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Legislation

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II Acts whose publication is not obligatory

Commission

79/593/EEC :

- ★ Commission Decision of 29 May 1979 authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' outer garments ; blouses and shirt blouses, knitted or crocheted (not elastic or rubberized), or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheadings ex 60.05 A II and ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 60.05-22, 23, 24, 25 ; 61.02-78, 82, 84) (category 7), originating in Yugoslavia and in free circulation in the other Member States 29

79/594/EEC :

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79/595/EEC :

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79/597/EEC :

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79/598/EEC :

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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1396/79**of 5 July 1979****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2724/78⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979⁽⁴⁾ laid down the coefficient for
expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU ;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2724/78 to today's
offer prices and quotations known to the Commission
that the levies at present in force should be altered to
the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 July 1979 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	77.61
10.01 B	Durum wheat	121.93 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	79.87 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	74.09
10.04	Oats	86.82
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	76.44 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	4.06
10.07 B	Millet	59.01 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	77.31 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	123.43
11.01 B	Rye flour	126.59
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	202.54
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	131.16

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments the levy is reduced by 7.25 ECU/tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1397/79

of 5 July 1979

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15(6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2725/78⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979⁽⁴⁾ laid down the coefficient for
expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU ;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation
(EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies
fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall
be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 329, 24. 11. 1978, p. 4.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 July 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10	4th period 11
11.07 A I(a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I(b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II(a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II(b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1398/79**of 5 July 1979****fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2749/78 of 23 November 1978 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁸⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2766/78⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽¹⁰⁾,

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978⁽¹¹⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹²⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world or Greek markets and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 2 and 3 July 1979 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽¹³⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1978, p. 13.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 332, 29. 11. 1977, p. 26.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	6.00 ⁽¹⁾	36.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	3.00 ⁽¹⁾	31.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	12.00 ⁽¹⁾	41.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	5.00	38.00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	20.00	68.00 ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

(a) Greece, Spain and Lebanon : 0.60 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) Turkey : 22.36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;

(c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia : 24.78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.86 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7.25 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5.80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	0.66	6.82
07.03 A II	0.66	6.82
15.17 B I a)	1.50	15.50
15.17 B I b)	2.40	24.80
23.04 A II	0.96	3.28

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1399/79

of 5 July 1979

fixing the export refunds on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports, and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on these products is being calculated;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in products

processed from cereals and rice that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on malt listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 July 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 July 1979 fixing the export refunds on malt

<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>	
CCT heading No	Refund
11.07 A I b)	53.20
11.07 A II b)	67.34
11.07 B	78.47

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1400/79
of 5 July 1979
fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC
of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a
common organization of the market in oils and
fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
590/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC
provides that a subsidy should be granted in respect of
oil seeds harvested and processed within the Commu-
nity when the target price for a species of seed is
higher than the price on the world market; whereas
these provisions at present apply only in respect of
colza, rape and sunflower seeds;

Whereas the subsidy on oil seeds should, theoretically,
be equal to the difference between those two prices;

Whereas the target price and the monthly increases in
the target price for oil seeds for the 1979/80
marketing year were fixed by Regulations (EEC) No
1294/79⁽³⁾ and (EEC) No 1295/79⁽⁴⁾; whereas Article
29 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC provides that the
world market price, calculated for a Community fron-
tier crossing point, is to be determined on the basis of
the most favourable purchasing opportunities, quota-
tions being adjusted where necessary to take account
of quotations for competing products;

Whereas Article 4 of Council Regulation No 115/
67/EEC of 6 June 1967 laying down criteria for deter-

mining world market prices for oil seeds and fixing
the frontier crossing point⁽⁵⁾ fixed the said crossing
point at Rotterdam; whereas Article 1 of that Regula-
tion provides that when the world market price is
being determined account should be taken of all
offers on the world market known to the Commission
and of quotations on those exchanges which are signif-
icant for international trade; whereas Article 2 of
Commission Regulation No 225/67/EEC of 28 June
1967 on detailed rules for determining the world
market price for oil seeds⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 1393/79⁽⁷⁾, provides that offers and
quotations which do not relate to shipments to be
effected within 30 days following the date on which
the world market price is determined should be disre-
garded; whereas offers and quotations which the
Commission believes, in view of general price move-
ments or information available to it, not to be repre-
sentative of the real trend of the market must also be
disregarded; whereas offers and quotations relating to
quantities of less than 500 tonnes and offers relating
to seed of a quality other than that normally accep-
table on the world market must also be disregarded;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC
provides that of the offers and quotations taken into
consideration, those for delivery c and f should be
increased by 0.2 %; whereas offers and quotations for
delivery fas, fob or otherwise should be increased, as
appropriate, by loading, transport and insurance costs
from the point of shipment or loading to the frontier
crossing point; whereas cif offers and quotations for
frontier crossing points other than Rotterdam should
be adjusted to allow for the difference in transport and
insurance costs as compared with a product delivered
cif Rotterdam; whereas the Commission should take
account only of the loading, transport and insurance
costs which to its knowledge are the lowest; whereas,
finally, offers and quotations for delivery cif
Rotterdam should be increased by 0.20 unit of
account;

Whereas Article 5 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC
provides that the world market price should be deter-
mined for seed of the standard quality for which the
target price has been fixed, delivered in bulk;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 14.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 111, 10. 6. 1967, p. 2196/67.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No 136, 30. 6. 1967, p. 2919/67.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 167, 5. 7. 1979, p. 21.

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC provides that offers and quotations relating to products presented otherwise than in bulk should be adjusted by deducting the additional value resulting from that presentation; whereas offers and quotations relating to a quality other than the standard quality for which the target price was fixed should be adjusted on the basis of the coefficients of equivalence shown in the Annex to that Regulation; whereas, in the case of offers on the world market for qualities of colza and rape seed other than those listed in that Annex, coefficients of equivalence derived from those listed in that Annex may, pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC, be applied; whereas, when derived coefficients are being calculated, account must be taken of the differences between prices for the qualities of seed in question and prices for the qualities listed in that Annex, and of the characteristics of these various seeds;

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, where no offer or quotation can be used as a basis for determining the world market price, that price should be determined on the basis of the value of the average quantities of oil and oil cake resulting from the processing of 100 kilograms of seed within the Community less an amount corresponding to the cost of processing these seeds into oil and oil cake; whereas the quantities and costs to be taken into consideration for the purposes of the calculation are fixed in Article 5 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC; whereas the value of those quantities should be determined in accordance with Article 6 of that Regulation;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, where no offer or quotation can be used as a basis for determining the world market price and where it is, moreover, impossible to establish the value of the oil or oil cake processed from such seed, the world market price should be determined on the basis of the most recent known value for oil or oil cake, adjusted to take account of the trend of world prices for competing products by applying to that value the rules set out in Article 2 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC; whereas Article 7 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC defines competing products as those oils or oil cakes, as the case may be, which appear to have been offered in the largest quantities on the world market during the period under consideration;

Whereas Article 6 (1) of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, when the world market price of a type of seed is being determined, the price used should be adjusted by an amount not exceeding the margin between:

- the difference between the price of 100 kilograms of colza, rape or sunflower seeds, plus processing costs, and the total of the prices of the quantities of oil and oil cake resulting from the processing of the type of seed in question, and
- the difference between the price of 100 kilograms of one or more other seeds, plus processing costs, and the total of the prices of the quantities of oil and oil cake resulting from the processing of these seeds;

Whereas the factors to be taken into consideration for the purpose of determining that margin are defined in Article 8 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC; whereas no adjustment should be made where the margin is found to be less than 0.50 unit of account; whereas Article 6 (2) of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, when the amount of the adjustment is being determined, account should be taken of the incidence of the margin in question on marketing operations of Community traders and on the disposal of the various types of seed on the world market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2114/71 of 28 September 1971 on the subsidy for oil seeds⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 851/78⁽²⁾, laid down rules for granting the subsidy on oil seeds; whereas, under that Regulation, where the subsidy to be granted is fixed in advance, the amount of such subsidy must be equal to the amount applicable on the day on which the application for advance fixing was lodged, adjusted by the difference between the target price valid on that day and the target price valid on the day on which the seeds are placed under control at an oil mill and, where appropriate, a corrective amount; whereas Article 36 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 of 7 June 1972 laying down detailed rules for the application of the subsidy system for oil seeds⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2980/78⁽⁴⁾, provides that such adjustment should involve increasing or reducing the amount of subsidy applicable on the day on which the application was lodged by the difference between the target price valid during the month during which the seeds were placed under control at an oil mill and the target price valid on the day on which the application was lodged;

Whereas Article 38 of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 provides that the corrective amount must be equal to the difference between the world market price for colza, rape and sunflower seeds and the forward price for those seeds valid for a shipment effected during the month in which the seeds were placed under control at an oil mill, those prices being determined in accordance with Articles 1, 4 and 5 of Regulation

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 222, 2. 10. 1971, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 4.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 133, 10. 6. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 355, 19. 12. 1978, p. 17.

115/67/EEC ; whereas, if no offer and no price can be used for such determination, the method of calculation provided for in Article 38 of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 should be used ; whereas the above-mentioned difference may be adjusted pursuant to Article 39 of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72, account being taken of prices for soya seeds on the world market ;

Whereas the subsidy should be fixed whenever the market situation makes it necessary and in such a way as to ensure its being applied at least once a week ; whereas the subsidy may be altered whenever it becomes obvious that such alteration is necessary ;

Whereas, if the subsidy system is to operate normally, subsidies should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity ;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in

relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent ;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽¹⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU ;

Whereas it follows from applying these provisions to the offers and quotations known to the Commission that the subsidy on colza, rape and sunflower seeds should be as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 July 1979 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

(ECU / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	13.099
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	11.576

(ECU / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Subsidy in the case of advance fixing for the month of					
		July 1979	August 1979	September 1979	October 1979	November 1979	December 1979
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	13.099	13.099	13.480	13.861	14.018	14.399
ex 12.01	Sunflower seed	11.576	11.576	9.973	14.977	—	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1401/79
of 5 July 1979
fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 590/79⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 852/78⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza and rape seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza and rape seed;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1400/79

of 5 July 1979 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas, if the price system is to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas it follows from applying these provisions that the world market price for colza and rape seed should be as set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 78, 30. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ See page 10 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 July 1979 fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

(ECU / 100 kg) ⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	23.311

(ECU / 100 kg) ⁽¹⁾

CCT heading No	Description	World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance for the month of					
		July 1979	August 1979	September 1979	October 1979	November 1979	December 1979
ex 12.01	Colza and rape seed	23.311	23.311	23.311	23.311	23.535	23.535

(1) The conversion rates from ECU into national currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following :

- 1 ECU = DM 2.51064
- 1 ECU = Fl 2.72077
- 1 ECU = Bfr/Lfr 39.4582
- 1 ECU = FF 5.79831
- 1 ECU = Dkr 7.08592
- 1 ECU = I £ 0.662638
- 1 ECU = £ 0.624504
- 1 ECU = Lit 1 119.94

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1402/79**of 4 July 1979****temporarily suspending intervention buying in of certain qualities of meat in certain Member States**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 425/77 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (5) (b) thereof,

Whereas Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 995/78 of 12 May 1978 fixing the guide price and the intervention price for adult bovine animals for the 1978/79 marketing year ⁽³⁾ provides the possibility of suspending, in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 27 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68, the buying in by intervention agencies of one or more qualities of fresh or chilled meat in Member States or regions of Member States when the market price of the quality or qualities in question remains during a period of three consecutive weeks between 100 and 102 % of the maximum buying in price fixed for that or those qualities ;

Whereas in France the market price for a certain quality is between 100 and 102 % of the maximum buying in price ; whereas, therefore, intervention buying in should be temporarily suspended for the quality in question ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Beef and Veal,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

In application of Article 3 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 995/78, intervention buying in shall be suspended from 9 July 1979 in the following Member State for the quality specified :

France : 'Jeunes bovins O'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 61, 5. 3. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 130, 18. 5. 1978, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1403/79

of 5 July 1979

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Israel

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 827/79 of 26 April 1979 fixing until the end of the 1979 marketing year the reference price for tomatoes⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of Class I for the period of 1 June to 10 July 1979 at 73.89 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regula-

tion (EEC) No 668/78⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficients fixed in Article 1 (2) (a), second indent, of Regulation (EEC) No 827/79;

Whereas, for Israeli tomatoes, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 3.28 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Israel.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 July 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 105, 27. 4. 1979, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 90, 5. 4. 1978, p. 5.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1404/79

of 5 July 1979

correcting Regulation (EEC) No 1367/79 fixing the monetary compensatory amounts and rates for their application

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 of 12 May 1971 on certain measures of conjunctural policy to be taken in agriculture following the temporary widening of the margins of fluctuation for the currencies of certain Member States⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 987/79⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1516/78 of 30 June 1978 on the obligatory adjustments to be made to monetary compensatory amounts fixed in advance and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 651/78⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 1 (2) thereof,

Whereas the monetary compensatory amounts introduced by Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1367/79 of 29 June 1979⁽⁴⁾; whereas verification has shown that errors are present both in Part 1 of Annex I in note (4) in respect of the amounts indicated for the United Kingdom and Italy, and in Annex IV with respect to the coefficients for adjustment given for Italy and the

United Kingdom; whereas the necessary corrections comply with the principles laid down in the text submitted for opinion to the management committee concerned at the time when the Commission adopted Regulation (EEC) No 1367/79,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. In part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1367/79, note (4) is hereby replaced by note (4) given in Annex I to this Regulation. The amount indicated in the said Annex for the United Kingdom and Italy shall apply on application by the parties concerned with effect from 2 July 1979.

2. Annex IV to Regulation (EEC) No 1367/79 is hereby replaced with effect from 2 July 1979 by Annex II to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 123, 19. 5. 1979, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 178, 1. 7. 1978, p. 63.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 164, 2. 7. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX I

- (*) If the product contains powdered or granulated milk (excluding whey), the amount shown shall be increased by the following supplementary amount:

Content by weight of powdered or granulated milk (excluding whey) in the finished product of:	Germany DM/t	Belgium/ Luxembourg Bfrs/Lfrs/t	Netherlands Fl/t	United Kingdom £/t	Ireland £/t	Italy Lit/t	France FF/t
More than 12 % but less than 30 %	38.79	171.9	11.85	4.45	—	7 094	26.02
30 % or more but less than 50 %	77.58	343.8	23.71	8.90	—	14 188	52.03

- (a) In trade with non-member countries, the coefficient 1.81 shall be applied to the supplementary amounts indicated above.
- (b) In intra-Community trade and in trade with third countries, where these products contain:
- skimmed-milk powder sold and denatured in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 368/77 (OJ No L 52, 24. 2. 1977) and Regulation (EEC) No 443/77 (OJ No L 58, 3. 3. 1977) or for which the aid has been granted and skimmed-milk powder which has been denatured in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1844/77 (OJ No L 205, 11. 8. 1977), and
 - either fish meal or fish oil and/or fish liver oil or iron carbonate and/or iron sulphate and/or copper sulphate,
- the supplementary amounts indicated above shall be multiplied by the coefficient 0.27.
- (c) When completing customs formalities, the applicant shall state on the declaration provided for this purpose the content, expressed in actual weight per tonne of finished product, of:
- powdered or granulated milk (excluding whey),
 - powdered or granulated whey,
 - added casein or caseinate.

ANNEX II

The adjustments to be made to the monetary compensatory amounts fixed in advance pursuant to Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 243/78

The monetary compensatory amounts in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1367/79 and fixed in advance from 2 July 1979 shall be multiplied by the following coefficients:

Member States	Sector concerned	Coefficient	Applicable to imports and exports carried out from
Germany	Cereals, poultrymeat and eggs	0.897443	1 August 1979
	Pigmeat	0.897443	1 November 1979
Benelux	Cereals, poultrymeat and eggs	0.843827	1 August 1979
	Pigmeat	0.843827	1 November 1979
Italy	Cereals, poultrymeat and eggs	0.368581	1 August 1979
France	Cereals	0.373489	1 August 1979
	Poultrymeat and eggs	0.708745	1 August 1979
United Kingdom	Cereals, poultrymeat and eggs	0.377739	1 August 1979

NB: Save as otherwise provided in the first subparagraph of Article 6 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 243/78 this Annex applies only to certificates for which advance fixing of the monetary compensatory amount was applied for during the period of its validity.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1405/79

of 5 July 1979

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the third sentence of the second subparagraph of Article 16 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence; whereas, in this case, a corrective amount must be applied to the refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, made possible the fixing of a corrective amount for certain products listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75⁽⁶⁾ laid down detailed rules for the advance fixing of export refunds for cereals and certain products processed from cereals;

Whereas, pursuant to that Regulation, when the corrective amount is being fixed in respect of malt, account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to the possibilities and conditions for the sale of the cereals concerned and of malt on the world market; whereas the same Regulation also provides that account must be taken of the quantity of cereals needed for making malt, the economic aspect

of exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the corrective amount according to destination;

Whereas the corrective amount must be fixed at the same time as the refund and according to the same procedure; whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas, if the system of corrective amounts is to operate normally, corrective amounts should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁷⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 which is applicable to export refunds fixed in advance in respect of malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 July 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 131, 22. 5. 1975, p. 15.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 July 1979 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10	4th period 11	5th period 12
11.07 A I a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II b)	0	+ 17.47	+ 17.47	+ 17.47	+ 17.47	+ 17.47
11.07 B	0	+ 20.37	+ 20.37	+ 20.37	+ 20.37	+ 20.37

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	6th period 1	7th period 2	8th period 3	9th period 4	10th period 5	11th period 6
11.07 A I a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II b)	+ 17.47	+ 17.47	+ 17.47	+ 17.47	+ 17.47	+ 17.47
11.07 B	+ 20.37	+ 20.37	+ 20.37	+ 20.37	+ 20.37	+ 20.37

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1406/79

of 5 July 1979

fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products in the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation No (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on cereals is being calculated;

Whereas these specific criteria are defined, as far as wheat and rye flour, groats and meal are concerned, in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75; whereas, furthermore, when the refund on these products is being calculated, account must be taken of the quantities of cereals required for their manufacture; whereas these quantities were fixed in Regulation No 162/67/EEC⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1607/71⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules set out above to the present situation on the market in cereals, and in particular to quotations or prices for these products within the Community and on the world market, that the refunds should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 July 1979.

(1) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

(4) OJ No 128, 27. 6. 1967, p. 2574/67.

(5) OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 16.

(6) OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 July 1979 fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CCT heading No	Description	Refund (ECU/tonne)
10.01 A	Common wheat and meslin : — for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	40-00 —
10.01 B	Durum wheat	—
10.02	Rye	55-00
10.03	Barley : — for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	45-00 —
10.04	Oats — for exports to : — Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein — other third countries	40-00 —
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—
ex 11.01 A	Wheat flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 520 — of an ash content of 521 to 600 — of an ash content of 601 to 900 — of an ash content of 901 to 1 100 — of an ash content of 1 101 to 1 650 — of an ash content of 1 651 to 1 900	70-00 70-00 67-00 67-00 64-00 64-00
ex 11.01 B	Rye flour : — of an ash content of 0 to 700 — of an ash content of 701 to 1 150 — of an ash content of 1 151 to 1 600 — of an ash content of 1 601 to 2 000	80-00 80-00 80-00 80-00
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 950 — of an ash content of 951 to 1 300 — of an ash content of 1 301 to 1 500	— — —
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal : — of an ash content of 0 to 520	70-00

N.B. The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1407/79

of 5 July 1979

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular the third sentence of the second subparagraph of Article 16 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the export refund applicable to cereals on the day on which application for an export licence is made, adjusted for the threshold price in force during the month of exportation, must be applied on request to exports to be effected during the period of validity of the export licence; whereas, in this case, a corrective amount must be applied to the refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, made possible the fixing of a corrective amount for certain products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75⁽⁶⁾ laid down detailed rules for the advance fixing of export refunds for cereals and certain products processed from cereals;

Whereas, pursuant to that Regulation, when the corrective amount is being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and possibilities and conditions for the sale of cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same

Regulation provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas for the products listed in Article 1 (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 account should be taken of the specific criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1281/75;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the corrective amount according to destination;

Whereas the corrective amount must be fixed at the same time as the refund and according to the same procedure; whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas it may be altered in the period between fixings;

Whereas, if the system of corrective amounts is to operate normally, corrective amounts should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁷⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions set out above that the corrective amount must be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 131, 22. 5. 1975, p. 15.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

export refunds fixed in advance in respect of cereals shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 16 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 which is applicable to

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 July 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 July 1979 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on cereals

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10	4th period 11	5th period 12	6th period 1
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11.01 A	Common wheat flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.01 B	Rye flour	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	0	—	—
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	0	0	0	0	0	—	—

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 29 May 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' outer garments; blouses and shirt blouses, knitted or crocheted (not elastic or rubberized), or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within sub-headings ex 60.05 A II and ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 60.05-22, 23, 24, 25; 61.02-78, 82, 84) (category 7), originating in Yugoslavia and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/593/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 14 May 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' outer garments; blouses and shirt blouses, knitted or crocheted (not elastic or rubberized), or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheadings ex 60.05 A II and ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 60.05-22, 23, 24, 25; 61.02-78, 82, 84) (category 7), originating in Yugoslavia and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Yugoslavia is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement Yugoslavia has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties and to jeopardize the efficiency of the commercial measures concerned;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Yugoslavia and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 10 May 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 60.05 A II and ex 61.02 B (NIMEXE codes 60.05-22, 23, 24, 25; 61.02-78, 82, 84) (category 7)	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments; blouses and shirt blouses, knitted or crocheted (not elastic or rubberized), or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until 30 September 1979.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 29 May 1979.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAERKAMP

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 30 May 1979

authorizing the United Kingdom not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheading ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.02-31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40) (category 15 B), originating in Czechoslovakia and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the English text is authentic)

(79/594/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 23 May 1979 by the British Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres falling within subheading ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.02-31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40) (category 15 B), originating in Czechoslovakia and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas in the United Kingdom the importation of the products in question originating in Czechoslovakia is, in accordance with Council Decision 79/252/EEC of 21 December 1978⁽¹⁾, subject to an annual quota, which has almost wholly taken up;

Whereas the disparities which exist in the commercial policy measures applied in connection with these products by the Member States are causing deflection of trade, thereby preventing the execution of those commercial policy measures which are in force because of the difficult economic situation in the sector concerned;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas, although the imports which gave rise to the application submitted would appear to be an isolated operation, they are nevertheless likely, in view of the substantial volume of the imports, to aggravate these difficulties and to jeopardize the efficiency of the commercial measures concerned;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The United Kingdom is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Czechoslovakia and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 13 May 1979 and are, at the date of this Decision, pending with the British authorities:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 61.02 B (NIMEXE codes 61.02-31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40) (category 15 B)	Women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the United Kingdom.

Done at Brussels, 30 May 1979.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 60, 12. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 30 May 1979

authorizing the Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands not to apply Community treatment to cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within heading No 55.05 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 55.05-13, 19, 21, 25, 27, 29, 33, 35, 37, 41, 45, 46, 48, 52, 58, 61, 65, 67, 69, 72, 78, 92, 98) (category 1), originating in Yugoslavia and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the Dutch and French texts are authentic)

(79/595/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 19 May 1979 by the Benelux Governments to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within heading No 55.05 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 55.05-13, 19, 21, 25, 27, 29, 33, 35, 37, 41, 45, 46, 48, 52, 58, 61, 65, 67, 69, 72, 78, 92, 98) (category 1), originating in Yugoslavia and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Yugoslavia is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement Yugoslavia has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate those ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands are authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Yugoslavia and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 17 May 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
55.05 (NIMEXE codes 55.05-13, 19, 21, 25, 27, 29, 33, 35, 37, 41, 45, 46, 48, 52, 58, 61, 65, 67, 69, 72, 78, 92, 98) (category 1)	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

Article 2

Done at Brussels, 30 May 1979.

This Decision shall apply until 30 September 1979.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

Vice-President

COMMISSION DECISION

of 31 May 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within heading No ex 61.03 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.03-11, 15, 19) (category 8), originating in Sri Lanka and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/596/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 28 May 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within heading No ex 61.03 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.03-11, 15, 19) (category 8), originating in Sri Lanka and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Sri Lanka is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement Sri Lanka has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate those ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the

first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Sri Lanka and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 24 May 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 61.03 (NIMEXE codes 61.03-11, 15, 19) (category 8)	Men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until 30 September 1979.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 31 May 1979.

For the Commission

Christopher TUGENDHAT

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 31 May 1979

authorizing Ireland not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven and knitted or crocheted dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheadings ex 60.05 A II and ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 60.05-41, 42, 43, 44 ; 61.02-48, 52, 53, 54) (category 26), originating in the Philippines and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the English text is authentic)

(79/597/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 23 May 1979 by the Irish Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven and knitted or crocheted dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheadings ex 60.05 A II and ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 60.05-41, 42, 43, 44 ; 61.02-48, 52, 53, 54) (category 26), originating in the Philippines and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in the Philippines is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country ;

Whereas under that Agreement the Philippines have undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit their exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States ;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate those ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets ; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States ; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively ;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned involving a considerable drop in production and employment ;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties ;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States ;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof ;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

Ireland is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in the Philippines and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 18 May 1979 :

CCT heading No	Description
ex 60.05 A II and ex 61.02 B (NIMEXE codes 60.05-41, 42, 43, 44 ; 61.02-48, 52, 53, 54) (category 26)	Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven and knitted or crocheted dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

Article 2

Done at Brussels, 31 May 1979.

This Decision shall apply until 30 September 1979.

For the Commission

Article 3

Christopher TUGENDHAT

This Decision is addressed to Ireland.

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION DECISION

of 31 May 1979

authorizing Ireland not to apply Community treatment to woven table linen, toilet and kitchen linen, other than of cotton terry fabric, falling within subheading ex 62.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 62.02-41, 43, 47, 65, 73, 77) (category 39), originating in Brazil and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the English text is authentic)

(79/598/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 23 May 1979 by the Irish Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to woven table linen, toilet and kitchen linen, other than of cotton terry fabric, falling within subheading ex 62.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 62.02-41, 43, 47, 65, 73, 77) (category 39), originating in Brazil and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Brazil is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement Brazil has undertaken to take the necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate those ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Ireland is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Brazil and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 18 May 1979.

CCT heading No	Description
ex 62.02 B (NIMEXE codes 62.02-41, 43, 47, 65, 73, 77) (category 39)	Woven table linen, toilet and kitchen linen, other than of cotton terry fabric

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until 30 September 1979.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to Ireland.

Done at Brussels, 31 May 1979.

For the Commission

Christopher TUGENDHAT

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 18 June 1979

fixing the minimum selling price for skimmed-milk powder for the 28th individual invitation to tender under the standing invitation to tender provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 368/77

(79/599/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1761/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 (5) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 368/77 of 23 February 1977 on the sale by tender of skimmed-milk powder for use in feed for pigs and poultry⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 419/79⁽⁴⁾, intervention agencies have put up for sale by standing invitation to tender certain quantities of skimmed-milk powder held by them;

Whereas according to Article 11 of the said Regulation, in the light of the tenders received in response to each individual invitation to tender, a minimum selling price shall be fixed or a decision shall be taken to make no award; whereas the amount of the processing security shall also be fixed taking account of the difference between the market price of skimmed-milk powder and the minimum price fixed;

Whereas, in the light of the tenders received in response to the 28th individual invitation to tender, the minimum selling price should be fixed at the level specified below and the processing security determined accordingly;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁵⁾ laid down the coefficient for

expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

For the 28th individual invitation to tender under Regulation (EEC) No 368/77, in respect of which the time limit for the submission of tenders expire on 11 June 1979:

- the minimum selling price shall be fixed at 19.35 ECU per 100 kilograms,
- the processing security shall be fixed at 103.00 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 June 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 204, 28. 7. 1978, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 52, 24. 2. 1977, p. 19.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 50, 1. 3. 1979, p. 46.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

COMMISSION DECISION**of 18 June 1979****fixing the maximum amount of special aid for skimmed-milk powder for the
22nd individual invitation to tender issued under Regulation (EEC) No 1844/77****(79/600/EEC)**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization
of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1761/78 ⁽²⁾, and in
particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC)
No 1844/77 of 10 August 1977 on the granting by
tender of special aid for skimmed-milk powder
intended as feed for animals other than young
calves ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1055/78 ⁽⁴⁾, the intervention agencies have opened a
standing invitation to tender for the amount of this
special aid;

Whereas, according to Article 6 of the said Regula-
tion, for each individual invitation to tender, a maxi-
mum amount of aid shall be fixed or a decision shall
be taken not to proceed with the tender;

Whereas, account being taken of the minimum price
valid pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 368/77 for the
individual invitation to tender of the month
concerned, of the situation on the skimmed milk and
soya markets and of the quantities offered, a
maximum amount of special aid for the 22nd indi-
vidual invitation to tender shall be fixed at the level
specified below;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979 ⁽⁵⁾ laid down the coefficient for
expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

For the 22nd individual invitation to tender under
Regulation (EEC) No 1844/77, in respect of which the
time limit for the submission of tenders expires on 11
June 1979, the maximum amount of special aid shall
be fixed at 92.75 ECU per 100 kilograms of skimmed-
milk powder.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 June 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 204, 28. 7. 1978, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 205, 11. 8. 1977, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 134, 22. 5. 1978, p. 44.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 18 June 1979

fixing the minimum selling prices for butter for the seventh individual invitation to tender under the standing invitation to tender provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 262/79

(79/601/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1761/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (7) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 985/68 of 15 July 1968 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in butter and cream⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2714/72⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 7a thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 262/79 of 12 February 1979 on the sale of butter at reduced prices for use in the manufacture of pastry products, ice-cream and other foodstuffs⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 545/79⁽⁶⁾, intervention agencies have put up for sale by standing invitation to tender certain quantities of butter held by them;

Whereas Article 16 of that Regulation provides that, in the light of the tenders received, a minimum selling price must be fixed which may vary according to the use to which the butter is to be put and according to the fat content of the butter; whereas

alternatively a decision may be taken not to proceed with the invitation to tender; whereas the amounts of the processing security must be fixed in the light of the difference between the minimum selling prices and the market prices of the butter;

Whereas, in the light of the tenders received in response to the seventh individual invitation to tender, the minimum selling prices should be fixed at the level specified below and the processing securities determined accordingly;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁷⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

For the seventh individual invitation to tender under Regulation (EEC) No 262/79, in respect of which the time limit for the submission of tenders was 12 June 1979, the minimum selling prices and the processing securities shall be as follows:

Use to which the butter is to be put (Article 4 (1), (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 262/79)	Fat content of the butter	Minimum selling price (ECU per 100 kg butter)	Processing security (ECU per 100 kg butter)
Formula A and/or C	82 % or more	106.00	202.00
	Less than 82 %	103.40	197.07
Formula B	82 % or more	157.00	151.00
	Less than 82 %	153.16	147.31

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 204, 28. 7. 1978, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 18. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 291, 28. 12. 1972, p. 15.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 41, 16. 2. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 72, 23. 3. 1979, p. 16.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 June 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION DECISION

of 19 June 1979

on the issue of import licences in respect of beef and veal products originating in Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar and Swaziland

(79/602/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3328/75 of 18 December 1975 renewing the arrangements for the reduction of import charges on beef and veal products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2993/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3006/78 of 20 December 1978 laying down detailed rules for the application of Regulation (EEC) No 3328/75⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3328/75 provides for the possibility of issuing import licences for beef and veal products; whereas, however, imports must take place within the limits of the quantities specified for each of these exporting non-member countries;

Whereas the applications for import licences submitted between 1 and 10 June 1979, expressed in terms of boned meat, in accordance with Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3006/78, do not exceed, in respect of products originating in Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar and Swaziland the quantities available from these States; whereas it is therefore possible to issue import licences in respect of the quantities requested and to fix the remaining quantities in respect of which it will be possible to apply for licences from 1 July 1979,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The following Member States shall issue on 21 June 1979 import licences concerning beef and veal

products, expressed in terms of boned meat, originating in certain African, Caribbean and Pacific States, in respect of the quantities and the countries of origin stated:

1. France :
 - (a) 70.0 tonnes originating in Swaziland.
2. United Kingdom :
 - (a) 1 562.0 tonnes originating in Botswana;
 - (b) 112.1 tonnes originating in Swaziland.
3. Federal Republic of Germany :
 - (a) 129.9 tonnes originating in Swaziland.

Article 2

Applications for licences may be submitted, in accordance with Article 2 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 3006/78 during the first 10 days of July 1979, in respect of the following quantities of boned beef and veal:

Botswana :	7 796.9 tonnes,
Kenya :	130.0 tonnes,
Madagascar :	6 304.7 tonnes,
Swaziland :	1 072.1 tonnes.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 June 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 23. 12. 1975, p. 4.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 357, 21. 12. 1978, p. 5.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 357, 21. 12. 1978, p. 44.

CORRIGENDA

Corrigendum to Council Regulation (Euratom, ECSC, EEC) No 3085/78 of 21 December 1978 amending, with particular reference to the monetary parities to be used, Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68 laying down the Staff Regulations of officials of the European Communities and the conditions of employment of other servants of these Communities, Regulation (Euratom, ECSC, EEC) No 2530/72 and Regulation (ECSC, EEC, Euratom) No 1543/73 concerning certain special measures

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 369 of 29 December 1978)

Page 7, Article 2, 'Article 17 (3)', lines four to seven :

for: 'the amounts transferred shall be multiplied by a coefficient representing the difference between the weighting for the country in which the official is employed';

read: 'the amounts transferred shall be multiplied by a coefficient representing the relationship between the weighting for the country in the currency of which the transfer is made, and the weighting for the country in which the official is employed'.

Corrigendum to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3153/78 of 21 December 1978 laying down certain interim measures for the conservation and management of fishery resources applicable to vessels flying the flag of certain non-member countries in the 200 nautical-mile zone off the coast of the French department of Guyana

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 374 of 30 December 1978)

Page 35, Annex II, point 4 :

for: '... 21877 COMEU ...'

read: '... 24189 FISEU-B ...'

Page 36, point 6.4 :

The first indent shall be deleted.

Corrigendum to Council Regulation (EEC) No 587/79 of 26 March 1979 laying down for 1979 certain measures for the conservation and management of fishery resources applicable to vessels flying the flag of Norway

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 81 of 31 March 1979)

Page 10, Article 5 :

for: '... for mackerel in ICES division ...'

read: '... for mackerel and horse mackerel in ICES division ...'

Page 15, Annex IV, point 2.1 :

for: '... 21877 COMEU ...'

read: '... 24189 FISEU-B ...'

Page 16, point 4 :

The first sentence shall be replaced by the following :

'The information specified under point 1 shall contain the following elements and shall be given in the following order.'

The first indent shall be deleted.

Corrigendum to Council Regulation (EEC) No 588/79 of 26 March 1979 laying down for 1979 certain measures for the conservation and management of fishery resources applicable to vessels flying the flag of Sweden

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 81 of 31 March 1979)

Page 23, Annex IV, point 2.1 :

for: '... 21877 COMEU ...'

read: '... 24189 FISEU-B ...'

Page 24, point 4 :

The first sentence shall be replaced by the following :

'The information specified under point 1 shall contain the following elements and shall be given in the following order:'

The first indent shall be deleted.

Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1367/79 of 29 June 1979 fixing the monetary compensatory amounts and rates for their application

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 164 of 2 July 1979)

Page 5, Annex I, Part 1, 'Cereals', columns 2 to 8 :

for: '.../100 kg'

read: '.../t'.

Corrigendum to Commission Decision No 3139/78/ECSC of 29 December 1978 fixing minimum prices for hot-rolled wide strip, merchant bars and concrete reinforcing bars

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 370 of 30 December 1978)

Page 83 :

for: 'The following are included : carbon steels containing less than 0.60 % carbon for heat treatment or case hardening, provided their phosphorus and sulphur contents do not exceed 0.035 % and that they are not governed by any of the special requirements laid down in paragraph 5.2.3.1 of Euronorm 20-74 (guaranteed impact value, depth of hardening or of case hardening, surface condition, limiting content of non-metallic inclusions, machinability).'

read: 'The following are included : carbon steels containing less than 0.60 % carbon for heat treatment or case hardening, provided their phosphorus and sulphur contents are equal to or above 0.035 % and that they are not governed by any of the special requirements laid down in paragraph 5.2.3.1 of Euronorm 20-74 (guaranteed impact value, depth of hardening or of case hardening, surface condition, limiting content of non-metallic inclusions, machinability).'
