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Legislation

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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1695/78**of 19 July 1978****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1729/77⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1729/77 to the

offer prices and today's quotations known to the
Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the table
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1978 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	93.48
10.01 B	Durum wheat	139.56 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	89.82 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	86.97
10.04	Oats	80.19
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	87.72 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	80.76 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	86.02 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	143.09
11.01 B	Rye flour	137.96
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	227.49
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	152.79

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments, the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1696/78**of 19 July 1978****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15(6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1730/77 ⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be

altered as shown in the tables annexed to this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The scale of the premiums to be added, pursuant to
Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, to the
import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals
and malt is hereby fixed as shown in the tables
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1978 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0.66	0.66	0.66
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	3.16	3.16	3.16
10.04	Oats	0	0.66	0.66	0.66
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10	4th period 11
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.62
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	4.90	4.90	4.90	4.90

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1697/78

of 19 July 1978

fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 1126/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article
11 (2) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on rice and broken rice
were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 87/78 ⁽³⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1620/78 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other
provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 87/78 to
the offer prices and today's quotations known to the

Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered as shown in the table annexed to this Regu-
lation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed
in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 are hereby fixed as shown in the table
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 23.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 15, 19. 1. 1978, p. 5.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 190, 13. 7. 1978, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1978 fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

(u.a. / tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Third countries ⁽²⁾	ACP or OCT ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.06	Rice : A. Paddy rice ; husked rice : I. Paddy rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain II. Husked rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice : I. Semi-milled rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain II. Wholly milled rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain C. Broken rice :	57.53 109.14 71.91 136.43 129.06 208.68 137.45 223.71 35.09	25.77 51.57 32.96 65.22 54.63 94.48 58.48 101.61 15.05

⁽¹⁾ Subject to the application of the provisions of Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 706/76, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Reunion is specified in Article 11a of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1698/78

of 19 July 1978

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 1126/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article
13 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
rice and broken rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC)
No 1954/77 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 1621/78 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in

force, which are to be added to the levies, should be
altered as shown in the table annexed to this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed
in advance in respect of rice and broken rice are
hereby fixed as shown in the table annexed to this
Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 23.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 223, 1. 9. 1977, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 190, 13. 7. 1978, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1978 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

(u.a. / tonne)					
CCT heading No	Description	Current 7	1st period 8	2nd period 9	3rd period 10
10.06	Rice :				
	A. Paddy rice ; husked rice :				
	I. Paddy rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	—
	II. Husked rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	—
	B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :				
	I. Semi-milled rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	—
	II. Wholly milled rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	—
	C. Broken rice	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1699/78

of 18 July 1978

establishing the standard average values for customs purposes of citrus fruits
and apples and pears

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No
1570/70 of 3 August 1970 establishing a system of
standard average values for citrus fruits⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 223/78⁽²⁾, and in
particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No
1641/75 of 27 June 1975 establishing a system of
standard average values for the determination of the
value for customs purposes of apples and pears⁽³⁾, as
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 224/78⁽⁴⁾, and in
particular Article 2 thereof,

Whereas it follows from the application of the notes
and criteria laid down by Regulations (EEC) No

1570/70 and (EEC) No 1641/75 to the elements
communicated to the Commission in accordance with
Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1570/70 and
Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1641/75 that the
standard average values should be fixed as shown in
the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The standard average values provided for in Article 2
(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1570/70 and in Article 2
(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1641/75 shall be as shown
in the tables in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 21 July
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 18 July 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 171, 4. 8. 1970, p. 10.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 32, 3. 2. 1978, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 165, 28. 6. 1975, p. 45.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 32, 3. 2. 1978, p. 10.

ANNEX

Table I: Citrus fruits

Code	Description	Amount of standard average values/100 kg gross						
		Bfrs/Lfrs	Dkr	DM	FF	£	Lit	Fl
1.	Lemons :							
1.1	— Spain.	1 006	173.81	63.73	137.76	16.41	26 269	68.74
1.2	(deleted)							
1.3	— Countries in southern Africa	1 319	227.85	83.55	180.59	21.52	34 436	90.12
1.4	— Other African countries and countries on the Mediter- ranean	1 132	195.54	71.70	154.98	18.47	29 553	77.34
1.5	— USA	1 344	232.22	85.15	184.05	21.93	35 097	91.85
1.6	— Other countries	683	118.01	43.27	93.54	11.14	17 836	46.68
2.	Sweet oranges :							
2.1	— Countries on the Mediterranean :							
2.1.1	— Navels (with the exception of Navel sanguines), Navelines, Navelates, Salustianas, Vernas, Valencia lates, Maltese blondes, Shamoutis, Ovalis, Trovita, Hamkins	984	169.92	62.30	134.67	16.04	25 680	67.20
2.1.2	— Sanguines and semi-sanguines, including Navel sanguines and Maltese sanguines	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2.1.3	— Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2.2	— Countries in southern Africa	1 287	222.24	81.49	176.15	20.99	33 589	87.90
2.3	— USA	1 381	238.52	87.46	189.05	22.52	36 049	94.34
2.4	— Brazil	917	158.40	58.08	125.54	14.96	23 940	62.65
2.5	— Other countries	1 295	223.67	82.01	177.28	21.12	33 805	88.47
3.	Grapefruit and pomelos :							
3.1	(deleted)							
3.2	— Cyprus, Israel, Gaza, Egypt, Turkey	981	169.50	62.15	134.34	16.01	25 618	67.04
3.3	— Countries in southern Africa	1 368	236.32	86.65	187.31	22.32	35 717	93.47
3.4	— USA	1 307	225.83	82.81	178.99	21.33	34 131	89.32
3.5	— Other American countries	1 406	242.92	89.07	192.53	22.94	36 714	96.08
3.6	— Other countries	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4.	Clementines	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5.	Mandarines including Wilkings	1 840	317.73	116.51	251.83	30.01	48 021	125.67
6.	Monreales and satsumas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7.	Tangerines, tangelos, tangors and other citrus fruits falling within subheading 08.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff, not elsewhere specified or included . . .	1 580	272.94	100.08	216.33	25.78	41 251	107.95

Table II: Apples and pears

8.	Apples :							
8.1	— Countries of the southern hemisphere	1 825	315.26	115.60	249.88	29.77	47 648	124.69
8.2	— European third countries.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8.3	— Countries of the northern hemisphere other than European countries	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9.	Pears :							
9.1	— Countries of the southern hemisphere	2 548	440.11	161.38	348.83	41.57	66 516	174.07
9.2	— European third countries.	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾
9.3	— Countries of the northern hemisphere other than European countries	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

⁽¹⁾ The standard average value for this code number is established by Regulation (EEC) No 2232/77 of 6 October 1977 (OJ No L 257, 8. 10. 1977).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1700/78

of 19 July 1978

fixing the export refunds on fruit and vegetables

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1154/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 30 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 30 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, to the extent necessary to allow economically significant quantities to be exported, the difference between prices on the world market and prices in the Community for the products referred to in that Article may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2518/69 of 9 December 1969 laying down general rules for the granting of refunds on exports of fruit and vegetables and criteria for fixing their amounts⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2455/72⁽⁴⁾, provides that the refunds are to be fixed in the light of the current situation or foreseeable developments with regard to both prices and availabilities of fruit and vegetables on the Community market and to prices on the world markets; whereas account must also be taken of the costs referred to in (b) of the said Article and of the economic aspects of the intended exports;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2518/69 provides that prices on the Community market shall be fixed in the light of the ruling prices most favourable for exports; whereas prices on world markets shall be determined in the light of the prices and quotations referred to in paragraph 2 of the said Article;

Whereas the situation on world markets or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it

necessary to vary the refund for a given product according to the destination of that product;

Whereas tomatoes, fresh lemons, apples and peaches of the common quality standards 'Extra' Class, Class I and Class II, 'Extra' Class and Class I hothouse and outdoor-grown grapes, shelled almonds and hazelnuts, and walnuts in shell may at present be exported in economically significant quantities;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the present situation on the market of the prospective development of this situation, and in particular to quotations and prices for fruit and vegetables within the Community and on the world market, that the refund should be fixed as set out below;

Whereas the obligations under Article 6 (1) (b) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 of 17 January 1975 laying down detailed rules for the application of export refunds in respect of agricultural products⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2145/77⁽⁶⁾, may be relaxed in the case of exports to non-member countries outside Europe; whereas, in such a case, Article 11 (4) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 may be applied;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 144, 31. 5. 1978, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 318, 18. 12. 1969, p. 17.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 266, 25. 11. 1972, p. 7.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 25, 31. 1. 1975, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 249, 30. 9. 1977, p. 12.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

apply to exports of walnuts in shell, shelled hazelnuts, apples and peaches as set out in the Annex.

Article 1

1. The export refunds on fruit and vegetables are hereby fixed at the amounts indicated in the Annex hereto.

2. The provisions of Articles 6 (1) (b) and 11 (4) (c) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 shall

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1978 fixing the export refunds on fruit and vegetables

CCT heading No	Description	(u.a./100 kg net) Refund
ex 07.01 M	Tomatoes 'Extra' Class, Class I and Class II	4.00
ex 08.02 C	Fresh lemons ('Extra' Class, Class I and Class II)	3.50
ex 08.04 A I	Table grapes : — fresh, open ground 'Extra' Class and Class I — fresh, hothouse 'Extra' Class and Class I	4.00 16.00
ex 08.05 A II	Shelled almonds, other than bitter almonds	8.00
ex 08.05 B	Walnuts unshelled	10.00
ex 08.05 G	Shelled hazelnuts	12.00
ex 08.06 A II	Apples ('Extra' Class, Class I and Class II) other than cider apples : — for export to Botswana, Lesotho, Swaziland, Zambia, Malawi, Mozambique, Tanzania, Kenya, Rwanda, Burundi, Uganda, Somalia, Madagascar, Comoro Islands, Mauritius, Sudan, Ethiopia, the Republic of Jibuti, the countries of the Arabian peninsula ⁽¹⁾ , Iran and Iraq — for export to countries and territories of Africa other than those mentioned above and South Africa, Syria, Jordan, countries with a planned economy in central and eastern Europe, Bolivia, Brazil, Venezuela, Peru, Panama, Iceland, Finland, Norway, Sweden, Austria and the Faroe Islands	7.00 3.00
ex 08.07 B	Peaches (excluding pectorins), 'Extra' Class, Class I and Class II	6.00

⁽¹⁾ For the purpose of this Regulation the 'countries of the Arabian peninsula' are considered to be the following, including the territories attached thereto : Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Qatar, Kuwait, the Sultanate of Oman, United Arab Emirates (Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Sharjah, Ajman, Ummal-Quaiwain, Fujairah, Ras Al Kaiman), Yemen Arab Republic (North Yemen) and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen (South Yemen).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1701/78

of 19 July 1978

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1985/74 laying down detailed rules of application for the fixing of reference prices and free-at-frontier prices for carp

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 100/76 of 19 January 1976 on the common organization of the market in fishery products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 20 (5) thereof,

Whereas Article 20 (1) of the said Regulation provides *inter alia* that reference prices for carp may be fixed at different levels during periods to be determined within each marketing year according to seasonal fluctuations in prices;

Whereas these periods were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1985/74 of 25 July 1974 laying down detailed rules of application for the fixing of reference prices and free-at-frontier prices for carp⁽³⁾;

Whereas information available shows that there has been a change in production and marketing; whereas the periods within the marketing year should therefore be adapted to this situation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fishery Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1985/74 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Article 3

A reference price shall be fixed for carp:

- for the period 1 August to 30 November,
- for the period running from 1 December of one year to 31 July of the following year.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 20, 28. 1. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 207, 29. 7. 1974, p. 30.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1702/78
of 19 July 1978
fixing, for the 1978/79 marketing year, reference prices for carp

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 100/76 of 19 January 1976 on the common organization of the market in fishery products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 20 (5) thereof,

Whereas Article 20 (1) thereof provides that before the beginning of each marketing year reference prices may be fixed for carp; whereas these prices may be fixed at different levels within each marketing year according to seasonal fluctuations in prices;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1985/74 of 25 July 1974 laying down detailed rules of application for the fixing of reference prices and free-at-frontier prices for carp⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1701/78⁽⁴⁾, provides that reference prices shall be fixed for the period 1 August to 30 November and for the period running from 1 December of one year to 31 July of the following year;

Whereas the fixing of reference prices is essential in order to enable appropriate measures to be applied for the protection of Community production; whereas, having regard to the information available on production prices, reference prices should be fixed at the levels indicated below;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fishery Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The reference price for carp shall be as follows:

- for the period 1 August to 30 November 1978, 999 units of account per tonne,
- for the period 1 December 1978 to 31 July 1979, 847 units of account per tonne.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 20, 28. 1. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 207, 29. 7. 1974, p. 30.

⁽⁴⁾ See page 14 of this Official Journal.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1703/78
of 19 July 1978
repealing the suspension of the importation of frozen squid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
100/76 of 19 January 1976 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in fishery products⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in
particular Article 19 (6) thereof,

Whereas, by Commission Regulation (EEC) No
2685/77 of 6 December 1977⁽³⁾, the importation into
Italy of frozen squid in respect of which a reference
price is fixed was suspended ;

Whereas, an examination of the market for squid in
Italy shows that the situation has improved ; whereas
conditions on which the suspension of imports was

based no longer apply ; whereas a new disturbance is
no longer to be feared at present ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Fishery Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2685/77 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its
publication in the *Official Journal of the European
Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 20, 28. 1. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 313, 7. 12. 1977, p. 5.

COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION No 1704/78/ECSC

of 19 July 1978

imposing a definitive anti-dumping duty on certain sheets and plates, of iron or steel, originating in Czechoslovakia, Japan, Poland and Spain

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community, and in particular Articles 74 and 86 thereof,

Having regard to Commission recommendation 77/329/ECSC of 15 April 1977 on protection against dumping or the granting of bounties or subsidies by countries which are not members of the European Coal and Steel Community⁽¹⁾, as amended by recommendation No 3004/77/ECSC⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 17 and 19 thereof,

Having regard the opinions expressed within the Advisory Committee provided for by recommendation 77/329/ECSC,

Whereas the Commission has received a complaint, submitted in the name of the relevant Community industry, setting out evidence as to the existence of dumping of certain sheets and plates of iron or steel, originating in Czechoslovakia, Japan, Poland and Spain and certain other countries, and material injury resulting therefrom;

Whereas, since the information received indicated that the complaint was admissible and that defensive measures might be necessary, the Commission officially informed the importers and exporters known to be concerned, published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* a notice of the initiation of an inquiry concerning the imports in question⁽³⁾ and commenced an examination of the matter in cooperation with the Member States;

Whereas, since preliminary examination of the matter showed that there was dumping and sufficient evidence of injury and the interests of the Community called for immediate intervention, the Commission, by recommendations No 121/78/ECSC, No 160/78/ECSC⁽⁴⁾, and No 262/78/ECSC⁽⁵⁾ imposed provisional anti-dumping duties on the imports in question;

Whereas, in certain cases, the said recommendations have been extended⁽⁶⁾ and in certain cases suspended⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas, in the course of the examination of the matter, completed after the imposition of the provisional anti-dumping duties, the Commission gave interested parties the opportunity to make known their views in writing and gave the parties directly concerned who so requested the opportunity orally to develop their views;

Whereas, however, in so far as interested parties did not avail themselves of the opportunity to make known their views or present their arguments, the Commission had to base its findings on the facts available;

Whereas, when determining dumping on the imports originating in Czechoslovakia and Poland, the Commission had to take account of the fact that trade is on a basis of near or total monopoly and that prices are fixed by the State and that, therefore, an exact comparison between the export price of the product to the Community and its domestic price is not appropriate;

Whereas in view of the particular situation prevailing on national and international markets for steel it appeared to the Commission that sales on the domestic markets of Japan and Spain were not made in the ordinary course of trade and did not permit a proper comparison for the purposes of establishing dumping margins;

Whereas, for these reasons, the Commission has decided to base its dumping calculations on the cost of production in a country considered to be one of the most efficient producers of the product in question, as established by means of the latest publicly available data;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 114, 5. 5. 1977, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 352, 31. 12. 1977, p. 13.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 19, 24. 1. 1978, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 19, 24. 1. 1978, p. 9 and OJ No L 23, 28. 1. 1978, p. 33.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 39, 9. 2. 1978, p. 13.

⁽⁶⁾ Poland: OJ No L 120, 4. 5. 1978, and OJ No L 145, 1. 6. 1978.

Spain: OJ No L 115, 27. 4. 1978.

Japan: OJ No L 106, 20. 4. 1978.

Czechoslovakia: OJ No L 106, 20. 4. 1978.

⁽⁷⁾ Spain: OJ No L 120, 4. 5. 1978.

Czechoslovakia: OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978.

Japan: OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1978.

Whereas such cost of production has been calculated taking into consideration *inter alia* the following elements: raw materials (covering iron ore, sinter, pellets, scrap, ferro alloys and other iron-bearing materials and fluxes), energy costs (coke, fuel oil, electricity), labour costs including social costs, other operating costs (including maintenance costs and transport costs) and capital costs, to which was added a reasonable amount for administration, selling and any other costs and for profits;

Whereas the aforementioned calculation has confirmed the reasonableness of the basic prices as published by the Commission⁽¹⁾;

Whereas the prices of imports into the Community of the products which are the subject of the complaint have been compared with these basic prices;

Whereas this price comparison was made on a free Community frontier duty-paid basis;

Whereas this examination of the matter has shown that the products in question were offered for import within the Community at prices lower than the basic prices and that dumping has taken place, the margin of which is constituted by this undercutting;

Whereas, with regard to the industry concerned, the evidence available to the Commission shows that, whilst global imports in 1977 amounted to 1 700 000 tonnes, imports originating in Czechoslovakia, Japan, Poland and Spain rose from 431 000 tonnes in 1974 to 811 000 tonnes in 1977; whereas, as a result, global imports have acquired a Community market share of 19 % in total and 12 % for imports originating in Czechoslovakia, Japan, Poland and Spain, together with those from Austria, Bulgaria, Finland, the German Democratic Republic, Romania and Sweden, which are also subject to defensive measures in the Community or to steel arrangements concluded with the ECSC;

Whereas, on the other hand, the Community steel industry is in a state of crisis; whereas during the period 1974 to 1977 production of the products concerned fell by some 40 % while the number employed dropped from 780 000 to 720 000, short-time working became necessary and most of the firms concerned showed reduced profits or serious losses;

⁽¹⁾ Communication from the Commission of 31 December 1977 concerning the basic prices of certain steel products (OJ No L 353, 31. 12. 1977, p. 1), as amended by the communication of 5 July 1978 (OJ No L 183, 5. 7. 1978, p. 3).

Whereas, in order to remedy this situation, the Commission has introduced a system of guidance prices⁽²⁾ for sales within the Community of certain steel products produced by the European steel industry;

Whereas the import prices into the Community of products originating in Czechoslovakia, Japan, Poland and Spain are considerably lower than these guidance prices; whereas such undercutting prevents the European producers from achieving the guidance prices, jeopardizes the equilibrium of the entire pricing system and causes or threatens to cause material injury to the Community industry or to a major part of it;

Whereas, therefore, the facts as finally established show that material injury has been caused to the Community industry or that such injury would have been caused if provisional action had not been taken, by imports originating in Czechoslovakia, Japan, Poland and Spain together with those from Austria, Bulgaria, Finland, the German Democratic Republic, Romania and Sweden, which are also subject to defensive measures or covered by steel arrangements concluded with the Community;

Whereas, in the serious conditions being experienced by the Community steel industry, the interests of the Community require the imposition of a definitive anti-dumping duty and the definitive collection of the amount secured by way of provisional duty;

Whereas the amount of such definitive duty should correspond to the difference between the basic price published by the Commission for the products in question and their price on importation into the Community, due consideration being given to any reduction in value claimed by the importers and established to the satisfaction of the competent national authorities;

Whereas, however, certain arrangements have been made between the Community and Czechoslovakia, Japan, Poland and Spain with respect to trade in steel products;

Whereas these arrangements, which the Commission considers satisfactory, allow the definitive duty under this recommendation to be suspended and to exclude certain transactions from the definitive collection of duty,

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 114, 5. 5. 1977, p. 1, OJ No C 174, 22. 7. 1977 and OJ No L 352, 31. 12. 1977, p. 17.

HAS ADOPTED THIS RECOMMENDATION :

Article 1

1. A definitive anti-dumping duty is hereby imposed on the following products originating in Czechoslovakia, Japan, Poland and Spain :

- sheets and plates, of iron or steel, other than electrical, not further worked than hot-rolled, of a thickness of 2 mm or more,
- Common Customs Tariff subheading 73.13 B I a),
- NIMEXE codes 73.13-17, 19, 21, 23 and 26.

2. The amount of this duty shall be equal to the amount by which the effective price (basic price plus extras) established by contract, free frontier duty-paid, is lower than the effective price (basic price plus extras) last published by the Commission for this product at the time of its entry for Community consumption.

3. The amount of the duty shall however be reduced to the extent that the importer establishes to the satisfaction of the competent national authorities that the price differential referred to in paragraph 2 above is due to a diminution in value resulting from the quality of the goods being inferior to the lowest quality described in the last publication of basic prices by the Commission.

4. This duty shall be collected on the same basis as customs duties.

Article 2

The amounts secured by way of provisional duty under the provisions of recommendations No 121/78/ECSC, No 160/78/ECSC and No 262/78/ECSC in respect of products originating in Czechoslovakia, Japan, Poland and Spain shall be definitively collected to the extent that they do not exceed the rate of duty fixed in this recommendation.

Article 3

1. The application of the definitive anti-dumping duty imposed under Article 1 above is hereby suspended.

Article 4

In derogation from Article 2, the amounts secured by way of provisional duty shall not be definitively collected but shall be refunded upon request of the importer concerned, as regards :

- (a) sheets and plates of thickness not exceeding 10 mm ;
- (b) deliveries made under contracts concluded before 20 December 1977, which contain no price revision clause permitting an adaptation of the contract prices to the basic prices applied in the Community ;
- (c) deliveries made under the contracts referred to under (b) above and destined for shipbuilding yards within the Community.

Article 5

This recommendation shall be notified to the Member States.

It shall enter into force for each Member State on the date of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAERKAMP

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1705/78

of 19 July 1978

altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1254/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 1126/78⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article
12 (4) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on products processed
from cereals and rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC)
No 1447/78⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 1694/78⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed
differs from the average levy by more than 2.5 units of

account per tonne of basic product ; whereas, pursuant
to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74⁽⁷⁾, the
levies at present in force must therefore be altered as
shown in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products
processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 1603/78⁽⁹⁾, as fixed in the Annex to
amended Regulation (EEC) No 1447/78, are hereby
altered as shown in the table annexed to this Regula-
tion.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 156, 14. 6. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 23.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 173, 29. 6. 1978, p. 19.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 194, 19. 7. 1978, p. 14.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 188, 11. 7. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 1978 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

CCT heading No	Levies in u.a./tonne	
	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT
07.06 A	15.86 ⁽¹⁾	14.36 ⁽¹⁾⁽⁵⁾
11.01 C ⁽²⁾	163.60	158.60
11.01 F ⁽²⁾	39.17	36.67
11.02 A III ⁽²⁾	163.60	158.60
11.02 A VI ⁽²⁾	39.17	36.67
11.02 B I a) 1 ⁽²⁾	143.48	140.98
11.02 B I b) 1 ⁽²⁾	143.48	140.98
11.02 C III ⁽²⁾	225.28	220.28
11.02 D III ⁽²⁾	92.37	89.87
11.02 E I a) 1 ⁽²⁾	92.37	89.87
11.02 E I b) 1 ⁽²⁾	181.22	176.22
11.02 E II d) 1 ⁽²⁾	67.26	62.26
11.02 F III ⁽²⁾	163.60	158.60
11.02 F VI ⁽²⁾	39.17	36.67
11.04 C I	18.36	12.86 ⁽⁵⁾
11.07 A II a)	165.84 ⁽⁴⁾	156.84
11.07 A II b)	126.19	117.19
11.07 B	145.57 ⁽⁴⁾	136.57
11.08 A II	46.32	20.82

⁽¹⁾ This levy is limited to 6 % of the value for customs purposes.

⁽²⁾ For the purpose of distinguishing between products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 and those falling within subheading 23.02 A, products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 shall be those meeting the following specifications:

- a starch content (determined by the modified Ewers polametric method), referred to dry matter, exceeding 45 % by weight,
- an ash content, by weight, referred to dry matter (after deduction of any added minerals), not exceeding 1.6 % for rice, 2.5 % for wheat, 3 % for barley, 4 % for buckwheat, 5 % for oats and 2 % for other cereals.

Germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground, falls in all cases within heading No 11.02.

⁽⁴⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 this levy is reduced by 0.45 u.a./100 kg for products originating in Turkey.

⁽⁵⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 706/76 the levy shall not be charged on the following products originating in the countries and territories:

- arrowroot falling within subheading ex 07.06 A,
- flours and meal of arrowroot falling within subheadings ex 11.04 C I, ex 11.04 C II a) and b),
- arrowroot falling within subheading ex 11.08 A V.

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 16 June 1978

setting out definitions relating to the list of characteristics for the 1979/80
survey of the structure of agricultural holdings

(78/592/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
218/78 of 19 December 1977 on the organization of a
survey of the structure of agricultural holdings for
1979/80⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas the definitions set out in Commission Deci-
sion 75/682/EEC of 2 October 1975 laying down for
the purposes of a structures survey for 1975 as part of
the programme of surveys on the structure of agricul-
tural holdings the definitions relating to the list of
characteristics and the list of agricultural products⁽²⁾,
are, in principle, to be retained for the 1979/80 survey
of the structure of agricultural holdings in order to
ensure the continuity of concepts and the compara-
bility of the results; whereas Article 4 (1) of Regula-
tion (EEC) No 218/78 nevertheless provides for a
change in the treatment of combined crops to
improve recording of certain aspects of agricultural
production and to allow *inter alia* a better classifica-
tion of the holdings concerned;

Whereas a limited number of other changes and addi-
tions have become necessary to enable account to be
taken in particular of the new list of characteristics;

Whereas pursuant to Article 5 of Regulation (EEC)
No 218/78 the definitions relating to the character-
istics listed in the Annex to that Regulation and to
the regions and districts referred to in Article 8 of that

Regulation are to be determined according to the
procedure set out in Article 12 of that Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision
are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing
Committee on Agricultural Statistics,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. Member States shall carry out a survey of the
characteristics listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC)
No 218/78 in accordance with the definitions and
explanations set out in Decision 75/682/EEC.

2. The definitions and explanations relating to the
list of characteristics for the 1979/80 survey of the
structure of agricultural holdings, replacing or supple-
menting the definitions and explanations laid down in
Decision 75/682/EEC, are set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 June 1978.

For the Commission

François-Xavier ORTOLI

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 35, 4. 2. 1978, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 301, 20. 11. 1975, p. 8.

ANNEX

**DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS REGARDING THE 1979/80 AGRICULTURAL
STRUCTURE SURVEY REPLACING OR SUPPLEMENTING THE DEFINITIONS AND
EXPLANATIONS GIVEN IN DECISION 75/682/EEC⁽¹⁾**

A. Geographical situation of the holding**REGION**

For the purpose of this survey the regions are made up as follows :

BELGIUM :	constitutes a single region ;
DENMARK :	constitutes a single region ;
GERMANY :	Hamburg, Bremen, Berlin, constitute a single region ; eight 'Bundesländer' ;
FRANCE :	the 22 programme regions ;
IRELAND :	constitutes a single region ;
ITALY :	the 21 regions ;
LUXEMBOURG :	constitutes a single region ;
NETHERLANDS :	constitutes a single region ;
UNITED KINGDOM :	the seven regions of the Ministry of Agriculture in England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

A/01 District**I. UNITED KINGDOM to read :**

England and Wales :

17 counties or groups of counties :

Cumbria ;

Northumberland, Tyne and Wear, Durham, Part of North Yorks., Cleveland ;

Lancs., Merseyside, Greater Manchester ;

North, West and South Yorks., Humberside ;

Lincs. ;

Notts., Northants., Leics., Derby. ;

Cheshire, Staffs. and Salop ;

War., Hereford and Worcester, West Midlands ;

Norfolk and Suffolk ;

Greater London (part), Essex, Herts., Beds., Cambs. ;

Greater London (part), Kent, East and West Sussex, Surrey ;

Hants, Isle of Wight, Bucks., Berks. and Oxon. ;

Devon, Cornwall, Isles of Scilly ;

Somerset and Dorset ;

Glos., Wilts., Avon ;

Clwyd, Gwynedd, Powys ;

Gwent, The Glamorgans, Dyfed.

Scotland :

Four agricultural regions.

Northern Ireland :

Six counties.

A/02 Less-favoured areas

Token entry

D to H Land use

To read :

'I. The agricultural area utilized comprises the areas for harvest in a single year : 1979 or 1980.

⁽¹⁾ The reference numbers used in this Annex refer to the list of characteristics set out in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 218/78 on the organization of the 1979/80 structure survey, and do not necessarily correspond to the reference numbers used in the definitions of the 1975 structure survey (Decision 75/682/EEC).

II. For the breakdown of land use by area farmed each area is listed only once, the total area of the holding is given by adding together the areas under D to H.

Permanent crops and crops lasting several years (e.g. asparagus, strawberries or bushes), not yet in production, are included.

Cultivated mushrooms are excluded.

In the case of combined crops on arable land, combined permanent crops or crops on arable land combined with permanent crops, the agricultural area utilized is allocated among the crops *pro rata* to the use of the ground by the crops concerned.

Areas of agriculture combined with woodland are similarly split up.

This principle does not apply to mixed crops, (these are crops grown and harvested together on the same ground e.g. mixed corn); or to successive crops (e.g. barley under-sown with clover for later harvesting).

In the case of combined crops, if one crop has no significance for the holding, it is ignored in the breakdown of the areas.

In the case of successive crops the area of each successive crop is not calculated. The area is allocated to one crop taken as the main crop⁽¹⁾.

D/11 Sugar beet (excluding seed)

Insert: 'II. In the United Kingdom seed is included.'

D/12 Forage roots and tubers (excluding seed)

Insert: 'II. In the United Kingdom seed is included.'

D/13 Industrial plants (including seeds for herbaceous oleaginous plants; excluding seeds for textile plants, hops, tobacco and other industrial plants)

Insert: 'II. In the United Kingdom seed for textile plants, hops and tobacco is included.'

D/14,15 Fresh vegetables, melons and strawberries

To read: 'I. 011.6 Fresh vegetables;
011.76 Strawberries.

II. The following are excluded:
— cultivated mushrooms (I/02);
— strawberries in Ireland (G/01).'

D/18 Forage plants

To read:

'I. All green forage crops grown in the crop rotation and which occupy the same land for less than five years (annual or multiannual feed crops).

II. Cereals and industrial plants harvested and/or consumed green are included. Fodder roots and brassicas (D/12) are excluded.

D/18/a Temporary grass

I. Pasture, lasting at least one crop year and less than five years, sown with grass or grass mixtures.

D/18/b Other

I. Other predominantly annual fodder crops (e.g. vetches, fodder maize, cereals harvested and/or consumed green, lucerne).'

D/19 Arable land seeds or seedlings (excluding cereals, dried vegetables, potatoes and oilseed plants)

Insert: 'II. This includes green forage seeds (except for France where they are included under the heading of the crop concerned).

For the United Kingdom areas of seed crops (except grass and clover) are included under the heading of the crop concerned.'

⁽¹⁾ The main crop where during one harvest year several crops are grown in succession on an area is the crop the production of which has the highest value. If the value of production does not determine which is the main crop, then the main crop is taken as the one which occupies the ground for the longest time.

E. Kitchen gardens

Under II. insert: '3. Kitchen gardens in the United Kingdom and Denmark (H/03).'

F/01 Pasture and meadow, excluding rough grazing

I. Land other than rough grazing, not included in the crop rotation system, used for the permanent production (five years or longer) of green forage crops, whether sown or self-seeded.

II. The following are excluded:

- rough grazing, whether used intermittently or permanently (F/02);
- non-used pasture and hill or mountain grazing (H/01).

F/02 Rough grazing

I. Pasture, usually on hilly land, unimproved by fertilizer, cultivation, reseeding or drainage.

II. This can include: stony ground, heath, moorland and 'deer forests' in Scotland.

Rough grazing not in use are excluded (H/01).

G/01 Fruit and berry plantations

Under II. insert: 'In Ireland strawberries are included.'

G/04/a Vineyards, of which normally producing: quality wine

I. Crops of wine grape varieties normally grown for the production of quality wines produced in specific regions (quality wines psr) which comply with the requirements of Council Regulation (EEC) No 817/70 of 28 April 1970⁽¹⁾ and the requirements laid down in implementation of this Regulation, and laid down by national regulations.

G/04/b Vineyards, of which normally producing: other wines

I. Crops of wine grape varieties grown for the production of wines other than quality wines psr.

G/05 Nurseries

Under I/c Ornamental nurseries, insert:

'Trees and bushes for planting in gardens, parks, at the roadside and on embankments, e.g. hedgerow plants, rose trees and other ornamental bushes, ornamental conifers, including in all cases their stocks and young seedlings.'

H/02 Woodland

Under II replace the first sentence by: 'Where agricultural crops are combined with woodland the area is split *pro rata* to the use of the ground.'

Under II delete: 'Except for Belgium, where they are included under H/05' (in 1975 H/05 referred to 'nurseries', now G/05).

I/01 Successive secondary non-fodder crops (excluding market garden crops and crops under glass).

I. Crops for sale sown before or after the main crop and harvested during the 12-month reference period.

II. The following are excluded:

- horticultural crops, crops under glass and kitchen gardens;
- intermediate crops to be harvested green (forage) or to be ploughed under (green manure).

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 99, 5. 5. 1970, p. 20.

I/02 Mushrooms

I. Cultivated mushrooms grown in buildings which have been specially erected or adapted for growing mushrooms, as well as in underground premises, caves and cellars.

II. The survey must record the area of the beds available for growing crops which are or will be filled with compost at least once during the 12-month reference period.

If this is done more than once the area is still counted once only.

In France the production is recorded and converted into bed areas. In the Netherlands production in caves is excluded.

I/03 Irrigated area

II. This is taken to mean the area normally irrigated. In Denmark however it means the area which can be irrigated by equipment available to the holding.

J/09/a Ewes

I. Female sheep which have lambed.

II. Including :

- ewe lambs for breeding (except in Italy);
- cull ewes.

J/14 Table fowl

Insert under II : 'Including breeding cocks in France and Germany.
Including chicks in the Netherlands.'

J/15 Laying hens

Insert under II : "Laying hens" includes all hens which have started to lay, whether the eggs are for consumption or for breeding. Includes breeding cocks other than in France and Germany (J/14). Includes chicks in the Netherlands.'

J/17 Other livestock

Token entry.

K/01 Four-wheeled tractors, track-laying tractors, tool carriers

Insert under II : '1 kW = approximately 1.36 hp.'

K/07 Milking equipment (fixed or movable)

Delete II.

K/08 Separate milking parlour

I. Modern milking installations to which the cows come to be milked in batches.

II. The cows come to the installation specifically to be milked.

Cowsheds where the cows are normally kept as well as being milked are excluded.

The following types of milking parlour are included :

- carousel;
- abreast (e.g. 2 × 2 stalls);
- tandem (e.g. 2 × 2 stalls);
- herringbone (e.g. 2 × 6 stalls);
- diamond (e.g. 4 × 6 stalls).

K/08/a Separate milking parlour, fully automated

- I. Parlours where the entry and exit of the cows is controlled automatically and/or the milking equipment is disconnected automatically when the flow of milk is reduced significantly.
- II. This type of installation can accommodate at least 50 cows per hour.

L/07-09 Other gainful activity

The definition for N/01 of the 1975 survey applies *mutatis mutandis*.

L/07-09 Major/subsidiary activity*Major activity*

- I. Activity declared by the respondent as being his main activity.
- II. Normally an activity which occupies more time than that relating to the agricultural work done for the agricultural holding under survey.

Subsidiary activity

- I. Any other activity of a respondent who declares the agricultural activity of the holding under survey to be his main activity.
 - II. Normally an activity which occupies less time than that relating to the agricultural work done for the agricultural holding under survey.
-

COMMISSION DECISION

of 16 June 1978

concerning the issue of import licences for beef and veal products originating in Botswana, Kenya, Madagascar and Swaziland

(78/593/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3328/75 of 18 December 1975 renewing the arrangements for the reduction of import charges on beef and veal products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2570/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3376/75 of 23 December 1975 laying down rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3328/75⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2771/77⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 2 (2) thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3328/75 provides for the possibility of issuing import licences for beef and veal products; whereas, however, the quantities imported must remain within the limits laid down for each of the exporting non-member countries in question;

Whereas the quantities covered by the application for licences submitted from 1 to 10 June 1978, expressed in terms of boned meat in accordance with Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 3376/75, are not higher for the products originating in Madagascar than the quantities available for that State; whereas it is possible, therefore, to issue import licences for the quantities in respect of which the applications have been made and

to fix the remaining quantities for which applications may be submitted from 1 July 1978,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Import licences as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 3376/75 shall be issued for all the quantities for which applications for licences were submitted from 1 to 10 June 1978 in respect of products from Madagascar.

Article 2

Applications for licences may be submitted, in accordance with Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3376/75, during the first 10 days of July 1978 for the following quantities of boned beef and veal:

Kenya	130.0 tonnes,
Madagascar	5 683.9 tonnes.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 June 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 329, 23. 12. 1975, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 300, 24. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 333, 30. 12. 1975, p. 44.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 320, 15. 12. 1977, p. 17.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 16 June 1978

completing the Commission Decision of 23 May 1977 excluding from admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties the scientific apparatus described as 'Two-phase/vector lock-in-amplifier PAR model 129 A'

(78/594/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 of 2 December 1975 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas by the Decision of 23 May 1977⁽³⁾ the Commission excluded from the benefit of admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties the scientific apparatus described as 'Two phase/vector lock-in-amplifier PAR model 129A' because of the fact that apparatus of equivalent scientific value and likely to have the same use was manufactured in the Community;

Whereas in addition to its use referred to in that Decision in the nuclear safety field for the preventive detection of defects in reactor tube channels by analysis of the phase and amplitude of electric parasite signals which result, the apparatus in question can have other uses;

Whereas, by letter dated 25 January 1978, the Danish Government requested the Commission to invoke the procedure laid down in Article 4 (3) to (7) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to determine whether currently and in accordance with the abovementioned Decision, apparatus is manufactured in the Community of a scientific value equivalent to the apparatus described as 'Two-phase/vector lock-in-amplifier PAR model 120A', having regard to its particular use based on sensitivity and readout facility on two channels;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 19 May 1978 within the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine this particular case;

Whereas, on the basis of information received from Member States, apparatus of scientific value equivalent to the said apparatus, capable of use for the same purpose, is currently manufactured in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The conditions referred to in Article 3 (1) (b) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 for admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of the scientific apparatus described as 'Two-phase/vector lock-in-amplifier PAR model 129A' which can have particular uses based on sensitivity and readout facility on two channels, are not fulfilled.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 June 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 23.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 16 June 1978

excluding from admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties the scientific apparatus described as 'JEOL electron microscope, type JEM-100C with scanning transmission attachment'

(78/595/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 of 2 December 1975 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 4 and 5 thereof,

Whereas, by letter dated 23 January 1978, the Danish Government requested the Commission to invoke the procedure laid down in Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to determine whether or not the apparatus described as 'JEOL electron microscope, type JEM-100C with scanning transmission attachment' should be considered to be a scientific apparatus, and where the reply is in the affirmative, whether apparatus of equivalent scientific value is currently manufactured in the Community;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 19 May 1978 within the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine this particular case;

Whereas this examination shows that the apparatus in question is an electronic microscope used in research work in the fields of pathology, anatomy and cellular biology; whereas its particular characteristics combined with those of the accessories with which it is fitted guarantee in particular a high resolution permitting the analysis of both electrons transmitted

by scanning and secondary electrons; whereas these characteristics and the use made of the apparatus make it an apparatus particularly suited for pure scientific research; whereas therefore it must be considered to be a scientific apparatus;

Whereas, however, on the basis of information received from Member States, apparatus of scientific value equivalent to the said apparatus, capable of use for the same purpose, has been manufactured in the Community, within the meaning of Article 3 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75, since January 1976,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. The apparatus described as 'JEOL electron microscope, type JEM-100C with scanning transmission attachment' must be considered to be a scientific apparatus.

2. The conditions referred to in Article 3 (1) (b) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 for admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of the scientific apparatus described in paragraph 1 are not fulfilled.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 June 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 16 June 1978

excluding from admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties the scientific apparatus described as 'Packard tri-carb liquid scintillation system, model 2650'

(78/596/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 of 2 December 1975 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 4 and 5 thereof,

Whereas, by letter dated 16 January 1978, the German Government requested the Commission to invoke the procedure laid down in Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to determine whether or not the apparatus described as 'Packard tri-carb liquid scintillation system, model 2650' should be considered to be a scientific apparatus, and where the reply is in the affirmative, whether apparatus of equivalent scientific value is currently manufactured in the Community;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 19 May 1978 within the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine this particular case;

Whereas this examination shows that the apparatus in question is a liquid scintillation counter for measuring the radioactivity of samples in the framework of research work particularly in the fields of pharmacology, physiological chemistry, veterinary pathology and molecular biology; whereas it allows in particular

the absolute determination of the radioactivity of alternative extinction samples; whereas its characteristics and the use for which it is intended make it an instrument especially suited to pure scientific research; whereas, therefore it must be considered to be a scientific apparatus;

Whereas, however, on the basis of information received from Member States, apparatus of scientific value equivalent to the said apparatus, capable of use for the same purpose, is currently manufactured in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. The apparatus described as 'Packard tri-carb liquid scintillation system, model 2650' must be considered to be a scientific apparatus.
2. The conditions referred to in Article 3 (1) (b) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 for admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of the scientific apparatus described in paragraph 1 are not fulfilled.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 June 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 16 June 1978

completing the Commission Decision of 13 May 1977 allowing admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of scientific apparatus described as 'Lock-in-amplifier, PAR model 186A with internal oscillator, PAR, model 186A/99/97, optional'

(78/597/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 of 2 December 1975 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas, by the Decision of 13 May 1977⁽³⁾ the Commission allowed admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of scientific apparatus described as 'Lock-in-amplifier, PAR model 186A with internal oscillator, PAR, model 186A/99/97 optional', the order date for which is before 1 August 1976 because of the fact that after that date apparatus of equivalent scientific value capable of the same use was available in the Community.

Whereas, in addition to its use referred to in the above-mentioned Decision in research into the electric properties of pure or gas-treated silicon surfaces by study of the photoelectric spectrum tension of the surfaces, the apparatus concerned can have other uses;

Whereas, by letter dated 25 January 1978, the Danish Government requested the Commission to invoke the procedure laid down in Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to determine whether the apparatus described as 'Lock-in-amplifier PAR model 186A' should be considered to be a scientific instrument and, if so, having regard to its special characteristics (long-term stability in the study of certain

magnetic metals at ultra-low temperatures) whether apparatus of equivalent scientific value is currently manufactured in the Community in accordance with the abovementioned Decision;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 19 May 1978 within the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine this particular case;

Whereas it follows from the abovementioned Decision that the apparatus concerned is especially suited to pure scientific research and therefore has the character of scientific apparatus;

Whereas it is possible to consider as having a scientific value equivalent to the apparatus referred to only that Community apparatus which can be used for the same purposes and which gives comparable services; whereas it follows on the basis of information obtained from the Member States that such apparatus likely to be used in the way specified in the request by the Danish Government, is not currently manufactured in the Community; whereas therefore admission free of duty of the apparatus concerned when it is imported for such use is justified,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. The apparatus described as 'Lock-in-amplifier, PAR model 186A' must be considered as a scientific apparatus.

2. The conditions referred to in Article 3 (1) (b) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975, for admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of the scientific apparatus referred to in para-

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 140, 8. 6. 1977, p. 28.

graph 1, used in the study of certain magnetic metals at ultra-low temperatures, are fulfilled.

Done at Brussels, 16 June 1978.

For the Commission

Article 2

Étienne DAVIGNON

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Member of the Commission

EURONORMS

The Commission of the European Communities (ECSC) has published the following new EURONORMS in German, English, French, Italian and Dutch. The EURONORMS which are available up to the present in English are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Sales prices valid from 1 July 1976.

		<i>Price in £</i>
(*) EURONORM 129-76	Nickel alloy steel plate and strip for application at low temperature — Quality requirements	1.70
(*) EURONORM 111-77	Continuously hot-rolled non-coated mild unalloyed steel sheet and strip for cold-forming — Quality standard	0.80
(*) EURONORM 130-77	Cold-rolled non-coated mild unalloyed steel flat products for cold forming — Quality standard	0.60
(*) EURONORM 131-77	Cold-rolled non-coated mild unalloyed steel flat products for cold forming — Tolerances on dimensions and shape	0.60

The following is a list of all the EURONORMS so far published:

(*) Information circular No 1	Standard samples for the chemical analysis of iron and steel products, second edition (1974)	1.85
EURONORM 1-55	Fontes et ferro-alliages	1.35
EURONORM 2-57	Essai de traction pour l'acier	0.85
EURONORM 3-55	Essai de dureté Brinell pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM 4-55	Essai de dureté Rockwell échelles B et C pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM 5-55	Essai de dureté Vickers pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM 6-55	Essai de pliage pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM 7-55	Essai de résilience Charpy pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM 8-55	Valeur de conversion approximatives de la durée et de la résistance à la traction de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM 9-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des allongements après rupture de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM 10-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des résiliences de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM 11-55	Essai de traction sur tôles et feuillards en acier d'une épaisseur de 0,5 mm inclus à 3 mm exclu	0.75
EURONORM 12-55	Essai de pliage des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONORM 13-55	Essai de pliage alterné des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONORM 14-67	Essai d'emboutissage à flans bloqués	0.60
EURONORM 15-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Examen de la surface	0.60
EURONORM 16-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Nuances et qualités	0.75
EURONORM 17-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Dimensions et tolérances	1.60
EURONORM 18-57	Prélèvements et préparation des échantillons et des éprouvettes	0.60
EURONORM 19-57	Poutrelles IPE — Poutrelles à ailes parallèles	0.60
(*) EURONORM 20-74	Definition and classification of grades of steel, second edition	1.20
EURONORM 21-62	Conditions générales techniques de livraison pour les produits en acier	0.60
EURONORM 22-70	Détermination ou vérification de la limite d'élasticité de l'acier à température élevée	0.75
EURONORM 23-71	Essai de trempabilité par trempe en bout de l'acier — Essai Jominy	1.35
EURONORM 24-62	Poutrelles normales et profilés en U normaux — Tolérances de laminage	0.60
EURONORM 25-72	Aciers de construction d'usage général	1.85
EURONORM 26-63	Essais conventionnels de dureté Rockwell pour tôles et feuillards minces en acier	0.60
(*) EURONORM 27-74	Designation of steels, third edition	1.80
EURONORM 28-69	Tôles et bandes en aciers non alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1.20
EURONORM 29-69	Tôles en acier laminées à chaud d'épaisseur égale ou supérieure à 3 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.85
EURONORM 30-69	Demi-produits pour forges en aciers de construction d'usage général — Nuances et qualités	1.00
EURONORM 31-69	Demi-produits pour forges — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.60
EURONORM 32-66	Tôles minces en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Norme de qualité	1.10

EURONORM 33-70	Tôles et larges bandes d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm, en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Tolérances sur les dimensions et sur la forme	0-75
EURONORM 34-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 35-62	Barres et laminés marchands d'usage courant — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 36-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM 37-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gazométrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
EURONORM 38-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone de trempe et du graphite dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique et volumétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM 39-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode titrimétrique après oxydation au persulfate	0-60
EURONORM 40-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
EURONORM 41-65	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du phosphore dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode alcalimétrique	0-60
EURONORM 42-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du soufre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM 43-72	Tôles et bandes en aciers alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1-10
EURONORM 44-63	Poutrelles IPE laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 45-63	Essai de choc sur éprouvette bi-appuyée à entaille en V	0-60
EURONORM 46-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers doux non alliés — Norme de qualité, prescriptions générales	1-10
EURONORM 47-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers de construction d'usage général — Norme de qualité	1-10
EURONORM 48-65	Feuillards laminés à chaud en aciers non alliés — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM 49-72	Mesure de la rugosité des produits minces en acier laminés à froid et non revêtus	0-60
EURONORM 50-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'azote dans les aciers — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-85
EURONORM 51-70	Bandes laminées à chaud de largeur égale ou supérieure à 600 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM 52-67	Vocabulaire du traitement thermique	8-15
EURONORM 53-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à face parallèles	0-60
EURONORM 54-63	Petits fers U laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 55-63	Fers T à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 56-65	Cornières à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 57-65	Cornières à ailes inégales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 58-64	Plats laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM 59-64	Carrés laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM 60-65	Ronds laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM 61-71	Hexagones laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 65-67	Barres rondes laminées à chaud pour vis et rivets	0-60
EURONORM 66-67	Demi-ronds et demi-ronds aplatis, laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 67-69	Plats à boudins laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM 70-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 71-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode électrométrique	0-60
EURONORM 72-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage l'aluminium dans les aciers — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
EURONORM 74-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du cuivre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 76-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-60
EURONORM 77-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Normes de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 78-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Tolérances sur dimensions	0-60
EURONORM 79-69	Définitions et classification des produits sidérurgiques par formes et dimensions	0-85
EURONORM 80-69	Aciers pour armatures passives du béton — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10
EURONORM 81-69	Ronds à béton lisses laminés à chaud — Dimension, poids, tolérances	0-60
EURONORM 83-70	Aciers pour trempe et revenu — Prescriptions de qualité	2-70

EURONORM 84-70	Aciers de cémentation — Prescriptions de qualité	2-20
EURONORM 85-70	Aciers de nitruration — Prescriptions de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 86-70	Aciers pour trempe par induction et au chalumeau — Prescriptions de qualité	1-70
EURONORM 87-70	Aciers de décolletage — Prescriptions de qualité (fascicules 1 à 4)	2-20
EURONORM 88-71	Aciers inoxydables — Prescriptions de qualité	1-85
EURONORM 89-71	Aciers alliés pour ressorts formés à chaud et traités — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10
EURONORM 90-71	Aciers pour soupapes d'échappement de moteurs à combustion interne — Prescriptions de qualité	0-85
EURONORM 91-70	Large plates laminées à chaud — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
(*) EURONORM 92-75	Hot-rolled flats for spring leaves	0-60
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