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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2488/79**of 12 November 1979****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1658/79⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1658/79 to today's

offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13
November 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 12 November 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 193, 1. 8. 1979, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 November 1979 fixing the import levies on cereals
and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	69.88
10.01 B	Durum wheat	102.90 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	50.90 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	61.93
10.04	Oats	68.97
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	83.15 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	40.28 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	77.33 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	111.40
11.01 B	Rye flour	84.81
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	172.66
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	119.66

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments the levy is reduced by 7.25 ECU/tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2489/79

of 12 November 1979

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1659/79 ⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in

force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall
be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13
November 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 12 November 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 193, 1. 8. 1979, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 November 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 11	1st period 12	2nd period 1	3rd period 2
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	2.18	2.18	2.18
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	9.43
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 11	1st period 12	2nd period 1	3rd period 2	4th period 3
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2490/79

of 9 November 1979

opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of semi-milled long grain rice as food aid for the International Committee of the Red Cross

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1552/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down the conditions for the mobilization of cereals as food aid⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas on 8 May 1979 the Council of the European Communities declared that it proposed, by way of Community action, to grant the equivalent of 1 350 tonnes of husked rice (in other words, 1 000 tonnes of semi-milled long grain rice) to the International Committee for the Red Cross under its 1978/79 food-aid programme;

Whereas pursuant to Article 3 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 the goods may be purchased anywhere on the Community market;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender should be for supply of the products on the quay or in the lighter where applicable at the port of unloading Hon Ngu Bay;

Whereas, in view of the different monetary circumstances in the Member States, the observation of these conditions is not guaranteed by the application of exchange rates applicable in the framework of the

common agricultural policy since monetary compensatory amounts do not apply in the rice sector; whereas it is advisable to take account of the monetary situation as regards different offers;

Whereas the award under the invitation to tender must be made to the tenderer offering the best terms;

Whereas, should *force majeure* make it impossible to complete the operation in question within the time limits specified, it must be made clear who is to bear the liability for any resulting costs;

Whereas provision should be made for security to be given to guarantee fulfilment of the obligations arising by virtue of participation in the invitation to tender;

Whereas the Italian intervention agency should be made responsible for the tendering procedure;

Whereas the Commission must be informed quickly of the tenders submitted in response to the invitation and of those accepted by the intervention agency;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the supply to the International Committee of the Red Cross, by way of Community food-aid action, of 1 000 tonnes of semi-milled long grain rice.

2. The tendering procedure shall take place in Italy in one lot. The product shall be mobilized on the Community market. The product shall be loaded for departure from any Community port.

3. The invitation to tender provided for in paragraph 1 is for supply of products on the quay or in the lighter where applicable, in the port of Hon Ngu Bay.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

4. The successful tenderer shall deliver the product specified in paragraph 1 in new jute sacks lined with cotton sacks of a net capacity of 50 kilograms.

On the sacks shall be printed a red cross 15 × 15 cm, as well as the following :

'VTNH-1 / Riz semi-blanchi / Don de la Communauté économique européenne / Action du Comité international de la Croix-Rouge / À distribuer gratuitement / Hon Ngu Bay'.

To allow for the possibility of re-bagging, the successful tenderer shall supply 2 % of new empty sacks, of the same quality as those containing the goods but with the printing followed by a capital letter 'R'.

Article 2

1. The decision on tenders received in response to the invitation provided for in Article 1 shall be taken on 26 November 1979.

2. The closing date for the submission of tenders shall be 26 November 1979 at 12 noon.

3. The notice of invitation to tender shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* not less than nine days before the closing date for the submission of tenders.

Article 3

1. The prices offered must be expressed in the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender was issued.

2. The rates used for converting into ECU those offers made in national currencies shall be :

- the central rate in cases where the relevant currency is held at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %,
- in other cases, the average spot exchange rate during the period from Wednesday of one week to Tuesday of the following week and which immediately precedes the time limit for the submission of offers.

Article 4

The contract shall be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms.

However, if the tenders submitted do not appear to correspond to normal market prices and costs, the intervention agency may cancel the invitation to tender.

Article 5

1. The tenderer shall give security in an amount of 12 ECU per tonne of goods.

It shall be released :

- in the case of all tenderers whose tenders are unsuccessful or are not accepted,
- in the case of the successful tenderer, when the operations concerned have been carried out within the prescribed time limit and on submission of the original export licence, duly granted and endorsed by the competent authorities of the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to Article 3 (2),
- in the case of the successful tenderer, for quantities not supplied by reason of *force majeure*.

2. The security required under paragraph 1 may be provided in the form of a cash deposit or of a guarantee issued by a credit institution conforming to criteria laid down by each Member State.

Article 6

1. The semi-milled long grain rice referred to in Article 1 to be supplied to the International Committee of the Red Cross must meet the following requirements :

- moisture : 15 %,
- broken rice : 5 % maximum,
- chalky grains : 5 % maximum,
- grains striated with red : 3 % maximum,
- spotted grains : 1.5 % maximum,
- stained grains : 1 % maximum,
- yellow grains : 0.050 % maximum,
- amber grains : 0.20 % maximum.

Rice not meeting these requirements shall be refused.

2. Tenders for supply to the International Committee of the Red Cross of the semi-milled long grain rice referred to in Article 1 must relate to a product with the following characteristics :

- moisture : 15 %,
- broken rice : 5 % maximum,
- chalky grains : 5 % maximum,
- grains striated with red : 3 % maximum,
- spotted grains : 1.5 % maximum,
- stained grains : 1 % maximum,
- yellow grains : 0.050 % maximum,
- amber grains : 0.20 % maximum.

Article 7

1. The Italian intervention agency shall be responsible for the operations relating to the invitation to tender provided for by this Regulation.

2. It shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the list of firms which have responded to the invitation to tender, specifying the terms of each tender, together with the name and business name of the successful tenderer.

3. Where the customs export formalities for the mobilized product are completed in a Member State other than that in which the invitation to tender is issued, the intervention agency of the latter Member State shall be responsible for the operations following tendering, including payment to the successful tenderer.

In such case, the intervention agency choosing the successful tenderer shall immediately inform the intervention agency of the Member State concerned and shall supply it with all the information which it may require.

Furthermore, the amount of the successful tender shall be paid after it has been converted using the average of the spot rates referred to in Article 3 (2) to the tenderer in the currency of the Member State in which the operations relating to the tendering are completed.

4. The intervention agency shall ask that the tenderer specifies the following information :

- (a) after each shipment, a statement giving details of the quantities loaded, the quality of the products and their packaging ;
- (b) the date of the departure of the ships; the expected date of arrival of the products at their destination ;

- (c) all possible contingencies which might occur during transportation of the products.

The intervention agency shall transmit the information provided to the Commission as soon as it is received.

5. When the intervention agency responsible for the operations relating to tendering is not the intervention agency which appoints the successful tenderer, it shall send as soon as possible to the latter the information necessary for releasing the security.

Article 8

As regards this tender, the intervention agency is authorized to make an initial payment of 80 % of the value of the quantity given in the bill of lading, on presentation of that document and subject to the taking of a security, for an amount equal to the initial payment.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 November 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2491/79**of 9 November 1979****opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of milled long grain rice as food aid for the International Committee of the Red Cross**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1552/79 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down the conditions for the mobilization of cereals as food aid ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73 ⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas on 8 May 1979 the Council of the European Communities declared that it proposed, by way of Community action, to grant 690 tonnes of milled long grain rice to the International Committee of the Red Cross under its 1978/79 food-aid programme;

Whereas pursuant to Article 3 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 goods may be purchased anywhere on the Community market;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender should be for supply of the products delivered to Ashdod, that is at the moment when the goods are actually placed on the quay or in the lighter where applicable;

Whereas, in view of the different monetary circumstances in the Member States, the observation of these conditions is not guaranteed by the application of exchange rates applicable in the framework of the common agricultural policy since monetary compensatory amounts do not apply in the rice sector; whereas it is advisable to take account of the monetary situation as regards different offers;

Whereas the award under the invitation to tender must be made to the tenderer offering the best terms;

Whereas provision should be made for security to be given to guarantee fulfilment of the obligations arising by virtue of participation in the invitation to tender for supplies to the International Committee of the Red Cross;

Whereas the Italian intervention agency should be made responsible for the tendering procedure;

Whereas the Commission must be informed quickly of the tenders submitted in response to the invitation and of those accepted by the intervention agency;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the supply to the International Committee of the Red Cross, by way of Community food-aid action, of 690 tonnes of milled long grain rice.

2. The tendering procedure shall take place in Italy in one lot. The product shall be mobilized on the Community market. Shipment shall be from any Community port.

3. The invitation to tender provided for in paragraph 1 is for supply of products delivered to Ashdod, that is at the moment when the goods are actually placed on the quay or in the lighter where applicable.

4. The successful tenderer shall deliver the product specified in paragraph 1 in new jute sacks lined with cotton sacks of a net capacity of 50 kilograms (pre-slung).

Minimum weight of sacks shall be 600 grams.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

On the sacks shall be printed a red cross 15 × 15 cm, as well as the following:

'Milled rice / Gift of the European Economic Community / Action of the International Committee of the Red Cross / For free distribution'.

To allow for the possibilities of re-bagging, the successful tenderer shall supply 2 % of new empty sacks of the same quality as those containing the goods but with the printing followed by a capital letter 'R.'

Article 2

1. The decisions on tenders received in response to the invitation provided for in Article 1 shall be taken on 26 November 1979.
2. The closing date for the submission of tenders shall be 26 November 1979 at 12 noon.
3. The notice of invitation to tender shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* not less than nine days before the closing date for the submission of tenders.

Article 3

1. The prices offered must be expressed in the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender was issued.
2. The rates used for converting into ECU those offers made in national currencies shall be:
 - the central rate in cases where the relevant currency is held at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %,
 - in other cases, the average spot exchange rate during the period from Wednesday of one week to Tuesday of the following week and which immediately precedes the time limit for the submission of tenders.

Article 4

The contract shall be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms.

However, if the tenders submitted do not appear to correspond to normal market prices and costs, the intervention agency may cancel the invitation to tender.

Article 5

1. The successful tenderer shall give security of a value of 12 ECU per tonne; the security is intended to guarantee that the operations specified in Article 1 are duly completed. The security shall be forfeit if those operations are not carried out within the prescribed time limit, save as regards quantities not delivered owing to *force majeure*.
2. The security provided for in paragraph 1 may be provided in the form of a cash deposit or of a

guarantee issued by a credit institution conforming to the criteria laid down by each Member State.

Article 6

1. The milled long grain rice referred to in Article 1 to be supplied to the International Committee of the Red Cross must meet the following requirements:

- moisture: 15 %,
- broken rice: 5 % maximum,
- chalky grains: 5 % maximum,
- grains striated with red: 3 % maximum,
- spotted grains: 1.5 % maximum,
- stained grains: 1 % maximum,
- yellow grains: 0.050 % maximum,
- amber grains: 0.20 % maximum.

Rice not meeting these requirements shall be refused.

2. Tenders for supply to the International Committee of the Red Cross of the milled long grain rice referred to in Article 1 must relate to a product with the following characteristics:

- moisture: 15 %,
- broken rice: 5 % maximum,
- chalky grains: 5 % maximum,
- grains striated with red: 3 % maximum,
- spotted grains: 1.5 % maximum,
- stained grains: 1 % maximum,
- yellow grains: 0.050 % maximum,
- amber grains: 0.20 % maximum.

Article 7

1. The Italian intervention agency shall be responsible for the operations relating to the invitation to tender provided for by this Regulation.
2. It shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the list of firms which have responded to the invitation to tender, specifying the terms of each tender, together with the name and business name of the successful tenderer.
3. Where the customs export formalities for the mobilized product are completed in a Member State other than that in which the invitation to tender is issued, the intervention agency of the latter Member State shall be responsible for the operations following tendering, including payment to the successful tenderer.

In such case, the intervention agency choosing the successful tenderer shall immediately inform the intervention agency of the Member State concerned and shall supply it with all the information which it may require.

Furthermore, the amount of the successful tender shall be paid after it has been converted using the average of the spot rates referred to in Article 3 (2) to the tenderer in the currency of the Member State in

which the operations relating to the tendering are completed.

4. The intervention agency shall ask that the tenderer specifies the following information :

- (a) after each shipment, a statement giving details of the quantities loaded, the quality of the products and their packaging ;
- (b) the date of the departure of the ships ; the expected date of arrival of the products at their destination ;
- (c) all possible contingencies which might occur during transportation of the products.

The intervention agency shall transmit the information provided to the Commission as soon as it is received.

5. Where the intervention agency responsible for the operation relating to tendering is not the interven-

tion agency which appoints the successful tenderer, it shall send as soon as possible to the latter the information necessary for releasing the security.

Article 8

As regards this tender, the intervention agency is authorized to make an initial payment of 80 % of the value of the quantity given in the bill of lading, on presentation of that document and subject to the taking of a security, for an amount equal to the initial payment.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 November 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2492/79

of 12 November 1979

amending for the fourth time Regulation (EEC) No 557/79 laying down detailed rules for the application of the system of consumption aid for olive oil

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 11 (5) thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 557/79⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1980/79⁽⁴⁾, laid down certain conditions for the approval of olive oil packaging plants; whereas, in view of experience gained, these conditions should be relaxed, while at the same time ensuring that the undertakings approved carry out their activity in a proper manner; whereas, with a view to ensuring fairness, it is necessary to apply new conditions to undertakings which have carried out their activities during the 1978/79 marketing year;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 557/79, any import of olive oil is subject to the lodging of a security, with the exclusion of edible virgin olive oil and refined oil in small packages;

Whereas in certain Member States a pattern of trade in lampante olive oil put up in small packages and intended for direct consumption has been found; whereas the existing rules do not provide for the release of the security in respect of this oil; whereas it is advisable to provide for the release of the said security where it is proved that the oil in question has been released for consumption in the natural state; whereas the production of such proof permits the release of the total amount of the security lodged; whereas it is necessary to provide special arrangements for the release of the security for oils imported in April and May 1979;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 557/79 is amended as follows :

1. Article 2 shall be replaced by the following text :

‘For the purposes of approval, a plant must undertake :

- (a) except in cases of *force majeure*, to carry on packaging operations for at least 150 days in every marketing year;
- (b) to package during the period referred to under (a) a total quantity of at least 60 tonnes of olive oil.

As regards plants which commence operations during a marketing year, the minimum figures under (a) and (b) shall be fixed according to the number of months remaining until the end of the marketing year in question.’

2. In Article 13 (4), the following sentence shall be added to the first subparagraph :

‘However, with regard to the oil referred to in Article 14 (1) (d) which is released on the market between 1 April and 31 May 1979, except in cases of *force majeure*, the security shall be released on presentation of the original copy of the above-mentioned certificate before 1 December 1979.’

3. In Article 13 (4), the following subparagraph shall be inserted before the last subparagraph :

‘However, with regard to the oil referred to in Article 14 (1) (d), the total amount of the security lodged shall be released.’

4. The following subparagraph shall be added to Article 14 (1) :

‘or

- (d) it has been demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Member State concerned, that the oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I b) of the Common Customs Tariff and imported in immediate packages of not more than five litres, has been released without further treatment for consumption on the market of the said Member State.’

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 73, 24. 3. 1979, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 228, 8. 9. 1979, p. 39.

5. In Article 14 (3), '(a) and (c)' shall be replaced by 'a', 'c' and 'd'.

Article 2

6. In the part of the Annex 'Declaration by the issuing body', '(packaged/exported/used in preserved products)' shall be replaced by '(packaged/exported/used in preserved products/released on the market for consumption without further treatment)'.

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 April 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 November 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2493/79

of 12 November 1979

amending Regulation (EEC) No 3134/78 laying down detailed rules for the application of the system of production aid for olive oil for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5 (5) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3134/78⁽³⁾ laid down detailed rules for the application of the system of production aid for olive oil for the 1978/79 marketing year; whereas, in view of the experience gained, that Regulation should, subject to the necessary adaptations, be extended;

Whereas, in the interests of good administration, provision should be made for informing the Member States at the end of each marketing year of the number of olive growers whose production is still to be verified by the producer organizations;

Whereas, under Article 5a of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2753/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules in respect of production aid for olive oil for the 1978/79 marketing year⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 982/79⁽⁵⁾, the organizations can require any supporting documents necessary to establish the amount of their members' production; whereas the nature of such supporting documents should be defined in order to facilitate uniform application of this system;

Whereas, in order to ensure that the aid system is correctly applied, organizations who have established the amount of the production of some of their members by applying the second paragraph of Article 5a of Regulation (EEC) No 2753/78 should inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas, in order to improve the implementation of the aid system, the organizations should intensify checks on their members;

Whereas, if a mill does not comply with the obligations concerning the maintenance and checking of its stock record, provision should be made for not taking

account of the data from such stock record for the purposes of fixing the quantity qualifying for aid;

Whereas, in order to ensure that mills collaborate more closely with the running of the aid system, provision should be made for participation by their professional associations in the checks carried out by producer organizations on those mills' premises;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 3134/78 is hereby amended as follows:

1. In the title and in Article 1 (3), the expression 'for the 1978/79 marketing year' shall be replaced by 'for the 1978/79 and 1979/80 marketing years'.
2. In Article 1 (1), the date '30 June 1979' shall be replaced by '30 June each year'.
3. In Article 2, the following paragraph 3 shall be added:

'3. For the purposes of submitting the aid applications, all olive growers who have completed their oil production shall, without delay, communicate to the organization of which they are members:

 - the date on which production was completed,
 - the quantity of oil obtained.'
4. The following Article shall be inserted:

'Article 2a

Where the checks referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2753/78 are not completed for all members at the end of a given marketing year, the producer organization shall, not later than 15 November, inform the Member State concerned of the number of members whose production has not yet been checked. However, for the 1978/79 marketing year, this information shall be supplied not later than 31 December 1979.'

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 66.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 10.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 122, 18. 5. 1979, p. 31.

5. The following Article shall be inserted :

'Article 3a

1. The supporting documents to be supplied pursuant to Article 5a of Regulation (EEC) No 2753/78 shall include :

- (a) documents concerning special cultivation operations carried out on the olive grove ;
- (b) proof of the labour force employed in the olive grove or of use of mechanical or other means for the olive harvest ;
- (c) purchase invoice for fertilizer and pest control products employed, or proof that such operations have been carried out.

2. Producer organizations shall communicate to the Member State concerned the names of the members for whom the quantity of olive oil covered by the aid application has been determined in accordance with the second paragraph of Article 5a of Regulation (EEC) No 2753/78.'

6. In Article 4, the figure '10 %' shall be replaced by '15 %'.

7. Article 5 shall be replaced by the following text :

'Article 5

1. The check referred to in Article 4 shall be carried out during the milling period. For the purposes of the check referred to in Article 4, producer organizations shall have access to the stock records of the mills concerned.

2. If the mills are members of a professional association, representatives of such association shall, at their request, take part in the checks carried out by the producer organizations.

3. Where producer organizations :

- do not have access to mills' stock records, or
- find that stock records have not been kept regularly,

they shall inform the Member State concerned without delay.'

8. The following subparagraph shall be added to Article 7 (3) :

'In such cases, the Member State concerned shall, without prejudice to any other penalties applicable, not take account of the stock records of the mills

concerned for the following olive growing year, for olive growers belonging to a producer organization.'

9. The following paragraph 4 shall be added to Article 7 :

'4. Where a mill does not allow the producer organizations access to its stock records, the Member State concerned shall, without prejudice to other penalties applicable, not take into account for the following marketing year the data given in that stock record for the purposes of determining the quantity qualifying for aid for olive growers belonging to organizations which have their olive output milled in the mill in question.'

10. Article 8 shall be replaced by the following text :

'Article 8

1. Producer Member States shall take all necessary steps to ensure that each olive grower submits only one aid application for production obtained in a given administrative area.

2. Producer Member States shall verify the checking procedures followed by the producer organizations in order to comply with the obligations arising under Articles 4 and 5.'

11. The following paragraph shall be added to Article 10 :

'For each producer region, such data shall include :

- (a) the geographical extent of the zone ;
- (b) an estimate of the olive growing area ;
- (c) an estimate of the average number of olive trees per hectare under specialized cultivation ;
- (d) the average quantity of olives produced per tree ;
- (e) the average quantity of oil produced per 100 kilograms of olives.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 November 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 November 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 October 1979

refusing to accept the scientific character of the apparatus described as 'Isotopes Radi Guard, model 9100 TLD, automatic reader'

(79/924/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 of 2 December 1975 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 4 and 5 thereof,

Whereas, by letter dated 13 April 1979, the Government of Belgium requested the Commission to invoke the procedure laid down in Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to determine whether or not the apparatus described as 'Isotopes Radi Guard, model 9100 TLD, automatic reader', intended to be used for automatic measurement of the atomic radiations of the 'Radi-Guard multi-area teflon dosimeter', should be considered as a scientific apparatus and, where the reply is in the affirmative, whether apparatus of equivalent scientific value is currently being manufactured in the Community;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 20 September 1979 within the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine this particular case;

Whereas this examination showed that the apparatus in question is an automatic measuring apparatus; whereas it is mainly used in the commercial field; whereas it does not have the requisite objective characteristics making it specifically suited to pure scientific research;

Whereas its use in the case in question could not alone confer upon it the character of a scientific apparatus; whereas it therefore cannot be regarded as a scientific apparatus,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The apparatus described as 'Isotopes Radi Guard, model 9100 TLD, automatic reader' is not considered to be a scientific apparatus.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 October 1979

on the reimbursement by the Guidance Section of the EAGGF to the Federal Republic of Germany of expenditure incurred during 1977 on annuities relating to measures to encourage the cessation of farming and the reallocation of utilized agricultural area for the purpose of structural improvement

(Only the German text is authentic)

(79/925/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 72/160/EEC of 17 April 1972 concerning measures to encourage the cessation of farming and the reallocation of utilized agricultural area for the purposes of structural improvement ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 73/358/EEC ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12 (2) thereof,

Whereas the measures taken by the Federal Republic of Germany to implement Directive 72/160/EEC were the subject of a favourable Commission Decision pursuant to Article 9 of the said Directive;

Whereas the Federal Republic of Germany has submitted an application for reimbursement of expenditure incurred on annuities granted during 1977 to encourage the cessation of farming and the reallocation of utilized agricultural area for the purposes of structural improvement; whereas such application is complete and has been submitted in due form and in accordance with the provisions of Commission Decision 74/581/EEC of 16 October 1974 concerning applications for reimbursement in respect of aid granted by the Member States pursuant to Directives 72/159/EEC, 72/160/EEC and 72/161/EEC ⁽³⁾, and payments on account which can be authorized;

Whereas an examination of the figures provided shows that eligible expenditure of DM 2 293 252.24 has been incurred in accordance with Directive 72/160/EEC; whereas the Guidance Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund should therefore reimburse 25 % thereof, i.e. DM 573 313.06;

Whereas a payment on account of DM 428 136.50 has been paid pursuant to Article 12 (3) of Directive 72/160/EEC and of Article 4 (1) of Decision 74/581/EEC; whereas the balance of DM 145 176.56 should therefore be paid to the Member State;

Whereas the EAGGF Committee has been consulted on the financial aspects and in particular as to the funds available,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The final contribution by the Guidance Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund towards the expenditure incurred by the Federal Republic of Germany during 1977 in respect of annuities to encourage the cessation of farming and the reallocation of utilized agricultural area for the purposes of structural improvement shall be DM 573 313.06.

The balance of the contribution i.e. DM 145 176.56 shall be paid to the Federal Republic of Germany.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Federal Republic of Germany.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 96, 23. 4. 1972, p. 9.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 326, 27. 11. 1973, p. 17.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 320, 29. 11. 1974, p. 1.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 October 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to certain setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles, falling within subheadings 69.07 ex A and B ex II and 69.08 ex A and B ex II of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in South Korea and Thailand and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/926/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 12 October 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to certain setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles, falling within subheadings 69.07 ex A and B ex II and 69.08 ex A and B ex II of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in South Korea and Thailand and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas in France the importation of the products in question originating in South Korea and Thailand is subject to a quantitative restriction;

Whereas the disparities which exist in the commercial policy measures applied in connection with these products by the Member States are causing deflection of trade, thereby preventing the execution of those commercial policy measures which are in force because of the difficult economic situation in the sector concerned;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment and a progressive decline in its market share;

Whereas these economic difficulties are caused largely by unequal conditions of competition, which allow exports to be made at prices appreciably lower than those of the Community products in question;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for licences which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in South Korea and Thailand and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 9 October 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
69.07 ex A B ex II	Unglazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles : — Tiles and cubes for mosaics, of earthenware or fine pottery, the longest side of which does not exceed 5 cm — Of earthenware or fine pottery, other than those with a side longer than 40 cm
69.08 ex A B ex II	Glazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles : — Tiles and cubes for mosaics, other than of common pottery, the longest side of which does not exceed 5 cm — Other, of ceramic materials other than common pottery

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in France for the importation of these products from South Korea and Thailand or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 October 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, impregnated or coated with artificial plastic materials, falling within heading No 60.02 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE code 60.02-40) (category 10), originating in Taiwan and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/927/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 12 October 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, impregnated or coated with artificial plastic materials, falling within heading No 60.02 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE code 60.02-40) (category 10), originating in Taiwan and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Taiwan is subject to a Community quantitative quota allocated among the Member States by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3020/77 of 30 December 1977⁽¹⁾, confirmed by Council Regulation (EEC) No 255/78 of 7 February 1978⁽²⁾;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the condi-

tions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Taiwan and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 9 October 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
60.02 (NIMEXE code 60.02-40) (category 10)	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, impregnated or coated with artificial plastic materials

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in France for the importation of these products from Taiwan or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 357, 31. 12. 1977, p. 51.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 39, 9. 2. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 October 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics, falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 55.09-01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 92, 93, 97) (category 2), originating in South Korea and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/928/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 12 October 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics, falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 55.09-01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 92, 93, 97) (category 2), originating in South Korea and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in South Korea is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement South Korea has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore dispar-

ities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in South Korea and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 9 October 1979:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

CCT heading No	Description
55.09 (NIMEXE codes 55.09-01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 92, 93, 97) (category 2)	Woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics.

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in France for the importation of these products from South Korea or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 October 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheading 61.03 A of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.03-11, 15, 19) (category 8), originating in Pakistan and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/929/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 12 October 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheading 61.03 A of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.03-11, 15, 19) (category 8), originating in Pakistan and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Pakistan is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement Pakistan has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties and to call into question the objectives sought by the commercial measures concerned;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Pakistan and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 2 October 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
61.03 A (NIMEXE codes 61.03-11, 15, 19) (category 8)	Men's and boys' shirts, woven of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in France for the importation of these products from Pakistan or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 October 1979

authorizing the Federal Republic of Germany not to apply Community treatment to woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres (discontinuous or waste), other than narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics (including terry fabrics) and chenille fabrics, falling within subheading 56.07 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 56.07-37, 42, 44, 48, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 62, 63, 64, 66, 72, 73, 74, 77, 78, 82, 83, 84, 87) (category 37), originating in South Korea and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the German text is authentic)

(79/930/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 11 October 1979 by the German Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres (discontinuous or waste), other than narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics (including terry fabrics) and chenille fabrics, falling within subheading 56.07 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 56.07-37, 42, 44, 48, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 62, 63, 64, 66, 72, 73, 74, 77, 78, 82, 83, 84, 87) (category 37), originating in South Korea and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in South Korea is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement South Korea has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties and to call into question the objectives sought by the commercial measures concerned;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Federal Republic of Germany is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in South Korea and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 8 October 1979:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

CCT heading No	Description
56.07 B (NIMEXE codes 56.07-37, 42, 44, 48, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 62, 63, 64, 66, 72, 73, 74, 77, 78, 82, 83, 84, 87) (category 37)	Woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres (discontinuous or waste) other than narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics (including terry fabrics) and chenille fabrics

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in the Federal Republic of Germany for the importation of these products from South Korea or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Federal Republic of Germany.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 October 1979

authorizing the Federal Republic of Germany not to apply Community treatment to woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics, falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 55.09-01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 92, 93, 97) (category 2), originating in South Korea and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the German text is authentic)

(79/931/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 11 October 1979 by the German Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics, falling within heading No 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 55.09-01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 92, 93, 97) (category 2), originating in South Korea and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in South Korea is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement South Korea has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the

various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties and to call into question the objectives sought by the commercial measures concerned;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Federal Republic of Germany is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in South Korea and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 8 October 1979:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

CCT heading No	Description
55.09 (NIMEXE codes 55.09-01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 92, 93, 97) (category 2)	Woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in Germany for the importation of these products from South Korea or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Federal Republic of Germany.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 October 1979

authorizing Ireland not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' woven under garments other than shirts, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within heading No ex 61.03 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.03-51, 55, 59, 81, 85, 89) (category 18), originating in Hong Kong and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the English text is authentic)

(79/932/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 8 October 1979 by the Irish Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' woven under garments other than shirts, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within heading No ex 61.03 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.03-51, 55, 59, 81, 85, 89) (category 18), originating in Hong Kong and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Hong Kong is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement Hong Kong has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the

first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

Ireland is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below where they originate in Hong Kong and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 5 October 1979 :

CCT heading No	Description
ex 61.03 (NIMEXE codes 61.03-51, 55, 59, 81, 85, 89) (category 18)	Men's and boys' woven under garments other than shirts, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in Ireland for the importation of these products from Hong Kong or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to Ireland.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION**of 22 October 1979****on the issue of import licences in respect of beef and veal products originating in Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar and Swaziland**

(79/933/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3328/75 of 18 December 1975 renewing the arrangements for the reduction of import charges on beef and veal products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2993/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3006/78 of 20 December 1978 laying down detailed rules for the application of Regulation (EEC) No 3328/75⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3328/75 provides for the possibility of issuing import licences for beef and veal products; whereas, however, imports must take place within the limits of the quantities specified for each of these exporting non-member countries;

Whereas the applications for import licences submitted between 1 and 10 October 1979, expressed in terms of boned meat, in accordance with Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3006/78, do not exceed, in respect of products originating in Botswana, Kenya and Madagascar, the quantities available from these States; whereas it is therefore possible to issue import licences in respect of the quantities requested and to fix the remaining quantities in respect of which it will be possible to apply for licences from 1 November 1979,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The following Member States shall issue on 22 October 1979 import licences concerning beef and

veal products, expressed in terms of boned meat, originating in certain African, Caribbean and Pacific States, in respect of the quantities and the countries of origin stated:

1. United Kingdom :
1.4 tonnes originating in Botswana;
2. Federal Republic of Germany :
318.2 tonnes originating in Madagascar.

Article 2

Applications for licences may be submitted, in accordance with Article 2 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 3006/78, during the first 10 days of November 1979, in respect of the following quantities of boned beef and veal:

Botswana :	5 041.4 tonnes,
Kenya :	130.0 tonnes,
Madagascar :	3 937.0 tonnes.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 October 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 23. 12. 1975, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 357, 21. 12. 1978, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 357, 21. 12. 1978, p. 44.

EURONORMS

The Commission of the European Communities (ECSC) has published the following new EURONORMS in German, English, French, Italian and Dutch. The EURONORMS which are available up to the present in English are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Sales prices valid from 1 July 1976.

			<i>Price in £</i>
(*)	EURONORM 21-78	General technical delivery requirements for steel and iron and steel products — second edition	1.80
(*)	EURONORM 56-77	Hot-rolled equal angles (with radiused root and toes) — second edition	0.60
(*)	EURONORM 57-78	Hot-rolled unequal angles (with radiused root and toes) — second edition	0.80
(*)	EURONORM 58-78	Hot-rolled flats for general purposes — second edition	0.80
(*)	EURONORM 59-78	Hot-rolled square bars for general purposes — second edition	0.80
(*)	EURONORM 60-77	Hot-rolled round bars for general purposes — second edition	0.60
(*)	EURONORM 67-78	Hot-rolled bulb flats — second edition	0.80
(*)	EURONORM 75-78	Chemical analysis of ferrous materials — Determination of the molybdenum in steels and cast irons — Photometric method —	0.80
(*)	EURONORM 124-77	Verification of Vickers hardness-testing machines	0.80
(*)	EURONORM 125-77	Verification of Brinell hardness-testing machines	0.60
(*)	EURONORM 126-77	Semi-processed steel strip for the construction of magnetic circuits	1.60
(*)	EURONORM 127-77	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Vickers hardness-testing machines	0.80
(*)	EURONORM 128-77	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Brinell hardness-testing machines	0.80
(*)	EURONORM 134-78	Chemical analysis of ferrous materials — Determination of aluminium in non-alloy steels — Method by atomic absorption spectrophotometry —	0.80
(*)	EURONORM 145-78	Tinplate and blackplate in sheet form — Qualities, dimensions and tolerances —	2.65

The following is a list of all the EURONORMS so far published:

(*)	Information circular No 1	Standard samples for the chemical analysis of iron and steel products, second edition (1974)	1.85
	EURONORM 1-55	Fontes et ferro-alliages	1.35
	EURONORM 2-57	Essai de traction pour l'acier	0.85
	EURONORM 3-55	Essai de dureté Brinell pour l'acier	0.60
	EURONORM 4-55	Essai de dureté Rockwell, échelles B et C pour l'acier	0.60
	EURONORM 5-55	Essai de dureté Vickers pour l'acier	0.60
	EURONORM 6-55	Essai de pliage pour l'acier	0.60
	EURONORM 7-55	Essai de résilience Charpy pour l'acier	0.60
	EURONORM 8-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives de la durée et de la résistance à la traction de l'acier	0.60
	EURONORM 9-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des allongements après rupture de l'acier	0.60
	EURONORM 11-55	Essai de traction sur tôles et feuillards en acier d'une épaisseur de 0,5 mm inclus à 3 mm exclus	0.75
	EURONORM 12-55	Essai de pliage des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
	EURONORM 13-55	Essai de pliage alterné des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
	EURONORM 14-67	Essai d'emboutissage à flans bloqués	0.60
	EURONORM 15-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Examen de la surface	0.60
	EURONORM 16-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Nuances et qualités	0.75
	EURONORM 17-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Dimensions et tolérances	1.60
	EURONORM 18-57	Prélèvements et préparation des échantillons et des éprouvettes	0.60
	EURONORM 19-57	Poutrelles IPE — Poutrelles à ailes parallèles	0.60
(*)	EURONORM 20-74	Definition and classification of grades of steel, second edition	1.20
	EURONORM 21-62	Conditions générales techniques de livraison pour les produits en acier	0.60
	EURONORM 22-70	Détermination ou vérification de la limite d'élasticité de l'acier à température élevée	0.75
	EURONORM 23-71	Essai de trempabilité par trempe en bout de l'acier — Essai Jominy	1.35
	EURONORM 24-62	Poutrelles normales et profilés en U normaux — Tolérances de laminage	0.60
	EURONORM 25-72	Aciers de construction d'usage général	1.85
(*)	EURONORM 27-74	Designation of steels, third edition	1.80
	EURONORM 28-69	Tôles et bandes en aciers non alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1.20
	EURONORM 29-69	Tôles en acier laminées à chaud d'épaisseur égale ou supérieure à 3 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.85
	EURONORM 30-69	Demi-produits pour forges en aciers de construction d'usage général — Nuances et qualités	1.00
	EURONORM 31-69	Demi-produits pour forges — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.60

EURONORM 33-70	Tôles et larges bandes d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm, en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Tolérances sur les dimensions et sur la forme	0-75
EURONORM 34-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 36-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM 37-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gazométrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
EURONORM 38-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone de trempe et du graphite dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique et volumétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM 40-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
EURONORM 41-65	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du phosphore dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode alcalimétrique	0-60
EURONORM 42-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du soufre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM 43-72	Tôles et bandes en aciers alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1-10
EURONORM 44-63	Poutrelles IPE laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 45-63	Essai de choc sur éprouvette bi-appuyée à entaille en V	0-60
EURONORM 46-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers doux non alliés — Norme de qualité, prescriptions générales	1-10
EURONORM 48-65	Feuillards laminés à chaud en aciers non alliés — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM 49-72	Mesure de la rugosité des produits minces en acier laminés à froid et non revêtus	0-60
EURONORM 50-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'azote dans les aciers — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-85
EURONORM 51-70	Bandes laminées à chaud de largeur égale ou supérieure à 600 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM 52-67	Vocabulaire du traitement thermique	8-15
EURONORM 53-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles	0-60
EURONORM 54-63	Petits fers U laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 55-63	Fers T à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 56-65	Cornières à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 57-65	Cornières à ailes inégales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 58-64	Plats laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM 59-64	Carrés laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM 60-65	Ronds laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM 61-71	Hexagones laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 65-67	Barres rondes laminées à chaud pour vis et rivets	0-60
EURONORM 66-67	Demi-ronds et demi-ronds aplatis, laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 67-69	Plats à boudins laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 70-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 71-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode électrométrique	0-60
EURONORM 72-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'aluminium dans les aciers — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
EURONORM 74-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du cuivre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 76-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-60
EURONORM 77-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Normes de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 78-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Tolérances sur dimensions	0-60
EURONORM 79-69	Définitions et classification des produits sidérurgiques par formes et dimensions	0-85
EURONORM 80-69	Aciers pour armatures passives du béton — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10
EURONORM 81-69	Ronds à béton lisses laminés à chaud — Dimension, poids, tolérances	0-60
EURONORM 83-70	Aciers pour trempe et revenu — Prescriptions de qualité	2-70
EURONORM 84-70	Aciers de cémentation — Prescriptions de qualité	2-20
EURONORM 85-70	Aciers de nitruration — Prescriptions de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 86-70	Aciers pour trempe par induction et au chalumeau — Prescriptions de qualité	1-70
EURONORM 87-70	Aciers de décolletage — Prescriptions de qualité (fascicules 1 à 4)	2-20
EURONORM 88-71	Aciers inoxydables — Prescriptions de qualité	1-85
EURONORM 89-71	Aciers alliés pour ressorts formés à chaud et traités — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10

EURONORM 90-71	Aciers pour soupapes d'échappement de moteurs à combustion interne — Prescriptions de qualité	0.85
EURONORM 91-70	Large plates laminées à chaud — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids . .	0.60
(*) EURONORM 92-75	Hot-rolled flats for spring leaves	0.60
EURONORM 93-71	Barres rondes, carrées, plates et hexagonales laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0.60
EURONORM 94-73	Aciers pour roulements — Prescriptions de qualité	0.60
EURONORM 98-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans le ferro-manganèse — Méthode électrométrique	0.60
EURONORM 100-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du chrome dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0.60
EURONORM 103-71	Détermination micrographique de la grosseur du grain ferritique ou austénitique des aciers	3.15
EURONORM 104-70	Détermination de la profondeur de décarburation des aciers de construction non alliés et faiblement alliés	0.60
EURONORM 105-71	Détermination et vérification de la profondeur conventionnelle de cémentation	0.60
EURONORM 106-71	Bandes et tôles magnétiques à grains non orientés, laminées à froid et à chaud	1.70
(*) EURONORM 107-75	Grain oriented magnetic sheet and strip	2.20
EURONORM 108-72	Fil machine rond en acier pour articles de boulonnerie formés à froid — Dimensions et tolérances	0.60
EURONORM 109-72	Essais conventionnels de dureté Rockwell — Échelles Rockwell HRN et HRT — Échelles Rockwell HRB' et HR 30 T' pour produits minces	1.10
(*) EURONORM 111-77	Continuously hot-rolled non-coated mild unalloyed steel sheet and strip for cold-forming — Quality standard	0.80
EURONORM 113-72	Aciers de construction soudables de qualité spéciale — Fascicules 1 à 3	2.20
EURONORM 114-72	Détermination de la résistance à la corrosion intergranulaire des aciers inoxydables austénitiques — Essai de corrosion en milieu acide sulfurique-sulfate cuivrique (essai dit de Monypenny-Strauß)	0.60
EURONORM 116-72	Détermination de la profondeur conventionnelle de trempe après chauffage superficiel .	0.60
(*) EURONORM 117-75	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1.70
(*) EURONORM 118-75	Methods for determining the magnetic properties of magnetic steel sheet with the 25 cm Epstein square	1.70
EURONORM 119-74	Aciers pour frappe à froid et extrusion à froid — Prescriptions de qualité — fascicule 1 à fascicule 5	4.40
EURONORM 120-72	Tôles et bandes pour bouteilles à gaz soudées en acier	0.60
EURONORM 121-72	Détermination de la résistance à l'attaque intergranulaire des aciers inoxydables austénitiques — Essai de corrosion en milieu nitrique par mesure de perte de masse (Essai dit de Huey)	0.60
(*) EURONORM 122-75	Verification of Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1.70
(*) EURONORM 123-75	High temperature tests — Creep test for steel	1.10
(*) EURONORM 129-76	Nickel alloy steel plate and strip for application at low temperature — Quality requirements	1.70
(*) EURONORM 130-77	Cold-rolled non-coated mild unalloyed steel flat products for cold forming — Quality standard	0.60
(*) EURONORM 131-77	Cold-rolled non-coated mild unalloyed steel flat products for cold forming — Tolerances on dimensions and shape	0.60

These publications can be obtained from the national standards institutions, viz.

in the Federal Republic of Germany:

Beuth Verlag GmbH
Burggrafenstraße 4-10, 1 Berlin 30

in Belgium and Luxembourg:

Institut belge de normalisation — IBN —
avenue de la Brabançonne 29, 1040 Bruxelles

in Denmark:

Dansk Standardiseringsråd,
Aurehøjvej 12, DK 2 900 — Hellerup

in France:

Association française de normalisation — AFNOR —
Tour Europe, Cedex 7, 92 080 Paris

in Ireland:

Institute for Industrial Research and Standards,
Ballymun Road, Dublin 9

in Italy:

Ente nazionale italiano di unificazione — UNI —
Piazza A. Diaz, 2, Milan

in the Netherlands:

Nederlands, Normalisatie-Instituut — NNI —
Polakweg 5, Rijswijk (ZH)

in the United Kingdom:

British Standards Institution (BSI),
2 Park Street, London W1A 2 BS

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