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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 266/78**of 9 February 1978****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye
flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 1729/77⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending
Regulations ;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1729/77 to the

offer prices and today's quotations known to the
Commission that the levies at present in force should
be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in
Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the table
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 10 February
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 9 February 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 9 February 1978 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	89.07
10.01 B	Durum wheat	115.20 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	75.72 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	79.66
10.04	Oats	72.92
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	76.81 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0
10.07 B	Millet	77.79 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	81.48 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed ; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	136.33
11.01 B	Rye flour	117.63
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	189.57
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	146.19

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments, the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 267/78**of 9 February 1978****fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77 ⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
1730/77 ⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be

altered as shown in the tables annexed to this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The scale of the premiums to be added, pursuant to
Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, to the
import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals
and malt is hereby fixed as shown in the tables
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 10 February
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 9 February 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 191, 30. 7. 1977, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 9 February 1978 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 2	1st period 3	2nd period 4	3rd period 5
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0.65
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	15.43	15.43	13.19
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	2.11
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0.50
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0.67	0.67	2.85
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0.91

B. Malt

(u.a./tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 2	1st period 3	2nd period 4	3rd period 5	4th period 6
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	1.16	1.16
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0.86	0.86
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	3.76	3.76
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	2.81	2.81
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	3.27	3.27

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 268/78

of 9 February 1978

fixing the minimum import levies on olive oil

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 162/66/EEC of 27 October 1966 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2843/76 of 23 November 1976 laying down special measures in particular for the determination of the offers of olive oil on the world market⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2361/77⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2844/76 of 23 November 1976 laying down special measures in particular for the determination of the offers of olive oil on the Greek market⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2361/77, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Algeria⁽⁷⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Morocco⁽⁸⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Tunisia⁽⁹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽¹⁰⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Whereas, in Regulation (EEC) No 1362/76 of 14 June 1976⁽¹¹⁾, the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix the levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 4 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3188/76 of 23 December 1976 on detailed rules for the implementation of the special measures for the determination of offers of olive oil on the world market and the Greek market⁽¹²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2413/77⁽¹³⁾, lays down the criteria for fixing the rate of the minimum levy;

Whereas that rate must be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of an examination of the world or Greek markets and of the Community market, and also of the levy rates indicated by the tenderers;

Whereas account should be taken of the oil content of products other than olive oil; whereas, however, no levies are applied to imports of oil-cake and other residues falling within subheading 23.04 A of the Common Customs Tariff and having an oil content of not more than 3 %;

Whereas account should be taken in applying the levy of the provisions of the agreements between the Community and certain non-member countries; whereas, in particular, the levy must be calculated on the basis of the levy to be collected on imports from non-member countries;

Whereas the application of the rules described above to the levy rates submitted by tenderers on 6 and 7 February 1978 results in the fixing of the minimum levies as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on imports of olive oil shall be as shown in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 10 February 1978.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 197, 29. 10. 1966, p. 3393/66.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 327, 26. 11. 1976, p. 4.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 277, 29. 10. 1977, p. 2.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 327, 26. 11. 1976, p. 6.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 154, 15. 6. 1976, p. 13.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 359, 30. 12. 1976, p. 26.

⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 279, 1. 11. 1977, p. 55.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 February 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 9 February 1978 fixing the minimum import levies on olive oil

(u.a./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	6.00	10.00
07.03 A II	6.00	10.00
15.07 A I a)	30.00 ⁽³⁾	56.00 ⁽³⁾
15.07 A I b)	30.00 ⁽³⁾	54.00 ⁽³⁾
15.07 A I c)	30.00 ⁽³⁾	54.00 ⁽³⁾
15.07 A II a)	31.00	58.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II b)	45.00	84.00 ⁽²⁾
15.17 B I a)	14.00	25.00
15.17 B I b)	22.00	40.00
23.04 A	2.00 ⁽⁴⁾	4.00 ⁽⁴⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.20 u.a./100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 2.50 u.a./100 kg.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 6 u.a./100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 4.80 u.a./100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

- (a) Greece and Spain : 0.50 u.a./100 kg ;
- (b) Turkey : 18.50 u.a./100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;
- (c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia : 20.50 u.a./100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽⁴⁾ Pursuant in Article 3 of Regulations (EEC) No 2843/76 and (EEC) No 2844/76, no import levy is collected on oil-cake and other residues falling within subheading 23.04 A of the Common Customs Tariff and having an oil content of not more than 3 %.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 269/78

of 9 February 1978

including wheat groats and wheat meal in the list of processed products covered
by the system of advance payment of refunds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
441/69 of 4 March 1969 laying down additional
general rules for granting export refunds on products
subject to a single price system, exported unprocessed
or in the form of certain goods not covered by Annex
II to the Treaty⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 337/76⁽⁴⁾, and in particular the second
subparagraph of Article 2 (3) thereof,

Whereas the list set out in Annex I to Regulation
(EEC) No 441/69 concerns processed products or
goods derived from the processing or manufacture of
the basic products covered by the system of advance
payment of refunds set up by that Regulation;
whereas the second subparagraph of Article 2 (3)
thereof empowers the Commission to review and
amend as necessary this list in line with the criteria
fixed in paragraph 2 of the said Article;

Whereas Community macaroni, spaghetti and similar
products, the production of which constitutes a later
stage in the processing chain than the processing of
wheat into groats and meal, benefit from the system
of advanced payment of refunds set up by Regulation
(EEC) No 441/69; whereas Community manufac-
turers of meal do not enjoy the same advantages as
Community manufacturers of macaroni, spaghetti and
similar products although the same basic product is
involved but at different stages of processing; whereas
manufacturers of meal are thus at a disadvantage;

Whereas furthermore there are great difficulties in
disposing of Community groats and meal on the
world market; whereas manufacturers of Community
cereal groats and meal should be put on an equal
footing with manufacturers using the inward
processing arrangements;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 441/69, a heading
as follows is inserted after that relating to CCT
heading No 11.01:

CCT heading No	Description
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled, flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled but not further prepared), except rice falling within heading No 10.06; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground: A. Cereal groats and cereal meal: I. Wheat

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter force on the seventh day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of
the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 9 February 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 59, 10. 3. 1969, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 42, 18. 2. 1976, p. 12.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 270/78

of 9 February 1978

amending Regulation (EEC) No 990/72 on detailed rules for granting aid for skimmed milk processed into compound feedingstuffs and for skimmed-milk powder for use as feed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 (3) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 990/72 of 15 May 1972 on detailed rules for granting aid for skimmed milk processed into compound feedingstuffs and for skimmed-milk powder for use as feed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1234/77⁽⁴⁾, lays down that aid may be granted to skimmed-milk powder, either after it has been denatured under certain conditions, or after incorporation in compound feedingstuffs; whereas in this latter case the granting of the aid is subject to a minimum skimmed-milk powder content, fixed at 60 % in Article 4 (1); whereas, moreover, to ensure that this provision is effective, the quantities of denatured skimmed-milk powder which may benefit from the aid have been limited, in Article 1 (4), in accordance with disposal possibilities, determined on the basis of requirements recorded during a prior reference period;

Whereas, in view of the objective of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2054/76 of 19 August 1976 on the sale for export to non-member countries of skimmed-milk powder held by intervention agencies and intended for use as feed⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2380/77⁽⁶⁾, namely the promo-

tion of the disposal of additional quantities of skimmed-milk powder by sale for export, the last subparagraph of Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 990/72 provides that the requirement of a 60 % minimum skimmed-milk powder content does not apply to compound feedingstuffs manufactured pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2054/76; whereas it is consequently necessary to provide also that skimmed-milk powder denatured pursuant to Article 2 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2054/76 is not to be taken into account when determining the quantities referred to in Article 1 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 990/72;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A paragraph 5 as follows is added to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 990/72:

'5. For the purposes of determining the maximum quantities of denatured skimmed-milk powder eligible for aid, as referred to in paragraph 4, the quantities denatured pursuant to Article 2 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2054/76 shall not be taken into account.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 February 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 115, 17. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 143, 10. 6. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 228, 20. 8. 1976, p. 17.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 277, 29. 10. 1977, p. 39.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 271/78
of 9 February 1978
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organ-
ization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw
sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1436/77⁽³⁾,
as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 264/78⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other
provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1436/77
to the information at present available to the Commis-

sion that the levies at present in force should be
altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The levies referred to in Article 15 (1) of Regulation
(EEC) No 3330/74 are, in respect of white sugar and
standard quality raw sugar, hereby fixed as shown in
the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 10 February
1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 9 February 1978.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 303, 28. 11. 1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 161, 1. 7. 1977, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 39, 9. 2. 1978, p. 17.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 9 February 1978 fixing the import levies on white sugar
and raw sugar

(u.a. / 100 kg)		
CCT heading No	Description	Levy
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form :	
	A. White sugar ; flavoured or coloured sugar	23.68
	B. Raw sugar	20.10 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with
the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 23 December 1977

derogating from High Authority recommendation 1/64 concerning an increase in the protective duty on iron and steel products at the external frontiers of the Community

(92nd derogation)

(78/116/ECSC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community, and in particular Articles 2 to 5, 8, 71 and 74 thereof,

Having regard to High Authority recommendation 1/64 of 15 January 1964 to the Governments of the Member States concerning an increase in the protective duty on iron and steel products at the external frontiers of the Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas the European Communities have made an offer within the framework of UNCTAD concerning the granting of tariff preferences of manufactures and semi-manufactures from developing countries; whereas the preferential treatment envisaged by this offer extends in principle to all industrial manufactures and semi-manufactures in Chapters 25 to 99 of the Brussels Nomenclature originating in developing countries; whereas preferential treatment is accorded

to imports up to a ceiling calculated in terms of value for each product on a uniform basis for all products; whereas, with a view to limiting the preference given to the more competitive developing countries, preferential imports from any one developing country may not, as a general rule, exceed 50 % of the ceiling fixed for that product;

Whereas, under the terms of the offer in question, annual ceilings are normally calculated on the basis of the value of cif imports in 1971 from countries benefiting from the system, other than those already accorded preferential treatment by the Communities, plus 5 % of the value of cif imports in 1974 from other countries, including those already enjoying such treatment;

Whereas the European Communities have applied these tariff preferences since 1 July 1971;

Whereas they have been applied from 1 July 1971 until 31 December 1977 under the above conditions and it is appropriate to continue to apply them during the year 1978;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 8, 22. 1. 1964, p. 99/64.

Whereas this offer of tariff preferences extends to a number of iron and steel products which are covered by the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community and were the subject of High Authority recommendation 1/64 of 15 January 1964;

Whereas the commercial policy objectives of this offer justify the authorization of a derogation from the obligations arising under Article 1 of the abovementioned recommendation so as to allow the duty-free importation, within the limits of the quotas and ceilings specified in Article 1 of this Decision, of iron and steel products originating in the third countries concerned;

Whereas to this end the preferential import possibilities offered by the Communities should be allocated among the Member States in such a way as to ensure equal and the uninterrupted application of the preferential rates envisaged to all the imports in question in all Member States until such time as those import possibilities have been exhausted;

Whereas the time which would be needed to calculate the allocations plus a reserve cannot be reconciled with the necessary continuity in the application of the tariff preferences in question; whereas under these

circumstances recourse must again be had to the standard scale which was used for the purposes of allocation among the Member States in respect of products covered by the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community; whereas for this new period it should once more be possible to make provision for a single allocation of preferential imports among the Member States;

Whereas the Governments of the Member States have been consulted on the derogation provided for by this Decision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

By way of derogation from the obligations under Article 1 of High Authority recommendation 1/64 of 15 January 1964, the Member States are hereby authorized to take by agreement the necessary steps to apply in respect of imports of the iron and steel products hereinafter set out originating in the countries and territories set out in Annex A hereto:

1. For the following products, tariff quotas with a nil rate of duty

CCT heading No	Description	Quota attributed to Member States (in u.a.)	
73.08	Iron and steel coils for re-rolling	Germany	3 325 245
		Benelux	1 269 640
		France	2 297 440
		Italy	1 813 770
		Denmark	604 590
		Ireland	120 920
		United Kingdom	2 660 195
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod) of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision made); hollow mining drill steel :	Germany	2 060 810
		Benelux	786 860
		France	1 423 840
		Italy	1 124 090
		Denmark	374 700
		Ireland	74 940
		United Kingdom	1 648 660
	A. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded		
	D. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated) :		
	1. Not further worked than clad :		
	a) Hot-rolled or extruded		
73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled :	Germany	6 446 055
	A. 'Electrical' sheets and plates	Benelux	2 461 220
		France	4 453 640
	B. Other sheets and plates :	Italy	3 516 030
	I. Not further worked than hot-rolled	Denmark	1 172 010
	II. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of :	Ireland	234 400
	b) More than 1 mm but less than 3 mm	United Kingdom	5 156 845
	c) 1 mm or less		
	III. Not further worked than burnished, polished or glazed		
	IV. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated :		
	b) Tinned		
	c) Zinc-coated or lead-coated		
	d) Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed)		
	V. Otherwise shaped or worked :		
	a) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked :		
	2. Other		

Imports originating in countries and territories already enjoying various preferential regimes granted by the nine ECSC Member States are not to be charged against the above tariff quotas.

2. For the following products, nil rates of duty

CCT heading No	Description
73.07 ⁽¹⁾	Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars), of iron or steel ; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel : A. Blooms and billets : I. Rolled B. Slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars) : I. Rolled
73.09	Universal plates of iron or steel
73.11 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished ; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements : A. Angles, shapes and sections : I. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded IV. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated) : a) Not further worked than clad : 1. Hot-rolled or extruded B. Sheet piling
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled : A. Not further worked than hot-rolled B. Not further worked than cold-rolled : I. In coils for the manufacture of tinplate C. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated : III. Tinned : a) Tinplate V. Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed) : a) Not further worked than clad : 1. Hot-rolled
73.15 ⁽⁴⁾	Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14 : A. High carbon steel : I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars : b) Other : 2. Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars III. Coils for re-rolling IV. Universal plates

CCT heading No	Description
73.15 (cont'd)	V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel ; angles, shapes and sections : b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated) : 1. Not further worked than clad : aa) Hot-rolled or extruded VI. Hoop and strip : a) Not further worked than hot-rolled c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated : 1. Not further worked than clad : aa) Hot-rolled VII. Sheets and plates : a) Not further worked than hot-rolled b) Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of : 2. Less than 3 mm c) Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated d) Otherwise shaped or worked : 1. Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked B. Alloy steel : I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars : b) Other : 2. Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars III. Coils for re-rolling IV. Universal plates V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel ; angles, shapes and sections : b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded d) Clad or surface worked (for example, polished, coated) : 1. Not further worked than clad : aa) Hot-rolled or extruded VI. Hoop and strip : a) Not further worked than hot-rolled c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated : 1. Not further worked than clad : aa) Hot-rolled

CCT heading No	Description
73.15 (cont'd)	VII. Sheets and plates a) 'Electrical' sheets and plates b) Other sheets and plates : 1. Not further worked than hot-rolled 2. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of : - bb) Less than 3 mm 3. Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated 4. Otherwise shaped or worked : - aa) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked
73.16	Railway and tramway construction material of iron or steel, the following : rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish-plate chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other material specialized for joining or fixing rails : A. Rails : II. Other B. Check-rails C. Sleepers D. Fish-plates and sole plates : I. Rolled

(¹) For products falling within this tariff heading, the ceiling pursuant to Article 1 (2) may not exceed 6 899 000 u.a.

(²) For products falling within this tariff heading, the ceiling pursuant to Article 1 (2) may not exceed 3 961 000 u.a.

(³) For products falling within this tariff heading, the maximum amount pursuant to Article 2 may in the case of Yugoslavia not exceed 594 150 u.a.

(⁴) For products falling within this tariff heading, the ceiling pursuant to Article 1 (2) may not exceed 12 224 000 u.a.

Once imports into the Community as a whole of products originating in beneficiary countries and territories have reached the following ceiling, the Member States may agree to restore duties throughout the Community. The ceiling shall be equal to a figure representing, for each category of product, the value in units of account of cif imports of the products in question into the Community in 1971 from the abovementioned countries and territories, other than those already accorded preferential tariff treatment by the nine Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, plus 5 % of the value of cif imports in 1974 from other countries and from those already enjoying such preferential treatment. For the particular purpose of the abovementioned calculations, the statistics referring to the year 1974, expressed in EUR, are to be considered as being expressed in units of account of the Common Customs Tariff.

Imports already exempted from customs duties under such preferential treatment shall not be counted against the said ceiling.

Article 2

Member States, acting in liaison with the Commission, shall ensure that imports into the Community under the tariff preferences provided for in Article 1 from any one of the countries and territories concerned do not exceed a specified fraction of the total quantity which may be imported into the Community under those preferences.

This fraction shall be 50 % for all products with the exception of those of heading No 73.08 for which it shall be 40 %, and heading No 73.13, for which it shall be 30 %.

Article 3

Member States shall notify the Commission at monthly intervals of the quantities imported under

the tariff quotas, and at regular intervals of the quantities imported under the ceilings provided for in Article 1.

Each Member State shall immediately inform the Commission and the other Member States :

- if imports of a product reach the full amount of the quota or ceiling specified in Article 1 in respect of that product,
- if imports of products originating in one of the beneficiary countries or territories reach the percentage as specified in Article 2 of the amount of the quota or ceiling specified in Article 1.

Article 4

This Decision shall remain in force until 31 December 1978.

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

Vice-President

ANNEX

List of developing countries and territories enjoying generalized tariff preferences

I. INDEPENDENT COUNTRIES

660 Afghanistan	260 Guinea	440 Panama
208 Algeria	257 Guinea Bissau	801 Papua New Guinea
330 Angola	488 Guyana	520 Paraguay
528 Argentina	452 Haiti	504 Peru
453 Bahamas	424 Honduras	708 Philippines
640 Bahrain	664 India	644 Qatar
666 Bangladesh	700 Indonesia	247 Republic of Cape Verde
469 Barbados	616 Iran	324 Rwanda
284 Benin	612 Iraq	311 Sao Tome and Principe
675 Bhutan	272 Ivory Coast	632 Saudi Arabia
516 Bolivia	464 Jamaica	248 Senegal
391 Botswana	338 Jibuti	355 Seychelles and dependencies
508 Brazil	628 Jordan	264 Sierra Leone
676 Burma	346 Kenya	706 Singapore
328 Burundi	636 Kuwait	342 Somalia
696 Cambodia	684 Laos	728 South Korea
302 Cameroon	604 Lebanon	656 South Yemen
306 Central African Empire	395 Lesotho	669 Sri Lanka
244 Chad	268 Liberia	224 Sudan
512 Chile	216 Libya	492 Surinam
480 Colombia	370 Madagascar	393 Swaziland
375 Comoros	386 Malawi	608 Syria
318 Congo	701 Malaysia	352 Tanzania
436 Costa Rica	667 Maldives	680 Thailand
448 Cuba	232 Mali	280 Togo
600 Cyprus	228 Mauritania	817 Tonga
456 Dominican Republic	373 Mauritius	472 Trinidad and Tobago
500 Ecuador	412 Mexico	212 Tunisia
220 Egypt	204 Morocco	350 Uganda
428 El Salvador	366 Mozambique	647 United Arab Emirates
310 Equatorial Guinea	803 Nauru	236 Upper Volta
334 Ethiopia	672 Nepal	524 Uruguay
815 Fiji	432 Nicaragua	484 Venezuela
314 Gabon	240 Niger	690 Vietnam
252 Gambia	288 Nigeria	819 Western Samoa
276 Ghana	652 North Yemen	048 Yugoslavia
473 Grenada	649 Oman	322 Zaire
416 Guatemala	662 Pakistan	378 Zambia

II. COUNTRIES AND TERRITORIES

dependent or administered, or for whose external relations Member States of the Community or third countries are wholly or partly responsible

808 American Oceania ⁽¹⁾
802 Australian Oceania
421 Belize
413 Bermuda
357 British Indian Ocean Territory
812 British Oceania
703 Brunei
202 Canary Islands
463 Cayman Islands
205 Ceuta and Melilla
529 Falkland Islands and dependencies
822 French Polynesia
044 Gibraltar
740 Hong Kong
743 Macao
377 Mayotte
476 Netherlands Antilles
809 New Caledonia and dependencies
814 New Zealand Oceania
890 Polar regions
329 St Helena and dependencies
454 Turks and Caicos Islands
457 Virgin Islands of the United States
811 Wallis and Futuna Islands
471 West Indies

Note: The above lists may be amended subsequently to take account of changes in the international status of countries or territories.

⁽¹⁾ The Pacific Islands administered by the United States of America include: Guam, American Samoa (including Swain's Island), Midway Islands, Johnston and Sand Islands, Wake Island and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (the Caroline, Marianas and Marshall Islands).

TWENTY-FIRST COMMISSION DIRECTIVE

of 23 December 1977

amending the Annexes to Council Directive 70/524/EEC concerning additives in feedingstuffs

(78/117/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 70/524/EEC of 23 November 1970 concerning additives in feedingstuffs⁽¹⁾, as last amended by the twentieth Commission Directive, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas the abovementioned Directive provides for the content of the Annexes to be subject to constant revision in the light of the development of scientific and technical knowledge ;

Whereas for some coccidiostats permitted at national level, further examination is required before a decision can be made to permit or cancel their use at Community level ; whereas it is therefore desirable to extend, under certain conditions, their period of authorization at national level ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee for Feedingstuffs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE :

Article 1

In Annex II to Council Directive 70/524/EEC, under Part B 'Coccidiostats and other medicinal substances' item Nos 2, 8 and 12 are hereby amended as follows :

No	Additives	Chemical name, description	Animal species	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	Period of authorization
					ppm of complete feedingstuff			
2	Dimetri-dazole	1,2-dimethyl-5-nitroimidazole	Swine	4 months	100	200	Use prohibited at least four weeks before slaughter	30 June 1978
8	Sulphaquin-oxaline	2-p-amino-bezenesulphon-amidoquin-oxaline	Poultry, excluding ducks, geese, laying hens	—		125	Use prohibited at least seven days before slaughter	
			Rabbits	—		250		
12	Ronidazole	(1-methyl-5-nitroimidazol-2-yl)-methyl-carbamate	Turkeys	—	60	90	Use prohibited at least six days before slaughter	
			Pigs	4 months	60	60	Use prohibited at least four weeks before slaughter	

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 270, 14. 12. 1970, p. 1.

Article 2

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION DECISION**of 23 December 1977****authorizing Ireland and the United Kingdom to apply special health guarantees
for the prevention of leucosis in the case of bovine animals imported for
breeding or production****(Only the English text is authentic)****(78/118/EEC)**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 64/432/EEC of 26
June 1964 on animal health problems affecting trade
in bovine animals and swine ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Directive 77/98/EEC of 21 December 1976 ⁽²⁾, and in
particular Article 8 (2) thereof,

Whereas in accordance with Article 8 (2) of Council
Directive 64/432/EEC, a Member State may be autho-
rized, under the procedure laid down in Article 12
and the conditions fixed under that procedure, to
apply for intra-Community trade, health guarantees
equivalent at most to those required by that Member
State within the framework of a national programme
for the prevention of a contagious or infectious bovine
or swine disease which is not referred to in Annex E
to the abovementioned Directive;

Whereas by Commission Decision 73/30/EEC of 23
January 1973 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Decision
77/58/EEC of 22 December 1976 ⁽⁴⁾, the Federal
Republic of Germany has already, by this procedure,
been authorized to apply special health guarantees for
the prevention of leucosis in the case of bovine
animals imported for breeding or production;

Whereas Ireland and the United Kingdom, by letters
of November 1977, have requested permission to
apply special health guarantees in respect of leucosis
for bovine animals imported for breeding or produc-
tion originating in a Member State and intended in
particular for combining with bovine stock not under
suspicion for leucosis;

Whereas the special health guarantees which Ireland
and the United Kingdom wish to apply in intra-
Community trade in bovine animals for breeding or
production are equivalent at most to those which
these Member States apply within the framework of
their national programmes for the prevention of
leucosis; whereas their requests can therefore be
granted;

Whereas Ireland and the United Kingdom have asked
for authorizations to take effect on 1 January 1978;
whereas such authorizations should only be given for
one year during which the Commission will as soon
as possible make proposals to the Council with a view
to laying down Community rules on this matter;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision
are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing
Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Ireland and the United Kingdom are authorized until
31 December 1978 to require the application of the
health guarantees laid down in Article 2 on entry into
their territory of bovine animals for breeding or
production, originating from the territory of another
Member State and intended for combining with
bovine stock not under suspicion of leucosis.

Article 2

The health guarantees referred to in Article 1 shall
consist of the production of a certificate issued on the
day of embarkation by an official veterinarian, drawn
up, as a minimum requirement, in the language of the
country of destination and certifying:

1. that the veterinarian has no official knowledge of
facts which would lead him to conclude that a case
of leucosis has occurred within the three preceding
years in the bovine herd stock of origin, and that
the owner of this herd had declared that he has no
knowledge of such facts;
2. that during the last 12 months every animal over
two years of age forming part of the bovine herd
stock of origin has been the subject of a blood test
for leucosis, which has given no indication of an
abnormal increase in the number of lymphocytes.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 121, 29. 7. 1964, p. 1977/64.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 26, 31. 1. 1977, p. 81.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 77, 26. 3. 1973, p. 40.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 11, 14. 1. 1977, p. 30.

Article 3

The blood test referred to in Article 2 (2) shall comply with the following requirements :

- (a) account shall be taken of the absolute number of leukocytes and the proportion of lymphocytes. The total number of lymphocytes per cubic millimetre shall be the determining factor and shall be calculated according to the following formula :

total number of leukocytes per cubic millimetre
× percentage of lymphocytes

100

- (b) the presence of an abnormal increase in the number of lymphocytes shall be concluded in the light of the following data :

for bovine animals :

of more than two years and not more than three years — more than 10 500 lymphocytes per cubic millimetre ;

of more than three years and not more than four years — more than 9 500 lymphocytes per cubic millimetre ;

of more than four years and not more than five years — more than 8 500 lymphocytes per cubic millimetre ;

of more than five years and not more than six years — more than 8 000 lymphocytes per cubic millimetre ;

of more than six years — more than 7 500 lymphocytes per cubic millimetre ;

- (c) if the result of the blood test referred to in Article 2 (2) indicates a relatively high lymphocyte count i.e. a number of lymphocytes less than 2 000 below the figures mentioned in (b), the same sample must be immediately given a fresh test, the result of which shall form the basis of the final evaluation.

Article 4

This Decision is addressed to Ireland and the United Kingdom.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION DECISION**of 23 December 1977****amending Decision 73/30/EEC authorizing the Federal Republic of Germany to apply special health guarantees for the prevention of leucosis in the case of bovine animals imported for breeding or production****(Only the German text is authentic)****(78/119/EEC)**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 64/432/EEC of 26
June 1964 on animal health problems affecting intra-
Community trade in bovine animals and swine ⁽¹⁾, as
last amended by Directive 77/98/EEC ⁽²⁾, and in parti-
cular Article 8 (2) thereof,

Whereas, by Commission Decision 73/30/EEC of 23
January 1973 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Decision
77/58/EEC ⁽⁴⁾, the Federal Republic of Germany was
authorized until 31 December 1977 to require certain
health guarantees on the entry into its territory of
bovine animals for breeding or production originating
in another Member State and intended for combining
with bovine stock not under suspicion of leucosis;

Whereas the Federal Republic of Germany has
applied for this authorization to be extended;

Whereas such authorization should only be given for
one year during which the Commission will as soon
as possible make proposals to the Council with a view
to laying down Community rules on this matter;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision
are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing
Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The period laid down in Article 1 of Decision
73/30/EEC is hereby extended until 31 December
1978.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Federal Republic of
Germany.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 121, 29. 7. 1964, p. 1977/64.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 26, 31. 1. 1977, p. 81.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 77, 26. 3. 1973, p. 40.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 11, 14. 1. 1977, p. 30.