in the course of the discussions with the exporters from Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic and Romania, the comparability of the Spanish market for car tyres was contested because prices were unrepresentative ; whereas a comparison with the price of the tyres in question on the Yugoslav domestic market was generally accepted and appeared reasonable, at least for the purpose of a preliminary determination of dumping, since the prices seemed to be representative ;

Whereas the preliminary assessment of dumping for all four countries was accordingly made by comparing ex-factory prices in Yugoslavia with ex-factory prices for imports into the Community from each country in question during 1979 ;

Whereas, to take due account of the differences affecting price comparability, discounts and sales and service costs borne by the Yugoslav manufacturers were deducted from their prices ;

Whereas the above preliminary examination of the facts shows the existence of dumping in respect of the imports considered in the investigation, the dumping margin being equal to the amount by which the normal value as established above exceeds the price at which the goods are exported to the Community ; whereas the margin varies depending on the type and size of tyre and the exporting country ; whereas, for the principal sizes of tyre, these margins ranged up to 7.27 EUA per tyre ;

Whereas, with regard to the injury caused to the Community industry, the evidence available to the Commission shows that imports into the major Community market, i.e., the UK, of the tyres in question originating in the countries covered by the investigation rose from approximately 386 000 units in 1975 to 802 000 units in 1978, falling to 473 000 units in 1979, the year when the proceedings were initiated ;

Whereas, in the absence of official production and import figures relating to the tyres in question, it is difficult to gauge exactly the size of the UK market for such tyres ; whereas, nevertheless, the best information available suggests that the UK market share held by imports of these tyres originating in the countries covered by the investigation was 8 % in 1978 and

remained at 6 % in 1979 after the initiation of the proceedings ;

Whereas the resale prices in the Community of these tyres originating in the countries in question undercut those of like tyres produced by Community manufacturers by between 8 and 28 % ;

Whereas the consequent impact on the Community industry, whose volume of production has fallen by 43 % since 1976, is characterized by a reduction in the market share of Community producers and a depression of prices or the prevention of price increases which otherwise would have occurred, making it impossible to cover production costs for cross ply tyres ;

Whereas most of the Community producers are consequently making losses or inadequate profits on sales of the tyres covered by the proceedings and the viability of this sector of the Community industry is therefore at risk ; whereas, as far as can be estimated, the numbers directly employed in the manufacture of the tyres in question have fallen from about 6 500 in 1976 to 4 000 in 1979, although this reduction in employment must be partially attributed to the falling Community market for the tyres in question ;

Whereas injuries caused by other factors which could adversely affect the Community industry, such as the volume and prices of other imports, or reduction in demand, have been examined and any adverse effects caused by these factors have not been attributed to the imports under consideration ;

Whereas, in view of the foregoing, the preliminary examination of the facts shows that dumping exists, and that there is sufficient evidence of consequent injury ;

Whereas the Commission, after having examined the Community producers' and importers' prices, costs and profitability and marketing conditions, has determined the import prices necessary to eliminate the injury caused ;

Whereas the exporters and importers concerned were informed of the main findings of the preliminary investigation and commented on them ; whereas undertakings were consequently offered concerning imports from Czechoslovakia (Motokov, Foreign Trade Corporation, Prague), the German Democratic Republic (Transportmaschinen Export-Import, Berlin), from Romania (Danubiana, Bucharest), from Yugoslavia (IGP Tigar, Pirot) ;

Whereas the effect of the said undertakings will be to increase import prices into the Community to a level necessary to eliminate injury ;

Whereas the said increases take account of the differences noted in the course of investigations in the prices charged by the various exporting countries ; whereas these increases never exceed the average dumping margins and are generally below this level ;

Whereas the Commission has, therefore, determined that it is not now necessary to take protective action in respect of imports from countries having entered into such undertakings ;

Whereas the Commission will ensure that the undertakings are strictly complied with, in particular by carrying out periodically the necessary checks and inspections ;

Whereas the decision to accept these undertakings may be reconsidered should the Commission discover that they are failing to eliminate injury ;

Whereas in these circumstances the undertakings offered are considered acceptable and the proceedings may therefore be terminated without imposition of anti-dumping duties,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

The Commission hereby accepts the undertakings given in connection with the anti-dumping proceed-

ings concerning certain new tyre cases and tubeless tyres of the kind used on motor cars originating in Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Romania and Yugoslavia.

Article 2

The anti-dumping proceedings concerning imports of certain new tyre cases and tubeless tyres of the kind used on motor cars originating in Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Romania and Yugoslavia are hereby terminated.

Done at Brussels, 29 April 1980.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission
