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II *Acts whose publication is not obligatory*

Commission

76/408/EEC :

- ★ Commission Decision of 24 November 1975 authorizing the Federal Republic of Germany not to apply Community treatment to jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, twinsets, cardigans, bed-jackets and jumpers, falling within heading No ex 60.05 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in the Republic of Korea and in free circulation in the Benelux countries 33

76/409/EEC :

- ★ Commission Decision of 27 November 1975 authorizing the Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, falling within subheading ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Taiwan and in free circulation in the other Member States 35

76/410/EEC :

- ★ Commission Decision of 20 April 1976 setting up the Advisory Committee on Social Questions affecting Farmers and the Members of their Families 36

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 917/76**of 22 April 1976****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3058/75⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 38/76⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas it follows from applying the provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 38/76, to the offer

prices and today's quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 are hereby fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 306, 26. 11. 1975, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 6, 13. 1. 1976, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 April 1976 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour groats and meal

(u.a./metric ton)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat and meslin	41.34
10.01 B	Durum wheat	69.56 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
10.02	Rye	52.84 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	32.32
10.04	Oats	31.70
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	38.59 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	16.04
10.07 B	Millet	30.62 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	42.18 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D	Canary seed; other cereals	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	69.74
11.01 B	Rye flour	85.86
11.02 A I a	Durum wheat groats and meal	119.05
11.02 A I b	Common wheat groats and meal	73.97

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./metric ton.

⁽²⁾ Where maize originated in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments, the levy is reduced by 6 u.a./metric ton as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1599/75.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1.50 u.a./metric ton.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0.50 u.a./metric ton.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2754/75 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 918/76

of 22 April 1976

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organ-
ization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 3058/75⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 15 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on
cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No
2832/75⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif
forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in
force, which are to be added to the levies, should be

altered as shown in the tables annexed to this Regula-
tion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The scale of the premiums to be added, pursuant to
Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, to the
import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals
and malt is hereby fixed as shown in the tables
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April
1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 306, 26. 11. 1975, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 283, 1. 11. 1975, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 April 1976 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(u.a./metric ton)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 4	1st period 5	2nd period 6	3rd period 7
10.01 A	Common wheat and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	2.36	2.36	3.19
10.02	Rye	0	0.80	0.80	0.80
10.03	Barley	0	1.60	1.60	2.39
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0.20	0.20	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	1.60	1.60	1.60
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	1.99	1.99	2.39
10.07 D	Other	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(u.a./metric ton)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 4	1st period 5	2nd period 6	3rd period 7	4th period 8
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	2.85	2.85	4.25	4.25
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	2.13	2.13	3.18	3.18
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	2.48	2.48	3.70	3.70

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 919/76
of 22 April 1976
fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/67/EEC of 25 July 1967 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 668/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 11 (5) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 3386/75 ⁽³⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations ;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 3386/75 to the offer prices and today's quotations known to

the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation No 359/67/EEC are hereby fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 72, 20. 3. 1975, p. 18.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 334, 31. 12. 1975, p. 10.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 April 1976 fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

(u.a. / metric ton)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Third countries	ACP and OCT ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
10.06	Rice : A. Paddy rice ; husked rice : I. Paddy rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain II. Husked rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice : I. Semi-milled rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain II. Wholly milled rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain C. Broken rice :	79.04 98.50 98.80 123.13 144.00 217.41 153.36 233.06 21.51	36.52 46.25 46.40 58.57 62.10 98.84 66.43 106.28 8.26

⁽¹⁾ Subject to the application of the provisions of Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 1599/75.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 1599/75 provides that the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 920/76

of 22 April 1976

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/
67/EEC of 25 July 1967 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 668/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article
13 (6) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the import
levies fixed in advance for rice and broken rice must
include a premium for the current month and a
premium for each of the following months until the
expiry of the period of validity of the import licence;
whereas this period of validity was laid down in
Article 8 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No
2042/75 of 25 July 1975 on special detailed rules for
the application of the system of import and export
licences for cereals and rice ⁽³⁾;

Whereas Council Regulation No 365/67/EEC of 25
July 1967 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
2435/70 ⁽⁵⁾, lays down rules for the advance fixing of
levies on rice and broken rice;

Whereas under the terms of Regulation No 365/
67/EEC, where the cif price for husked rice for milled
rice or for broken rice determined on the day on
which the premiums are fixed is higher than the cif
forward delivery price for the same product, the
premium should as a general rule be equal to the
difference between these two prices; whereas the cif
price is that determined in accordance with Article 16
of Regulation No 359/67/EEC on the day on which
the premiums are fixed; whereas the detailed rules for
determining cif prices were laid down in Regulation
(EEC) No 1613/71 ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 3320/75 ⁽⁷⁾; whereas the cif forward
delivery price must also be determined in accordance

with Article 16 of Regulation No 359/67/EEC but on
the basis of offers at North Sea ports; whereas this
price must be the cif price for shipment during the
month in which the import licence is issued in the
case of imports to be effected during that month;
whereas this price must be the cif price for shipment
during the month in which importation is expected to
take place in the case of imports to be effected during
the month following the month in which the import
licence is issued; whereas this price must be the cif
price for shipment during the month preceding the
month in which importation is expected to take place
in the case of imports to be effected during the
remaining months for which the import licence is
valid; whereas, if no offer for forward delivery is made
for shipment during a given month, this price should
be the price ruling for shipment during the last
month in which an offer for forward delivery was
made;

Whereas the premium is equal to 0 unit of account if
the cif price determined on the day on which the
scale of the premiums is fixed is equal to the cif
forward delivery price or exceeds that price by not
more than 0.25 unit of account per metric ton;

Whereas the premium may, however, be fixed at a
higher level in exceptional circumstances and within
certain specified limits;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally,
levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other, at any given moment,
within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based
on their effective parity;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies recorded for a given period, in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas it follows from applying all these provisions
that the premiums should be fixed as shown in the
table annexed to this Regulation; whereas the amount
of the premiums should be altered only if application
of the abovementioned provisions entails a change of
more than 0.25 unit of account,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 72, 20. 3. 1975, p. 18.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 213, 11. 8. 1975, p. 5.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 32.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 262, 3. 12. 1970, p. 3.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 28.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 328, 20. 12. 1975, p. 32.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

hereby fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 1

The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice are

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 April 1976 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

(u.a. / metric ton)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 4	1st period 5	2nd period 6	3rd period 7
10.06	Rice :				
	A. Paddy rice ; husked rice :				
	I. Paddy rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0
	II. Husked rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0
	B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :				
	I. Semi-milled rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0
	II. Wholly milled rice :				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0
	C. Broken rice	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 921/76**of 22 April 1976****fixing the import levies on calves and adult bovine animals and on beef and veal other than frozen**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 568/76 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second line of Article 10 (7), and Article 12 (7) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on calves and adult bovine animals and on beef and veal other than frozen were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 585/76 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 878/76 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 585/76 to the quotations and other information known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The levies referred to in Articles 10 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

To be classified as products falling within subheadings 02.01 A II a) 1 aa) and 02.01 A II a) 1 bb), products must correspond to the definition contained in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2249/73 ⁽⁵⁾.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 26 April 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 67, 15. 3. 1976, p. 28.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 69, 15. 3. 1976, p. 38.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 101, 15. 4. 1976, p. 11.

⁽⁵⁾ 9. 4. 1976, p. 16.

ANNEX

Levies applicable from 26 April 1976 to imports from third countries ⁽¹⁾

(in u.s./100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Austria Sweden Switzerland	Other third countries
01.02	Live animals of the bovine species :	Live weight	
	A. Domestic species :		
	II. Other :		
	a) Calves	45.517 (b)	51.460 (b)
	b) Other :		
02.01	1. Cows for immediate slaughter, the meat of which is intended for processing (a)	45.517	—
	2. Other :		
	aa) Not yet having any permanent teeth, of a weight of not less than 350 kg but not more than 450 kg in the case of male animals, or of not less than 320 kg but not more than 420 kg in the case of female animals (c)	—	51.460
	bb) Other	45.517 (b)	51.460 (b)
	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen :	Net weight	
02.01	A. Meat :		
	II. Of bovine animals :		
	a) Of domestic bovine animals :		
	1. Fresh or chilled :		
	aa) Of calves :		
	11. Carcasses and half-carcasses	86.482	97.774
	22. Separated or unseparated forequarters	69.186	78.219
	33. Separated or unseparated hindquarters	103.779	117.329
	bb) Of adult animals :		
	11. Carcasses, half-carcasses or 'compensated' quarters :		
	aaa) Carcasses of a weight of not less than 180 kg but not more than 270 kg and half-carcasses or 'compensated' quarters of a weight of not less than 90 kg but not more than 135 kg, with a low degree of ossification of the cartilages (more especially those of the symphysis pubis and the vertebral apophyses), the meat of which is of a light pink colour and the fat of which, of extremely fine structure, is white to light yellow in colour (c)	—	97.774
	bbb) Other	86.482	97.774
02.01	22. Forequarters :		
	aaa) Of a weight of not less than 45 kg but not more than 68 kg, with a low degree of ossification of the cartilages (more especially those of the vertebral apophyses), the meat of which is of a light pink colour and the fat of which, of extremely fine structure, is white to light yellow in colour (c)	—	78.219
	bbb) Other	69.186	78.219

(in u.s./100 kg)			
CCT heading No	Description of goods	Austria Sweden Switzerland	Other third countries
02.01 (cont'd)	33. Hindquarters :	Net weight	
	aaa) Of a weight of not less than 45 kg but not more than 68 kg (not less than 38 kg but not more than 61 kg in the case of 'Pistola' cuts), with a low degree of ossification of the cartilages (more especially those of the vertebral apophyses), the meat of which is of a light pink colour and the fat of which, of extremely fine structure, is white to light yellow in colour (c)	—	117·329
	bbb) Other	103·779	117·329
	cc) Other cuts of veal and beef :		
	11. Unboned (bone-in)	129·723	146·661
	22. Boned or boneless	148·385	167·760
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked :		
	C. Other :		
	I. Of domestic bovine animals :		
	a) Meat :		
	1. Unboned (bone-in)	129·723	146·661
	2. Boned or boneless	148·385	167·760

(¹) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 1599/75, amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3329/75, provides that the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities and to the special conditions at present applicable to cows imported under the bilateral agreement on cattle for the food processing industry between the European Communities and Austria.

(b) Where these products are imported under the conditions set out in Article 11 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 and in the provisions adopted for its application, the levy is either refunded or not collected in accordance with those provisions.

(c) Entry under this subheading is subject to the production of the certificate referred to in paragraph 2 (c) of Protocol 1, Annex I to the trade agreement between the EEC and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 922/76

of 22 April 1976

amending Regulation (EEC) No 438/71 laying down conditions for obtaining export refunds on wine

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 816/70 of 28 April 1970 laying down additional provisions for the common organization of the market in wine⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1932/75⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 957/70 of 26 May 1970 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on wine and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 6 (3) thereof,

Whereas Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 438/71 of 26 February 1971⁽⁴⁾ provides that the granting of refunds shall be conditional upon proof that certain documents were issued by a tasting committee recognized by the producer Member State and by an official authority of the producer Member State;

Whereas, in order to facilitate exports of table wines to non-member countries, the provisions of this Regulation should be extended to apply to non-producer Member States and new quality controls should be added;

Whereas, in order to obtain an export refund, an exporter must supply the relevant documentary evidence; whereas, for this purpose, he should indicate *inter alia* the numbers and dates of the accompanying documents required by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1153/75 of 30 April 1975 prescribing the form of the accompanying documents for wine products and specifying the obligations of wine producers and traders other than retailers⁽⁵⁾; whereas, however, Member States may provide under Article 13 (2) thereof that no accompanying document shall be required for certain products in certain cases; whereas, if the aims of Regulation (EEC) No 438/71 are to be achieved, the application of that provision must be limited;

Whereas extending Regulation (EEC) No 438/71 to apply to non-producer Member States may give rise to

difficulties, particularly as regards the production of some of the documentary evidence; whereas, in order to allow a final assessment of these provisions to be made, they should therefore only apply until 30 September 1976;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Wine,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 438/71 is hereby amended to read as follows:

'1. The granting of refunds shall be conditional upon proof that the table wines exported:

- have been approved by a tasting committee recognized by the exporting Member State; where this Member State is not the producer, proof must also be supplied that the wine exported is a Community table wine,
- were accompanied on export by an analysis certificate issued by an official authority of the producer Member State or the exporting Member State certifying that they meet the Community quality standards for table wines or, failing this, that they meet the standards applied by the exporting Member State at national level.

The certificate shall include at least the following particulars:

- colour,
- total alcoholic strength,
- actual alcoholic strength,
- total acidity.

The exporter shall also indicate:

- (a) for table wines of types A II and A III, the varieties of wine,
- (b) for wines resulting from coupage, the origin and quantities of the wines employed,
- (c) the numbers and dates of the accompanying documents.

(1) OJ No L 99, 5. 5. 1970, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 198, 29. 7. 1975, p. 19.

(3) OJ No L 115, 28. 5. 1970, p. 1.

(4) OJ No L 48, 27. 2. 1971, p. 76.

(5) OJ No L 113, 1. 5. 1975, p. 1.

Member States may prescribe that the approval referred to in the first indent of the first subparagraph should be given by competent regional committees which must certify that the wines in question have the quality characteristics of table wines of the production regions from which they come.'

Article 2

The following paragraph is hereby added to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 438/71 :

'3. For the purpose of applying point (c) of the second subparagraph of paragraph 1, the exporting

Member States may not avail themselves of the provisions of Article 13 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1153/75.'

Article 3

The following subparagraph is hereby added to Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 438/71 :

'It shall apply until 30 September 1976.'

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 923/76

of 22 April 1976

fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/67/EEC of 25 July 1967 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 668/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 ⁽²⁾ thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 17 of Regulation No 359/67/EEC provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation No 366/67/EEC of 25 July 1967 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on rice and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 478/75 ⁽⁴⁾, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of rice and broken rice on the Community market on the one hand and prices for rice and broken rice on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the rice market and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbance of the Community market;

Whereas Regulation No 669/67/EEC ⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1057/68 ⁽⁶⁾, lays down the maximum percentage of broken rice allowed in rice for which an export refund is fixed and specifies the percentage by which that refund is to be reduced where the proportion of broken rice in the rice exported exceeds that maximum;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 366/67/EEC defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the export refund on rice and broken rice is being calculated;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed at least once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other, at any given moment, within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period, in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the present situation on the market in rice and in particular to quotations or prices for rice and broken rice within the Community and on the world market, that the refund, should be fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The refunds on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation No 359/67/EEC with the exception of those listed in paragraph 1 (c) of that Article, exported in the natural state, are hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April 1976.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 72, 20. 3. 1975, p. 18.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 34.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 52, 28. 2. 1975, p. 34.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 241, 5. 10. 1967, p. 6.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 179, 25. 7. 1968, p. 31.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 April 1976 fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Amount of refund
10.06	Rice : A. Paddy rice ; husked rice : I. II. Husked rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain : for export to : — Austria, Switzerland and Liechtenstein — Other third countries B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice : I. Semi-milled rice : a) Round grain b) Long grain II. Wholly milled rice : a) Round grain : for export to : — Austria, Switzerland and Liechtenstein as well as destinations mentioned in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 ⁽¹⁾ — Other third countries b) Long grain : for export to : — Austria, Switzerland and Liechtenstein as well as destinations mentioned in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 192/75 ⁽¹⁾ — Other third countries C. Broken rice	— 60.00 — — — 60.00 — 75.00 — —

(¹) OJ No L 25, 17. 1. 1975, p. 1.

N.B. If no amount is fixed for the refund, the corrective amount for such refund is not fixed.

The zones are those defined in Regulation (EEC) No 306/76 (OJ No L 38, 13. 2. 1976).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 924/76

of 22 April 1976

fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/
67/EEC of 25 July 1967 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 668/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the first
subparagraph of Article 17 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas the first subparagraph of Article 17 (4) of
Regulation No 359/67/EEC provides that the export
refund applicable to rice and broken rice on the day
on which application for an export licence is made,
adjusted for the threshold price which will be in force
during the month of exportation, must be applied on
request to exports to be effected during the period of
validity of the licence ;

Whereas Regulation No 474/67/EEC ⁽³⁾, as amended
by Regulation (EEC) No 1397/68 ⁽⁴⁾, lays down
detailed rules for the advance fixing of the export
refund on rice and broken rice ;

Whereas that Regulation provides that the refund
applicable on the day on which application for an
export licence is made must, when it is fixed in
advance, be reduced by an amount no greater than the
difference between the cif forward delivery price and
the cif price, where the former exceeds the latter by
more than 0.25 unit of account per metric ton ;
whereas, on the other hand, the refund must be
increased by an amount no greater than the difference
between the cif price and the cif forward delivery
price, where the former exceeds the latter by more
than 0.25 unit of account per metric ton ;

Whereas the cif price is that determined in accor-
dance with Article 16 of Regulation No 359/67/EEC ;
whereas the cif forward delivery price is that deter-

mined in accordance with Article 3 (2) of Regulation
No 365/67/EEC ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation
(EEC) No 2435/70 ⁽⁶⁾, based, in respect of each month
for which the export licence is valid, on the cif price
calculated on the basis of offers for shipment during
the month of exportation ;

Whereas if the refund system is to operate normally,
refunds should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other, at any given moment,
within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based
on their effective parity ;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each
of these currencies recorded for a given period, in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous subparagraph ;

Whereas it follows from applying all these provisions
that the corrective amount applicable on 23 April
1976 must be fixed as shown in the table annexed to
this Regulation ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Manage-
ment Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The corrective amount referred to in Article 17 (4) of
Regulation No 359/67/EEC which is applicable to the
export refunds fixed in advance in respect of rice and
broken rice is hereby fixed as shown in the table
annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April
1976.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 72, 20. 3. 1975, p. 18.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 204, 24. 8. 1967, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 222, 10. 9. 1968, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 32.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 262, 3. 12. 1970, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 April 1976 fixing the corrective amount applicable to the refund on rice and broken rice

(u.a. / metric ton)

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Current 4	1st period 5	2nd period 6	3rd period 7	4th period 8	5th period 9
10.06	Rice :						
	A. Paddy rice ; husked rice :						
	I. Paddy rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	II. Husked rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0	0	0
	B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice :						
	I. Semi-milled rice :						
	a) Round grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	b) Long grain	—	—	—	—	—	—
	II. Wholly milled rice :						
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	0	0	0
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	0	0	0
	C. Broken rice	—	—	—	—	—	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 925/76
of 22 April 1976
fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/
66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment
of a common organization of the market in oils and
fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1707/73⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary
Committee,

Whereas Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC
provides that a subsidy should be granted in respect of
oil seeds harvested and processed within the Commu-
nity when the target price for a species of seed is
higher than the price on the world market; whereas
these provisions apply only in respect of colza, rape
and sunflower seeds;

Whereas the subsidy on oil seeds should, theoretically,
be equal to the difference between those two prices;

Whereas the target price for each species of seed was
fixed by Council Regulation (EEC) No 657/75 of 4
March 1975 fixing target and basic intervention prices
for oil seeds for the 1975/76 marketing year⁽³⁾, as
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2505/75⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas Article 29 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC
provides that the world market price, calculated for a
Community frontier crossing point, is to be deter-
mined on the basis of the most favourable purchasing
opportunities, quotations being adjusted where neces-
sary to take account of quotations for competing
products;

Whereas Article 4 of Council Regulation No 115/
67/EEC of 6 June 1967⁽⁵⁾ laid down criteria for deter-

mining world market prices for oil seeds and fixed the
frontier crossing point at Rotterdam;

Whereas Article 1 of that Regulation provides that
when the world market price is being determined
account should be taken of all offers on the world
market known to the Commission and of quotations
on those exchanges which are significant for interna-
tional trade; whereas Article 2 of Commission Regula-
tion No 225/67/EEC of 28 June 1967 on detailed
rules for determining the world market price for oil
seeds⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
335/76⁽⁷⁾, provides that offers and quotations which
do not relate to shipments to be effected within 30
days following the date on which the world market
price is determined should be disregarded; whereas
offers and quotations which the Commission believes,
in view of general price movements or information
available to it, not to be representative of the real
trend of the market must also be disregarded; whereas
offers and quotations relating to quantities of less than
500 metric tons and offers relating to seed of a quality
other than that normally acceptable on the world
market must also be disregarded;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC
provides that of the offers and quotations taken into
consideration, those for delivery c and f should be
increased by 0.2 %; whereas offers and quotations for
delivery fas, fob or otherwise should be increased, as
appropriate, by loading, transport and insurance costs
from the point of shipment or loading to the frontier
crossing point; whereas cif offers and quotations for
frontier crossing points other than Rotterdam should
be adjusted to allow for the difference in transport
costs as compared with a product delivered cif
Rotterdam; whereas the Commission should take
account only of the loading, transport and insurance
costs which to its knowledge are the lowest; whereas,
finally, offers and quotations for delivery cif
Rotterdam should be increased by 0.20 unit of
account;

Whereas Article 5 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC
provides that the world market price should be deter-
mined for seed of the standard quality for which the
target price has been fixed, delivered in bulk;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 72, 20. 3. 1975, p. 3.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 256, 2. 10. 1975, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No 111, 10. 6. 1967, p. 2196/67.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No 136, 30. 6. 1967, p. 2919/67.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 42, 18. 2. 1976, p. 7.

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC provides that offers and quotations relating to products presented otherwise than in bulk should be adjusted by deducting the additional value resulting from that presentation; whereas offers and quotations relating to a quality other than the standard quality for which the target price was fixed should be adjusted on the basis of the coefficients of equivalence shown in the Annex to that Regulation; whereas, in the case of offers on the world market for qualities of colza and rape seed other than those listed in that Annex, coefficients of equivalence derived from those listed in that Annex may, pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC, be applied; whereas, when derived coefficients are being calculated, account must be taken of the differences between prices for the qualities of seed in question and prices for the qualities listed in that Annex, and of the characteristics of these various seeds;

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, where no offer or quotation can be used as a basis for determining the world market price, that price should be determined on the basis of the value of the average quantities of oil and oil cake resulting from the processing of 100 kg of seed within the Community less an amount corresponding to the cost of processing these seeds into oil and oil cake; whereas the quantities and costs to be taken into consideration for the purposes of the calculation are fixed in Article 5 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC; whereas the value of those quantities should be determined in accordance with the provisions of Article 6 of that Regulation;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, where no offer or quotation can be used as a basis for determining the world market price and where it is, moreover, impossible to establish the value of the oil or oil cake processed from such seed, the world market price should be determined on the basis of the most recent known value for oil or oil cake, adjusted to take account of the trend of world prices for competing products by applying to that value the rules set out in Article 2 of Regulation No 115/67/EEC; whereas Article 7 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC defines competing products as those oils or oil cakes, as the case may be, which appear to have been offered in the largest quantities on the world market during the period under consideration;

Whereas Article 6 (1) of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, when the world market price of a type of seed is being determined, the price used should be adjusted by an amount not exceeding the margin between:

- the difference between the price of 100 kg of colza, rape or sunflower seeds, plus processing costs, and the total of the prices of the quantities of oil and oil cake resulting from the processing of the type of seed in question, and
- the difference between the price of 100 kg of one or more other seeds, plus processing costs, and the total of the prices of the quantities of oil and oil cake resulting from the processing of these seeds;

Whereas the factors to be taken into consideration for the purpose of determining that margin are defined in Article 8 of Regulation No 225/67/EEC; whereas no adjustment should be made where the margin is found to be less than 0.50 unit of account; whereas Article 6 (2) of Regulation No 115/67/EEC provides that, when the amount of the adjustment is being determined, account should be taken of the incidence of the margin in question on marketing operations of Community traders and on the disposal of the various types of seed on the world market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2114/71 of 28 September 1971 on the subsidy for oil seeds⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2730/71⁽²⁾, laid down rules for granting the subsidy on oil seeds; whereas under that Regulation, where the subsidy to be granted is fixed in advance, the amount of such subsidy must be equal to the amount applicable on the day on which the application for advance fixing was lodged, adjusted by the difference between the target price valid on that day and the target price valid on the day on which the seeds are placed under control at an oil mill and, where appropriate, a corrective amount; whereas Article 36 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 of 7 June 1972 laying down detailed rules for the application of the subsidy system for oil seeds⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 676/76⁽⁴⁾, provides that such adjustment should involve increasing or reducing the amount of subsidy applicable on the day on which the application was lodged by the difference between the target price valid during the month during which the seeds were placed under control at an oil mill and the target price valid on the day on which the application was lodged;

Whereas Article 38 of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 provides that the corrective amount must be equal to the difference between the world market price for colza, rape and sunflower seeds and the forward price for those seeds valid for a shipment effected during the month in which the seeds were placed under control at an oil mill, those prices being determined in accordance with Articles 1, 4 and 5 of Regulation

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 222, 2. 10. 1971, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 282, 23. 12. 1971, p. 18.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 133, 10. 6. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 81, 27. 3. 1976, p. 22.

115/67/EEC ; whereas, if no offer and no price can be used for such determination, the method of calculation provided for in Article 38 of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72 should be used ; whereas the abovementioned difference may be adjusted pursuant to Article 39 of Regulation (EEC) No 1204/72, account being taken of prices for soya seeds on the world market ;

Whereas the subsidy should be fixed whenever the market situation makes it necessary and in such a way as to ensure its being applied at least once a week ; whereas the subsidy may be altered whenever it becomes obvious that such alteration is necessary ;

Whereas, if the subsidy system is to operate normally, subsidies should be calculated on the following basis :

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other, at any given moment, within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity ;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period, in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph ;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

Whereas the target price and the monthly increases in the target price for oil seeds for the 1976/77 marketing year were fixed by Regulations (EEC) No 812/76 ⁽¹⁾, and (EEC) No 833/76 ⁽²⁾ ;

Whereas it follows from applying all these provisions to the offers and quotations known to the Commission that the subsidy on colza, rape and sunflower seeds should be fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC is hereby fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 9. 4. 1976, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 100, 14. 4. 1976, p. 12.

*ANNEX***to the Commission Regulation of 22 April 1976 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds**

Subsidy applicable from 23 April 1976 to colza and rape seeds (CCT heading No ex 12.01) and sunflower seeds (CCT heading No ex 12.01) (u.a./100 kg)

	Colza and rape seed	Sunflower seed
Subsidy	9.980	5.330
Subsidy in the case of advance fixing :		
— for the month of April 1976	9.980	5.330
— for the month of May 1976	9.980	5.330
— for the month of June 1976	9.820	5.490
— for the month of July 1976	9.681	5.490
— for the month of August 1976	9.521	—
— for the month of September 1976	9.825	—

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 926/76

of 22 April 1976

determining the world market price for colza and rape seed

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the markets in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza and rape seed⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3477/73⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 of 23 August 1973 laying down detailed rules for applying differential amounts for colza and rape seed and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1464/73⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 632/75⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 9(4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73, the Commission must determine the world market price for colza and rape seed;

Whereas the world market price should be determined in accordance with the rules and the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 925/76 of 22 April 1976 fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas to enable the price system to operate normally, the world market price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other, at any given moment, within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period, in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas, applying all these provisions, the world market price for colza and rape seed should be fixed as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The world market price referred to in Article 9(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 and the rates to be used for converting them into national currencies shall be as shown in the table annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 357, 28. 12. 1973, p. 6.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 236, 24. 8. 1973, p. 28.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 66, 13. 3. 1975, p. 11.

⁽⁷⁾ See page 18 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX

World market price applicable from 23 April 1976 for colza and rape seed (CCT heading No ex 12.01)

	<i>u.a./100 kg ⁽¹⁾</i>
World market price	17·650
World market price where the subsidy is fixed in advance :	
— for the month of April 1976	17·650
— for the month of May 1976	17·650
— for the month of June 1976	17·810
— for the month of July 1976	17·889
— for the month of August 1976	18·049
— for the month of September 1976	18·049

⁽¹⁾ The conversion rates from units of account into national currency as foreseen by Article 9 (5) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2300/73 are the following :

1 u.a. =	DM	3·21978
1 u.a. =	Fl	3·35507
1 u.a. =	Bfr/Lfr	48·6572
1 u.a. =	FF	5·86331
1 u.a. =	Dkr	7·57828
1 u.a. =	£	0·677172
1 u.a. =	I £	0·677172
1 u.a. =	Lit	1106·45

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 927/76

of 22 April 1976

introducing a countervailing charge on cucumbers originating in Greece

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 795/76⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 625/76 of 19 March 1976 fixing the reference price for cucumbers until the end of the 1976 marketing year⁽³⁾, fixed the reference price for products of Class I at 47.78 units of account per 100 kg net for the month of April 1976;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties, and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas it is necessary to record the prices to be taken into consideration on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 385/75⁽⁵⁾, and if necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficients fixed in Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 625/76;

Whereas, for Greek cucumbers the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these cucumbers;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other, at any given moment within a band of 2.25 % a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period, in relation to the Community currencies referred to in previous subparagraph,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 11.20 units of account per 100 kg net is applied to cucumbers (subheading ex 07.01 P of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Greece.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 April 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 93, 8. 4. 1976, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 74, 20. 3. 1976, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 44, 18. 2. 1975, p. 8.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 928/76**of 22 April 1976****altering the basic amount of the import levy on syrups and certain other sugar products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3058/75 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas the basic amount of the import levy on syrups and certain other sugar products was fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 734/76 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 871/76 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 734/76

to the information at present available to the Commission that the basic amount of the levy at present in force should be altered as shown in this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The basic amount of the import levy on the products listed in Article 1 (1) d) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 is hereby fixed, per 100 kilogrammes of product, at 0.0994 unit of account per percentage point of sucrose content.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 306, 26. 11. 1975, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 86, 1. 4. 1976, p. 23.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 99, 14. 4. 1976, p. 17.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 929/76
of 22 April 1976
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3058/75⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (7) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1675/75⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 915/76⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules and other provisions contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1675/75 to the information at present available to the Commis-

sion that the levies at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The levies referred to in Article 15 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 are, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, hereby fixed as shown in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

- (1) OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.
- (2) OJ No L 306, 26. 11. 1975, p. 3.
- (3) OJ No L 168, 1. 7. 1975, p. 61.
- (4) OJ No L 105, 22. 4. 1976, p. 27.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 April 1976 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Levy (n.a./100 kg)
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, solid : A. Denatured : I. White sugar II. Raw sugar B. Undenatured : I. White sugar II. Raw sugar	 9.94 4.81 (1) 9.94 4.81 (1)

(¹) Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 930/76

of 22 April 1976

altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organi-
zation of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 3058/75⁽²⁾, and in particular
Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 359/
67/EEC of 25 July 1967 on the common organiza-
tion of the market in rice⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regu-
lation (EEC) No 668/75⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article
12 (4) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on products processed
from cereals and rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC)
No 704/76⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 916/76⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed
differs from the average levy by more than 2.5 units of

account per metric ton of basic product; whereas,
pursuant to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No
1579/74⁽⁷⁾, the levies at present in force must there-
fore be altered as shown in the table annexed to this
Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products
processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75⁽⁸⁾, as fixed in the Annex to
amended Regulation (EEC) No 704/76 are hereby
altered as shown in the table annexed to this Regula-
tion.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April
1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 306, 26. 11. 1975, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 174, 31. 7. 1967, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 72, 20. 3. 1975, p. 18.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 83, 30. 3. 1976, p. 25.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 105, 22. 4. 1976, p. 28.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 22 April 1976 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

CCT heading No	Levies in u.a./metric ton	
	Third countries (other than ACP and OCT)	ACP and OCT
11.01 F ⁽²⁾	35.08	32.58
11.02 A VI ⁽²⁾	35.08	32.58
11.02 E II e) 1 ⁽²⁾	60.33	55.33
11.02 F VI ⁽²⁾	35.08	32.58
11.08 A II	53.53	28.03

⁽²⁾ For the purpose of distinguishing between products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 and those falling within subheading 23.02 A, products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 shall be those meeting the following specifications:

- a starch content (determined by the modified Ewers polarimetric method), referred to dry matter, exceeding 45 % by weight
- an ash content, by weight, referred to dry matter (after deduction of any added minerals), not exceeding 1.6 % for rice, 2.5 % for wheat, 3 % for barley, 4 % for buckwheat, 5 % for oats and 2 % for other cereals.

Germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground, falls in all cases within heading No 11.02.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 931/76

of 22 April 1976

amending the amounts applicable as compensatory amounts for cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Treaty of Accession ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
2757/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general
rules for the system of accession compensatory
amounts for cereals ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7
thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
243/73 of 31 January 1973 laying down general rules
for a system of compensatory amounts for rice and
fixing these amounts for certain products ⁽³⁾, as
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1999/74 ⁽⁴⁾, and in
particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas compensatory amounts for cereals and rice
have been fixed pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No
731/76 ⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas the application of the rules referred to in
Regulation (EEC) No 731/76 requires that the
amounts at present in force should be amended as
shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amounts applicable as compensatory amounts
shown in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 731/76
are amended as shown in the Annex to this Regula-
tion.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 April
1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 5.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 104.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 29, 1. 2. 1973, p. 26.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 209, 31. 7. 1974, p. 5.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 86, 1. 4. 1976, p. 9.

ANNEXE B — BILAG B — ANHANG B — ALLEGATO B — BIJLAGE B — ANNEX B

Importi applicabili a titolo di importi di compensazione per il riso e le rotture di riso

Montants applicables au titre des montants compensatoires pour le riz et les brisures

Beløb, der skal anvendes som udligningsbeløb for ris og brudris

Für Reis und Bruchreis als Ausgleichsbeträge anzuwendende Beträge

Als compenserende bedragen toe te passen bedragen voor rijst en breukrijst

Amounts applicable as compensatory amounts for rice and broken rice

N° du tarif douanier commun Position i den fælles toldtarif Nr. des Gemeinsamen Zolltarifs N. della tariffa doganale comune Nr. van het gemeenschappelijk douanetarief CCT heading No	DK	IRL	UK
10.06 C	21,00	21.00	21.00

ANNEXE C — BILAG C — ANHANG C — ALLEGATO C — BIJLAGE C — ANNEX C

Montants applicables au titre des montants compensatoires pour les produits transformés à base de céréales et de riz

Beløb, der skal anvendes som udligningsbeløb for produkter, der er forarbejdet på basis af korn og ris

Für Getreide- und Reisverarbeitungserzeugnisse als Ausgleichsbeträge anzuwendende Beträge

Importi applicabili a titolo di importi di compensazione per i prodotti trasformati dei cereali e del riso

Als compenserende bedragen toe te passen bedragen voor op basis van granen en rijst verwerkte produkten

Amounts applicable as compensatory amounts for products processed from cereals or rice

N° du tarif douanier commun Position i den fælles toldtarif Nr. des Gemeinsamen Zolltarifs N. della tariffa doganale comune Nr. van het gemeenschappelijk douanetarief CCT heading No	DK	IRL	UK
11.01 F ⁽¹⁾	22,26	22.26	22.26
11.02 A VI ⁽¹⁾	22,26	22.26	22.26
11.02 E II e) 1 ⁽¹⁾	29,40	29.40	29.40
11.02 F VI ⁽¹⁾	21,42	21.42	21.42
11.08 A II	13,22	13.22	13.22

⁽¹⁾ Pour la distinction entre les produits des n° 11.01 et 11.02, d'une part, et ceux de la sous-position 23.02 A, d'autre part, sont considérés comme relevant des n° 11.01 et 11.02 les produits ayant simultanément :

- une teneur en amidon (déterminée d'après la méthode polarimétrique Ewers modifiée) supérieure à 45 % (en poids) sur matière sèche,
- une teneur en cendres (en poids) sur matière sèche (déduction faite des matières minérales ayant pu être ajoutées) inférieure ou égale à 1,6 % pour le riz, 2,5 % pour le froment et le seigle, 3 % pour l'orge, 4 % pour le sarrasin, 5 % pour l'avoine et 2 % pour les autres céréales.

Les germes de céréales, même en farines, relèvent en tout cas du n° 11.02.

⁽¹⁾ Med henblik på sondringen mellem varer tariferet under pos. 11.01 og 11.02 på den ene side og under pos. 23.02 A på den anden side anses som tariferet under pos. 11.01 og 11.02 varer, der samtidig har

- et indhold af stivelse (bestemt ved Ewers modificerede polarimetriske metode) på over 45 vægtprocent, beregnet på grundlag af tørsubstansen,
- et askeindhold (efter fradrag af eventuelle tilsatte mineralske stoffer) på 1,6 vægtprocent eller derunder for ris, 2,5 vægtprocent eller derunder for hvede og rug, 3 vægtprocent eller derunder for byg, 4 vægtprocent eller derunder for boghvede, 5 vægtprocent eller derunder for havre og 2 vægtprocent eller derunder for de øvrige kornsorter, beregnet på grundlag af tørsubstansen.

Kim af korn samt mel deraf tariferes under alle omstændigheder under pos. 11.02.

⁽¹⁾ Für die Abgrenzung der Erzeugnisse der Tarifnummern 11.01 und 11.02 von denen der Tarifstelle 23.02 A gelten als Erzeugnisse der Tarifnummern 11.01 und 11.02 Erzeugnisse, die gleichzeitig folgendes aufweisen :

- einen auf den Trockenstoff bezogenen Stärkegehalt (bestimmt nach dem abgeänderten polarimetrischen Ewers-Verfahren) von mehr als 45 Gewichtshundertteilen,
- einen auf den Trockenstoff bezogenen Aschegehalt (abzüglich etwa zugesetzter Mineralstoffe), der bei Reis 1,6 Gewichtshundertteile oder weniger, bei Weizen und Roggen 2,5 Gewichtshundertteile oder weniger, bei Gerste 3 Gewichtshundertteile oder weniger, bei Buchweizen 4 Gewichtshundertteile oder weniger, bei Hafer 5 Gewichtshundertteile oder weniger und bei anderen Getreidearten 2 Gewichtshundertteile oder weniger beträgt.

Getreidekeime, auch gemahlen, gehören auf jeden Fall zur Tarifnummer 11.02.

- (¹) Per la distinzione tra i prodotti delle voci nn. 11.01 e 11.02 da un lato, e quelli della sottovoce 23.02 A dall'altro, si considerano come appartenenti alle voci nn. 11.01 e 11.02 i prodotti che abbiano simultaneamente:
- un tenore in amido (determinato in base al metodo polarimetrico Ewers modificato), calcolato sulla materia secca, superiore al 45 % (in peso),
 - un tenore in ceneri (in peso), calcolato sulla materia secca (dedotte le sostanze minerali che possono essere state aggiunte), inferiore o pari a 1,6 % per il riso, a 2,5 % per il frumento e la segala, a 3 % per l'orzo, a 4 % per il grano saraceno, a 5 % per l'avena ed a 2 % per gli altri cereali.

I germi di cereali, anche sfarinati, rientrano comunque nella voce n. 11.02.

- (¹) Voor het onderscheid tussen de produkten van de nummers 11.01 en 11.02 enerzijds en die van de onderverdeling 23.02 A anderzijds, worden geacht onder de nummers 11.01 en 11.02 te vallen de produkten die tegelijkertijd:

- een zetmeelgehalte hebben (bepaald volgens de gewijzigde polarimetrische methode van Ewers) van meer dan 45 gewichtspercenten, berekend op de droge stof, en
- een asgehalte hebben (onder aftrek van eventueel toegevoegde minerale stoffen), berekend op de droge stof, van ten hoogste: 1,6 gewichtspercent voor rijst, 2,5 gewichtspercenten voor tarwe en rogge, 3 gewichtspercenten voor gerst, 4 gewichtspercenten voor boekweit, 5 gewichtspercenten voor haver en 2 gewichtspercenten voor andere granen.

Graankiemen ook indien gemalen, vallen in elk geval onder nummer 11.02.

- (¹) For the purpose of distinguishing between products falling within headings Nos 11.01 and 11.02 and those falling within subheading 23.02 A, products falling within headings Nos 11.01 and 11.02 shall be those meeting the following specifications:

- a starch content (determined by the modified Ewers polarimetric method), referred to dry matter, exceeding 45 % by weight,
- an ash content, by weight, referred to dry matter (after deduction of any added minerals) not exceeding 1.6 % for rice, 2.5 % for wheat and rye, 3 % for barley, 4 % for buckwheat, 5 % for oats and 2 % for other cereals.

Germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground, falls in all cases within heading No 11.02.

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 24 November 1975

authorizing the Federal Republic of Germany not to apply Community treatment to jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, twinsets, cardigans, bed-jackets and jumpers, falling within heading No ex 60.05 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in the Republic of Korea and in free circulation in the Benelux countries

(Only the German text is authentic)

(76/408/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 18 November 1975 by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany to the Commission by telex from the office of its Permanent Representative to the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to imports of jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, twinsets, cardigans, bed-jackets and the like, falling within heading No ex 60.05 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in the Republic of Korea and in free circulation in the Benelux countries, and specifically the Netherlands,

Whereas the Commission, by Regulation (EEC) No 2138/75 of 14 August 1975 regarding certain urgent measures concerning imports of certain textile products originating in the Republic of Korea ⁽¹⁾, established by Council Regulation (EEC) No 2418/75 of 22 September 1975 ⁽²⁾, limited to a total of 8 910 020 items, imports into the Community of the products in question from the date of entry into force of the Regulation until 31 December 1975 inclusive;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 217, 15. 8. 1975, p. 31.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 248, 24. 9. 1975, p. 1.

Whereas this amount is administered by allocation among the Member States; whereas the quota shares allocated to the Federal Republic of Germany and the Netherlands are 1 293 550 and 2 669 030 items respectively;

Whereas, since it was not possible to achieve full alignment of the import arrangements previously applied in the Member States, the above Regulation (EEC) No 2138/75 provides, as a temporary measure, for a derogation from the principle of equal and continuous access for all Community importers to the amounts authorized by stipulating that the amount of the products in question be allocated on the basis of the volume of imports previously admitted into the various Member States and be adjusted only progressively to the supply requirements of the markets;

Whereas for this reason the allocation of the amount in question still involves certain disparities in the quota shares fixed for the various Member States in relation to the supply requirements of the markets concerned;

Whereas these disparities have caused in the Federal Republic of Germany a flow of imports of the products in question, originating in the Republic of Korea and in free circulation in the Netherlands, which threatens to continue and to grow;

Whereas there are serious economic difficulties in the Federal Republic of Germany in the sector that manufactures the products in question resulting in a progressive decline of production and a constant reduction of the number of workers employed in that sector ;

Whereas these economic difficulties are caused largely by unequal conditions of competition with certain countries (including the Republic of Korea), whereby such countries are enabled to export at prices lower than those of German producers ;

Whereas the indirect imports in question, which would be in addition to those already effected, would be likely to aggravate these economic difficulties ;

Whereas it is not possible at the present time to set in motion the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the Netherlands and the other Benelux countries ;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given, for a limited period, for the application of protective measures, under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down by the Commission Decision of 12 May 1971 ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

The Federal Republic of Germany is authorized not to apply Community treatment to imports of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description of goods
ex 60.05	Outer garments and clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized : Pullovers, jerseys, slip-overs, twinsets, cardigans, bed-jackets and jumpers

where they originate in the Republic of Korea and are in free circulation in the Benelux countries, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 5 November 1975.

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in the Federal Republic of Germany for the importation of the products in question from the Republic of Korea and in any case not later than 31 December 1975.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Federal Republic of Germany.

Done at Brussels, 24 November 1975.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 27 November 1975

authorizing the Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, falling within subheading ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Taiwan and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French and Dutch texts are authentic)

(76/409/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 19 November 1975 by the Governments of the Benelux countries to the Commission by telex from the office of the Permanent Representative of the Kingdom of the Netherlands to the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, falling within subheading ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Taiwan and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas for the products in question, the Benelux countries, in accordance with the Council Decision of 10 July 1975⁽¹⁾, have opened in respect of Taiwan an annual quota of 32 metric tons, which is fully taken up;

Whereas, according to information supplied by the Governments of the Benelux countries, there are serious economic difficulties in the ready-made clothing sector, resulting in a decline of production and a constant reduction of the number of workers employed in that sector;

Whereas these economic difficulties are caused largely by unequal conditions of competition with certain countries (including Taiwan), whereby such countries are enabled to export at prices lower than those of producers in the Benelux countries;

Whereas it is not possible at the present time to set in motion the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures, under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down by the Commission Decision of 12 May 1971⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands are authorized not to apply Community treatment to imports of women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, falling within subheading ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff, where they originate in Taiwan and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 11 November 1975.

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in the Benelux countries for the importation of the products in question from Taiwan and in any case not later than 31 December 1975.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Kingdom of Belgium, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

Done at Brussels, 27 November 1975.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 12. 7. 1975, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 20 April 1976

setting up the Advisory Committee on Social Questions affecting Farmers and the Members of their Families

(76/410/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Whereas an Advisory Committee on Social Questions affecting Farmers was set up by the Commission Decision of 19 December 1963 ⁽¹⁾, as amended by the Decision of 15 May 1970 ⁽²⁾;

Whereas it is considered desirable, as a result of the accession of new Member States to the Community, to alter the rules relating to the number and apportionment of seats on this committee;

Whereas, moreover, the text of the said Decision requires certain minor alterations and therefore in the interests of clarity a completely new version of the text should be produced and the said Decision should be repealed,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. There shall be attached to the Commission an Advisory Committee on Social Questions affecting Farmers and the Members of their Families (hereinafter called 'the committee').

2. The committee shall be composed of representatives of the following interests: farmers, paid agricultural workers and rural families.

Article 2

1. The committee may be consulted by the Commission on any social questions affecting farmers and members of their families working on the holding, all such questions being considered both in themselves and in relation to their repercussions on the agricultural population as a whole.

2. At the request of one of the interests referred to in Article 1 (2), the committee may on its own initiative and in regard to a matter within its terms of reference forward opinions and reports to the Commission.

Article 3

1. The committee shall consist of 30 members.

2. Seats on the committee shall be apportioned as follows:

— 21 to farmers' representatives, including four to representatives of young farmers,

— seven to representatives of paid agricultural workers,

— two to representatives of rural families.

Article 4

1. Members of the committee shall be appointed by the Commission on proposals from the following organizations set up at Community level:

Committee of Agricultural Organizations in the EEC (COPA), European Federation of Agricultural Workers' Unions within the Community (EFA),

Committee of Family Organizations for the European Communities (COFACE).

For each seat to be filled, these bodies shall put forward the names of two candidates of different nationality.

2. The term of office for members of the committee shall be three years. Their appointments may be renewed. Members shall not be remunerated for their services.

After the expiry of the three years members of the committee shall remain in office until they are replaced or until their appointments are renewed.

A member's term of office may be terminated before the expiry of the three years by resignation or death.

It may also be terminated where the body which the member represents requests that he be replaced.

A person shall be appointed, in accordance with the procedure laid down in paragraph 1, to replace such member for the remainder of the term of office.

3. A list of the members of the committee shall be published by the Commission, for information purposes, in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 2, 10. 1. 1964, p. 25/64.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 121, 4. 6. 1970, p. 13.

Article 5

The committee shall, by a two-thirds majority of the members present, elect a chairman and two vice-chairmen for a period of three years.

The officers shall prepare and organize the work of the committee.

Article 6

At the request of any of the interests represented, the chairman may invite a person delegated by the interest concerned to be present at meetings of the committee. He may likewise on such request invite any person with special qualifications in any subject on the agenda to take part in an expert capacity in the deliberations of the committee. Experts shall take part in discussions only of those questions on account of which they were invited.

Article 7

The committee may set up working parties to assist it in carrying out its work.

Article 8

1. The committee shall be convened by the Commission and shall meet at the Commission headquarters. Meetings of the officers shall be convened by the chairman by arrangement with the Commission.
2. Representatives of the Commission departments concerned shall take part in meetings of the committee, its officers and working parties.
3. Secretarial services for the committee and its working parties shall be provided by the Commission.

Article 9

No vote shall be taken on the matters discussed by the committee.

The Commission may, when seeking the opinion of the committee, set a time limit within which such opinion must be given.

The views expressed by the various interests represented shall be included in a summary record forwarded to the Commission.

In the event of unanimous agreement being reached in the committee on the opinion to be given, the committee shall formulate joint conclusions and attach them to the summary record.

Article 10

Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 214 of the Treaty, where the Commission informs them that the opinions requested or the question raised is on a matter of a confidential nature, members of the committee shall be under an obligation not to disclose information which has come to their knowledge through the work of the committee or of its working parties.

In such cases, only committee members and representatives of the Commission departments concerned may be present at the meetings.

Article 11

The Commission Decision of 19 December 1963, as amended by the Decision of 15 May 1970, is hereby repealed.

Article 12

This Decision shall enter into force on 20 April 1976.

Done at Brussels, 20 April 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission
