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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1059/78**of 22 May 1978****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 709/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1729/77⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1729/77 to the

offer prices and today's quotations known to the
Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the table
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 May
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1978, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 May 1978 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	83.06
10.01 B	Durum wheat	127.24 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	79.61 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	72.89
10.04	Oats	77.45
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	68.96 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	80.98 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	78.97 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	128.36
11.01 B	Rye flour	123.52
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	208.35
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	137.05

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments, the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1060/78**of 22 May 1978****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 709/78⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1730/77⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be

altered as shown in the tables annexed to this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The scale of the premiums to be added, pursuant to
Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, to the
import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals
and malt is hereby fixed as shown in the tables
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 May
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1978, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 May 1978 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0.33	0.33	1.00
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0.67
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0.67	0.67	1.51
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0.46	0.46	1.40

B. Malt

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0.59	0.59	1.78	1.78
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0.44	0.44	1.33	1.33
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1061/78

of 22 May 1978

adopting further protective measures with regard to the importation of aubergines originating in Spain

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1034/77 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 29 (2) thereof,

Whereas on 29 April 1978 France requested the Commission to take protective action over importations of aubergines originating in Spain for sale on the French market; whereas in response to this request, supplemented by further information on 2 May 1978, Commission Regulation (EEC) No 937/78 of 3 May 1978 adopting protective measures with regard to the importation of aubergines originating in Spain ⁽³⁾ was adopted; whereas this Regulation suspended until 31 May 1978 the entry into free circulation in France of aubergines originating in Spain;

Whereas on 16 May 1978 France requested the Commission to extend these protective measures until 21 June 1978 in a less stringent form that would allow a gradual resumption of imports; whereas this request is justified by the volume of Spanish produc-

tion in June and the consequent risk of a resumption of imports on a scale that would destroy the effect of the measures adopted in Regulation (EEC) No 937/78;

Whereas the French market should therefore be reopened in stages to aubergines originating in Spain, with the total volume of importations allowed in the first three weeks of June being equal to the quantity imported in the same period last year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The entry into free circulation in France of fresh or chilled aubergines (subheading ex 07.01 T of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Spain is hereby suspended for quantities in excess of:

- 120 tonnes, for the period 1 June to 7 June 1978,
- 205 tonnes, for the period 8 to 14 June 1978,
- 320 tonnes, for the period 15 to 21 June 1978.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 125, 19. 5. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 120, 4. 5. 1978, p. 31.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1062/78

of 22 May 1978

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on other cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within subheading 55.05 B I and originating in India, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 of 28 November 1977 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 (1) to (3) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling which is indicated, for each of the products listed in Annex B, under (a) in column 5; whereas only the products originating in the countries and territories listed in Annex D thereto, other than those specified under (b) in column 4 of Annex B, in respect of the corresponding products, may be charged against that ceiling; whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries listed in Annex D should be within a maximum amount representing 50 % of that ceiling;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries and territories, with exception of countries listed in Annex E, once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of other cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within subheading 55.05 B I, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 20 tonnes, and therefore the maximum amount is 10

tonnes; whereas on 5 May 1978 the amounts of imports into the Community of other cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within subheading 55.05 B I, originating in India, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to India,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 26 May 1978, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in India:

CCT heading No	Description
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale : B. Other : I. Measuring, per single yarn, 120 000 m or more per kg

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 324, 19. 12. 1977, p. 67.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1063/78

of 22 May 1978

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on cotton yarn, put up for retail sale, falling within heading No 55.06 and originating in Argentina and Brazil, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 of 28 November 1977 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 (1) and (3) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products listed in Annex C thereto, be suspended up to a Community ceiling equal to 87 % of the sum arrived at by adding together the value of the products in question, in tonnes, imported into the Community in 1968 and coming from countries listed in Annex D, but not including products coming from countries already covered by various preferential tariff arrangements established by the Community, and 5 % of the 1970 tonnage of such imports coming from other countries and from countries already covered by such arrangements; whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries listed in Annex D should be within a maximum Community amount representing 50 % of that ceiling, with the exception of certain products for which the maximum amount is to be reduced to the percentage indicated in Annex C thereto;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries and territories, with exception of countries listed in Annex E, once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of cotton yarn, put up for retail sale, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be seven tonnes, and therefore the maximum amount is 3.5 tonnes; whereas on 5 May 1978 the amounts of imports into the Community of cotton yarn, put up for retail sale, originating in Argentina and Brazil, each of these countries covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to these countries,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 26 May 1978, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Argentina and Brazil:

CCT heading No	Description
55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 324, 19. 12. 1977, p. 67.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1064/78

of 22 May 1978

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on terry towelling and similar terry fabrics of cotton, falling within heading No 55.08 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 of 28 November 1977 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 (1) and (2) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling which is indicated, for each of the products listed in Annex B, under (a) in column 5; whereas only the products originating in the countries and territories listed in Annex D thereto, other than those specified under (b) in column 4 of Annex B, in respect of the corresponding products, may be charged against that ceiling; whereas Article 3 (1) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established any time the Community ceiling has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of terry towelling and similar terry fabrics of cotton, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 41.50 tonnes; whereas on 5 May 1978 the amounts of imports into the Commu-

nity of the products in question, originating in countries covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that ceiling; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77, which provides that the ceiling should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 26 May 1978, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community:

CCT heading No	Description
55.08	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics of cotton

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 324, 19. 12. 1977, p. 67.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1065/78

of 22 May 1978

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, falling within heading No 58.05 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 of 28 November 1977 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 (1) and (2) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling which is indicated, for each of the products listed in Annex B, under (a) in column 5; whereas only the products originating in the countries and territories listed in Annex D thereto, other than those specified under (b) in column 4 of Annex B, in respect of the corresponding products, may be charged against that ceiling; whereas Article 3 (1) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established any time the Community ceiling has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, falling within heading No 58.05, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 40 tonnes; whereas on 5 May 1978 the amounts of imports into the Community of the products in question, originating in coun-

tries covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that ceiling; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77, which provides that the ceiling should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 26 May 1978, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community:

CCT heading No	Description
58.05	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 324, 19. 12. 1977, p. 67.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1066/78

of 22 May 1978

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, falling within heading No 60.02 and originating in Pakistan and the Philippines, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 of 28 November 1977 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 (1) to (3) of that Regulation provides that customs duties may, for each category of products, be suspended up to a Community ceiling which is indicated, for each of the products listed in Annex B, under (a) in column 5; whereas only the products originating in the countries and territories listed in Annex D thereto, other than those specified under (b) in column 4 of Annex B, in respect of the corresponding products, may be charged against that ceiling; whereas, having regard to that ceiling, the amounts for products originating in any one of the countries listed in Annex D should be within a maximum amount representing 50 % of that ceiling;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of that Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question originating in any of the said countries and territories, with exception of countries listed in Annex E, once the relevant Community maximum amount has been reached;

Whereas, in respect of gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, the ceiling, calculated as indicated above, should be 35

tonnes, and therefore the maximum amount is 17.50 tonnes; whereas on 5 May 1978 the amounts of imports into the Community of gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, originating in Pakistan and the Philippines, each of these countries covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached that maximum amount; whereas, bearing in mind the objectives of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77 which provides that maximum amounts should not be exceeded, customs duties should be re-established in respect of the products in question in relation to these countries,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 26 May 1978, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Regulation (EEC) No 2706/77, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Pakistan and the Philippines:

CCT heading No	Description
60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 324, 19. 12. 1977, p. 67.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1067/78

of 22 May 1978

fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 190/78⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1007/78⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, in the absence of the indicative price for the 1978/79 marketing year and in the absence of the amount for the monthly increase for September and October 1978 for colza and rape seed, in case of pre-fixation for the months of July, August, September and October 1978 the amount of subsidy on these products has been obtainable only on the basis of the indicative price for the months of July, August, September and October 1977 and on the basis of the monthly increase for September and October 1977, this amount may, therefore, be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when the indicative price for the 1978/79 marketing year and this increase are known;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 190/78 to the information at present available to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC is hereby fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

2. The amount of the subsidy for the months of July, August, September and October 1978 will, however, as for colza and rape seeds, be confirmed or replaced as from 23 May 1978 to take into account the indicative price which is fixed for these products for the 1978/79 marketing year and the amount of the monthly increase for the month of September and October 1978.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 May 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 27, 1. 2. 1978, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 131, 19. 5. 1978, p. 10.

*ANNEX***to the Commission Regulation of 22 May 1978 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds**

Subsidy applicable from 23 May 1978 to colza and rape seeds (CCT heading No ex 12.01) and sunflower seeds (CCT heading No ex 12.01) (u.a./100 kg)

	Colza and rape seed	Sunflower seed
Subsidy	8.654	11.382
Subsidy in the case of advance fixing:		
— for the month of May 1978	8.654	11.382
— for the month of June 1978	8.654	11.449
— for the month of July 1978	6.526 ⁽¹⁾	11.449
— for the month of August 1978	7.178 ⁽¹⁾	11.449
— for the month of September 1978	7.482 ⁽¹⁾	—
— for the month of October 1978	10.079 ⁽¹⁾	—

⁽¹⁾ Subject to confirmation.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1068/78

of 22 May 1978

fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 852/78⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza and rape seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9(4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza and rape seed;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 190/78 of 31 January 1978 fixing the amount of the subsidy

on oil seeds⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1067/78⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas, to enable the price system to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas, applying all these provisions, the world market price for colza and rape seed should be fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 and the rates to be used for converting them into national currencies shall be as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 May 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

(1) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

(2) OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

(4) OJ No L 116, 28. 4. 1978, p. 6.

(5) OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

(6) OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

(7) OJ No L 27, 1. 2. 1978, p. 24.

(8) See page 11 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

World market price applicable from 23 May 1978 for colza and rape seed (CCT heading No ex 12.01)

	u.a./100 kg ⁽¹⁾
World market price	22-004
World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance :	
— for the month of May 1978	22-004
— for the month of June 1978	22-004
— for the month of July 1978	22-004
— for the month of August 1978	21-352
— for the month of September 1978	21-352
— for the month of October 1978	19-059

⁽¹⁾ The conversion rates from units of account into national currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following :

1 u.a. = DM	3-15665
1 u.a. = Fl	3-35507
1 u.a. = Bfr/Lfr	48-6572
1 u.a. = FF	6-95531
1 u.a. = Dkr	8-56656
1 u.a. = £	0-820513
1 u.a. = I £	0-820513
1 u.a. = Lit	1 300-00

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1069/78

of 22 May 1978

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1034/77⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 824/78 of 25 April 1978 fixing the reference price for tomatoes for the month of May 1978⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of Class I at 77.53 units of account per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 668/78⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into

consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficients fixed in Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 824/78;

Whereas, for Moroccan tomatoes, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 2.19 units of account per 100 kilograms net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Morocco.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 May 1978.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 125, 19. 5. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 114, 26. 4. 1978, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 90, 5. 4. 1978, p. 5.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1070/78
of 22 May 1978
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 705/78⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1436/77⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1034/78⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1436/77 to the information at present available to the Commis-

sion that the levies at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The levies referred to in Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 are, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 May 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 May 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1978, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 161, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 132, 20. 5. 1978, p. 80.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 May 1978 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

<i>(u.a. / 100 kg)</i>		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form :	
	A. White sugar ; flavoured or coloured sugar	27.11
	B. Raw sugar	21.87 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

EURONORMS

The Commission of the European Communities (ECSC) has published the following new EURNORMS in German, English, French, Italian and Dutch. The EURNORMS which are available up to the present in English are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Sales prices valid from 1 July 1976.

			Price in £
	Circulaire d'information n° 1	Échantillons types pour les analyses chimiques des produits sidérurgiques, 2 ^e édition (1974)	1.45
	EURONORM 20-74	Définitions et classification des nuances d'aciers, 2 ^e édition	0.85
	EURONORM 27-74	Désignation conventionnelle des aciers, 3 ^e édition	1.20
	(*) EURONORM 92-75	Hot-rolled flats for spring leaves	0.60
	EURONORM 94-73	Aciers pour roulements — Prescriptions de qualité	0.60
	(*) EURONORM 107-75	Grain oriented magnetic sheet and strip	2.20
	(*) EURONORM 117-75	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1.70
	EURONORM 118-75	Méthodes de détermination des caractéristiques magnétiques des tôles magnétiques à l'aide du cadre Epstein de 25 cm	1.70
	EURONORM 119-74	Aciers pour frappe à froid et extrusion à froid — Prescriptions de qualité — fasc. 1 à fasc. 5	4.40
	(*) EURONORM 122-75	Verification of Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1.70
	(*) EURONORM 123-75	High temperature tests — Creep test for steel	1.10

The following is a list of all the EURNORMS so far published :

EURONORM	1-55	Fontes et ferro-alliages	1.35
EURONORM	2-57	Essai de traction pour l'acier	0.85
EURONORM	3-55	Essai de dureté Brinell pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	4-55	Essai de dureté Rockwell échelles B et C pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	5-55	Essai de dureté Vickers pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	6-55	Essai de pliage pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	7-55	Essai de résilience Charpy pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	8-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives de la durée et de la résistance à la traction de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	9-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des allongements après rupture de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	10-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des résiliences de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	11-55	Essai de traction sur tôles et feuillards en acier d'une épaisseur de 0,5 mm inclus à 3 mm exclu	0.75
EURONORM	12-55	Essai de pliage des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONORM	13-55	Essai de pliage alterné des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONORM	14-67	Essai d'emboutissage à flans bloqués	0.60
EURONORM	15-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Examen de la surface	0.60
EURONORM	16-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Nuances et qualités	0.75
EURONORM	17-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Dimensions et tolérances	1.60
EURONORM	18-57	Prélèvements et préparation des échantillons et des éprouvettes	0.60
EURONORM	19-57	Poutrelles IPE — Poutrelles à ailes parallèles	0.60
EURONORM	21-62	Conditions générales techniques de livraison pour les produits en acier	0.60
EURONORM	22-70	Détermination ou vérification de la limite d'élasticité de l'acier à température élevée	0.75
EURONORM	23-71	Essai de trempabilité par trempe en bout de l'acier — Essai Jominy	1.35
EURONORM	24-62	Poutrelles normales et profilés en U normaux — Tolérances de laminage	0.60
EURONORM	25-72	Aciers de construction d'usage général	1.85
EURONORM	26-63	Essais conventionnels de dureté Rockwell pour tôles et feuillards minces en acier	0.60
EURONORM	28-69	Tôles et bandes en aciers non alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1.20

EURONORM	29-69	Tôles en acier laminées à chaud d'épaisseur égale ou supérieure à 3 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-85
EURONORM	30-69	Demi-produits pour forges en aciers de construction d'usage général — Nuances et qualités	1-00
EURONORM	31-69	Demi-produits pour forges — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM	32-66	Tôles minces en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Norme de qualité	1-10
EURONORM	33-70	Tôles et larges bandes d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm, en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Tolérances sur les dimensions et sur la forme	0-75
EURONORM	34-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM	35-62	Barres et laminés marchands d'usage courant — Tolérances de laminage . . .	0-60
EURONORM	36-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM	37-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gazométrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
EURONORM	38-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone de trempe et du graphite dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique et volumétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM	39-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode titrimétrique après oxydation au persulfate	0-60
EURONORM	40-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
EURONORM	41-65	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du phosphore dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode alcalimétrique	0-60
EURONORM	42-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du soufre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
EURONORM	43-72	Tôles et bandes en aciers alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1-10
EURONORM	44-63	Poutrelles IPE laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM	45-63	Essai de choc sur éprouvette bi-appuyée à entaille en V	0-60
EURONORM	46-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers doux non alliés — Norme de qualité, prescriptions générales	1-10
EURONORM	47-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers de construction d'usage général — Norme de qualité	1-10
EURONORM	48-65	Feuillards laminés à chaud en aciers non alliés — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM	49-72	Mesure de la rugosité des produits minces en acier laminés à froid et non revêtus	0-60
EURONORM	50-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'azote dans les aciers — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-85
EURONORM	51-70	Bandes laminées à chaud de largeur égale ou supérieure à 600 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM	52-67	Vocabulaire du traitement thermique	8-15
EURONORM	53-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à face parallèles	0-60
EURONORM	54-63	Petits fers U laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	55-63	Fers T à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	56-65	Cornières à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	57-65	Cornières à ailes inégales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	58-64	Plats laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM	59-64	Carrés laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM	60-65	Ronds laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM	61-71	Hexagones laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	65-67	Barres rondes laminées à chaud pour vis et rivets	0-60
EURONORM	66-67	Demi-ronds et demi-ronds aplatis, laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	67-69	Plats à boudins laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	70-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM	71-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode électrométrique	0-60
EURONORM	72-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'aluminium dans les aciers — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60

EURONORM 74-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du cuivre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 76-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-60
EURONORM 77-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Normes de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 78-63	Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Tolérances sur dimensions	0-60
EURONORM 79-69	Définitions et classification des produits sidérurgiques par formes et dimensions	0-85
EURONORM 80-69	Aciers pour armatures passives du béton — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10
EURONORM 81-69	Ronds à béton lisses laminés à chaud — Dimensions, poids, tolérances	0-60
EURONORM 83-70	Aciers pour trempe et revenu — Prescriptions de qualité	2-70
EURONORM 84-70	Aciers de cémentation — Prescriptions de qualité	2-20
EURONORM 85-70	Aciers de nitruration — Prescriptions de qualité	1-00
EURONORM 86-70	Aciers pour trempe par induction et au chalumeau — Prescriptions de qualité	1-70
EURONORM 87-70	Aciers de décolletage — Prescriptions de qualité (fascicules 1 à 4)	2-20
EURONORM 88-71	Aciers inoxydables — Prescriptions de qualité	1-85
EURONORM 89-71	Aciers alliés pour ressorts formés à chaud et traités — Prescriptions de qualité	1-10
EURONORM 90-71	Aciers pour soupapes d'échappement de moteurs à combustion interne — Prescriptions de qualité	0-85
EURONORM 91-70	Larges plats laminés à chaud — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM 93-71	Barres rondes, carrées, plates et hexagonales laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM 98-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans le ferromanganèse — Méthode électrométrique	0-60
EURONORM 100-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du chrome dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
EURONORM 103-71	Détermination micrographique de la grosseur du grain ferritique ou austénitique des aciers	3-15
EURONORM 104-70	Détermination de la profondeur de décarburation des aciers de construction non alliés et faiblement alliés	0-60
EURONORM 105-71	Détermination et vérification de la profondeur conventionnelle de cémentation	0-60
EURONORM 106-71	Bandes et tôles magnétiques à grains non orientés laminées à froid et à chaud	1-70
EURONORM 108-72	Fil machine rond en acier pour articles de boulonnerie formés à froid — Dimensions et tolérances	0-60
EURONORM 109-72	Essais conventionnels de dureté Rockwell — Échelles Rockwell HRN et HRT — Échelles Rockwell HRB' et HR 30 T' pour produits minces	1-10
EURONORM 113-72	Aciers de construction soudables de qualité spéciale — Fascicules 1 à 3 . . .	2-20
EURONORM 114-72	Détermination de la résistance à la corrosion intergranulaire des aciers inoxydables austénitiques — Essai de corrosion en milieu acide sulfurique-sulfate cuivrique (essai dit de Monypenny-Strauß)	0-60
EURONORM 116-72	Détermination de la profondeur conventionnelle de trempe après chauffage superficiel	0-60
EURONORM 120-72	Tôles et bandes pour bouteilles à gaz soudées en acier	0-60
EURONORM 121-72	Détermination de la résistance à l'attaque intergranulaire des aciers inoxydables austénitiques - Essai de corrosion en milieu nitrique par mesure de perte de masse (Essai dit de Huey)	0-60

These publications can be obtained from the national standards institutions, viz.

in the Federal Republic of Germany :

Beuth-Vertrieb GmbH
Burggrafenstraße 4-7, 1 Berlin 30

in Belgium and Luxembourg :

Institut belge de normalisation — IBN —
29, avenue de la Brabançonne, 1040 Bruxelles

in France :

Association française de normalisation — AFNOR —
Tour Europe, Cedex 7, 92 080 Paris - La Défense

in Italy :

Ente nazionale italiano di unificazione — UNI —
Piazza A. Diaz, 2, Milan

in the Netherlands :

Nederlands Normalisatie-Instituut — NNI —
Rijswijk (ZH), Polakweg 5

in the United Kingdom :

British Standards Institution (BSI),
2 Park Street, London W1A 2BS

Interested residents of third countries are asked to contact the Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, Boîte postale 1003, Luxembourg 1.