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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 801/78**of 21 April 1978****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1729/77⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1729/77 to the

offer prices and today's quotations known to the
Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the table
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22 April
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 21 April 1978 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	86.88
10.01 B	Durum wheat	130.32 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	81.37 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	75.09
10.04	Oats	76.77
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	71.36 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	77.40 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	78.04 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	133.56
11.01 B	Rye flour	125.84
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	213.09
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	142.85

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments, the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 802/78**of 21 April 1978****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1730/77⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be

altered as shown in the tables annexed to this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The scale of the premiums to be added, pursuant to
Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, to the
import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals
and malt is hereby fixed as shown in the tables
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22 April
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 21 April 1978 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 4	1st period 5	2nd period 6	3rd period 7
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0.32	0.32	0.97
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0.97	0.97	0.97
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0.97	0.97	1.61
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0.46	0.46	1.36

B. Malt

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 4	1st period 5	2nd period 6	3rd period 7	4th period 8
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0.57	0.57	1.73	1.73
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0.43	0.43	1.29	1.29
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 803/78**of 21 April 1978****altering the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3477/73⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77⁽⁶⁾, laid down detailed rules of application for Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72; whereas the components used to calculate the differential amounts were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1423/77⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No

712/78⁽⁸⁾; whereas, in the case of the French franc, the difference referred to in Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 for the period 12 to 18 April 1978 has changed, by reference to the representative rate valid on 24 April 1978, by at least one point from the percentage used for the previous fixing; whereas this fact should be taken into account when fixing the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed where those components are already applied in respect of the Member State concerned,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 1423/77 is hereby replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 357, 28. 12. 1973, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 160, 30. 6. 1977, p. 33.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 94, 8. 4. 1978, p. 16.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 21 April 1978 altering the components used to calculate the differential amounts for colza and rape seed

	Target price corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Subsidy or refund corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Differential component (coefficient to be applied to the target price)	
1. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Germany or exported from that country :	+ 0.0750	— 0.0750	+	—
— harvested in Germany			—	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			—	0.0619
— harvested in France			—	0.2125
— harvested in Denmark			—	0.0750
— harvested in Ireland			—	0.1753
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.3459
— harvested in Italy			—	0.2748
2. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in the BLEU and in the Netherlands or re-exported from that country :	+ 0.0140	— 0.0140	+	—
-- harvested in Germany			0.0659	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			—	—
— harvested in France			—	0.1606
— harvested in Denmark			—	0.0140
— harvested in Ireland			—	0.1210
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.3029
— harvested in Italy			—	0.2270
3. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Denmark or exported from that country :	Nil	Nil	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.0811	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.0142	—
— harvested in France			—	0.1487
— harvested in Denmark			—	—
— harvested in Ireland			—	0.1085
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.2930
-- harvested in Italy			—	0.2160
4. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in France or exported from that country :	— 0.1746	+ 0.1746	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.2699	—
-- harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.1913	—
-- harvested in France			—	—
— harvested in Denmark			0.1746	—
— harvested in Ireland			0.0476	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.1695
— harvested in Italy			—	0.0791

	Target price corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Subsidy or refund corrective (coefficient to be applied)	Differential component (coefficient to be applied to the target price)	
5. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in the United Kingdom or exported from that country :	— 0.4144 (a) — 0.3083 (b)	+ 0.4144 (a) + 0.3083 (b)	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.5290	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.4344	—
— harvested in France			0.2041	—
— harvested in Denmark			0.4144	—
— harvested in Ireland			0.2609	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	—
— harvested in Italy			0.1088	—
6. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Ireland or exported from that country :	— 0.1217	+ 0.1217	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.2126	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.1376	—
— harvested in France			—	0.0451
— harvested in Denmark			0.1217	—
— harvested in Ireland			—	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.2069
— harvested in Italy			—	0.1206
7. Colza and rape seed, processed for oil production in Italy or exported from that country :	— 0.2755 (a) — 0.1987 (b)	+ 0.2755 (a) + 0.1987 (b)	+	—
— harvested in Germany			0.3790	—
— harvested in the BLEU or in the Netherlands			0.2937	—
— harvested in France			0.0859	—
— harvested in Denmark			0.2755	—
— harvested in Ireland			0.1371	—
— harvested in the United Kingdom			—	0.0982
— harvested in Italy			—	—

(a) For a subsidy or an export refund prefixed from the date on which this Regulation enters into force and for putting under control or for export up to 30 June 1978.

(b) For a subsidy or an export refund prefixed from the date on which this Regulation enters into force and for putting under control or for export from 1 July 1978.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 804/78

of 21 April 1978

fixing the world market price for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3477/73⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza and rape seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza and rape seed;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 190/78 of 31 January 1978 fixing the amount of the subsidy

on oil seeds⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 797/78⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas, to enable the price system to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas, applying all these provisions, the world market price for colza and rape seed should be fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 and the rates to be used for converting them into national currencies shall be as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 357, 28. 12. 1973, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 27, 1. 2. 1978, p. 24.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 107, 21. 4. 1978, p. 7.

*ANNEX***World market price applicable from 24 April 1978 for colza and rape seed (CCT heading No ex 12.01)**

	<i>u.a./100 kg ⁽¹⁾</i>
World market price	20·970
World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance :	
— for the month of April 1978	20·970
— for the month of May 1978	20·970
— for the month of June 1978	20·809
— for the month of July 1978	20·809
— for the month of August 1978	20·809
— for the month of September 1978	20·476

⁽¹⁾ The conversion rates from units of account into national currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following :

1 u.a. = DM	3·15665
1 u.a. = Fl	3·35507
1 u.a. = Bfr/Lfr	48·6572
1 u.a. = FF	7·04891
1 u.a. = Dkr	8·56656
1 u.a. = £	0·829717
1 u.a. = I £	0·829717
1 u.a. = Lit	1 313·81

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 805/78

of 21 April 1978

amending Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 on the sale of butter at reduced prices for use in the manufacture of pastry products and ice-cream

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (7) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 985/68 of 15 July 1968 laying down general rules for intervention on the market in butter and cream⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2714/72⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 7a thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 of 30 January 1975 on the sale of butter at reduced prices for use in the manufacture of pastry products and ice-cream⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 367/78⁽⁶⁾, lays down that butter put up for

sale must have entered into storage before 1 November 1977; whereas, as a result of the development of stocks in the Community, this date should be changed to 1 January 1978;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 232/75 the date '1 November 1977' is hereby replaced by '1 January 1978'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 18. 7. 1968, p. 1.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 291, 28. 12. 1972, p. 15.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 24, 31. 1. 1975, p. 45.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 52, 23. 2. 1978, p. 12.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 806/78

of 21 April 1978

opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of common wheat as food aid for the Islamic Republic of Mauritania

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down the conditions for the mobilization of cereals as food aid⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas on 31 January 1978 the Council of the European Communities declared that by way of Community action it proposed to grant the Islamic Republic of Mauritania 7 000 tonnes of common wheat under its 1977/78 food-aid programme;

Whereas pursuant to Article 3 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 the goods may be purchased anywhere on the Community market;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender should be for supply of the products placed on the quay at the port of unloading;

Whereas tenders may be submitted by tenderers established in any Member State of the Community and may relate to products mobilized anywhere within those Member States; whereas, in view of the currency situation in the Member States and in order to ensure that the tenders are as comparable as possible, account should be taken of the effect on each tender of the currency situation in the Member State in which the customs export formalities will be completed;

Whereas the award under the invitation to tender must be made in favour of the tenderer offering the best terms;

Whereas, should *force majeure* make it impossible to complete the operation in question within the set time limits, it should be made clear who is to bear the liability for any resulting costs;

Whereas provisions should be made for security to be given for the purpose of guaranteeing that the obligations arising by virtue of participation in the invita-

tion to tender for supplies to the Islamic Republic of Mauritania will be fulfilled;

Whereas the French intervention agency should be made responsible for the tendering procedure in question;

Whereas the Commission must be informed quickly of the tenders submitted in response to the invitation and of those accepted by the intervention agency;

Whereas the Monetary Committee will be consulted; whereas, in view of the urgency, the measures envisaged should be adopted in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the supply to the Islamic Republic of Mauritania by way of Community food-aid action of 7 000 tonnes of common wheat.

2. The tendering procedure shall take place in France in two lots. The product shall be mobilized on the Community market. The product shall be loaded for the departure from any Community port.

3. The invitation to tender provided for in paragraph 1 is for supply of products delivered on the quay in one of the ports of unloading listed in the Annex.

4. The successful tenderer shall deliver the product specified in paragraph 1 in new jute sacks of a net capacity of 50 kilograms.

The minimum weight of the sacks shall be 600 grams. The following shall be printed on the sacks:

'Froment tendre/Don de la Communauté économique européenne à la Mauritanie'.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

To allow for the possibility of re-bagging, the successful tenderer shall supply 2 % of new empty sacks, of the same quality as those containing the goods but with the printing followed by a capital letter 'R'.

Article 2

1. The decision on tenders received in response to the invitation provided for in Article 1 shall be taken on 5 May 1978.
2. The closing date for submission of tenders shall be 5 May 1978, 12 noon.
3. The notice of invitation to tender shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* not less than nine days before the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 3

1. The prices offered must be expressed in the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender was issued.
2. Tenders must in particular mention the Member State in which the tenderer, in the event of his being declared successful, expects to complete the customs export formalities for the products concerned.
3. For the purpose of rendering the tenders comparable, the prices shall, where appropriate, be corrected by the monetary compensatory amount applicable on the closing date for submission of tenders to exports from the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to paragraph 2.

Such correction shall be made by:

- increasing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has depreciated,
- reducing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has been revalued.

Such monetary compensatory amount shall, where appropriate, be converted into the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued using:

- in the case when the currencies concerned are kept at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a conversion rate resulting from their central rate,
- in other cases, the average of the spot rates of the currencies concerned recorded in the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued during a period from the Wednesday of one week to the Tuesday of the following week being the period immediately preceding the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 4

The contract shall be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms, taking into consideration the adjustment referred to in Article 3 (3).

However, if the tenders submitted do not appear to reflect normal market prices and costs, the intervention agency may cancel the invitation to tender.

Article 5

1. The tenderer shall give security in an amount of five units of account per tonne of goods.

It shall be released:

- in the case of all tenderers whose tenders are unsuccessful or are not accepted,
 - in the case of the successful tenderer, when the operations concerned have been carried out within the prescribed time limit and on submission of the original export licence duly granted and endorsed by the competent authorities of the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to Article 3 (2),
 - in the case of the successful tenderer for quantities not supplied by reason of *force majeure*.
2. The security required under paragraph 1 may be provided in the form of a cash deposit or of a guarantee issued by a credit institution conforming to criteria laid down by each Member State.

Article 6

The common wheat referred to in Article 1 to be supplied to the Islamic Republic of Mauritania must be of fair and sound merchantable quality and correspond at least to the standard quality for which the intervention price is fixed, except that the moisture content shall not exceed 15.5 % and that a maximum of 3 % of sprouted grains and 1.5 % of miscellaneous impurities shall be allowed.

Article 7

1. The French intervention agency shall be responsible for organizing the invitation to tender provided for by this Regulation.
2. It shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the list of firms which have responded to the invitation to tender, specifying the terms of each tender, together with the name and business name of the successful tenderer.
3. Where the customs export formalities for the mobilized product are completed in a Member State other than that in which the invitation to tender is issued, the intervention agency of the latter Member State shall be responsible for the operations following tendering, including payment to the successful tenderer.

In such case, the intervention agency choosing the successful tenderer shall immediately inform the intervention agency of the Member State concerned and

shall supply it with all the information which it may require.

Furthermore, the amount of the successful tender shall be paid after it has been converted using the average of the spot rates referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 3 (3) to the tenderer in the currency of the Member State in which the operations relating to the tendering are completed.

4. The intervention agency shall request the successful tenderer to supply the following information :

- (a) after each shipment a certificate showing the quantities dispatched and the quality of the products ;
- (b) the date of departure of the ships ;
- (c) all possible contingencies which might occur during transportation of the products.

The information indicated above shall be forwarded by the intervention agency to the Commission immediately upon receipt.

5. When the intervention agency responsible for the operations relating to tendering is not the intervention agency which appoints the successful tenderer, it shall send as soon as possible to the latter the information necessary for releasing the security.

Article 8

As regards this tender, the intervention agency is authorized to make an initial payment of 80 % of the value of the quantity given in the bill of lading, on presentation of that document and subject to the taking of a security for an amount equal to the initial payment.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

Number of lot	Port of unloading	Minimum rate of unloading	Tonnage cif
1	Nouadhibou	} Customs of the port	2 000
2	Nouakchott		5 000

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 807/78

of 21 April 1978

opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of maize as food aid for the Republic of Upper Volta

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down the conditions for the mobilization of cereals as food aid⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas on 30 January 1978 the Council of the European Communities declared that by way of Community action it proposed to grant the Republic of Upper Volta of 8 500 tonnes of maize under its 1977/78 food-aid programme ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 3 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 the goods may be purchased anywhere on the Community market ;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender should be for supply of the products delivered to Ouagadougou ;

Whereas tenders may be submitted by tenderers established in any Member State of the Community and may relate to products mobilized anywhere within those Member States ; whereas, in view of the currency situation in the Member States and in order to ensure that the tenders are as comparable as possible, account should be taken of the effect on each tender of the currency situation in the Member State in which the customs export formalities will be completed ;

Whereas the contract should be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms ;

Whereas in case it should be impossible for reasons of *force majeure* to complete the operation in question within the set time limits, it must be made clear who is to bear any costs resulting therefrom ;

Whereas provision should be made for security to be given to guarantee fulfilment of the obligations arising by virtue of participation in the invitation to tender ;

Whereas the French intervention agency should be made responsible for the tendering procedure in question ;

Whereas the Commission must be informed quickly of the tenders submitted in response to the invitation and of those accepted by the intervention agency ;

Whereas the Monetary Committee will be consulted ; whereas, in view of the urgency, the measures envisaged should be adopted in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the supply, by way of Community food-aid action, to the Republic of Upper Volta of 8 500 tonnes of maize.

2. The tendering procedure shall take place in France in one lot. The product shall be mobilized on the Community market. The product shall be loaded for departure from any Community port.

3. The invitation to tender provided for in paragraph 1 is for supply of the products delivered to Ouagadougou.

4. The successful tenderer shall deliver the product specified in paragraph 1 in new jute sacks of a net capacity of 50 kilograms.

Minimum weight of the sacks shall be 600 grams. The following shall be printed on the sacks :

Maïs / Don de la Communauté économique européenne à la Haute Volta'.

To allow for the possibility of re-bagging the successful tenderer shall supply 2 % of new empty sacks of the same quality as those containing the goods but with the printing followed by a capital letter 'R'.

(1) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

(4) OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

(5) OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

Article 2

1. The decision on tenders received in response to the invitation provided for in Article 1 shall be taken on 5 May 1978.
2. The closing date for submission of tenders shall be 5 May 1978, at 12 noon.
3. The notice of invitation to tender shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* not less than nine days before the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 3

1. The prices offered must be expressed in the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender was issued.
2. Tenders must in particular mention the Member State in which the tenderer, in the event of his being declared successful, expects to complete the customs export formalities for the products concerned.
3. For the purpose of rendering the tenders comparable, the prices shall, where appropriate, be corrected by the monetary compensatory amount applicable on the closing date for submission of tenders to exports from the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to paragraph 2.

Such correction shall be made by:

- increasing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has depreciated or a new Member State,
- reducing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has been revalued.

The monetary compensatory amount shall, where appropriate, be converted into the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued using:

- in the case when the currencies concerned are kept at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a conversion rate resulting from their central rate,
- in the other cases, the average of the spot rates of the currencies concerned recorded in the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued during a period from the Wednesday of one week to the Tuesday of the following week being the period immediately preceding the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 4

The contract shall be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms, taking into consideration the adjustment referred to in Article 3 (3).

However, if the tenders submitted do not appear to reflect normal market prices and costs, the intervention agency may cancel the invitation to tender.

Article 5

1. The tenderer shall give security of a value of five units of account per tonne of goods.

It shall be released:

- in the case of all tenderers whose tenders are unsuccessful or are not accepted,
- in the case of the successful tenderer, when the operations concerned have been carried out within the prescribed time limit and on submission of the original export licence duly granted and endorsed by the competent authorities of the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to Article 3 (2),
- in the case of the successful tenderer for quantities not supplied by reason of *force majeure*.

2. The security required under paragraph 1 may be provided in the form of a cash deposit or of a guarantee issued by a credit institution conforming to criteria laid down by each Member State.

Article 6

The product referred to in Article 1 must be of fair and sound merchantable quality and correspond at least to the standard quality for which the intervention price is fixed.

If the product does not meet these requirements it shall be refused.

Article 7

1. The French intervention agency shall be responsible for organizing the invitation to tender provided for by this Regulation.

2. It shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the list of firms which have responded to the invitation to tender, specifying the terms of each tender, together with the name and business name of the successful tenderer.

3. Where the customs export formalities for the mobilized product are completed in a Member State other than that in which the invitation to tender is issued, the intervention agency of the latter Member State shall be responsible for the operations following tendering, including payment to the successful tenderer.

In this case, the intervention agency choosing the successful tenderer shall immediately inform the intervention agency of the Member State concerned and shall supply it with all the information which it may require.

Furthermore, the amount of the successful tender shall be paid after it has been converted using the average of the spot rates referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 3 (3) to the tenderer in the

currency of the Member State in which the operations relating to the tendering are completed.

4. The intervention agency shall request the successful tenderer to supply the following information :

- (a) after each shipment a certificate showing the quantities dispatched and the quality of the products ;
- (b) the date of the departure of the ships ; the expected date of arrival of the products at their destination ;
- (c) all possible contingencies which might occur during transportation of the products.

The intervention agency shall transmit the information provided for to the Commission as soon as it is received.

5. When the intervention agency responsible for the operations relating to tendering is not the interven-

tion agency which appoints the successful tenderer, it shall send as soon as possible to the latter the information necessary for releasing the security.

Article 8

As regards this tender the intervention agency is authorized to make an initial payment of 80 % of the value of the quantity given in the bill of lading, on presentation of that document and subject to the taking of a security for an amount equal to the initial payment.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 808/78

of 21 April 1978

opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of rolled oats as food aid
for the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2750/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down the condi-
tions for the mobilization of cereals as food aid⁽³⁾, and
in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas on 8 February 1977 the Council of the Euro-
pean Communities declared that it proposed, by way
of Community action, to grant the equivalent of 4 898
tonnes of oats, in the form of 2 449 tonnes of rolled
oats, to UNICEF under its 1976/77 food-aid
programme;

Whereas pursuant to Article 3 (3) of Council Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2750/75 the goods may be purchased
anywhere on the Community market;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender should be
for supply of the products to the dock or in the
lighter where applicable at the port of unloading;

Whereas tenders may be submitted by tenderers esta-
blished in any Member State of the Community and
may relate to products mobilized anywhere within
those Member States; whereas, in view of the currency
situation in the Member States and in order to ensure
that the tenders are as comparable as possible, account
should be taken of the effect on each tender of the
currency situation in the Member State in which the
customs export formalities will be completed;

Whereas the award under the invitation to tender
must be made in favour of the tenderer offering the
best terms;

Whereas provision should be made for security to be
given to guarantee fulfilment of obligations arising by
virtue of participation in the invitation to tender for
the supply of goods to UNICEF;

Whereas the Dutch intervention agency should be
made responsible for organizing the invitation to
tender;

Whereas it is important that the Commission be
informed without delay of the tenders submitted in
response to the invitation and of those accepted by
the intervention agency;

Whereas the Monetary Committee will be consulted;
whereas, in view of the urgency, the measures envis-
aged should be adopted in accordance with the condi-
tions laid down in Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation
No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the
exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the
common agricultural policy⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁵⁾, and in particular
Article 3 thereof;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. An invitation to tender shall be issued in respect
of the supply of 2 449 tonnes of rolled oats to
UNICEF by way of Community food-aid action.
2. The tendering procedure shall take place in the
Netherlands in three lots. The product shall be mobi-
lized on the Community market. The product shall be
loaded for departure from a Community port.
3. The invitation to tender provided for in para-
graph 1 is for supply of producers to the dock, or in
the lighter where applicable in one of the ports of
unloading listed in the Annex hereto.
4. The successful tenderer shall deliver the
products specified in paragraph 1 in sacks of 25 kilo-
grams net according to the conditions laid down in
the Annex hereto.

Article 2

1. The decision on tenders received in response to
the invitation provided for in Article 1 shall be taken
on 5 May 1978.
2. The closing date for submission of tenders shall
be 5 May 1978, at 12 noon.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

3. The notice of invitation to tender shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* not less than nine days before the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 3

1. The prices offered must be expressed in the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender was issued.

2. Tenders must in particular mention the Member State in which the tenderer, in the event of his being declared successful, expects to complete the customs export formalities for the products concerned.

3. For the purpose of rendering the tenders comparable, the prices shall, where appropriate, be corrected by the monetary compensatory amount applicable on the closing date for submission of tenders to exports from the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to paragraph 2.

Such correction shall be made by:

- increasing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has depreciated or a new Member State,
- reducing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has been revalued.

The monetary compensatory amount shall, where appropriate, be converted into the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued using:

- in the case when the currencies concerned are kept at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a conversion rate resulting from their central rate,
- in the other cases, the average of the spot rates of the currencies concerned recorded in the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued during a period from the Wednesday of one week to the Tuesday of the following week being the period immediately preceding the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 4

The contract shall be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms, taking into consideration the adjustment referred to in Article 3 (3).

However, if the tenders submitted do not appear to reflect normal market prices and costs, the intervention agency may cancel the invitation to tender.

Article 5

1. The tenderer shall give security in an amount of 10 units of account per tonne of goods.

It shall be released:

- in the case of all tenderers whose tenders are unsuccessful or are not accepted,

— in the case of the successful tenderer, when the operations concerned have been carried out within the prescribed time limit and on submission of the original export licence duly granted and endorsed by the competent authorities of the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to Article 3 (2),

— in the case of the successful tenderer for quantities not supplied by reason of *force majeure*.

2. The security required under paragraph 1 may be provided in the form of a cash deposit or of a guarantee issued by a credit institution conforming to criteria laid down by each Member State.

Article 6

1. The rolled oats referred to in Article 1 to be supplied to UNICEF must meet the requirements contained in the Annex hereto.

Oats not meeting these requirements shall be refused.

2. Tenders for supply to UNICEF of the rolled oats referred to in Article 1 must relate to a product with the characteristics contained in the Annex hereto.

Article 7

1. The Dutch intervention agency shall be responsible for operations relating to the invitation to tender provided for by this Regulation.

2. It shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the list of firms which have responded to the invitation to tender, specifying the terms of each tender, together with the name and business name of the successful tenderer.

3. Where the customs export formalities for the mobilized product are completed in a Member State other than that in which the invitation to tender is issued, the intervention agency of the latter Member State shall be responsible for the operations following tendering including payment to the successful tenderer.

such case, the intervention agency choosing the successful tenderer shall immediately inform the intervention agency of the Member State concerned and shall supply it with the information which it may require.

Furthermore, the amount of the successful tender shall be paid after it has been converted using the average of the spot rates referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 3 (3) to the tenderer in the currency of the Member State in which the operations relating to the tendering are completed.

4. The intervention agency shall request the successful tenderer to supply the following information:

- (a) after each shipment a certificate showing the quantities dispatched and the quality of the products;
- (b) the date of the departure of the vessels, the expected date of arrival of the products at their destination;
- (c) all possible contingencies which might occur during transportation of the products.

The information indicated above shall be forwarded by the intervention agency to the Commission immediately upon receipt.

5. When the intervention agency responsible for the operations relating to tendering is not the intervention agency which appoints the successful tenderer, it shall send as soon as possible to the latter the information necessary for releasing the security.

Article 8

As regards this tender the intervention agency is authorized to make an initial payment of 80 % of the value of the quantity given in the bill of lading, on presentation of that document and subject to the taking of a security for an amount equal to the initial payment.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

SPECIFICATIONS

Production of quick-cooking oat flakes :

Raw oats : First quality high-density oats.

Cleaning and preparation : Oats to be cleaned of extraneous matter, debittered and stabilized by treatment with steam.

Hulling : Oats to be size-classified and hulled. After separation of husks, oat kernels to be scoured and polished.

Groats : Oat kernels to be cut, sorted and air-cleaned. Groats dampened and pre-cooked with steam, then rolled to flakes.

Oat flakes : To be packaged in 25 kg bags (2 % empty bags).

Bag composition :

- four bags of Kraft paper, of a strength corresponding to a weight of at least 70 g/m² ;
- one interposed bag made of tarred paper of a strength corresponding to a weight of at least 140 g/m² ;
- one double-bound polyethylene internal pocket at least 0.06 mm thick ;
- top and bottom seals of bag to be pasted ;
- insect repellent to be applied to outside of bag.

To allow for the possibility of re-bagging, the successful tenderer shall supply 2 % of new empty sacks of the same quality as those containing the goods but with the printing followed by a capital letter 'R'.

Quality of oat flakes :

Humidity : less than 12 %.

Ash content : less than 2.3 % of dry matter.

Crude fibre : less than 1.5 % of dry matter.

Husk content : less than 0.10 % of dry matter.

Protein content : not less than 14 % of dry matter.

No of lot	Port of unloading	Tonnage cif	Loading period	Inscription on the sacks
1	Bangkok	300	1. — 30. 5. 1978	Flocons d'avoine / Don de la Communauté économique européenne / Action du Fonds des Nations unies pour l'enfance (UNICEF)
2	Haiphong	1 075	1. — 30. 5. 1978	
3	Haiphong	1 074	1. — 30. 7. 1978	

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 809/78

of 21 April 1978

opening an invitation to tender for the mobilization of common wheat flour as food aid for the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down the conditions for the mobilization of cereals as food aid⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas on 30 January 1978 the Council of the European Communities declared that it proposed, by way of Community action, to grant the equivalent of 36 300 tonnes of common wheat (in other words 27 293 tonnes of common wheat flour) to UNRWA under its 1977/78 food-aid programme;

Whereas pursuant to Article 3 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2750/75 the goods may be purchased anywhere on the Community market;

Whereas the proposed invitation to tender should be for supply of the products to the dock or in the lighter where applicable at the port of unloading;

Whereas tenders may be submitted by tenderers established in any Member State of the Community and may relate to products mobilized anywhere within those Member States; whereas, in view of the currency situation in the Member States and in order to ensure that the tenders are as comparable as possible, account should be taken of the effect on each tender of the currency situation in the Member State in which the customs exports formalities will be completed;

Whereas the award under the invitation to tender must be made to the tenderer offering the best terms;

Whereas, should *force majeure* make it impossible to complete the operation in question within the time limits specified, it must be made clear who is to bear the liability for any resulting costs;

Whereas provision should be made for security to be given to guarantee fulfilment of the obligations arising by virtue of participation in the invitation to tender;

Whereas the Dutch intervention agency should be made responsible for organizing the invitation to tender;

Whereas the Commission must be informed quickly of the tenders submitted in response to the invitation and of those accepted by the intervention agency;

Whereas the Monetary Committee will be consulted; whereas, in view of the urgency, the measures envisaged should be adopted in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the supply to UNRWA, by way of Community food-aid action, of 27 293 tonnes of common wheat flour.

2. The tendering procedure shall take place in the Netherlands in six lots. The product shall be mobilized on the Community market. The product shall be loaded for departure from a Community port.

3. The invitation to tender provided for in paragraph 1 is for supply of products to the dock, or in the lighter where applicable in one of the ports of unloading listed in the Annex hereto.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 89.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

4. The successful tenderer shall deliver the product specified in paragraph 1 in new jute sacks of a net capacity of 50 kilograms.

Minimum weight of the sacks shall be 600 grams. The following shall be printed on the sacks :

'Wheat flour / Gift of the European Economic Community / For free distribution to Palestine refugees.'

To allow for the possibility of re-bagging, the successful tenderer shall supply 2 % of new empty sacks, of the same quality as those containing the goods but with the printing followed by a capital letter 'R'.

Article 2

1. The decision on tenders received in response to the invitation provided for in Article 1 shall be taken on 5 May 1978.

2. The closing date for the submission of tenders shall be 5 May 1978 at 12 noon.

3. The notice of invitation to tender shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* not less than nine days, before the closing date for the submission of tenders.

Article 3

1. The prices offered must be expressed in the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender was issued.

2. Tenders must in particular mention the Member State in which the tenderer, in the event of his being declared successful, expects to complete the customs export formalities for the products concerned.

3. For the purpose of rendering the tenders comparable, the prices shall, where appropriate, be corrected by the monetary compensatory amount applicable on the closing date for submission of tenders to exports from the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to paragraph 2.

Such correction shall be made by :

- increasing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has depreciated or a new Member State,
- reducing prices which mention a Member State whose currency has been revalued.

The monetary compensatory amount shall, where appropriate, be converted into the currency of the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued using :

- in the case when the currencies concerned are kept at any given moment within a band of

2.25 %, a conversion rate resulting from their central rate,

- in other cases, the average of the spot rates of the currencies concerned recorded in the Member State in which the invitation to tender is issued during a period from the Wednesday of one week to the Tuesday of the following week being the period immediately preceding the closing date for submission of tenders.

Article 4

The contract shall be awarded to the tenderer offering the best terms, taking into consideration the adjustment referred to in Article 3 (3).

However, if the tenders submitted do not appear to reflect normal prices and costs, the intervention agency may cancel the invitation to tender.

Article 5

1. The tenderer shall give security in an amount of 10 units of account per tonne of goods.

It shall be released :

- in the case of all tenderers whose tenders are unsuccessful or are not accepted,
- in the case of the successful tenderer, when the operations concerned have been carried out within the prescribed time limit and on submission of the original export licence, duly granted and endorsed by the competent authorities of the Member State mentioned in the tender pursuant to Article 3 (2),
- in the case of the successful tenderer for quantities not supplied by reason of *force majeure*.

2. The security required under paragraph 1 may be provided in the form of a cash deposit or of a guarantee issued by a credit institution conforming to criteria laid down by each Member State.

Article 6

1. The common wheat flour referred to in Article 1 to be supplied to UNRWA must meet the following requirements :

- moisture : 14 % maximum,
- protein content : 10.5 % minimum ($N \times 6.25$ on dry matter),
- ash content : 0.62 % maximum referred to dry matter.

Flour not meeting these requirements shall be refused.

2. Tenders for supply to UNRWA of the common wheat flour referred to in Article 1 must relate to a product with the following characteristics :

- moisture : 14 % maximum,
- protein content : 10.5 % minimum ($N \times 6.25$ on dry matter),
- ash content : 0.62 % maximum referred to dry matter.

Article 7

1. The Dutch intervention agency shall be responsible for operations relating to the invitation to tender provided for by this Regulation.

2. It shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the list of firms which have responded to the invitation to tender, specifying the terms of each tender, together with the name and business name of the successful tenderer.

3. Where the customs export formalities for the mobilized product are completed in a Member State other than that in which the invitation to tender is issued, the intervention agency of the latter Member State shall be responsible for the operations following tendering, including payment to the successful tenderer.

In such case, the intervention agency choosing the successful tenderer shall immediately inform the intervention agency of the Member State concerned and shall supply it with all the information which it may require.

Furthermore, the amount of the successful tender shall be paid after it has been converted using the average of the spot rates referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 3 (3) to the tenderer in the

currency of the Member State in which the operations relating to the tendering are completed.

4. The intervention agency shall request the successful tenderer to supply the following information :

- (a) after each shipment, a statement giving details of the quantities loaded, the quality of the products and the type of packing ;
- (b) the date of the departure of the ships ; the estimated date of arrival of the products at their destination ;
- (c) all possible contingencies which might occur during transportation of the products.

The information indicated above shall be forwarded by the intervention to the Commission immediately upon receipt.

5. When the intervention agency responsible for the operations relating to tendering is not the intervention agency which appoints the successful tenderer, it shall send as soon as possible to the latter the information necessary for releasing the security.

Article 8

As regards this tender the intervention agency is authorized to make an initial payment of 80 % of the value of the quantity given in the bill of lading, on presentation of that document and subject to the taking of a security for an amount equal to the initial payment.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

No of lot	Port of unloading	Tonnage cif	Loading period
1	Beirut	4 000	1.—30. 6. 1978
2	Ashdod (pre-slung)	6 000	1.—30. 6. 1978
3	Aqaba	5 000	1.—30. 6. 1978
4	Beirut	3 843	1.—30. 8. 1978
5	Ashdod (pre-slung)	6 000	1.—30. 8. 1978
6	Aqaba	2 450	1.—30. 8. 1978

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 810/78**of 21 April 1978****amending Regulation (EEC) No 723/78 concerning promotional, publicity and market research measures within the Community in respect of milk and milk products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77 of 17 May 1977 on a co-responsibility levy and on measures for expanding the markets in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 4 (2) (a) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 723/78 of 10 April 1978 concerning promotional, publicity and market research measures within the Community in respect of milk and milk products⁽²⁾, lays down that the proposals concerning promotional and publicity measures must be submitted before 1 May 1978, without prejudice to paragraph 3 of the said Article;

Whereas, for technical reasons, there was a delay in publishing the last-mentioned Regulation and the

notice referred to in Article 4 (4) thereof to the intervention agencies; whereas the said time limit of 1 May 1978 should therefore be postponed;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 4 (2) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 723/78 the date '1 May 1978' is hereby amended to read '1 June 1978'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 131, 26. 5. 1977, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 98, 11. 4. 1978, p. 5.

COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION No 811/78/ECSC

of 21 April 1978

imposing a definitive anti-dumping duty on certain sheets and plates, of iron or steel, originating in Bulgaria, the German Democratic Republic and Romania

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community, and in particular Articles 74 and 86 thereof,

Having regard to Commission recommendation 77/329/ECSC of 15 April 1977 on protection against dumping or the granting of bounties or subsidies by countries which are not members of the European Coal and Steel Community⁽¹⁾, as amended by recommendation No 3004/77/ECSC⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 17 and 19 thereof,

Having heard the opinions expressed within the Advisory Committee provided for by recommendation 77/329/ECSC,

Whereas the Commission has received a complaint, submitted in the name of the relevant Community industry, setting out evidence as to the existence of dumping of certain sheets and plates, of iron or steel, originating in Bulgaria, the German Democratic Republic, Romania and certain other countries, and material injury resulting therefrom ;

Whereas, since the information received indicated that the complaint was admissible and that defensive measures might be necessary, the Commission officially informed the importers and exporters known to be concerned, published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, a notice of the initiation of an inquiry concerning the imports in question⁽³⁾ and commenced an examination of the matter in cooperation with the Member States ;

Whereas, since preliminary examination of the matter showed that there was dumping and sufficient evidence of injury and the interests of the Community called for immediate intervention, the Commission, by recommendations No 121/78/ECSC and No 160/78/ECSC⁽⁴⁾, imposed provisional anti-dumping duties on the imports in question ;

Whereas, in the course of the examination of the matter, completed after the imposition of the provi-

sional anti-dumping duties, the Commission gave interested parties the opportunity to make known their views in writing and gave to the parties directly concerned who so requested the opportunity orally to develop their views ;

Whereas, however, in so far as interested parties did not avail themselves of the opportunity to make known their views or present their arguments, the Commission had to base its findings on the facts available ;

Whereas when determining dumping on the above-mentioned imports, the Commission had to take account of the fact that trade is on a basis of near or total monopoly and that prices are fixed by the State and that, therefore, an exact comparison between the export price of the product to the Community and its domestic price is not appropriate ;

Whereas, for all these reasons, the Commission has decided to base its dumping calculations on the cost of production in a country considered to be one of the most efficient producers of the product in question, as established by means of the latest publicly available data ;

Whereas such cost of production has been calculated taking into consideration *inter alia* the following elements : raw materials (covering iron ore, sinter, pellets, scrap, ferro alloys and other iron-bearing materials and fluxes), energy costs (coke, fuel oil, electricity), labour costs including social costs, other operating costs (including maintenance costs and transport costs) and capital costs, to which was added a reasonable amount for administration, selling and any other costs and for profits ;

Whereas the aforementioned calculation has confirmed the reasonableness of the basic prices as published by the Commission⁽⁵⁾ ;

Whereas the prices of imports into the Community of the products which are the subject of the complaint have been compared with these basic prices ;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 114, 5. 5. 1977, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 352, 31. 12. 1977, p. 13.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 19, 24. 1. 1978, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 19, 24. 1. 1978, p. 9 and OJ No L 23, 28. 1. 1978, p. 33.

⁽⁵⁾ Communication from the Commission of 31 December 1977 concerning the basic prices of certain steel products (OJ No L 353, 31. 12. 1977, p. 1).

Whereas this price comparison was made on a free Community frontier duty-paid basis ;

Whereas this examination of the matter has shown that the products in question were offered for import within the Community at prices lower than the basic prices and that dumping has taken place, the margin of which is constituted by this undercutting ;

Whereas, with regard to injury to the industry concerned, the evidence available to the Commission shows that imports into the Community of the products increased globally from 1 155 000 tonnes in 1974 to 903 000 tonnes in the first six months of 1977, imports originating in Bulgaria, the German Democratic Republic and Romania having risen from 167 000 to 108 000 tonnes in the same period, and that, as a result, they have been able to acquire a Community market share of 19 % in total and 12 % for imports originating in Bulgaria, the German Democratic Republic and Romania together with those from Austria, Czechoslovakia, Finland, Japan, Poland, Spain and Sweden, which are also subject to defensive measures in the Community or to steel arrangements concluded with the ECSC ;

Whereas, on the other hand, the Community steel industry is in a crisis situation characterized by a reduction of about 40 % in the production of the products concerned between 1974 and 1977 in the Community and by a reduction in the number employed from 780 000 to 720 000 between 1974 and 1977 and by short-time working and that, as a result, the Community steel industry recorded a reduction in profits or the appearance of serious losses in most of the firms concerned ;

Whereas, in order to remedy this situation, the Commission has introduced a system of guidance prices⁽¹⁾ for sales within the Community of certain steel products produced by the European steel industry ;

Whereas the import prices into the Community of products originating in Bulgaria, the German Democratic Republic and Romania are considerably lower than these guidance prices and such undercutting prevents the European producers from achieving the guidance prices and jeopardizes the equilibrium of the entire pricing system and causes or threatens to cause material injury to the Community industry or to a major part of it ;

Whereas the import prices of deliveries originating in Bulgaria, the German Democratic Republic and Romania are considerably lower than the already low

prices of the Community producers and thus accentuate the depression of Community prices ;

Whereas, therefore, the facts as finally established show that material injury has been caused to the Community industry or that such injury would have been caused if provisional action had not been taken, by imports originating in Bulgaria, the German Democratic Republic and Romania together with those from Austria, Czechoslovakia, Finland, Japan, Poland, Spain and Sweden, which are also subject to defensive measures or covered by steel arrangements concluded with the Community ;

Whereas, in the serious conditions being experienced by the Community steel industry, the interests of the Community require the imposition of a definitive anti-dumping duty and the definitive collection of the amount secured by way of provisional duty ;

Whereas the amount of such definitive duty should correspond to the difference between the basic price published by the Commission for the products in question and its price on importation into the Community, due consideration being given to any diminution in value claimed by the importers and established to the satisfaction of the competent national authorities,

HAS ADOPTED THIS RECOMMENDATION :

Article 1

1. A definitive anti-dumping duty is hereby imposed on the following products originating in Bulgaria, the German Democratic Republic and Romania :

- sheets and plates, of iron or steel, other than electrical, not further worked than hot-rolled, of a thickness of 2 mm or more,
- Common Customs Tariff subheading 73.13 B I a),
- NIMEXE code 73.13-17, 19, 21, 23 and 26.

2. The amount of this duty shall be equal to the amount by which the effective price (basic price plus extras) established by contract, free frontier duty-paid, is lower than the effective price (basic price plus extras) last published by the Commission for this product at the time of its entry for Community consumption.

3. The amount of the duty shall however be reduced to the extent that the importer establishes to the satisfaction of the competent national authorities

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 114, 5. 5. 1977, p. 1, OJ No C 174, 22. 7. 1977 and OJ No L 352, 31. 12. 1977, p. 17.

that the price differential referred to in paragraph 2 above is due to a diminution in value resulting from the quality of the goods being inferior to the lowest quality described in the last publication of basic prices by the Commission.

4. This duty shall be collected on the same basis as customs duties.

Article 2

The amounts secured by way of provisional duty under the provisions of recommendations No 121/78/ECSC and No 160/78/ECSC, in respect of products originating in Bulgaria, the German Democratic Republic and Romania, shall be definitively collected to the extent that they do not exceed the rate of duty fixed in this recommendation.

Article 3

This recommendation shall be notified to the Member States.

It shall enter into force for each Member State on the date of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Antonio GIOLITTI

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION No 812/78/ECSC**of 21 April 1978****extending the provisional anti-dumping measures established in relation to imports of steel products originating in Poland and Spain**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community, and in particular Article 74 thereof,

Having regard to Commission recommendation 77/329/ECSC on protection against dumping or the granting of bounties or subsidies by countries which are not members of the European Coal and Steel Community⁽¹⁾, as amended by recommendation No 3004/77/ECSC⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 16 and 19 thereof,

Having heard the opinions expressed within the Advisory Committee provided for by recommendation 77/329/ECSC,

Whereas the Commission has established by recommendation No 118/78/ECSC⁽³⁾ provisional anti-dumping duties in relation to imports of steel products originating in Poland and Spain ;

Whereas the examination of this matter has not yet been completed and exporters and importers known to be concerned have requested that the duty be extended for a period not exceeding three months ;

Whereas therefore it is appropriate to extend the provisional measures ;

Whereas, however, due consideration should be given to any diminution of value of the products imported, claimed by the importers and established to the satisfaction of the competent national authorities,

HAS ADOPTED THIS RECOMMENDATION :

Article 1

The provisional anti-dumping measures established by recommendation No 118/78/ECSC in relation to imports of steel products originating in Poland and Spain are hereby extended for a period not exceeding three months.

Article 2

Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 1 above, the amount secured by way of provisional anti-dumping duties shall be released to the extent that the importer establishes to the satisfaction of the competent national authorities that it is due to a diminution in value resulting from the quality of the goods being inferior to the lowest quality described in the last publication of basic prices by the Commission.

Article 3

This recommendation is addressed to the Member States. It shall enter into force in respect of each Member State on the date of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Antonio GIOLITTI

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 114, 5. 5. 1977, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 352, 31. 12. 1977, p. 13.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 19, 24. 1. 1978, p. 3.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 813/78**of 21 April 1978****altering the basic amount of the import levy on syrups and certain other sugar products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas the basic amount of the import levy on syrups and certain other sugar products was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 641/78⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 693/78⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 641/78

to the information at present available to the Commission that the basic amount of the levy at present in force should be altered as shown in this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The basic amount of the import levy on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 is hereby fixed, per 100 kilograms of product, at 0.2711 unit of account per percentage point of sucrose content.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 86, 1. 4. 1978, p. 16.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 93, 7. 4. 1978, p. 23.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 814/78

of 21 April 1978

fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1436/77⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 792/78⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1436/77 to the information at present available to the Commis-

sion that the levies at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The levies referred to in Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 are, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 161, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 106, 20. 4. 1978, p. 25.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 21 April 1978 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

CCT heading No	Description	Levy (u.a. / 100 kg)
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form : A. White sugar ; flavoured or coloured sugar B. Raw sugar	27.11 21.89 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 815/78
of 21 April 1978
fixing the import levies on isoglucose

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 of 17 May 1977 laying down common provisions for isoglucose⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77, a levy is to be charged on imports of the products specified in Article 1 of that Regulation; whereas this levy is to consist of a fixed component and a variable component;

Whereas these components are defined in Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77; whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1469/77 of 30 June 1977 laying down rules for applying the levy and the refund in respect of isoglucose and amending Regulation (EEC) No 192/75⁽³⁾, the fixed component referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 must be equal to that used for fixing the import levy on products falling within subheading 17.02 B II a) of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas the levy must be fixed each month;

Whereas, to enable the system of levies to function normally, the levies should be calculated using:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation of the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas in view of the foregoing the levies on isoglucose shall be fixed as shown in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The levies referred to in Article 3 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 shall be fixed as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 April 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 21 April 1978 fixing the import levies on isoglucose

(in u.a.)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levies per 100 kg of dry matter
17.02	Other sugars in solid form ; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter ; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey ; caramel : D. Other sugars and syrups : I. Isoglucose	35.11
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included : F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups : III. Isoglucose	35.11

EURONORMS

The Commission of the European Communities (ECSC) has published the following new EURONORMS in German, English, French, Italian and Dutch. The EURONORMS which are available up to the present in English are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Sales prices valid from 1 July 1976.

			<i>Price in £</i>
Circulaire d'information n° 1		Échantillons types pour les analyses chimiques des produits sidérurgiques, 2 ^e édition (1974)	1.45
EURONORM	20-74	Définitions et classification des nuances d'aciers, 2 ^e édition	0.85
EURONORM	27-74	Désignation conventionnelle des aciers, 3 ^e édition	1.20
(*) EURONORM	92-75	Hot-rolled flats for spring leaves	0.60
EURONORM	94-73	Aciers pour roulements — Prescriptions de qualité	0.60
(*) EURONORM	107-75	Grain oriented magnetic sheet and strip	2.20
(*) EURONORM	117-75	Calibration of reference blocks for use with Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1.70
EURONORM	118-75	Méthodes de détermination des caractéristiques magnétiques des tôles magnétiques à l'aide du cadre Epstein de 25 cm	1.70
EURONORM	119-74	Aciers pour frappe à froid et extrusion à froid — Prescriptions de qualité — fasc. 1 à fasc. 5	4.40
(*) EURONORM	122-75	Verification of Rockwell hardness testing machines (B, C, N and T scales)	1.70
(*) EURONORM	123-75	High temperature tests — Creep test for steel	1.10

The following is a list of all the EURONORMS so far published :

EURONORM	1-55	Fontes et ferro-alliages	1.35
EURONORM	2-57	Essai de traction pour l'acier	0.85
EURONORM	3-55	Essai de dureté Brinell pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	4-55	Essai de dureté Rockwell échelles B et C pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	5-55	Essai de dureté Vickers pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	6-55	Essai de pliage pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	7-55	Essai de résilience Charpy pour l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	8-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives de la durée et de la résistance à la traction de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	9-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des allongements après rupture de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	10-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des résiliences de l'acier	0.60
EURONORM	11-55	Essai de traction sur tôles et feuillards en acier d'une épaisseur de 0,5 mm inclus à 3 mm exclu	0.75
EURONORM	12-55	Essai de pliage des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONORM	13-55	Essai de pliage alterné des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONORM	14-67	Essai d'emboutissage à flans bloqués	0.60
EURONORM	15-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étréage — Examen de la surface	0.60
EURONORM	16-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étréage — Nuances et qualités	0.75
EURONORM	17-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étréage — Dimensions et tolérances	1.60
EURONORM	18-57	Prélèvements et préparation des échantillons et des éprouvettes	0.60
EURONORM	19-57	Poutrelles IPE — Poutrelles à ailes parallèles	0.60
EURONORM	21-62	Conditions générales techniques de livraison pour les produits en acier	0.60
EURONORM	22-70	Détermination ou vérification de la limite d'élasticité de l'acier à température élevée	0.75
EURONORM	23-71	Essai de trempabilité par trempe en bout de l'acier — Essai Jominy	1.35
EURONORM	24-62	Poutrelles normales et profilés en U normaux — Tolérances de laminage	0.60
EURONORM	25-72	Aciers de construction d'usage général	1.85
EURONORM	26-63	Essais conventionnels de dureté Rockwell pour tôles et feuillards minces en acier	0.60
EURONORM	28-69	Tôles et bandes en aciers non alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1.20

EURONORM	29-69	Tôles en acier laminées à chaud d'épaisseur égale ou supérieure à 3 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-85
EURONORM	30-69	Demi-produits pour forges en aciers de construction d'usage général — Nuances et qualités	1-00
EURONORM	31-69	Demi-produits pour forges — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM	32-66	Tôles minces en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Norme de qualité	1-10
EURONORM	33-70	Tôles et larges bandes d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm, en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Tolérances sur les dimensions et sur la forme	0-75
EURONORM	34-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM	35-62	Barres et laminés marchands d'usage courant — Tolérances de laminage . . .	0-60
EURONORM	36-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM	37-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gazométrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
EURONORM	38-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone de trempe et du graphite dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique et volumétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-60
EURONORM	39-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode titrimétrique après oxydation au persulfate	0-60
EURONORM	40-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique	0-60
EURONORM	41-65	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du phosphore dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode alcalimétrique	0-60
EURONORM	42-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du soufre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0-75
EURONORM	43-72	Tôles et bandes en aciers alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1-10
EURONORM	44-63	Poutrelles IPE laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0-60
EURONORM	45-63	Essai de choc sur éprouvette bi-appuyée à entaille en V	0-60
EURONORM	46-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers doux non alliés — Norme de qualité, prescriptions générales	1-10
EURONORM	47-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers de construction d'usage général — Norme de qualité	1-10
EURONORM	48-65	Feuillards laminés à chaud en aciers non alliés — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM	49-72	Mesure de la rugosité des produits minces en acier laminés à froid et non revêtus	0-60
EURONORM	50-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'azote dans les aciers — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0-85
EURONORM	51-70	Bandes laminées à chaud de largeur égale ou supérieure à 600 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0-60
EURONORM	52-67	Vocabulaire du traitement thermique	8-15
EURONORM	53-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à face parallèles	0-60
EURONORM	54-63	Petits fers U laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	55-63	Fers T à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	56-65	Cornières à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	57-65	Cornières à ailes inégales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	58-64	Plats laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM	59-64	Carrés laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM	60-65	Ronds laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0-60
EURONORM	61-71	Hexagones laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	65-67	Barres rondes laminées à chaud pour vis et rivets	0-60
EURONORM	66-67	Demi-ronds et demi-ronds aplatis, laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	67-69	Plats à boudins laminés à chaud	0-60
EURONORM	70-71	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0-60
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in France :

Association française de normalisation — AFNOR —
Tour Europe, Cedex 7, 92 080 Paris - La Défense

in Italy :

Ente nazionale italiano di unificazione — UNI —
Piazza A. Diaz, 2, Milan

in the Netherlands :

Nederlands Normalisatie-Instituut — NNI —
Rijswijk (ZH), Polakweg 5

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British Standards Institution (BSI),
2 Park Street, London W1A 2BS

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